

	LEGISLATIVE ACTION	
Senate		House
Comm: RCS		
04/26/2023		

The Committee on Fiscal Policy (Collins) recommended the following:

## Senate Amendment

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Delete lines 98 - 299

4 and insert:

> 2. The applicant has worked for at least 2 years, worked the length of time required for licensure or certification by endorsement for the occupational license or government certification under another statute, or worked the length of time required for licensure or certification by endorsement by rule of the applicable board adopted before January 1, 2023,



whichever is greater.

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- 3. A board for the other licensing entity required the applicant to meet at least two of the following three requirements:
  - a. Pass an examination.
  - b. Meet specified education or training standards.
  - c. Meet specified experience standards.
- 4. A board for the other licensing entity holds the applicant in good standing.
- 5. The applicant does not have a criminal record or professional disciplinary action in any jurisdiction that would disqualify the applicant from licensure in this state, as determined by the appropriate board; and the applicant has met the general background screening requirements under s. 456.0135, if applicable.
- 6. A board in this state or a board for another licensing entity has not revoked the applicant's occupational license or government certification.
- 7. The applicant did not surrender an occupational license or a government certification, or have such license or certification revoked, because of negligence or intentional misconduct related to the applicant's work in the occupation outside of this state or in the military.
- 8. The applicant does not have a complaint, an allegation, or an investigation formally pending before a board for another licensing entity which relates to unprofessional conduct or an alleged crime. If the applicant has such a complaint, allegation, or investigation pending, a board may not issue or deny an occupational license or a government certification to

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the applicant until the complaint, allegation, or investigation is resolved or the applicant otherwise meets the criteria for an occupational license or a government certification in this state to the satisfaction of a board in this state.

- 9. The applicant pays all applicable fees in this state.
- 10. For an applicant seeking licensure as a dentist or dental hygienist, he or she has graduated from a school approved by the Commission on Dental Accreditation.
- (b) If another licensing entity issued the applicant a government certification but an occupational license is required in this state to perform a lawful occupation, the applicable board must issue an occupational license to the applicant if the applicant otherwise satisfies paragraph (a).
- (4) WORK EXPERIENCE.—Notwithstanding any other law, a board must issue an occupational license or a government certification to an applicant for such license or certification based on work experience outside of this state or in the military if all of the following apply:
- (a) The applicant worked in a state that does not issue an occupational license or a government certification to regulate a lawful occupation or was a member of the military, but this state issues an occupational license or a government certification to regulate a lawful occupation with a similar scope of practice, as determined by the board.
- (b) The applicant has worked in the lawful occupation for at least 3 years, worked the length of time required for licensure or certification by endorsement for the occupational license or government certification under another statute, or worked the length of time required for licensure or

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certification by endorsement by rule of the applicable board adopted before January 1, 2023, whichever is greater.

- (c) The applicant satisfies subparagraphs (3)(a)5.-10.
- (5) RECOGNIZED PRIVATE CERTIFICATION.—Notwithstanding any other law, except as provided in subsection (6), a board must issue an occupational license or a government certification to an applicant for such license or certification based on the applicant holding a recognized private certification and the applicant's work experience outside of this state or in the military if all of the following apply:
- (a) The applicant holds a recognized private certification and worked in a state that does not issue an occupational license or a government certification to regulate a lawful occupation or was a member of the military, but an occupational license is required in this state for such lawful occupation, as determined by the board.
- (b) The applicant worked for at least 2 years, worked the length of time required for licensure or certification by endorsement for the occupational license or government certification under another statute, or worked the length of time required for licensure or certification by endorsement by rule of the applicable board adopted before January 1, 2023, whichever is greater.
- (c) The applicant holds a current and valid recognized private certification in the lawful occupation.
- (d) The recognized private certification organization holds the applicant in good standing.
  - (e) The applicant satisfies subparagraphs (3)(a)5.-10.
  - (6) ADDITIONAL REQUIREMENTS.—

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- (a) A board may require an applicant to pass an examination specific to relevant state laws that regulate the occupation if an occupational license or a government certification under this chapter or chapter 456 requires such examination.
- (b) In addition to the examination described in paragraph (a), a board must require an applicant seeking to be licensed as a general contractor, building contractor, residential contractor, roofing contractor, specialty structure contractor, glass and glazing contractor, commercial pool/spa contractor, residential pool/spa contractor, or swimming pool/spa servicing contractor to:
- 1. Successfully complete the examination for licensure described in s. 489.113(1); and
- 2. Before being issued a certificate or registration, successfully complete the following continuing education courses, either in person or online:
- a. For applicants seeking to be licensed as a commercial pool/spa contractor, residential pool/spa contractor, or swimming pool/spa servicing contractor, 2 hours of coursework on the Florida Building Code which includes 1 hour on swimming pool/spa electrical requirements and 1 hour of a swimming pool/spa advanced module; or
- b.(I) The number of required hours, as determined by the Construction Industry Licensing Board, relating to laws and rules related to the construction industry under this chapter and part I of chapter 489 and the rules of the Construction Industry Licensing Board, relating to wind mitigation methodology and techniques incorporated in the Florida Building Code; and



127 (II) For applicants seeking to be licensed as a general contractor, building contractor, residential contractor, or 128 129 roofing contractor, a 2-hour course on the Florida Building Code 130 which includes information on wind mitigation techniques. 131 (c) Notwithstanding any other provision in this section, a 132 board for an occupation regulated under chapter 457, chapter 133 458, chapter 459, chapter 460, or chapter 461 shall require an 134 applicant to meet the requirements of s. 457.105, s. 458.313, s. 459.0055, s. 460.406, or s. 461.006, as applicable, before 135 136 issuing an occupational license or a government certification to 137 practice acupuncture, oriental medicine, medicine, osteopathic 138 medicine, chiropractic medicine, or podiatric medicine. 139 (7) PRESUMPTION OF APPROVAL; DECISION.—Unless a board can 140 demonstrate a substantial difference between the licensure or 141 certification requirements of another licensing entity and this 142 state, there is a presumption that an applicant who holds a 143 valid occupational license, government certification, or 144 recognized private certification, or otherwise meets the 145 requirements to be issued an occupational license for a lawful 146 occupation, and is in good standing with another licensing 147 entity is qualified for an occupational license or a government certification in this state and must be approved by the board. A 148 149 board shall provide an applicant with a written decision 150 regarding his or her application within 90 days after receipt of 151 a completed application. 152 (8) APPEAL.— 153 (a) The applicant may appeal the board's decision to the 154 Division of Administrative Hearings.

(b) The applicant may appeal the board's:



156 1. Denial of an occupational license or a government 157 certification; 158 2. Determination of the validity of an occupational license 159 or a government certification; 160 3. Determination of the similarity of the scope of practice 161 of the occupational license or government certification held by 162 the applicant; or 163 4. Determination of a disqualifying criminal record. 164 (9) STATE LAWS AND JURISDICTION.—An applicant who obtains 165 an occupational license or a government certification pursuant 166 to this section is subject to: 167 (a) The laws regulating the occupation in this state; and 168 (b) The jurisdiction of the applicable board in this state. 169 (10) EXCEPTION.—This section does not apply to an 170 occupation regulated by the Florida Supreme Court or any 171 occupation regulated under chapter 473, relating to public 172 accountancy. 173 (11) CONSTRUCTION.— (a) This section may not be construed to prohibit an 174 175 individual from applying for an occupational license or a 176 government certification under another law or rule. 177 (b) An occupational license or a government certification 178 issued pursuant to this section is valid only in this state. 179 Such license or certification does not make the individual 180 eligible to work outside this state under an interstate compact 181 or a reciprocity agreement unless otherwise provided in law. 182 (c) This section may not be construed to prevent this state 183 from entering into a licensing compact or reciprocity agreement

with another state, United States territory, foreign province,

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foreign country, international organization, or other entity.

- (d) This section may not be construed to prevent boards in this state from recognizing occupational licenses or government certifications issued by a recognized private certification organization, a foreign province, a foreign country, an international organization, or other entity.
- (e) This section may not be construed to require a recognized private certification organization to grant or deny recognized private certification to any individual.
  - (12) EMERGENCY POWERS.—
- (a) During a state of emergency declared by the Governor, the Governor may order the recognition of occupational licenses from other licensing entities.
- (b) The Governor may expand any occupational license's scope of practice and may authorize licensees to provide services in this state in person, telephonically, or by other means for the duration of the emergency.
- (13) ANNUAL REPORT.—Each board shall submit an annual report to the President of the Senate and the Speaker of the House of Representatives, and publish the report on its respective website, by December 31 of each year, detailing the number of applications for licenses or certifications submitted pursuant to this section, the number of licenses or certifications issued pursuant to this section, and the number of completed applications submitted pursuant to this section which were denied and the reason for each denial.
  - (14) RULEMAKING.—
- (a) The Department of Business and Professional Regulation and the Department of Health shall, for the boards under their

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respective jurisdiction, adopt rules to administer this section. (b) Each board shall adopt rules for determining whether a scope of practice or examination is similar to the scope of practice of, or examination for, a lawful occupation regulated by the board in this state. (15) VETERANS ONLINE PORTAL.—Contingent upon the appropriation of funds for that purpose by the Legislature, the Department of Veterans' Affairs shall establish a one-stop online portal system that allows former and present members of the military and their dependents to enter and verify their military credentials, government certifications, occupational licenses, or recognized private certifications. The Department of Business and Professional Regulation and the Department of Health shall, for the boards under their respective jurisdiction, use this system to verify credentials for applicants under this section. Section 2. Section 456.0365, Florida Statutes, is created to read: 456.0365 Applicability of the Interstate-Mobility and Universal-Recognition Occupational Licensing Act.—Except as provided in s. 455.2135(10), s. 455.2135 applies to professions regulated by the department under this chapter.

Section 3. This act shall take effect July 1, 2024.