1	A bill to be entitled
2	An act relating to state acquisition of lands;
3	amending ss. 253.025 and 570.715, F.S.; requiring,
4	rather than authorizing, the Department of
5	Environmental Protection and the Department of
6	Agriculture and Consumer Services to disclose
7	appraisal reports to private landowners or their
8	representatives during acquisition negotiations;
9	requiring private landowners and their representatives
10	to maintain the confidentiality of such reports or
11	information disclosed by the Department of Agriculture
12	and Consumer Services; requiring the final purchase
13	price in certain option contracts for state land
14	acquisitions and less than fee simple conservation
15	easement acquisitions to be the fair market value as
16	determined by the highest appraisal; removing
17	provisions subjecting the final purchase price in
18	certain contracts to approval by the Board of Trustees
19	of the Internal Improvement Trust Fund or the
20	Secretary of Environmental Protection, as applicable;
21	conforming a provision to changes made by the act;
22	providing an effective date.
23	
24	Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:
25	
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26 Section 1. Subsection (8) of section 253.025, Florida 27 Statutes, is amended to read:

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253.025 Acquisition of state lands.-

(8) Before approval by the board of trustees, or, when applicable, the Department of Environmental Protection, of any agreement to purchase land pursuant to this chapter, chapter 259, chapter 260, or chapter 375, and before negotiations with the parcel owner to purchase any other land, title to which will vest in the board of trustees, an appraisal of the parcel shall be required as follows:

36 (a) The board of trustees shall adopt by rule the method
37 for determining the value of parcels sought to be acquired by
38 state agencies pursuant to this section.

39 Each parcel to be acquired shall have at least one (b) appraisal. Two appraisals are required when the estimated value 40 41 of the parcel exceeds \$1 million. However, if both appraisals exceed \$1 million and differ significantly, a third appraisal 42 43 may be obtained. If a parcel is estimated to be worth \$100,000 or less and the director of the Division of State Lands finds 44 45 that the cost of an outside appraisal is not justified, a comparable sales analysis, an appraisal prepared by the 46 47 division, or other reasonably prudent procedures may be used by 48 the division to estimate the value of the parcel, provided the 49 public's interest is reasonably protected. The state is not required to appraise the value of lands and appurtenances that 50

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51 are being donated to the state.

52 Appraisal fees and associated costs shall be paid by (C) 53 the agency proposing the acquisition. All appraisals used for the acquisition of lands pursuant to this section shall be 54 55 prepared by a state-certified appraiser. The board of trustees 56 shall adopt rules for selecting individuals to perform 57 appraisals pursuant to this section. Each fee appraiser selected to appraise a particular parcel shall, before contracting with 58 59 the agency or a participant in a multiparty agreement, submit to the agency an affidavit substantiating that he or she has no 60 61 vested or fiduciary interest in such parcel.

(d) The fee appraiser and the review appraiser for the
agency may not act in any manner that may be construed as
negotiating with the owner of a parcel proposed for acquisition.

65 The board of trustees shall adopt by rule the minimum (e) 66 criteria, techniques, and methods to be used in the preparation of appraisal reports. Such rules shall incorporate, to the 67 68 extent practicable, generally accepted appraisal standards. Any 69 appraisal issued for acquisition of lands pursuant to this 70 section must comply with the rules adopted by the board of 71 trustees. A certified survey must be made which meets the 72 minimum requirements for upland parcels established in the 73 Standards of Practice for Land Surveying in Florida published by 74 the Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services and which accurately portrays, to the greatest extent practicable, the 75

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76 condition of the parcel as it currently exists. The requirement 77 for a certified survey may, in part or in whole, be waived by 78 the board of trustees any time before submitting the agreement 79 for purchase to the Division of State Lands. When an existing 80 boundary map and description of a parcel are determined by the division to be sufficient for appraisal purposes, the division 81 82 director may temporarily waive the requirement for a survey 83 until any time before conveyance of title to the parcel.

84 (f) Appraisal reports are confidential and exempt from s. 85 119.07(1), for use by the agency and the board of trustees, until an option contract is executed or, if no option contract 86 is executed, until 2 weeks before a contract or agreement for 87 88 purchase is considered for approval by the board of trustees. 89 The Department of Environmental Protection shall may disclose appraisal reports to private landowners or their representatives 90 91 during negotiations for acquisitions using alternatives to fee 92 simple techniques, if the department determines that disclosure 93 of such reports will bring the proposed acquisition to closure. 94 However, the private landowner or their representative must 95 agree to maintain the confidentiality of the reports or 96 information. The department may also disclose appraisal 97 information to public agencies or nonprofit organizations that 98 agree to maintain the confidentiality of the reports or 99 information when joint acquisition of property is contemplated, or when a public agency or nonprofit organization enters into a 100

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101 written agreement with the department to purchase and hold 102 property for subsequent resale to the board of trustees. In 103 addition, the department may use, as its own, appraisals 104 obtained by a public agency or nonprofit organization, if the 105 appraiser is selected from the department's list of appraisers and the appraisal is reviewed and approved by the department. 106 107 For purposes of this paragraph, the term "nonprofit organization" means an organization that is exempt from federal 108 109 income tax under s. 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code and, for purposes of the acquisition of conservation lands, an 110 111 organization whose purpose must include the preservation of natural resources. The agency may release an appraisal report 112 when the passage of time has rendered the conclusions of value 113 114 in the report invalid or when the acquiring agency has 115 terminated negotiations.

(g) Before acceptance of an appraisal, the agency shall submit a copy of such report to the division. The division shall review such report for compliance with the rules of the board. Any questions of applicability of laws affecting an appraisal shall be addressed by the legal office of the agency.

(h) The appraisal report shall be accompanied by the sales history of the parcel for at least the previous 5 years. Such sales history shall include all parties and considerations with the amount of consideration verified, if possible. If a sales history would not be useful, or it is cost prohibitive compared

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126 to the value of a parcel, the sales history may be waived by the 127 board of trustees. The board of trustees shall adopt a rule 128 specifying guidelines for waiver of a sales history.

(i) The board of trustees may consider an appraisal acquired by a seller, or any part thereof, in negotiating to purchase a parcel, but such appraisal may not be used in lieu of an appraisal required by this subsection or to determine the maximum offer allowed by law.

(j)1. The board of trustees shall adopt by rule the method for determining the value of parcels sought to be acquired by state agencies pursuant to this section. An offer by a state agency may not exceed the value for that parcel as determined pursuant to the highest approved appraisal or the value determined pursuant to the rules of the board of trustees, whichever value is less.

141 2. For a joint acquisition by a state agency and a local 142 government or other entity apart from the state, the joint 143 purchase price may not exceed 150 percent of the value for a 144 parcel as determined in accordance with the limits in 145 subparagraph 1. The state agency share of a joint purchase offer 146 may not exceed what the agency may offer singly pursuant to 147 subparagraph 1.

3. This paragraph does not apply to the acquisition of
historically unique or significant property as determined by the
Division of Historical Resources of the Department of State.

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152 Notwithstanding this subsection, on behalf of the board of 153 trustees and before the appraisal of parcels approved for purchase under this chapter or chapter 259, the Secretary of 154 155 Environmental Protection or the director of the Division of 156 State Lands may enter into option contracts to buy such parcels. 157 Except as otherwise authorized under this subsection, any such 158 option contract shall state that the final purchase price shall 159 be the fair market value as determined by the highest appraisal 160 and is subject to approval by the board of trustees or, if 161 applicable, the Secretary of Environmental Protection, and that 162 the final purchase price may not exceed the maximum offer 163 allowed by law. Any such option contract presented to the board 164 of trustees for final purchase price approval shall explicitly 165 state that payment of the final purchase price is subject to an 166 appropriation from the Legislature. The consideration for such 167 an option may not exceed \$1,000 or 0.01 percent of the estimate 168 by the department of the value of the parcel, whichever amount 169 is greater. 170 Section 2. Paragraph (d) of subsection (1) and subsection

Section 2. Paragraph (d) of subsection (1) and subsection
 (5) of section 570.715, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:
 570.715 Conservation easement acquisition procedures.-

173 (1) For less than fee simple acquisitions pursuant to s.
174 570.71, the Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services
175 shall comply with the following acquisition procedures:

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176 (d) On behalf of the board of trustees and before the 177 appraisal of parcels approved for purchase under ss. 178 259.105(3)(i) and 570.71, the department may enter into option contracts to buy less than fee simple interest in such parcels. 179 180 Any such option contract shall state that the final purchase 181 price is subject to approval by the board of trustees and that 182 the final purchase price shall be the fair market value as 183 determined by the highest approved appraisal and may not exceed 184 the maximum offer authorized by law. Any such option contract 185 presented to the board of trustees for final purchase price approval shall explicitly state that payment of the final 186 187 purchase price is subject to an appropriation by the Legislature. The consideration for any such option contract may 188 189 not exceed \$1,000 or 0.01 percent of the estimate by the 190 department of the value of the parcel, whichever amount is 191 greater.

192 Appraisal reports are confidential and exempt from s. (5) 193 119.07(1) τ for use by the department and the board of trustees τ 194 until an option contract is executed or, if an option contract 195 is not executed, until 2 weeks before a contract or agreement 196 for purchase is considered for approval by the board of 197 trustees. However, The department shall has the authority, at 198 its discretion, to disclose appraisal reports to private 199 landowners or their representatives during negotiations for acquisitions. However, the private landowner or their 200

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201 representative must agree to maintain the confidentiality of the 202 reports or information using alternatives to fee simple 203 techniques, if the department determines that disclosure of such 204 reports will bring the proposed acquisition to closure. The 205 department may also disclose appraisal information to public 206 agencies or nonprofit organizations that agree to maintain the 207 confidentiality of the reports or information when joint 208 acquisition of property is contemplated, or when a public agency 209 or nonprofit organization enters into a written multiparty 210 agreement with the department. For purposes of this subsection, the term "nonprofit organization" means an organization whose 211 212 purposes include the preservation of natural resources, and 213 which is exempt from federal income tax under s. 501(c)(3) of 214 the Internal Revenue Code. The department may release an 215 appraisal report when the passage of time has rendered the 216 conclusions of value in the report invalid or when the 217 department has terminated negotiations.

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Section 3. This act shall take effect July 1, 2023.

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