By the Committee on Health Policy; and Senator Rodriguez

588-03133-23

20231506c1

1	A bill to be entitled
2	An act relating to the Department of Health; creating
3	s. 381.875, F.S.; defining terms; prohibiting certain
4	research in this state relating to enhanced potential
5	pandemic pathogens; requiring researchers applying for
6	state or local funding to disclose certain
7	information; requiring the Department of Health to
8	enjoin violations of specified provisions; providing
9	construction; amending s. 381.986, F.S.; defining the
10	term "attractive to children"; prohibiting medical
11	marijuana treatment centers from producing marijuana
12	products that are attractive to children or
13	manufactured in specified manners; prohibiting
14	marijuana packaging and labeling from including
15	specified wording; prohibiting medical marijuana
16	treatment centers from using certain content in their
17	advertising which is attractive to children or
18	promotes the recreational use of marijuana; requiring
19	the department to adopt certain rules; revising
20	background screening requirements for certain
21	individuals; amending s. 381.988, F.S.; requiring
22	medical marijuana testing laboratories to subject
23	their employees to background screenings; revising
24	background screening requirements for certain
25	individuals; amending s. 382.005, F.S.; requiring
26	local registrars to electronically file all live
27	birth, death, and fetal death records in their
28	respective jurisdictions in the department's
29	electronic registration system; requiring the local

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30	registrars to file a paper record with the department
31	if the electronic system is unavailable; requiring
32	local registrars to make blank paper forms available
33	in such instances; providing requirements for such
34	paper records; amending s. 382.008, F.S.; conforming
35	provisions to changes made by the act; amending s.
36	382.009, F.S.; revising the types of health care
37	practitioners who may make certain determinations of
38	death; amending ss. 382.013 and 382.015, F.S.;
39	conforming provisions to changes made by the act;
40	amending ss. 382.021 and 382.023, F.S.; revising the
41	frequency with which circuit courts must transmit
42	marriage licenses and certain dissolution-of-marriage
43	records to the department; requiring that such records
44	be transmitted electronically; amending s. 382.025,
45	F.S.; extending the timeframe for the confidentiality
46	of certain birth records; authorizing persons
47	appointed by the department to issue certified copies
48	of live birth, death, and fetal death certificates;
49	amending s. 401.27, F.S.; revising requirements for
50	applicants for certification or recertification as
51	emergency medical technicians or paramedics; deleting
52	a requirement that a certain certification examination
53	be offered monthly; deleting related duties of the
54	department; deleting a temporary certificate and
55	related provisions; amending s. 401.2701, F.S.;
56	exempting certain emergency medical services training
57	program applicants from the requirement to have a
58	certain affiliation agreement; amending s. 401.272,
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<ul> <li>F.S.; revising the purpose of certain provisions;</li> <li>specifying requirements for the provision of specified</li> <li>services by paramedics and emergency medical</li> <li>technicians under certain circumstances; revising the</li> <li>department's rulemaking authority; amending s. 401.34,</li> <li>F.S.; deleting certain provisions and fees related to</li> <li>the department's grading of a certain certification</li> <li>examination; amending s. 401.435, F.S.; revising</li> <li>provisions related to minimum standards for emergency</li> <li>medical responder training; amending s. 464.203, F.S.;</li> <li>exempting certain applicants for certification as a</li> <li>certified nursing assistant from the skills-</li> </ul>	-
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69 exempting certain applicants for certification as a	
70 certified nursing assistant from the skills-	
71 demonstration portion of a certain competency	
72 examination; amending s. 468.1115, F.S.; providing	
73 construction and applicability; conforming a cross-	
74 reference; reordering and amending s. 468.1125, F.S.;	
75 providing and revising definitions; amending ss.	
76 468.1225 and 468.1245, F.S.; revising the scope of	
77 practice for audiologists as it relates to hearing	
78 aids to apply to prescription hearing aids only;	
79 requiring that hearing aids provided to persons	
80 younger than 18 years of age be prescription hearing	
81 aids and not over-the-counter hearing aids; amending	
82 s. 468.1246, F.S.; conforming provisions to changes	
83 made by the act; deleting obsolete language; amending	
84 ss. 468.1255, 468.1265, and 468.1275, F.S.; conforming	
85 provisions to changes made by the act; amending s.	
86 484.0401, F.S.; revising legislative findings and	
87 intent to conform to changes made by the act;	

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88	reordering and amending s. 484.041, F.S.; providing
89	and revising definitions; amending s. 484.042, F.S.;
90	revising membership requirements for members of the
91	Board of Hearing Aid Specialists; amending s. 484.044,
92	F.S.; revising the board's rulemaking authority;
93	deleting obsolete language; amending ss. 484.0445,
94	484.045, 484.0501, and 484.051, F.S.; revising the
95	scope of practice for hearing aid specialists and
96	making conforming changes to licensure and practice
97	requirements; amending s. 484.0512, F.S.; conforming
98	provisions to changes made by the act; deleting
99	obsolete language; amending ss. 484.0513, 484.053, and
100	484.054, F.S.; conforming provisions to changes made
101	by the act; amending s. 484.059, F.S.; conforming
102	provisions to changes made by the act; providing
103	applicability; amending s. 1002.394, F.S.; conforming
104	a cross-reference; providing a directive to the
105	Division of Law Revision; providing effective dates.
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107	Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:
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109	Section 1. Effective upon this act becoming law, section
110	381.875, Florida Statutes, is created to read:
111	381.875 Enhanced potential pandemic pathogen research
112	prohibited
113	(1) As used in this section, the term:
114	(a) "Enhanced potential pandemic pathogen" means a
115	potential pandemic pathogen that results from enhancing the
116	transmissibility or virulence of a pathogen. The term does not
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117	include naturally occurring pathogens circulating in or
118	recovered from nature, regardless of their pandemic potential.
119	(b) "Enhanced potential pandemic pathogen research" means
120	research that may be reasonably anticipated to create, transfer,
121	or use potential pandemic pathogens that result from enhancing a
122	pathogen's transmissibility or virulence in humans.
123	(c) "Potential pandemic pathogen" means a bacterium, virus,
124	or other microorganism that is likely to be both:
125	1. Highly transmissible and capable of wide, uncontrollable
126	spread in human populations; and
127	2. Highly virulent, making it likely to cause significant
128	morbidity or mortality in humans.
129	(2) Any research that is reasonably likely to create an
130	enhanced potential pandemic pathogen or that has been determined
131	by the United States Department of Health and Human Services,
132	another federal agency, or a state agency as defined in s. 11.45
133	to create such a pathogen is prohibited in this state.
134	(3) Any researcher applying for state or local funding to
135	conduct research in this state must disclose in the application
136	to the funding source whether the research meets the definition
137	of enhanced potential pandemic pathogen research.
138	(4) The Department of Health shall exercise its authority
139	under s. 381.0012 to enjoin violations of this section.
140	(5) This section does not affect research funded or
141	conducted before the effective date of this act.
142	Section 2. Present paragraphs (a) through (o) of subsection
143	(1) of section 381.986, Florida Statutes, are redesignated as
144	paragraphs (b) through (p), respectively, a new paragraph (a) is
145	added to that subsection, and paragraphs (a) and (c) of

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subsection (3), paragraphs (e), (h), and (k) of subsection (8),
and subsection (9) of that section are amended, to read:
381.986 Medical use of marijuana.—
(1) DEFINITIONSAs used in this section, the term:
(a) "Attractive to children" means the use of any image or
words designed or likely to appeal to persons younger than 18
years of age, including, but not limited to, cartoons, toys,
animals, food, or depictions of persons younger than 18 years of
age; any other likeness to images, characters, or phrases that
are popularly used to advertise to persons younger than 18 years
of age; or any reasonable likeness to commercially available
candy.
(3) QUALIFIED PHYSICIANS AND MEDICAL DIRECTORS
(a) Before being approved as a qualified physician <del>, as</del>
defined in paragraph (1)(m), and before each license renewal, a
physician must successfully complete a 2-hour course and
subsequent examination offered by the Florida Medical
Association or the Florida Osteopathic Medical Association which
encompass the requirements of this section and any rules adopted
hereunder. The course and examination $\underline{must}$ $\underline{shall}$ be administered
at least annually and may be offered in a distance learning
format, including an electronic, online format that is available
upon request. The price of the course may not exceed \$500. A
physician who has met the physician education requirements of
former s. 381.986(4), Florida Statutes 2016, before June 23,
2017, shall be deemed to be in compliance with this paragraph
from June 23, 2017, until 90 days after the course and
examination required by this paragraph become available.

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588-03133-23 20231506c1 175 in paragraph (1)(i), and before each license renewal, a medical 176 director must successfully complete a 2-hour course and 177 subsequent examination offered by the Florida Medical 178 Association or the Florida Osteopathic Medical Association which 179 encompass the requirements of this section and any rules adopted 180 hereunder. The course and examination must shall be administered 181 at least annually and may be offered in a distance learning 182 format, including an electronic, online format that is available upon request. The price of the course may not exceed \$500. 183 (8) MEDICAL MARIJUANA TREATMENT CENTERS.-184 185 (e) A licensed medical marijuana treatment center shall 186 cultivate, process, transport, and dispense marijuana for 187 medical use. A licensed medical marijuana treatment center may 188 not contract for services directly related to the cultivation, 189 processing, and dispensing of marijuana or marijuana delivery 190 devices, except that a medical marijuana treatment center 191 licensed pursuant to subparagraph (a)1. may contract with a 192 single entity for the cultivation, processing, transporting, and 193 dispensing of marijuana and marijuana delivery devices. A 194 licensed medical marijuana treatment center must, at all times, 195 maintain compliance with the criteria demonstrated and 196 representations made in the initial application and the criteria 197 established in this subsection. Upon request, the department may 198 grant a medical marijuana treatment center a variance from the 199 representations made in the initial application. Consideration 200 of such a request shall be based upon the individual facts and 201 circumstances surrounding the request. A variance may not be

202 granted unless the requesting medical marijuana treatment center 203 can demonstrate to the department that it has a proposed

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204	alternative to the specific representation made in its
205	application which fulfills the same or a similar purpose as the
206	specific representation in a way that the department can
207	reasonably determine will not be a lower standard than the
208	specific representation in the application. A variance may not
209	be granted from the requirements in subparagraph 2. and
210	subparagraphs (b)1. and 2.
211	1. A licensed medical marijuana treatment center may
212	transfer ownership to an individual or entity who meets the
213	requirements of this section. A publicly traded corporation or
214	publicly traded company that meets the requirements of this
215	section is not precluded from ownership of a medical marijuana
216	treatment center. To accommodate a change in ownership:
217	a. The licensed medical marijuana treatment center shall
218	notify the department in writing at least 60 days before the
219	anticipated date of the change of ownership.
220	b. The individual or entity applying for initial licensure
221	due to a change of ownership must submit an application that
222	must be received by the department at least 60 days before the
223	date of change of ownership.
224	c. Upon receipt of an application for a license, the
225	department shall examine the application and, within 30 days
226	after receipt, notify the applicant in writing of any apparent
227	errors or omissions and request any additional information
228	required.
229	d. Requested information omitted from an application for
230	licensure must be filed with the department within 21 days after
231	the department's request for omitted information or the
232	application shall be deemed incomplete and shall be withdrawn
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588-03133-23 20231506c1 233 from further consideration and the fees shall be forfeited. 234 e. Within 30 days after the receipt of a complete 235 application, the department shall approve or deny the 236 application. 237 2. A medical marijuana treatment center, and any individual 238 or entity who directly or indirectly owns, controls, or holds 239 with power to vote 5 percent or more of the voting shares of a 240 medical marijuana treatment center, may not acquire direct or indirect ownership or control of any voting shares or other form 241 242 of ownership of any other medical marijuana treatment center. 243 3. A medical marijuana treatment center may not enter into 244 any form of profit-sharing arrangement with the property owner 245 or lessor of any of its facilities where cultivation, 246 processing, storing, or dispensing of marijuana and marijuana 247 delivery devices occurs. 248 4. All employees of a medical marijuana treatment center 249 must be 21 years of age or older and have passed a background 250 screening pursuant to subsection (9). 251 5. Each medical marijuana treatment center must adopt and 252 enforce policies and procedures to ensure employees and 253 volunteers receive training on the legal requirements to 254 dispense marijuana to qualified patients. 255 6. When growing marijuana, a medical marijuana treatment 256 center: 257 a. May use pesticides determined by the department, after 258 consultation with the Department of Agriculture and Consumer 259 Services, to be safely applied to plants intended for human 260 consumption, but may not use pesticides designated as 261 restricted-use pesticides pursuant to s. 487.042.

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588-03133-23 20231506c1 262 b. Must grow marijuana within an enclosed structure and in 263 a room separate from any other plant. 264 c. Must inspect seeds and growing plants for plant pests 265 that endanger or threaten the horticultural and agricultural 266 interests of the state in accordance with chapter 581 and any 267 rules adopted thereunder. 268 d. Must perform fumigation or treatment of plants, or 269 remove and destroy infested or infected plants, in accordance with chapter 581 and any rules adopted thereunder. 270 271 7. Each medical marijuana treatment center must produce and 272 make available for purchase at least one low-THC cannabis 273 product. 274 8. A medical marijuana treatment center that produces 275 edibles must hold a permit to operate as a food establishment pursuant to chapter 500, the Florida Food Safety Act, and must 276 277 comply with all the requirements for food establishments 278 pursuant to chapter 500 and any rules adopted thereunder. 279 Edibles may not contain more than 200 milligrams of 280 tetrahydrocannabinol, and a single serving portion of an edible 281 may not exceed 10 milligrams of tetrahydrocannabinol. Edibles 282 may have a potency variance of no greater than 15 percent. 283 Marijuana products, including edibles, may not be attractive to 284 children; be manufactured in the shape of humans, cartoons, or 285 animals; be manufactured in a form that bears any reasonable 286 resemblance to products available for consumption as 287 commercially available candy; or contain any color additives. To 288 discourage consumption of edibles by children, the department 289 shall determine by rule any shapes, forms, and ingredients allowed and prohibited for edibles. Medical marijuana treatment 290

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588-03133-23 20231506c1 291 centers may not begin processing or dispensing edibles until 292 after the effective date of the rule. The department shall also 293 adopt sanitation rules providing the standards and requirements 294 for the storage, display, or dispensing of edibles. 295 9. Within 12 months after licensure, a medical marijuana 296 treatment center must demonstrate to the department that all of 297 its processing facilities have passed a Food Safety Good Manufacturing Practices, such as Global Food Safety Initiative 298 299 or equivalent, inspection by a nationally accredited certifying 300 body. A medical marijuana treatment center must immediately stop 301 processing at any facility which fails to pass this inspection 302 until it demonstrates to the department that such facility has 303 met this requirement. 304 10. A medical marijuana treatment center that produces 305 prerolled marijuana cigarettes may not use wrapping paper made 306 with tobacco or hemp. 307 11. When processing marijuana, a medical marijuana 308 treatment center must: 309 a. Process the marijuana within an enclosed structure and 310 in a room separate from other plants or products. 311 b. Comply with department rules when processing marijuana 312 with hydrocarbon solvents or other solvents or gases exhibiting 313 potential toxicity to humans. The department shall determine by 314 rule the requirements for medical marijuana treatment centers to 315 use such solvents or gases exhibiting potential toxicity to humans. 316 317 c. Comply with federal and state laws and regulations and

317 c. Comply with federal and state laws and regulations and 318 department rules for solid and liquid wastes. The department 319 shall determine by rule procedures for the storage, handling,

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588-03133-23 20231506c1 320 transportation, management, and disposal of solid and liquid 321 waste generated during marijuana production and processing. The 322 Department of Environmental Protection shall assist the 323 department in developing such rules. 324 d. Test the processed marijuana using a medical marijuana 325 testing laboratory before it is dispensed. Results must be 326 verified and signed by two medical marijuana treatment center 327 employees. Before dispensing, the medical marijuana treatment 328 center must determine that the test results indicate that low-THC cannabis meets the definition of low-THC cannabis, the 329

330 concentration of tetrahydrocannabinol meets the potency 331 requirements of this section, the labeling of the concentration 332 of tetrahydrocannabinol and cannabidiol is accurate, and all 333 marijuana is safe for human consumption and free from 334 contaminants that are unsafe for human consumption. The 335 department shall determine by rule which contaminants must be 336 tested for and the maximum levels of each contaminant which are 337 safe for human consumption. The Department of Agriculture and 338 Consumer Services shall assist the department in developing the 339 testing requirements for contaminants that are unsafe for human 340 consumption in edibles. The department shall also determine by 341 rule the procedures for the treatment of marijuana that fails to 342 meet the testing requirements of this section, s. 381.988, or 343 department rule. The department may select samples of marijuana 344 from a medical marijuana treatment center facility which shall 345 be tested by the department to determine whether the marijuana 346 meets the potency requirements of this section, is safe for 347 human consumption, and is accurately labeled with the tetrahydrocannabinol and cannabidiol concentration or to verify 348

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349	the result of marijuana testing conducted by a marijuana testing
350	laboratory. The department may also select samples of marijuana
351	delivery devices from a medical marijuana treatment center to
352	determine whether the marijuana delivery device is safe for use
353	by qualified patients. A medical marijuana treatment center may
354	not require payment from the department for the sample. A
355	medical marijuana treatment center must recall marijuana,
356	including all marijuana and marijuana products made from the
357	same batch of marijuana, that fails to meet the potency
358	requirements of this section, that is unsafe for human
359	consumption, or for which the labeling of the
360	tetrahydrocannabinol and cannabidiol concentration is
361	inaccurate. The department shall adopt rules to establish
362	marijuana potency variations of no greater than 15 percent using
363	negotiated rulemaking pursuant to s. 120.54(2)(d) which accounts
364	for, but is not limited to, time lapses between testing, testing
365	methods, testing instruments, and types of marijuana sampled for
366	testing. The department may not issue any recalls for product
367	potency as it relates to product labeling before issuing a rule
368	relating to potency variation standards. A medical marijuana
369	treatment center must also recall all marijuana delivery devices
370	determined to be unsafe for use by qualified patients. The
371	medical marijuana treatment center must retain records of all
372	testing and samples of each homogenous batch of marijuana for at
373	least 9 months. The medical marijuana treatment center must
374	contract with a marijuana testing laboratory to perform audits
375	on the medical marijuana treatment center's standard operating
376	procedures, testing records, and samples and provide the results
377	to the department to confirm that the marijuana or low-THC
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378	cannabis meets the requirements of this section and that the
379	marijuana or low-THC cannabis is safe for human consumption. A
380	medical marijuana treatment center shall reserve two processed
381	samples from each batch and retain such samples for at least 9
382	months for the purpose of such audits. A medical marijuana
383	treatment center may use a laboratory that has not been
384	certified by the department under s. 381.988 until such time as
385	at least one laboratory holds the required certification, but in
386	no event later than July 1, 2018.
387	e. Package the marijuana in compliance with the United
388	States Poison Prevention Packaging Act of 1970, 15 U.S.C. ss.
389	1471 et seq.
390	f. Package the marijuana in a receptacle that has a firmly
391	affixed and legible label stating the following information:
392	(I) The marijuana or low-THC cannabis meets the
393	requirements of sub-subparagraph d.
394	(II) The name of the medical marijuana treatment center
395	from which the marijuana originates.
396	(III) The batch number and harvest number from which the
397	marijuana originates and the date dispensed.
398	(IV) The name of the physician who issued the physician
399	certification.
400	(V) The name of the patient.
401	(VI) The product name, if applicable, and dosage form,
402	including concentration of tetrahydrocannabinol and cannabidiol.
403	The product name may not contain wording commonly associated
404	with products that are attractive to children or which promote
405	the recreational use of marijuana marketed by or to children.
406	(VII) The recommended dose.
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588-03133-23 20231506c1 407 (VIII) A warning that it is illegal to transfer medical 408 marijuana to another person. 409 (IX) A marijuana universal symbol developed by the 410 department. 411 12. The medical marijuana treatment center shall include in 412 each package a patient package insert with information on the 413 specific product dispensed related to: 414 a. Clinical pharmacology. 415 b. Indications and use. c. Dosage and administration. 416 417 d. Dosage forms and strengths. 418 e. Contraindications. 419 f. Warnings and precautions. 420 q. Adverse reactions. 421 13. In addition to the packaging and labeling requirements 422 specified in subparagraphs 11. and 12., marijuana in a form for 423 smoking must be packaged in a sealed receptacle with a legible 424 and prominent warning to keep away from children and a warning 425 that states marijuana smoke contains carcinogens and may 426 negatively affect health. Such receptacles for marijuana in a 427 form for smoking must be plain, opaque, and white without 428 depictions of the product or images other than the medical 429 marijuana treatment center's department-approved logo and the 430 marijuana universal symbol. 431 14. The department shall adopt rules to regulate the types, 432 appearance, and labeling of marijuana delivery devices dispensed 433 from a medical marijuana treatment center. The rules must 434 require marijuana delivery devices to have an appearance 435 consistent with medical use.

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588-03133-23 20231506c1 436 15. Each edible must shall be individually sealed in plain, 437 opaque wrapping marked only with the marijuana universal symbol. 438 Where practical, each edible must shall be marked with the 439 marijuana universal symbol. In addition to the packaging and 440 labeling requirements in subparagraphs 11. and 12., edible receptacles must be plain, opaque, and white without depictions 441 442 of the product or images other than the medical marijuana 443 treatment center's department-approved logo and the marijuana universal symbol. The receptacle must also include a list of all 444 445 the edible's ingredients, storage instructions, an expiration 446 date, a legible and prominent warning to keep away from children 447 and pets, and a warning that the edible has not been produced or 448 inspected pursuant to federal food safety laws. 449 16. When dispensing marijuana or a marijuana delivery 450 device, a medical marijuana treatment center: 451 a. May dispense any active, valid order for low-THC 452 cannabis, medical cannabis and cannabis delivery devices issued 453 pursuant to former s. 381.986, Florida Statutes 2016, which was 454 entered into the medical marijuana use registry before July 1, 455 2017. 456 b. May not dispense more than a 70-day supply of marijuana

456 b. May not dispense more than a 70-day supply of marijuana 457 within any 70-day period to a qualified patient or caregiver. 458 May not dispense more than one 35-day supply of marijuana in a 459 form for smoking within any 35-day period to a qualified patient 460 or caregiver. A 35-day supply of marijuana in a form for smoking 461 may not exceed 2.5 ounces unless an exception to this amount is 462 approved by the department pursuant to paragraph (4)(f).

463 c. Must have the medical marijuana treatment center's464 employee who dispenses the marijuana or a marijuana delivery

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588-03133-2320231506c1465device enter into the medical marijuana use registry his or her466name or unique employee identifier.

467 d. Must verify that the qualified patient and the 468 careqiver, if applicable, each have an active registration in 469 the medical marijuana use registry and an active and valid 470 medical marijuana use registry identification card, the amount 471 and type of marijuana dispensed matches the physician 472 certification in the medical marijuana use registry for that 473 qualified patient, and the physician certification has not 474 already been filled.

e. May not dispense marijuana to a qualified patient who is
younger than 18 years of age. If the qualified patient is
younger than 18 years of age, marijuana may only be dispensed to
the qualified patient's caregiver.

f. May not dispense or sell any other type of cannabis, alcohol, or illicit drug-related product, including pipes or wrapping papers made with tobacco or hemp, other than a marijuana delivery device required for the medical use of marijuana and which is specified in a physician certification.

9. Must, upon dispensing the marijuana or marijuana 9. Must, upon dispensing the marijuana or marijuana 9. delivery device, record in the registry the date, time, 9. quantity, and form of marijuana dispensed; the type of marijuana 9. delivery device dispensed; and the name and medical marijuana 9. delivery device dispensed; and the name and medical marijuana 9. use registry identification number of the qualified patient or 9. caregiver to whom the marijuana delivery device was dispensed.

h. Must ensure that patient records are not visible to
anyone other than the qualified patient, his or her caregiver,
and authorized medical marijuana treatment center employees.
(h) A medical marijuana treatment center may not engage in

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494	advertising that is visible to members of the public from any
495	street, sidewalk, park, or other public place, except:
496	1. The dispensing location of a medical marijuana treatment
497	center may have a sign that is affixed to the outside or hanging
498	in the window of the premises which identifies the dispensary by
499	the licensee's business name, a department-approved trade name,
500	or a department-approved logo. A medical marijuana treatment
501	center's trade name and logo may not contain wording or images
502	that are attractive to children commonly associated with
503	marketing targeted toward children or which promote recreational
504	use of marijuana.
505	2. A medical marijuana treatment center may engage in
506	Internet advertising and marketing under the following
507	conditions:
508	a. All advertisements must be approved by the department.
509	b. An advertisement may not have any content that ${\rm is}$
510	attractive to children or which promotes the recreational use of
511	marijuana specifically targets individuals under the age of 18,
512	including cartoon characters or similar images.
513	c. An advertisement may not be an unsolicited pop-up
514	advertisement.
515	d. Opt-in marketing must include an easy and permanent opt-
516	out feature.
517	(k) The department may adopt rules pursuant to ss.
518	120.536(1) and 120.54 to implement this subsection. <u>The</u>
519	department shall adopt rules it deems necessary to protect the
520	health and safety of qualified patients and minors, including,
521	but not limited to, standards to ensure that medical marijuana
522	treatment centers operate in a manner consistent with the
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i	588-03133-23 20231506c1
523	provision of medical products and rules to discourage the
524	diversion and illicit use of marijuana.
525	(9) BACKGROUND SCREENING.—An individual required to undergo
526	a background screening pursuant to this section must pass a
527	level 2 background screening as provided under chapter 435,
528	which, in addition to the disqualifying offenses provided in s.
529	435.04, shall exclude an individual who has an arrest awaiting
530	final disposition for, has been found guilty of, regardless of
531	adjudication, or has entered a plea of nolo contendere or guilty
532	to an offense under chapter 837, chapter 895, or chapter 896 or
533	similar law of another jurisdiction. Exemptions from
534	disqualification as provided under s. 435.07 do not apply to
535	this subsection.

(a) Such individual must submit a full set of fingerprints
to the department or to a vendor, entity, or agency authorized
by s. 943.053(13). The department, vendor, entity, or agency
shall forward the fingerprints to the Department of Law
Enforcement for state processing, and the Department of Law
Enforcement shall forward the fingerprints to the Federal Bureau
of Investigation for national processing.

(b) Fees for state and federal fingerprint processing and
retention shall be borne by the <u>medical marijuana treatment</u>
<u>center or caregiver</u>, as applicable <u>individual</u>. The state cost
for fingerprint processing shall be as provided in s.
943.053(3)(e) for records provided to persons or entities other
than those specified as exceptions therein.

(c) Fingerprints submitted to the Department of Law
Enforcement pursuant to this subsection shall be retained by the
Department of Law Enforcement as provided in s. 943.05(2)(g) and

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552	(h) and, when the Department of Law Enforcement begins
553	participation in the program, enrolled in the Federal Bureau of
554	Investigation's national retained print arrest notification
555	program. Any arrest record identified shall be reported to the
556	department.
557	Section 3. Paragraph (d) of subsection (1) of section
558	381.988, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
559	381.988 Medical marijuana testing laboratories; marijuana
560	tests conducted by a certified laboratory
561	(1) A person or entity seeking to be a certified marijuana
562	testing laboratory must:
563	(d) Require all <u>employees,</u> owners <u>,</u> and managers to submit
564	to and pass a level 2 background screening pursuant to <u>chapter</u>
565	435. The department s. 435.04 and shall deny certification if
566	the person or entity seeking certification has a disqualifying
567	offense as provided in s. 435.04 or has an arrest awaiting final
568	disposition for, has been found guilty of, or has entered a plea
569	of guilty or nolo contendere to, regardless of adjudication, any
570	offense listed in chapter 837, chapter 895, or chapter 896 or
571	similar law of another jurisdiction. Exemptions from
572	disqualification as provided under s. 435.07 do not apply to
573	this paragraph.
574	1. Such <u>employees,</u> owners <u>,</u> and managers must submit a full
575	set of fingerprints to the department or to a vendor, entity, or
576	agency authorized by s. 943.053(13). The department, vendor,
577	entity, or agency shall forward the fingerprints to the
578	Department of Law Enforcement for state processing, and the
579	Department of Law Enforcement shall forward the fingerprints to
580	the Federal Bureau of Investigation for national processing.

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581	2. Fees for state and federal fingerprint processing and
582	retention shall be borne by the certified marijuana testing
583	laboratory such owners or managers. The state cost for
584	fingerprint processing shall be as provided in s. 943.053(3)(e)
585	for records provided to persons or entities other than those
586	specified as exceptions therein.
587	3. Fingerprints submitted to the Department of Law
588	Enforcement pursuant to this paragraph shall be retained by the
589	Department of Law Enforcement as provided in s. 943.05(2)(g) and
590	(h) and, when the Department of Law Enforcement begins
591	participation in the program, enrolled in the Federal Bureau of
592	Investigation's national retained print arrest notification
593	program. Any arrest record identified shall be reported to the
594	department.
595	Section 4. Section 382.005, Florida Statutes, is amended to
596	read:
597	382.005 Duties of local registrars.—
598	(1) Each local registrar is charged with the strict and
599	thorough enforcement of the provisions of this chapter and rules
600	adopted hereunder in his or her registration district, and shall
601	make an immediate report to the department of any violation or
602	apparent violation of this law or rules adopted hereunder.
603	(2) Each local registrar must electronically file all live
604	birth, death, and fetal death records within their respective
605	jurisdictions in the department's electronic registration
606	system. If the department's electronic registration system is
607	unavailable, the local registrar must file a paper record with
608	the department.
609	<u>(3)</u> Each local registrar <u>must</u> <del>shall</del> make <del>available</del> blank

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588-03133-23 20231506c1 forms available if the department's electronic registration 610 611 system is unavailable, as necessary and must shall examine each 612 paper certificate of live birth, death, or fetal death when 613 presented for registration in order to ascertain whether or not 614 it has been completed in accordance with the provisions of this 615 chapter and adopted rules. All paper birth, death, and fetal 616 death certificates must shall be typewritten in permanent black 617 ink, and a paper certificate is not complete and correct if it does not supply each item of information called for or 618 619 satisfactorily account for its omission.

(4) (3) The local registrar or his or her deputy, if 620 621 authorized by the department, shall sign as registrar in 622 attestation of the date of registration of any paper records 623 filed, and may also make and preserve a local paper record of 624 each birth, death, and fetal death certificate registered by him 625 or her, in such manner as directed by the department. The local 626 registrar shall transmit daily to the department all original 627 paper certificates registered. If no births, deaths, or fetal 628 deaths occurred in any month, the local registrar or deputy 629 shall, on the 7th day of the following month, report that fact 630 to the department on a form provided for such purpose.

631 (5) (4) Each local registrar, immediately upon appointment,
 632 shall designate one or more deputy registrars to act on behalf
 633 of the local registrar.

634 Section 5. Subsection (2) of section 382.008, Florida 635 Statutes, is amended to read:

636382.008 Death, fetal death, and nonviable birth637registration.-

638

(2)(a) The funeral director who first assumes custody of a

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588-03133-23 20231506c1 639 dead body or fetus shall electronically file the certificate of 640 death or fetal death. In the absence of the funeral director, 641 the physician, physician assistant, advanced practice registered 642 nurse registered under s. 464.0123, or other person in 643 attendance at or after the death or the district medical 644 examiner of the county in which the death occurred or the body 645 was found shall electronically file the certificate of death or 646 fetal death. The person who files the certificate shall obtain personal data from a legally authorized person as described in 647 648 s. 497.005 or the best qualified person or source available. The 649 medical certification of cause of death must shall be furnished 650 to the funeral director, either in person or via certified mail 651 or electronic transfer, by the physician, physician assistant, 652 advanced practice registered nurse registered under s. 464.0123, 653 or medical examiner responsible for furnishing such information. 654 For fetal deaths, the physician, physician assistant, advanced 655 practice registered nurse registered under s. 464.0123, midwife, 656 or hospital administrator shall provide any medical or health 657 information to the funeral director within 72 hours after 658 expulsion or extraction.

(b) The State Registrar <u>shall</u> may receive electronically a certificate of death, fetal death, or nonviable birth which is required to be filed with the registrar under this chapter through facsimile or other electronic transfer for the purpose of filing the certificate. The receipt of a certificate of death, fetal death, or nonviable birth by electronic transfer constitutes delivery to the State Registrar as required by law.

666 Section 6. Subsection (2) of section 382.009, Florida 667 Statutes, is amended to read:

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681

20231506c1 588-03133-23 668 382.009 Recognition of brain death under certain 669 circumstances.-670 (2) Determination of death pursuant to this section must 671 shall be made in accordance with currently accepted reasonable 672 medical standards. 673 (a) If the patient's treating health care practitioner is a 674 physician licensed under chapter 458 or chapter 459, the 675 determination must be made by that physician and a second 676 physician two physicians licensed under chapter 458 or chapter 677 459 who is. One physician shall be the treating physician, and the other physician shall be a board-eligible or board-certified 678 679 neurologist, neurosurgeon, internist, pediatrician, surgeon, or 680 anesthesiologist. (b) If the patient's treating health care practitioner is 682 an autonomous advanced practice registered nurse registered 683 under s. 464.0123, the determination must be made by that 684 practitioner and two physicians licensed under chapter 458 or 685 chapter 459. Each physician must be a board-eligible or board-686 certified neurologist, neurosurgeon, internist, pediatrician, 687 surgeon, or anesthesiologist. 688 Section 7. Section 382.013, Florida Statutes, is amended to 689 read: 690 382.013 Birth registration.-A certificate for each live 691 birth that occurs in this state shall be filed within 5 days 692 after such birth in the department's electronic registration 693 system with the local registrar of the district in which the birth occurred and shall be registered by the local registrar if

694 695 the certificate has been completed and filed in accordance with 696 this chapter and adopted rules. The information regarding

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588-03133-23 20231506c1 697 registered births shall be used for comparison with information 698 in the state case registry, as defined in chapter 61. 699 (1) FILING.-(a) If a birth occurs in a hospital, birth center, or other 700 701 health care facility, or en route thereto, the person in charge 702 of the facility is shall be responsible for preparing the 703 certificate, certifying the facts of the birth, and filing the 704 certificate in the department's electronic registration system

705 with the local registrar. Within 48 hours after the birth, the 706 physician, midwife, or person in attendance during or 707 immediately after the delivery shall provide the facility with 708 the medical information required by the birth certificate.

(b) If a birth occurs outside a facility and a physician licensed in this state, a certified nurse midwife, a midwife licensed in this state, or a public health nurse employed by the department was in attendance during or immediately after the delivery, that person shall prepare and file the certificate.

714 (c) If a birth occurs outside a facility and the delivery 715 is not attended by one of the persons described in paragraph 716 (b), the person in attendance, the mother, or the father shall 717 report the birth to the registrar and provide proof of the facts 718 of birth. The department may require such documents to be 719 presented and such proof to be filed as it deems necessary and 720 sufficient to establish the truth of the facts to be recorded by 721 the certificate and may withhold registering the birth until its 722 requirements are met.

(d) If a birth occurs in a moving conveyance and the child
is first removed from the conveyance in this state, the birth
shall be filed and registered in this state and the place to

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588-03133-23 20231506c1 726 which the child is first removed shall be considered the place 727 of birth. 728 (e) The mother or the father of the child shall attest to 729 the accuracy of the personal data entered on the certificate in 730 time to permit the timely registration of the certificate. 731 (f) If a certificate of live birth is incomplete, the local 732 registrar shall immediately notify the health care facility or 733 person filing the certificate and shall require the completion 734 of the missing items of information if they can be obtained 735 before prior to issuing certified copies of the birth

(g) Regardless of any plan to place a child for adoption after birth, the information on the birth certificate as required by this section must be as to the child's birth parents unless and until an application for a new birth record is made under s. 63.152.

(h) The State Registrar may receive electronically a birth certificate for each live birth which is required to be filed with the registrar under this chapter through facsimile or other electronic transfer for the purpose of filing the birth certificate. The receipt of a birth certificate by electronic transfer constitutes delivery to the State Registrar as required by law.

749

736

certificate.

(2) PATERNITY.-

(a) If the mother is married at the time of birth, the name
of the husband shall be entered on the birth certificate as the
father of the child, unless paternity has been determined
otherwise by a court of competent jurisdiction.

754

(b) Notwithstanding paragraph (a), if the husband of the

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588-03133-23 20231506c1 755 mother dies while the mother is pregnant but before the birth of 756 the child, the name of the deceased husband shall be entered on 757 the birth certificate as the father of the child, unless 758 paternity has been determined otherwise by a court of competent 759 jurisdiction. 760 (c) If the mother is not married at the time of the birth, 761 the name of the father may not be entered on the birth 762 certificate without the execution of an affidavit signed by both 763 the mother and the person to be named as the father. The facility shall give notice orally or through the use of video or 764 765 audio equipment, and in writing, of the alternatives to, the 766 legal consequences of, and the rights, including, if one parent 767 is a minor, any rights afforded due to minority status, and 768 responsibilities that arise from signing an acknowledgment of 769 paternity, as well as information provided by the Title IV-D 770 agency established pursuant to s. 409.2557, regarding the 771 benefits of voluntary establishment of paternity. Upon request 772 of the mother and the person to be named as the father, the 773 facility shall assist in the execution of the affidavit, a 774 notarized voluntary acknowledgment of paternity, or a voluntary 775 acknowledgment of paternity that is witnessed by two individuals 776 and signed under penalty of perjury as specified by s. 777 92.525(2).

(d) If the paternity of the child is determined by a court of competent jurisdiction as provided under s. 382.015 or there is a final judgment of dissolution of marriage which requires the former husband to pay child support for the child, the name of the father and the surname of the child shall be entered on the certificate in accordance with the finding and order of the

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588-03133-23 20231506c1 784 court. If the court fails to specify a surname for the child, 785 the surname shall be entered in accordance with subsection (3). 786 (e) If the paternity of the child is determined pursuant to 787 s. 409.256, the name of the father and the surname of the child shall be entered on the certificate in accordance with the 788 789 finding and order of the Department of Revenue. 790 (f) If the mother and father marry each other at any time 791 after the child's birth, upon receipt of a marriage license that 792 identifies any such child, the department shall amend the 793 certificate with regard to the parents' marital status as though 794 the parents were married at the time of birth. 795 (q) If the father is not named on the certificate, no other 796 information about the father shall be entered on the 797 certificate. (3) NAME OF CHILD.-798 799 (a) If the mother is married at the time of birth, the 800 mother and father whose names are entered on the birth 801 certificate shall select the given names and surname of the 802 child if both parents have custody of the child, otherwise the 803 parent who has custody shall select the child's name. 804 (b) If the mother and father whose names are entered on the 805 birth certificate disagree on the surname of the child and both 806 parents have custody of the child, the surname selected by the 807 father and the surname selected by the mother shall both be 808 entered on the birth certificate, separated by a hyphen, with 809 the selected names entered in alphabetical order. If the parents 810 disagree on the selection of a given name, the given name may 811 not be entered on the certificate until a joint agreement that 812 lists the agreed upon given name and is notarized by both

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588-03133-23 20231506c1 813 parents is submitted to the department, or until a given name is 814 selected by a court. 815 (c) If the mother is not married at the time of birth, the 816 parent who will have custody of the child shall select the 817 child's given name and surname. 818 (d) If multiple names of the child exceed the space 819 provided on the face of the birth certificate they shall be listed on the back of the certificate. Names listed on the back 820 821 of the certificate shall be part of the official record. 822 (4) UNDETERMINED PARENTAGE. - The person having custody of a 823 child of undetermined parentage shall register a birth 824 certificate showing all known or approximate facts relating to 825 the birth. To assist in later determination, information 826 concerning the place and circumstances under which the child was 827 found shall be included on the portion of the birth certificate 828 relating to marital status and medical details. In the event the 829 child is later identified, a new birth certificate shall be 830 prepared which shall bear the same number as the original birth 831 certificate, and the original certificate shall be sealed and 832 filed, shall be confidential and exempt from the provisions of 833 s. 119.07(1), and shall not be opened to inspection by, nor 834 shall certified copies of the same be issued except by court 835 order to, any person other than the registrant if of legal age. (5) DISCLOSURE. - The original certificate of live birth 836 837 shall contain all the information required by the department for 838 legal, social, and health research purposes. However, all 839 information concerning parentage, marital status, and medical 840 details shall be confidential and exempt from the provisions of 841 s. 119.07(1), except for health research purposes as approved by

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588-03133-23 20231506c1 842 the department, nor shall copies of the same be issued except as 843 provided in s. 382.025. 844 Section 8. Section 382.015, Florida Statutes, is amended to 845 read: 846 382.015 New certificates of live birth; duty of clerks of 847 court and department.-The clerk of the court in which any 848 proceeding for adoption, annulment of an adoption, affirmation 849 of parental status, or determination of paternity is to be 850 registered, shall within 30 days after the final disposition, 851 forward electronically to the department a certified copy of the 852 court order, or a report of the proceedings upon a form to be 853 furnished by the department, together with sufficient 854 information to identify the original birth certificate and to 855 enable the preparation of a new birth certificate. The clerk of 856 the court shall implement a monitoring and quality control plan 857 to ensure that all judicial determinations of paternity are 858 reported to the department in compliance with this section. The 859 department shall track paternity determinations reported monthly 860 by county, monitor compliance with the 30-day timeframe, and 861 report the data to the clerks of the court quarterly.

862

(1) ADOPTION AND ANNULMENT OF ADOPTION.-

863 (a) Upon receipt of the report or certified copy of an 864 adoption decree, together with the information necessary to 865 identify the original certificate of live birth, and establish a 866 new certificate, the department shall prepare and file a new 867 birth certificate, absent objection by the court decreeing the 868 adoption, the adoptive parents, or the adoptee if of legal age. 869 The certificate shall bear the same file number as the original 870 birth certificate. All names and identifying information

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871	relating to the adoptive parents entered on the new certificate
872	shall refer to the adoptive parents, but nothing in the
873	certificate shall refer to or designate the parents as being
874	adoptive. All other items not affected by adoption shall be
875	copied as on the original certificate, including the date of
876	registration and filing.
877	(b) Upon receipt of the report or certified copy of an
878	annulment-of-adoption decree, together with the sufficient
879	information to identify the original certificate of live birth,
880	the department shall, if a new certificate of birth was filed
881	following an adoption report or decree, remove the new
882	certificate and restore the original certificate to its original
883	place in the files, and the certificate so removed shall be
884	sealed by the department.
885	(c) Upon receipt of a report or certified copy of an
886	adoption decree or annulment-of-adoption decree for a person
887	born in another state, the department shall forward the report
888	or decree to the state of the registrant's birth. If the adoptee
889	was born in Canada, the department shall send a copy of the
890	report or decree to the appropriate birth registration authority
891	in Canada.
892	(2) DETERMINATION OF PATERNITYUpon receipt of the report,
893	a certified copy of a final decree of determination of
894	paternity, or a certified copy of a final judgment of
895	dissolution of marriage which requires the former husband to pay
896	child support for the child, together with sufficient
897	information to identify the original certificate of live birth,
898	the department shall prepare and file a new birth certificate,
899	which shall bear the same file number as the original birth
I	

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588-03133-23 20231506c1 900 certificate. The registrant's name shall be entered as decreed 901 by the court or as reflected in the final judgment or support 902 order. The names and identifying information of the parents 903 shall be entered as of the date of the registrant's birth. 904 (3) AFFIRMATION OF PARENTAL STATUS.-Upon receipt of an 905 order of affirmation of parental status issued pursuant to s. 906 742.16, together with sufficient information to identify the 907 original certificate of live birth, the department shall prepare 908 and file a new birth certificate which shall bear the same file

909 number as the original birth certificate. The names and 910 identifying information of the registrant's parents entered on 911 the new certificate shall be the commissioning couple, but the 912 new certificate may not make reference to or designate the 913 parents as the commissioning couple.

(4) SUBSTITUTION OF NEW CERTIFICATE OF BIRTH FOR ORIGINAL.-914 915 When a new certificate of birth is prepared, the department 916 shall substitute the new certificate of birth for the original 917 certificate on file. All copies of the original certificate of 918 live birth in the custody of a local registrar or other state 919 custodian of vital records shall be forwarded to the State 920 Registrar. Thereafter, when a certified copy of the certificate 921 of birth or portion thereof is issued, it shall be a copy of the 922 new certificate of birth or portion thereof, except when a court 923 order requires issuance of a certified copy of the original 924 certificate of birth. In an adoption, change in paternity, 925 affirmation of parental status, undetermined parentage, or 926 court-ordered substitution, the department shall place the 927 original certificate of birth and all papers pertaining thereto 928 under seal, not to be broken except by order of a court of

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588-03133-23 20231506c1 929 competent jurisdiction or as otherwise provided by law. 930 (5) FORM.-Except for certificates of foreign birth which 931 are registered as provided in s. 382.017, and delayed 932 certificates of birth which are registered as provided in ss. 933 382.019 and 382.0195, all original, new, or amended certificates 934 of live birth shall be identical in form, regardless of the 935 marital status of the parents or the fact that the registrant is 936 adopted or of undetermined parentage. 937 (6) RULES.-The department shall adopt and enforce all rules 938 necessary for carrying out the provisions of this section. 939 Section 9. Section 382.021, Florida Statutes, is amended to 940 read: 941 382.021 Department to receive marriage licenses.-Weekly On 942 or before the 5th day of each month, the county court judge or 943 clerk of the circuit court shall electronically transmit all 944 original marriage licenses, with endorsements, received during 945 the preceding calendar week month, to the department. Any 946 marriage licenses issued and not returned or any marriage 947 licenses returned but not recorded shall be reported by the 948 issuing county court judge or clerk of the circuit court to the 949 department at the time of transmitting the recorded licenses on 950 the forms to be prescribed and furnished by the department. If 951 during any month no marriage licenses are issued or returned, 952 the county court judge or clerk of the circuit court shall 953 report such fact to the department upon forms prescribed and 954 furnished by the department. 955 Section 10. Section 382.023, Florida Statutes, is amended 956 to read: 957 382.023 Department to receive dissolution-of-marriage

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588-03133-23 20231506c1 958 records; fees.-Clerks of the circuit courts shall collect for 959 their services at the time of the filing of a final judgment of 960 dissolution of marriage a fee of up to \$10.50, of which 43 961 percent shall be retained by the clerk of the circuit court as a 962 part of the cost in the cause in which the judgment is granted. 963 The remaining 57 percent shall be remitted to the Department of 964 Revenue for deposit to the Department of Health to defray part 965 of the cost of maintaining the dissolution-of-marriage records. 966 A record of each and every judgment of dissolution of marriage 967 granted by the court during the preceding calendar week month, 968 giving names of parties and such other data as required by forms prescribed by the department, shall be electronically 969 970 transmitted to the department weekly, on or before the 10th day 971 of each month, along with an accounting of the funds remitted to 972 the Department of Revenue pursuant to this section. 973 Section 11. Subsections (1) and (4) of section 382.025, 974 Florida Statutes, are amended to read: 975 382.025 Certified copies of vital records; confidentiality; 976 research.-977 (1) BIRTH RECORDS.-Except for birth records over 125 100 978 years old which are not under seal pursuant to court order, all 979 birth records of this state shall be confidential and are exempt 980 from the provisions of s. 119.07(1). 981 (a) Certified copies of the original birth certificate or a 982 new or amended certificate, or affidavits thereof, are 983 confidential and exempt from the provisions of s. 119.07(1) and, 984 upon receipt of a request and payment of the fee prescribed in

985 s. 382.0255, shall be issued only as authorized by the986 department and in the form prescribed by the department, and

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1015

588-03133-23 20231506c1 987 only: 988 1. To the registrant, if the registrant is of legal age, is 989 a certified homeless youth, or is a minor who has had the 990 disabilities of nonage removed under s. 743.01 or s. 743.015; 991 2. To the registrant's parent or guardian or other legal 992 representative; 993 3. Upon receipt of the registrant's death certificate, to 994 the registrant's spouse or to the registrant's child, 995 grandchild, or sibling, if of legal age, or to the legal 996 representative of any of such person persons; 997 4. To any person if the birth record is more than 125 over 998 100 years old and not under seal pursuant to court order; 999 5. To a law enforcement agency for official purposes; 1000 6. To any agency of the state or the United States for 1001 official purposes upon approval of the department; or 1002 7. Upon order of any court of competent jurisdiction. 1003 (b) To protect the integrity of vital records and prevent 1004 the fraudulent use of the birth certificates of deceased 1005 persons, the department shall match birth and death certificates 1006 and post the fact of death to the appropriate birth certificate. 1007 Except for a commemorative birth certificate, any certification 1008 of a birth certificate of a deceased registrant shall be marked 1009 "deceased." In the case of a commemorative birth certificate, 1010 such indication of death shall be made on the back of the certificate. 1011 1012 (c) The department shall issue, upon request and upon 1013 payment of an additional fee as prescribed under s. 382.0255, a 1014 commemorative birth certificate representing that the birth of

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the person named thereon is recorded in the office of the

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588-03133-23 20231506c1 1016 registrar. The certificate issued under this paragraph shall be 1017 in a form consistent with the need to protect the integrity of 1018 vital records but shall be suitable for display. It may bear the 1019 seal of the state printed thereon and may be signed by the 1020 Governor. 1021 (4) CERTIFIED COPIES OF ORIGINAL CERTIFICATES.-Only the 1022 state registrar, and local registrars, and those persons 1023 appointed by the department are authorized to issue any 1024 certificate which purports to be a certified copy of an original 1025 certificate of live birth, death, or fetal death. Except as 1026 provided in this section, preparing or issuing certificates is 1027 exempt from the provisions of s. 119.07(1). 1028 Section 12. Subsections (3), (4), and (5) of section 1029 401.27, Florida Statutes, are amended to read: 1030 401.27 Personnel; standards and certification.-1031 (3) Any person who desires to be certified or recertified 1032 as an emergency medical technician or paramedic must apply to 1033 the department under oath on forms provided by the department 1034 which shall contain such information as the department 1035 reasonably requires, which may include affirmative evidence of 1036 ability to comply with applicable laws and rules. The department 1037 shall determine whether the applicant meets the requirements 1038 specified in this section and in rules of the department and shall issue a certificate to any person who meets such 1039 1040 requirements.

1041 (4) An applicant for certification or recertification as an 1042 emergency medical technician or paramedic must:

1043 (a) Have completed an appropriate training program as 1044 follows:

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588-03133-23 20231506c1 1045 1. For an emergency medical technician, an emergency 1046 medical technician training program approved by the department 1047 as equivalent to the most recent EMT-Basic National Standard 1048 Curriculum or the National EMS Education Standards of the United 1049 States Department of Transportation; 1050 2. For a paramedic, a paramedic training program approved 1051 by the department as equivalent to the most recent EMT-Paramedic 1052 National Standard Curriculum or the National EMS Education 1053 Standards of the United States Department of Transportation; 1054 (b) Attest Certify under oath that he or she is not 1055 addicted to alcohol or any controlled substance; 1056 (c) Attest Certify under oath that he or she is free from 1057 any physical or mental defect or disease that might impair the 1058 applicant's ability to perform his or her duties; 1059 (d) Within 2 years after program completion have passed an 1060 examination developed or required by the department; 1061 (e)1. For an emergency medical technician, hold a current 1062 American Heart Association cardiopulmonary resuscitation course 1063 card or an American Red Cross cardiopulmonary resuscitation 1064 course card or its equivalent as defined by department rule; 1065 2. For a paramedic, hold a certificate of successful course 1066 completion in advanced cardiac life support from the American 1067 Heart Association or its equivalent as defined by department 1068 rule;

(f) Submit the certification fee and the nonrefundable examination fee prescribed in s. 401.34, which examination fee will be required for each examination administered to an applicant; and

1073

(g) Submit a completed application to the department, which

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588-03133-23 20231506c1 1074 application documents compliance with paragraphs (a), (b), (c), 1075 (e), (f), and this paragraph, and, if applicable, paragraph (d). 1076 The application must be submitted so as to be received by the 1077 department at least 30 calendar days before the next regularly 1078 scheduled examination for which the applicant desires to be 1079 scheduled. 1080 (5) The certification examination must be offered monthly. 1081 The department shall issue an examination admission notice to 1082 the applicant advising him or her of the time and place of the examination for which he or she is scheduled. Individuals 1083 1084 achieving a passing score on the certification examination may 1085 be issued a temporary certificate with their examination grade 1086 report. The department must issue an original certification 1087 within 45 days after the examination. Examination questions and 1088 answers are not subject to discovery but may be introduced into 1089 evidence and considered only in camera in any administrative 1090 proceeding under chapter 120. If an administrative hearing is 1091 held, the department shall provide challenged examination 1092 questions and answers to the administrative law judge. The 1093 department shall establish by rule the procedure by which an 1094 applicant, and the applicant's attorney, may review examination 1095 questions and answers in accordance with s. 119.071(1)(a). 1096 Section 13. Paragraph (a) of subsection (1) of section 1097 401.2701, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 1098 401.2701 Emergency medical services training programs.-1099 (1) Any private or public institution in Florida desiring 1100 to conduct an approved program for the education of emergency 1101 medical technicians and paramedics shall: 1102 (a) Submit a completed application on a form provided by

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588-03133-23 20231506c1 1103 the department, which must include: 1104 1. Evidence that the institution is in compliance with all 1105 applicable requirements of the Department of Education. 2. Evidence of an affiliation agreement with a hospital 1106 1107 that has an emergency department staffed by at least one 1108 physician and one registered nurse. 1109 3. Evidence of an affiliation agreement with a current 1110 emergency medical services provider that is licensed in this 1111 state. Such agreement shall include, at a minimum, a commitment 1112 by the provider to conduct the field experience portion of the 1113 education program. An applicant licensed as an advanced life 1114 support service under s. 401.25 with permitted transport 1115 vehicles pursuant to s. 401.26 is exempt from the requirements 1116 of this subparagraph and need not submit evidence of an 1117 affiliation agreement with a current emergency medical services 1118 provider. 1119 4. Documentation verifying faculty, including: 1120 a. A medical director who is a licensed physician meeting 1121 the applicable requirements for emergency medical services 1122 medical directors as outlined in this chapter and rules of the 1123 department. The medical director shall have the duty and 1124 responsibility of certifying that graduates have successfully 1125 completed all phases of the education program and are proficient 1126 in basic or advanced life support techniques, as applicable.

b. A program director responsible for the operation,
organization, periodic review, administration, development, and
approval of the program.

- 1130
- 1131
- 5. Documentation verifying that the curriculum:
- a. Meets the most recent Emergency Medical Technician-Basic

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1132	National Standard Curriculum or the National EMS Education
1133	Standards approved by the department for emergency medical
1134	technician programs and Emergency Medical Technician-Paramedic
1135	National Standard Curriculum or the National EMS Education
1136	Standards approved by the department for paramedic programs.
1137	b. Includes 2 hours of instruction on the trauma scorecard
1138	methodologies for assessment of adult trauma patients and
1139	pediatric trauma patients as specified by the department by
1140	rule.
1141	6. Evidence of sufficient medical and educational equipment
1142	to meet emergency medical services training program needs.
1143	Section 14. Section 401.272, Florida Statutes, is amended
1144	to read:
1145	401.272 Emergency medical services community health care
1146	(1) The purpose of this section is to encourage more
1147	effective utilization of the skills of emergency medical
1148	technicians and paramedics by enabling them to perform, in
1149	partnership with local county health departments, specific
1150	additional health care tasks that are consistent with the public
1151	health and welfare.
1152	(2) Notwithstanding any other provision of law to the
1153	contrary:
1154	(a) Paramedics or emergency medical technicians shall
1155	operate under the medical direction of a physician through two-
1156	way voice communication or pursuant to established standing
1157	orders or protocols and within the scope of their training when
1158	providing basic life support, advanced life support, and may
1159	<del>perform</del> health promotion and wellness activities <del>and blood</del>
1160	pressure screenings in a nonemergency environment, within the

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588-03133-23 20231506c1 1161 scope of their training, and under the direction of a medical 1162 director. As used in this paragraph, the term "health promotion 1163 and wellness" means the provision of public health programs pertaining to the prevention of illness and injury. 1164 1165 (b) Paramedics and emergency medical technicians shall 1166 operate under the medical direction of a physician through two-1167 way communication or pursuant to established standing orders or protocols and within the scope of their training when a patient 1168 1169 is not transported to an emergency department or is transported 1170 to a facility other than a hospital as defined in s. 1171 395.002(12). 1172 (c) Paramedics may administer immunizations in a 1173 nonemergency environment, within the scope of their training, 1174 and under the medical direction of a physician through two-way 1175 communication or pursuant to established standing orders or 1176 protocols medical director. There must be a written agreement 1177 between the physician providing medical direction paramedic's 1178 medical director and the department or the county health 1179 department located in each county in which the paramedic 1180 administers immunizations. This agreement must establish the 1181 protocols, policies, and procedures under which the paramedic 1182 must operate. 1183 (d) (c) Paramedics may provide basic life support services 1184 and advanced life support services to patients receiving acute 1185 and postacute hospital care at home as specified in the

1186 paramedic's supervisory relationship with a physician or 1187 standing orders as described in s. 401.265, s. 458.348, or s. 1188 459.025. A physician who supervises or provides medical 1189 direction to a paramedic who provides basic life support

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1190	services or advanced life support services to patients receiving
1191	acute and postacute hospital care at home pursuant to a formal
1192	supervisory relationship or standing orders is liable for any
1193	act or omission of the paramedic acting under the physician's
1194	supervision or medical direction when providing such services.
1195	The department may adopt and enforce rules necessary to
1196	implement this paragraph.
1197	(3) Each physician providing medical direction to medical
1198	director under whose direction a paramedic who administers
1199	immunizations must verify and document that the paramedic has
1200	received sufficient training and experience to administer
1201	immunizations. The verification must be documented on forms
1202	developed by the department, and the completed forms must be
1203	maintained at the service location of the licensee and made
1204	available to the department upon request.
1205	(4) The department may adopt and enforce all rules
1206	necessary to enforce the provisions relating to a paramedic's
1207	administration of immunizations and the performance of health
1208	promotion and wellness activities and blood pressure screenings
1209	by a paramedic or emergency medical technician in a nonemergency
1210	environment.
1211	Section 15. Subsections (5), (6), and (7) of section
1212	401.34, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:
1213	401.34 Fees
1214	(5) The department may provide same-day grading of the
1215	examination for an applicant for emergency medical technician or
1216	paramedic certification.

1217(6) The department may offer walk-in eligibility1218determination and examination to applicants for emergency

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1219	medical technician or paramedic certification who pay to the
1220	department a nonrefundable fee to be set by the department not
1221	to exceed \$65. The fee is in addition to the certification fee
1222	and examination fee. The department must establish locations and
1223	times for eligibility determination and examination.
1224	(7) The cost of emergency medical technician or paramedic
1225	certification examination review may not exceed \$50.
1226	Section 16. Section 401.435, Florida Statutes, is amended
1227	to read:
1228	401.435 Emergency medical First responder agencies and
1229	training
1230	(1) The department must adopt by rule the United States
1231	Department of Transportation National Emergency Medical Services
1232	Education Standards for the Emergency Medical Services: First
1233	Responder <u>level</u> <del>Training Course</del> as the minimum standard for
1234	<u>emergency medical</u> first responder training. In addition, the
1235	department must adopt rules establishing minimum <u>emergency</u>
1236	<u>medical</u> first responder instructor qualifications. For purposes
1237	of this section, <u>an emergency medical</u> <del>a first</del> responder includes
1238	any individual who receives training to render initial care to
1239	an ill or injured person, other than an individual trained and
1240	certified pursuant to s. 943.1395(1), but who does not have the
1241	primary responsibility of treating and transporting ill or
1242	injured persons.
1243	(2) Each <u>emergency medical</u> <del>first</del> responder agency must take
1244	all reasonable efforts to enter into a memorandum of
1245	understanding with the emergency medical services licensee
1246	within whose territory the agency operates in order to
1247	coordinate emergency services at an emergency scene. The

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588-03133-23 20231506c1 1248 department must provide a model memorandum of understanding for 1249 this purpose. The memorandum of understanding should include 1250 dispatch protocols, the roles and responsibilities of emergency 1251 medical first responder personnel at an emergency scene, and the 1252 documentation required for patient care rendered. For purposes 1253 of this section, the term "emergency medical first responder 1254 agency" includes a law enforcement agency, a fire service agency 1255 not licensed under this part, a lifequard agency, and a 1256 volunteer organization that renders, as part of its routine 1257 functions, on-scene patient care before emergency medical 1258 technicians or paramedics arrive.

1259Section 17. Paragraph (a) of subsection (1) of section1260464.203, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

1261 464.203 Certified nursing assistants; certification 1262 requirement.-

1263 (1) The board shall issue a certificate to practice as a 1264 certified nursing assistant to any person who demonstrates a 1265 minimum competency to read and write and successfully passes the 1266 required background screening pursuant to s. 400.215. If the 1267 person has successfully passed the required background screening pursuant to s. 400.215 or s. 408.809 within 90 days before 1268 1269 applying for a certificate to practice and the person's 1270 background screening results are not retained in the 1271 clearinghouse created under s. 435.12, the board shall waive the 1272 requirement that the applicant successfully pass an additional 1273 background screening pursuant to s. 400.215. The person must 1274 also meet one of the following requirements:

1275 (a) Has successfully completed an approved training program1276 and achieved a minimum score, established by rule of the board,

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1277	on the nursing assistant competency examination, which consists
1278	of a written portion and skills-demonstration portion approved
1279	by the board and administered at a site and by personnel
1280	approved by the department. Any person who has successfully
1281	completed an approved training program within 6 months before
1282	filing an application for certification is not required to take
1283	the skills-demonstration portion of the competency examination.
1284	Section 18. Section 468.1115, Florida Statutes, is amended
1285	to read:
1286	468.1115 Exemptions
1287	(1) <del>No provision of</del> This part <u>may not</u> <del>shall</del> be construed to
1288	limit the practice of persons licensed in this state from
1289	engaging in the professions for which they are licensed, so long
1290	as they do not hold themselves out to the public as possessing a
1291	license or certificate issued pursuant to this part or use a
1292	title protected by this part.
1293	(2) This part may not be construed to prohibit audiologists
1294	from fitting, selling, dispensing, servicing, marketing,
1295	providing customer support for, or distributing over-the-counter
1296	hearing aids to persons 18 years of age or older.
1297	(3) <del>The provisions of</del> This part <u>does</u> shall not apply to:
1298	(a) Students actively engaged in a training program, if
1299	such persons are acting under the direct supervision of a
1300	licensed speech-language pathologist or a licensed audiologist.
1301	(b) Persons practicing a licensed profession or operating
1302	within the scope of their profession, such as doctors of
1303	medicine, clinical psychologists, nurses, or hearing aid
1304	specialists, who are properly licensed under the laws of this
1305	state.
I	

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588-03133-23 20231506c1 1306 (c) Persons certified in the areas of speech-language 1307 impairment or hearing impairment in this state under chapter 1308 1012 when engaging in the profession for which they are 1309 certified, or any person under the direct supervision of such a 1310 certified person, or of a licensee under this chapter, when the 1311 person under such supervision is performing hearing screenings 1312 in a school setting for prekindergarten through grade 12. 1313 (d) Laryngectomized individuals, rendering guidance and instruction to other laryngectomized individuals, who are under 1314 1315 the supervision of a speech-language pathologist licensed under 1316 this part or of a physician licensed under chapter 458 or 1317 chapter 459 and qualified to perform this surgical procedure.

1318 (e) Persons licensed by another state as speech-language 1319 pathologists or audiologists who provide services within the applicable scope of practice set forth in s. 468.1125(10) or 1320 1321 (11) s. 468.1125(6) or (7) for no more than 5 calendar days per 1322 month or 15 calendar days per year under the direct supervision 1323 of a Florida-licensed speech-language pathologist or 1324 audiologist. A person whose state of residence does not license 1325 speech-language pathologists or audiologists may also qualify 1326 for this exemption, if the person holds a certificate of 1327 clinical competence from the American Speech-Language and 1328 Hearing Association and meets all other requirements of this 1329 paragraph. In either case, the board shall hold the supervising 1330 Florida licensee fully accountable for the services provided by 1331 the out-of-state licensee.

(f) Nonlicensed persons working in a hospital setting who provide newborn infant hearing screenings, so long as training, clinical interpretation of the screenings, and the protocol for

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1335	followup of infants who fail in-hospital screenings are provided
1336	by a licensed audiologist.
1337	(g) An audiologist while engaged in fitting, selling,
1338	dispensing, servicing, marketing, providing customer support
1339	for, or distributing over-the-counter hearing aids.
1340	(h) Any person who fits, sells, dispenses, services,
1341	markets, provides customer support for, or distributes
1342	exclusively over-the-counter hearing aids.
1343	Section 19. Section 468.1125, Florida Statutes, is
1344	reordered and amended to read:
1345	468.1125 DefinitionsAs used in this part, the term:
1346	(1) "Air-conduction hearing aid" means a hearing aid that
1347	conducts sound to the ear through the air.
1348	(2) "Audiologist" means a person licensed under this part
1349	to practice audiology.
1350	(3)-(2) "Board" means the Board of Speech-Language Pathology
1351	and Audiology.
1352	(4)-(3) "Certified audiology assistant" means a person who
1353	is certified under this part to perform audiology services under
1354	the direct supervision of an audiologist.
1355	(5) (4) "Certified speech-language pathology assistant"
1356	means a person who is certified under this part to perform
1357	speech pathology services under the direct supervision of a
1358	speech pathologist.
1359	(6)(5) "Department" means the Department of Health.
1360	(8) "Hearing aid" means any wearable device designed for,
1361	offered for the purpose of, or represented as aiding persons
1362	with, or compensating for, impaired hearing, to be worn by a
1363	hearing-impaired person to improve hearing.

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588-03133-23 20231506c1 1364 (9) "Over-the-counter hearing aid" means an air-conduction 1365 hearing aid that does not require implantation or other surgical 1366 intervention and is intended for use only by a person 18 years 1367 of age or older to compensate for perceived mild to moderate 1368 hearing impairment. The device, through tools, tests, or 1369 software, allows the user to control the hearing aid and 1370 customize it to the user's hearing needs. The device may use 1371 wireless technology or may include tests for self-assessment of 1372 hearing loss. The device is available over-the-counter, without 1373 the supervision, prescription, or other order, involvement, or 1374 intervention of a licensed person, to consumers through in-1375 person transactions, by mail, or online, provided that the 1376 device satisfies the requirements of 21 C.F.R. parts 800, 801, 1377 and 874 (2022), which are specifically incorporated by reference 1378 herein. 1379 (10) (a) (6) (a) "Practice of audiology" means the application 1380 of principles, methods, and procedures for the prevention, identification, evaluation, consultation, habilitation, 1381 1382 rehabilitation, instruction, treatment, and research, relative 1383 to hearing and the disorders of hearing, and to related language 1384 and speech disorders. "Disorders" are defined to include any and all conditions, whether of organic or nonorganic origin, 1385 1386 peripheral or central, that impede the normal process of human 1387 communication, including, but not limited to, disorders of auditory sensitivity, acuity, function, or processing, or damage 1388 to the integrity of the physiological system. 1389

(b) Any audiologist who has complied with the provisions of this part may:

1392

1. Offer, render, plan, direct, conduct, consult, or

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1393	supervise services to individuals or groups of individuals who
1394	have or are suspected of having disorders of hearing, including
1395	prevention, identification, evaluation, treatment, consultation,
1396	habilitation, rehabilitation, instruction, and research.
1397	2. Participate in hearing conservation, evaluation of noise
1398	environment, and noise control.
1399	3. Conduct and interpret tests of vestibular function and
1400	nystagmus, electrophysiologic auditory-evoked potentials,
1401	central auditory function, and calibration of measurement
1402	equipment used for such purposes.
1403	4. Habilitate and rehabilitate, including, but not limited
1404	to, prescription hearing aid evaluation, prescription,
1405	preparation, fitting and dispensing prescription hearing aids,
1406	assistive listening device selection and orientation, auditory
1407	training, aural habilitation, aural rehabilitation, speech
1408	conservation, and speechreading.
1409	5. Fabricate earmolds.
1410	6. Evaluate tinnitus.
1411	7. Include speech and language screening, limited to a
1412	pass/fail determination for identifying individuals with
1413	disorders of communication.
1414	<u>(11)(a)</u> (7)(a) "Practice of speech-language pathology" means
1415	the application of principles, methods, and procedures for the
1416	prevention, identification, evaluation, treatment, consultation,
1417	habilitation, rehabilitation, instruction, and research,
1418	relative to the development and disorders of human
1419	communication; to related oral and pharyngeal competencies; and
1420	to behavior related to disorders of human communication.
1421	"Disorders" are defined to include any and all conditions,

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588-03133-23 20231506c1 1422 whether of organic or nonorganic origin, that impede the normal 1423 process of human communication, including, but not limited to, 1424 disorders and related disorders of speech, phonology, 1425 articulation, fluency, voice, accent, verbal and written 1426 language and related nonoral/nonverbal forms of language, 1427 cognitive communication, auditory and visual processing, memory 1428 and comprehension, interactive communication, mastication, 1429 deglutition, and other oral, pharyngeal, and laryngeal 1430 sensorimotor competencies. 1431 (b) Any speech-language pathologist who has complied with 1432 the provisions of this part may: 1433 1. Offer, render, plan, direct, conduct, and supervise 1434 services to individuals or groups of individuals who have or are 1435 suspected of having disorders of human communication, including 1436 identification, evaluation, treatment, consultation, 1437 habilitation, rehabilitation, amelioration, instruction, and 1438 research. 1439 2. Determine the need for personal alternatives or 1440 augmentative systems, and recommend and train for the 1441 utilization of such systems. 1442 3. Perform a hearing screening, limited to a pass/fail 1443 determination, for the purpose of initial identification of communication disorders. 1444 1445 (12) "Prescription hearing aid" means a hearing aid or sound amplifying device that is not an over-the-counter hearing 1446 1447 aid. Hearing aids intended for use by persons younger than 18 1448 years of age must be prescription hearing aids. 1449 (13) (8) "Speech-language pathologist" means a person 1450 licensed under this part to practice speech pathology.

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588-03133-23 20231506c1 1451 (7) (9) "Direct supervision" means responsible supervision 1452 and control by a licensed speech-language pathologist who shall 1453 assume legal liability for the services rendered by any 1454 certified speech-language pathology assistant under the 1455 licensee's supervision, or responsible supervision and control by a licensed audiologist who shall assume legal liability for 1456 1457 the services rendered by any certified audiology assistant under the licensee's supervision. Direct supervision shall require the 1458 physical presence of the licensed speech-language pathologist 1459 1460 for consultation and direction of the actions of the certified 1461 speech-language pathology assistant, or the physical presence of 1462 the licensed audiologist for consultation and direction of the 1463 actions of the certified audiology assistant, unless the 1464 assistant is acting under protocols established by the board. 1465 The board shall establish rules further defining direct supervision of a certified speech-language pathology assistant 1466 1467 or a certified audiology assistant.

1468Section 20. Section 468.1225, Florida Statutes, is amended1469to read:

1470

468.1225 Procedures, equipment, and protocols.-

1471(1) The following minimal procedures shall be used when a1472licensed audiologist fits and sells a prescription hearing aid:

(a) Pure tone audiometric testing by air and bone to
determine the type and degree of hearing deficiency when
indicated.

1476

(b) Effective masking when indicated.

1477 (c) Appropriate testing to determine speech reception 1478 thresholds, speech discrimination scores, the most comfortable 1479 listening levels, uncomfortable loudness levels, and the

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588-03133-23 20231506c1 1480 selection of the best fitting arrangement for maximum hearing 1481 aid benefit when indicated. 1482 (2) The following equipment shall be used: 1483 (a) A wide range audiometer that which meets the 1484 specifications of the American National Standards Institute for 1485 diagnostic audiometers when indicated. 1486 (b) A speech audiometer or a master hearing aid in order to 1487 determine the most comfortable listening level and speech 1488 discrimination when indicated. (3) A final fitting ensuring physical and operational 1489 comfort of the prescription hearing aid shall be made when 1490 1491 indicated. 1492 (4) A licensed audiologist who fits and sells prescription 1493 hearing aids shall obtain the following medical clearance: If, 1494 upon inspection of the ear canal with an otoscope in the common 1495 procedure of fitting a prescription hearing aid and upon 1496 interrogation of the client, there is any recent history of 1497 infection or any observable anomaly, the client shall be 1498 instructed to see a physician, and a prescription hearing aid 1499 may shall not be fitted until medical clearance is obtained for 1500 the condition noted. If, upon return, the condition noted is no 1501 longer observable and the client signs a medical waiver, a 1502 prescription hearing aid may be fitted. Any person with a 1503 significant difference between bone conduction hearing and air 1504 conduction hearing must be informed of the possibility of 1505 medical or surgical correction.

(5) (a) A licensed audiologist's office must have available,
or have access to, a selection of <u>prescription</u> hearing aid
models, hearing aid supplies, and services complete enough to

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1509 accommodate the various needs of the hearing aid wearers.

(b) At the time of the initial examination for fitting and sale of a <u>prescription</u> hearing aid, the attending audiologist must notify the prospective purchaser of the benefits of telecoil, also known as "t" coil or "t" switch, technology, including increased access to telephones and noninvasive access to assistive listening systems required under the Americans with Disabilities Act of 1990.

1517 (6) Unless otherwise indicated, each audiometric test 1518 conducted by a licensee or a certified audiology assistant in 1519 the fitting and selling of prescription hearing aids must shall 1520 be made in a testing room that has been certified by the 1521 department, or by an agent approved by the department, not to 1522 exceed the following sound pressure levels at the specified 1523 frequencies: 250Hz-40dB, 500Hz-40dB, 750Hz-40dB, 1000Hz-40dB, 1524 1500Hz-42dB, 2000Hz-47dB, 3000Hz-52dB, 4000Hz-57dB, 6000Hz-62dB, 1525 and 8000Hz-67dB. An exception to this requirement shall be made 1526 in the case of a client who, after being provided written notice 1527 of the benefits and advantages of having the test conducted in a 1528 certified testing room, requests that the test be conducted in a 1529 place other than the licensee's certified testing room. Such 1530 request must shall be documented by a waiver that which includes 1531 the written notice and is signed by the licensee and the client 1532 before prior to the testing. The waiver must shall be executed 1533 on a form provided by the department. The executed waiver must shall be attached to the client's copy of the contract, and a 1534 1535 copy of the executed waiver must shall be retained in the licensee's file. 1536

1537

(7) The board <u>may</u> shall have the power to prescribe the

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1538	minimum procedures and equipment used in the conducting of
1539	hearing assessments and for the fitting and selling of
1540	prescription hearing aids. The board shall adopt and enforce
1541	rules necessary to <u>implement</u> <del>carry out the provisions of</del> this
1542	subsection and subsection (6).
1543	(8) Any duly authorized officer or employee of the
1544	department <u>may</u> <del>shall have the right to</del> make such inspections and
1545	investigations as <del>are</del> necessary <del>in order</del> to determine the state
1546	of compliance with <del>the provisions of</del> this section and the
1547	applicable rules and may enter the premises of a licensee and
1548	inspect the records of same upon reasonable belief that a
1549	violation of this law is being or has been committed or that the
1550	licensee has failed or is failing to comply with <del>the provisions</del>
1551	<del>of</del> this part.
1552	(9) Any hearing aid provided to a person younger than 18
1553	years of age must be a prescription hearing aid and may not be
1554	an over-the-counter hearing aid.
1555	Section 21. Section 468.1245, Florida Statutes, is amended
1556	to read:
1557	468.1245 Itemized listing of prices; delivery of
1558	<pre>prescription hearing aid; receipt; guarantee; packaging;</pre>
1559	disclaimer
1560	(1) <u>Before</u> <del>Prior to</del> delivery of services or products to a
1561	prospective purchaser, a licensee <u>must</u> <del>shall</del> disclose, upon
1562	request by the prospective purchaser, an itemized listing of
1563	prices, which <u>must</u> <del>listing shall</del> include separate price
1564	estimates for each service component and each product. Provision
1565	of such itemized listing of prices <u>may</u> shall not be predicated
1566	on the prospective purchaser's payment of any charge or
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1567 agreement to purchase any service or product.

1568 (2) Any licensee who fits and sells a prescription hearing 1569 aid shall, at the time of delivery, provide the purchaser with a 1570 receipt containing the seller's signature, the address of his or 1571 her regular place of business, and his or her license or 1572 certification number, if applicable, together with the brand, 1573 model, manufacturer or manufacturer's identification code, and 1574 serial number of the prescription hearing aid furnished and the 1575 amount charged for the prescription hearing aid. The receipt 1576 must also shall specify whether the prescription hearing aid is 1577 new, used, or rebuilt, and shall specify the length of time and 1578 other terms of the guarantee, and by whom the prescription 1579 hearing aid is guaranteed. When the client has requested an 1580 itemized list of prices, the receipt must shall also provide an 1581 itemization of the total purchase price, including, but not 1582 limited to, the cost of the aid, ear mold, batteries, and other 1583 accessories, and the cost of any services. Notice of the 1584 availability of this service must be displayed in a conspicuous 1585 manner in the office. The receipt must also shall state that any 1586 complaint concerning the prescription hearing aid and its 1587 guarantee, if not reconciled with the licensee from whom the 1588 prescription hearing aid was purchased, should be directed by 1589 the purchaser to the department. The address and telephone 1590 number of such office must shall be stated on the receipt.

(3) <u>A prescription</u> No hearing aid may <u>not</u> be sold to any
person unless both the packaging containing the <u>prescription</u>
hearing aid and the contract provided pursuant to subsection (2)
carry the following disclaimer in 10-point or larger type: "A
hearing aid will not restore normal hearing, nor will it prevent

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588-03133-23 20231506c1 1596 further hearing loss." 1597 Section 22. Section 468.1246, Florida Statutes, is amended 1598 to read: 1599 468.1246 Thirty-day trial period; purchaser's right to 1600 cancel; notice; refund; cancellation fee.-1601 (1) A person selling a prescription hearing aid in this 1602 state must provide the buyer with written notice of a 30-day 1603 trial period and money-back guarantee. The guarantee must permit the purchaser to cancel the purchase for a valid reason as 1604 1605 defined by rule of the board within 30 days after receiving the 1606 prescription hearing aid, by returning the prescription hearing 1607 aid or mailing written notice of cancellation to the seller. If 1608 the prescription hearing aid must be repaired, remade, or 1609 adjusted during the 30-day trial period, the running of the 30-1610 day trial period is suspended 1 day for each 24-hour period that 1611 the prescription hearing aid is not in the purchaser's 1612 possession. A repaired, remade, or adjusted prescription hearing 1613 aid must be claimed by the purchaser within 3 working days after 1614 notification of availability. The running of the 30-day trial 1615 period resumes on the day the purchaser reclaims a repaired, 1616 remade, or adjusted prescription hearing aid or on the 4th day 1617 after notification of availability.

1618 (2) The board, in consultation with the Board of Hearing 1619 Aid Specialists, shall prescribe by rule the terms and 1620 conditions to be contained in the money-back guarantee and any 1621 exceptions thereto. Such rule <u>must shall</u> provide, at a minimum, 1622 that the charges for earmolds and service provided to fit the 1623 <u>prescription</u> hearing aid may be retained by the licensee. The 1624 rules <u>must shall</u> also set forth any reasonable charges to be

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1653

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1625	held by the licensee as a cancellation fee. <del>Such rule shall be</del>
1626	effective on or before December 1, 1994. Should the board fail
1627	to adopt such rule, a licensee may not charge a cancellation fee
1628	which exceeds 5 percent of the total charge for a hearing aid
1629	alone. The terms and conditions of the guarantee, including the
1630	total amount available for refund, <u>must</u> shall be provided in
1631	writing to the purchaser <u>before</u> <del>prior to</del> the signing of the
1632	contract.
1633	Section 23. Section 468.1255, Florida Statutes, is amended
1634	to read:
1635	468.1255 Cancellation by medical authorization; purchaser's
1636	right to return
1637	(1) In addition to any other rights and remedies the
1638	purchaser of a prescription hearing aid may have, the purchaser
1639	has shall have the right to rescind the transaction if the
1640	purchaser for whatever reason consults a licensed physician with
1641	specialty board certification in otolaryngology or internal
1642	medicine or a licensed family practice physician, subsequent to
1643	purchasing a prescription hearing aid, and the physician
1644	certifies in writing that the purchaser has a hearing impairment
1645	for which a prescription hearing aid will not provide a benefit
1646	or that the purchaser has a medical condition which
1647	contraindicates the use of a prescription hearing aid.
1648	(2) The purchaser of a <u>prescription</u> hearing aid <u>has</u> <del>shall</del>
1649	$rac{have}{have}$ the right to rescind <u>as</u> provided in subsection (1) only if
1650	the purchaser gives a written notice of the intent to rescind
1651	the transaction to the seller at the seller's place of business
1652	by certified mail, return receipt requested, which notice shall

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be posted not later than 60 days following the date of delivery

588-03133-23 20231506c1 1654 of the prescription hearing aid to the purchaser, and the 1655 purchaser returns the prescription hearing aid to the seller in 1656 the original condition less normal wear and tear. 1657 (3) If the conditions of subsections (1) and (2) are met, 1658 the seller must shall, without request, refund to the purchaser, 1659 within 10 days after of the receipt of notice to rescind, a full 1660 and complete refund of all moneys received, less 5 percent. The 1661 purchaser does not shall incur any no additional liability for 1662 rescinding the transaction. 1663 Section 24. Section 468.1265, Florida Statutes, is amended 1664 to read: 1665 468.1265 Sale or distribution of prescription hearing aids 1666 through mail; penalty.-It is unlawful for any person to sell or 1667 distribute prescription hearing aids through the mail to the 1668 ultimate consumer. Any person who violates this section commits 1669 a misdemeanor of the second degree, punishable as provided in s. 1670 775.082 or s. 775.083. 1671 Section 25. Section 468.1275, Florida Statutes, is amended 1672 to read: 1673 468.1275 Place of business; display of license.-Each 1674 licensee who fits and sells a prescription hearing aid shall 1675 declare and establish a regular place of business, at which his

1676 or her license shall be conspicuously displayed.

1677 Section 26. Section 484.0401, Florida Statutes, is amended 1678 to read:

1679 484.0401 Purpose.—The Legislature recognizes that the 1680 dispensing of <u>prescription</u> hearing aids requires particularized 1681 knowledge and skill to ensure that the interests of the hearing-1682 impaired public will be adequately served and safely protected.

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1683	It recognizes that a poorly selected or fitted prescription
1684	hearing aid not only will give little satisfaction but may
1685	interfere with hearing ability and, therefore, deems it
1686	necessary in the interest of the public health, safety, and
1687	welfare to regulate the dispensing of prescription hearing aids
1688	in this state. Restrictions on the fitting and selling of
1689	prescription hearing aids shall be imposed only to the extent
1690	necessary to protect the public from physical and economic harm,
1691	and restrictions shall not be imposed in a manner which will
1692	unreasonably affect the competitive market.
1693	Section 27. Section 484.041, Florida Statutes, is reordered
1694	and amended to read:
1695	484.041 Definitions.—As used in this part, the term:
1696	(1) "Air-conduction hearing aid" means a hearing aid that
1697	conducts sound to the ear through the air.
1698	(2) "Board" means the Board of Hearing Aid Specialists.
1699	(3) (2) "Department" means the Department of Health.
1700	(4) (3) "Dispensing prescription hearing aids" means and
1701	includes:
1702	(a) Conducting and interpreting hearing tests for purposes
1703	of selecting suitable prescription hearing aids, making earmolds
1704	or ear impressions, and providing appropriate counseling.
1705	(b) All acts pertaining to the selling, renting, leasing,
1706	pricing, delivery, and warranty of prescription hearing aids.
1707	(7) (4) "Hearing aid specialist" means a person duly
1708	licensed in this state to practice the dispensing of
1709	prescription hearing aids.
1710	(5) "Hearing aid" means <u>any wearable</u> <del>an amplifying</del> device
1711	designed for, offered for the purpose of, or represented as
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588-03133-23 20231506c1 1712 aiding persons with, or compensating for, impaired hearing to be 1713 worn by a hearing-impaired person to improve hearing. 1714 (11) (6) "Trainee" means a person studying prescription 1715 hearing aid dispensing under the direct supervision of an active 1716 licensed hearing aid specialist for the purpose of qualifying for certification to sit for the licensure examination. 1717 (6) (7) "Hearing aid establishment" means any establishment 1718 1719 in this the state which employs a licensed hearing aid specialist who offers, advertises, and performs hearing aid 1720 1721 services for the general public. 1722 (8) "Over-the-counter hearing aid" means an air-conduction 1723 hearing aid that does not require implantation or other surgical 1724 intervention and is intended for use only by a person 18 years 1725 of age or older to compensate for perceived mild to moderate hearing impairment. The device, through tools, tests, or 1726 1727 software, allows the user to control the hearing aid and customize it to the user's hearing needs. The device may use 1728 1729 wireless technology or may include tests for self-assessment of 1730 hearing loss. The device is available over-the-counter, without 1731 the supervision, prescription, or other order, involvement, or 1732 intervention of a licensed person, to consumers through in-1733 person transactions, by mail, or online, provided that the 1734 device satisfies the requirements of 21 C.F.R. parts 800, 801, 1735 and 874 (2022), which are specifically incorporated by reference 1736 herein. 1737 (9) "Prescription hearing aid" means a hearing aid or sound 1738 amplifying device that is not an over-the-counter hearing aid. 1739 Hearing aids intended for use by persons younger than 18 years 1740 of age must be prescription hearing aids.

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588-03133-23 20231506c1 1741 (10) "Sponsor" means an active, licensed hearing aid 1742 specialist under whose direct supervision one or more trainees 1743 are studying prescription hearing aid dispensing for the purpose 1744 of qualifying for certification to sit for the licensure 1745 examination. 1746 Section 28. Subsection (2) of section 484.042, Florida 1747 Statutes, is amended to read: 1748 484.042 Board of Hearing Aid Specialists; membership, 1749 appointment, terms.-1750 (2) Five members of the board shall be hearing aid 1751 specialists who have been licensed and practicing the dispensing 1752 of prescription hearing aids in this state for at least the 1753 preceding 4 years. The remaining four members, none of whom 1754 shall derive economic benefit from the fitting or dispensing of 1755 hearing aids, shall be appointed from the resident lay public of this state. One of the lay members shall be a prescription 1756 1757 hearing aid user but may not neither be nor have been a hearing 1758 aid specialist or a licensee of a closely related profession. 1759 One lay member shall be an individual age 65 or over. One lay 1760 member shall be an otolaryngologist licensed pursuant to chapter 1761 458 or chapter 459. 1762 Section 29. Subsection (2) of section 484.044, Florida 1763 Statutes, is amended to read: 1764 484.044 Authority to make rules.-1765 (2) The board shall adopt rules requiring that each 1766 prospective purchaser of a prescription hearing aid be notified

1767 by the attending hearing aid specialist, at the time of the 1768 initial examination for fitting and sale of a hearing aid, of 1769 telecoil, "t" coil, or "t" switch technology. The rules shall

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CODING: Words stricken are deletions; words underlined are additions.

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1770	further require that hearing aid specialists make available to
1771	prospective purchasers or clients information regarding
1772	telecoils, "t" coils, or "t" switches. <del>These rules shall be</del>
1773	effective on or before October 1, 1994.
1774	Section 30. Subsection (2) of section 484.0445, Florida
1775	Statutes, is amended to read:
1776	484.0445 Training program.—
1777	(2) A trainee shall perform the functions of a hearing aid
1778	specialist in accordance with board rules only under the direct
1779	supervision of a licensed hearing aid specialist. The term
1780	"direct supervision" means that the sponsor is responsible for
1781	all work being performed by the trainee. The sponsor or a
1782	hearing aid specialist designated by the sponsor shall give
1783	final approval to work performed by the trainee and shall be
1784	physically present at the time the prescription hearing aid is
1785	delivered to the client.
1786	Section 31. Subsection (2) of section 484.045, Florida
1787	Statutes, is amended to read:
1788	484.045 Licensure by examination
1789	(2) The department shall license each applicant who the
1790	board certifies meets all of the following criteria:
1791	(a) Has completed the application form and remitted the
1792	required fees.;
1793	(b) Is of good moral character <u>.</u> +
1794	(c) Is 18 years of age or older <u>.</u> +
1795	(d) Is a graduate of an accredited high school or its
1796	equivalent <u>.</u>
1797	(e)1. Has met the requirements of the training program; or
1798	2.a. Has a valid, current license as a hearing aid
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1799	specialist or its equivalent from another state and has been
1800	actively practicing in such capacity for at least 12 months; or
1801	b. Is currently certified by the National Board for
1802	Certification in Hearing Instrument Sciences and has been
1803	actively practicing for at least 12 months.+
1804	(f) Has passed an examination, as prescribed by board
1805	rule <u>.</u> ; and
1806	(g) Has demonstrated, in a manner designated by rule of the
1807	board, knowledge of state laws and rules relating to the fitting
1808	and dispensing of prescription hearing aids.
1809	Section 32. Section 484.0501, Florida Statutes, is amended
1810	to read:
1811	484.0501 Minimal procedures and equipment
1812	(1) The following minimal procedures shall be used in the
1813	fitting and selling of prescription hearing aids:
1814	(a) Pure tone audiometric testing by air and bone to
1815	determine the type and degree of hearing deficiency.
1816	(b) Effective masking when indicated.
1817	(c) Appropriate testing to determine speech reception
1818	thresholds, speech discrimination scores, the most comfortable
1819	listening levels, uncomfortable loudness levels, and the
1820	selection of the best fitting arrangement for maximum hearing
1821	aid benefit.
1822	(2) The following equipment shall be used:
1823	(a) A wide range audiometer <u>that</u> <del>which</del> meets the
1824	specifications of the American National Standards Institute for
1825	diagnostic audiometers.
1826	(b) A speech audiometer or a master hearing aid in order to
1827	determine the most comfortable listening level and speech
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588-03133-23 20231506c1 1828 discrimination.

(3) A final fitting ensuring physical and operationalcomfort of the <u>prescription</u> hearing aid shall be made.

1831 (4) The following medical clearance shall be obtained: If, 1832 upon inspection of the ear canal with an otoscope in the common 1833 procedure of a prescription hearing aid fitter and upon 1834 interrogation of the client, there is any recent history of 1835 infection or any observable anomaly, the client must shall be instructed to see a physician, and a prescription hearing aid 1836 1837 may shall not be fitted until medical clearance is obtained for 1838 the condition noted. If, upon return, the condition noted is no 1839 longer observable and the client signs a medical waiver, a 1840 prescription hearing aid may be fitted. Any person with a 1841 significant difference between bone conduction hearing and air 1842 conduction hearing must be informed of the possibility of 1843 medical correction.

(5) (a) A prescription hearing aid establishment office must have available, or have access to, a selection of prescription hearing aid models, hearing aid supplies, and services complete enough to accommodate the various needs of the prescription hearing aid wearers.

(b) At the time of the initial examination for fitting and sale of a <u>prescription</u> hearing aid, the attending hearing aid specialist <u>shall</u> <u>must</u> notify the prospective purchaser or client of the benefits of telecoil, "t" coil, or "t" switch technology, including increased access to telephones and noninvasive access to assistive listening systems required under the Americans with Disabilities Act of 1990.

1856

(6) Each audiometric test conducted by a licensee or

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588-03133-23 20231506c1 1857 authorized trainee in the fitting and selling of prescription 1858 hearing aids must shall be made in a testing room that has been 1859 certified by the department, or by an agent approved by the 1860 department, not to exceed the following sound pressure levels at 1861 the specified frequencies: 250Hz-40dB, 500Hz-40dB, 750Hz-40dB, 1000Hz-40dB, 1500Hz-42dB, 2000Hz-47dB, 3000Hz-52dB, 4000Hz-57dB, 1862 1863 6000Hz-62dB, and 8000Hz-67dB. An exception to this requirement 1864 shall be made in the case of a client who, after being provided 1865 written notice of the benefits and advantages of having the test 1866 conducted in a certified testing room, requests that the test be 1867 conducted in a place other than the licensee's certified testing 1868 room. Such request must shall be documented by a waiver which 1869 includes the written notice and is signed by the licensee and 1870 the client before prior to the testing. The waiver must shall be 1871 executed on a form provided by the department. The executed 1872 waiver must shall be attached to the client's copy of the 1873 contract, and a copy of the executed waiver must shall be 1874 retained in the licensee's file.

1875 (7) The board may shall have the power to prescribe the 1876 minimum procedures and equipment which must shall be used in the 1877 conducting of hearing assessments, and for the fitting and 1878 selling of prescription hearing aids, including equipment that 1879 will measure the prescription hearing aid's response curves to 1880 ensure that they meet the manufacturer's specifications. These 1881 procedures and equipment may differ from those provided in this 1882 section in order to take full advantage of devices and equipment 1883 which may hereafter become available and which are demonstrated 1884 to be of greater efficiency and accuracy. The board shall adopt 1885 and enforce rules necessary to implement carry out the

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588-03133-23 20231506c1 1886 provisions of this subsection and subsection (6). 1887 (8) Any duly authorized officer or employee of the 1888 department may shall have the right to make such inspections and 1889 investigations as are necessary in order to determine the state 1890 of compliance with the provisions of this section and the 1891 applicable rules and may enter the premises of a licensee and 1892 inspect the records of same upon reasonable belief that a 1893 violation of this law is being or has been committed or that the 1894 licensee has failed or is failing to comply with the provisions 1895 of this part act. 1896 (9) A licensed hearing aid specialist may fit, sell, 1897 dispense, service, market, provide customer support for, and 1898 distribute prescription and over-the-counter hearing aids. 1899 However, over-the-counter hearing aids may be provided only to 1900 persons 18 years of age or older. 1901 Section 33. Section 484.051, Florida Statutes, is amended 1902 to read: 1903 484.051 Itemization of prices; delivery of prescription 1904 hearing aid; receipt, packaging, disclaimer, guarantee.-1905 (1) Before Prior to delivery of services or products to a 1906 prospective purchaser, any person who fits and sells 1907 prescription hearing aids must shall disclose on request by the 1908 prospective purchaser an itemized listing of prices, which must 1909 listing shall include separate price estimates for each service 1910 component and each product. Provision of such itemized listing 1911 of prices may shall not be predicated on the prospective 1912 purchaser's payment of any charge or agreement to purchase any 1913 service or product. (2) Any person who fits and sells a prescription hearing 1914

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1915	aid <u>must</u> shall, at the time of delivery, provide the purchaser
1916	with a receipt containing the seller's signature, the address of
1917	her or his regular place of business, and her or his license or
1918	trainee registration number, if applicable, together with the
1919	brand, model, manufacturer or manufacturer's identification
1920	code, and serial number of the prescription hearing aid
1921	furnished and the amount charged for the prescription hearing
1922	aid. The receipt <u>must</u> also <del>shall</del> specify whether the
1923	<u>prescription</u> hearing aid is new, used, or rebuilt <u>,</u> and shall
1924	<del>specify</del> the length of time and other terms of the guarantee <u>,</u> and
1925	by whom the ${ m prescription}$ hearing aid is guaranteed. If When the
1926	client has requested an itemized list of prices, the receipt
1927	<u>must</u> shall also provide an itemization of the total purchase
1928	price, including, but not limited to, the cost of the aid,
1929	earmold, batteries and other accessories, and any services.
1930	Notice of the availability of this service shall be displayed in
1931	a conspicuous manner in the office. The receipt <u>must</u> also <del>shall</del>
1932	state that any complaint concerning the prescription hearing aid
1933	and guarantee therefor, if not reconciled with the licensee from
1934	whom the prescription hearing aid was purchased, should be
1935	directed by the purchaser to the Department of Health. The
1936	address and telephone number of such office <u>must</u> shall be stated
1937	on the receipt.
1938	(3) A prescription <del>No</del> hearing aid may not be sold to any

(3) <u>A prescription</u> No hearing aid may <u>not</u> be sold to any
person unless both the packaging containing the <u>prescription</u>
hearing aid and the itemized receipt provided pursuant to
subsection (2) carry the following disclaimer in 10-point or
larger type: "A hearing aid will not restore normal hearing, nor
will it prevent further hearing loss."

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20231506c1 588-03133-23 1944 Section 34. Section 484.0512, Florida Statutes, is amended 1945 to read: 484.0512 Thirty-day trial period; purchaser's right to 1946 1947 cancel; notice; refund; cancellation fee; criminal penalty.-1948 (1) A person selling a prescription hearing aid in this 1949 state must provide the buyer with written notice of a 30-day 1950 trial period and money-back guarantee. The guarantee must permit 1951 the purchaser to cancel the purchase for a valid reason, as defined by rule of the board rule, within 30 days after 1952 1953 receiving the prescription hearing aid, by returning the 1954 prescription hearing aid or mailing written notice of 1955 cancellation to the seller. If the prescription hearing aid must 1956 be repaired, remade, or adjusted during the 30-day trial period, 1957 the running of the 30-day trial period is suspended 1 day for 1958 each 24-hour period that the prescription hearing aid is not in 1959 the purchaser's possession. A repaired, remade, or adjusted 1960 prescription hearing aid must be claimed by the purchaser within 1961 3 working days after notification of availability. The running of the 30-day trial period resumes on the day the purchaser 1962 1963 reclaims the repaired, remade, or adjusted prescription hearing 1964 aid or on the fourth day after notification of availability, 1965 whichever occurs earlier. 1966 (2) The board, in consultation with the Board of Speech-

Language Pathology and Audiology, shall prescribe by rule the terms and conditions to be contained in the money-back guarantee and any exceptions thereto. Such <u>rules must</u> <del>rule shall</del> provide, at a minimum, that the charges for earmolds and service provided to fit the <u>prescription</u> hearing aid may be retained by the licensee. The rules <u>must</u> <del>shall</del> also set forth any reasonable

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1986

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588-03133-23 20231506c1 1973 charges to be held by the licensee as a cancellation fee. Such rule shall be effective on or before December 1, 1994. Should 1974 1975 the board fail to adopt such rule, a licensee may not charge a 1976 cancellation fee which exceeds 5 percent of the total charge for 1977 a hearing aid alone. The terms and conditions of the guarantee, 1978 including the total amount available for refund, must shall be 1979 provided in writing to the purchaser before prior to the signing 1980 of the contract.

(3) Within 30 days after the return or attempted return of the <u>prescription</u> hearing aid, the seller shall refund all moneys that must be refunded to a purchaser pursuant to this section. A violation of this subsection is a misdemeanor of the first degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082 or s. 775.083.

(4) For purposes of this section, the term "seller" or "person selling a prescription hearing aid" includes:

(a) Any natural person licensed under this part or any
other natural person who signs a sales receipt required by s.
484.051(2) or s. 468.1245(2) or who otherwise fits, delivers, or
dispenses a prescription hearing aid.

(b) Any business organization, whether a sole
proprietorship, partnership, corporation, professional
association, joint venture, business trust, or other legal
entity, that which dispenses a prescription hearing aid or
enters into an agreement to dispense a prescription hearing aid.

(c) Any person who controls, manages, or operates an establishment or business that dispenses a <u>prescription</u> hearing aid or enters into an agreement to dispense a <u>prescription</u> hearing aid.

Section 35. Section 484.0513, Florida Statutes, is amended

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588-03133-23 20231506c1 2002 to read: 2003 484.0513 Cancellation by medical authorization; purchaser's 2004 right to return.-2005 (1) In addition to any other rights and remedies the 2006 purchaser of a prescription hearing aid may have, the purchaser 2007 has shall have the right to rescind the transaction if the 2008 purchaser for whatever reason consults a licensed physician with 2009 specialty board certification in otolaryngology or internal medicine or a licensed family practice physician, subsequent to 2010 2011 purchasing a prescription hearing aid, and the physician 2012 certifies in writing that the purchaser has a hearing impairment 2013 for which a prescription hearing aid will not provide a benefit 2014 or that the purchaser has a medical condition which 2015 contraindicates the use of a prescription hearing aid. 2016 (2) The purchaser of a prescription hearing aid has shall 2017 have the right to rescind as provided in subsection (1) only if 2018 the purchaser gives a written notice of the intent to rescind

the transaction to the seller at the seller's place of business by certified mail, return receipt requested, which <u>must</u> notice shall be posted <u>within</u> not later than 60 days <u>after</u> following the date of delivery of the <u>prescription</u> hearing aid to the purchaser, and the purchaser returns the <u>prescription</u> hearing aid to the seller in the original condition less normal wear and tear.

(3) If the conditions of subsections (1) and (2) are met,
the seller <u>must shall</u>, without request, refund to the purchaser,
within 10 days <u>after of the</u> receipt of <u>the</u> notice to rescind, a
full and complete refund of all moneys received, less 5 percent.
The purchaser <u>does not shall</u> incur <u>any no</u> additional liability

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588-03133-23 20231506c1 2031 for rescinding the transaction. 2032 Section 36. Section 484.053, Florida Statutes, is amended 2033 to read: 2034 484.053 Prohibitions; penalties.-2035 (1) A person may not: 2036 (a) Practice dispensing prescription hearing aids unless 2037 the person is a licensed hearing aid specialist; 2038 (b) Use the name or title "hearing aid specialist" when the 2039 person has not been licensed under this part; 2040 (c) Present as her or his own the license of another; 2041 (d) Give false, incomplete, or forged evidence to the board 2042 or a member thereof for the purposes of obtaining a license; 2043 (e) Use or attempt to use a hearing aid specialist license 2044 that is delinquent or has been suspended, revoked, or placed on 2045 inactive status; 2046 (f) Knowingly employ unlicensed persons in the practice of 2047 dispensing prescription hearing aids; or 2048 (g) Knowingly conceal information relative to violations of 2049 this part. 2050 (2) Any person who violates any provision of the provisions 2051 of this section is guilty of a felony of the third degree, 2052 punishable as provided in s. 775.082 or s. 775.083. 2053 (3) If a person licensed under this part allows the sale of 2054 a prescription hearing aid by an unlicensed person not 2055 registered as a trainee or fails to comply with the requirements 2056 of s. 484.0445(2) relating to supervision of trainees, the board 2057 must shall, upon determination of that violation, order the full 2058 refund of moneys paid by the purchaser upon return of the 2059 prescription hearing aid to the seller's place of business.

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20231506c1 588-03133-23 2060 Section 37. Section 484.054, Florida Statutes, is amended 2061 to read: 2062 484.054 Sale or distribution of prescription hearing aids 2063 through mail; penalty.-It is unlawful for any person to sell or 2064 distribute prescription hearing aids through the mail to the 2065 ultimate consumer. Any violation of this section constitutes a 2066 misdemeanor of the second degree, punishable as provided in s. 2067 775.082 or s. 775.083. 2068 Section 38. Section 484.059, Florida Statutes, is amended 2069 to read: 2070 484.059 Exemptions.-2071 (1) The licensure requirements of this part do not apply to 2072 any person engaged in recommending prescription hearing aids as 2073 part of the academic curriculum of an accredited institution of 2074 higher education, or as part of a program conducted by a public 2075 charitable institution supported primarily by voluntary 2076 contribution, provided this organization does not dispense or 2077 sell prescription hearing aids or accessories. 2078 (2) The licensure requirements of this part do not apply to 2079 any person licensed to practice medicine in this the state, 2080 except that such physician must shall comply with the 2081 requirement of periodic filing of the certificate of testing and 2082 calibration of audiometric equipment as provided in this part. A 2083 No person employed by or working under the supervision of a 2084 person licensed to practice medicine may not shall perform any 2085 services or acts which would constitute the dispensing of 2086 prescription hearing aids as defined in s. 484.041 s. 2087 484.041(3), unless such person is a licensed hearing aid 2088 specialist.

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2089	
2009	(3) The licensure requirements of this part do not apply to
	an audiologist licensed <u>under</u> <del>pursuant to</del> part I of chapter 468.
2091	(4) <u>Section</u> The provisions of s. 484.053(1)(a) <u>does</u> shall
2092	not apply to registered trainees operating in compliance with
2093	this part and <u>board</u> rules <del>of the board</del> .
2094	(5) The licensure requirements of this part do not apply to
2095	a person who fits, sells, dispenses, services, markets, provides
2096	customer support for, or distributes exclusively over-the-
2097	counter hearing aids.
2098	Section 39. Paragraph (b) of subsection (4) of section
2099	1002.394, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
2100	1002.394 The Family Empowerment Scholarship Program
2101	(4) AUTHORIZED USES OF PROGRAM FUNDS
2102	(b) Program funds awarded to a student with a disability
2103	determined eligible pursuant to paragraph (3)(b) may be used for
2104	the following purposes:
2105	1. Instructional materials, including digital devices,
2106	digital periphery devices, and assistive technology devices that
2107	allow a student to access instruction or instructional content
2108	and training on the use of and maintenance agreements for these
2109	devices.
2110	2. Curriculum as defined in subsection (2).
2111	3. Specialized services by approved providers or by a
2112	hospital in this state which are selected by the parent. These
2113	specialized services may include, but are not limited to:
2114	a. Applied behavior analysis services as provided in ss.
2115	627.6686 and 641.31098.
2116	b. Services provided by speech-language pathologists as
2117	defined in <u>s. 468.1125</u> <del>s. 468.1125(8)</del> .

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588-03133-23 20231506c1 2118 c. Occupational therapy as defined in s. 468.203. 2119 d. Services provided by physical therapists as defined in s. 486.021(8). 2120 e. Services provided by listening and spoken language 2121 2122 specialists and an appropriate acoustical environment for a 2123 child who has a hearing impairment, including deafness, and who has received an implant or assistive hearing device. 2124 2125 4. Tuition or fees associated with full-time or part-time 2126 enrollment in a home education program, an eligible private 2127 school, an eligible postsecondary educational institution or a 2128 program offered by the postsecondary educational institution, a 2129 private tutoring program authorized under s. 1002.43, a virtual 2130 program offered by a department-approved private online provider 2131 that meets the provider qualifications specified in s. 2132 1002.45(2)(a), the Florida Virtual School as a private paying 2133 student, or an approved online course offered pursuant to s. 2134 1003.499 or s. 1004.0961. 2135 5. Fees for nationally standardized, norm-referenced 2136 achievement tests, Advanced Placement Examinations, industry 2137 certification examinations, assessments related to postsecondary 2138 education, or other assessments. 2139 6. Contributions to the Stanley G. Tate Florida Prepaid 2140 College Program pursuant to s. 1009.98 or the Florida College 2141 Savings Program pursuant to s. 1009.981 for the benefit of the 2142 eligible student.

7. Contracted services provided by a public school or 2143 2144 school district, including classes. A student who receives 2145 services under a contract under this paragraph is not considered enrolled in a public school for eligibility purposes as 2146

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CODING: Words stricken are deletions; words underlined are additions.

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588-03133-23 20231506c1 2147 specified in subsection (6). 2148 8. Tuition and fees for part-time tutoring services 2149 provided by a person who holds a valid Florida educator's 2150 certificate pursuant to s. 1012.56, a person who holds an 2151 adjunct teaching certificate pursuant to s. 1012.57, a person 2152 who has a bachelor's degree or a graduate degree in the subject 2153 area in which instruction is given, a person who has 2154 demonstrated a mastery of subject area knowledge pursuant to s. 2155 1012.56(5), or a person certified by a nationally or 2156 internationally recognized research-based training program as 2157 approved by the department. As used in this paragraph, the term 2158 "part-time tutoring services" does not qualify as regular school 2159 attendance as defined in s. 1003.01(13)(e). 2160 9. Fees for specialized summer education programs. 2161 10. Fees for specialized after-school education programs. 2162 11. Transition services provided by job coaches. 2163 12. Fees for an annual evaluation of educational progress 2164 by a state-certified teacher under s. 1002.41(1)(f), if this 2165 option is chosen for a home education student. 2166 13. Tuition and fees associated with programs offered by 2167 Voluntary Prekindergarten Education Program providers approved 2168 pursuant to s. 1002.55 and school readiness providers approved 2169 pursuant to s. 1002.88. 2170 14. Fees for services provided at a center that is a member 2171 of the Professional Association of Therapeutic Horsemanship 2172 International. 2173 15. Fees for services provided by a therapist who is 2174 certified by the Certification Board for Music Therapists or 2175 credentialed by the Art Therapy Credentials Board, Inc. Page 75 of 76

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2176	Section 40. The Division of Law Revision is directed to
2177	replace the phrase "the effective date of this act" wherever it
2178	occurs in this act with the date the act becomes a law.
2179	Section 41. Except as otherwise expressly provided in this
2180	act and except for this section, which shall take effect upon
2181	this act becoming a law, this act shall take effect July 1,
2182	2023.

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