1 A bill to be entitled 2 An act relating to public records; amending s. 3 501.173, F.S.; providing an exemption from public 4 records requirements for information relating to 5 investigations by the Department of Legal Affairs and 6 law enforcement agencies of certain data privacy 7 violations; providing for future legislative review 8 and repeal of the exemption; providing a statement of 9 public necessity; providing a contingent effective 10 date. 11 12 Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida: 13 Section 1. Subsection (14) is added to section 501.173, 14 Florida Statutes, as created by HB 1547, 2023 Regular Session, 15 16 to read: 17 501.173 Consumer data privacy. 18 (14) PUBLIC RECORDS EXEMPTION. (a) All information received by the department pursuant to 19 20 a notification of a violation under this section, or received by 21 the department pursuant to an investigation by the department or 22 a law enforcement agency of a violation of this section, is 23 confidential and exempt from s. 119.07(1) and s. 24(a), Art. I 24 of the State Constitution, until such time as the investigation is completed or ceases to be active. This exemption shall be 25

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26	construed in conformity with s. 119.071(2)(c).
27	(b) During an active investigation, information made
28	confidential and exempt pursuant to paragraph (a) may be
29	disclosed by the department:
30	1. In the furtherance of its official duties and
31	responsibilities;
32	2. For print, publication, or broadcast if the department
33	determines that such release would assist in notifying the
34	public or locating or identifying a person that the department
35	believes to be a victim of a data breach or improper use or
36	disposal of customer records, except that information made
37	confidential and exempt by paragraph (c) may not be released
38	pursuant to this subparagraph; or
39	3. To another governmental entity in the furtherance of
40	its official duties and responsibilities.
41	(c) Upon completion of an investigation or once an
42	investigation ceases to be active, the following information
43	received by the department shall remain confidential and exempt
44	from s. 119.07(1) and s. 24(a), Art. I of the State
45	<pre>Constitution:</pre>
46	1. All information to which another public records
47	exemption applies.
48	2. Personal information.
49	3. A computer forensic report.

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4. Information that would otherwise reveal weaknesses in

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the data security of a controller, processor, or third party.

- 5. Information that would disclose the proprietary information of a controller, processor, or third party.
- (d) For purposes of this subsection, the term "proprietary information" means information that:
- 1. Is owned or controlled by the controller, processor, or third party.
- 2. Is intended to be private and is treated by the controller, processor, or third party as private because disclosure would harm the controller, processor, or third party or its business operations.
- 3. Has not been disclosed except as required by law or a private agreement that provides that the information will not be released to the public.
- 4. Is not publicly available or otherwise readily ascertainable through proper means from another source in the same configuration as received by the department.
 - 5. Includes:

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- a. Trade secrets as defined in s. 688.002.
- b. Competitive interests, the disclosure of which would impair the competitive advantage of the controller, processor, or third party who is the subject of the information.
- (e) This subsection is subject to the Open Government

 Sunset Review Act in accordance with s. 119.15 and shall stand
 repealed on October 2, 2028, unless reviewed and saved from

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repeal through reenactment by the Legislature.

Section 2. The Legislature finds that it is a public necessity that all information received by the Department of Legal Affairs pursuant to a notification of a violation of s. 501.173, Florida Statutes, or received by the department pursuant to an investigation by the department or a law enforcement agency of a violation of s. 501.173, Florida Statutes, be made confidential and exempt from s. 119.07(1), Florida Statutes, and s. 24(a), Article I of the State Constitution for the following reasons:

- (1) A notification of a violation of s. 501.173, Florida
 Statutes, may result in an investigation of such violation. The
 premature release of such information could frustrate or thwart
 the investigation and impair the ability of the department to
 effectively and efficiently administer s. 501.173, Florida
 Statutes. In addition, release of such information before
 completion of an active investigation could jeopardize the
 ongoing investigation.
- (2) Release of information to which another public record exemption applies once an investigation is completed or ceases to be active would undo the specific statutory exemption protecting that information.
- (3) An investigation of a violation of s. 501.173, Florida Statutes, is likely to result in the gathering of sensitive personal information, including identification numbers, unique

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identifiers, professional or employment-related information, and personal financial information. Such information could be used for the purpose of identity theft. The release of such information could subject possible victims of data privacy violations to further harm.

- (4) Notices received by the department and information received during an investigation of a violation of s. 501.173, Florida Statutes, are likely to contain proprietary information. Such information, including trade secrets, derives independent, economic value, actual, or potential, from being generally unknown to, and not readily ascertainable by, other persons who might obtain economic value from its disclosure or use. Allowing public access to proprietary information, including a trade secret, through a public records request could destroy the value of the proprietary information and cause a financial loss to the controller, processor, or third party submitting the information. Release of such information could give business competitors an unfair advantage and weaken the position of the entity supplying the proprietary information in the marketplace.
- (5) Information received by the department may contain a computer forensic report or information that could reveal weaknesses in the data security of a controller, processor, or third party. The release of this information could result in the identification of vulnerabilities in the cybersecurity system of the controller, processor, or third party and be used to harm

the controller, processor, or third party and crients.	
(6) The harm that may result from the release of	
information received by the department pursuant to a	
notification or investigation by the department or a law	
enforcement agency of a violation of s. 501.173, Florida	
Statutes, could impair the effective and efficient	
administration of the investigation and thus, outweighs the	
public benefit that may be derived from the disclosure of the	
information.	
Section 3. This act shall take effect on the same date	
that HB 1547 or similar legislation takes effect, if such	
legislation is adopted in the same legislative session or an	
extension thereof and becomes a law.	