By Senator Burton

	12-00689E-23 20231274
1	A bill to be entitled
2	An act relating to premises liability for criminal
3	acts by third parties; creating s. 768.0706, F.S.;
4	defining terms; specifying that owners or principal
5	operators of multifamily residential properties have a
6	certain presumption against liability under certain
7	circumstances; requiring the Florida Crime Prevention
8	Training Institute of the Department of Legal Affairs
9	to develop a proposed curriculum relating to crime
10	deterrence and safety training; specifying that the
11	state has no liability in connection with providing
12	such curriculum; providing construction; amending s.
13	768.075, F.S.; revising the circumstances under which
14	persons or organizations owning or controlling an
15	interest in real property are immune from liability;
16	providing an effective date.
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18	Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:
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20	Section 1. Section 768.0706, Florida Statutes, is created
21	to read:
22	768.0706 Multifamily residential property safety and
23	security; presumption against liability
24	(1) As used in this section, the term:
25	(a) "Crime prevention through environmental design" has the
26	same meaning as in s. 163.503(6).
27	(b) "Multifamily residential property" means a residential
28	building, or group of residential buildings, such as apartments,
29	townhouses, or condominiums, consisting of at least five

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30	dwelling units on a particular parcel.
31	(c) "Parcel" means real property for which a distinct
32	parcel identification number is assigned to the property by the
33	property appraiser for the county in which the property is
34	located.
35	(2) The owner or principal operator of a multifamily
36	residential property which substantially implements all of the
37	following security measures on that property has a presumption
38	against liability in connection with criminal acts that occur on
39	the premises which are committed by third parties who are not
40	employees or agents of the owner or operator.
41	(a) The owner or principal operator of a multifamily
42	residential property must implement the following safety and
43	security measures:
44	1. A security camera system at points of entry and exit
45	which records, and maintains as retrievable for at least 30
46	days, video footage to assist in offender identification and
47	apprehension;
48	2. A lighted parking lot illuminated at an intensity of at
49	least an average of 1.8 foot-candles per square foot at 18
50	inches above the surface from dusk until dawn or controlled by
51	photocell or any similar electronic device that provides light
52	from dusk until dawn;
53	3. Lighting in walkways, laundry rooms, common areas, and
54	porches. Such lighting must be illuminated from dusk until dawn
55	or controlled by photocell or any similar electronic device that
56	provides light from dusk until dawn;
57	4. At least a 1 inch deadbolt in each dwelling unit door;
58	5. A locking device on each window, each exterior sliding
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59	door, and any other doors not used for community purposes;
60	6. Locked gates with key or fob access along pool fence
61	areas; and
62	7. A peephole or door viewer on each dwelling unit door
63	that does not include a window or that does not have a window
64	next to the door.
65	(b) By January 1, 2025, the owner or principal operator of
66	a multifamily residential property must have a crime prevention
67	through environmental design assessment that is no more than 5
68	years old completed for the property. The assessment must be
69	performed by a law enforcement agency or a Florida Crime
70	Prevention Through Environmental Design Practitioner designated
71	by the Florida Crime Prevention Training Institute of the
72	Department of Legal Affairs. The owner or principal operator
73	must remain in substantial compliance with the assessment.
74	(c) By January 1, 2025, the owner or principal operator of
75	a multifamily residential property shall provide proper crime
76	deterrence and safety training to their current employees. After
77	January 1, 2025, the owner or principal operator must provide
78	such training to an employee within 60 days after his or her
79	hire date. The Florida Crime Prevention Training Institute of
80	the Department of Legal Affairs shall develop a proposed
81	curriculum or best practices for owners or principal operators
82	to implement such training. The state has no liability in
83	connection with providing a proposed training curriculum under
84	this paragraph. The training curriculum implemented by an owner
85	or a principal operator must train and familiarize employees
86	with the security principles, devices, measures, and standards
87	set forth under paragraph (a). The owner or principal operator
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88	must review, and update if necessary, the curriculum at least
89	every 5 years. The owner or principal operator may request a law
90	enforcement agency or the Florida Crime Prevention Through
91	Environmental Design Practitioner performing the assessment
92	under paragraph (b) to review the training curriculum.
93	(3) This section does not establish a private cause of
94	action.
95	Section 2. Subsection (4) of section 768.075, Florida
96	Statutes, is amended to read:
97	768.075 Immunity from liability for injury to trespassers
98	on real property
99	(4) A person or organization owning or controlling an
100	interest in real property, or an agent of such person or
101	organization, shall not be held liable for negligence that
102	results in the death of, injury to, or damage to a person who is
103	attempting to commit a <u>criminal act</u> felony or who is engaged in
104	the commission of a <u>criminal act</u> felony on the property.
105	Section 3. This act shall take effect July 1, 2023.

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