By the Appropriations Committee on Criminal and Civil Justice; the Committee on Criminal Justice; and Senator Brodeur

604-02849-23 2023280c2

A bill to be entitled

An act relating to controlled substances; amending s. 782.04, F.S.; revising the elements that constitute the capital offense of murder in the first degree; revising the elements that constitute the offense of murder in the third degree and constitute a felony of the second degree; defining the term "substantial factor"; creating s. 893.131, F.S.; defining terms; providing criminal penalties for adults who unlawfully distribute, deliver, sell, or dispense specified substances or mixtures and an injury or overdose of the user results; providing enhanced criminal penalties for repeat offenders; providing applicability and construction; providing an effective date.

Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:

Section 1. Paragraph (a) of subsection (1) and subsections (4) and (5) of section 782.04, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

22 782.04 Murder.-

- (1) (a) The unlawful killing of a human being:
- 1. When perpetrated from a premeditated design to effect the death of the person killed or any human being;
- 2. When committed by a person engaged in the perpetration of, or in the attempt to perpetrate, any:
 - a. Trafficking offense prohibited by s. 893.135(1),
 - b. Arson,

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31 d. Robbery,

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- e. Burglary,
- f. Kidnapping,
- 34 g. Escape,
 - h. Aggravated child abuse,
 - i. Aggravated abuse of an elderly person or disabled adult,
- 37 j. Aircraft piracy,
 - k. Unlawful throwing, placing, or discharging of a destructive device or bomb,
 - 1. Carjacking,
 - m. Home-invasion robbery,
 - n. Aggravated stalking,
 - o. Murder of another human being,
 - p. Resisting an officer with violence to his or her person,
 - q. Aggravated fleeing or eluding with serious bodily injury or death,
 - r. Felony that is an act of terrorism or is in furtherance of an act of terrorism, including a felony under s. 775.30, s. 775.32, s. 775.33, s. 775.34, or s. 775.35, or
 - s. Human trafficking; or
 - - a. A substance controlled under s. 893.03(1);
 - b. Cocaine, as described in s. 893.03(2)(a)4.;

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adult,

(j) Aircraft piracy,

604-02849-23 2023280c2 59 c. Opium or any synthetic or natural salt, compound, 60 derivative, or preparation of opium; 61 d. Methadone; e. Alfentanil, as described in s. 893.03(2)(b)1.; 62 63 f. Carfentanil, as described in s. 893.03(2)(b)6.; 64 g. Fentanyl, as described in s. 893.03(2)(b)9.; 65 h. Sufentanil, as described in s. 893.03(2)(b)30.; i. Methamphetamine, as described in s. 893.03(2)(c)5.; or 66 67 j. A controlled substance analog, as described in s. 68 893.0356, of any substance specified in sub-subparagraphs a.-i., 69 is murder in the first degree and constitutes a capital felony, 70 71 punishable as provided in s. 775.082. 72 (4) The unlawful killing of a human being, when perpetrated 73 without any design to effect death, by a person engaged in the 74 perpetration of, or in the attempt to perpetrate, any felony 75 other than any: 76 (a) Trafficking offense prohibited by s. 893.135(1), 77 (b) Arson, 78 (c) Sexual battery, 79 (d) Robbery, 80 (e) Burglary, (f) Kidnapping, 81 82 (g) Escape, 83 (h) Aggravated child abuse,

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(k) Unlawful throwing, placing, or discharging of a

(i) Aggravated abuse of an elderly person or disabled

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destructive device or bomb,

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- (1) Unlawful distribution of any substance listed in subsubparagraphs (1)(a)3.a.-j. by a person 18 years of age or older, when such substance is proven to have caused, or is proven to have been a substantial factor in producing, be the proximate cause of the death of the user,
 - (m) Carjacking,
 - (n) Home-invasion robbery,
 - (o) Aggravated stalking,
 - (p) Murder of another human being,
- (q) Aggravated fleeing or eluding with serious bodily injury or death,
- (r) Resisting an officer with violence to his or her person, or
- (s) Felony that is an act of terrorism or is in furtherance of an act of terrorism, including a felony under s. 775.30, s. 775.32, s. 775.33, s. 775.34, or s. 775.35,

is murder in the third degree and constitutes a felony of the second degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082, s. 775.083, or s. 775.084.

- (5) As used in this section, the term:
- (a) "Substantial factor" means that the use of a substance or mixture alone is sufficient to cause death or that the use of the substance or mixture contributed to the resulting death, regardless of whether any other substance or mixture used is also sufficient to cause death or contributed to the death.
 - (b) "Terrorism" means an activity that:
 (a)1.a. Involves a violent act or an act dangerous to human

or overdose.

604-02849-23 2023280c2 117 life which is a violation of the criminal laws of this state or 118 of the United States; or b.2. Involves a violation of s. 815.06; and 119 2. (b) Is intended to: 120 121 a. 1. Intimidate, injure, or coerce a civilian population; 122 b.2. Influence the policy of a government by intimidation 123 or coercion; or 124 c.3. Affect the conduct of government through destruction 125 of property, assassination, murder, kidnapping, or aircraft 126 piracy. 127 Section 2. Section 893.131, Florida Statutes, is created to 128 read: 129 893.131 Distribution of controlled substances resulting in 130 injury or overdose.-131 (1) As used in this section, the term: (a) "Emergency opioid antagonist" has the same meaning as 132 133 in s. 381.887. 134 (b) "Injury or overdose" means drug toxicity or the 135 temporary loss of locomotor activity, motor coordination, or 136 consciousness or cognitive impairment. 137 (c) "Medical care" means the administration of treatment 138 for the purposes of preserving or sustaining life or the 139 administration of an emergency opioid antagonist. 140 (d) "Substantial factor" means that the use of a substance or mixture alone is sufficient to cause an injury or overdose or 141 142 that the use of the substance or mixture contributed to a 143 resulting injury or overdose, regardless of whether any other 144 substance or mixture used is also sufficient to cause an injury

604-02849-23 2023280c2 146 (2)(a) Except as provided in paragraph (b), a person 18 147 years of age or older who unlawfully distributes, delivers, sells, or dispenses: 148 149 1. Heroin, as described in s. 893.03(1)(b)11.; 150 2. Alfentanil, as described in s. 893.03(2)(b)1.; 151 3. Carfentanil, as described in s. 893.03(2)(b)6.; 152 4. Fentanyl, as described in s. 893.03(2)(b)9.; 5. Sufentanil, as described in s. 893.03(2)(b)30.; 153 154 6. Fentanyl derivatives, as described in s. 155 893.03(1)(a)62.; 156 7. A controlled substance analog, as described in s. 157 893.0356, of any substance specified in subparagraphs 1.-6.; or 158 8. A mixture containing any substance specified in 159 subparagraphs 1.-7., 160 161 and an injury or overdose of the user results, commits a felony 162 of the second degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082, s. 775.083, or s. 775.084, when such substance or mixture is proven 163 164 to have caused or been a substantial factor in causing the 165 injury or overdose suffered by the user. 166 (b) A person 18 years of age or older who commits a 167 violation of paragraph (a) and who has previously been convicted of a violation of paragraph (a) commits a felony of the first 168 degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082, s. 775.083, or s. 169 170 775.084. 171 (3) The unlawful distribution, delivery, sale, or 172 dispensing of a substance or mixture specified in subparagraphs 173 (2) (a) 1.-8. may be from a person who directly, or indirectly

through another person, provided the substance or mixture to the

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user who was injured or overdosed.

(4) The administration of medical care by an emergency responder, including, but not limited to, a law enforcement officer, a paramedic, or an emergency medical technician, or the administration of an emergency opioid antagonist by such emergency responder, is prima facie evidence that the person receiving medical care was injured or overdosed.

(5) A person who experiences, or has a good faith belief that he or she is experiencing, an alcohol-related or a drug-related overdose and receives medical assistance, or a person acting in good faith who seeks medical assistance for an individual experiencing, or believed to be experiencing, an alcohol-related or a drug-related overdose, is afforded the protections provided under s. 893.21.

Section 3. This act shall take effect July 1, 2023.