1	A bill to be entitled
2	An act relating to gender clinical interventions;
3	creating s. 61.5175, F.S.; authorizing a court of this
4	state to enter, modify, or stay a child custody
5	determination under specified circumstances; creating
6	s. 381.991, F.S.; prohibiting certain persons and
7	entities from expending funds for reimbursement for
8	specified clinical interventions; amending s. 382.016,
9	F.S.; prohibiting a person's biological sex from being
10	changed on a birth certificate; providing an
11	exception; providing for disciplinary actions;
12	amending s. 456.074, F.S.; requiring the department to
13	immediately suspend the license of a health care
14	practitioner who is arrested for committing or
15	attempting, soliciting, or conspiring to commit
16	specified violations related to gender clinical
17	interventions for a minor; creating s. 456.52, F.S.;
18	providing a definition for the term "gender clinical
19	interventions"; prohibiting gender clinical
20	interventions for minors; providing exceptions;
21	requiring a physician to maintain specified
22	professional liability coverage; requiring a physician
23	to obtain informed written consent from a patient
24	under certain circumstances; providing requirements
25	for the informed consent form; authorizing certain
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26 persons to refuse to participate in gender clinical 27 interventions; providing liability and penalties; 28 creating s. 627.6411, F.S.; prohibiting a health 29 insurance policy from providing coverage for gender clinical interventions; amending s. 641.31, F.S.; 30 31 prohibiting a health maintenance contract from 32 including coverage for gender clinical interventions; 33 creating s. 766.318, F.S.; providing for physician 34 liability; providing penalties for injuries and wrongful death caused by gender clinical 35 36 interventions; authorizing the award of specified damages and attorney fees and costs; providing statute 37 38 of limitations periods; providing an effective date. 39 40 Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida: 41 42 Section 1. Section 61.5175, Florida Statutes, is created 43 to read: 61.5175 Protection of children from gender clinical 44 45 interventions.-Notwithstanding any other provision of this part, 46 a court of this state has jurisdiction to enter, modify, or stay 47 a child custody determination relating to a child who is present 48 in this state to the extent necessary to protect the child from 49 being subjected to gender clinical interventions, as defined in s. 456.52(1), in another state. 50

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51 Section 2. Section 381.991, Florida Statutes, is created 52 to read: 53 381.991 Public expenditures for gender clinical 54 interventions; prohibition.-A state agency, political 55 subdivision, public postsecondary institution as defined in 56 1000.04, or person providing services to or on behalf of any such agency, subdivision, or institution by contract or other 57 agreement or relationship, may not expend funds to provide or 58 59 reimburse for gender clinical interventions as defined in s. 60 456.52(1). Section 3. Paragraph (f) of subsection (1) of section 61 62 382.016, Florida Statutes, is created to read: 382.016 Amendment of records. - The department, upon receipt 63 64 of the fee prescribed in s. 382.0255; documentary evidence, as specified by rule, of any misstatement, error, or omission 65 66 occurring in any birth, death, or fetal death record; and an affidavit setting forth the changes to be made, shall amend or 67 68 replace the original certificate as necessary. 69 (1) CERTIFICATE OF LIVE BIRTH AMENDMENT.-70 The sex recorded on a birth certificate must be the (f) person's biological sex at birth. The sex recorded on the birth 71 72 certificate may only be changed in the case of a scrivener's 73 error or in the case of a person born with external biological 74 sex characteristics that were unresolvably ambiguous at the time 75 of birth. The sex recorded on a birth certificate may not be

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76	changed for the purpose of affirming a person's perception of
77	his or her sex if that perception is inconsistent with the
78	person's sex at birth. The department may change the sex
79	recorded on a birth certificate under this paragraph upon the
80	written request of a health care practitioner, as defined in s.
81	456.001, stating and providing evidence establishing the basis
82	for the correction. Misrepresenting or providing fraudulent
83	evidence in such a request is grounds for disciplinary action
84	under s. 456.072 and any applicable practice act.
85	Section 4. Paragraphs (c) through (gg) of subsection (5)
86	of section 456.074, Florida Statutes, are redesignated as
87	paragraphs (d) through (hh), respectively, and a new paragraph
88	(c) is added to that subsection, to read:
89	456.074 Certain health care practitioners; immediate
90	suspension of license
91	(5) The department shall issue an emergency order
92	suspending the license of any health care practitioner who is
93	arrested for committing or attempting, soliciting, or conspiring
94	to commit any act that would constitute a violation of any of
95	the following criminal offenses in this state or similar
96	offenses in another jurisdiction:
97	(c) Section 456.52(7), relating to providing gender
98	clinical interventions to a minor.
99	Section 5. Section 456.52, Florida Statutes, is created to
100	read:
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101	456.52 Prohibition on gender clinical interventions for
102	minors; physician requirements.—
103	(1) For the purposes of this section, "gender clinical
104	interventions" means procedures or therapies that alter internal
105	or external physical traits for the purpose of affirming a
106	person's perception of his or her sex if that perception is
107	inconsistent with the person's sex at birth.
108	(a) The term includes, but is not limited to:
109	1. Sex reassignment surgeries or any other surgical
110	procedures that alter primary or secondary sexual
111	characteristics.
112	2. Puberty blocking, hormone, and hormone antagonistic
113	therapies.
114	(b) The term does not include:
115	1. Treatment provided by a physician who, in his or her
115	1. Treatment provided by a physician who, in his or her
115 116	1. Treatment provided by a physician who, in his or her good faith clinical judgment, performs procedures upon, or
115 116 117	1. Treatment provided by a physician who, in his or her good faith clinical judgment, performs procedures upon, or provides therapies to, a minor born with a medically verifiable
115 116 117 118	1. Treatment provided by a physician who, in his or her good faith clinical judgment, performs procedures upon, or provides therapies to, a minor born with a medically verifiable genetic disorder of sexual development, including the following:
115 116 117 118 119	1. Treatment provided by a physician who, in his or her good faith clinical judgment, performs procedures upon, or provides therapies to, a minor born with a medically verifiable genetic disorder of sexual development, including the following: a. External biological sex characteristics that are
115 116 117 118 119 120	1. Treatment provided by a physician who, in his or her good faith clinical judgment, performs procedures upon, or provides therapies to, a minor born with a medically verifiable genetic disorder of sexual development, including the following: a. External biological sex characteristics that are unresolvably ambiguous.
115 116 117 118 119 120 121	1. Treatment provided by a physician who, in his or her good faith clinical judgment, performs procedures upon, or provides therapies to, a minor born with a medically verifiable genetic disorder of sexual development, including the following: a. External biological sex characteristics that are unresolvably ambiguous. b. A disorder of sexual development, in which the
115 116 117 118 119 120 121 122	<ol> <li>Treatment provided by a physician who, in his or her good faith clinical judgment, performs procedures upon, or provides therapies to, a minor born with a medically verifiable genetic disorder of sexual development, including the following:         <ul> <li>a. External biological sex characteristics that are unresolvably ambiguous.</li> <li>b. A disorder of sexual development, in which the physician has determined through genetic or biochemical testing</li> </ul> </li> </ol>
115 116 117 118 119 120 121 122 123	1. Treatment provided by a physician who, in his or her good faith clinical judgment, performs procedures upon, or provides therapies to, a minor born with a medically verifiable genetic disorder of sexual development, including the following: a. External biological sex characteristics that are unresolvably ambiguous. b. A disorder of sexual development, in which the physician has determined through genetic or biochemical testing that the minor does not have normal sex chromosome structure,

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126 Treatment of any infection, injury, disease, or 2. 127 disorder caused or exacerbated by the performance of gender 128 clinical interventions regardless of whether such interventions 129 were performed in accordance with state or federal law. 130 (2) (a) Gender clinical interventions may only be provided 131 by a physician licensed under chapter 458 or chapter 459 or a 132 physician practicing medicine or osteopathic medicine in the 133 employment of the Federal Government. 134 (b) A physician may not provide gender clinical 135 interventions to a minor, except that a minor who was prescribed 136 gender clinical interventions described in (1)(a)2. on or before 137 January 1, 2023, and continuously received such therapies 138 through July 1, 2023, may continue to receive such therapies 139 through December 31, 2023, solely for the purpose of gradual 140 discontinuation of such therapies. 141 (3) Notwithstanding ss. 458.320(5) and 459.0085(5), a 142 physician who provides gender clinical interventions for adults 143 must obtain and maintain professional liability coverage in the 144 amounts established in ss. 458.320(2)(b) and 459.0085(2)(b), as 145 applicable. (4) (a) A physician must, while physically present in the 146 same room as an adult patient, obtain informed written consent 147 148 from the patient each time the physician provides gender 149 clinical interventions. The physician must sign the consent and maintain the consent in the medical record. The patient must 150

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151 sign the informed consent acknowledging that the physician has 152 sufficiently explained its content. The physician must use an 153 informed consent form adopted in rule by the Board of Medicine and the Board of Osteopathic Medicine, which must include, at a 154 155 minimum, information related to the current state of research 156 of: 157 1. The long-term and short-term effects of gender clinical 158 interventions. 159 2. The impact of gender clinical interventions on physical 160 and mental health. 161 (b) The Board of Medicine and the Board of Osteopathic 162 Medicine, as applicable, shall adopt emergency rules to 163 implement this section. 164 (c) Any emergency rules adopted under this section are 165 exempt from s. 120.54(4)(c) and shall remain in effect until 166 replaced by rules adopted under the nonemergency rulemaking 167 procedures of the Administrative Procedure Act. 168 (5) This section does not require a person to participate 169 in a gender clinical intervention. A person is not liable for 170 the refusal to participate in a gender clinical intervention. A person who is a member of or associated with the staff of a 171 hospital, or an employee of a hospital or physician in which or 172 173 by whom gender clinical interventions are authorized, performed, 174 or provided, and states an objection to such intervention on 175 clinical, moral, or religious grounds is not required to

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176 participate in such intervention. The refusal of any such person 177 may not form the basis for any disciplinary or other 178 recriminatory action against such person. 179 (6) A board, or the department if there is no board, must 180 revoke the license of a health care practitioner if the board, or the department if there is no board, determines that the 181 182 health care practitioner violated this section. 183 (7) A health care practitioner who willfully or actively 184 participates in a violation of (2)(b) commits a felony of the 185 third degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082, s. 775.083, or s. 775.084. 186 Section 6. Section 627.6411, Florida Statutes, is created 187 188 to read: 189 627.6411 Coverage of certain treatment.-A health insurance 190 policy may not provide coverage for gender clinical 191 interventions as defined in s. 456.52(1). 192 Section 7. Subsection (48) is added to section 641.31, 193 Florida Statutes, to read: 194 641.31 Health maintenance contracts.-195 (48) A health maintenance contract may not include 196 coverage for gender clinical interventions as defined in s. 197 456.52(1). 198 Section 8. Section 766.318, Florida Statutes, is created 199 to read: 200 766.318 Gender clinical interventions; liability.-Page 8 of 10

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201	(1) A physician who provides gender clinical
202	interventions, as defined in s. 456.52, to a person is liable to
203	the person for any physical, psychological, emotional, or
204	physiological injury resulting from the gender clinical
205	intervention.
206	(2) A person who receives a gender clinical intervention
207	from a physician may bring a civil action against such
208	practitioner in a court of competent jurisdiction for:
209	(a) Declaratory or injunctive relief.
210	(b) Economic damages.
211	(c) Noneconomic damages.
212	(d) Punitive damages.
213	(e) Attorney fees and costs.
214	(3) In an action brought under this section, the
215	limitations on punitive damages in s. 768.73, or any other
216	provision of law that seeks to limit punitive damages, do not
217	apply.
218	(4) The estate of, or a legal guardian on behalf of, a
219	person who received a gender clinical intervention from a
220	physician, when the death of that person was caused by such
221	gender clinical intervention, may bring a civil action against
222	such practitioner in a court of competent jurisdiction for all
223	of the following:
224	(a) All remedies available under subsection (2).
225	(b) All remedies available under s. 766.102.
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226	(c) Treble damages.
227	(5) Notwithstanding s. 95.11, an action brought under
228	subsection (2) must be commenced within 30 years after the date
229	of the gender clinical interventions.
230	(6) An action brought under subsection (4) must be
231	commenced within 5 years after the date of the person's death or
232	the discovery of the person's death, whichever is later.
233	Section 9. This act shall take effect July 1, 2023.

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