

	LEGISLATIVE ACTION	
Senate		House
Comm: RCS		
03/29/2023		
	•	
	•	
	•	

The Committee on Judiciary (Bradley) recommended the following:

Senate Amendment (with title amendment)

Delete everything after the enacting clause and insert:

Section 1. Section 28.47, Florida Statutes, is created to read:

28.47 Recording notification service.-

(1) On or before July 1, 2024, each clerk of the circuit court must create, maintain, and operate a free recording notification service which is open to all persons wishing to register for the service. For purposes of this section, the

1 2 3

4

5 6

8

9

10



term:
(a) "Land record" means a deed, mortgage, or other document
purporting to convey or encumber real property.
(b) "Monitored identity" means a personal or business name
or a parcel identification number submitted by a registrant for
monitoring under a recording notification service.
(c) "Recording notification" means a notification sent by
electronic mail indicating to a registrant that a land record
associated with the registrant's monitored identity has been
recorded in the public records of the county.
(d) "Recording notification service" means a service which
sends automated recording notifications.
(e) "Registrant" means a person who registers for a
recording notification service.
(2) The clerk must ensure that registration for the
recording notification service is possible through an electronic
registration portal, which portal must:
(a) Be accessible through a direct link on the home page of
the clerk's official public website;
(b) Allow a registrant to subscribe to receive recording
notifications for at least five monitored identities per valid
electronic mail address provided;
(c) Include a method by which a registrant may unsubscribe
<pre>from the service;</pre>
(d) List a phone number at which the clerk's office may be
contacted during normal business hours with questions related to

registrant confirming his or her successful registration for or

(e) Send an automated electronic mail message to a

the service; and

38

39

43 44

45

46

47

48

49 50

51

52

53

54

55

56

57

58

59

60

61

62 63

64 65

66

67

68

69



action to unsubscribe from the service, which message must identify each monitored identity for which a subscription was received or canceled.

- (3) When a land record is recorded for a monitored identity, a recording notification must be sent within 24 hours after the recording to each registrant who is subscribed to receive recording notifications for that monitored identity. Such notification must contain, at a minimum:
- (a) Information identifying the monitored identity for which the land record was filed;
 - (b) The land record's recording date;
- (c) The official record book and page number or instrument number assigned to the land record by the clerk;
- (d) Instructions for electronically searching for and viewing the land record using the assigned official record book and page number or instrument number; and
- (e) A phone number at which the clerk's office may be contacted during normal business hours with questions related to the recording notification.
- (4) There is no right or cause of action against, and no civil liability on the part of, the clerk with respect to the creation, maintenance, or operation of a recording notification service as required by this section.
- (5) Nothing in this section may be construed to require the clerk to provide or allow access to a record or information which is confidential and exempt from s. 119.07(1) and s. 24(a), Art. I of the State Constitution or to otherwise violate the public records laws of this state.
 - (6) This section shall also apply to county property

71

72 73

74

75

76 77

78

79

80

81

82

83

84

85

86 87

88

89

90

91 92

93 94

95

96

97

98



appraisers that adopt an electronic land record notification service.

- (a) The property appraiser may adopt a verification process for persons wishing to register for the electronic land records notification service to ensure integrity of the process.
- (b) For purposes of this subsection only, and notwithstanding the provisions in paragraph (1)(a) and subsection (3):
- (i) "Land record" means a deed or other document, purporting to convey real property.
- (ii) When a land record is recorded for a monitored identity, a recording notification must be sent to each registrant who is subscribed to receive recording notifications for that monitored identity within 24 hours of the instrument being reflected on the county tax roll by the property appraiser.

Section 2. Section 65.091, Florida Statutes, is created to read:

- 65.091 Quieting title; fraudulent conveyances.-
- (1) An action to quiet title based on a fraudulent attempted conveyance allegation may be maintained under this chapter, and this remedy is cumulative to other existing remedies. A petitioner bringing an action to quiet title based on such allegations is entitled to summary procedure under s. 51.011, and the court shall advance the cause on the calendar.
- (2) In an action to quiet title, when the court determines that an attempt was made to fraudulently convey the land at issue away from a plaintiff who had legal title to the land before the conveyance, the court must quiet title in and award



99 the plaintiff with the same title and rights to the land that 100 the plaintiff enjoyed before the attempted conveyance. 101 (3) The clerk of the circuit court must provide a 102 simplified form for the filing of a complaint to quiet title 103 based on a fraudulent attempted conveyance allegation and 104 instructions for completing such form. 105 Section 3. Section 475.5025, Florida Statutes, is created 106 to read: 107 475.5025 Fraud prevention notice on listing.-108 (1) (a) To help prevent real estate fraud and identity 109 theft, within 5 business days after entering into a brokerage 110 relationship with the potential seller of property, the real 111 estate licensee must cause a notice to be sent by first-class 112 mail to the potential seller at the mailing address of the owner 113 shown in the online records of the tax collector. Such notice 114 must be in substantially the following form: 115 116 (Brokerage letterhead) 117 118 To help prevent real estate fraud and identity theft, the State 119 of Florida requires us to notify you that (name of real estate 120 broker) has been engaged by (potential seller) to market and 121 sell the property at (address, city, and state). If you believe 122 this is in error, please notify us immediately at (phone number 123 and e-mail). 124 125 The notice may include a letter thanking the potential seller

for the listing and such other additional information as the

licensee may deem appropriate.

126



(b) When the records of the tax collector show a different owner of the property in the preceding year's tax bill, the real estate licensee must, within 5 business days after entering into a brokerage relationship with the potential seller of property, additionally cause a notice to be sent by first-class mail to the prior owner at the mailing address of the prior owner shown in the online records of the tax collector. Such notice must be in substantially the following form:

136 137

128

129

130

131

132

133

134

135

(Brokerage letterhead)

138 139

140

141

142

143

144 145

To help prevent real estate fraud and identity theft, the State of Florida requires us to notify you that (name of real estate broker) has been engaged by (potential seller) to market and sell the property you formerly owned at (address, city, and state). If you believe this is in error, or still claim an interest in this property, please notify us immediately at (phone number and e-mail).

146 147

148

149 150

(2) (a) Failure to comply with this section does not impair the validity or enforceability of any listing agreement, purchase and sale agreement, deed, mortgage, or other instrument or agreement made or delivered in connection with a real estate sale transaction.

151 152

153

154

155

156

(b) A real estate licensee has no liability to the actual or claimed owner of a property or a putative purchaser thereof solely because of his or her failure to comply with this section. However, any such noncompliance may be introduced as evidence to establish violations of this chapter or as an

158

159 160

161

162

163

164

165 166

167

168

169

170

171

172

173

174

175 176

177

178

179

180

181

182 183

184

185



indication of possible fraud, forgery, impersonation, duress, incapacity, undue influence, illegality, or unconscionability, or for other evidentiary purposes.

(c) The failure of the actual property owner to respond to the mailing does not preclude or limit the ability of such owner to establish possible fraud, forgery, impersonation, duress, incapacity, undue influence, minority, illegality, or unconscionability, or any other challenges or defenses to any real estate transaction, or to limit such owner's remedy in any quiet title or declaratory judgment action.

Section 4. Subsection (3) is added to section 626.8411, Florida Statutes, to read:

626.8411 Application of Florida Insurance Code provisions to title insurance agents or agencies.-

(3) Section 627.799 applies to title insurance agents and agencies and to title insurers only to the extent any of the foregoing are actually engaged in providing closing services for a particular transaction.

Section 5. Section 627.799, Florida Statutes, is created to read:

627.799 Fraud prevention notice upon opening order.-

(1) (a) To help prevent real estate fraud and identity theft, within 5 business days after opening an order to ensure a sale of real property or refinance of a mortgage encumbering real property, the party scheduled to provide closing services must cause a notice to be sent by first-class mail to the seller or borrower at the mailing address of the owner shown in the online records of the tax collector. Such notice must be in substantially the following form:



186 187 (Letterhead of closing service provider) 188 189 To help prevent real estate fraud and identity theft, the State 190 of Florida requires us to notify you that (name of closing 191 service provider) has been engaged to (handle the sale of) 192 (coordinate the closing of a mortgage in favor of (name of 193 lender) secured by) the property located at (address, city, and 194 state). If you believe this is in error, please notify us 195 immediately at (phone number and e-mail). 196 197 The mailing may include a letter thanking the seller or borrower 198 for selecting the sender and such other additional information 199 as the sender may deem appropriate. 200 (b) When the records of the tax collector show a different 201 owner of the property in the preceding year's tax bill, the 202 party to provide closing services must, within 5 business days 203 after opening an order to ensure a sale of real property or 204 refinance of a mortgage encumbering real property, additionally 205 cause a notice to be mailed by first-class mail to the prior 206 owner at the mailing address of the prior owner shown in the 207 online records of the tax collector, which notice must be in 208 substantially the following form: 209 210 (Letterhead of closing service provider) 211 212 To help prevent real estate fraud and identity theft, the State 213 of Florida requires us to notify you that (name of closing

service provider) has been engaged to (handle the sale of



property) (coordinate the closing of a mortgage against property) you formerly owned at (address, city, and state). If you believe this is in error, or still claim an interest in this property, please notify us immediately at (phone number and email).

220 221

222

223

224

225

226

227

228

229

230 231

232

233

234

235

236 237

238

239

240

241

242

243

219

215

216

- (c) Separate notice is not required to a borrower who is acquiring the property and placing the mortgage in the same closing.
- (2) (a) Failure to comply with this section does not impair the validity or enforceability of any escrow instructions, purchase and sale agreement, deed, mortgage, or other instrument or agreement made or delivered in connection with a real estate transaction.
- (b) The closing service provider does not have any liability to the actual or claimed owner of a property or a putative purchaser thereof solely because of the failure to comply with this section. However, any noncompliance may be introduced as evidence to establish violations of this chapter or as an indication of possible fraud, forgery, impersonation, duress, incapacity, undue influence, illegality, or unconscionability, or for other evidentiary purposes.
- (c) The failure of the actual property owner to respond to the mailing does not preclude or limit the ability of such owner to establish possible fraud, forgery, impersonation, duress, incapacity, undue influence, minority, illegality, or unconscionability or any other challenges or defenses to any real estate transaction, or to limit such owner's remedy in any quiet title or declaratory judgment action.



244 (d) This section does not alter or limit the obligations of 245 the title insurer under any title insurance policy issued in 246 connection with a real estate transaction. 247 Section 6. Section 689.025, Florida Statutes, is created to 248 read: 249 689.025 Form of quitclaim deed prescribed.-A quitclaim deed 250 of conveyance to real property or an interest therein must: 251 (1) Be in substantially the following form: 252 253 This Quitclaim Deed, executed this (date) day of (month, year), 254 by first party, Grantor (name), whose post-office address is 255 (address), to second party, Grantee (name), whose post-office 256 address is (address). 257 258 Witnesseth, that the said first party, for the sum of \$(amount), 259 and other good and valuable consideration paid by the second 260 party, the receipt whereof is hereby acknowledged, does hereby 261 remise, release, and quitclaim unto the said second party 262 forever, all the right, title, interest, claim, and demand which 263 the said first party has in and to the following described 264 parcel of land, and all improvements and appurtenances thereto, in (county), Florida: 265 266 2.67 (Legal description) 268 269 (2) Include the legal description of the real property the 270 instrument purports to convey, or in which the instrument 271 purports to convey an interest, which description must be 272 legibly printed, typewritten, or stamped thereon.

274

275

276

277

278

279

280

2.81

282

283

284

285

286

287

288

289

290

291

292

293

294

295

296

298

301



(3) Include a blank space for the parcel identification number assigned to the real property the instrument purports to convey, or in which the instrument purports to convey an interest, which number, if available, must be entered on the deed before it is presented for recording. The failure to include such blank space or the parcel identification number does not affect the validity of the conveyance or the recordability of the deed. Such parcel identification number is not a part of the legal description of the property otherwise set forth in the instrument and may not be used as a substitute for the legal description required by this section. Section 7. Paragraph (c) of subsection (1) of section 695.26, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 695.26 Requirements for recording instruments affecting real property.-

- (1) No instrument by which the title to real property or any interest therein is conveyed, assigned, encumbered, or otherwise disposed of shall be recorded by the clerk of the circuit court unless:
- (c) The name of each witness to the instrument is legibly printed, typewritten, or stamped upon such instrument immediately beneath the signature of such witness and the postoffice address of each such person is legibly printed, typewritten, or stamped upon such instrument;

297 Section 8. This act shall take effect July 1, 2023.

======== T I T L E A M E N D M E N T ======== 299 300 And the title is amended as follows:

Delete everything before the enacting clause



and insert:

302

303

304

305

306

307

308

309

310

311

312 313

314

315

316

317

318

319

320

321

322

323

324

325

326

327

328

329

330

A bill to be entitled

An act relating to real property fraud; creating s. 28.47, F.S.; requiring the clerk of the circuit court to create, maintain, and operate an opt-in recording notification service; providing definitions; requiring such clerk to ensure that registration for such service is possible through an electronic registration portal; specifying portal and notification requirements; providing immunity from liability for the clerk; providing construction; providing for applicability of the section to property appraisers; creating s. 65.091, F.S.; clarifying that an action may be brought under ch. 65, F.S., to quiet title after a fraudulent attempted conveyance; requiring the court to quiet title and award certain title and rights under certain circumstances; directing the clerk of the circuit court to provide a simplified complaint form; creating s. 475.5025, F.S.; requiring a real estate licensee to send a fraud prevention notice under specified circumstances; providing form language for such notice; providing for applicability; limiting the liability of a real estate licensee for noncompliance but providing that such noncompliance may be introduced as evidence for certain violations; providing that the failure of a property owner to respond to the notice does not preclude or limit the ability to establish certain challenges or defenses or limit his or her remedy in any quiet title or

332

333 334

335

336

337

338

339

340

341

342

343

344

345

346

347

348

349

350

351



declaratory judgment action; amending s. 626.8411, F.S.; providing for applicability relating to title insurance agents and agencies and title insurers; creating s. 627.799, F.S.; requiring parties providing real estate transaction closing services to send a fraud prevention notice under specified circumstances; providing form language for such notice; providing for applicability; limiting a closing service provider's liability for noncompliance but permitting such noncompliance to be introduced as evidence establish certain violations; providing that the failure of a property owner to respond to the notice does not preclude or limit the ability to establish certain challenges or defenses or limit his or her remedy in any quiet title or declaratory judgment action; providing applicability relating to the title insurer's obligations; creating s. 689.025, F.S.; prescribing the form for a quitclaim deed; amending s. 695.26, F.S.; revising the requirements for recording instruments affecting real property; providing an effective date.