House



LEGISLATIVE ACTION

Senate

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Senators Bradley and Pizzo moved the following: Senate Amendment (with title amendment) Delete everything after the enacting clause

4 and insert: 5 Section

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10 11 Section 1. Subsection (5) is added to section 553.844, Florida Statutes, to read:

553.844 Windstorm loss mitigation; requirements for roofs and opening protection.-

(5) Notwithstanding any provision in the Florida Building Code to the contrary, if an existing roofing system or roof section was built, repaired, or replaced in compliance with the

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12 requirements of the 2007 Florida Building Code, or any subsequent editions of the Florida Building Code, and 25 percent 13 14 or more of such roofing system or roof section is being 15 repaired, replaced, or recovered, only the repaired, replaced, 16 or recovered portion is required to be constructed in accordance 17 with the Florida Building Code in effect, as applicable. The Florida Building Commission shall adopt this exception by rule 18 19 and incorporate it in the Florida Building Code. Notwithstanding 20 s. 553.73(4), a local government may not adopt by ordinance an 21 administrative or technical amendment to this exception.

Section 2. Subsection (1) of section 468.4334, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

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468.4334 Professional practice standards; liability.-

25 (1) (a) A community association manager or a community 26 association management firm is deemed to act as agent on behalf 27 of a community association as principal within the scope of 28 authority authorized by a written contract or under this 29 chapter. A community association manager and a community 30 association management firm shall discharge duties performed on 31 behalf of the association as authorized by this chapter loyally, 32 skillfully, and diligently; dealing honestly and fairly; in good 33 faith; with care and full disclosure to the community 34 association; accounting for all funds; and not charging unreasonable or excessive fees. 35

36 (b) If a community association manager or a community 37 association management firm has a contract with a community 38 association that has a building on the association's property 39 that is subject to s. 553.899, the community association manager 40 or the community association management firm must comply with



41	that section as directed by the board.
42	Section 3. Section 553.899, Florida Statutes, is created to
43	read:
44	553.899 Mandatory structural inspections for condominium
45	and cooperative buildings
46	(1) The Legislature finds that maintaining the structural
47	integrity of a building throughout its service life is of
48	paramount importance in order to ensure that buildings are
49	structurally sound so as to not pose a threat to the public
50	health, safety, or welfare. As such, the Legislature finds that
51	the imposition of a statewide structural inspection program for
52	aging condominium and cooperative buildings in this state is
53	necessary to ensure that such buildings are safe for continued
54	use.
55	(2) As used in this section, the terms:
56	(a) "Milestone inspection" means a structural inspection of
57	a building, including an inspection of load-bearing walls and
58	the primary structural members and primary structural systems as
59	those terms are defined in s. 627.706, by a licensed architect
60	or engineer authorized to practice in this state for the
61	purposes of attesting to the life safety and adequacy of the
62	structural components of the building and, to the extent
63	reasonably possible, determining the general structural
64	condition of the building as it affects the safety of such
65	building, including a determination of any necessary
66	maintenance, repair, or replacement of any structural component
67	of the building. The purpose of such inspection is not to
68	determine if the condition of an existing building is in
69	compliance with the Florida Building Code or the firesafety

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70 code. 71 (b) "Substantial structural deterioration" means 72 substantial structural distress that negatively affects a 73 building's general structural condition and integrity. The term 74 does not include surface imperfections such as cracks, 75 distortion, sagging, deflections, misalignment, signs of 76 leakage, or peeling of finishes unless the licensed engineer or 77 architect performing the phase one or phase two inspection 78 determines that such surface imperfections are a sign of 79 substantial structural deterioration.

80 (3) A condominium association under chapter 718 and a 81 cooperative association under chapter 719 must have a milestone 82 inspection performed for each building that is three stories or 83 more in height by December 31 of the year in which the building 84 reaches 30 years of age, based on the date the certificate of 85 occupancy for the building was issued, and every 10 years 86 thereafter. If the building is located within 3 miles of a coastline as defined in s. 376.031, the condominium association 87 88 or cooperative association must have a milestone inspection 89 performed by December 31 of the year in which the building 90 reaches 25 years of age, based on the date the certificate of occupancy for the building was issued, and every 10 years 91 92 thereafter. The condominium association or cooperative 93 association must arrange for the milestone inspection to be 94 performed and is responsible for ensuring compliance with the 95 requirements of this section. The condominium association or 96 cooperative association is responsible for all costs associated 97 with the inspection. This subsection does not apply to a singlefamily, two-family, or three-family dwelling with three or fewer 98



99 habitable stories above ground. 100 (4) If a milestone inspection is required under this 101 section and the building's certificate of occupancy was issued 102 on or before July 1, 1992, the building's initial milestone inspection must be performed before December 31, 2024. If the 103 104 date of issuance for the certificate of occupancy is not 105 available, the date of issuance of the building's certificate of 106 occupancy shall be the date of occupancy evidenced in any record 107 of the local building official. 108 (5) Upon determining that a building must have a milestone inspection, the local enforcement agency must provide written 109 110 notice of such required inspection to the condominium 111 association or cooperative association by certified mail, return 112 receipt requested. 113 (6) Within 180 days after receiving the written notice under subsection (5), the condominium association or cooperative 114 115 association must complete phase one of the milestone inspection. For purposes of this section, completion of phase one of the 116 117 milestone inspection means the licensed engineer or architect 118 who performed the phase one inspection submitted the inspection 119 report by e-mail, United States Postal Service, or commercial 120 delivery service to the local enforcement agency. 121 (7) A milestone inspection consists of two phases: 122 (a) For phase one of the milestone inspection, a licensed 123 architect or engineer authorized to practice in this state shall 124 perform a visual examination of habitable and nonhabitable areas 125 of a building, including the major structural components of a 126 building, and provide a qualitative assessment of the structural 127 conditions of the building. If the architect or engineer finds

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128	no signs of substantial structural deterioration to any building
129	components under visual examination, phase two of the
130	inspection, as provided in paragraph (b), is not required. An
131	architect or engineer who completes a phase one milestone
132	inspection shall prepare and submit an inspection report
133	pursuant to subsection (8).
134	(b) A phase two of the milestone inspection must be
135	performed if any substantial structural deterioration is
136	identified during phase one. A phase two inspection may involve
137	destructive or nondestructive testing at the inspector's
138	direction. The inspection may be as extensive or as limited as
139	necessary to fully assess areas of structural distress in order
140	to confirm that the building is structurally sound and safe for
141	its intended use and to recommend a program for fully assessing
142	and repairing distressed and damaged portions of the building.
143	When determining testing locations, the inspector must give
144	preference to locations that are the least disruptive and most
145	easily repairable while still being representative of the
146	structure. An inspector who completes a phase two milestone
147	inspection shall prepare and submit an inspection report
148	pursuant to subsection (8).
149	(8) Upon completion of a phase one or phase two milestone
150	inspection, the architect or engineer who performed the
151	inspection must submit a sealed copy of the inspection report
152	with a separate summary of, at minimum, the material findings
153	and recommendations in the inspection report to the condominium
154	association or cooperative association, and to the building
155	official of the local government which has jurisdiction. The
156	inspection report must, at a minimum, meet all of the following

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157	criteria:
158	(a) Bear the seal and signature, or the electronic
159	signature, of the licensed engineer or architect who performed
160	the inspection.
161	(b) Indicate the manner and type of inspection forming the
162	basis for the inspection report.
163	(c) Identify any substantial structural deterioration,
164	within a reasonable professional probability based on the scope
165	of the inspection, describe the extent of such deterioration,
166	and identify any recommended repairs for such deterioration.
167	(d) State whether unsafe or dangerous conditions, as those
168	terms are defined in the Florida Building Code, were observed.
169	(e) Recommend any remedial or preventive repair for any
170	items that are damaged but are not substantial structural
171	deterioration.
172	(f) Identify and describe any items requiring further
173	inspection.
174	(9) The association must distribute a copy of the
175	inspector-prepared summary of the inspection report to each
176	condominium unit owner or cooperative unit owner, regardless of
177	the findings or recommendations in the report, by United States
178	mail or personal delivery and by electronic transmission to unit
179	owners who previously consented to received notice by electronic
180	transmission; must post a copy of the inspector-prepared summary
181	in a conspicuous place on the condominium or cooperative
182	property; and must publish the full report and inspector-
183	prepared summary on the association's website, if the
184	association is required to have a website.
185	(10) A local enforcement agency may prescribe timelines and

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186 penalties with respect to compliance with this section. 187 (11) A board of county commissioners may adopt an ordinance 188 requiring that a condominium or cooperative association schedule 189 or commence repairs for substantial structural deterioration 190 within a specified timeframe after the local enforcement agency 191 receives a phase two inspection report; however, such repairs 192 must be commenced within 365 days after receiving such report. 193 If an association fails to submit proof to the local enforcement agency that repairs have been scheduled or have commenced for 194 195 substantial structural deterioration identified in a phase two 196 inspection report within the required timeframe, the local 197 enforcement agency must review and determine if the building is 198 unsafe for human occupancy. 199 (12) The Florida Building Commission shall review the 200 milestone inspection requirements under this section and make 201 recommendations, if any, to the Legislature to ensure 202 inspections are sufficient to determine the structural integrity 203 of a building. The commission must provide a written report of 204 any recommendations to the Governor, the President of the 205 Senate, and the Speaker of the House of Representatives by 206 December 31, 2022. 207 (13) The Florida Building Commission shall consult with the 208 State Fire Marshal to provide recommendations to the Legislature 209 for the adoption of comprehensive structural and life safety 210 standards for maintaining and inspecting all types of buildings 211 and structures in this state that are three stories or more in 212 height. The commission shall provide a written report of its 213 recommendations to the Governor, the President of the Senate, 214 and the Speaker of the House of Representatives by December 31,



215	2023.
216	Section 4. Subsections (25) through (30) of section
217	718.103, Florida Statutes, are renumbered as subsections (26)
218	through (31), respectively, and a new subsection (25) is added
219	to that section to read:
220	718.103 Definitions.—As used in this chapter, the term:
221	(25) "Structural integrity reserve study" means a study of
222	the reserve funds required for future major repairs and
223	replacement of the common areas based on a visual inspection of
224	the common areas. A structural integrity reserve study may be
225	performed by any person qualified to perform such study.
226	However, the visual inspection portion of the structural
227	integrity reserve study must be performed by an engineer
228	licensed under chapter 471 or an architect licensed under
229	chapter 481. At a minimum, a structural integrity reserve study
230	must identify the common areas being visually inspected, state
231	the estimated remaining useful life and the estimated
232	replacement cost or deferred maintenance expense of the common
233	areas being visually inspected, and provide a recommended annual
234	reserve amount that achieves the estimated replacement cost or
235	deferred maintenance expense of each common area being visually
236	inspected by the end of the estimated remaining useful life of
237	each common area.
238	Section 5. Paragraph (b) of subsection (7) and paragraphs
239	(a), (c), and (g) of subsection (12) of section 718.111, Florida
240	Statutes, are amended to read:
241	718.111 The association
242	(7) TITLE TO PROPERTY
243	(b) Subject to <u>s. 718.112(2)(n)</u> the provisions of s.

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718.112(2)(m), the association, through its board, has the limited power to convey a portion of the common elements to a condemning authority for the purposes of providing utility easements, right-of-way expansion, or other public purposes, whether negotiated or as a result of eminent domain proceedings. (12) OFFICIAL RECORDS.-

(a) From the inception of the association, the association shall maintain each of the following items, if applicable, which constitutes the official records of the association:

1. A copy of the plans, permits, warranties, and other items provided by the developer under s. 718.301(4).

2. A photocopy of the recorded declaration of condominium of each condominium operated by the association and each amendment to each declaration.

3. A photocopy of the recorded bylaws of the association and each amendment to the bylaws.

4. A certified copy of the articles of incorporation of the association, or other documents creating the association, and each amendment thereto.

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5. A copy of the current rules of the association.

6. A book or books that contain the minutes of all meetings of the association, the board of administration, and the unit owners.

7. A current roster of all unit owners and their mailing addresses, unit identifications, voting certifications, and, if known, telephone numbers. The association shall also maintain the e-mail addresses and facsimile numbers of unit owners consenting to receive notice by electronic transmission. The email addresses and facsimile numbers are not accessible to unit

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273 owners if consent to receive notice by electronic transmission 274 is not provided in accordance with sub-subparagraph (c)3.e. 275 However, the association is not liable for an inadvertent 276 disclosure of the e-mail address or facsimile number for 277 receiving electronic transmission of notices.

8. All current insurance policies of the association and condominiums operated by the association.

9. A current copy of any management agreement, lease, or other contract to which the association is a party or under which the association or the unit owners have an obligation or responsibility.

10. Bills of sale or transfer for all property owned by the association.

286 11. Accounting records for the association and separate 287 accounting records for each condominium that the association 288 operates. Any person who knowingly or intentionally defaces or 289 destroys such records, or who knowingly or intentionally fails 290 to create or maintain such records, with the intent of causing 291 harm to the association or one or more of its members, is 292 personally subject to a civil penalty pursuant to s. 293 718.501(1)(d). The accounting records must include, but are not 294 limited to:

295 a. Accurate, itemized, and detailed records of all receipts 296 and expenditures.

b. A current account and a monthly, bimonthly, or quarterly statement of the account for each unit designating the name of the unit owner, the due date and amount of each assessment, the amount paid on the account, and the balance due.

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c. All audits, reviews, accounting statements, structural

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302 integrity reserve studies, and financial reports of the association or condominium. Structural integrity reserve studies 303 304 must be maintained for at least 15 years after the study is 305 completed. 306 d. All contracts for work to be performed. Bids for work to 307 be performed are also considered official records and must be 308 maintained by the association for at least 1 year after receipt 309 of the bid. 12. Ballots, sign-in sheets, voting proxies, and all other 310 311 papers and electronic records relating to voting by unit owners, 312 which must be maintained for 1 year from the date of the 313 election, vote, or meeting to which the document relates, 314 notwithstanding paragraph (b). 315 13. All rental records if the association is acting as 316 agent for the rental of condominium units. 14. A copy of the current question and answer sheet as 317 described in s. 718.504. 318 319 15. A copy of the inspection reports report as described in 320 ss. 553.899 and 718.301(4)(p) and any other inspection report 321 relating to a structural or life safety inspection of 322 condominium property. Such record must be maintained by the 323 association for 15 years after receipt of the report s. 324 <del>718.301(4)(p)</del>. 325 16. Bids for materials, equipment, or services. 326 17. All affirmative acknowledgments made pursuant to s. 327 718.121(4)(c). 328 18. All other written records of the association not 329 specifically included in the foregoing which are related to the 330 operation of the association.

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331 (c)1. The official records of the association are open to 332 inspection by any association member or the authorized 333 representative of such member at all reasonable times. The right 334 to inspect the records includes the right to make or obtain 335 copies, at the reasonable expense, if any, of the member or 336 authorized representative of such member. A renter of a unit has 337 a right to inspect and copy only the declaration of condominium, and the association's bylaws and rules, and the inspection 338 reports described in ss. 553.899 and 718.301(4)(p). The 339 340 association may adopt reasonable rules regarding the frequency, 341 time, location, notice, and manner of record inspections and 342 copying but may not require a member to demonstrate any purpose 343 or state any reason for the inspection. The failure of an 344 association to provide the records within 10 working days after 345 receipt of a written request creates a rebuttable presumption 346 that the association willfully failed to comply with this 347 paragraph. A unit owner who is denied access to official records 348 is entitled to the actual damages or minimum damages for the 349 association's willful failure to comply. Minimum damages are \$50 350 per calendar day for up to 10 days, beginning on the 11th 351 working day after receipt of the written request. The failure to 352 permit inspection entitles any person prevailing in an 353 enforcement action to recover reasonable attorney fees from the 354 person in control of the records who, directly or indirectly, 355 knowingly denied access to the records.

356 2. Any person who knowingly or intentionally defaces or 357 destroys accounting records that are required by this chapter to 358 be maintained during the period for which such records are 359 required to be maintained, or who knowingly or intentionally



360 fails to create or maintain accounting records that are required 361 to be created or maintained, with the intent of causing harm to 362 the association or one or more of its members, is personally 363 subject to a civil penalty pursuant to s. 718.501(1)(d).

364 3. The association shall maintain an adequate number of 365 copies of the declaration, articles of incorporation, bylaws, 366 and rules, and all amendments to each of the foregoing, as well 367 as the question and answer sheet as described in s. 718.504 and 368 year-end financial information required under this section, on 369 the condominium property to ensure their availability to unit owners and prospective purchasers, and may charge its actual 370 371 costs for preparing and furnishing these documents to those 372 requesting the documents. An association shall allow a member or 373 his or her authorized representative to use a portable device, 374 including a smartphone, tablet, portable scanner, or any other 375 technology capable of scanning or taking photographs, to make an 376 electronic copy of the official records in lieu of the 377 association's providing the member or his or her authorized 378 representative with a copy of such records. The association may 379 not charge a member or his or her authorized representative for 380 the use of a portable device. Notwithstanding this paragraph, 381 the following records are not accessible to unit owners:

a. Any record protected by the lawyer-client privilege as
described in s. 90.502 and any record protected by the workproduct privilege, including a record prepared by an association
attorney or prepared at the attorney's express direction, which
reflects a mental impression, conclusion, litigation strategy,
or legal theory of the attorney or the association, and which
was prepared exclusively for civil or criminal litigation or for

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389 adversarial administrative proceedings, or which was prepared in 390 anticipation of such litigation or proceedings until the 391 conclusion of the litigation or proceedings.

b. Information obtained by an association in connection with the approval of the lease, sale, or other transfer of a unit.

395 c. Personnel records of association or management company 396 employees, including, but not limited to, disciplinary, payroll, 397 health, and insurance records. For purposes of this subsubparagraph, the term "personnel records" does not include 399 written employment agreements with an association employee or management company, or budgetary or financial records that indicate the compensation paid to an association employee.

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d. Medical records of unit owners.

403 e. Social security numbers, driver license numbers, credit 404 card numbers, e-mail addresses, telephone numbers, facsimile numbers, emergency contact information, addresses of a unit 405 406 owner other than as provided to fulfill the association's notice 407 requirements, and other personal identifying information of any 408 person, excluding the person's name, unit designation, mailing 409 address, property address, and any address, e-mail address, or 410 facsimile number provided to the association to fulfill the 411 association's notice requirements. Notwithstanding the 412 restrictions in this sub-subparagraph, an association may print 413 and distribute to unit owners a directory containing the name, 414 unit address, and all telephone numbers of each unit owner. 415 However, an owner may exclude his or her telephone numbers from 416 the directory by so requesting in writing to the association. An 417 owner may consent in writing to the disclosure of other contact

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418 information described in this sub-subparagraph. The association 419 is not liable for the inadvertent disclosure of information that 420 is protected under this sub-subparagraph if the information is 421 included in an official record of the association and is 422 voluntarily provided by an owner and not requested by the 423 association.

f. Electronic security measures that are used by theassociation to safeguard data, including passwords.

g. The software and operating system used by theassociation which allow the manipulation of data, even if theowner owns a copy of the same software used by the association.The data is part of the official records of the association.

h. All affirmative acknowledgments made pursuant to s. 718.121(4)(c).

(g)1. By January 1, 2019, an association managing a condominium with 150 or more units which does not contain timeshare units shall post digital copies of the documents specified in subparagraph 2. on its website or make such documents available through an application that can be downloaded on a mobile device.

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a. The association's website or application must be:

439 (I) An independent website, application, or web portal440 wholly owned and operated by the association; or

(II) A website, application, or web portal operated by a third-party provider with whom the association owns, leases, rents, or otherwise obtains the right to operate a web page, subpage, web portal, collection of subpages or web portals, or an application which is dedicated to the association's activities and on which required notices, records, and documents

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447 may be posted or made available by the association.

448 b. The association's website or application must be 449 accessible through the Internet and must contain a subpage, web 450 portal, or other protected electronic location that is 451 inaccessible to the general public and accessible only to unit 452 owners and employees of the association.

453 c. Upon a unit owner's written request, the association 454 must provide the unit owner with a username and password and 455 access to the protected sections of the association's website or 456 application which contain any notices, records, or documents 457 that must be electronically provided.

2. A current copy of the following documents must be posted in digital format on the association's website or application:

a. The recorded declaration of condominium of each condominium operated by the association and each amendment to each declaration.

463 b. The recorded bylaws of the association and each amendment to the bylaws.

c. The articles of incorporation of the association, or other documents creating the association, and each amendment to the articles of incorporation or other documents. The copy posted pursuant to this sub-subparagraph must be a copy of the articles of incorporation filed with the Department of State.

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d. The rules of the association.

471 e. A list of all executory contracts or documents to which 472 the association is a party or under which the association or the 473 unit owners have an obligation or responsibility and, after 474 bidding for the related materials, equipment, or services has closed, a list of bids received by the association within the 475

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476 past year. Summaries of bids for materials, equipment, or 477 services which exceed \$500 must be maintained on the website or 478 application for 1 year. In lieu of summaries, complete copies of 479 the bids may be posted.

f. The annual budget required by s. 718.112(2)(f) and any proposed budget to be considered at the annual meeting.

q. The financial report required by subsection (13) and any monthly income or expense statement to be considered at a meeting.

h. The certification of each director required by s. 486 718.112(2)(d)4.b.

i. All contracts or transactions between the association and any director, officer, corporation, firm, or association that is not an affiliated condominium association or any other entity in which an association director is also a director or officer and financially interested.

492 j. Any contract or document regarding a conflict of 493 interest or possible conflict of interest as provided in ss. 468.436(2)(b)6. and 718.3027(3). 494

495 k. The notice of any unit owner meeting and the agenda for 496 the meeting, as required by s. 718.112(2)(d)3., no later than 14 497 days before the meeting. The notice must be posted in plain view 498 on the front page of the website or application, or on a 499 separate subpage of the website or application labeled "Notices" 500 which is conspicuously visible and linked from the front page. 501 The association must also post on its website or application any 502 document to be considered and voted on by the owners during the 503 meeting or any document listed on the agenda at least 7 days before the meeting at which the document or the information 504



505	within the document will be considered.
506	l. Notice of any board meeting, the agenda, and any other
507	document required for the meeting as required by s.
508	718.112(2)(c), which must be posted no later than the date
509	required for notice under s. 718.112(2)(c).
510	m. The inspection reports described in ss. 553.899 and
511	718.301(4)(p) and any other inspection report relating to a
512	structural or life safety inspection of condominium property.
513	n. The association's most recent structural integrity
514	reserve study, if applicable.
515	3. The association shall ensure that the information and
516	records described in paragraph (c), which are not allowed to be
517	accessible to unit owners, are not posted on the association's
518	website or application. If protected information or information
519	restricted from being accessible to unit owners is included in
520	documents that are required to be posted on the association's
521	website or application, the association shall ensure the
522	information is redacted before posting the documents.
523	Notwithstanding the foregoing, the association or its agent is
524	not liable for disclosing information that is protected or
525	restricted under this paragraph unless such disclosure was made
526	with a knowing or intentional disregard of the protected or
527	restricted nature of such information.
528	4. The failure of the association to post information
520	required under subparagraph 2 is not in and of itself

529 required under subparagraph 2. is not in and of itself 530 sufficient to invalidate any action or decision of the 531 association's board or its committees.

532 Section 6. Paragraphs (g) through (o) of subsection (2) of 533 section 718.112, Florida Statutes, are redesignated as

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534 paragraphs (i) through (q), respectively, paragraphs (d) and (f) 535 of that subsection are amended, and new paragraphs (g) and (h) 536 are added to that subsection, to read:

718.112 Bylaws.-

538 (2) REQUIRED PROVISIONS.—The bylaws shall provide for the
539 following and, if they do not do so, shall be deemed to include
540 the following:

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(d) Unit owner meetings.-

1. An annual meeting of the unit owners must be held at the location provided in the association bylaws and, if the bylaws are silent as to the location, the meeting must be held within 45 miles of the condominium property. However, such distance requirement does not apply to an association governing a timeshare condominium.

548 2. Unless the bylaws provide otherwise, a vacancy on the 549 board caused by the expiration of a director's term must be 550 filled by electing a new board member, and the election must be 551 by secret ballot. An election is not required if the number of 552 vacancies equals or exceeds the number of candidates. For 553 purposes of this paragraph, the term "candidate" means an 554 eligible person who has timely submitted the written notice, as 555 described in sub-subparagraph 4.a., of his or her intention to 556 become a candidate. Except in a timeshare or nonresidential 557 condominium, or if the staggered term of a board member does not 558 expire until a later annual meeting, or if all members' terms 559 would otherwise expire but there are no candidates, the terms of 560 all board members expire at the annual meeting, and such members 561 may stand for reelection unless prohibited by the bylaws. Board 562 members may serve terms longer than 1 year if permitted by the

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563 bylaws or articles of incorporation. A board member may not 564 serve more than 8 consecutive years unless approved by an 565 affirmative vote of unit owners representing two-thirds of all 566 votes cast in the election or unless there are not enough 567 eligible candidates to fill the vacancies on the board at the 568 time of the vacancy. Only board service that occurs on or after 569 July 1, 2018, may be used when calculating a board member's term 570 limit. If the number of board members whose terms expire at the 571 annual meeting equals or exceeds the number of candidates, the 572 candidates become members of the board effective upon the 573 adjournment of the annual meeting. Unless the bylaws provide 574 otherwise, any remaining vacancies shall be filled by the 575 affirmative vote of the majority of the directors making up the 576 newly constituted board even if the directors constitute less 577 than a quorum or there is only one director. In a residential 578 condominium association of more than 10 units or in a 579 residential condominium association that does not include 580 timeshare units or timeshare interests, co-owners of a unit may 581 not serve as members of the board of directors at the same time 582 unless they own more than one unit or unless there are not 583 enough eligible candidates to fill the vacancies on the board at 584 the time of the vacancy. A unit owner in a residential 585 condominium desiring to be a candidate for board membership must 586 comply with sub-subparagraph 4.a. and must be eligible to be a 587 candidate to serve on the board of directors at the time of the 588 deadline for submitting a notice of intent to run in order to 589 have his or her name listed as a proper candidate on the ballot 590 or to serve on the board. A person who has been suspended or removed by the division under this chapter, or who is delinquent 591



592 in the payment of any assessment due to the association, is not 593 eligible to be a candidate for board membership and may not be 594 listed on the ballot. For purposes of this paragraph, a person 595 is delinquent if a payment is not made by the due date as 596 specifically identified in the declaration of condominium, 597 bylaws, or articles of incorporation. If a due date is not 598 specifically identified in the declaration of condominium, 599 bylaws, or articles of incorporation, the due date is the first 600 day of the assessment period. A person who has been convicted of 601 any felony in this state or in a United States District or 602 Territorial Court, or who has been convicted of any offense in 603 another jurisdiction which would be considered a felony if 604 committed in this state, is not eligible for board membership 605 unless such felon's civil rights have been restored for at least 606 5 years as of the date such person seeks election to the board. 607 The validity of an action by the board is not affected if it is 608 later determined that a board member is ineligible for board 609 membership due to having been convicted of a felony. This 610 subparagraph does not limit the term of a member of the board of 611 a nonresidential or timeshare condominium.

612 3. The bylaws must provide the method of calling meetings 613 of unit owners, including annual meetings. Written notice of an 614 annual meeting must include an agenda; be mailed, hand 615 delivered, or electronically transmitted to each unit owner at 616 least 14 days before the annual meeting; and be posted in a 617 conspicuous place on the condominium property or association 618 property at least 14 continuous days before the annual meeting. 619 Written notice of a meeting other than an annual meeting must 620 include an agenda; be mailed, hand delivered, or electronically

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621 transmitted to each unit owner; and be posted in a conspicuous 622 place on the condominium property or association property within 623 the timeframe specified in the bylaws. If the bylaws do not 624 specify a timeframe for written notice of a meeting other than 625 an annual meeting, notice must be provided at least 14 626 continuous days before the meeting. Upon notice to the unit 627 owners, the board shall, by duly adopted rule, designate a 628 specific location on the condominium property or association 62.9 property where all notices of unit owner meetings must be 630 posted. This requirement does not apply if there is no 631 condominium property for posting notices. In lieu of, or in 632 addition to, the physical posting of meeting notices, the 633 association may, by reasonable rule, adopt a procedure for 634 conspicuously posting and repeatedly broadcasting the notice and 635 the agenda on a closed-circuit cable television system serving 636 the condominium association. However, if broadcast notice is 637 used in lieu of a notice posted physically on the condominium 638 property, the notice and agenda must be broadcast at least four 639 times every broadcast hour of each day that a posted notice is 640 otherwise required under this section. If broadcast notice is 641 provided, the notice and agenda must be broadcast in a manner 642 and for a sufficient continuous length of time so as to allow an 643 average reader to observe the notice and read and comprehend the 644 entire content of the notice and the agenda. In addition to any 645 of the authorized means of providing notice of a meeting of the 646 board, the association may, by rule, adopt a procedure for 647 conspicuously posting the meeting notice and the agenda on a 648 website serving the condominium association for at least the minimum period of time for which a notice of a meeting is also 649

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650 required to be physically posted on the condominium property. 651 Any rule adopted shall, in addition to other matters, include a requirement that the association send an electronic notice in 652 653 the same manner as a notice for a meeting of the members, which must include a hyperlink to the website where the notice is 654 655 posted, to unit owners whose e-mail addresses are included in 656 the association's official records. Unless a unit owner waives 657 in writing the right to receive notice of the annual meeting, 658 such notice must be hand delivered, mailed, or electronically 659 transmitted to each unit owner. Notice for meetings and notice 660 for all other purposes must be mailed to each unit owner at the 661 address last furnished to the association by the unit owner, or 662 hand delivered to each unit owner. However, if a unit is owned 663 by more than one person, the association must provide notice to 664 the address that the developer identifies for that purpose and 665 thereafter as one or more of the owners of the unit advise the association in writing, or if no address is given or the owners 666 667 of the unit do not agree, to the address provided on the deed of 668 record. An officer of the association, or the manager or other 669 person providing notice of the association meeting, must provide 670 an affidavit or United States Postal Service certificate of 671 mailing, to be included in the official records of the 672 association affirming that the notice was mailed or hand 673 delivered in accordance with this provision.

4. The members of the board of a residential condominium shall be elected by written ballot or voting machine. Proxies may not be used in electing the board in general elections or elections to fill vacancies caused by recall, resignation, or otherwise, unless otherwise provided in this chapter. This



679 subparagraph does not apply to an association governing a680 timeshare condominium.

a. At least 60 days before a scheduled election, the 681 682 association shall mail, deliver, or electronically transmit, by 683 separate association mailing or included in another association 684 mailing, delivery, or transmission, including regularly 685 published newsletters, to each unit owner entitled to a vote, a 686 first notice of the date of the election. A unit owner or other eligible person desiring to be a candidate for the board must 687 688 give written notice of his or her intent to be a candidate to 689 the association at least 40 days before a scheduled election. 690 Together with the written notice and agenda as set forth in 691 subparagraph 3., the association shall mail, deliver, or 692 electronically transmit a second notice of the election to all 693 unit owners entitled to vote, together with a ballot that lists 694 all candidates not less than 14 days or more than 34 days before 695 the date of the election. Upon request of a candidate, an 696 information sheet, no larger than 8 1/2 inches by 11 inches, 697 which must be furnished by the candidate at least 35 days before 698 the election, must be included with the mailing, delivery, or 699 transmission of the ballot, with the costs of mailing, delivery, or electronic transmission and copying to be borne by the 700 701 association. The association is not liable for the contents of 702 the information sheets prepared by the candidates. In order to 703 reduce costs, the association may print or duplicate the 704 information sheets on both sides of the paper. The division 705 shall by rule establish voting procedures consistent with this 706 sub-subparagraph, including rules establishing procedures for 707 giving notice by electronic transmission and rules providing for



708 the secrecy of ballots. Elections shall be decided by a 709 plurality of ballots cast. There is no quorum requirement; 710 however, at least 20 percent of the eligible voters must cast a 711 ballot in order to have a valid election. A unit owner may not 712 authorize any other person to vote his or her ballot, and any 713 ballots improperly cast are invalid. A unit owner who violates 714 this provision may be fined by the association in accordance 715 with s. 718.303. A unit owner who needs assistance in casting 716 the ballot for the reasons stated in s. 101.051 may obtain such 717 assistance. The regular election must occur on the date of the 718 annual meeting. Notwithstanding this sub-subparagraph, an 719 election is not required unless more candidates file notices of 720 intent to run or are nominated than board vacancies exist.

721 b. Within 90 days after being elected or appointed to the 722 board of an association of a residential condominium, each newly 723 elected or appointed director shall certify in writing to the 724 secretary of the association that he or she has read the 725 association's declaration of condominium, articles of 726 incorporation, bylaws, and current written policies; that he or 727 she will work to uphold such documents and policies to the best 728 of his or her ability; and that he or she will faithfully 729 discharge his or her fiduciary responsibility to the 730 association's members. In lieu of this written certification, 731 within 90 days after being elected or appointed to the board, 732 the newly elected or appointed director may submit a certificate 733 of having satisfactorily completed the educational curriculum 734 administered by a division-approved condominium education 735 provider within 1 year before or 90 days after the date of 736 election or appointment. The written certification or



educational certificate is valid and does not have to be resubmitted as long as the director serves on the board without interruption. A director of an association of a residential condominium who fails to timely file the written certification or educational certificate is suspended from service on the board until he or she complies with this sub-subparagraph. The board may temporarily fill the vacancy during the period of suspension. The secretary shall cause the association to retain a director's written certification or educational certificate for inspection by the members for 5 years after a director's election or the duration of the director's uninterrupted tenure, whichever is longer. Failure to have such written certification or educational certificate on file does not affect the validity of any board action.

c. Any challenge to the election process must be commenced within 60 days after the election results are announced.

5. Any approval by unit owners called for by this chapter or the applicable declaration or bylaws, including, but not limited to, the approval requirement in s. 718.111(8), must be made at a duly noticed meeting of unit owners and is subject to all requirements of this chapter or the applicable condominium documents relating to unit owner decisionmaking, except that unit owners may take action by written agreement, without meetings, on matters for which action by written agreement without meetings is expressly allowed by the applicable bylaws or declaration or any law that provides for such action.

6. Unit owners may waive notice of specific meetings if
allowed by the applicable bylaws or declaration or any law.
Notice of meetings of the board of administration, unit owner

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766 meetings, except unit owner meetings called to recall board 767 members under paragraph (k) (j), and committee meetings may be 768 given by electronic transmission to unit owners who consent to 769 receive notice by electronic transmission. A unit owner who 770 consents to receiving notices by electronic transmission is 771 solely responsible for removing or bypassing filters that block 772 receipt of mass e-mails sent to members on behalf of the 773 association in the course of giving electronic notices.

7. Unit owners have the right to participate in meetings of unit owners with reference to all designated agenda items. However, the association may adopt reasonable rules governing the frequency, duration, and manner of unit owner participation.

8. A unit owner may tape record or videotape a meeting of the unit owners subject to reasonable rules adopted by the division.

781 9. Unless otherwise provided in the bylaws, any vacancy 782 occurring on the board before the expiration of a term may be 783 filled by the affirmative vote of the majority of the remaining 784 directors, even if the remaining directors constitute less than 785 a quorum, or by the sole remaining director. In the alternative, 786 a board may hold an election to fill the vacancy, in which case 787 the election procedures must conform to sub-subparagraph 4.a. 788 unless the association governs 10 units or fewer and has opted 789 out of the statutory election process, in which case the bylaws 790 of the association control. Unless otherwise provided in the 791 bylaws, a board member appointed or elected under this section 792 shall fill the vacancy for the unexpired term of the seat being 793 filled. Filling vacancies created by recall is governed by 794 paragraph (k) (j) and rules adopted by the division.

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10. This chapter does not limit the use of general or

796 limited proxies, require the use of general or limited proxies, or require the use of a written ballot or voting machine for any 797 798 agenda item or election at any meeting of a timeshare 799 condominium association or nonresidential condominium 800 association. 801 802 Notwithstanding subparagraph (b)2. and sub-subparagraph 4.a., an association of 10 or fewer units may, by affirmative vote of a 803 804 majority of the total voting interests, provide for different 805 voting and election procedures in its bylaws, which may be by a 806 proxy specifically delineating the different voting and election 807 procedures. The different voting and election procedures may 808 provide for elections to be conducted by limited or general 809 proxy. 810 (f) Annual budget.-811 1. The proposed annual budget of estimated revenues and 812 expenses must be detailed and must show the amounts budgeted by 813 accounts and expense classifications, including, at a minimum, 814 any applicable expenses listed in s. 718.504(21). The board 815 shall adopt the annual budget at least 14 days before prior to 816 the start of the association's fiscal year. In the event that 817 the board fails to timely adopt the annual budget a second time, 818 it is shall be deemed a minor violation and the prior year's 819 budget shall continue in effect until a new budget is adopted. A 820 multicondominium association must shall adopt a separate budget 821 of common expenses for each condominium the association operates 822 and must shall adopt a separate budget of common expenses for 823 the association. In addition, if the association maintains

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824 limited common elements with the cost to be shared only by those 825 entitled to use the limited common elements as provided for in 826 s. 718.113(1), the budget or a schedule attached to it must show 827 the amount budgeted for this maintenance. If, after turnover of 828 control of the association to the unit owners, any of the 829 expenses listed in s. 718.504(21) are not applicable, they <u>do</u> 830 need not need to be listed.

831 2.a. In addition to annual operating expenses, the budget 832 must include reserve accounts for capital expenditures and 833 deferred maintenance. These accounts must include, but are not 834 limited to, roof replacement, building painting, and pavement 835 resurfacing, regardless of the amount of deferred maintenance 836 expense or replacement cost, and any other item that has a 837 deferred maintenance expense or replacement cost that exceeds 838 \$10,000. The amount to be reserved for an item is determined by 839 the association's most recent structural integrity reserve study that must be completed by December 31, 2024. If the amount to be 840 841 reserved for an item is not in the association's initial or most 842 recent structural integrity reserve study or the association has 843 not completed a structural integrity reserve study, the amount 844 must be computed using a formula based upon estimated remaining 845 useful life and estimated replacement cost or deferred 846 maintenance expense of the each reserve item. The association 847 may adjust replacement reserve assessments annually to take into 848 account any changes in estimates or extension of the useful life 849 of a reserve item caused by deferred maintenance. This 850 subsection does not apply to an adopted budget in which The 851 members of a unit-owner controlled an association may determine 852 have determined, by a majority vote at a duly called meeting of

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853 the association, to provide no reserves or less reserves than 854 required by this subsection. Effective December 31, 2024, the 855 members of a unit-owner controlled association may not determine 856 to provide no reserves or less reserves than required by this 857 subsection for items listed in paragraph (g).

858 b. Before turnover of control of an association by a 859 developer to unit owners other than a developer under pursuant 860 to s. 718.301, the developer-controlled association developer 861 may not vote the voting interests allocated to its units to 862 waive the reserves or reduce the funding of the reserves through 863 the period expiring at the end of the second fiscal year after the fiscal year in which the certificate of a surveyor and 864 865 mapper is recorded pursuant to s. 718.104(4)(e) or an instrument 866 that transfers title to a unit in the condominium which is not 867 accompanied by a recorded assignment of developer rights in 868 favor of the grantee of such unit is recorded, whichever occurs 869 first, after which time reserves may be waived or reduced only 870 upon the vote of a majority of all nondeveloper voting interests 871 voting in person or by limited proxy at a duly called meeting of 872 the association. If a meeting of the unit owners has been called 873 to determine whether to waive or reduce the funding of reserves 874 and no such result is achieved or a quorum is not attained, the 875 reserves included in the budget shall go into effect. After the 876 turnover, the developer may vote its voting interest to waive or 877 reduce the funding of reserves.

878 3. Reserve funds and any interest accruing thereon shall 879 remain in the reserve account or accounts, and may be used only 880 for authorized reserve expenditures unless their use for other 881 purposes is approved in advance by a majority vote at a duly



882 called meeting of the association. Before turnover of control of 883 an association by a developer to unit owners other than the 884 developer pursuant to s. 718.301, the developer-controlled 885 association may not vote to use reserves for purposes other than 886 those for which they were intended. Effective December 31, 2024, 887 members of a unit-owner controlled association may not vote to 888 use reserve funds, or any interest accruing thereon, that are 889 reserved for items listed in paragraph (g) for any other purpose 890 other than their intended purpose without the approval of a 891 majority of all nondeveloper voting interests, voting in person 892 or by limited proxy at a duly called meeting of the association.

893 4. The only voting interests that are eligible to vote on 894 questions that involve waiving or reducing the funding of 895 reserves, or using existing reserve funds for purposes other 896 than purposes for which the reserves were intended, are the 897 voting interests of the units subject to assessment to fund the 898 reserves in question. Proxy questions relating to waiving or reducing the funding of reserves or using existing reserve funds 899 900 for purposes other than purposes for which the reserves were 901 intended must contain the following statement in capitalized, 902 bold letters in a font size larger than any other used on the 903 face of the proxy ballot: WAIVING OF RESERVES, IN WHOLE OR IN 904 PART, OR ALLOWING ALTERNATIVE USES OF EXISTING RESERVES MAY 905 RESULT IN UNIT OWNER LIABILITY FOR PAYMENT OF UNANTICIPATED 906 SPECIAL ASSESSMENTS REGARDING THOSE ITEMS.

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(g) Structural integrity reserve study.-

1. An association must have a structural integrity reserve study completed at least every 10 years after the condominium's creation for each building on the condominium property that is

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911	three stories or higher in height which includes, at a minimum,
912	a study of the following items as related to the structural
913	integrity and safety of the building:
914	a. Roof.
915	b. Load-bearing walls or other primary structural members.
916	c. Floor.
917	d. Foundation.
918	e. Fireproofing and fire protection systems.
919	<u>f. Plumbing.</u>
920	g. Electrical systems.
921	h. Waterproofing and exterior painting.
922	i. Windows.
923	j. Any other item that has a deferred maintenance expense
924	or replacement cost that exceeds \$10,000 and the failure to
925	replace or maintain such item negatively affects the items
926	listed in subparagraphs ai., as determined by the licensed
927	engineer or architect performing the visual inspection portion
928	of the structural integrity reserve study.
929	2. Before a developer turns over control of an association
930	to unit owners other than the developer, the developer must have
931	a structural integrity reserve study completed for each building
932	on the condominium property that is three stories or higher in
933	height.
934	3. Associations existing on or before July 1, 2022, which
935	are controlled by unit owners other than the developer, must
936	have a structural integrity reserve study completed by December
937	31, 2024, for each building on the condominium property that is
938	three stories or higher in height.
939	4. If an association fails to complete a structural

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940 integrity reserve study pursuant to this paragraph, such failure 941 is a breach of an officer's and director's fiduciary 942 relationship to the unit owners under s. 718.111(1). 943 (h) Mandatory milestone inspections.-If an association is 944 required to have a milestone inspection performed pursuant to s. 945 553.899, the association must arrange for the milestone 946 inspection to be performed and is responsible for ensuring 947 compliance with the requirements of s. 553.899. The association 948 is responsible for all costs associated with the inspection. If 949 the officers or directors of an association willfully and 950 knowingly fail to have a milestone inspection performed pursuant 951 to s. 553.899, such failure is a breach of the officers' and 952 directors' fiduciary relationship to the unit owners under s. 953 718.111(1)(a). Upon completion of a phase one or phase two 954 milestone inspection and receipt of the inspector-prepared 955 summary of the inspection report from the architect or engineer 956 who performed the inspection, the association must distribute a 957 copy of the inspector-prepared summary of the inspection report 958 to each unit owner, regardless of the findings or 959 recommendations in the report, by United States mail or personal 960 delivery and by electronic transmission to unit owners who 961 previously consented to receive notice by electronic 962 transmission; must post a copy of the inspector-prepared summary 963 in a conspicuous place on the condominium property; and must 964 publish the full report and inspector-prepared summary on the 965 association's website, if the association is required to have a 966 website. 967 Section 7. Paragraph (f) of subsection (8) of section

968 718.116, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

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969 718.116 Assessments; liability; lien and priority; 970 interest; collection.-

971 (8) Within 10 business days after receiving a written or 972 electronic request therefor from a unit owner or the unit 973 owner's designee, or a unit mortgagee or the unit mortgagee's 974 designee, the association shall issue the estoppel certificate. 975 Each association shall designate on its website a person or 976 entity with a street or e-mail address for receipt of a request 977 for an estoppel certificate issued pursuant to this section. The 978 estoppel certificate must be provided by hand delivery, regular mail, or e-mail to the requestor on the date of issuance of the 979 980 estoppel certificate.

981 (f) Notwithstanding any limitation on transfer fees 982 contained in s. 718.112(2)(j) s. 718.112(2)(i), an association 983 or its authorized agent may charge a reasonable fee for the 984 preparation and delivery of an estoppel certificate, which may 985 not exceed \$250, if, on the date the certificate is issued, no 986 delinguent amounts are owed to the association for the 987 applicable unit. If an estoppel certificate is requested on an 988 expedited basis and delivered within 3 business days after the 989 request, the association may charge an additional fee of \$100. 990 If a delinquent amount is owed to the association for the 991 applicable unit, an additional fee for the estoppel certificate 992 may not exceed \$150.

993 Section 8. Paragraph (b) of subsection (8) of section 994 718.117, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

718.117 Termination of condominium.-

- (8) REPORTS AND REPLACEMENT OF RECEIVER.-
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(b) The unit owners of an association in termination may

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998 recall or remove members of the board of administration with or 999 without cause at any time as provided in s. 718.112(2)(k) s. 1000 <del>718.112(2)(j)</del>.

Section 9. Paragraph (p) of subsection (4) of section 718.301, Florida Statutes, is amended and paragraph (r) is added 1003 to that subsection to read:

718.301 Transfer of association control; claims of defect by association.-

1006 (4) At the time that unit owners other than the developer 1007 elect a majority of the members of the board of administration 1008 of an association, the developer shall relinquish control of the 1009 association, and the unit owners shall accept control. 1010 Simultaneously, or for the purposes of paragraph (c) not more 1011 than 90 days thereafter, the developer shall deliver to the 1012 association, at the developer's expense, all property of the 1013 unit owners and of the association which is held or controlled by the developer, including, but not limited to, the following 1014 1015 items, if applicable, as to each condominium operated by the 1016 association:

1017 (p) Notwithstanding when the certificate of occupancy was 1018 issued or the height of the building, a milestone inspection 1019 report in compliance with s. 553.899 included in the official 1020 records, under seal of an architect or engineer authorized to 1021 practice in this state, and attesting to required maintenance, 1022 condition, useful life, and replacement costs of the following 1023 applicable condominium property common elements comprising a 1024 turnover inspection report:

1. Roof.

2. Structure, including load-bearing walls and primary



1027	structural members and primary structural systems as those terms
1028	are defined in s. 627.706.
1029	3. Fireproofing and fire protection systems.
1030	4. Elevators.
1031	5. Heating and cooling systems.
1032	6. Plumbing.
1033	7. Electrical systems.
1034	8. Swimming pool or spa and equipment.
1035	9. Seawalls.
1036	10. Pavement and parking areas.
1037	11. Drainage systems.
1038	12. Painting.
1039	13. Irrigation systems.
1040	14. Waterproofing.
1041	(r) A copy of the association's most recent structural
1042	integrity reserve study.
1043	Section 10. Subsection (1) of section 718.501, Florida
1044	Statutes, is amended, and subsection (3) is added to that
1045	section, to read:
1046	718.501 Authority, responsibility, and duties of Division
1047	of Florida Condominiums, Timeshares, and Mobile Homes
1048	(1) The division may enforce and ensure compliance with
1049	this chapter and rules relating to the development,
1050	construction, sale, lease, ownership, operation, and management
1051	of residential condominium units and complaints related to the
1052	procedural completion of milestone inspections under s. 553.899.
1053	In performing its duties, the division has complete jurisdiction
1054	to investigate complaints and enforce compliance with respect to
1055	associations that are still under developer control or the

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1056 control of a bulk assignee or bulk buyer pursuant to part VII of 1057 this chapter and complaints against developers, bulk assignees, or bulk buyers involving improper turnover or failure to 1058 1059 turnover, pursuant to s. 718.301. However, after turnover has 1060 occurred, the division has jurisdiction to investigate 1061 complaints related only to financial issues, elections, and the maintenance of and unit owner access to association records 1062 under s. 718.111(12), and the procedural completion of 1063 1064 structural integrity reserve studies under s. 718.112(2)(g).

(a)1. The division may make necessary public or private investigations within or outside this state to determine whether any person has violated this chapter or any rule or order hereunder, to aid in the enforcement of this chapter, or to aid in the adoption of rules or forms.

2. The division may submit any official written report, worksheet, or other related paper, or a duly certified copy thereof, compiled, prepared, drafted, or otherwise made by and duly authenticated by a financial examiner or analyst to be admitted as competent evidence in any hearing in which the financial examiner or analyst is available for cross-examination and attests under oath that such documents were prepared as a result of an examination or inspection conducted pursuant to this chapter.

1079 (b) The division may require or permit any person to file a 1080 statement in writing, under oath or otherwise, as the division 1081 determines, as to the facts and circumstances concerning a 1082 matter to be investigated.

1083 (c) For the purpose of any investigation under this1084 chapter, the division director or any officer or employee



1085 designated by the division director may administer oaths or 1086 affirmations, subpoena witnesses and compel their attendance, 1087 take evidence, and require the production of any matter which is 1088 relevant to the investigation, including the existence, 1089 description, nature, custody, condition, and location of any 1090 books, documents, or other tangible things and the identity and 1091 location of persons having knowledge of relevant facts or any 1092 other matter reasonably calculated to lead to the discovery of 1093 material evidence. Upon the failure by a person to obey a 1094 subpoena or to answer questions propounded by the investigating 1095 officer and upon reasonable notice to all affected persons, the 1096 division may apply to the circuit court for an order compelling 1097 compliance.

(d) Notwithstanding any remedies available to unit owners and associations, if the division has reasonable cause to 1099 1100 believe that a violation of any provision of this chapter or 1101 related rule has occurred, the division may institute 1102 enforcement proceedings in its own name against any developer, 1103 bulk assignee, bulk buyer, association, officer, or member of the board of administration, or its assignees or agents, as 1105 follows:

1106 1. The division may permit a person whose conduct or actions may be under investigation to waive formal proceedings 1107 1108 and enter into a consent proceeding whereby orders, rules, or 1109 letters of censure or warning, whether formal or informal, may 1110 be entered against the person.

1111 2. The division may issue an order requiring the developer, 1112 bulk assignee, bulk buyer, association, developer-designated 1113 officer, or developer-designated member of the board of

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1114 administration, developer-designated assignees or agents, bulk assignee-designated assignees or agents, bulk buyer-designated 1115 1116 assignees or agents, community association manager, or community 1117 association management firm to cease and desist from the unlawful practice and take such affirmative action as in the 1118 1119 judgment of the division carry out the purposes of this chapter. 1120 If the division finds that a developer, bulk assignee, bulk 1121 buyer, association, officer, or member of the board of 1122 administration, or its assignees or agents, is violating or is 1123 about to violate any provision of this chapter, any rule adopted 1124 or order issued by the division, or any written agreement 1125 entered into with the division, and presents an immediate danger 1126 to the public requiring an immediate final order, it may issue 1127 an emergency cease and desist order reciting with particularity 1128 the facts underlying such findings. The emergency cease and 1129 desist order is effective for 90 days. If the division begins 1130 nonemergency cease and desist proceedings, the emergency cease 1131 and desist order remains effective until the conclusion of the 1132 proceedings under ss. 120.569 and 120.57.

1133 3. If a developer, bulk assignee, or bulk buyer fails to 1134 pay any restitution determined by the division to be owed, plus 1135 any accrued interest at the highest rate permitted by law, 1136 within 30 days after expiration of any appellate time period of 1137 a final order requiring payment of restitution or the conclusion 1138 of any appeal thereof, whichever is later, the division must bring an action in circuit or county court on behalf of any 1139 1140 association, class of unit owners, lessees, or purchasers for restitution, declaratory relief, injunctive relief, or any other 1141 1142 available remedy. The division may also temporarily revoke its



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acceptance of the filing for the developer to which the restitution relates until payment of restitution is made.

1145 4. The division may petition the court for appointment of a 1146 receiver or conservator. If appointed, the receiver or 1147 conservator may take action to implement the court order to 1148 ensure the performance of the order and to remedy any breach 1149 thereof. In addition to all other means provided by law for the 1150 enforcement of an injunction or temporary restraining order, the 1151 circuit court may impound or sequester the property of a party 1152 defendant, including books, papers, documents, and related 1153 records, and allow the examination and use of the property by 1154 the division and a court-appointed receiver or conservator.

5. The division may apply to the circuit court for an order of restitution whereby the defendant in an action brought under subparagraph 4. is ordered to make restitution of those sums shown by the division to have been obtained by the defendant in violation of this chapter. At the option of the court, such restitution is payable to the conservator or receiver appointed under subparagraph 4. or directly to the persons whose funds or assets were obtained in violation of this chapter.

1163 6. The division may impose a civil penalty against a developer, bulk assignee, or bulk buyer, or association, or its 1164 1165 assignee or agent, for any violation of this chapter or related 1166 rule. The division may impose a civil penalty individually 1167 against an officer or board member who willfully and knowingly 1168 violates this chapter, an adopted rule, or a final order of the 1169 division; may order the removal of such individual as an officer or from the board of administration or as an officer of the 1170 1171 association; and may prohibit such individual from serving as an

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1172 officer or on the board of a community association for a period of time. The term "willfully and knowingly" means that the 1173 1174 division informed the officer or board member that his or her 1175 action or intended action violates this chapter, a rule adopted 1176 under this chapter, or a final order of the division and that 1177 the officer or board member refused to comply with the 1178 requirements of this chapter, a rule adopted under this chapter, 1179 or a final order of the division. The division, before 1180 initiating formal agency action under chapter 120, must afford 1181 the officer or board member an opportunity to voluntarily 1182 comply, and an officer or board member who complies within 10 1183 days is not subject to a civil penalty. A penalty may be imposed 1184 on the basis of each day of continuing violation, but the 1185 penalty for any offense may not exceed \$5,000. The division 1186 shall adopt, by rule, penalty guidelines applicable to possible 1187 violations or to categories of violations of this chapter or 1188 rules adopted by the division. The guidelines must specify a 1189 meaningful range of civil penalties for each such violation of 1190 the statute and rules and must be based upon the harm caused by 1191 the violation, the repetition of the violation, and upon such 1192 other factors deemed relevant by the division. For example, the 1193 division may consider whether the violations were committed by a 1194 developer, bulk assignee, or bulk buyer, or owner-controlled association, the size of the association, and other factors. The 1195 1196 guidelines must designate the possible mitigating or aggravating 1197 circumstances that justify a departure from the range of 1198 penalties provided by the rules. It is the legislative intent that minor violations be distinguished from those which endanger 1199 the health, safety, or welfare of the condominium residents or 1200

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1201 other persons and that such guidelines provide reasonable and 1202 meaningful notice to the public of likely penalties that may be 1203 imposed for proscribed conduct. This subsection does not limit 1204 the ability of the division to informally dispose of 1205 administrative actions or complaints by stipulation, agreed 1206 settlement, or consent order. All amounts collected shall be 1207 deposited with the Chief Financial Officer to the credit of the 1208 Division of Florida Condominiums, Timeshares, and Mobile Homes 1209 Trust Fund. If a developer, bulk assignee, or bulk buyer fails 1210 to pay the civil penalty and the amount deemed to be owed to the 1211 association, the division shall issue an order directing that 1212 such developer, bulk assignee, or bulk buyer cease and desist 1213 from further operation until such time as the civil penalty is 1214 paid or may pursue enforcement of the penalty in a court of 1215 competent jurisdiction. If an association fails to pay the civil 1216 penalty, the division shall pursue enforcement in a court of 1217 competent jurisdiction, and the order imposing the civil penalty 1218 or the cease and desist order is not effective until 20 days 1219 after the date of such order. Any action commenced by the 1220 division shall be brought in the county in which the division 1221 has its executive offices or in the county where the violation 1222 occurred.

1223 7. If a unit owner presents the division with proof that 1224 the unit owner has requested access to official records in 1225 writing by certified mail, and that after 10 days the unit owner 1226 again made the same request for access to official records in 1227 writing by certified mail, and that more than 10 days has 1228 elapsed since the second request and the association has still 1229 failed or refused to provide access to official records as

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1230 required by this chapter, the division shall issue a subpoena 1231 requiring production of the requested records where the records 1232 are kept pursuant to s. 718.112.

8. In addition to subparagraph 6., the division may seek the imposition of a civil penalty through the circuit court for any violation for which the division may issue a notice to show cause under paragraph (r). The civil penalty shall be at least \$500 but no more than \$5,000 for each violation. The court may also award to the prevailing party court costs and reasonable attorney fees and, if the division prevails, may also award reasonable costs of investigation.

(e) The division may prepare and disseminate a prospectus and other information to assist prospective owners, purchasers, lessees, and developers of residential condominiums in assessing the rights, privileges, and duties pertaining thereto.

(f) The division may adopt rules to administer and enforce this chapter.

(g) The division shall establish procedures for providing notice to an association and the developer, bulk assignee, or bulk buyer during the period in which the developer, bulk assignee, or bulk buyer controls the association if the division is considering the issuance of a declaratory statement with respect to the declaration of condominium or any related document governing such condominium community.

(h) The division shall furnish each association that pays the fees required by paragraph (2)(a) a copy of this chapter, as amended, and the rules adopted thereto on an annual basis.

(i) The division shall annually provide each association with a summary of declaratory statements and formal legal



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opinions relating to the operations of condominiums which were rendered by the division during the previous year.

(j) The division shall provide training and educational 1261 1262 programs for condominium association board members and unit 1263 owners. The training may, in the division's discretion, include 1264 web-based electronic media, and live training and seminars in 1265 various locations throughout the state. The division may review 1266 and approve education and training programs for board members 1267 and unit owners offered by providers and shall maintain a 1268 current list of approved programs and providers and make such 1269 list available to board members and unit owners in a reasonable 1270 and cost-effective manner.

(k) The division shall maintain a toll-free telephone number accessible to condominium unit owners.

1273 (1) The division shall develop a program to certify both 1274 volunteer and paid mediators to provide mediation of condominium 1275 disputes. The division shall provide, upon request, a list of such mediators to any association, unit owner, or other 1276 1277 participant in alternative dispute resolution proceedings under 1278 s. 718.1255 requesting a copy of the list. The division shall 1279 include on the list of volunteer mediators only the names of 1280 persons who have received at least 20 hours of training in 1281 mediation techniques or who have mediated at least 20 disputes. 1282 In order to become initially certified by the division, paid 1283 mediators must be certified by the Supreme Court to mediate 1284 court cases in county or circuit courts. However, the division 1285 may adopt, by rule, additional factors for the certification of 1286 paid mediators, which must be related to experience, education, 1287 or background. Any person initially certified as a paid mediator

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by the division must, in order to continue to be certified, comply with the factors or requirements adopted by rule.

1290 (m) If a complaint is made, the division must conduct its 1291 inquiry with due regard for the interests of the affected 1292 parties. Within 30 days after receipt of a complaint, the 1293 division shall acknowledge the complaint in writing and notify 1294 the complainant whether the complaint is within the jurisdiction of the division and whether additional information is needed by 1295 1296 the division from the complainant. The division shall conduct 1297 its investigation and, within 90 days after receipt of the 1298 original complaint or of timely requested additional 1299 information, take action upon the complaint. However, the 1300 failure to complete the investigation within 90 days does not 1301 prevent the division from continuing the investigation, 1302 accepting or considering evidence obtained or received after 90 1303 days, or taking administrative action if reasonable cause exists 1304 to believe that a violation of this chapter or a rule has 1305 occurred. If an investigation is not completed within the time 1306 limits established in this paragraph, the division shall, on a 1307 monthly basis, notify the complainant in writing of the status 1308 of the investigation. When reporting its action to the 1309 complainant, the division shall inform the complainant of any 1310 right to a hearing under ss. 120.569 and 120.57. The division 1311 may adopt rules regarding the submission of a complaint against 1312 an association.

(n) Condominium association directors, officers, and employees; condominium developers; bulk assignees, bulk buyers, and community association managers; and community association management firms have an ongoing duty to reasonably cooperate

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1317 with the division in any investigation under this section. The division shall refer to local law enforcement authorities any 1318 1319 person whom the division believes has altered, destroyed, 1320 concealed, or removed any record, document, or thing required to 1321 be kept or maintained by this chapter with the purpose to impair its verity or availability in the department's investigation. 1322 1323 (o) The division may: 1324 1. Contract with agencies in this state or other 1325 jurisdictions to perform investigative functions; or 1326 2. Accept grants-in-aid from any source. 1327 (p) The division shall cooperate with similar agencies in 1328 other jurisdictions to establish uniform filing procedures and 1329 forms, public offering statements, advertising standards, and 1330 rules and common administrative practices. 1331 (q) The division shall consider notice to a developer, bulk 1332 assignee, or bulk buyer to be complete when it is delivered to 1333 the address of the developer, bulk assignee, or bulk buyer 1334 currently on file with the division. 1335 (r) In addition to its enforcement authority, the division 1336 may issue a notice to show cause, which must provide for a 1337 hearing, upon written request, in accordance with chapter 120. (s) The division shall submit to the Governor, the 1338

1336 (s) The division shall submit to the Governor, the 1339 President of the Senate, the Speaker of the House of 1340 Representatives, and the chairs of the legislative 1341 appropriations committees an annual report that includes, but 1342 need not be limited to, the number of training programs provided 1343 for condominium association board members and unit owners, the 1344 number of complaints received by type, the number and percent of 1345 complaints acknowledged in writing within 30 days and the number

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1346	and percent of investigations acted upon within 90 days in
1347	accordance with paragraph (m), and the number of investigations
1348	exceeding the 90-day requirement. The annual report must also
1349	include an evaluation of the division's core business processes
1350	and make recommendations for improvements, including statutory
1351	changes. The report shall be submitted by September 30 following
1352	the end of the fiscal year.
1353	(3)(a) On or before January 1, 2023, condominium
1354	associations existing on or before July 1, 2022, must provide
1355	the following information to the division in writing, by e-mail,
1356	United States Postal Service, commercial delivery service, or
1357	hand delivery, at a physical address or e-mail address provided
1358	by the division and on a form posted on the division's website:
1359	1. The number of buildings on the condominium property that
1360	are three stories or higher in height.
1361	2. The total number of units in all such buildings.
1362	3. The addresses of all such buildings.
1363	4. The counties in which all such buildings are located.
1364	(b) The division must compile a list of the number of
1365	buildings on condominium property that are three stories or
1366	higher in height, which is searchable by county, and must post
1367	the list on the division's website. This list must include all
1368	of the following information:
1369	1. The name of each association with buildings on the
1370	condominium property that are three stories or higher in height.
1371	2. The number of such buildings on each association's
1372	property.
1373	3. The addresses of all such buildings.
1374	4. The counties in which all such buildings are located.
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1375 (c) An association must provide an update in writing to the 1376 division if there are any changes to the information in the list 1377 under paragraph (b) within 6 months after the change.

Section 11. Present paragraphs (b) and (c) of subsection (2) of section 718.503, Florida Statutes, are redesignated as paragraphs (c) and (d), respectively, a new paragraph (b) is added to that subsection, and paragraph (b) of subsection (1) and paragraph (a) of subsection (2) of that section are amended, to read:

718.503 Developer disclosure prior to sale; nondeveloper unit owner disclosure prior to sale; voidability.-

(1) DEVELOPER DISCLOSURE.-

1387 (b) Copies of documents to be furnished to prospective 1388 buyer or lessee.-Until such time as the developer has furnished 1389 the documents listed below to a person who has entered into a 1390 contract to purchase a residential unit or lease it for more than 5 years, the contract may be voided by that person, 1391 1392 entitling the person to a refund of any deposit together with interest thereon as provided in s. 718.202. The contract may be 1393 1394 terminated by written notice from the proposed buyer or lessee 1395 delivered to the developer within 15 days after the buyer or 1396 lessee receives all of the documents required by this section. 1397 The developer may not close for 15 days after following the 1398 execution of the agreement and delivery of the documents to the 1399 buyer as evidenced by a signed receipt for documents unless the 1400 buyer is informed in the 15-day voidability period and agrees to 1401 close before prior to the expiration of the 15 days. The 1402 developer shall retain in his or her records a separate agreement signed by the buyer as proof of the buyer's agreement 1403

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1404 to close before prior to the expiration of the said voidability period. The developer must retain such Said proof shall be 1405 1406 retained for a period of 5 years after the date of the closing 1407 of the transaction. The documents to be delivered to the 1408 prospective buyer are the prospectus or disclosure statement 1409 with all exhibits, if the development is subject to the provisions of s. 718.504, or, if not, then copies of the 1410 1411 following which are applicable: 1412 1. The question and answer sheet described in s. 718.504, 1413 and declaration of condominium, or the proposed declaration if 1414 the declaration has not been recorded, which shall include the 1415 certificate of a surveyor approximately representing the

1416 locations required by s. 718.104.

2. The documents creating the association.

3. The bylaws.

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4. The ground lease or other underlying lease of the condominium.

1421 5. The management contract, maintenance contract, and other 1422 contracts for management of the association and operation of the 1423 condominium and facilities used by the unit owners having a 1424 service term in excess of 1 year, and any management contracts 1425 that are renewable.

1426 6. The estimated operating budget for the condominium and a
1427 schedule of expenses for each type of unit, including fees
1428 assessed pursuant to s. 718.113(1) for the maintenance of
1429 limited common elements where such costs are shared only by
1430 those entitled to use the limited common elements.

1431 7. The lease of recreational and other facilities that will1432 be used only by unit owners of the subject condominium.

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1433 8. The lease of recreational and other common facilities 1434 that will be used by unit owners in common with unit owners of other condominiums. 1435

9. The form of unit lease if the offer is of a leasehold. 10. Any declaration of servitude of properties serving the condominium but not owned by unit owners or leased to them or the association.

11. If the development is to be built in phases or if the association is to manage more than one condominium, a description of the plan of phase development or the arrangements for the association to manage two or more condominiums.

12. If the condominium is a conversion of existing improvements, the statements and disclosure required by s. 718.616.

13. The form of agreement for sale or lease of units.

14. A copy of the floor plan of the unit and the plot plan showing the location of the residential buildings and the recreation and other common areas.

15. A copy of all covenants and restrictions that which will affect the use of the property and which are not contained in the foregoing.

16. If the developer is required by state or local authorities to obtain acceptance or approval of any dock or marina facilities intended to serve the condominium, a copy of any such acceptance or approval acquired by the time of filing with the division under s. 718.502(1), or a statement that such 1459 acceptance or approval has not been acquired or received.

1460 17. Evidence demonstrating that the developer has an 1461 ownership, leasehold, or contractual interest in the land upon

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1462	which the condominium is to be developed.
1463	18. A copy of the inspector-prepared summary of the
1464	milestone inspection report as described in ss. 553.899 and
1465	718.301(4)(p).
1466	19. A copy of the association's most recent structural
1467	integrity reserve study or a statement that the association has
1468	not completed a structural integrity reserve study.
1469	(2) NONDEVELOPER DISCLOSURE
1470	(a) Each unit owner who is not a developer as defined by
1471	this chapter <u>must</u> shall comply with the provisions of this
1472	subsection <u>before</u> <del>prior to</del> the sale of his or her unit. Each
1473	prospective purchaser who has entered into a contract for the
1474	purchase of a condominium unit is entitled, at the seller's
1475	expense, to a current copy of all of the following:
1476	<u>1.</u> The declaration of condominium. $\tau$
1477	2. Articles of incorporation of the association. $_{ au}$
1478	3. Bylaws and rules of the association
1479	<u>4.</u> Financial information required by s. 718.111. $_{\cdot \tau}$
1480	5. A copy of the inspector-prepared summary of the
1481	milestone inspection report as described in ss. 553.899 and
1482	718.301(4)(p), if applicable.
1483	6. The association's most recent structural integrity
1484	reserve study or a statement that the association has not
1485	completed a structural integrity reserve study.
1486	7. and The document entitled "Frequently Asked Questions
1487	and Answers" required by s. 718.504.
1488	(b) On and after January 1, 2009, The prospective purchaser
1489	is shall also be entitled to receive from the seller a copy of a
1490	governance form. Such form shall be provided by the division

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1491 summarizing governance of condominium associations. In addition 1492 to such other information as the division considers helpful to a 1493 prospective purchaser in understanding association governance, 1494 the governance form shall address the following subjects: 1495 1. The role of the board in conducting the day-to-day 1496 affairs of the association on behalf of, and in the best 1497 interests of, the owners. 1498 2. The board's responsibility to provide advance notice of 1499 board and membership meetings. 1500 3. The rights of owners to attend and speak at board and 1501 membership meetings. 1502 4. The responsibility of the board and of owners with 1503 respect to maintenance of the condominium property. 1504 5. The responsibility of the board and owners to abide by 1505 the condominium documents, this chapter, rules adopted by the 1506 division, and reasonable rules adopted by the board. 1507 6. Owners' rights to inspect and copy association records 1508 and the limitations on such rights. 1509 7. Remedies available to owners with respect to actions by 1510 the board which may be abusive or beyond the board's power and 1511 authority. 1512 8. The right of the board to hire a property management 1513 firm, subject to its own primary responsibility for such 1514 management. 1515 9. The responsibility of owners with regard to payment of 1516 regular or special assessments necessary for the operation of 1517 the property and the potential consequences of failure to pay 1518 such assessments.

1519 10. The voting rights of owners.

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1520 11. Rights and obligations of the board in enforcement of 1521 rules in the condominium documents and rules adopted by the 1522 board.

1524 The governance form shall also include the following statement 1525 in conspicuous type: "This publication is intended as an informal educational overview of condominium governance. In the 1526 1527 event of a conflict, the provisions of chapter 718, Florida 1528 Statutes, rules adopted by the Division of Florida Condominiums, 1529 Timeshares, and Mobile Homes of the Department of Business and 1530 Professional Regulation, the provisions of the condominium 1531 documents, and reasonable rules adopted by the condominium 1532 association's board of administration prevail over the contents 1533 of this publication."

Section 12. Paragraph (f) of subsection (24) of section 718.504, Florida Statutes, is amended, and paragraph (q) is added to that subsection, to read:

1537 718.504 Prospectus or offering circular.-Every developer of 1538 a residential condominium which contains more than 20 1539 residential units, or which is part of a group of residential 1540 condominiums which will be served by property to be used in common by unit owners of more than 20 residential units, shall 1541 1542 prepare a prospectus or offering circular and file it with the 1543 Division of Florida Condominiums, Timeshares, and Mobile Homes 1544 prior to entering into an enforceable contract of purchase and 1545 sale of any unit or lease of a unit for more than 5 years and 1546 shall furnish a copy of the prospectus or offering circular to 1547 each buyer. In addition to the prospectus or offering circular, 1548 each buyer shall be furnished a separate page entitled

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1549 "Frequently Asked Questions and Answers," which shall be in 1550 accordance with a format approved by the division and a copy of 1551 the financial information required by s. 718.111. This page 1552 shall, in readable language, inform prospective purchasers 1553 regarding their voting rights and unit use restrictions, 1554 including restrictions on the leasing of a unit; shall indicate 1555 whether and in what amount the unit owners or the association is 1556 obligated to pay rent or land use fees for recreational or other 1557 commonly used facilities; shall contain a statement identifying 1558 that amount of assessment which, pursuant to the budget, would 1559 be levied upon each unit type, exclusive of any special 1560 assessments, and which shall further identify the basis upon 1561 which assessments are levied, whether monthly, quarterly, or 1562 otherwise; shall state and identify any court cases in which the 1563 association is currently a party of record in which the 1564 association may face liability in excess of \$100,000; and which 1565 shall further state whether membership in a recreational 1566 facilities association is mandatory, and if so, shall identify 1567 the fees currently charged per unit type. The division shall by 1568 rule require such other disclosure as in its judgment will 1569 assist prospective purchasers. The prospectus or offering 1570 circular may include more than one condominium, although not all 1571 such units are being offered for sale as of the date of the 1572 prospectus or offering circular. The prospectus or offering 1573 circular must contain the following information:

1574 (24) Copies of the following, to the extent they are1575 applicable, shall be included as exhibits:

1576 (f) The estimated operating budget for the condominium<u>, and</u> 1577 the required schedule of unit owners' expenses<u>, and the</u>

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1578	association's most recent structural integrity reserve study or
1579	a statement that the association has not completed a structural
1580	integrity reserve study.
1581	(q) A copy of the inspector-prepared summary of the
1582	milestone inspection report as described in ss. 553.899 and
1583	718.301(4)(p), as applicable.
1584	Section 13. Subsections (24) through (28) of section
1585	719.103, Florida Statutes, are renumbered as subsections (25)
1586	through (29), respectively, and a new subsection (24) is added
1587	to that section to read:
1588	719.103 Definitions.—As used in this chapter:
1589	(24) "Structural integrity reserve study" means a study of
1590	the reserve funds required for future major repairs and
1591	replacement of the common areas based on a visual inspection of
1592	the common areas. A structural integrity reserve study may be
1593	performed by any person qualified to perform such study.
1594	However, the visual inspection portion of the structural
1595	integrity reserve study must be performed by an engineer
1596	licensed under chapter 471 or an architect licensed under
1597	chapter 481. At a minimum, a structural integrity reserve study
1598	must identify the common areas being visually inspected, state
1599	the estimated remaining useful life and the estimated
1600	replacement cost or deferred maintenance expense of the common
1601	areas being visually inspected, and provide a recommended annual
1602	reserve amount that achieves the estimated replacement cost or
1603	deferred maintenance expense of each common area being visually
1604	inspected by the end of the estimated remaining useful life of
1605	each common area.
1606	Section 14. Paragraphs (a) and (c) of subsection (2) of

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SENATOR AMENDMENT

Florida Senate - 2022 Bill No. SB 4-D

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1607 section 719.104, Florida Statutes, are amended to read: 1608 719.104 Cooperatives; access to units; records; financial 1609 reports; assessments; purchase of leases.-(2) OFFICIAL RECORDS.-1610 (a) From the inception of the association, the association 1611 1612 shall maintain a copy of each of the following, where applicable, which shall constitute the official records of the 1613 1614 association: 1615 1. The plans, permits, warranties, and other items provided 1616 by the developer pursuant to s. 719.301(4). 1617 2. A photocopy of the cooperative documents. 1618 3. A copy of the current rules of the association. 1619 4. A book or books containing the minutes of all meetings 1620 of the association, of the board of directors, and of the unit 1621 owners. 1622 5. A current roster of all unit owners and their mailing 1623 addresses, unit identifications, voting certifications, and, if 1624 known, telephone numbers. The association shall also maintain 1625 the e-mail addresses and the numbers designated by unit owners 1626 for receiving notice sent by electronic transmission of those 1627 unit owners consenting to receive notice by electronic 1628 transmission. The e-mail addresses and numbers provided by unit 1629 owners to receive notice by electronic transmission shall be 1630 removed from association records when consent to receive notice 1631 by electronic transmission is revoked. However, the association 1632 is not liable for an erroneous disclosure of the e-mail address 1633 or the number for receiving electronic transmission of notices. 6. All current insurance policies of the association. 1634 1635 7. A current copy of any management agreement, lease, or

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1636 other contract to which the association is a party or under 1637 which the association or the unit owners have an obligation or 1638 responsibility.

1639 8. Bills of sale or transfer for all property owned by the 1640 association.

9. Accounting records for the association and separate accounting records for each unit it operates, according to good accounting practices. The accounting records shall include, but not be limited to:

a. Accurate, itemized, and detailed records of all receipts and expenditures.

b. A current account and a monthly, bimonthly, or quarterly statement of the account for each unit designating the name of the unit owner, the due date and amount of each assessment, the amount paid upon the account, and the balance due.

c. All audits, reviews, accounting statements, <u>structural</u> <u>integrity reserve studies</u>, and financial reports of the association. <u>Structural integrity reserve studies must be</u> <u>maintained for at least 15 years after the study is completed</u>.

d. All contracts for work to be performed. Bids for work to be performed shall also be considered official records and shall be maintained for a period of 1 year.

10. Ballots, sign-in sheets, voting proxies, and all other papers and electronic records relating to voting by unit owners, which shall be maintained for a period of 1 year after the date of the election, vote, or meeting to which the document relates.

11. All rental records where the association is acting as agent for the rental of units.

12. A copy of the current question and answer sheet as



1665 described in s. 719.504.

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1666 13. All affirmative acknowledgments made pursuant to s. 1667 719.108(3)(b)3.

14. <u>A copy of the inspection reports described in s.</u> 553.899 and 719.301(4)(p) and any other inspection report relating to a structural or life safety inspection of the cooperative property. Such record must be maintained by the association for 15 years after receipt of the report.

<u>15.</u> All other written records of the association not specifically included in the foregoing which are related to the operation of the association.

1676 (c) The official records of the association are open to 1677 inspection by any association member or the authorized 1678 representative of such member at all reasonable times. The right 1679 to inspect the records includes the right to make or obtain copies, at the reasonable expense, if any, of the association 1680 1681 member. A renter of a unit has a right to inspect and copy only the association's bylaws and rules and the inspection reports 1682 1683 described in ss. 553.899 and 719.301(4)(p). The association may 1684 adopt reasonable rules regarding the frequency, time, location, 1685 notice, and manner of record inspections and copying, but may 1686 not require a member to demonstrate any purpose or state any 1687 reason for the inspection. The failure of an association to provide the records within 10 working days after receipt of a 1688 1689 written request creates a rebuttable presumption that the 1690 association willfully failed to comply with this paragraph. A member who is denied access to official records is entitled to 1691 1692 the actual damages or minimum damages for the association's willful failure to comply. The minimum damages are \$50 per 1693



1694 calendar day for up to 10 days, beginning on the 11th working 1695 day after receipt of the written request. The failure to permit 1696 inspection entitles any person prevailing in an enforcement 1697 action to recover reasonable attorney fees from the person in 1698 control of the records who, directly or indirectly, knowingly 1699 denied access to the records. Any person who knowingly or 1700 intentionally defaces or destroys accounting records that are 1701 required by this chapter to be maintained during the period for 1702 which such records are required to be maintained, or who 1703 knowingly or intentionally fails to create or maintain 1704 accounting records that are required to be created or 1705 maintained, with the intent of causing harm to the association 1706 or one or more of its members, is personally subject to a civil 1707 penalty under s. 719.501(1)(d). The association shall maintain 1708 an adequate number of copies of the declaration, articles of 1709 incorporation, bylaws, and rules, and all amendments to each of 1710 the foregoing, as well as the question and answer sheet as 1711 described in s. 719.504 and year-end financial information 1712 required by the department, on the cooperative property to 1713 ensure their availability to members and prospective purchasers, 1714 and may charge its actual costs for preparing and furnishing 1715 these documents to those requesting the same. An association 1716 shall allow a member or his or her authorized representative to 1717 use a portable device, including a smartphone, tablet, portable 1718 scanner, or any other technology capable of scanning or taking 1719 photographs, to make an electronic copy of the official records 1720 in lieu of the association providing the member or his or her authorized representative with a copy of such records. The 1721 association may not charge a member or his or her authorized 1722

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1723 representative for the use of a portable device. Notwithstanding 1724 this paragraph, the following records shall not be accessible to 1725 members:

1726 1. Any record protected by the lawyer-client privilege as 1727 described in s. 90.502 and any record protected by the work-1728 product privilege, including any record prepared by an 1729 association attorney or prepared at the attorney's express 1730 direction which reflects a mental impression, conclusion, 1731 litigation strategy, or legal theory of the attorney or the 1732 association, and which was prepared exclusively for civil or 1733 criminal litigation or for adversarial administrative 1734 proceedings, or which was prepared in anticipation of such 1735 litigation or proceedings until the conclusion of the litigation 1736 or proceedings.

2. Information obtained by an association in connection with the approval of the lease, sale, or other transfer of a unit.

3. Personnel records of association or management company 1741 employees, including, but not limited to, disciplinary, payroll, health, and insurance records. For purposes of this subparagraph, the term "personnel records" does not include written employment agreements with an association employee or management company, or budgetary or financial records that indicate the compensation paid to an association employee.

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4. Medical records of unit owners.

1748 5. Social security numbers, driver license numbers, credit 1749 card numbers, e-mail addresses, telephone numbers, facsimile numbers, emergency contact information, addresses of a unit 1750 1751 owner other than as provided to fulfill the association's notice

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1752 requirements, and other personal identifying information of any 1753 person, excluding the person's name, unit designation, mailing address, property address, and any address, e-mail address, or 1754 1755 facsimile number provided to the association to fulfill the 1756 association's notice requirements. Notwithstanding the 1757 restrictions in this subparagraph, an association may print and 1758 distribute to unit owners a directory containing the name, unit 1759 address, and all telephone numbers of each unit owner. However, 1760 an owner may exclude his or her telephone numbers from the 1761 directory by so requesting in writing to the association. An 1762 owner may consent in writing to the disclosure of other contact 1763 information described in this subparagraph. The association is 1764 not liable for the inadvertent disclosure of information that is 1765 protected under this subparagraph if the information is included 1766 in an official record of the association and is voluntarily 1767 provided by an owner and not requested by the association.

6. Electronic security measures that are used by the association to safeguard data, including passwords.

7. The software and operating system used by the association which allow the manipulation of data, even if the owner owns a copy of the same software used by the association. The data is part of the official records of the association.

8. All affirmative acknowledgments made pursuant to s.
 719.108(3)(b)3.

1776 Section 15. Paragraphs (k) through (m) of subsection (1) of 1777 section 719.106, Florida Statutes, are redesignated as 1778 paragraphs (m) through (o), respectively, paragraph (j) of 1779 subsection (1) is amended, and new paragraphs (k) and (l) are 1780 added to subsection (1) of that section, to read:

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719.106 Bylaws; cooperative ownership.-

(1) MANDATORY PROVISIONS.-The bylaws or other cooperative documents shall provide for the following, and if they do not, they shall be deemed to include the following:

(j) Annual budget.-

1. The proposed annual budget of common expenses must shall be detailed and must shall show the amounts budgeted by accounts and expense classifications, including, if applicable, but not limited to, those expenses listed in s. 719.504(20). The board of administration shall adopt the annual budget at least 14 days before <del>prior to</del> the start of the association's fiscal year. In 1792 the event that the board fails to timely adopt the annual budget 1793 a second time, it is shall be deemed a minor violation and the prior year's budget shall continue in effect until a new budget 1795 is adopted.

1796 2. In addition to annual operating expenses, the budget must shall include reserve accounts for capital expenditures and 1797 1798 deferred maintenance. These accounts must shall include, but not 1799 be limited to, roof replacement, building painting, and pavement 1800 resurfacing, regardless of the amount of deferred maintenance 1801 expense or replacement cost, and for any other items for which 1802 the deferred maintenance expense or replacement cost exceeds 1803 \$10,000. The amount to be reserved for an item is determined by 1804 the association's most recent structural integrity reserve study 1805 that must be completed by December 31, 2024. If the amount to be 1806 reserved for an item is not in the association's initial or most 1807 recent structural integrity reserve study or the association has 1808 not completed a structural integrity reserve study, the amount 1809 must shall be computed by means of a formula which is based upon

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1810 estimated remaining useful life and estimated replacement cost 1811 or deferred maintenance expense of the each reserve item. The 1812 association may adjust replacement reserve assessments annually 1813 to take into account any changes in estimates or extension of 1814 the useful life of a reserve item caused by deferred 1815 maintenance. This paragraph shall not apply to any budget in which The members of a unit-owner controlled an association may 1816 1817 determine have, at a duly called meeting of the association, 1818 determined for a fiscal year to provide no reserves or reserves 1819 less adequate than required by this subsection. Before turnover 1820 of control of an association by a developer to unit owners other 1821 than a developer under s. 719.301, the developer-controlled 1822 association may not vote to waive the reserves or reduce funding 1823 of the reserves. Effective December 31, 2024, a unit-owner 1824 controlled association may not determine to provide no reserves 1825 or reserves less adequate than required by this paragraph for 1826 items listed in paragraph (k) However, prior to turnover of 1827 control of an association by a developer to unit owners other than a developer pursuant to s. 719.301, the developer may vote 1828 1829 to waive the reserves or reduce the funding of reserves for the 1830 first 2 years of the operation of the association after which 1831 time reserves may only be waived or reduced upon the vote of a 1832 majority of all nondeveloper voting interests voting in person 1833 or by limited proxy at a duly called meeting of the association. 1834 If a meeting of the unit owners has been called to determine to 1835 provide no reserves, or reserves less adequate than required, 1836 and such result is not attained or a quorum is not attained, the 1837 reserves as included in the budget shall go into effect. 1838 3. Reserve funds and any interest accruing thereon shall

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1839 remain in the reserve account or accounts, and shall be used 1840 only for authorized reserve expenditures unless their use for 1841 other purposes is approved in advance by a vote of the majority 1842 of the voting interests, voting in person or by limited proxy at 1843 a duly called meeting of the association. Before Prior to 1844 turnover of control of an association by a developer to unit owners other than the developer under s. 719.301, the developer 1845 1846 may not vote to use reserves for purposes other than that for 1847 which they were intended without the approval of a majority of 1848 all nondeveloper voting interests, voting in person or by 1849 limited proxy at a duly called meeting of the association. 1850 Effective December 31, 2024, members of a unit-owner controlled 1851 association may not vote to use reserve funds, or any interest 1852 accruing thereon, that are reserved for items listed in 1853 paragraph (k) for purposes other than their intended purpose. 1854 (k) Structural integrity reserve study.-1855 1. An association must have a structural integrity reserve 1856 study completed at least every 10 years for each building on the 1857 cooperative property that is three stories or higher in height 1858 that includes, at a minimum, a study of the following items as 1859 related to the structural integrity and safety of the building: 1860 a. Roof. 1861 b. Load-bearing walls or other primary structural members. 1862 c. Floor. 1863 d. Foundation. 1864 e. Fireproofing and fire protection systems. 1865 f. Plumbing. 1866 q. Electrical systems. h. Waterproofing and exterior painting. 1867

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1868	i. Windows.
1869	j. Any other item that has a deferred maintenance expense
1870	or replacement cost that exceeds \$10,000 and the failure to
1871	replace or maintain such item negatively affects the items
1872	listed in subparagraphs ai., as determined by the licensed
1873	engineer or architect performing the visual inspection portion
1874	of the structural integrity reserve study.
1875	2. Before a developer turns over control of an association
1876	to unit owners other than the developer, the developer must have
1877	a structural integrity reserve study completed for each building
1878	on the cooperative property that is three stories or higher in
1879	height.
1880	3. Associations existing on or before July 1, 2022, which
1881	are controlled by unit owners other than the developer, must
1882	have a structural integrity reserve study completed by December
1883	31, 2024, for each building on the cooperative property that is
1884	three stories or higher in height.
1885	4. If an association fails to complete a structural
1886	integrity reserve study pursuant to this paragraph, such failure
1887	is a breach of an officer's and director's fiduciary
1888	relationship to the unit owners under s. 719.104(8).
1889	(1) Mandatory milestone inspectionsIf an association is
1890	required to have a milestone inspection performed pursuant to s.
1891	553.899, the association must arrange for the milestone
1892	inspection to be performed and is responsible for ensuring
1893	compliance with the requirements of s. 553.899. The association
1894	is responsible for all costs associated with the inspection. If
1895	the officers or directors of an association willfully and
1896	knowingly fail to have a milestone inspection performed pursuant

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1897 to s. 553.899, such failure is a breach of the officers' and 1898 directors' fiduciary relationship to the unit owners under s. 1899 719.104(8)(a). Upon completion of a phase one or phase two 1900 milestone inspection and receipt of the inspector-prepared 1901 summary of the inspection report from the architect or engineer 1902 who performed the inspection, the association must distribute a 1903 copy of the inspector-prepared summary of the inspection report 1904 to each unit owner, regardless of the findings or 1905 recommendations in the report, by United States mail or personal 1906 delivery and by electronic transmission to unit owners who 1907 previously consented to receive notice by electronic 1908 transmission; must post a copy of the inspector-prepared summary 1909 in a conspicuous place on the cooperative property; and must 1910 publish the full report and inspector-prepared summary on the 1911 association's website, if the association is required to have a 1912 website. 1913 Section 16. Paragraphs (p) and (q) are added to subsection (4) of section 719.301, Florida Statutes, to read: 1914 719.301 Transfer of association control.-1915 1916 (4) When unit owners other than the developer elect a 1917 majority of the members of the board of administration of an 1918 association, the developer shall relinquish control of the 1919 association, and the unit owners shall accept control. 1920 Simultaneously, or for the purpose of paragraph (c) not more 1921 than 90 days thereafter, the developer shall deliver to the 1922 association, at the developer's expense, all property of the 1923 unit owners and of the association held or controlled by the 1924 developer, including, but not limited to, the following items, if applicable, as to each cooperative operated by the 1925

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1926	association:
1927	(p) Notwithstanding when the certificate of occupancy was
1928	issued or the height of the building, a milestone inspection
1929	report in compliance with s. 553.899 included in the official
1930	records, under seal of an architect or engineer authorized to
1931	practice in this state, attesting to required maintenance,
1932	condition, useful life, and replacement costs of the following
1933	applicable cooperative property comprising a turnover inspection
1934	report:
1935	<u>1. Roof.</u>
1936	2. Structure, including load-bearing walls and primary
1937	structural members and primary structural systems as those terms
1938	are defined in s. 627.706.
1939	3. Fireproofing and fire protection systems.
1940	4. Elevators.
1941	5. Heating and cooling systems.
1942	6. Plumbing.
1943	7. Electrical systems.
1944	8. Swimming pool or spa and equipment.
1945	9. Seawalls.
1946	10. Pavement and parking areas.
1947	11. Drainage systems.
1948	12. Painting.
1949	13. Irrigation systems.
1950	14. Waterproofing.
1951	(q) A copy of the association's most recent structural
1952	integrity reserve study.
1953	Section 17. Subsection (1) of section 719.501, Florida
1954	Statutes, is amended, and subsection $(3)$ is added to that



1955 section, to read:

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1956 719.501 Powers and duties of Division of Florida1957 Condominiums, Timeshares, and Mobile Homes.-

1958 (1) The Division of Florida Condominiums, Timeshares, and 1959 Mobile Homes of the Department of Business and Professional 1960 Regulation, referred to as the "division" in this part, in 1961 addition to other powers and duties prescribed by chapter 718, 1962 has the power to enforce and ensure compliance with this chapter 1963 and adopted rules relating to the development, construction, 1964 sale, lease, ownership, operation, and management of residential 1965 cooperative units, complaints related to the procedural 1966 completion of the structural integrity reserve studies under s. 1967 719.106(1)(k), and complaints related to the procedural 1968 completion of milestone inspections under s. 553.899. In 1969 performing its duties, the division shall have the following 1970 powers and duties:

(a) The division may make necessary public or private investigations within or outside this state to determine whether any person has violated this chapter or any rule or order hereunder, to aid in the enforcement of this chapter, or to aid in the adoption of rules or forms hereunder.

(b) The division may require or permit any person to file a
statement in writing, under oath or otherwise, as the division
determines, as to the facts and circumstances concerning a
matter to be investigated.

(c) For the purpose of any investigation under this
chapter, the division director or any officer or employee
designated by the division director may administer oaths or
affirmations, subpoena witnesses and compel their attendance,

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1984 take evidence, and require the production of any matter which is 1985 relevant to the investigation, including the existence, 1986 description, nature, custody, condition, and location of any 1987 books, documents, or other tangible things and the identity and 1988 location of persons having knowledge of relevant facts or any 1989 other matter reasonably calculated to lead to the discovery of 1990 material evidence. Upon failure by a person to obey a subpoena 1991 or to answer questions propounded by the investigating officer 1992 and upon reasonable notice to all persons affected thereby, the 1993 division may apply to the circuit court for an order compelling 1994 compliance.

(d) Notwithstanding any remedies available to unit owners and associations, if the division has reasonable cause to believe that a violation of any provision of this chapter or related rule has occurred, the division may institute enforcement proceedings in its own name against a developer, association, officer, or member of the board, or its assignees or agents, as follows:

1. The division may permit a person whose conduct or actions may be under investigation to waive formal proceedings and enter into a consent proceeding whereby orders, rules, or letters of censure or warning, whether formal or informal, may be entered against the person.

2007 2. The division may issue an order requiring the developer, 2008 association, officer, or member of the board, or its assignees 2009 or agents, to cease and desist from the unlawful practice and 2010 take such affirmative action as in the judgment of the division 2011 will carry out the purposes of this chapter. Such affirmative 2012 action may include, but is not limited to, an order requiring a



2013 developer to pay moneys determined to be owed to a condominium 2014 association.

2015 3. The division may bring an action in circuit court on 2016 behalf of a class of unit owners, lessees, or purchasers for 2017 declaratory relief, injunctive relief, or restitution.

2018 4. The division may impose a civil penalty against a 2019 developer or association, or its assignees or agents, for any 2020 violation of this chapter or related rule. The division may 2021 impose a civil penalty individually against any officer or board 2022 member who willfully and knowingly violates a provision of this 2023 chapter, a rule adopted pursuant to this chapter, or a final 2024 order of the division. The term "willfully and knowingly" means 2025 that the division informed the officer or board member that his 2026 or her action or intended action violates this chapter, a rule 2027 adopted under this chapter, or a final order of the division, 2028 and that the officer or board member refused to comply with the 2029 requirements of this chapter, a rule adopted under this chapter, 2030 or a final order of the division. The division, prior to 2031 initiating formal agency action under chapter 120, shall afford the officer or board member an opportunity to voluntarily comply 2032 2033 with this chapter, a rule adopted under this chapter, or a final 2034 order of the division. An officer or board member who complies 2035 within 10 days is not subject to a civil penalty. A penalty may 2036 be imposed on the basis of each day of continuing violation, but 2037 in no event shall the penalty for any offense exceed \$5,000. By 2038 January 1, 1998, the division shall adopt, by rule, penalty 2039 quidelines applicable to possible violations or to categories of 2040 violations of this chapter or rules adopted by the division. The 2041 guidelines must specify a meaningful range of civil penalties

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2042 for each such violation of the statute and rules and must be 2043 based upon the harm caused by the violation, the repetition of 2044 the violation, and upon such other factors deemed relevant by 2045 the division. For example, the division may consider whether the 2046 violations were committed by a developer or owner-controlled 2047 association, the size of the association, and other factors. The 2048 guidelines must designate the possible mitigating or aggravating 2049 circumstances that justify a departure from the range of 2050 penalties provided by the rules. It is the legislative intent 2051 that minor violations be distinguished from those which endanger 2052 the health, safety, or welfare of the cooperative residents or 2053 other persons and that such guidelines provide reasonable and 2054 meaningful notice to the public of likely penalties that may be 2055 imposed for proscribed conduct. This subsection does not limit 2056 the ability of the division to informally dispose of 2057 administrative actions or complaints by stipulation, agreed settlement, or consent order. All amounts collected shall be 2058 2059 deposited with the Chief Financial Officer to the credit of the 2060 Division of Florida Condominiums, Timeshares, and Mobile Homes 2061 Trust Fund. If a developer fails to pay the civil penalty, the 2062 division shall thereupon issue an order directing that such 2063 developer cease and desist from further operation until such 2064 time as the civil penalty is paid or may pursue enforcement of 2065 the penalty in a court of competent jurisdiction. If an 2066 association fails to pay the civil penalty, the division shall 2067 thereupon pursue enforcement in a court of competent 2068 jurisdiction, and the order imposing the civil penalty or the 2069 cease and desist order shall not become effective until 20 days after the date of such order. Any action commenced by the 2070

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2071 division shall be brought in the county in which the division 2072 has its executive offices or in the county where the violation 2073 occurred.

(e) The division may prepare and disseminate a prospectus and other information to assist prospective owners, purchasers, lessees, and developers of residential cooperatives in assessing the rights, privileges, and duties pertaining thereto.

(f) The division has authority to adopt rules pursuant to ss. 120.536(1) and 120.54 to implement and enforce the provisions of this chapter.

(g) The division shall establish procedures for providing notice to an association when the division is considering the issuance of a declaratory statement with respect to the cooperative documents governing such cooperative community.

(h) The division shall furnish each association which pays the fees required by paragraph (2)(a) a copy of this act, subsequent changes to this act on an annual basis, an amended version of this act as it becomes available from the Secretary of State's office on a biennial basis, and the rules adopted thereto on an annual basis.

(i) The division shall annually provide each association with a summary of declaratory statements and formal legal opinions relating to the operations of cooperatives which were rendered by the division during the previous year.

2095 (j) The division shall adopt uniform accounting principles, policies, and standards to be used by all associations in the 2097 preparation and presentation of all financial statements required by this chapter. The principles, policies, and standards shall take into consideration the size of the



association and the total revenue collected by the association. (k) The division shall provide training and educational programs for cooperative association board members and unit owners. The training may, in the division's discretion, include web-based electronic media, and live training and seminars in various locations throughout the state. The division may review and approve education and training programs for board members and unit owners offered by providers and shall maintain a current list of approved programs and providers and make such list available to board members and unit owners in a reasonable and cost-effective manner.

(1) The division shall maintain a toll-free telephone number accessible to cooperative unit owners.

(m) When a complaint is made to the division, the division shall conduct its inquiry with reasonable dispatch and with due regard to the interests of the affected parties. Within 30 days after receipt of a complaint, the division shall acknowledge the complaint in writing and notify the complainant whether the complaint is within the jurisdiction of the division and whether additional information is needed by the division from the complainant. The division shall conduct its investigation and shall, within 90 days after receipt of the original complaint or timely requested additional information, take action upon the complaint. However, the failure to complete the investigation within 90 days does not prevent the division from continuing the investigation, accepting or considering evidence obtained or received after 90 days, or taking administrative action if reasonable cause exists to believe that a violation of this chapter or a rule of the division has occurred. If an

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2129 investigation is not completed within the time limits 2130 established in this paragraph, the division shall, on a monthly 2131 basis, notify the complainant in writing of the status of the 2132 investigation. When reporting its action to the complainant, the 2133 division shall inform the complainant of any right to a hearing 2134 pursuant to ss. 120.569 and 120.57.

2135 (n) The division shall develop a program to certify both 2136 volunteer and paid mediators to provide mediation of cooperative 2137 disputes. The division shall provide, upon request, a list of 2138 such mediators to any association, unit owner, or other 2139 participant in arbitration proceedings under s. 718.1255 2140 requesting a copy of the list. The division shall include on the 2141 list of voluntary mediators only persons who have received at 2142 least 20 hours of training in mediation techniques or have 2143 mediated at least 20 disputes. In order to become initially 2144 certified by the division, paid mediators must be certified by 2145 the Supreme Court to mediate court cases in county or circuit courts. However, the division may adopt, by rule, additional 2146 2147 factors for the certification of paid mediators, which factors 2148 must be related to experience, education, or background. Any 2149 person initially certified as a paid mediator by the division 2150 must, in order to continue to be certified, comply with the 2151 factors or requirements imposed by rules adopted by the 2152 division.

(3) (a) On or before January 1, 2023, cooperative associations existing on or before July 1, 2022, must provide the following information to the division in writing, by e-mail, United States Postal Service, commercial delivery service, or hand delivery, at a physical address or e-mail address provided

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2158	by the division and on a form posted on the division's website:
2159	1. The number of buildings on the cooperative property that
2160	are three stories or higher in height.
2161	2. The total number of units in all such buildings.
2162	3. The addresses of all such buildings.
2163	4. The counties in which all such buildings are located.
2164	(b) The division must compile a list of the number of
2165	buildings on cooperative property that are three stories or
2166	higher in height, which is searchable by county, and must post
2167	the list on the division's website. This list must include all
2168	of the following information:
2169	1. The name of each association with buildings on the
2170	cooperative property that are three stories or higher in height.
2171	2. The number of such buildings on each association's
2172	property.
2173	3. The addresses of all such buildings.
2174	4. The counties in which all such buildings are located.
2175	(c) An association must provide an update in writing to the
2176	division if there are any changes to the information in the list
2177	under paragraph (b) within 6 months after the change.
2178	Section 18. Paragraph (b) of subsection (1) and paragraph
2179	(a) of subsection (2) of section 719.503, Florida Statutes, are
2180	amended to read:
2181	719.503 Disclosure prior to sale
2182	(1) DEVELOPER DISCLOSURE
2183	(b) Copies of documents to be furnished to prospective
2184	buyer or lesseeUntil such time as the developer has furnished
2185	the documents listed below to a person who has entered into a
2186	contract to purchase a unit or lease it for more than 5 years,

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2187 the contract may be voided by that person, entitling the person 2188 to a refund of any deposit together with interest thereon as 2189 provided in s. 719.202. The contract may be terminated by 2190 written notice from the proposed buyer or lessee delivered to 2191 the developer within 15 days after the buyer or lessee receives 2192 all of the documents required by this section. The developer may shall not close for 15 days after following the execution of the 2193 2194 agreement and delivery of the documents to the buyer as 2195 evidenced by a receipt for documents signed by the buyer unless 2196 the buyer is informed in the 15-day voidability period and 2197 agrees to close before prior to the expiration of the 15 days. 2198 The developer shall retain in his or her records a separate 2199 signed agreement as proof of the buyer's agreement to close 2200 before prior to the expiration of the said voidability period. 2201 The developer must retain such Said proof shall be retained for a period of 5 years after the date of the closing transaction. 2202 2203 The documents to be delivered to the prospective buyer are the prospectus or disclosure statement with all exhibits, if the 2204 2205 development is subject to the provisions of s. 719.504, or, if 2206 not, then copies of the following which are applicable:

2207 1. The question and answer sheet described in s. 719.504, and cooperative documents, or the proposed cooperative documents 2208 2209 if the documents have not been recorded, which shall include the certificate of a surveyor approximately representing the 2211 locations required by s. 719.104.

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2. The documents creating the association.

3. The bylaws.

4. The ground lease or other underlying lease of the 2214 2215 cooperative.

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5. The management contract, maintenance contract, and other contracts for management of the association and operation of the cooperative and facilities used by the unit owners having a service term in excess of 1 year, and any management contracts that are renewable.

6. The estimated operating budget for the cooperative and a schedule of expenses for each type of unit, including fees assessed to a shareholder who has exclusive use of limited common areas, where such costs are shared only by those entitled to use such limited common areas.

7. The lease of recreational and other facilities that will be used only by unit owners of the subject cooperative.

8. The lease of recreational and other common areas that will be used by unit owners in common with unit owners of other cooperatives.

9. The form of unit lease if the offer is of a leasehold.

10. Any declaration of servitude of properties serving the cooperative but not owned by unit owners or leased to them or the association.

11. If the development is to be built in phases or if the association is to manage more than one cooperative, a description of the plan of phase development or the arrangements for the association to manage two or more cooperatives.

12. If the cooperative is a conversion of existing improvements, the statements and disclosure required by s. 719.616.

13. The form of agreement for sale or lease of units.

224314. A copy of the floor plan of the unit and the plot plan2244showing the location of the residential buildings and the



2245 recreation and other common areas.

15. A copy of all covenants and restrictions <u>that</u> which will affect the use of the property and which are not contained in the foregoing.

16. If the developer is required by state or local authorities to obtain acceptance or approval of any dock or marina facilities intended to serve the cooperative, a copy of any such acceptance or approval acquired by the time of filing with the division pursuant to s. 719.502(1) or a statement that such acceptance or approval has not been acquired or received.

17. Evidence demonstrating that the developer has an ownership, leasehold, or contractual interest in the land upon which the cooperative is to be developed.

18. A copy of the inspector-prepared summary of the milestone inspection report as described in ss. 553.899 and 719.301(4)(p), if applicable.

19. A copy of the association's most recent structural integrity reserve study or a statement that the association has not completed a structural integrity reserve study.

(2) NONDEVELOPER DISCLOSURE.-

(a) Each unit owner who is not a developer as defined by this chapter must comply with the provisions of this subsection <u>before prior to</u> the sale of his or her interest in the association. Each prospective purchaser who has entered into a contract for the purchase of an interest in a cooperative is entitled, at the seller's expense, to a current copy of <u>all of</u> the following:

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1. The articles of incorporation of the association. 2. The bylaws<sub>au</sub> and rules of the association.

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2274 3. , as well as A copy of the question and answer sheet as 2275 provided in s. 719.504. 2276 4. A copy of the inspector-prepared summary of the 2277 milestone inspection report as described in ss. 553.899 and 2278 719.301(4)(p), if applicable. 2279 5. A copy of the association's most recent structural 2280 integrity reserve study or a statement that the association has 2281 not completed a structural integrity reserve study. 2282 Section 19. Paragraphs (q) and (r) are added to subsection 2283 (23) of section 719.504, Florida Statutes, to read: 2284 719.504 Prospectus or offering circular.-Every developer of 2285 a residential cooperative which contains more than 20 2286 residential units, or which is part of a group of residential 2287 cooperatives which will be served by property to be used in 2288 common by unit owners of more than 20 residential units, shall 2289 prepare a prospectus or offering circular and file it with the 2290 Division of Florida Condominiums, Timeshares, and Mobile Homes 2291 prior to entering into an enforceable contract of purchase and 2292 sale of any unit or lease of a unit for more than 5 years and 2293 shall furnish a copy of the prospectus or offering circular to 2294 each buyer. In addition to the prospectus or offering circular, 2295 each buyer shall be furnished a separate page entitled 2296 "Frequently Asked Questions and Answers," which must be in 2297 accordance with a format approved by the division. This page 2298 must, in readable language: inform prospective purchasers 2299 regarding their voting rights and unit use restrictions, 2300 including restrictions on the leasing of a unit; indicate 2301 whether and in what amount the unit owners or the association is 2302 obligated to pay rent or land use fees for recreational or other

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2303 commonly used facilities; contain a statement identifying that 2304 amount of assessment which, pursuant to the budget, would be 2305 levied upon each unit type, exclusive of any special 2306 assessments, and which identifies the basis upon which 2307 assessments are levied, whether monthly, quarterly, or 2308 otherwise; state and identify any court cases in which the 2309 association is currently a party of record in which the 2310 association may face liability in excess of \$100,000; and state 2311 whether membership in a recreational facilities association is 2312 mandatory and, if so, identify the fees currently charged per 2313 unit type. The division shall by rule require such other 2314 disclosure as in its judgment will assist prospective 2315 purchasers. The prospectus or offering circular may include more 2316 than one cooperative, although not all such units are being 2317 offered for sale as of the date of the prospectus or offering 2318 circular. The prospectus or offering circular must contain the 2319 following information:

(23) Copies of the following, to the extent they are applicable, shall be included as exhibits:

(q) A copy of the inspector-prepared summary of the milestone inspection report as described in ss. 553.899 and 719.301(4)(p), if applicable.

(r) The association's most recent structural integrity reserve study or a statement that the association has not completed a structural integrity reserve study.

Section 20. Paragraphs (d) and (k) of subsection (10) of section 720.303, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

2330 720.303 Association powers and duties; meetings of board; official records; budgets; financial reporting; association

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2332 funds; recalls.-

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(10) RECALL OF DIRECTORS.-

2334 (d) If the board determines not to certify the written 2335 agreement or written ballots to recall a director or directors 2336 of the board or does not certify the recall by a vote at a 2337 meeting, the board shall, within 5 full business days after the 2338 meeting, file an action with a court of competent jurisdiction 2339 or file with the department a petition for binding arbitration 2340 under the applicable procedures in ss. 718.112(2)(k) ss. 2341 718.112(2)(i) and 718.1255 and the rules adopted thereunder. For the purposes of this section, the members who voted at the 2342 2343 meeting or who executed the agreement in writing shall 2344 constitute one party under the petition for arbitration or in a 2345 court action. If the arbitrator or court certifies the recall as 2346 to any director or directors of the board, the recall will be 2347 effective upon the final order of the court or the mailing of 2348 the final order of arbitration to the association. The director or directors so recalled shall deliver to the board any and all 2349 2350 records of the association in their possession within 5 full 2351 business days after the effective date of the recall.

(k) A board member who has been recalled may file an action with a court of competent jurisdiction or a petition under <u>ss.</u> <u>718.112(2)(k)</u> <u>ss. 718.112(2)(j)</u> and 718.1255 and the rules adopted challenging the validity of the recall. The petition or action must be filed within 60 days after the recall is deemed certified. The association and the parcel owner representative shall be named as respondents.

2359 Section 21. Subsection (1) of section 720.311, Florida 2360 Statutes, is amended to read:

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720.311 Dispute resolution.-

(1) The Legislature finds that alternative dispute resolution has made progress in reducing court dockets and trials and in offering a more efficient, cost-effective option to litigation. The filing of any petition for arbitration or the serving of a demand for presuit mediation as provided for in this section shall toll the applicable statute of limitations. Any recall dispute filed with the department under s. 720.303(10) shall be conducted by the department in accordance with the provisions of ss.  $718.112(2)(k) = \frac{718.112(2)(j)}{33.112(2)(j)}$  and 718.1255 and the rules adopted by the division. In addition, the department shall conduct binding arbitration of election disputes between a member and an association in accordance with s. 718.1255 and rules adopted by the division. Election disputes and recall disputes are not eligible for presuit mediation; these disputes must be arbitrated by the department or filed in a court of competent jurisdiction. At the conclusion of an arbitration proceeding, the department shall charge the parties a fee in an amount adequate to cover all costs and expenses incurred by the department in conducting the proceeding. Initially, the petitioner shall remit a filing fee of at least \$200 to the department. The fees paid to the department shall become a recoverable cost in the arbitration proceeding, and the prevailing party in an arbitration proceeding shall recover its reasonable costs and attorney fees in an amount found reasonable by the arbitrator. The department shall adopt rules to effectuate the purposes of this section.

388 Section 22. Subsection (6) of section 721.15, Florida 389 Statutes, is amended to read:



2390	721.15 Assessments for common expenses
2391	(6) Notwithstanding any contrary requirements of <u>s.</u>
2392	<u>718.112(2)(h)</u> s. 718.112(2)(g) or s. 719.106(1)(g), for
2393	timeshare plans subject to this chapter, assessments against
2394	purchasers need not be made more frequently than annually.
2395	Section 23. This act shall take effect upon becoming a law.
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2397	========== T I T L E A M E N D M E N T =============
2398	And the title is amended as follows:
2399	Delete everything before the enacting clause
2400	and insert:
2401	A bill to be entitled
2402	An act relating to building safety; amending s.
2403	553.844, F.S.; providing that the entire roofing
2404	system or roof section of certain existing buildings
2405	or structures does not have to be repaired, replaced,
2406	or recovered in accordance with the Florida Building
2407	Code under certain circumstances; requiring the
2408	Florida Building Commission to adopt rules and
2409	incorporate the rules into the building code;
2410	prohibiting local governments from adopting certain
2411	administrative or technical amendments to the building
2412	code; amending s. 468.4334, F.S.; requiring community
2413	association managers and community association
2414	management firms to comply with a specified provision
2415	under certain circumstances; creating s. 553.899,
2416	F.S.; providing legislative findings; defining the
2417	terms "milestone inspection" and "substantial
2418	structural deterioration"; specifying that the purpose

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2419 of a milestone inspection is not to determine 2420 compliance with the Florida Building Code or the firesafety code; requiring condominium associations 2421 2422 and cooperative associations to have milestone 2423 inspections performed on certain buildings at 2424 specified times; specifying that such associations are 2425 responsible for costs relating to milestone 2426 inspections; providing applicability; requiring that 2427 initial milestone inspections for certain buildings be 2428 performed before a specified date; requiring local 2429 enforcement agencies to provide certain written notice 2430 to condominium associations and cooperative 2431 associations; requiring condominium associations and 2432 cooperative associations to complete phase one of a 2433 milestone inspection within a specified timeframe; 2434 specifying that milestone inspections consist of two 2435 phases; providing requirements for each phase of a 2436 milestone inspection; requiring architects and 2437 engineers performing a milestone inspection to submit 2438 a sealed copy of the inspection report and a summary 2439 that includes specified findings and recommendations 2440 to certain entities; providing requirements for such 2441 inspection reports; requiring condominium associations 2442 and cooperative associations to distribute and post a 2443 copy of each inspection report and summary in a 2444 specified manner; authorizing local enforcement 2445 agencies to prescribe timelines and penalties relating 2446 to milestone inspections; authorizing boards of county 2447 commissioners to adopt certain ordinances relating to

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2448 repairs for substantial structural deterioration; 2449 requiring local enforcement agencies to review and 2450 determine if a building is unsafe for human occupancy 2451 under certain circumstances; requiring the Florida Building Commission to review milestone inspection 2452 2453 requirements and make any recommendations to the 2454 Governor and the Legislature by a specified date; 2455 requiring the commission to consult with the State 2456 Fire Marshal to provide certain recommendations to the 2457 Governor and the Legislature by a specified date; 2458 amending s. 718.103, F.S.; providing a definition; 2459 amending s. 718.111, F.S.; revising the types of 2460 records that constitute the official records of a 2461 condominium association; requiring associations to 2462 maintain specified records for a certain timeframe; 2463 specifying that renters of a unit have the right to 2464 inspect and copy certain reports; requiring 2465 associations to post a copy of certain reports and 2466 reserve studies on the association's website; amending 2467 s. 718.112, F.S.; specifying the method for 2468 determining reserve amounts; prohibiting certain 2469 members and associations from waiving or reducing 2470 reserves for certain items after a specified date; 2471 requiring certain associations to receive approval 2472 before waiving or reducing reserves for certain items; 2473 prohibiting certain associations from using reserve 2474 funds, or any interest accruing thereon, for certain 2475 purposes after a specified date; requiring certain 2476 associations to have a structural integrity reserve



2477 study completed at specified intervals and for certain 2478 buildings by a specified date; providing requirements 2479 for such study; conforming provisions to changes made 2480 by the act; restating requirements for associations 2481 relating to milestone inspections; specifying that if 2482 the officers or directors of a condominium association 2483 fail to have a milestone inspection performed, such 2484 failure is a breach of their fiduciary relationship to 2485 the unit owners; amending ss. 718.116 and 718.117, 2486 F.S.; conforming cross-references; amending s. 2487 718.301, F.S.; revising reporting requirements 2488 relating to the transfer of association control; 2489 amending s. 718.501, F.S.; revising the Division of 2490 Florida Condominiums, Timeshares, and Mobile Homes' 2491 authority relating to enforcement and compliance; 2492 requiring certain associations to provide certain 2493 information and updates to the division by a specified 2494 date and within a specified timeframe; requiring the 2495 division to compile a list with certain information 2496 and post such list on its website; amending s. 2497 718.503, F.S.; revising the documents that must be 2498 delivered to a prospective buyer or lessee of a 2499 residential unit; revising requirements for 2500 nondeveloper disclosures; amending s. 718.504, F.S.; 2501 revising requirements for prospectuses and offering 2502 circulars; amending s. 719.103, F.S.; providing 2503 definitions; amending s. 719.104, F.S.; revising the 2504 types of records that constitute the official records 2505 of a cooperative association; requiring associations



2506 to maintain specified records for a certain timeframe; 2507 specifying that renters of a unit have the right to 2508 inspect and copy certain reports; amending s. 719.106, 2509 F.S.; specifying the method for determining reserve 2510 amounts; prohibiting certain members and associations 2511 from waiving or reducing reserves for certain items 2512 after a specified date; requiring certain associations 2513 to receive approval before waiving or reducing 2514 reserves for certain items; prohibiting certain 2515 associations from using reserve funds, or any interest 2516 accruing thereon, for certain purposes after a 2517 specified date; requiring certain associations to have 2518 a structural integrity reserve study completed at 2519 specified intervals and for certain buildings by a 2520 specified date; providing requirements for such study; 2521 conforming provisions to changes made by the act; 2522 restating requirements for associations relating to 2523 milestone inspections; specifying that if the officers 2524 or directors of a cooperative association fail to have 2525 a milestone inspection performed, such failure is a 2526 breach of their fiduciary relationship to the unit 2527 owners; amending s. 719.301, F.S.; requiring 2528 developers to deliver a turnover inspection report 2529 relating to cooperative property under certain 2530 circumstances; amending s. 719.501, F.S.; revising the 2531 division's authority relating to enforcement and 2532 compliance; requiring certain associations to provide 2533 certain information and updates to the division by a 2534 specified date and within a specified time; requiring

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2535 the division to compile a list with certain 2536 information and post such list on its website; 2537 amending s. 719.503, F.S.; revising the documents that 2538 must be delivered to a prospective buyer or lessee of 2539 a residential unit; revising nondeveloper disclosure 2540 requirements; amending s. 719.504, F.S.; revising 2541 requirements for prospectuses and offering circulars; 2542 amending ss. 720.303, 720.311, and 721.15, F.S.; 2543 conforming cross-references; providing an effective 2544 date.