By Senator Ingoglia

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A bill to be entitled An act relating to the medical treatment of animals; providing a short title; amending s. 474.202, F.S.; defining the term "veterinary telemedicine"; creating s. 474.2021, F.S.; authorizing veterinarians to practice veterinary telemedicine; providing licensure requirements to practice veterinary telemedicine; providing jurisdiction of the Board of Veterinary Medicine; requiring a veterinarian practicing telemedicine to establish a veterinarian/client/patient relationship, provide the client with specified information, and employ certain professional judgments regarding the use of veterinary telemedicine; authorizing a veterinarian practicing telemedicine to order, prescribe, or make available specified medicinal drugs; prohibiting such veterinarian from ordering, prescribing, or making available controlled substances unless certain conditions are met; authorizing veterinarians to practice veterinary telemedicine for animals on certain animal operations if the veterinarian meets certain conditions; amending s. 474.203, F.S.; conforming provisions to changes made by the act; amending s. 474.214, F.S.; revising grounds for disciplinary action against a veterinarian; amending s. 474.2165, F.S.; revising the definition of the term "records owner" to conform to changes made by the act; amending s. 828.30, F.S.; authorizing certain

employees, agents, or contractors to administer rabies

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vaccinations under certain circumstances; providing that a supervising veterinarian assumes responsibility for any person working under the veterinarian's supervision or at his or her direction; defining the term "indirect supervision"; authorizing a veterinarian who indirectly supervises the administration of the rabies vaccination to affix his or her signature stamp in lieu of an actual signature on the rabies vaccination certificate; providing an effective date.

Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:

Section 1. This act may be cited as the "Providing Equity in Telemedicine Services (PETS) Act."

Section 2. Subsection (14) is added to section 474.202, Florida Statutes, to read:

474.202 Definitions.—As used in this chapter:

(14) "Veterinary telemedicine" means the practice of veterinary medicine using synchronous, audiovisual, interactive telecommunications technology.

Section 3. Section 474.2021, Florida Statutes, is created to read:

474.2021 Veterinary telemedicine.

- (1) A veterinarian may practice veterinary telemedicine.
- (2) A veterinarian must hold a current license to practice veterinary medicine in this state in order to practice veterinary telemedicine. The practice of veterinary medicine is deemed to occur at the premises where the patient is located at

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the time the veterinarian practices veterinary telemedicine.

- (3) The board has jurisdiction over a veterinarian practicing veterinary telemedicine in this state, regardless of where the veterinarian's physical office is located.
- (4) A veterinarian practicing telemedicine shall do all of the following:
 - (a) Establish the veterinarian/client/patient relationship.
- (b) Provide the client with a statement containing the veterinarian's identity, license number, and contact information and the contact information for at least one physical veterinary clinic in the vicinity of the pet's location and instructions for how to receive patient follow-up care or assistance if the veterinarian and client are unable to communicate because of a technological or equipment failure or if there is an adverse reaction to treatment. The veterinarian shall obtain from the client a signed and dated statement indicating the client has received the required information.
- (c) Employ sound, professional judgment to determine whether using veterinary telemedicine is an appropriate method for delivering medical advice or treatment to the patient and providing quality of care consistent with prevailing veterinary medical practice. The practice of veterinary telemedicine in compliance with this section is not a quality-of-care violation, and a veterinarian may not be disciplined solely for practicing veterinary telemedicine.
- (5) A veterinarian practicing veterinary telemedicine may order, prescribe, or make available medicinal drugs or drugs as defined in chapter 465.
 - (6) A veterinarian practicing veterinary telemedicine may

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not order, prescribe, or make available controlled substances as defined in chapter 893 unless the veterinarian has performed an in-person physical examination of the patient or made medically appropriate and timely visits to the premises where the patient is kept.

(7) A veterinarian personally acquainted with the caring and keeping of an animal or group of animals on food-producing animal operations on land classified as agricultural pursuant to s. 193.461 who has recently seen the animal or group of animals or has made medically appropriate and timely visits to the premises where the animal or group of animals is kept may practice veterinary telemedicine for animals on such operations in compliance with this section and applicable federal law.

Section 4. Paragraph (a) of subsection (5) of section 474.203, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

474.203 Exemptions.—This chapter does not apply to:

(5) (a) Any person, or the person's regular employee, administering to the ills or injuries of her or his own animals, including, but not limited to, castration, spaying, and dehorning of herd animals, unless title is transferred or employment provided for the purpose of circumventing this law. This exemption does not apply to any person licensed as a veterinarian in another state or foreign jurisdiction and practicing temporarily in this state. However, except as provided in s. 828.30, only a veterinarian may immunize or treat an animal for diseases that are communicable to humans and that are of public health significance.

For the purposes of chapters 465 and 893, persons exempt

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pursuant to subsection (1), subsection (2), or subsection (4)
are deemed to be duly licensed practitioners authorized by the
laws of this state to prescribe drugs or medicinal supplies.

Section 5. Paragraph (y) of subsection (1) of section 474.214, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

474.214 Disciplinary proceedings.-

- (1) The following acts shall constitute grounds for which the disciplinary actions in subsection (2) may be taken:
- (y) Using the privilege of ordering, prescribing, or making available medicinal drugs or drugs as defined in chapter 465, or controlled substances as defined in chapter 893, for use other than for the specific treatment of animal patients for which there is a documented veterinarian/client/patient relationship.

 Pursuant thereto, The veterinarian shall:
- 1. Have sufficient knowledge of the animal to initiate at least a general or preliminary diagnosis of the medical condition of the animal, which means that the veterinarian is personally acquainted with the keeping and caring of the animal and has recently performed an examination of the patient either in person or by the use of veterinary telemedicine in compliance with s. 474.2021 seen the animal or has made medically appropriate and timely visits to the premises where the animal is kept.
- 2. Be available or provide for <u>follow-up</u> followup care and treatment in case of adverse reactions or failure of the regimen of therapy.
- 3. Maintain records which document patient visits, diagnosis, treatment, and other relevant information required under this chapter.

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Section 6. Subsection (1) of section 474.2165, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

474.2165 Ownership and control of veterinary medical patient records; report or copies of records to be furnished.—

(1) As used in this section, the term "records owner" means any veterinarian who generates a medical record after making an a physical examination of a patient, either in person or by the use of veterinary telemedicine in compliance with s. 474.2021, or administering treatment or dispensing legend drugs to, any patient; any veterinarian to whom records are transferred by a previous records owner; or any veterinarian's employer, provided the employment contract or agreement between the employer and the veterinarian designates the employer as the records owner.

Section 7. Subsections (1) and (3) of section 828.30, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

828.30 Rabies vaccination of dogs, cats, and ferrets.-

- (1) (a) All dogs, cats, and ferrets 4 months of age or older must be vaccinated by a licensed veterinarian or, in the case of impounded animals, a person authorized under paragraph (b) against rabies with a vaccine that is licensed by the United States Department of Agriculture for use in those species.
- (b) An employee, an agent, or a contractor of a county or municipal animal control authority acting under the indirect supervision of a veterinarian may vaccinate impounded dogs, cats, and ferrets that will be transferred, rescued, fostered, adopted, or reclaimed by the owner. The supervising veterinarian assumes responsibility for any person vaccinating animals at the veterinarian's direction or under his or her supervision. As used in this paragraph, the term "indirect supervision" means

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that the supervising veterinarian is required to be available for consultation through telecommunications but is not required to be physically present during such consultation.

- (c) The owner of every dog, cat, and ferret shall have the animal revaccinated 12 months after the initial vaccination. Thereafter, the interval between vaccinations shall conform to the vaccine manufacturer's directions. The cost of vaccination must be borne by the animal's owner. Evidence of circulating rabies virus neutralizing antibodies <u>may shall</u> not be used as a substitute for current vaccination in managing rabies exposure or determining the need for booster vaccinations.
- veterinarian shall provide the animal's owner and the animal control authority with a rabies vaccination certificate. Each animal control authority and veterinarian shall use the "Rabies Vaccination Certificate" of the National Association of State Public Health Veterinarians (NASPHV) or an equivalent form approved by the local government which that contains all the information required by the NASPHV Rabies Vaccination Certificate. The veterinarian who administers the rabies vaccination, or who supervises the administration of the rabies vaccination as provided in paragraph (1)(b), vaccine to an animal as authorized required under this section may affix his or her signature stamp in lieu of an actual signature.

Section 8. This act shall take effect July 1, 2023.