CHAMBER ACTION

Senate House

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Representative Hinson offered the following:

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Amendment (with title amendment)

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Remove everything after the enacting clause and insert: Section 1. Paragraph (a) of subsection (2) of section 794.011, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

794.011 Sexual battery.-

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(2)(a) A person 18 years of age or older who commits sexual battery upon, or in an attempt to commit sexual battery injures the sexual organs of, a person less than 12 years of age commits a capital felony, punishable as provided in ss. 775.082 and 921.1425. In all capital cases under this section,

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notwithstanding s. 794.0235, the procedure set forth in s.

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14	921.1425 shall be followed in order to determine a sentence of
15	administration of medroxyprogesterone acetate or life
16	imprisonment. If the prosecutor intends to seek the
17	administration of medroxyprogesterone acetate, the prosecutor
18	must give notice to the defendant and file the notice with the
19	court within 45 days after arraignment. The notice must contain
20	a list of the aggravating factors the state intends to prove and
21	has reason to believe it can prove beyond a reasonable doubt.
22	The court may allow the prosecutor to amend the notice upon a
23	showing of good cause 921.141.
24	Section 2. Section 921.1425, Florida Statutes, is created
25	to read:
26	921.1425 Sentence for capital sexual battery; further
27	proceedings to determine sentence.—
28	(1) INTENT.—
29	(a) The Legislature finds that a person who commits a
30	sexual battery upon, or in an attempt to commit sexual battery
31	injures the sexual organs of, a person less than 12 years of age
32	carries a great risk of death and danger to vulnerable members
33	of this state. Such crimes destroy the innocence of a young
34	child and violate all standards of decency held by civilized
35	society.
36	(b) It is the intent of the Legislature that,
37	notwithstanding s. 794.0235, the procedure set forth in this

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section shall be followed, and a prosecutor must file notice, as

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provided in s. 794.011(2)(a), if he or she intends to seek the administration of medroxyprogesterone acetate.

(2) SEPARATE PROCEEDINGS ON ISSUE OF PENALTY.—Upon conviction or adjudication of guilt of a defendant of a capital felony under s. 794.011, the court shall conduct a separate sentencing proceeding to determine whether the defendant should be sentenced to administration of medroxyprogesterone acetate or life imprisonment as authorized by s. 775.082. The proceeding shall be conducted by the trial judge before the trial jury as soon as practicable. If, through impossibility or inability, the trial jury is unable to reconvene for a hearing on the issue of penalty, having determined the guilt of the accused, the trial judge may summon a special juror or jurors as provided in chapter 913 to determine the issue of the imposition of the penalty. If the trial jury has been waived, or if the defendant pleaded quilty, the sentencing proceeding shall be conducted before a jury impaneled for that purpose, unless waived by the defendant. In the proceeding, evidence may be presented as to any matter that the court deems relevant to the nature of the crime and the character of the defendant and shall include matters relating to any of the aggravating factors enumerated in subsection (7) and for which notice has been provided pursuant to s. 794.011(2)(a) or mitigating circumstances enumerated in subsection (8). Any such evidence that the court deems to have probative value may be received, regardless of its admissibility

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under the exclusionary rules of evidence, provided the defendant
is accorded a fair opportunity to rebut any hearsay statements.
However, this subsection shall not be construed to authorize the
introduction of any evidence secured in violation of the United
States Constitution or the Florida Constitution. The state and
the defendant or the defendant's counsel shall be permitted to
present argument for or against a sentence of administration of
medroxyprogesterone acetate.

- (3) FINDINGS AND RECOMMENDED SENTENCE BY THE JURY.—This subsection applies only if the defendant has not waived his or her right to a sentencing proceeding by a jury.
- (a) After hearing all of the evidence presented regarding aggravating factors and mitigating circumstances, the jury shall deliberate and determine if the state has proven, beyond a reasonable doubt, the existence of at least two aggravating factors set forth in subsection (7).
- (b) The jury shall return findings identifying each aggravating factor found to exist. A finding that at least two aggravating factors exist must be unanimous. If the jury:
- 1. Does not unanimously find at least two aggravating factors, the defendant is ineligible for a sentence of administration of medroxyprogesterone acetate.
- 2. Unanimously finds at least two aggravating factors, the defendant is eligible for a sentence of administration of medroxyprogesterone acetate and the jury shall make a

recommendation	to the	e court	as to	o wheth	ner th	ne defer	ndant	shall	be
sentenced to 1	ife im	prisonm	ent w	ithout	the p	possibi	lity	of par	ole
or to administ	ration	of med	lroxyp	rogeste	erone	acetate	e. The	<u> </u>	
recommendation	shall	be bas	ed on	a weig	ghing	of all	of th	<u>ne</u>	
following:									

- a. Whether sufficient aggravating factors exist.
- b. Whether aggravating factors exist which outweigh the mitigating circumstances found to exist.
- c. Based on the considerations in sub-subparagraphs a. and b., whether the defendant should be sentenced to life imprisonment without the possibility of parole or to administration of medroxyprogesterone acetate.
- (c) If at least eight jurors determine that the defendant should be sentenced to administration of medroxyprogesterone acetate, the jury's recommendation to the court shall be a sentence of administration of medroxyprogesterone acetate. If fewer than eight jurors determine that the defendant should be sentenced to administration of medroxyprogesterone acetate, the jury's recommendation to the court shall be a sentence of life imprisonment without the possibility of parole.
- (4) IMPOSITION OF SENTENCE OF LIFE IMPRISONMENT OR ADMINISTRATION OF MEDROXYPROGESTERONE ACETATE.—
 - (a) If the jury has recommended a sentence of:

	<u>1.</u>	Life	imprisor	ment	without	the	possibil	ity	of pa	role,
the	court	t shal	ll impose	the	recommen	nded	sentence	of	life	
impr	risonr	ment v	vithout t	he po	ossibilit	ty o	f parole.			

- 2. Administration of medroxyprogesterone acetate, the court, after considering each aggravating factor found by the jury and all mitigating circumstances, may impose a sentence of life imprisonment without the possibility of parole or a sentence of administration of medroxyprogesterone acetate. The court may consider only an aggravating factor that was unanimously found to exist by the jury. The court may impose a sentence of administration of medroxyprogesterone acetate only if the jury unanimously found at least two aggravating factors beyond a reasonable doubt.
- sentencing proceeding by a jury, the court, after considering all aggravating factors and mitigating circumstances, may impose a sentence of life imprisonment without the possibility of parole or a sentence of administration of medroxyprogesterone acetate. The court may impose a sentence of administration of medroxyprogesterone acetate only if the court finds that at least two aggravating factors have been proven to exist beyond a reasonable doubt.
- (5) ORDER OF THE COURT IN SUPPORT OF SENTENCE OF LIFE

 IMPRISONMENT OR ADMINISTRATION OF MEDROXYPROGESTERONE ACETATE.—

 In each case in which the court imposes a sentence of life

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137 imprisonment without the possibility of parole or administration of medroxyprogesterone acetate, the court shall, considering the records of the trial and the sentencing proceedings, enter a written order addressing the aggravating factors set forth in subsection (7) found to exist, the mitigating circumstances in subsection (8) reasonably established by the evidence, whether there are sufficient aggravating factors to warrant the administration of medroxyprogesterone acetate, and whether the aggravating factors outweigh the mitigating circumstances reasonably established by the evidence. The court shall include in its written order the reasons for not accepting the jury's recommended sentence, if applicable. If the court does not issue its order requiring the administration of medroxyprogesterone acetate sentence within 30 days after the rendition of the judgment and sentence, the court shall impose a sentence of life imprisonment without the possibility of parole in accordance with s. 775.082. (6) REVIEW OF JUDGMENT AND SENTENCE. - The judgment of

conviction and sentence of administration of medroxyprogesterone acetate shall be subject to automatic review by the Supreme Court and disposition rendered within 2 years after the filing of a notice of appeal. Such review by the Supreme Court shall have priority over all other cases and shall be heard in accordance with rules adopted by the Supreme Court.

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(7)	AGGR <i>I</i>	AVATING	FACTORS.	-Aggravating	factors	shall	be
limited t	o the	follow	ing:				

- (a) The capital felony was committed by a person previously convicted of a felony violation of s. 794.011, and under sentence of imprisonment or placed on community control or on felony probation.
- (b) The defendant was previously convicted of another capital felony or of a felony involving the use or threat of violence to the person.
- (c) The capital felony was committed by a person designated as a sexual predator pursuant to s. 775.21 or a person previously designated as a sexual predator who had the sexual predator designation removed.
- (d) The capital felony was committed by a sexual offender who is required to register pursuant to s. 943.0435 or a person previously required to register as a sexual offender who had such requirement removed.
- (e) The defendant knowingly created a great risk of death to one or more persons such that participation in the offense constituted reckless indifference or disregard for human life.
- (f) The defendant used a firearm or knowingly directed, advised, authorized, or assisted another to use a firearm to threaten, intimidate, assault, or injure a person in committing the offense or in furtherance of the offense.
 - (g) The capital felony was committed for pecuniary gain.

186	(h) The capital felony was especially heinous, atrocious,
187	or cruel.
188	(i) The victim of the capital felony was particularly
189	vulnerable due to age or disability, or because the defendant
190	stood in a position of familial or custodial authority over the
191	victim.
192	(j) The capital felony was committed by a person subject
193	to an injunction issued pursuant to s. 741.30 or s. 784.046, or
194	a foreign protection order accorded full faith and credit
195	pursuant to s. 741.315, and was committed against the petitioner
196	who obtained the injunction or protection order or any spouse,

(k) The victim of the capital felony sustained serious bodily injury.

child, sibling, or parent of the petitioner.

- (8) MITIGATING CIRCUMSTANCES.—Mitigating circumstances shall be the following:
- (a) The defendant has no significant history of prior criminal activity.
- (b) The capital felony was committed while the defendant was under the influence of extreme mental or emotional disturbance.
- (c) The defendant was an accomplice in the capital felony committed by another person and his or her participation was relatively minor.

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210	(d) The defendant acted under extreme duress or under the
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212	(e) The capacity of the defendant to appreciate the
213	criminality of his or her conduct or to conform his or her
214	conduct to the requirements of law was substantially impaired.
215	(f) The age of the defendant at the time of the crime.
216	(g) The existence of any other factors in the defendant's
217	background that would mitigate against imposition of the
218	penalty.
219	(9) VICTIM IMPACT EVIDENCE.—Once the prosecution has
220	provided evidence of the existence of two or more aggravating
221	factors as described in subsection (7), the prosecution may
222	introduce, and subsequently argue, victim impact evidence to the
223	jury. Such evidence shall be designed to demonstrate the
224	victim's uniqueness as an individual human being and the
225	physical and psychological harm to the victim. Characterizations
226	and opinions about the crime, the defendant, and the appropriate
227	sentence shall not be permitted as a part of victim impact
228	evidence.
229	(10) APPLICABILITY.—This section applies to any capital
230	felony under s. 794.011, that is committed on or after October
231	<u>1, 2023.</u>
232	Section 3. This act shall take effect October 1, 2023.
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Remove everything before the enacting clause and insert:

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238 A bill to be entitled

An act relating to capital sexual battery; amending s. 794.011, F.S.; providing for administration of medroxyprogesterone acetate sentences for certain child sexual offenders; creating s. 921.1425, F.S.; providing legislative intent concerning capital punishment for certain child sexual offenders; providing for separate administration of medroxyprogesterone acetate proceedings in such cases; providing for findings and recommended sentences by a jury; providing for imposition of sentence of life imprisonment or administration of medroxyprogesterone acetate; providing requirements for a court order in support of administration of medroxyprogesterone acetate sentence; providing for automatic review of sentences of administration of medroxyprogesterone acetate; specifying aggravating factors and mitigating circumstances; providing for victim impact evidence; providing for resentencing if provisions are found to be unconstitutional; providing applicability; providing an effective date.

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