LEGISLATIVE ACTION Senate House Comm: RCS 02/15/2023

The Committee on Transportation (DiCeglie) recommended the following:

Senate Amendment (with title amendment)

3 Delete lines 42 - 252

and insert:

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or her breath will, for a first refusal, result in the suspension of the person's privilege to operate a motor vehicle for a period of 1 year and mandatory continuous placement for 1 year, at the person's expense, of an ignition interlock device approved by the department in accordance with s. 316.1938 on all vehicles individually or jointly leased or owned and routinely

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operated by the person as provided in s. 316.1939(1). for a first refusal, or for a period of 18 months If the driving privilege of such person has been previously suspended or if he or she has previously been fined under s. 327.35215 as a result of a refusal to submit to a test or tests required under this chapter or chapter 327, the person must be told that his or her failure to submit to any lawful test of his or her breath will result in the suspension of the person's privilege to operate a motor vehicle for 18 months and mandatory continuous placement for 18 months, at the person's expense, of an ignition interlock device approved by the department in accordance with s. 316.1938 on all vehicles that are individually or jointly leased or owned and routinely operated by the person as provided in s. 316.1939(1). The person must and shall also be told that if he or she refuses to submit to a lawful test of his or her breath and his or her driving privilege has been previously suspended or if he or she has previously been fined under s. 327.35215 for a prior refusal to submit to a lawful test of his or her breath, urine, or blood as required under this chapter or chapter 327, he or she commits a misdemeanor of the first degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082 or s. 775.083, in addition to any other penalties provided by law. The refusal to submit to a chemical or physical breath test upon the request of a law enforcement officer as provided in this section is admissible into evidence in any criminal proceeding.

b. A person who accepts the privilege extended by the laws of this state of operating a motor vehicle within this state is, by operating such vehicle, deemed to have given his or her consent to submit to a urine test for the purpose of detecting

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the presence of chemical substances as set forth in s. 877.111 or controlled substances if the person is lawfully arrested for any offense allegedly committed while the person was driving or was in actual physical control of a motor vehicle while under the influence of chemical substances or controlled substances. The urine test must be incidental to a lawful arrest and administered at a detention facility or any other facility, mobile or otherwise, which is equipped to administer such tests at the request of a law enforcement officer who has reasonable cause to believe such person was driving or was in actual physical control of a motor vehicle within this state while under the influence of chemical substances or controlled substances. The urine test must shall be administered at a detention facility or any other facility, mobile or otherwise, which is equipped to administer such test in a reasonable manner that will ensure the accuracy of the specimen and maintain the privacy of the individual involved. The administration of a urine test does not preclude the administration of another type of test. The person must shall be told that his or her failure to submit to any lawful test of his or her urine will result in the suspension of the person's privilege to operate a motor vehicle for a period of 1 year for the first refusal, or for a period of 18 months if the driving privilege of such person has been previously suspended or if he or she has previously been fined under s. 327.35215 as a result of a refusal to submit to a test or tests required under this chapter or chapter 327, and must shall also be told that if he or she refuses to submit to a lawful test of his or her urine and his or her driving privilege has been previously suspended or if he or she has previously

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been fined under s. 327.35215 for a prior refusal to submit to a lawful test of his or her breath, urine, or blood as required under this chapter or chapter 327, he or she commits a misdemeanor of the first degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082 or s. 775.083, in addition to any other penalties provided by law. The refusal to submit to a urine test upon the request of a law enforcement officer as provided in this section is admissible into evidence in any criminal proceeding.

- 2. The Alcohol Testing Program within the Department of Law Enforcement is responsible for the regulation of the operation, inspection, and registration of breath test instruments used utilized under the driving and boating under the influence provisions and related provisions located in this chapter and chapters 322 and 327. The program is responsible for the regulation of the individuals who operate, inspect, and instruct on the breath test instruments used utilized in the driving and boating under the influence provisions and related provisions located in this chapter and chapters 322 and 327. The program is further responsible for the regulation of blood analysts who conduct blood testing to be used utilized under the driving and boating under the influence provisions and related provisions located in this chapter and chapters 322 and 327. The program must shall:
- a. Establish uniform criteria for the issuance of permits to breath test operators, agency inspectors, instructors, blood analysts, and instruments.
- b. Have the authority to permit breath test operators, agency inspectors, instructors, blood analysts, and instruments.
 - c. Have the authority to discipline and suspend, revoke, or

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renew the permits of breath test operators, agency inspectors, instructors, blood analysts, and instruments.

- d. Establish uniform requirements for instruction and curricula for the operation and inspection of approved instruments.
- e. Have the authority to specify one approved curriculum for the operation and inspection of approved instruments.
- f. Establish a procedure for the approval of breath test operator and agency inspector classes.
- q. Have the authority to approve or disapprove breath test instruments and accompanying paraphernalia for use pursuant to the driving and boating under the influence provisions and related provisions located in this chapter and chapters 322 and 327.
- h. With the approval of the executive director of the Department of Law Enforcement, make and enter into contracts and agreements with other agencies, organizations, associations, corporations, individuals, or federal agencies as are necessary, expedient, or incidental to the performance of duties.
- i. Issue final orders that which include findings of fact and conclusions of law and that which constitute final agency action for the purpose of chapter 120.
- j. Enforce compliance with this section through civil or administrative proceedings.
- k. Make recommendations concerning any matter within the purview of this section, this chapter, chapter 322, or chapter 327.
- 1. Adopt Promulgate rules for the administration and implementation of this section, including definitions of terms.

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- m. Consult and cooperate with other entities for the purpose of implementing the mandates of this section.
 - n. Have the authority to approve the type of blood test used utilized under the driving and boating under the influence provisions and related provisions located in this chapter and chapters 322 and 327.
 - o. Have the authority to specify techniques and methods for breath alcohol testing and blood testing used utilized under the driving and boating under the influence provisions and related provisions located in this chapter and chapters 322 and 327.
 - p. Have the authority to approve repair facilities for the approved breath test instruments, including the authority to set criteria for approval.

Nothing in This section does not shall be construed to supersede provisions in this chapter and chapters 322 and 327. The specifications in this section are derived from the power and authority previously and currently possessed by the Department of Law Enforcement and are enumerated to conform with the mandates of chapter 99-379, Laws of Florida.

Section 2. Section 316.1939, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

316.1939 Refusal to submit to testing; penalties.-

(1) If a person has refused to submit to a lawful test of his or her breath as required under s. 316.1932(1)(a)1.a., he or she must install, at his or her expense, an ignition interlock device on all vehicles individually or jointly leased or owned and routinely operated by him or her for 1 continuous year for a first refusal or 18 continuous months for a second or subsequent

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refusal as provided in s. 322.2615(1)(a).

- (2) A person who has refused to submit to a chemical or physical test of his or her breath or urine, as described in s. 316.1932, and whose driving privilege was previously suspended or who was previously fined under s. 327.35215 for a prior refusal to submit to a lawful test of his or her breath, urine, or blood required under this chapter or chapter 327, and:
- (a) Who the arresting law enforcement officer had probable cause to believe was driving or in actual physical control of a motor vehicle in this state while under the influence of alcoholic beverages, chemical substances, or controlled substances;
- (b) Who was placed under lawful arrest for a violation of s. 316.193 unless such test was requested pursuant to s. 316.1932(1)(c);
 - (c) Who was informed that: \(\tau \)
- 1. If he or she refused to submit to a lawful test of his or her breath, his or her privilege to operate a motor vehicle would be suspended for 1 year for a first refusal or 18 months for a second or subsequent refusal, and that he or she would be subject to mandatory continuous placement of an ignition interlock device for 1 year for a first refusal or 18 months for a second or subsequent refusal, at his or her expense, on all vehicles that he or she individually or jointly leases or owns and routinely operates; or
- 2. If he or she refused to submit to a lawful such test of his or her urine, his or her privilege to operate a motor vehicle would be suspended for a period of 1 year for a first refusal or, in the case of a second or subsequent refusal, for a

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period of 18 months for a second or subsequent refusal;

- (d) Who was informed that a refusal to submit to a lawful test of his or her breath or urine, if his or her driving privilege has been previously suspended or if he or she has previously been fined under s. 327.35215 for a prior refusal to submit to a lawful test of his or her breath, urine, or blood as required under this chapter or chapter 327, is a misdemeanor of the first degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082 or s. 775.083, in addition to any other penalties provided by law; and
- (e) Who, after having been so informed, refused to submit to any such test when requested to do so by a law enforcement officer or correctional officer

198 commits a misdemeanor of the first degree and is subject to 199 punishment as provided in s. 775.082 or s. 775.083.

- (3) The disposition of any administrative proceeding that relates to the suspension of a person's driving privilege does not affect a criminal action under this section.
- (4) The disposition of a criminal action under this section does not affect any administrative proceeding that relates to the suspension of a person's driving privilege. The department's records showing that a person's license has been previously suspended for a prior refusal to submit to a lawful test of his or her breath, urine, or blood is shall be admissible and creates shall create a rebuttable presumption of such suspension.
- Section 3. Paragraph (a) of subsection (10) of section 322.2615 is amended, to read:
 - 322.2615 Suspension of license; right to review.-

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(10) A person whose driver license is suspended under subsection (1) or subsection (3) may apply for issuance of a license for business or employment purposes only if the person is otherwise eligible for the driving privilege pursuant to s. 322.271.

(a) If the suspension of the driver license of the person for failure to submit to a breath, urine, or blood test is sustained, the person is not eligible to receive a license for business or employment purposes only, pursuant to s. 322.271, until 30 90 days have elapsed after the expiration of the last temporary permit issued. If the driver is not issued a 10-day permit pursuant to this section or s. 322.64 because he or she is ineligible for the permit and the suspension for failure to submit to a breath, urine, or blood test is not invalidated by the department, the driver is not eligible to receive a business or employment license pursuant to s. 322.271 until 30 90 days have elapsed from the date of the suspension.

Section 4. Present subsections (4) and (5) of section 322.2715, Florida Statutes, are redesignated as subsections (5) and (6), respectively, and a new subsection (4) is added to that section, to read:

322.2715 Ignition interlock device.

(4) If a driver refuses to take a lawful test of his or her breath as required by s. 316.1932, he or she must install an ignition interlock device on all vehicles individually or jointly leased or owned and routinely operated by him or her for 1 continuous year for a first refusal or for 18 continuous months for a second or subsequent refusal upon reinstatement of a permanent or restricted license.



243 Section 4. This act shall take effect January 1, 2024. 244 ======= T I T L E A M E N D M E N T ========= 245 246 And the title is amended as follows: 247 Delete lines 15 - 16 248 and insert: 249 provision to changes made by the act; amending s. 250 322.2615, F.S.; decreasing the timeframe during which 251 a person whose license is suspended for failure to 252 submit to a breath, urine, or blood test is not 253 eligible to receive a license for business or employment purposes only; amending s. 322.2715, F.S.; 254 255 requiring a driver who refuses to take a lawful test 256 of his or her breath to install an ignition interlock 257 device, upon a reinstatement of certain licenses and 258 for a specified time, on vehicles he or she leases or 259 owns and routinely operates; providing an effective 260 date.