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         An act relating to the Florida Statutes; amending ss.
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         8.0001, 10.201, 11.45, 14.2019, 16.71, 16.713, 16.715,
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         20.03, 22.03, 23.21, 24.103, 28.2457, 39.0016, 39.101,
         44.1011, 45.011, 61.046, 83.43, 83.803, 90.5015,
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         90.801, 97.021, 98.065, 101.019, 101.292, 101.69,
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         106.08, 110.123, 110.501, 112.044, 112.0455, 112.061,
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         112.19, 112.26, 112.3144, 112.3187, 112.352, 112.353,
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         112.361, 112.625, 116.34, 121.021, 121.051, 125.0104,
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         125.488, 159.47, 163.32051, 166.0484, 175.261,
         185.221, 205.022, 215.5551, 216.011, 251.001, 252.35,
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         1002.3105, 1002.33, 1002.37, 1002.394, 1002.42,
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         1002.43, 1002.455, 1003.01, 1003.03, 1003.21, 1003.26,
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         1003.4282, 1003.485, 1003.52, 1003.573, 1003.575,
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1004.22, 1004.43, 1004.447, 1004.648, 1004.6496,
1004.65, 1004.79, 1006.0626, 1006.07, 1006.1493,
1006.28, 1006.73, 1007.33, 1008.24, 1008.47, 1009.21,
1009.286, 1009.89, 1009.895, and 1012.2315, F.S.;
deleting provisions that have expired, have become
obsolete, have had their effect, have served their
purpose, or have been impliedly repealed or
superseded; replacing incorrect cross-references and
citations; correcting grammatical, typographical, and
like errors; removing inconsistencies, redundancies,
and unnecessary repetition in the statutes; and
improving the clarity of the statutes and facilitating
their correct interpretation; providing effective
dates.

Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:

Section 1. Paragraph (b) of subsection (2) of section 8.0001, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

8.0001 Definitions.—In accordance with s. 8(a), Art. X of the State Constitution, the United States Decennial Census of 2020 is the official census of the state for the purposes of congressional redistricting.

- (2) As used in this chapter, the term:
- (b) "Block equivalency file" describes a list of all blocks within the state and the congressional district number designated for each block. Blocks are listed by a 15-character number that combines the five-character county-level Federal Information Processing Standards (FIPS) code, the six-character

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tract number with leading zeros and an implied decimal, the single-character block group number, and the three-character block number.

Reviser's note.—Amended to confirm an editorial insertion to conform to the complete name of the standards and guidelines for federal computer systems that are developed by the National Institute of Standards and Technology.

Section 2. Paragraph (b) of subsection (3) of section 10.201, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

- 10.201 Official census for apportionment; definitions.-
- (3) As used in this joint resolution, the term:
- (b) "Block equivalency file" describes a list of all blocks within the state and the representative or senatorial district number designated for each block. Blocks are listed by a 15-character number that combines the five-character county-level Federal Information Processing Standards System (FIPS) code, the six-character tract number with leading zeros and an implied decimal, the single-character block group number, and the three-character block number.

Reviser's note.—Amended to confirm an editorial substitution to conform to the correct name of the standards and guidelines for federal computer systems that are developed by the National Institute of Standards and Technology.

Section 3. Paragraph (k) of subsection (2) of section 11.45, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

- 11.45 Definitions; duties; authorities; reports; rules.-
- (2) DUTIES.—The Auditor General shall:
- (k) Contact each district school board, as defined in s. $1003.01(7) \frac{1003.01(1)}{1003.01(1)}$, with the findings and recommendations

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contained within the Auditor General's previous operational audit report. The district school board shall provide the Auditor General with evidence of the initiation of corrective action within 45 days after the date it is requested by the Auditor General and evidence of completion of corrective action within 180 days after the date it is requested by the Auditor General. If the district school board fails to comply with the Auditor General's request or is unable to take corrective action within the required timeframe, the Auditor General shall notify the Legislative Auditing Committee.

The Auditor General shall perform his or her duties independently but under the general policies established by the Legislative Auditing Committee. This subsection does not limit the Auditor General's discretionary authority to conduct other audits or engagements of governmental entities as authorized in subsection (3).

Reviser's note.—Amended to conform to the reordering of definitions in s. 1003.01 by this act.

Section 4. Subsection (5) of section 14.2019, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

- 14.2019 Statewide Office for Suicide Prevention.-
- (5) The First Responders Suicide Deterrence Task Force, a task force as defined in s. $\underline{20.03(5)}$ $\underline{20.03(8)}$, is created adjunct to the Statewide Office for Suicide Prevention.
- (a) The purpose of the task force is to make recommendations on how to reduce the incidence of suicide and attempted suicide among employed or retired first responders in the state.

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- (b) The task force is composed of a representative of the statewide office and a representative of each of the following first responder organizations, nominated by the organization and appointed by the Secretary of Children and Families:
 - 1. The Florida Professional Firefighters Association.
 - 2. The Florida Police Benevolent Association.
- 3. The Florida State Lodge of the Fraternal Order of Police.
 - 4. The Florida Sheriffs Association.
 - 5. The Florida Police Chiefs Association.
 - 6. The Florida Fire Chiefs' Association.
- (c) The task force shall elect a chair from among its membership. Except as otherwise provided, the task force shall operate in a manner consistent with s. 20.052.
- (d) The task force shall identify or make recommendations on developing training programs and materials that would better enable first responders to cope with personal life stressors and stress related to their profession and foster an organizational culture that:
- 1. Promotes mutual support and solidarity among active and retired first responders.
- 2. Trains agency supervisors and managers to identify suicidal risk among active and retired first responders.
- 3. Improves the use and awareness of existing resources among active and retired first responders.
- 4. Educates active and retired first responders on suicide awareness and help-seeking.
- (e) The task force shall identify state and federal public resources, funding and grants, first responder association

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resources, and private resources to implement identified training programs and materials.

- (f) The task force shall report on its findings and recommendations for training programs and materials to deter suicide among active and retired first responders to the Governor, the President of the Senate, and the Speaker of the House of Representatives by each July 1, beginning in 2021, and through 2023.
- (g) This subsection is repealed July 1, 2023.
 Reviser's note.—The introductory paragraph to subsection (5) is amended to conform to the reordering of definitions in s.
 20.03 by this act. Paragraph (f) is amended to delete obsolete language.
- Section 5. Paragraph (b) of subsection (3) of section 16.71, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
- 16.71 Florida Gaming Control Commission; creation; meetings; membership.—
 - (3) REQUIREMENTS FOR APPOINTMENT; PROHIBITIONS.-
- (b) The Governor may not solicit or request any nominations, recommendations, or communications about potential candidates for appointment to the commission from:
- 1. Any person that holds a permit or license issued under chapter 550, or a license issued under chapter 551 or chapter 849; an officer, official, or employee of such permitholder or licensee; or an ultimate equitable owner, as defined in s. 550.002(37) 550.002(36), of such permitholder or licensee;
- 2. Any officer, official, employee, or other person with duties or responsibilities relating to a gaming operation owned by an Indian tribe that has a valid and active compact with the

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state; a contractor or subcontractor of such tribe or an entity employed, licensed, or contracted by such tribe; or an ultimate equitable owner, as defined in s. 550.002(37) 550.002(36), of such entity; or

- 3. Any registered lobbyist for the executive or legislative branch who represents any person or entity identified in subparagraph 1. or subparagraph 2.
- Reviser's note.—Amended to conform to the reordering of definitions in s. 550.002 by this act.
- Section 6. Paragraphs (a) and (b) of subsection (2) of section 16.713, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:
- 16.713 Florida Gaming Control Commission; appointment and employment restrictions.—
- (2) PROHIBITIONS FOR EMPLOYEES AND COMMISSIONERS; PERSONS INELIGIBLE FOR APPOINTMENT TO AND EMPLOYMENT WITH THE COMMISSION.—
- (a) A person may not, for the 2 years immediately preceding the date of appointment to or employment with the commission and while appointed to or employed with the commission:
- 1. Hold a permit or license issued under chapter 550 or a license issued under chapter 551 or chapter 849; be an officer, official, or employee of such permitholder or licensee; or be an ultimate equitable owner, as defined in s. $\underline{550.002(37)}$ 550.002(36), of such permitholder or licensee;
- 2. Be an officer, official, employee, or other person with duties or responsibilities relating to a gaming operation owned by an Indian tribe that has a valid and active compact with the state; be a contractor or subcontractor of such tribe or an entity employed, licensed, or contracted by such tribe; or be an

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ultimate equitable owner, as defined in s. 550.002(37)550.002(36), of such entity;

- 3. Be a registered lobbyist for the executive or legislative branch, except while a commissioner or employee of the commission when officially representing the commission or unless the person registered as a lobbyist for the executive or legislative branch while employed by a state agency as defined in s. 110.107 during the normal course of his or her employment with such agency and he or she has not lobbied on behalf of any entity other than a state agency during the 2 years immediately preceding the date of his or her appointment to or employment with the commission; or
- 4. Be a bingo game operator or an employee of a bingo game operator.
- (b) A person is ineligible for appointment to or employment with the commission if, within the 2 years immediately preceding such appointment or employment, he or she violated paragraph (a) or solicited or accepted employment with, acquired any direct or indirect interest in, or had any direct or indirect business association, partnership, or financial relationship with, or is a relative of:
- 1. Any person or entity who is an applicant, licensee, or registrant with the commission; or
- 2. Any officer, official, employee, or other person with duties or responsibilities relating to a gaming operation owned by an Indian tribe that has a valid and active compact with the state; any contractor or subcontractor of such tribe or an entity employed, licensed, or contracted by such tribe; or any ultimate equitable owner, as defined in s. 550.002(37)

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 $\frac{550.002(36)}{}$, of such entity.

For the purposes of this subsection, the term "relative" means a spouse, father, mother, son, daughter, grandfather, grandmother, brother, sister, uncle, aunt, cousin, nephew, niece, father-in-law, mother-in-law, son-in-law, daughter-in-law, brother-in-law, sister-in-law, stepfather, stepmother, stepson, stepdaughter, stepbrother, stepsister, half-brother, or half-sister.

Reviser's note.—Amended to conform to the reordering of

Reviser's note.—Amended to conform to the reordering of definitions in s. 550.002 by this act.

Section 7. Paragraphs (b) and (c) of subsection (2) of section 16.715, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

- 16.715 Florida Gaming Control Commission standards of conduct; ex parte communications.—
 - (2) FORMER COMMISSIONERS AND EMPLOYEES.-
- (b) A commissioner may not, for the 2 years immediately following the date of resignation or termination from the commission:
- 1. Hold a permit or license issued under chapter 550, or a license issued under chapter 551 or chapter 849; be an officer, official, or employee of such permitholder or licensee; or be an ultimate equitable owner, as defined in s. $\underline{550.002(37)}$ $\underline{550.002(36)}$, of such permitholder or licensee;
- 2. Accept employment by or compensation from a business entity that, directly or indirectly, owns or controls a person regulated by the commission; from a person regulated by the commission; from a business entity which, directly or indirectly, is an affiliate or subsidiary of a person regulated by the commission; or from a business entity or trade

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association that has been a party to a commission proceeding within the 2 years preceding the member's resignation or termination of service on the commission; or

- 3. Be a bingo game operator or an employee of a bingo game operator.
- (c) A person employed by the commission may not, for the 2 years immediately following the date of termination or resignation from employment with the commission:
- 1. Hold a permit or license issued under chapter 550, or a license issued under chapter 551 or chapter 849; be an officer, official, or employee of such permitholder or licensee; or be an ultimate equitable owner, as defined in s. 550.002(37) 550.002(36), of such permitholder or licensee; or
- 2. Be a bingo game operator or an employee of a bingo game operator.
- Reviser's note.—Amended to conform to the reordering of definitions in s. 550.002 by this act.
- Section 8. Subsections (1) through (6) and (8) through (12) of section 20.03, Florida Statutes, are reordered and amended to read:
- 20.03 Definitions.—To provide uniform nomenclature throughout the structure of the executive branch, the following definitions apply:
- (3)(1) "Cabinet" means collectively the Attorney General, the Chief Financial Officer, and the Commissioner of Agriculture, as specified in s. 4, Art. IV of the State Constitution.
- (8) "Department" means the principal administrative unit within the executive branch of state government.

- $\underline{(9)}$ "Examining and licensing board" means a board authorized to grant and revoke licenses to engage in regulated occupations.
- (11) (4) "Head of the department" means the individual under whom or the board under which direct administration of the department is placed by statute. Where direct administration of a department is placed under an officer or board appointed by and serving at the pleasure of the Governor, that officer or board remains subject to the Governor's supervision and direction.
- $\underline{(12)}$ "Secretary" means an individual who is appointed by the Governor to head a department and who is not otherwise named in the State Constitution.
- $\underline{(10)}$ "Executive director" means the chief administrative employee or officer of a department headed by a board or by the Governor and the Cabinet.
- (5)(8) "Committee" or "task force" means an advisory body created without specific statutory enactment for a time not to exceed 1 year or created by specific statutory enactment for a time not to exceed 3 years and appointed to study a specific problem and recommend a solution or policy alternative with respect to that problem. Its existence terminates upon the completion of its assignment.
- $\underline{(6)}$ "Coordinating council" means an interdepartmental advisory body created by law to coordinate programs and activities for which one department has primary responsibility but in which one or more other departments have an interest.
- (4) "Commission," unless otherwise required by the State Constitution, means a body created by specific statutory

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enactment within a department, the office of the Governor, or the Executive Office of the Governor and exercising limited quasi-legislative or quasi-judicial powers, or both, independently of the head of the department or the Governor.

- (1) (11) "Agency," as the context requires, means an official, officer, commission, authority, council, committee, department, division, bureau, board, section, or another unit or entity of government.
- (2)(12) "Board of trustees," except with reference to the board created in chapter 253, means a board created by specific statutory enactment and appointed to function adjunctively to a department, the Governor, or the Executive Office of the Governor to administer public property or a public program. Reviser's note.—Amended to place the definitions of the section in alphabetical order.

Section 9. Subsections (1), (4), and (5) of sect:

- Section 9. Subsections (1), (4), and (5) of section 22.03, Florida Statutes, are reordered and amended to read:
- 22.03 Definitions.—Unless otherwise clearly required by the context, as used in ss. 22.01-22.10:
- $\underline{(5)}$ "Unavailable" means either that a vacancy in office exists or that the lawful incumbent of the office is absent or unable to exercise the powers and discharge the duties of the office.
- (1) (4) "Attack" means any attack or series of attacks by an enemy of the United States causing, or which may cause, substantial damage or injury to civilian property or persons in the United States in any manner by sabotage or by the use of bombs, missiles, shellfire, or atomic, radiological, chemical, bacteriological, or biological means or other weapons or

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processes.

(4) (5) "Political subdivision" includes counties, cities, towns, villages, townships, districts, authorities, and other public corporations and entities whether organized and existing under charter or general law.

Reviser's note.—Amended to place the definitions of the section in alphabetical order.

Section 10. Section 23.21, Florida Statutes, is reordered and amended to read:

23.21 Definitions.—For purposes of this part:

(2)(1) "Department" means a principal administrative unit within the executive branch of state government as defined in chapter 20 and includes the State Board of Administration, the Executive Office of the Governor, the Fish and Wildlife Conservation Commission, the Florida Commission on Offender Review, the Agency for Health Care Administration, the State Board of Education, the Board of Governors of the State University System, the Justice Administrative Commission, the capital collateral regional counsel, and separate budget entities placed for administrative purposes within a department.

(3)(2) "Paperwork burden" means the resources expended by the entity providing information. Resources may include the time, effort, or financial expenditure associated with reviewing the instructions; acquiring, installing, and using technology to obtain, compile, or report the information; searching data sources; completing and reviewing the collected information; or transmitting the required information to the requesting department.

(1) (3) "Collect information" means the obtaining, causing

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to be obtained, soliciting, or requiring the disclosure to third parties of facts or opinions by or for a department, regardless of form or format, calling for answers to identical questions posed to, or identical reporting or recordkeeping requirements imposed on, 10 or more persons, other than departments or employees of this state.

Reviser's note.—Amended to place the definitions of the section in alphabetical order.

Section 11. Subsections (2), (4), and (5) of section 24.103, Florida Statutes, are reordered and amended to read:

24.103 Definitions.—As used in this act:

(5) "Secretary" means the secretary of the department.

(2)(4) "Major procurement" means a procurement for a contract for the printing of tickets for use in any lottery game, consultation services for the startup of the lottery, any goods or services involving the official recording for lottery game play purposes of a player's selections in any lottery game involving player selections, any goods or services involving the receiving of a player's selection directly from a player in any lottery game involving player selections, any goods or services involving the drawing, determination, or generation of winners in any lottery game, the security report services provided for in this act, or any goods and services relating to marketing and promotion which exceed a value of \$25,000.

 $\underline{(4)}$ "Retailer" means a person who sells lottery tickets on behalf of the department pursuant to a contract.

Reviser's note.—Amended to place the definitions of the section in alphabetical order.

Section 12. Subsection (2) of section 28.2457, Florida

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Statutes, is amended to read:

28.2457 Mandatory monetary assessments.-

(2) The clerks of the circuit court must collaborate with the state courts through the Florida Courts Technology

Commission to prepare a plan to procure or develop a statewide electronic solution that will accurately identify all assessments mandated by statute. The plan must, at a minimum, address operational, technological, and fiscal considerations related to implementation of the electronic solution. The clerks must submit the plan to the President of the Senate and the Speaker of the House of Representatives by January 1, 2022.

Reviser's note.—Amended to delete an obsolete provision; the referenced plan was submitted on January 1, 2022.

Section 13. Paragraph (b) of subsection (3) of section

Section 13. Paragraph (b) of subsection (3) of section 39.0016, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

- 39.0016 Education of abused, neglected, and abandoned children; agency agreements; children having or suspected of having a disability.—
 - (3) CHILDREN HAVING OR SUSPECTED OF HAVING A DISABILITY.-
- (b)1. Each district school superintendent or dependency court must appoint a surrogate parent for a child known to the department who has or is suspected of having a disability, as defined in s. $1003.01(9) \ \frac{1003.01(3)}{1003.01(3)}$, when:
 - a. After reasonable efforts, no parent can be located; or
- b. A court of competent jurisdiction over a child under this chapter has determined that no person has the authority under the Individuals with Disabilities Education Act, including the parent or parents subject to the dependency action, or that no person has the authority, willingness, or ability to serve as

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the educational decisionmaker for the child without judicial action.

- 2. A surrogate parent appointed by the district school superintendent or the court must be at least 18 years old and have no personal or professional interest that conflicts with the interests of the student to be represented. Neither the district school superintendent nor the court may appoint an employee of the Department of Education, the local school district, a community-based care provider, the Department of Children and Families, or any other public or private agency involved in the education or care of the child as appointment of those persons is prohibited by federal law. This prohibition includes group home staff and therapeutic foster parents. However, a person who acts in a parental role to a child, such as a foster parent or relative caregiver, is not prohibited from serving as a surrogate parent if he or she is employed by such agency, willing to serve, and knowledgeable about the child and the exceptional student education process. The surrogate parent may be a court-appointed quardian ad litem or a relative or nonrelative adult who is involved in the child's life regardless of whether that person has physical custody of the child. Each person appointed as a surrogate parent must have the knowledge and skills acquired by successfully completing training using materials developed and approved by the Department of Education to ensure adequate representation of the child.
- 3. If a guardian ad litem has been appointed for a child, the district school superintendent must first consider the child's guardian ad litem when appointing a surrogate parent. The district school superintendent must accept the appointment

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of the court if he or she has not previously appointed a surrogate parent. Similarly, the court must accept a surrogate parent duly appointed by a district school superintendent.

- 4. A surrogate parent appointed by the district school superintendent or the court must be accepted by any subsequent school or school district without regard to where the child is receiving residential care so that a single surrogate parent can follow the education of the child during his or her entire time in state custody. Nothing in this paragraph or in rule shall limit or prohibit the continuance of a surrogate parent appointment when the responsibility for the student's educational placement moves among and between public and private agencies.
- 5. For a child known to the department, the responsibility to appoint a surrogate parent resides with both the district school superintendent and the court with jurisdiction over the child. If the court elects to appoint a surrogate parent, notice shall be provided as soon as practicable to the child's school. At any time the court determines that it is in the best interests of a child to remove a surrogate parent, the court may appoint a new surrogate parent for educational decisionmaking purposes for that child.
- 6. The surrogate parent shall continue in the appointed role until one of the following occurs:
- a. The child is determined to no longer be eligible or in need of special programs, except when termination of special programs is being contested.
- b. The child achieves permanency through adoption or legal guardianship and is no longer in the custody of the department.

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- c. The parent who was previously unknown becomes known, whose whereabouts were unknown is located, or who was unavailable is determined by the court to be available.
- d. The appointed surrogate no longer wishes to represent the child or is unable to represent the child.
- e. The superintendent of the school district in which the child is attending school, the Department of Education contract designee, or the court that appointed the surrogate determines that the appointed surrogate parent no longer adequately represents the child.
- f. The child moves to a geographic location that is not reasonably accessible to the appointed surrogate.
- 7. The appointment and termination of appointment of a surrogate under this paragraph shall be entered as an order of the court with a copy of the order provided to the child's school as soon as practicable.
- 8. The person appointed as a surrogate parent under this paragraph must:
- a. Be acquainted with the child and become knowledgeable about his or her disability and educational needs.
- b. Represent the child in all matters relating to identification, evaluation, and educational placement and the provision of a free and appropriate education to the child.
- c. Represent the interests and safeguard the rights of the child in educational decisions that affect the child.
- 9. The responsibilities of the person appointed as a surrogate parent shall not extend to the care, maintenance, custody, residential placement, or any other area not specifically related to the education of the child, unless the

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same person is appointed by the court for such other purposes.

- 10. A person appointed as a surrogate parent shall enjoy all of the procedural safeguards afforded a parent with respect to the identification, evaluation, and educational placement of a student with a disability or a student who is suspected of having a disability.
- 11. A person appointed as a surrogate parent shall not be held liable for actions taken in good faith on behalf of the student in protecting the special education rights of the child. Reviser's note.—Amended to conform to the reordering of

definitions in s. 1003.01 by this act.

Section 14. Paragraph (f) of subsection (3) of section 39.101, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

- 39.101 Central abuse hotline.—The central abuse hotline is the first step in the safety assessment and investigation process.
- (3) COLLECTION OF INFORMATION AND DATA.—The department shall:
- (f)1. Collect and analyze child-on-child sexual abuse reports and include such information in the aggregate statistical reports.
- 2. Collect and analyze, in separate statistical reports, those reports of child abuse, sexual abuse, and juvenile sexual abuse which are reported from or which occurred on or at:
 - a. School premises;
 - b. School transportation;
 - c. School-sponsored off-campus events;
- d. A school readiness program provider determined to be eligible under s. 1002.88;

- e. A private prekindergarten provider or a public school prekindergarten provider, as those terms are defined in s. 1002.51(7) and (8), respectively;
 - f. A public K-12 school as described in s. 1000.04;
 - g. A private school as defined in s. 1002.01;
- h. A Florida College System institution or a state university, as those terms are defined in s. $\underline{1000.21(5)}$ and $\underline{(8)}$ $\underline{1000.21(3)}$ and $\underline{(6)}$, respectively; or
- i. A school, as defined in s. 1005.02.
 Reviser's note.—Amended to conform to the reordering of
 definitions in s. 1000.21 by this act.
- Section 15. Paragraphs (d) and (e) of subsection (2) of section 44.1011, Florida Statutes, are reordered and amended to read:
 - 44.1011 Definitions.—As used in this chapter:
- (2) "Mediation" means a process whereby a neutral third person called a mediator acts to encourage and facilitate the resolution of a dispute between two or more parties. It is an informal and nonadversarial process with the objective of helping the disputing parties reach a mutually acceptable and voluntary agreement. In mediation, decisionmaking authority rests with the parties. The role of the mediator includes, but is not limited to, assisting the parties in identifying issues, fostering joint problem solving, and exploring settlement alternatives. "Mediation" includes:
- (e) (d) "Family mediation" which means mediation of family matters, including married and unmarried persons, before and after judgments involving dissolution of marriage; property division; shared or sole parental responsibility; or child

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support, custody, and visitation involving emotional or financial considerations not usually present in other circuit civil cases. Negotiations in family mediation are primarily conducted by the parties. Counsel for each party may attend the mediation conference and privately communicate with their clients. However, presence of counsel is not required, and, in the discretion of the mediator, and with the agreement of the parties, mediation may proceed in the absence of counsel unless otherwise ordered by the court.

(d) (e) "Dependency or in need of services mediation," which means mediation of dependency, child in need of services, or family in need of services matters. Negotiations in dependency or in need of services mediation are primarily conducted by the parties. Counsel for each party may attend the mediation conference and privately communicate with their clients. However, presence of counsel is not required and, in the discretion of the mediator and with the agreement of the parties, mediation may proceed in the absence of counsel unless otherwise ordered by the court.

Reviser's note.—Amended to place the definitions in paragraphs

- (d) and (e) in alphabetical order.
- Section 16. Section 45.011, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
- 45.011 Definitions.—In all statutes about practice and procedure:
- (1) "Bond with surety" means a bond with two good and sufficient sureties, each with unencumbered property not subject to any exemption afforded by law equal in value to the penal sum of the bond or a bond with a licensed surety company as surety

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or a cash deposit conditioned as for a bond.

- (2) "Defendant" means any party against whom relief as referenced in subsection (3) is sought.
- (3) "Plaintiff" means any party seeking affirmative relief whether plaintiff, counterclaimant, cross-claimant; or third-party plaintiff, counterclaimant or cross-claimant.; "defendant" means any party against whom such relief is sought; "bond with surety" means a bond with two good and sufficient sureties, each with unencumbered property not subject to any exemption afforded by law equal in value to the penal sum of the bond or a bond with a licensed surety company as surety or a cash deposit conditioned as for a bond.
- Reviser's note.—Amended to place the definitions of the section in alphabetical order, to conform language in subsection
 - (2) to the reordering of the definitions, and to improve the structure of the section.

Section 17. Subsections (21) and (22) of section 61.046, Florida Statutes, are reordered and amended to read:

- 61.046 Definitions.—As used in this chapter, the term:
- (22) (21) "Support order" means a judgment, decree, or order, whether temporary or final, issued by a court of competent jurisdiction or administrative agency for the support and maintenance of a child which provides for monetary support, health care, arrearages, or past support. When the child support obligation is being enforced by the Department of Revenue, the term "support order" also means a judgment, decree, or order, whether temporary or final, issued by a court of competent jurisdiction for the support and maintenance of a child and the spouse or former spouse of the obligor with whom the child is

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living which provides for monetary support, health care, arrearages, or past support.

- (21) (22) "Support," unless otherwise specified, means:
- (a) Child support and, when the child support obligation is being enforced by the Department of Revenue, spousal support or alimony for the spouse or former spouse of the obligor with whom the child is living.
- (b) Child support only in cases not being enforced by the Department of Revenue.
- Reviser's note.—Amended to place the definitions in subsections
 - (21) and (22) in alphabetical order.
- Section 18. Subsections (1) through (13) and (15) through (17) of section 83.43, Florida Statutes, are reordered and amended to read:
- 83.43 Definitions.—As used in this part, the following words and terms shall have the following meanings unless some other meaning is plainly indicated:
- (3)(1) "Building, housing, and health codes" means any law, ordinance, or governmental regulation concerning health, safety, sanitation or fitness for habitation, or the construction, maintenance, operation, occupancy, use, or appearance, of any dwelling unit.
 - (5) (2) "Dwelling unit" means:
- (a) A structure or part of a structure that is rented for use as a home, residence, or sleeping place by one person or by two or more persons who maintain a common household.
 - (b) A mobile home rented by a tenant.
- (c) A structure or part of a structure that is furnished, with or without rent, as an incident of employment for use as a

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home, residence, or sleeping place by one or more persons.

- (8) "Landlord" means the owner or lessor of a dwelling unit.
- (16) "Tenant" means any person entitled to occupy a dwelling unit under a rental agreement.
- (10) (5) "Premises" means a dwelling unit and the structure of which it is a part and a mobile home lot and the appurtenant facilities and grounds, areas, facilities, and property held out for the use of tenants generally.
- (11) (6) "Rent" means the periodic payments due the landlord from the tenant for occupancy under a rental agreement and any other payments due the landlord from the tenant as may be designated as rent in a written rental agreement.
- (12)(7) "Rental agreement" means any written agreement, including amendments or addenda, or oral agreement for a duration of less than 1 year, providing for use and occupancy of premises.
- (7) "Good faith" means honesty in fact in the conduct or transaction concerned.
- (2)(9) "Advance rent" means moneys paid to the landlord to be applied to future rent payment periods, but does not include rent paid in advance for a current rent payment period.
- $\underline{\text{(17)}}$ "Transient occupancy" means occupancy when it is the intention of the parties that the occupancy will be temporary.
- $\underline{(4)}$ "Deposit money" means any money held by the landlord on behalf of the tenant, including, but not limited to, damage deposits, security deposits, advance rent deposit, pet deposit, or any contractual deposit agreed to between landlord

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and tenant either in writing or orally.

- (13) (12) "Security deposits" means any moneys held by the landlord as security for the performance of the rental agreement, including, but not limited to, monetary damage to the landlord caused by the tenant's breach of lease prior to the expiration thereof.
- (9) "Legal holiday" means holidays observed by the clerk of the court.
- $\underline{\text{(1)}}$ "Active duty" shall have the same meaning as provided in s. 250.01.
- (15) "State active duty" shall have the same meaning as provided in s. 250.01.
- (6)(17) "Early termination fee" means any charge, fee, or forfeiture that is provided for in a written rental agreement and is assessed to a tenant when a tenant elects to terminate the rental agreement, as provided in the agreement, and vacates a dwelling unit before the end of the rental agreement. An early termination fee does not include:
- (a) Unpaid rent and other accrued charges through the end of the month in which the landlord retakes possession of the dwelling unit.
 - (b) Charges for damages to the dwelling unit.
- (c) Charges associated with a rental agreement settlement, release, buyout, or accord and satisfaction agreement.
- Reviser's note.—Amended to place the definitions of the section in alphabetical order.
 - Section 19. Section 83.803, Florida Statutes, is reordered and amended to read:
 - 83.803 Definitions.—As used in ss. 83.801-83.809:

- (5)(1) "Self-service storage facility" means any real property designed and used for the purpose of renting or leasing individual storage space to tenants who are to have access to such space for the purpose of storing and removing personal property. No individual storage space may be used for residential purposes. A self-service storage facility is not a "warehouse" as that term is used in chapter 677. If an owner issues any warehouse receipt, bill of lading, or other document of title for the personal property stored, the owner and the tenant shall be subject to the provisions of chapter 677, and the provisions of this act shall not apply.
- (4) (2) "Self-contained storage unit" means any unit not less than 200 cubic feet in size, including, but not limited to, a trailer, box, or other shipping container, which is leased by a tenant primarily for use as storage space whether the unit is located at a facility owned or operated by the owner or at another location designated by the tenant.
- (2)(3) "Owner" means the owner, operator, lessor, or sublessor of a self-service storage facility or self-contained storage unit or his or her agent or any other person authorized by him or her to manage the facility or to receive rent from a tenant under a rental agreement.
- (6) (4) "Tenant" means a person or the person's sublessee, successor, or assign entitled to the use of storage space at a self-service storage facility or in a self-contained unit, under a rental agreement, to the exclusion of others.
- $\underline{(3)}$ "Rental agreement" means any agreement or lease which establishes or modifies terms, conditions, rules, or any other provisions concerning the use and occupancy of a self-

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service storage facility or use of a self-contained storage unit.

(1) (6) "Last known address" means the street address or post office box address provided by the tenant in the latest rental agreement or in a subsequent written change-of-address notice provided by hand delivery, first-class mail, or e-mail. Reviser's note.—Amended to place the definitions of the section in alphabetical order.

Section 20. Subsection (1) of section 90.5015, Florida Statutes, is reordered and amended to read:

- 90.5015 Journalist's privilege.
- (1) DEFINITIONS.—For purposes of this section, the term:
- (b) (a) "Professional journalist" means a person regularly engaged in collecting, photographing, recording, writing, editing, reporting, or publishing news, for gain or livelihood, who obtained the information sought while working as a salaried employee of, or independent contractor for, a newspaper, news journal, news agency, press association, wire service, radio or television station, network, or news magazine. Book authors and others who are not professional journalists, as defined in this paragraph, are not included in the provisions of this section.
- <u>(a) (b) "News" means information of public concern relating</u> to local, statewide, national, or worldwide issues or events.

 Reviser's note.—Amended to place the definitions in subsection
 - (1) in alphabetical order.
- Section 21. Subsection (1) of section 90.801, Florida Statutes, is reordered and amended to read:
 - 90.801 Hearsay; definitions; exceptions.-
 - (1) The following definitions apply under this chapter:

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(c)(a) A "statement" is:

- 1. An oral or written assertion; or
- 2. Nonverbal conduct of a person if it is intended by the person as an assertion.
 - (a) (b) A "declarant" is a person who makes a statement.
- (b) (c) "Hearsay" is a statement, other than one made by the declarant while testifying at the trial or hearing, offered in evidence to prove the truth of the matter asserted.
- Reviser's note.—Amended to place the definitions in subsection
 - (1) in alphabetical order.
- Section 22. Subsection (6) of section 97.021, Florida Statutes, is reordered and amended to read:
- 97.021 Definitions.—For the purposes of this code, except where the context clearly indicates otherwise, the term:
- (6) "Ballot" or "official ballot" when used in reference to:
- (b) (a) "Marksense ballots" means that printed sheet of paper, used in conjunction with an electronic or electromechanical vote tabulation voting system, containing the names of candidates, or a statement of proposed constitutional amendments or other questions or propositions submitted to the electorate at any election, on which sheet of paper an elector casts his or her vote.
- (a) (b) "Electronic or electromechanical devices" means a ballot that is voted by the process of electronically designating, including by touchscreen, or marking with a marking device for tabulation by automatic tabulating equipment or data processing equipment.
- Reviser's note.—Amended to place the definitions in subsection

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813 (6) in alphabetical order.

Section 23. Subsection (3) of section 98.065, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

98.065 Registration list maintenance programs.-

(3) Address confirmation requests sent pursuant to paragraph (2) (a) and mail sent pursuant to paragraph (2) (b) (b) must be addressed to the voter's address of legal residence, not including voters temporarily residing outside the county and registered in the precinct designated by the supervisor pursuant to s. 101.045(1). If a request is returned as undeliverable, any other notification sent to the voter pursuant to subsection (5) or s. 98.0655 must be addressed to the voter's mailing address on file, if any.

Reviser's note.—Amended to correct a cross-reference. The reference to paragraph (b) was added by s. 8, ch. 2022-73, Laws of Florida; subsection (3) does not contain paragraphs. Paragraph (2) (b), which relates to identifying change-of-address information from returned nonforwardable return-if-undeliverable mail sent to registered voters in a county, appears to be relevant.

Section 24. Subsection (1) of section 101.019, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

101.019 Ranked-choice voting prohibited.-

(1) A ranked-choice voting method that allows voters to rank candidates for an office in order of preference and has ballots cast to be tabulated in multiple rounds following the elimination of a candidate until a single candidate attains a majority may not be used in determining the election or nomination of any candidate to any local, state, or federal

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elective office in this state.

Reviser's note.—Amended to confirm an editorial insertion to improve clarity.

Section 25. Subsections (2) and (3) of section 101.292, Florida Statutes, are reordered and amended to read:

101.292 Definitions; ss. 101.292-101.295.—As used in ss. 101.292-101.295, the following terms shall have the following meanings:

- (3)(2) "Voting equipment" means electronic or electromechanical voting systems, voting devices, and automatic tabulating equipment as defined in s. 101.5603, as well as materials, parts, or other equipment necessary for the operation and maintenance of such systems and devices, the individual or combined retail value of which is in excess of the threshold amount for CATEGORY TWO purchases provided in s. 287.017.
- $\underline{(2)}$ "Purchase" means a contract for the purchase, lease, rental, or other acquisition of voting equipment.
- Reviser's note.—Amended to place the definitions in subsections
 - (2) and (3) in alphabetical order.

Section 26. Paragraph (a) of subsection (2) of section 101.69, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

- 101.69 Voting in person; return of vote-by-mail ballot.-
- (2) (a) The supervisor shall allow an elector who has received a vote-by-mail ballot to physically return a voted vote-by-mail ballot to the supervisor by placing the return mail envelope containing his or her marked ballot in a secure ballot intake station. Secure ballot intake stations shall be placed at the main office of the supervisor, at each permanent branch office of the supervisor which meets the criteria set forth in

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     s. 101.657(1)(a) for branch offices used for early voting and
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     which is open for at least the minimum number amount of hours
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     prescribed by s. 98.015(4), and at each early voting site.
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     Secure ballot intake stations may also be placed at any other
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     site that would otherwise qualify as an early voting site under
     s. 101.657(1). Secure ballot intake stations must be
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     geographically located so as to provide all voters in the county
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     with an equal opportunity to cast a ballot, insofar as is
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     practicable. Except for secure ballot intake stations at an
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     office of the supervisor, a secure ballot intake station may
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     only be used during the county's early voting hours of operation
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     and must be monitored in person by an employee of the
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     supervisor's office. A secure ballot intake station at an office
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     of the supervisor must be continuously monitored in person by an
     employee of the supervisor's office when the secure ballot
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     intake station is accessible for deposit of ballots.
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     Reviser's note.—Amended to confirm an editorial insertion to
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          improve clarity and an editorial substitution to conform to
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          context.
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          Section 27. Paragraph (a) of subsection (12) of section
     106.08, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
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          106.08 Contributions; limitations on.—
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          (12) (a) 1. For purposes of this subsection, the term
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     "foreign national" means:
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          a. A foreign government;
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          b. A foreign political party;
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          c. A foreign corporation, partnership, association,
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organization, or other combination of persons organized under

the laws of or having its principal place of business in a

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foreign country;

- d. A person with foreign citizenship; or
- e. A person who is not a citizen or national of the United States and is not lawfully admitted to the United States for permanent residence.
 - 2. The term does not include:
- a. A person who is a dual citizen or dual national of the United States and a foreign country.
- b. A domestic subsidiary of a foreign corporation, partnership, association, organization, or other combination of persons organized under the laws of or having its principal place of business in a foreign country if:
- (I) The donations and disbursements used toward a contribution or an expenditure are derived entirely from funds generated by the subsidiary's operations in the United States; and
- (II) All decisions concerning donations and disbursements used toward a contribution or an expenditure are made by individuals who either hold United States citizenship or are permanent residents of the United States. For purposes of this sub-sub-subparagraph, decisions concerning donations and disbursements do not include decisions regarding the subsidiary's overall budget for contributions or expenditures in connection with an election.
- Reviser's note.—Amended to confirm an editorial insertion to improve clarity.
- Section 28. Paragraphs (k), (1), and (n) through (p) of subsection (2) of section 110.123, Florida Statutes, are reordered and amended to read:

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- 110.123 State group insurance program.
- (2) DEFINITIONS.—As used in ss. 110.123-110.1239, the term:
- (1)(k) "State agency" or "agency" means any branch, department, or agency of state government. "State agency" or "agency" includes any state university and the Division of Rehabilitation and Liquidation for purposes of this section only.
- $\underline{\text{(k)}}$ "Seasonal workers" has the same meaning as provided under 29 C.F.R. s. 500.20(s)(1).
- (p) (n) "State-contracted HMO" means any health maintenance organization under contract with the department to participate in the state group insurance program.
- (n) (e) "State group insurance program" or "programs" means the package of insurance plans offered to state officers and employees, retired state officers and employees, eligible former employees, and surviving spouses of deceased state officers, employees, and eligible former employees under this section, including the state group health insurance plan or plans, health maintenance organization plans, TRICARE supplemental insurance plans, and other plans required or authorized by law.
- (o) (p) "State officer" means any constitutional state officer, any elected state officer paid by state warrant, or any appointed state officer who is commissioned by the Governor and who is paid by state warrant.
- Reviser's note.—Amended to place the definitions in subsection
- (2) in alphabetical order.
- Section 29. Section 110.501, Florida Statutes, is reordered and amended to read:
 - 110.501 Definitions.—As used in this act:

- (4) (1) "Volunteer" means any person who, of his or her own free will, provides goods or services, or conveys an interest in or otherwise consents to the use of real property pursuant to chapter 260, to any state department or agency, or nonprofit organization, with no monetary or material compensation. A person registered and serving in Older American Volunteer Programs authorized by the Domestic Volunteer Service Act of 1973, as amended (Pub. L. No. 93-113), shall also be defined as a volunteer and shall incur no civil liability as provided by s. 768.1355. A volunteer shall be eligible for payment of volunteer benefits as specified in Pub. L. No. 93-113, this section, and s. 430.204.
- (3) (2) "Regular-service volunteer" means any person engaged in specific voluntary service activities on an ongoing or continuous basis.
- (2) "Occasional-service volunteer" means any person who offers to provide a one-time or occasional voluntary service.
- (1) (4) "Material donor" means any person who provides funds, materials, employment, or opportunities for clients of state departments or agencies, without monetary or material compensation.
- Reviser's note.—Amended to place the definitions of the section in alphabetical order.
- Section 30. Subsection (2) of section 112.044, Florida Statutes, is reordered and amended to read:
- 112.044 Public employers, employment agencies, labor organizations; discrimination based on age prohibited; exceptions; remedy.—
 - (2) DEFINITIONS.—For the purpose of this act:

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- (b) (a) "Employer" means the state or any county, municipality, or special district or any subdivision or agency thereof. This definition shall not apply to any law enforcement agency or firefighting agency in this state.
- (c) (b) "Employment agency" means any person, including any agent thereof, regularly undertaking, with or without compensation, to procure employees for an employer, including state and local employment services receiving federal assistance.
- (a) (e) "Employee" means an individual employed by any employer.
- Reviser's note.—Amended to place the definitions in subsection
 - (2) in alphabetical order.
- Section 31. Subsection (5) of section 112.0455, Florida Statutes, is reordered and amended to read:
 - 112.0455 Drug-Free Workplace Act.-
- (5) DEFINITIONS.—Except where the context otherwise requires, as used in this act:
- (c) (a) "Drug" means alcohol, including distilled spirits, wine, malt beverages, and intoxicating liquors; amphetamines; cannabinoids; cocaine; phencyclidine (PCP); hallucinogens; methaqualone; opiates; barbiturates; benzodiazepines; synthetic narcotics; designer drugs; or a metabolite of any of the substances listed herein.
- (d) (b) "Drug test" or "test" means any chemical, biological, or physical instrumental analysis administered for the purpose of determining the presence or absence of a drug or its metabolites.
 - (h) (c) "Initial drug test" means a sensitive, rapid, and

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reliable procedure to identify negative and presumptive positive specimens. All initial tests must use an immunoassay procedure or an equivalent, or must use a more accurate scientifically accepted method approved by the Agency for Health Care Administration as more accurate technology becomes available in a cost-effective form.

- (b) (d) "Confirmation test," "confirmed test," or "confirmed drug test" means a second analytical procedure used to identify the presence of a specific drug or metabolite in a specimen. The confirmation test must be different in scientific principle from that of the initial test procedure. This confirmation method must be capable of providing requisite specificity, sensitivity, and quantitative accuracy.
- (a) (e) "Chain of custody" refers to the methodology of tracking specified materials or substances for the purpose of maintaining control and accountability from initial collection to final disposition for all such materials or substances and providing for accountability at each stage in handling, testing, storing specimens, and reporting of test results.
- (i) (f) "Job applicant" means a person who has applied for a position with an employer and has been offered employment conditioned upon successfully passing a drug test.
- (e) (g) "Employee" means a person who works for salary, wages, or other remuneration for an employer.
- (g) (h) "Employer" means an agency within state government that employs individuals for salary, wages, or other remuneration.
- $\underline{\text{(j)}}$ "Prescription or nonprescription medication" means a drug or medication obtained pursuant to a prescription as

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defined by s. 893.02 or a medication that is authorized pursuant to federal or state law for general distribution and use without a prescription in the treatment of human diseases, ailments, or injuries.

- $\underline{\text{(k)}}$ "Random testing" means a drug test conducted on employees who are selected through the use of a computergenerated random sample of an employer's employees.
- (1) (k) "Reasonable suspicion drug testing" means drug testing based on a belief that an employee is using or has used drugs in violation of the employer's policy drawn from specific objective and articulable facts and reasonable inferences drawn from those facts in light of experience. Reasonable suspicion drug testing may not be required except upon the recommendation of a supervisor who is at least one level of supervision higher than the immediate supervisor of the employee in question. Among other things, such facts and inferences may be based upon:
- 1. Observable phenomena while at work, such as direct observation of drug use or of the physical symptoms or manifestations of being under the influence of a drug.
- 2. Abnormal conduct or erratic behavior while at work or a significant deterioration in work performance.
- 3. A report of drug use, provided by a reliable and credible source, which has been independently corroborated.
- 4. Evidence that an individual has tampered with a drug test during employment with the current employer.
- 5. Information that an employee has caused, or contributed to, an accident while at work.
- 6. Evidence that an employee has used, possessed, sold, solicited, or transferred drugs while working or while on the

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employer's premises or while operating the employer's vehicle, machinery, or equipment.

- $\underline{\text{(n)}}$ "Specimen" means a tissue, hair, or product of the human body capable of revealing the presence of drugs or their metabolites.
- <u>(f) (m)</u> "Employee assistance program" means an established program for employee assessment, counseling, and possible referral to an alcohol and drug rehabilitation program.
- (m) (n) "Special risk" means employees who are required as a condition of employment to be certified under chapter 633 or chapter 943.
- Reviser's note.—Amended to place the definitions in subsection
 - (5) in alphabetical order.
- Section 32. Subsection (2) of section 112.061, Florida Statutes, is reordered and amended to read:
- 112.061 Per diem and travel expenses of public officers, employees, and authorized persons; statewide travel management system.—
- (2) DEFINITIONS.—For the purposes of this section, the term, the following words shall have the meanings indicated:
- (a) <u>"Agency"</u> or <u>"public agency" means</u> —any office, department, agency, division, subdivision, political subdivision, board, bureau, commission, authority, district, public body, body politic, county, city, town, village, municipality, or any other separate unit of government created pursuant to law.
- (b) <u>"Agency head"</u> or <u>"head of the agency" means</u> —the highest policymaking authority of a public agency, as herein defined.

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- (j) (e) "Officer" or "public officer" means —an individual who in the performance of his or her official duties is vested by law with sovereign powers of government and who is either elected by the people, or commissioned by the Governor and has jurisdiction extending throughout the state, or any person lawfully serving instead of either of the foregoing two classes of individuals as initial designee or successor.
- (h) (d) "Employee" or "public employee" means —an individual, whether commissioned or not, other than an officer or authorized person as defined herein, who is filling a regular or full-time authorized position and is responsible to an agency head.

(c) (e) "Authorized person" means: -

- 1. A person other than a public officer or employee as defined herein, whether elected or commissioned or not, who is authorized by an agency head to incur travel expenses in the performance of official duties.
- 2. A person who is called upon by an agency to contribute time and services as consultant or adviser.
- 3. A person who is a candidate for an executive or professional position.
- (n) (f) "Traveler" means -a public officer, public employee, or authorized person, when performing authorized travel.
- <u>(1) (g)</u> "Travel expense," "traveling expenses," "necessary expenses while traveling," "actual expenses while traveling," or words of similar nature mean —the usual ordinary and incidental expenditures necessarily incurred by a traveler.
- $\underline{\text{(g)}}$ (h) "Common carrier" means —train, bus, commercial airline operating scheduled flights, or rental cars of an

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1132 established rental car firm.

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- 1133 <u>(k) (i) "Travel day" means</u> —a period of 24 hours consisting 1134 of four quarters of 6 hours each.
- 1135 $\underline{\text{(m)}}$ Travel period means —a period of time between the 1136 time of departure and time of return.
 - (d) (k) "Class A travel" means —continuous travel of 24 hours or more away from official headquarters.
 - (e) (1) "Class B travel" means —continuous travel of less than 24 hours which involves overnight absence from official headquarters.
 - $\underline{\text{(f)}}$ "Class C travel" means —travel for short or day trips where the traveler is not away from his or her official headquarters overnight.
 - $\underline{\text{(i)}}$ "Foreign travel" means —travel outside the United States.
- 1147 Reviser's note.—Amended to place the definitions in subsection
- 1148 (2) in alphabetical order and to conform to Florida 1149 Statutes style for defining terms.
 - Section 33. Paragraphs (b) and (d) of subsection (1) of section 112.19, Florida Statutes, are reordered and amended to read:
 - 112.19 Law enforcement, correctional, and correctional probation officers; death benefits.—
 - (1) As used in this section, the term:
 - (d) (b) "Law enforcement, correctional, or correctional probation officer" means any officer as defined in s. 943.10(14) or employee of the state or any political subdivision of the state, including any law enforcement officer, correctional officer, correctional probation officer, state attorney

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investigator, public defender investigator, or criminal conflict and civil regional counsel investigator, whose duties require such officer or employee to investigate, pursue, apprehend, arrest, transport, or maintain custody of persons who are charged with, suspected of committing, or convicted of a crime; and the term includes any member of a bomb disposal unit whose primary responsibility is the location, handling, and disposal of explosive devices. The term also includes any full-time officer or employee of the state or any political subdivision of the state, certified pursuant to chapter 943, whose duties require such officer to serve process or to attend a session of a circuit or county court as bailiff.

(b) (d) "Fresh pursuit" means the pursuit of a person who has committed or is reasonably suspected of having committed a felony, misdemeanor, traffic infraction, or violation of a county or municipal ordinance. The term does not imply instant pursuit, but pursuit without unreasonable delay.

Reviser's note.—Amended to place the definitions in subsection

(1) in alphabetical order.

Section 34. Section 112.26, Florida Statutes, is reordered and amended to read:

- 112.26 Definitions.—For the purposes of this part, of chapter 112 the following words and phrases have the meanings ascribed to them in this section:
- $\underline{(2)}$ "Sending agency" means any department or agency of the federal government or a state government which sends any employee thereof to another government agency under this part.
- $\underline{(1)}$ "Receiving agency" means any department or agency of the federal government or a state government which receives an

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employee of another government under this part.

Reviser's note.—Amended to improve sentence structure, conform

to Florida Statutes citation form, and place the

definitions of the section in alphabetical order.

Section 35. Paragraph (a) of subsection (7) of section 112.3144, Florida Statutes, as amended by section 91 of chapter 2022-157, Laws of Florida, is amended to read:

112.3144 Full and public disclosure of financial interests.—

(7) (a) Beginning January 1, 2023, a filer may not include in a filing to the commission a federal income tax return or a copy thereof; a social security number; a bank, mortgage, or brokerage account number; a debit, charge, or credit card number; a personal identification number; or a taxpayer identification number. If a filer includes such information in his or her filing, the information may be made available as part of the official records of the commission available for public inspection and copying unless redaction is requested by the filer. The commission is not liable for the release of social security numbers or bank account, debit, charge, or credit card numbers included in a filing to the commission if the filer has not requested redaction of such information.

Reviser's note.—Amended to confirm an editorial insertion to improve clarity.

Section 36. Effective July 1, 2023, paragraph (a) of subsection (7) of section 112.3144, Florida Statutes, as amended by section 92 of chapter 2022-157, Laws of Florida, effective July 1, 2023, is amended to read:

112.3144 Full and public disclosure of financial

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1219 interests.—

- (7) (a) Beginning January 1, 2022, a filer may not include in a filing to the commission a federal income tax return or a copy thereof; a social security number; a bank, mortgage, or brokerage account number; a debit, charge, or credit card number; a personal identification number; or a taxpayer identification number. If a filer includes such information in his or her filing, the information may be made available as part of the official records of the commission available for public inspection and copying unless redaction is requested by the filer. The commission is not liable for the release of social security numbers or bank account, debit, charge, or credit card numbers included in a filing to the commission if the filer has not requested redaction of such information.
- Reviser's note.—Amended, effective July 1, 2023, to confirm an editorial insertion in paragraph (7)(a), as amended by s. 92, ch. 2022-157, Laws of Florida, effective July 1, 2023, to improve clarity.
 - Section 37. Subsection (3) of section 112.3187, Florida Statutes, is reordered and amended to read:
 - 112.3187 Adverse action against employee for disclosing information of specified nature prohibited; employee remedy and relief.—
 - (3) DEFINITIONS.—As used in this act, unless otherwise specified, the following words or terms shall have the meanings indicated:
 - (b) (a) "Agency" means any state, regional, county, local, or municipal government entity, whether executive, judicial, or legislative; any official, officer, department, division,

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bureau, commission, authority, or political subdivision therein; or any public school, community college, or state university.

- (c) (b) "Employee" means a person who performs services for, and under the control and direction of, or contracts with, an agency or independent contractor for wages or other remuneration.
- (a) (c) "Adverse personnel action" means the discharge, suspension, transfer, or demotion of any employee or the withholding of bonuses, the reduction in salary or benefits, or any other adverse action taken against an employee within the terms and conditions of employment by an agency or independent contractor.
- (e) (d) "Independent contractor" means a person, other than an agency, engaged in any business and who enters into a contract, including a provider agreement, with an agency.
- (d) (e) "Gross mismanagement" means a continuous pattern of managerial abuses, wrongful or arbitrary and capricious actions, or fraudulent or criminal conduct which may have a substantial adverse economic impact.
- Reviser's note.—Amended to place the definitions in subsection
 - (3) in alphabetical order.
 - Section 38. Subsections (1) through (5), (7), and (8) of section 112.352, Florida Statutes, are reordered and amended to read:
 - 112.352 Definitions.—The following words and phrases as used in this act shall have the following meaning unless a different meaning is required by the context:
 - $\underline{(3)}$ "Funds" shall mean the special trust funds in the State Treasury created under each of the retirement laws covered

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1277 by this act.

- (5)(2) "Retired member" shall mean any person who had both attained age 65 and retired prior to January 1, 1966, and is receiving benefits under any of the following systems:
- (a) State and County Officers and Employees Retirement System, created by authority of chapter 122.
- (b) Supreme Court Justices, District Courts of Appeal Judges and Circuit Judges Retirement System, created by authority of former chapter 123.
- (c) Teachers' Retirement System of the state, created by authority of chapter 238; or
- (d) Highway Patrol Pension Trust Fund, created by authority of chapter 321.
- (4)(3) "Joint annuitant" means any person named by a retired member under the applicable system to receive any retirement benefits due and payable from the system after the member's death.
- (8) (4) "System" shall mean any of the retirement systems specified in subsection (5) (2).
- (7)(5) "Social security benefit" shall mean the monthly primary insurance amount, computed in accordance with the Social Security Act from which is derived the monthly benefit amount, which the retired member is receiving, entitled to receive, or would be entitled to receive upon application to the Social Security Administration, without taking into account any earned income which would cause a reduction in such amount. For purposes of this act, the social security benefit of:
- (a) A retired member who is not insured under the Social Security Act shall be zero, and

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- (b) A deceased retired member who was insured under the Social Security Act shall be the primary insurance amount from which is derived the monthly benefit amount which the member was receiving or entitled to receive in the month immediately preceding his or her date of death.
- $\underline{(2)}$ "Department" means the Department of Management Services.
- $\underline{(1)}$ "Base year" means the year in which a retired member actually retired from a system or the year in which the member attained age 65, if later.
- Reviser's note.—Amended to place the definitions of the section in alphabetical order and to conform a cross-reference.
- 1318 Section 39. Section 112.353, Florida Statutes, is amended 1319 to read:
 - 112.353 Purpose of act.—The purpose of this act is to provide a supplement to the monthly retirement benefits being paid to, or with respect to, retired members under the retirement systems specified in s. 112.352(5) 112.352(2) and any permanently and totally disabled retired member who became thus disabled in the line of duty and while performing the duties incident to his or her employment, such supplement to be approximately equal to the excess of the increase in social security benefits that the retired member would have received had he or she been covered for maximum benefits under the Social Security Act at age 65 or at date of retirement, whichever is later, over the amount of increase he or she has previously received or is entitled to receive by virtue of coverage under the Social Security Act.

Reviser's note.—Amended to conform to the reordering of

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definitions in s. 112.352 by this act.

Section 40. Paragraphs (a), (b), and (d) through (g) of subsection (2) of section 112.361, Florida Statutes, are

subsection (2) of section 112.361, Florida Statutes, are reordered and amended, and subsection (3) of that section is amended to read:

- 112.361 Additional and updated supplemental retirement benefits.—
- (2) DEFINITIONS.—As used in this section, unless a different meaning is required by the context:
- (b) (a) "Funds" means the special trust funds in the State Treasury created under each of the retirement laws covered by this section.
 - (d) (b) "Retired member" means any person:
 - 1. Who either:
- a. Had both attained age 65 and retired for reasons other than disability prior to January 1, 1968; or
- b. Had retired because of disability prior to January 1, 1968, and who, if he or she had been covered under the Social Security Act, would have been eligible for disability benefits under Title II of the Social Security Act; and
- 2. Who is receiving benefits under any of the following systems:
- a. State and County Officers and Employees Retirement System created by authority of chapter 122;
- b. Supreme Court Justices, District Courts of Appeal Judges and Circuit Judges Retirement System created by authority of former chapter 123;
- c. Teachers' Retirement System of the state created by authority of chapter 238; or

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d. Highway Patrol Pension Trust Fund created by authority of chapter 321.

- In addition, "retired member" includes any state official or state employee who retired prior to January 1, 1958, and is receiving benefits by authority of s. 112.05.
- 1370 <u>(g) (d)</u> "System" means any of the retirement systems
 1371 specified in paragraph <u>(d)</u> (b), including that pursuant to s.
 1372 112.05.
 - <u>(f) (e)</u> "Social security benefit" means the monthly primary insurance amount, computed in accordance with the Social Security Act, from which is derived the monthly benefit amount which the retired member is receiving, entitled to receive, or would be entitled to receive upon application to the Social Security Administration, without taking into account any earned income which would cause a reduction in such amount. For purposes of this section:
 - 1. The social security benefit of a retired member who is not insured under the Social Security Act shall be zero, and
 - 2. The social security benefit of a deceased retired member who was insured under the Social Security Act shall be the primary insurance amount from which is derived the monthly benefit amount which the member was receiving or entitled to receive in the month immediately preceding his or her date of death.
 - $\underline{\text{(e)}}$ "Retirement benefit" means the monthly benefit which a retired member or joint annuitant is receiving from a system.
 - $\underline{\text{(a)}}$ "Department" means the Department of Management Services.

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- (3) PURPOSE OF SECTION.—The purpose of this section is to provide a supplement to the monthly retirement benefits being paid to, or with respect to, retired members under the retirement systems specified in paragraph (2)(d) (2)(b), such supplement to be approximately equal to the excess of the increase in social security benefits that the retired member would have received as a result of the 1967 amendments to the Social Security Act had he or she been covered for maximum benefits under the Social Security Act at age 65 or at date of retirement, whichever is later, over the amount of increase he or she has previously received or is entitled to receive as a result of the 1967 amendments to the Social Security Act by virtue of coverage under the Social Security Act.
- Reviser's note.—Amended to place the definitions in subsection
- (2) in alphabetical order and to conform cross-references.
 - Section 41. Section 112.625, Florida Statutes, is reordered and amended to read:
 - 112.625 Definitions.—As used in this act:
 - (8) (1) "Retirement system or plan" means any employee pension benefit plan supported in whole or in part by public funds, provided such plan is not:
 - (a) An employee benefit plan described in s. 4(a) of the Employee Retirement Income Security Act of 1974, which is not exempt under s. 4(b)(1) of such act;
 - (b) A plan which is unfunded and is maintained by an employer primarily for the purpose of providing deferred compensation for a select group of management or highly compensated employees;
 - (c) A coverage agreement entered into pursuant to s. 218 of

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the Social Security Act;

- (d) An individual retirement account or an individual retirement annuity within the meaning of s. 408, or a retirement bond within the meaning of s. 409, of the Internal Revenue Code of 1954;
- (e) A plan described in s. 401(d) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1954; or
- (f) An individual account consisting of an annuity contract described in s. 403(b) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1954.
- $\underline{(6)}$ "Plan administrator" means the person so designated by the terms of the instrument or instruments, ordinance, or statute under which the plan is operated. If no plan administrator has been designated, the plan sponsor shall be considered the plan administrator.
- (2)(3) "Enrolled actuary" means an actuary who is enrolled under Subtitle C of Title III of the Employee Retirement Income Security Act of 1974 and who is a member of the Society of Actuaries or the American Academy of Actuaries.
- $\underline{(1)}$ "Benefit increase" means a change or amendment in the plan design or benefit structure which results in increased benefits for plan members or beneficiaries.
- (3)(5) "Governmental entity" means the state, for the Florida Retirement System, and the county, municipality, special district, or district school board which is the employer of the member of a local retirement system or plan.
- (5) "Pension or retirement benefit" means any benefit, including a disability benefit, paid to a member or beneficiary of a retirement system or plan as defined in subsection (8) (1).
 - (9) "Statement value" means the value of assets in

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accordance with s. 302(c)(2) of the Employee Retirement Income Security Act of 1974 and as permitted under regulations prescribed by the Secretary of the Treasury as amended by Pub. L. No. 100-203, as such sections are in effect on August 16, 2006. Assets for which a fair market value is not provided shall be excluded from the assets used in the determination of annual funding cost.

- (4) (8) "Named fiduciary," "board," or "board of trustees" means the person or persons so designated by the terms of the instrument or instruments, ordinance, or statute under which the plan is operated.
- $\underline{(7)}$ "Plan sponsor" means the local governmental entity that has established or that may establish a local retirement system or plan.
- Reviser's note.—Amended to place the definitions of the section in alphabetical order and to conform a cross-reference.
- Section 42. Paragraphs (a), (b), (d), and (e) of subsection (2) of section 116.34, Florida Statutes, are reordered and amended to read:
 - 116.34 Facsimile signatures.—
 - (2) DEFINITIONS.—As used in this section:
- (e) (a) "Public security" means a bond, note, certificate of indebtedness, or other obligation for the payment of money, issued by this state or by any of its departments, agencies, public bodies, or other instrumentalities or by any of its political subdivisions.
- (d) (b) "Instrument of payment" means a check, draft, warrant, or order for the payment, delivery, or transfer of funds.

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- <u>(a) (d)</u> "Authorized officer" means any official of this state or any of its departments, agencies, public bodies, or other instrumentalities or any of its political subdivisions whose signature to a public security, instrument of conveyance or instrument of payment is required or permitted.
- (b) (e) "Facsimile signature" means a reproduction by engraving, imprinting, stamping, or other means of the manual signature of an authorized officer.
- Reviser's note.—Amended to place the definitions in subsection
- (2) in alphabetical order.
 - Section 43. Paragraph (a) of subsection (52) and paragraph (a) of subsection (53) of section 121.021, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:
 - 121.021 Definitions.—The following words and phrases as used in this chapter have the respective meanings set forth unless a different meaning is plainly required by the context:
 - (52) "Regularly established position" means:
 - (a) With respect to a state employer, a position that is authorized and established pursuant to law and is compensated from a salaries and benefits appropriation pursuant to s. $\frac{216.011(1)(rr)}{216.011(1)(mm)}$, or an established position that is authorized pursuant to s. 216.262(1)(a) and (b) and is compensated from a salaries account as provided in s. $216.011(1)(ss) \frac{216.011(1)(nn)}{216.011(1)(nn)}$.
 - (53) "Temporary position" means:
 - (a) With respect to a state employer, a position that is compensated from an other personal services (OPS) account as provided in s. $\underline{216.011(1)(jj)}$ $\underline{216.011(1)(dd)}$.
 - Reviser's note.—Amended to conform cross-references to the

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reordering of definitions in s. 216.011(1) by this act.

Section 44. Paragraph (c) of subsection (2) and subsection

(8) of section 121.051, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

(2) OPTIONAL PARTICIPATION. -

121.051 Participation in the system.-

- (c) Employees of public community colleges or charter technical career centers sponsored by public community colleges, designated in s. 1000.21(5) 1000.21(3), who are members of the Regular Class of the Florida Retirement System and who comply with the criteria set forth in this paragraph and s. 1012.875 may, in lieu of participating in the Florida Retirement System, elect to withdraw from the system altogether and participate in the State Community College System Optional Retirement Program provided by the employing agency under s. 1012.875.
- 1.a. Through June 30, 2001, the cost to the employer for benefits under the optional retirement program equals the normal cost portion of the employer retirement contribution which would be required if the employee were a member of the pension plan's Regular Class, plus the portion of the contribution rate required by s. 112.363(8) which would otherwise be assigned to the Retiree Health Insurance Subsidy Trust Fund.
- b. Effective July 1, 2001, through June 30, 2011, each employer shall contribute on behalf of each member of the optional program an amount equal to 10.43 percent of the employee's gross monthly compensation. The employer shall deduct an amount for the administration of the program.
- c. Effective July 1, 2011, through June 30, 2012, each member shall contribute an amount equal to the employee contribution required under s. 121.71(3). The employer shall

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contribute on behalf of each program member an amount equal to the difference between 10.43 percent of the employee's gross monthly compensation and the employee's required contribution based on the employee's gross monthly compensation.

- d. Effective July 1, 2012, each member shall contribute an amount equal to the employee contribution required under s. 121.71(3). The employer shall contribute on behalf of each program member an amount equal to the difference between 8.15 percent of the employee's gross monthly compensation and the employee's required contribution based on the employee's gross monthly compensation.
- e. The employer shall contribute an additional amount to the Florida Retirement System Trust Fund equal to the unfunded actuarial accrued liability portion of the Regular Class contribution rate.
- 2. The decision to participate in the optional retirement program is irrevocable as long as the employee holds a position eligible for participation, except as provided in subparagraph 3. Any service creditable under the Florida Retirement System is retained after the member withdraws from the system; however, additional service credit in the system may not be earned while a member of the optional retirement program.
- 3. An employee who has elected to participate in the optional retirement program shall have one opportunity, at the employee's discretion, to transfer from the optional retirement program to the pension plan of the Florida Retirement System or to the investment plan established under part II of this chapter, subject to the terms of the applicable optional retirement program contracts.

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- a. If the employee chooses to move to the investment plan, any contributions, interest, and earnings creditable to the employee under the optional retirement program are retained by the employee in the optional retirement program, and the applicable provisions of s. 121.4501(4) govern the election.
- b. If the employee chooses to move to the pension plan of the Florida Retirement System, the employee shall receive service credit equal to his or her years of service under the optional retirement program.
- (I) The cost for such credit is the amount representing the present value of the employee's accumulated benefit obligation for the affected period of service. The cost shall be calculated as if the benefit commencement occurs on the first date the employee becomes eligible for unreduced benefits, using the discount rate and other relevant actuarial assumptions that were used to value the Florida Retirement System Pension Plan liabilities in the most recent actuarial valuation. The calculation must include any service already maintained under the pension plan in addition to the years under the optional retirement program. The present value of any service already maintained must be applied as a credit to total cost resulting from the calculation. The division must ensure that the transfer sum is prepared using a formula and methodology certified by an enrolled actuary.
- (II) The employee must transfer from his or her optional retirement program account and from other employee moneys as necessary, a sum representing the present value of the employee's accumulated benefit obligation immediately following the time of such movement, determined assuming that attained

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service equals the sum of service in the pension plan and service in the optional retirement program.

- 4. Participation in the optional retirement program is limited to employees who satisfy the following eligibility criteria:
- a. The employee is otherwise eligible for membership or renewed membership in the Regular Class of the Florida Retirement System, as provided in s. 121.021(11) and (12) or s. 121.122.
- b. The employee is employed in a full-time position classified in the Accounting Manual for Florida's College System as:
 - (I) Instructional; or
- (II) Executive Management, Instructional Management, or Institutional Management and the community college determines that recruiting to fill a vacancy in the position is to be conducted in the national or regional market, and the duties and responsibilities of the position include the formulation, interpretation, or implementation of policies, or the performance of functions that are unique or specialized within higher education and that frequently support the mission of the community college.
- c. The employee is employed in a position not included in the Senior Management Service Class of the Florida Retirement System as described in s. 121.055.
- 5. Members of the program are subject to the same reemployment limitations, renewed membership provisions, and forfeiture provisions applicable to regular members of the Florida Retirement System under ss. 121.091(9), 121.122, and

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121.091(5), respectively. A member who receives a program distribution funded by employer and required employee contributions is deemed to be retired from a state-administered retirement system if the member is subsequently employed with an employer that participates in the Florida Retirement System.

- 6. Eligible community college employees are compulsory members of the Florida Retirement System until, pursuant to s. 1012.875, a written election to withdraw from the system and participate in the optional retirement program is filed with the program administrator and received by the division.
- a. A community college employee whose program eligibility results from initial employment shall be enrolled in the optional retirement program retroactive to the first day of eligible employment. The employer and employee retirement contributions paid through the month of the employee plan change shall be transferred to the community college to the employee's optional program account, and, effective the first day of the next month, the employer shall pay the applicable contributions based upon subparagraph 1.
- b. A community college employee whose program eligibility is due to the subsequent designation of the employee's position as one of those specified in subparagraph 4., or due to the employee's appointment, promotion, transfer, or reclassification to a position specified in subparagraph 4., must be enrolled in the program on the first day of the first full calendar month that such change in status becomes effective. The employer and employee retirement contributions paid from the effective date through the month of the employee plan change must be transferred to the community college to the employee's optional

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program account, and, effective the first day of the next month, the employer shall pay the applicable contributions based upon subparagraph 1.

- 7. Effective July 1, 2003, through December 31, 2008, any member of the optional retirement program who has service credit in the pension plan of the Florida Retirement System for the period between his or her first eligibility to transfer from the pension plan to the optional retirement program and the actual date of transfer may, during employment, transfer to the optional retirement program a sum representing the present value of the accumulated benefit obligation under the defined benefit retirement program for the period of service credit. Upon transfer, all service credit previously earned under the pension plan during this period is nullified for purposes of entitlement to a future benefit under the pension plan.
- (8) DIVISION OF REHABILITATION AND LIQUIDATION EMPLOYEES MEMBERSHIP.—Effective July 1, 1994, the regular receivership employees of the Division of Rehabilitation and Liquidation of the Department of Financial Services who are assigned to established positions and are subject to established rules and regulations regarding discipline, pay, classification, and time and attendance are hereby declared to be state employees within the meaning of this chapter and shall be compulsory members in compliance with this chapter, the provisions of s. 216.011(1) (jj)2. 216.011(1) (dd)2., notwithstanding. Employment performed before July 1, 1994, as such a receivership employee may be claimed as creditable retirement service upon payment by the employee or employer of contributions required in s. <a href="https://doi.org/10.1016/j.com

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Reviser's note.—Paragraph (2)(c) is amended to conform to the reordering of definitions in s. 1000.21 by this act.

Subsection (8) is amended to conform to the reordering of definitions in s. 216.011(1) by this act.

Section 45. Paragraph (b) of subsection (9) of section

125.0104, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

125.0104 Tourist development tax; procedure for levying; authorized uses; referendum; enforcement.—

- (9) COUNTY TOURISM PROMOTION AGENCIES.—In addition to any other powers and duties provided for agencies created for the purpose of tourism promotion by a county levying the tourist development tax, such agencies are authorized and empowered to:
- (b) Pay by advancement or reimbursement, or a combination thereof, the costs of per diem and incidental expenses of officers and employees of the agency and other authorized persons, for foreign travel at the current rates as specified in the federal publication "Standardized Regulations (Government Civilians, Foreign Areas)." The provisions of this paragraph shall apply for any officer or employee of the agency traveling in foreign countries for the purposes of promoting tourism and travel to the county, if such travel expenses are approved and certified by the agency head from whose funds the traveler is paid. As used in this paragraph, the term "authorized person" shall have the same meaning as provided in s. 112.061(2)(c) 112.061(2)(e). With the exception of provisions concerning rates of payment for per diem, the provisions of s. 112.061 are applicable to the travel described in this paragraph. As used in this paragraph, "foreign travel" means all travel outside the United States. Persons traveling in foreign countries pursuant

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1712 to this subsection shall not be entitled to reimbursements or 1713 advancements pursuant to s. 112.061(6)(a)2.

1714 Reviser's note.—Amended to conform to the reordering of 1715 definitions in s. 112.061(2) by this act.

> Section 46. Subsection (1) of section 125.488, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

125.488 Ordinances, regulations, and policies concerning temporary underground power panels.-

(1) A county may not enact any ordinance, regulation, or policy that prevents or has the effect of preventing an electric utility, as defined in s. $366.02(4) \frac{366.02(2)}{600}$, from installing a temporary underground power panel if the temporary underground power panel meets the requirements of Article 590 of the National Electrical Code, 2020 edition, during the construction and installation of the temporary underground power panel. After the county has conducted an inspection of the temporary underground power panel, the county may not require a subsequent inspection of the temporary underground power panel as a condition of issuance of the certificate of occupancy.

Reviser's note.—Amended to conform to the renumbering of s.

366.04(2) as s. 366.04(4) by s. 27, ch. 2022-4, Laws of Florida.

Section 47. Paragraph (k) of subsection (1) of section 159.47, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

159.47 Powers of the authority.-

- (1) The authority is authorized and empowered:
- (k) To pay by advancement or reimbursement, or a combination thereof, the costs of per diem of members or employees of the authority and other authorized persons, for

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      foreign travel at the current rates as specified in the federal
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      publication "Standardized Regulations (Government Civilians,
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      Foreign Areas)," and incidental expenses as provided in s.
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      112.061. The provisions of this paragraph shall apply for any
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      member or employee of the authority traveling in foreign
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      countries for the purpose of promoting economic or industrial
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      development of the county, if such travel expenses are approved
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      and certified by the agency head from whose funds the traveler
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      is paid. As used in this paragraph, the term "authorized person"
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      has the same meaning as provided in s. 112.061(2)(c)
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      112.061(2)(e). With the exception of provisions concerning rates
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      of payment for per diem, the provisions of s. 112.061 are
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      applicable to the travel described in this subsection. As used
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      in this paragraph, "foreign travel" means all travel outside the
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      United States. Persons traveling in foreign countries pursuant
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      to this section shall not be entitled to reimbursements or
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      advancements pursuant to s. 112.061(6)(a)2.
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      Reviser's note.—Amended to conform to the reordering of
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           definitions in s. 112.061(2) by this act.
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           Section 48. Paragraph (b) of subsection (1) of section
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      163.32051, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
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           163.32051 Floating solar facilities.
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           (1)
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            (b) The Legislature finds that siting floating solar
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      facilities on wastewater treatment ponds, abandoned limerock
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      mine areas, stormwater treatment ponds, reclaimed water ponds,
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and other water storage reservoirs are beneficial uses of those

areas for many reasons, including the fact that the water has a

cooling effect on the solar panels, which can boost power

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production, and the fact that the panels help decrease the amount of water lost to evaporation and the formation of harmful algal blooms.

1773 Reviser's note.—Amended to confirm an editorial insertion to improve clarity.

Section 49. Subsection (1) of section 166.0484, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

166.0484 Ordinances, regulations, and policies concerning temporary underground power panels.—

(1) A municipality may not enact any ordinance, regulation, or policy that prevents or has the effect of preventing an electric utility, as defined in s. 366.02(4) 366.02(2), from installing a temporary underground power panel if the temporary underground power panel meets the requirements of Article 590 of the National Electrical Code, 2020 edition, during the construction and installation of the temporary underground power panel. After the municipality has conducted an inspection of the temporary underground power panel, the municipality may not require a subsequent inspection of the temporary underground power panel as a condition of issuance of the certificate of occupancy.

Reviser's note.—Amended to conform to the renumbering of s.

1792 366.04(2) as s. 366.04(4) by s. 27, ch. 2022-4, Laws of Florida.

Section 50. Paragraph (b) of subsection (2) of section 175.261, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

175.261 Annual report to Division of Retirement; actuarial valuations.—For any municipality, special fire control district, chapter plan, local law municipality, local law special fire

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control district, or local law plan under this chapter, the board of trustees for every chapter plan and local law plan shall submit the following reports to the division:

- (2) With respect to local law plans:
- (b) In addition to annual reports provided under paragraph (a), an actuarial valuation of the retirement plan must be made at least once every 3 years, as provided in s. 112.63, commencing 3 years from the last actuarial valuation of the plan or system for existing plans, or commencing 3 years from issuance of the initial actuarial impact statement submitted under s. 112.63 for newly created plans. Such valuation shall be prepared by an enrolled actuary, subject to the following conditions:
- 1. The assets shall be valued as provided in s. $\underline{112.625(9)}$ $\underline{112.625(7)}$.
- 2. The cost of the actuarial valuation must be paid by the individual firefighters' retirement fund or by the sponsoring municipality or special fire control district.
- 3. A report of the valuation, including actuarial assumptions and type and basis of funding, shall be made to the division within 3 months after the date of valuation. If any benefits are insured with a commercial insurance company, the report must include a statement of the relationship of the retirement plan benefits to the insured benefits, the name of the insurer, the basis of premium rates, and the mortality table, interest rate, and method used in valuing the retirement benefits.
- Reviser's note.—Amended to conform to the reordering of definitions in s. 112.625 by this act.

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Section 51. Paragraph (b) of subsection (2) of section 185.221, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

185.221 Annual report to Division of Retirement; actuarial valuations.—For any municipality, chapter plan, local law municipality, or local law plan under this chapter, the board of trustees for every chapter plan and local law plan shall submit the following reports to the division:

- (2) With respect to local law plans:
- (b) In addition to annual reports provided under paragraph (a), an actuarial valuation of the retirement plan must be made at least once every 3 years, as provided in s. 112.63, commencing 3 years from the last actuarial valuation of the plan or system for existing plans, or commencing 3 years from issuance of the initial actuarial impact statement submitted under s. 112.63 for newly created plans. Such valuation shall be prepared by an enrolled actuary, subject to the following conditions:
- 1. The assets shall be valued as provided in s. $\underline{112.625(9)}$ $\underline{112.625(7)}$.
- 2. The cost of the actuarial valuation must be paid by the individual police officer's retirement trust fund or by the sponsoring municipality.
- 3. A report of the valuation, including actuarial assumptions and type and basis of funding, shall be made to the division within 3 months after the date of the valuation. If any benefits are insured with a commercial insurance company, the report must include a statement of the relationship of the retirement plan benefits to the insured benefits, the name of the insurer, the basis of premium rates, and the mortality

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table, interest rate, and method used in valuing the retirement benefits.

Reviser's note.—Amended to conform to the reordering of definitions in s. 112.625 by this act.

Section 52. Paragraphs (a) and (c) of subsection (1) and subsections (2) through (4), (8), and (9) of section 205.022, Florida Statutes, are reordered and amended to read:

205.022 Definitions.—When used in this chapter, the following terms and phrases shall have the meanings ascribed to them in this section, except when the context clearly indicates a different meaning:

- (1) "Business," "profession," and "occupation" do not include the customary religious, charitable, or educational activities of nonprofit religious, nonprofit charitable, and nonprofit educational institutions in this state, which institutions are more particularly defined and limited as follows:
- (c) (a) "Religious institutions" means churches and ecclesiastical or denominational organizations or established physical places for worship in this state at which nonprofit religious services and activities are regularly conducted and carried on, and also means church cemeteries.
- (a) (c) "Charitable institutions" means only nonprofit corporations operating physical facilities in this state at which are provided charitable services, a reasonable percentage of which are without cost to those unable to pay.
- (8) "Receipt" means the document that is issued by the local governing authority which bears the words "Local Business Tax Receipt" and evidences that the person in whose name the

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document is issued has complied with the provisions of this chapter relating to the business tax.

- $\underline{(2)}$ "Classification" means the method by which a business or group of businesses is identified by size or type, or both.
- $\underline{(3)}$ "Enterprise zone" means an area designated as an enterprise zone pursuant to s. 290.0065. This subsection expires on the date specified in s. 290.016 for the expiration of the Florida Enterprise Zone Act.
- (9) (8) "Taxpayer" means any person liable for taxes imposed under the provisions of this chapter; any agent required to file and pay any taxes imposed hereunder; and the heirs, successors, assignees, and transferees of any such person or agent.
- (4) (9) "Independent contractor" has the same meaning as
 provided in s. 440.02(18)(d)1.a. and b 440.02(15)(d)1.a. and b.
 Reviser's note.—Paragraphs (1)(a) and (c) and subsections (2)
 through (4), (8), and (9) are amended to place the
 definitions of the section in alphabetical order.
 Subsection (9) is further amended to conform to the
 reordering of definitions in s. 440.02 by this act.
 Section 53. Paragraph (a) of subsection (5) of section
 215.5551, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
 - (5) INSURER QUALIFICATION. -
- (a) An insurer is not eligible to participate in the RAP program if the board receives a notice from the Commissioner of Insurance Regulation which certifies that the insurer is in an unsound financial condition no later than:

215.5551 Reinsurance to Assist Policyholders program.-

1. June 15, 2022, for RAP insurers that participate during

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the 2022-2023 contract year; or

- 2. February 1, 2023, for RAP insurers subject to participation deferral under subsection (6) $\underline{\text{that}}$ and participate during the 2023-2024 contract year.
- Reviser's note.—Amended to confirm an editorial substitution to improve clarity and facilitate correct interpretation.
- Section 54. Subsection (1) of section 216.011, Florida Statutes, is reordered and amended, and paragraph (c) of subsection (3) of that section is amended to read:

216.011 Definitions.-

- (1) For the purpose of fiscal affairs of the state, appropriations acts, legislative budgets, and approved budgets, each of the following terms has the meaning indicated:
- (b) (a) "Annual salary rate" means the monetary compensation authorized to be paid a position on an annualized basis. The term does not include moneys authorized for benefits associated with the position.
- (c) (b) "Appropriation" means a legal authorization to make expenditures for specific purposes within the amounts authorized by law.
- (d) (e) "Appropriations act" means the authorization of the Legislature, based upon legislative budgets or based upon legislative findings of the necessity for an authorization when no legislative budget is filed, for the expenditure of amounts of money by an agency, the judicial branch, or the legislative branch for stated purposes in the performance of the functions it is authorized by law to perform. The categories contained in the appropriations act include, but are not limited to:
 - 1. Data processing services.

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- 3. Fixed capital outlay.
- 1946 4. Food products.
- 1947 5. Grants and aids.
 - 6. Grants and aids to local governments and nonstate entities-fixed capital outlay.
 - 7. Lump-sum appropriations.
 - 8. Operating capital outlay.
 - 9. Other personal services.
 - 10. Salaries and benefits.
 - 11. Special categories.
 - (e) (d) "Authorized position" means a position included in an approved budget. In counting the number of authorized positions, part-time positions shall be converted to full-time equivalents.
 - <u>(f) (e)</u> "Baseline data" means indicators of a state agency's current performance level, pursuant to guidelines established by the Executive Office of the Governor, in consultation with legislative appropriations and appropriate substantive committees.
 - $\underline{(g)}$ "Budget entity" means a unit or function at the lowest level to which funds are specifically appropriated in the appropriations act. "Budget entity" and "service" have the same meaning.
 - (i) (g) "Chairs of the legislative appropriations committees" means the chairs of the committees of the Senate and the House of Representatives responsible for producing the General Appropriations Act.
 - (j) (h) "Consultation" means communication to allow

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government officials and agencies to deliberate and to seek and provide advice in an open and forthright manner.

- (k) (i) "Continuing appropriation" means an appropriation automatically renewed without further legislative action, period after period, until altered or revoked by the Legislature.
- (1)(j) "Data processing services" means the appropriation category used to fund electronic data processing services provided by state agencies or the judicial branch, which services include, but are not limited to, systems design, software development, or time-sharing by other governmental units or budget entities.
 - (m) (k) "Disbursement" means the payment of an expenditure.
- $\underline{\text{(n)}}$ "Disincentive" means a sanction as described in s. 216.163.
- $\underline{\text{(o)}}$ "Expenditure" means the creation or incurring of a legal obligation to disburse money.
- (p) (n) "Expense" means the appropriation category used to fund the usual, ordinary, and incidental expenditures by an agency or the judicial branch, including such items as commodities, supplies of a consumable nature, current obligations, and fixed charges, and excluding expenditures classified as operating capital outlay. Payments to other funds or local, state, or federal agencies may be included in this category.
- (q) (o) "Fiscal year of the state" means a period of time beginning July 1 and ending on the following June 30, both dates inclusive.
- $\underline{\text{(r)}}$ "Fixed capital outlay" means the appropriation category used to fund real property (land, buildings, including

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appurtenances, fixtures and fixed equipment, structures, etc.), including additions, replacements, major repairs, and renovations to real property which materially extend its useful life or materially improve or change its functional use and including furniture and equipment necessary to furnish and operate a new or improved facility, when appropriated by the Legislature in the fixed capital outlay appropriation category.

- (s) (q) "Food products" means the appropriation category used to fund food consumed and purchased in state-run facilities that provide housing to individuals.
- (t) (r) "Grants and aids" means the appropriation category used to fund contributions to units of government or nonstate entities to be used for one or more specified purposes or activities. Funds appropriated to units of government and nonprofit entities under this category may be advanced.
- (u) (s) "Grants and aids to local governments and nonstate entities-fixed capital outlay" means the appropriation category used to fund:
- 1. Grants to local units of governments or nonstate entities for the acquisition of real property (land, buildings, including appurtenances, fixtures and fixed equipment, structures, etc.); additions, replacements, major repairs, and renovations to real property which materially extend its useful life or materially improve or change its functional use; and operating capital outlay necessary to furnish and operate a new or improved facility; and
- 2. Grants to local units of government for their respective infrastructure and growth management needs related to local government comprehensive plans.

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Funds appropriated to local units of government and nonprofit organizations under this category may be advanced in part or in whole.

(v) (t) "Incentive" means a mechanism, as described in s. 216.163, for recognizing the achievement of performance standards or for motivating performance that exceeds performance standards.

 $\underline{(x)}$ "Independent judgment" means an evaluation of actual needs made separately and apart from the legislative budget request of any other agency or of the judicial branch, or any assessments by the Governor. Such evaluation shall not be limited by revenue estimates of the Revenue Estimating Conference.

 $\underline{(y)}$ "Judicial branch" means all officers, employees, and offices of the Supreme Court, district courts of appeal, circuit courts, county courts, and the Judicial Qualifications Commission.

 $\underline{\text{(aa)}}$ "Legislative branch" means the various officers, committees, and other units of the legislative branch of state government.

 $\underline{\text{(bb)}}$ "Legislative budget instructions" means the annual set of instructions developed to assist agencies in submitting budget requests to the Legislature and to generate information necessary for budgetary decisionmaking. Such instructions may include program-based performance budget instructions.

(cc) (y) "Legislative budget request" means a request to the Legislature, filed pursuant to s. 216.023, or supplemental detailed requests filed with the Legislature, for the amounts of

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money such agency or branch believes will be needed in the performance of the functions that it is authorized, or which it is requesting authorization by law, to perform.

- $\underline{\text{(ee)}}_{\text{(z)}}$ "Long-range program plan" means a plan developed pursuant to s. 216.013.
- (ff) (aa) "Lump-sum appropriation" means the appropriation category used to fund a specific activity or project which must be transferred to one or more appropriation categories for expenditure.
- (hh) (bb) "Operating capital outlay" means the appropriation category used to fund equipment, fixtures, and other tangible personal property of a nonconsumable and nonexpendable nature under s. 273.025.
- (ii) (ce) "Original approved budget" means the approved plan of operation of an agency or of the judicial branch consistent with the General Appropriations Act or special appropriations acts.
- (jj) (dd) "Other personal services" means the appropriation category used to fund the compensation for services rendered by a person who is not filling an established position. This definition includes, but is not limited to, services of temporary employees, student or graduate assistants, persons on fellowships, part-time academic employees, board members, and consultants and other services specifically budgeted by each agency, or by the judicial branch, in this category. In distinguishing between payments to be made from salaries and benefits appropriations and other-personal-services appropriations:
 - 1. Those persons filling established positions shall be

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paid from salaries and benefits appropriations and those persons performing services for a state agency or for the judicial branch, but who are not filling established positions, shall be paid from other-personal-services appropriations.

- 2. Those persons paid from salaries and benefits appropriations shall be state officers or employees and shall be eligible for membership in a state retirement system and those paid from other-personal-services appropriations shall not be eligible for such membership.
- $\underline{\text{(kk)}}$ "Outcome" means an indicator of the actual impact or public benefit of a program.
- $\underline{\text{(ll)}}$ "Output" means the actual service or product delivered by a state agency.
- (gg) "Mandatory reserve" means the reduction of an appropriation by the Governor or the Legislative Budget Commission due to an anticipated deficit in a fund, pursuant to s. 216.221. Action may not be taken to restore a mandatory reserve either directly or indirectly.
- (h) (hh) "Budget reserve" means the withholding, as authorized by the Legislature, of an appropriation, or portion thereof. The need for a budget reserve may exist until certain conditions set by the Legislature are met by the affected agency, or such need may exist due to financial or program changes that have occurred since, and were unforeseen at the time of, passage of the General Appropriations Act.
- (mm) (ii) "Performance measure" means a quantitative or qualitative indicator used to assess state agency performance.
- (nn) (jj) "Program" means a set of services and activities
 undertaken in accordance with a plan of action organized to

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realize identifiable goals and objectives based on legislative authorization.

(oo) (kk) "Program component" means an aggregation of generally related objectives which, because of their special character, related workload, and interrelated output, can logically be considered an entity for purposes of organization, management, accounting, reporting, and budgeting.

(pp) (11) "Proviso" means language that qualifies or restricts a specific appropriation and which can be logically and directly related to the specific appropriation.

<u>(rr) (mm)</u> "Salaries and benefits" means the appropriation category used to fund the monetary or cash-equivalent compensation for work performed by state employees for a specific period of time. Benefits shall be as provided by law.

(ss) (nn) "Salary" means the cash compensation for services rendered for a specific period of time.

<u>(uu) (oo)</u> "Special category" means the appropriation category used to fund amounts appropriated for a specific need or classification of expenditures.

 $\underline{\text{(vv)}}$ "Standard" means the level of performance of an outcome or output.

(ww) (qq) "State agency" or "agency" means any official, officer, commission, board, authority, council, committee, or department of the executive branch of state government. For purposes of this chapter and chapter 215, "state agency" or "agency" includes, but is not limited to, state attorneys, public defenders, criminal conflict and civil regional counsel, capital collateral regional counsel, the Justice Administrative Commission, the Florida Housing Finance Corporation, and the

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Florida Public Service Commission. Solely for the purposes of implementing s. 19(h), Art. III of the State Constitution, the terms "state agency" or "agency" include the judicial branch.

- (a) (rr) "Activity" means a unit of work that has identifiable starting and ending points, consumes resources, and produces outputs.
- (qq)(ss) "Qualified expenditure category" means the appropriations category used to fund specific activities and projects which must be transferred to one or more appropriation categories for expenditure upon recommendation by the Governor or Chief Justice, as appropriate, and subject to approval by the Legislative Budget Commission. The Legislature by law may provide that a specific portion of the funds appropriated in this category be transferred to one or more appropriation categories without approval by the commission and may provide that requirements or contingencies be satisfied prior to the transfer.
- (w) (tt) "Incurred obligation" means a legal obligation for goods or services that have been contracted for, referred to as an encumbrance in the state's financial system, or received or incurred by the state and referred to as a payable in the state's financial system.
- (tt) (uu) "Salary rate reserve" means the withholding of a portion of the annual salary rate for a specific purpose.
- $\underline{\text{(z)}}$ "Lease or lease-purchase of equipment" means the appropriations category used to fund the lease or lease-purchase of equipment, fixtures, and other tangible personal property.
- (dd) (ww) "Long-range financial outlook" means a document issued by the Legislative Budget Commission based on a 3-year

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forecast of revenues and expenditures.

- (3) For purposes of this chapter, the term:
- (c) "Statutorily authorized entity" means any entity primarily acting as an instrumentality of the state, any regulatory or governing body, or any other governmental or quasi-governmental organization that receives, disburses, expends, administers, awards, recommends expenditure of, handles, manages, or has custody or control of funds appropriated by the Legislature and:
- 1. Is created, organized, or specifically authorized to be created or established by general law; or
- 2. Assists a department, as defined in s. $\underline{20.03(8)}$ $\underline{20.03(2)}$, or other unit of state government in providing programs or services on a statewide basis with a statewide service area or population.
- Reviser's note.—Subsection (1) is amended to place the definitions in alphabetical order. Paragraph (3)(c) is amended to conform to the reordering of definitions in s. 20.03 by this act.
- Section 55. Paragraphs (b) through (e) of subsection (2), paragraph (c) of subsection (6), and paragraph (c) of subsection (8) of section 251.001, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:
 - 251.001 Florida State Guard Act.-
 - (2) DEFINITIONS.—As used in this section:
- (b) The term "department" means the Department of Military Affairs.
- 2202 (c) The term "officer" means an officer commissioned by the 2203 Governor.
 - (d) The term "organized guard" means an organized military

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force that is authorized by law.

- (e) The term "warrant officer" means a technical specialist commissioned as a warrant officer by the Governor.
 - (6) ACTIVATION OF THE FLORIDA STATE GUARD.-
- (c) The Florida State Guard shall be deactivated by the expiration of the order of activation or <u>by</u> a separate order by the Governor deactivating the Florida State Guard.
- (8) EMPLOYMENT PROTECTION, SUSPENSION OF PROCEEDINGS, LIABILITY, AND WORKERS' COMPENSATION.—
- (c) While activated or in training, members of the Florida State Guard are considered volunteers for the state, as defined in s. $\underline{440.02(18)(d)6}$. $\underline{440.02(15)(d)6}$., and are entitled to workers' compensation protections pursuant to chapter 440. Reviser's note.—Paragraphs (2)(b) through (e) are amended to
- confirm editorial insertions to conform to paragraph
 - (2)(a), which begins with the words "The terms." Paragraph
 - (6)(c) is amended to confirm an editorial insertion to improve clarity. Paragraph (8)(c) is amended to conform to the reordering of definitions in s. 440.02 by this act.
- Section 56. Paragraph (u) of subsection (2) of section 252.35, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
- 252.35 Emergency management powers; Division of Emergency Management.—
- (2) The division is responsible for carrying out the provisions of ss. 252.31-252.90. In performing its duties, the division shall:
- (u) Acquire and maintain a supply of personal protective equipment owned by the state for use by state agencies and to assist local governments and the private sector, when determined

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to be necessary by the State Coordinating Officer, in meeting safety needs during a declared emergency. The division shall conduct regular inventories of the supply, which must include projections of the need for additional personal protective equipment, as assessed by each governmental agency, to maintain the supply and replace expired items. The division shall maintain and replace the equipment on a standardized schedule that recognizes equipment expiration and obsolescence. This paragraph is subject to appropriation. The initial inventory must be reported annually by December 31, 2021, to the Governor, the President of the Senate, the Speaker of the House of Representatives, and the Chief Justice of the Supreme Court and, thereafter, the inventory must be reported by each December 31 to those officers.

Reviser's note.—Amended to delete obsolete language.

Section 57. Subsections (11) and (12) of section 282.319, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

282.319 Florida Cybersecurity Advisory Council.-

- (11) Beginning June 30, 2022, and Each June 30 thereafter, the council shall submit to the President of the Senate and the Speaker of the House of Representatives any legislative recommendations considered necessary by the council to address cybersecurity.
- (12) Beginning December 1, 2022, and Each December 1 thereafter, the council shall submit to the Governor, the President of the Senate, and the Speaker of the House of Representatives a comprehensive report that includes data, trends, analysis, findings, and recommendations for state and local action regarding ransomware incidents. At a minimum, the

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report must include:

- (a) Descriptive statistics including the amount of ransom requested, the duration of the ransomware incident, and the overall monetary cost to taxpayers of the ransomware incident.
- (b) A detailed statistical analysis of the circumstances that led to the ransomware incident which does not include the name of the state agency, county, or municipality; network information; or system identifying information.
- (c) A detailed statistical analysis of the level of cybersecurity employee training and frequency of data backup for the state agency, county, or municipality that reported the ransomware incident.
- (d) Specific issues identified with current policies, procedures, rules, or statutes and recommendations to address such issues.
- (e) Any other recommendations to prevent ransomware incidents.
- Reviser's note.—Amended to delete obsolete language.
- Section 58. Subsection (20) of section 287.012, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
 - 287.012 Definitions.—As used in this part, the term:
- (20) "Outsource" means the process of contracting with a vendor to provide a service as defined in s. 216.011(1)(g) 216.011(1)(f), in whole or in part, or an activity as defined in s. 216.011(1)(a) 216.011(1)(rr), while a state agency retains the responsibility and accountability for the service or activity and there is a transfer of management responsibility for the delivery of resources and the performance of those resources.

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Reviser's note.—Amended to conform to the reordering of definitions in s. 216.011(1) by this act.

Section 59. Paragraph (c) of subsection (3) and subsection (18) of section 287.057, Florida Statutes, are amended to read: 287.057 Procurement of commodities or contractual

- (3) If the purchase price of commodities or contractual services exceeds the threshold amount provided in s. 287.017 for CATEGORY TWO, purchase of commodities or contractual services may not be made without receiving competitive sealed bids, competitive sealed proposals, or competitive sealed replies unless:
- (c) Commodities or contractual services available only from a single source may be excepted from the competitivesolicitation requirements. If an agency believes that commodities or contractual services are available only from a single source, the agency shall electronically post a description of the commodities or contractual services sought for at least 15 business days. The description must include a request that prospective vendors provide information regarding their ability to supply the commodities or contractual services described. If it is determined in writing by the agency, after reviewing any information received from prospective vendors that the commodities or contractual services are available only from a single source, the agency shall provide notice of its intended decision to enter a single-source purchase contract in the manner specified in s. 120.57(3). Each agency shall report all such actions to the department on a quarterly basis in a manner and form prescribed by the department, and the department shall

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report such information to the Governor, the President of the Senate, and the Speaker of the House of Representatives no later than January 1, 2022, and each January 1 thereafter.

(18) Any person who supervises contract administrators or contract or grant managers that meet criteria for certification in subsection (15) shall annually complete public procurement training for supervisors within 12 months after appointment to the supervisory position. The department is responsible for establishing and disseminating the training course content required for supervisors and training shall commence no later than July 1, 2022.

Reviser's note.—Amended to delete obsolete language.

Section 60. Paragraph (c) of subsection (2) of section 288.101, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

288.101 Florida Job Growth Grant Fund.-

- (2) The department and Enterprise Florida, Inc., may identify projects, solicit proposals, and make funding recommendations to the Governor, who is authorized to approve:
- (c) Workforce training grants to support programs at state colleges and state technical centers that provide participants with transferable, sustainable workforce skills applicable to more than a single employer, and for equipment associated with these programs. The department shall work with CareerSource Florida, Inc., to ensure programs are offered to the public based on criteria established by the state college or state technical center and do not exclude applicants who are unemployed or underemployed.

Reviser's note.—Amended to confirm an editorial insertion to conform to the full name of CareerSource Florida, Inc.

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Section 61. Paragraph (b) of subsection (2) and paragraph (h) of subsection (10) of section 288.9625, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

288.9625 Institute for Commercialization of Florida Technology.—

- (2) The purpose of the institute is to assist, without any financial support or specific appropriations from the state, in the commercialization of products developed by the research and development activities of an innovation business, including, but not limited to, those defined in s. 288.1089. The institute shall fulfill its purpose in the best interests of the state. The institute:
- (b) Is not an agency within the meaning of s. 20.03(1) 20.03(11);
 - (10) The private fund manager:
- (h) Is not an agency within the meaning of s. 20.03(1) 20.03(11).
- Reviser's note.—Amended to conform to the reordering of definitions in s. 20.03 by this act.
- Section 62. Subsection (8) of section 290.007, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
- 290.007 State incentives available in enterprise zones.—The following incentives are provided by the state to encourage the revitalization of enterprise zones:
- (8) Notwithstanding any law to the contrary, the Public Service Commission may allow public utilities and telecommunications companies to grant discounts of up to 50 percent on tariffed rates for services to small businesses located in an enterprise zone designated pursuant to s.

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2379 290.0065. Such discounts may be granted for a period not to exceed 5 years. For purposes of this subsection, the term
2381 "public utility" has the same meaning as in s. 366.02(8)
2382 366.02(1) and the term "telecommunications company" has the same meaning as in s. 364.02(13).
2384 Reviser's note.—Amended to conform to the reordering of

Reviser's note.—Amended to conform to the reordering of definitions in s. 366.02 by s. 27, ch. 2022-4, Laws of Florida.

Section 63. Subsection (2) of section 295.0185, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

295.0185 Children of deceased or disabled military personnel who die or become disabled in Operation Enduring Freedom or Operation Iraqi Freedom; educational opportunity.—

(2) Sections 295.03-295.05 and 1009.40 <u>shall</u> apply.

Reviser's note.—Amended to confirm an editorial insertion to conform to usage in this chapter.

Section 64. Subsection (7) of section 295.061, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

295.061 Active duty servicemembers; death benefits.-

(7) Benefits provided under subsection (2) or subsection (3) shall be paid from the General Revenue Fund. Beginning in the 2019-2020 fiscal year and continuing Each fiscal year thereafter, a sum sufficient to pay such benefits is appropriated from the General Revenue Fund to the Department of Financial Services for the purposes of paying such benefits. Reviser's note.—Amended to delete obsolete language.

Section 65. Subsection (10) of section 322.051, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

322.051 Identification cards.-

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- (10) Notwithstanding any other provision of this section or s. 322.21 to the contrary, the department shall issue an identification card at no charge to a person who is 80 years of age $\underline{\text{or}}$ of older and whose driving privilege is denied due to failure to pass a vision test administered pursuant to s. 322.18(5).
- 2414 Reviser's note.—Amended to confirm an editorial substitution to conform to context.
- Section 66. Paragraph (f) of subsection (1) of section 322.21, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
- 2418 322.21 License fees; procedure for handling and collecting fees.—
 - (1) Except as otherwise provided herein, the fee for:
 - (f) An original, renewal, or replacement identification card issued pursuant to s. 322.051 is \$25.
 - 1. An applicant who meets any of the following criteria is exempt from the fee under this paragraph for an original, renewal, or replacement identification card:
 - a. The applicant presents a valid Florida voter's registration card to the department and attests that he or she is experiencing a financial hardship.
 - b. The applicant presents evidence satisfactory to the department that he or she is homeless as defined in s. 414.0252(7).
 - c. The applicant presents evidence satisfactory to the department that his or her annual income is at or below 100 percent of the federal poverty level.
 - d. The applicant is a juvenile offender who is in the custody or under the supervision of the Department of Juvenile

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Justice, who is receiving services pursuant to s. 985.461, and whose identification card is issued by the department's mobile issuing units.

- 2. Pursuant to s. 322.051(10), an applicant who is 80 years of age or of older and whose driving privilege is denied due to failure to pass a vision test administered pursuant to s. 322.18(5) is exempt from the fee under this paragraph for an original identification card.
- 3. Funds collected from fees for original, renewal, or replacement identification cards shall be distributed as follows:
- a. For an original identification card issued pursuant to s. 322.051, the fee shall be deposited into the General Revenue Fund.
- b. For a renewal identification card issued pursuant to s. 322.051, \$6 shall be deposited into the Highway Safety Operating Trust Fund, and \$19 shall be deposited into the General Revenue Fund.
- c. For a replacement identification card issued pursuant to s. 322.051, \$9 shall be deposited into the Highway Safety Operating Trust Fund, and \$16 shall be deposited into the General Revenue Fund. Beginning July 1, 2015, or upon completion of the transition of the driver license issuance services, if the replacement identification card is issued by the tax collector, the tax collector shall retain the \$9 that would otherwise be deposited into the Highway Safety Operating Trust Fund and the remaining revenues shall be deposited into the General Revenue Fund.

Reviser's note.—Amended to confirm an editorial substitution to

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2466 conform to context.

2467 Section 67. Paragrap

2468 327.371, Florida Statutes

Section 67. Paragraph (c) of subsection (1) of section 327.371, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

327.371 Human-powered vessels regulated.-

- (1) A person may operate a human-powered vessel within the boundaries of the marked channel of the Florida Intracoastal Waterway as defined in s. 327.02:
- (c) When participating in practices or competitions for interscholastic, intercollegiate, intramural, or club rowing teams affiliated with an educational institution identified in s. 1000.21, s. 1002.01(2), s. 1003.01(17) 1003.01(2), s. 1005.02(4), or s. 1005.03(1)(d), if the adjacent area outside of the marked channel is not suitable for such practice or competition. The teams must use their best efforts to make use of the adjacent area outside of the marked channel. The commission must be notified in writing of the details of any such competition, and the notification must include, but need not be limited to, the date, time, and location of the competition.

Reviser's note.—Amended to conform to the reordering of definitions in s. 1003.01 by this act.

Section 68. Subsection (1) of section 327.4108, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

327.4108 Anchoring of vessels in anchoring limitation areas.—

(1) The following densely populated urban areas, which have narrow state waterways, residential docking facilities, and significant recreational boating traffic, are designated as and shall be considered to be grandfathered-in anchoring limitation

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areas, within which a person may not anchor a vessel at any time during the period between one-half hour after sunset and one-half hour before sunrise, except as provided in subsections (4) and (5) (3) and (4):

- (a) The section of Middle River lying between Northeast 21st Court and the Intracoastal Waterway in Broward County.
 - (b) Sunset Lake in Miami-Dade County.
- (c) The sections of Biscayne Bay in Miami-Dade County lying between:
 - 1. Rivo Alto Island and Di Lido Island.
 - 2. San Marino Island and San Marco Island.
 - 3. San Marco Island and Biscayne Island.
- Reviser's note.—Amended to confirm an editorial substitution to conform to the redesignation of subsections by s. 1, ch. 2021-192, Laws of Florida.
- Section 69. Subsections (18) through (21) of section 331.303, Florida Statutes, are reordered and amended to read: 331.303 Definitions.—
- $\underline{(19)}$ "Spaceport territory" means the geographical area designated in s. 331.304 and as amended or changed in accordance with s. 331.329.
- (20) (19) "Spaceport user" means any person who uses the facilities or services of any spaceport; and, for the purposes of any exemptions or rights granted under this act, the spaceport user shall be deemed a spaceport user only during the time period in which the person has in effect a contract, memorandum of understanding, or agreement with the spaceport, and such rights and exemptions shall be granted with respect to transactions relating only to spaceport projects.

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(21) (20) "Travel expenses" means the actual, necessary, and reasonable costs of transportation, meals, lodging, and incidental expenses normally incurred by a traveler, which costs are defined and prescribed by rules adopted by Space Florida, subject to approval by the Chief Financial Officer.

(18) (21) "Spaceport discretionary capacity improvement projects" means capacity improvements that enhance space transportation capacity at spaceports that have had one or more orbital or suborbital flights during the previous calendar year or have an agreement in writing for installation of one or more regularly scheduled orbital or suborbital flights upon the commitment of funds for stipulated spaceport capital improvements.

Reviser's note.—Amended to place the definitions in subsections (18) through (21) in alphabetical order.

Section 70. Subsection (1) of section 331.3101, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

- 331.3101 Space Florida; travel and entertainment expenses.-
- (1) Notwithstanding the provisions of s. 112.061, Space Florida shall adopt rules by which it may make expenditures by advancement or reimbursement, or a combination thereof, to Space Florida officers and employees; reimburse business clients, guests, and authorized persons as defined in s. $\underline{112.061(2)(c)}$ $\underline{112.061(2)(e)}$; and make direct payments to third-party vendors:
- (a) For travel expenses of such business clients, guests, and authorized persons incurred by Space Florida in connection with the performance of its statutory duties, and for travel expenses incurred by state officials and state employees while accompanying such business clients, guests, or authorized

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persons or when authorized by the board or its designee.

- (b) For entertainment expenses of such guests, business clients, and authorized persons incurred by Space Florida in connection with the performance of its statutory duties, and for entertainment expenses incurred for Space Florida officials and employees when such expenses are incurred while in the physical presence of such business clients, guests, or authorized persons.
- Reviser's note.—Amended to conform to the reordering of definitions in s. 112.061(2) by this act.
 - Section 71. Subsection (5) of section 332.0075, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
 - 332.0075 Commercial service airports; transparency and accountability; penalty.—
 - (5) (a) Beginning November 1, 2021, and Each November 1 thereafter, the governing body of each commercial service airport shall submit the following information to the department:
 - 1. Its approved budget for the current fiscal year.
 - 2. Any financial reports submitted to the Federal Aviation Administration during the previous calendar year.
 - 3. A link to its website.
 - 4. A statement, verified as provided in s. 92.525, that it has complied with part III of chapter 112, chapter 287, and this section.
 - (b) The department shall review the information submitted by the governing body of the commercial service airport and posted on the airport's website to determine the accuracy of such information. Beginning January 15, 2022, and Each January

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2582 15 thereafter, the department shall submit to the Governor, the 2583 President of the Senate, and the Speaker of the House of 2584 Representatives a report summarizing commercial service airport 2585 compliance with this section. 2586 Reviser's note.—Amended to delete obsolete language. 2587 Section 72. Section 337.023, Florida Statutes, is amended 2588 to read: 2589 337.023 Sale of building; acceptance of replacement 2590 building.—Notwithstanding the provisions of s. 216.292(4)(c) 2591 216.292(2)(b)2., if the department sells a building, the 2592 department may accept the construction of a replacement 2593 building, in response to a request for proposals, totally or 2594 partially in lieu of cash, and may do so without a specific 2595 legislative appropriation. Such action is subject to the 2596 approval of the Executive Office of the Governor, and is subject 2597 to the notice, review, and objection procedures under s. 2598 216.177. The replacement building shall be consistent with the 2599 current and projected needs of the department as agreed upon by 2600 the department and the Department of Management Services. 2601 Reviser's note.—Amended to correct a cross-reference to conform 2602 to the location of the referenced subject matter at the 2603 time s. 337.023 was created by s. 51, ch. 97-278, Laws of 2604 Florida. Section 216.292(4)(b), Florida Statutes 1997, 2605 related to a request for transfer of excess funds when the 2606 appropriated money for the named fixed capital outlay 2607 project was found to be more than needed to complete the 2608 project. That language is currently found at s. 2609 216.292(4)(c).

Section 73. Paragraph (c) of subsection (1) of section

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348.0305, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

348.0305 Ethics requirements.-

- (1) Notwithstanding any other provision of law to the contrary, members and employees of the agency are subject to part III of chapter 112. As used in this section, the term:
- (c) "Lobbyist" means a person who is employed and receives payment, or who contracts for economic consideration, to lobby or a person who is principally employed for governmental affairs by another person or entity to lobby on behalf of such person or entity. The term does not include a person who:
- 1. Represents a client in a judicial proceeding or in a formal administrative proceeding before the agency.
- 2. Is an officer or employee of any governmental entity acting in the normal course of his or her duties.
- 3. Consults under contract with the agency and communicates with the agency regarding issues related to the scope of services in his or her contract.
- 4. Is an expert witness who is retained or employed by an employer, principal, or client to provide only scientific, technical, or other specialized information provided in agenda materials or testimony only in public hearings, provided the expert identifies such employer, principal, or client at such hearing.
- 5. Seeks to procure a contract that is less than \$20,000 or a contract pursuant to s. 287.056.
- Reviser's note.—Amended to improve clarity.
- Section 74. Subsection (5) of section 373.0363, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
 - 373.0363 Southern Water Use Caution Area Recovery

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Strategy.-

- (5) As part of the consolidated annual report required pursuant to s. 373.036(7), the district may include:
- (a) A summary of the conditions of the Southern Water Use Caution Area, including the status of the components of the West-Central Florida Water Restoration Action Plan.
- (b) An annual accounting of the expenditure of funds. The accounting must, at a minimum, provide details of expenditures separately by plan component and any subparts of a plan component, and include specific information about amount and use of funds from federal, state, and local government sources. In detailing the use of these funds, the district shall indicate those funds that are designated to meet requirements for matching funds.

Reviser's note.—Amended to improve clarity.

Section 75. Paragraph (b) of subsection (2) of section 377.814, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

377.814 Municipal Solid Waste-to-Energy Program.-

- (2) DEFINITIONS.—For purposes of this section, the term:
- (b) "Municipal solid waste-to-energy facility" means a publicly owned facility that uses an enclosed device using controlled combustion to thermally break down solid waste to an ash residue that contains little or no combustible material and that produces electricity, steam, or other energy as a result. The term does not include facilities that primarily burn fuels other than solid waste even if such facilities also burn some solid waste as a fuel supplement. The term <u>also</u> does not include facilities that primarily burn vegetative, agricultural, or silvicultural wastes, bagasse, clean dry wood, methane or other

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landfill gas, wood fuel derived from construction or demolition debris, or waste tires, alone or in combination with fossil fuels.

Reviser's note.—Amended to confirm an editorial insertion to improve clarity.

Section 76. Paragraph (d) of subsection (2) of section 379.2273, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

379.2273 Florida Red Tide Mitigation and Technology Development Initiative; Initiative Technology Advisory Council.—

- (2) The Florida Red Tide Mitigation and Technology Development Initiative is established as a partnership between the Fish and Wildlife Research Institute within the commission and Mote Marine Laboratory.
- (d) Beginning January 15, 2021, and Each January 15 thereafter until its expiration, the initiative shall submit a report that contains an overview of its accomplishments to date and priorities for subsequent years to the Governor, the President of the Senate, the Speaker of the House of Representatives, the Secretary of Environmental Protection, and the executive director of the Fish and Wildlife Conservation Commission.

2690 Reviser's note.—Amended to delete obsolete language.

Section 77. Paragraph (c) of subsection (1) of section 381.00319, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

381.00319 Prohibition on COVID-19 vaccination mandates for students.—

- (1) For purposes of this section, the term:
- 2696 (c) "Parent" has the same meaning as in s. $\underline{1000.21(6)}$ 2697 $\underline{1000.21(5)}$.

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Reviser's note.—Amended to conform to the reordering of definitions in s. 1000.21 by this act.

Section 78. Paragraph (e) of subsection (4) of section 381.0065, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

381.0065 Onsite sewage treatment and disposal systems; regulation.—

(4) PERMITS; INSTALLATION; CONDITIONS.—A person may not construct, repair, modify, abandon, or operate an onsite sewage treatment and disposal system without first obtaining a permit approved by the department. The department may issue permits to carry out this section, except that the issuance of a permit for work seaward of the coastal construction control line established under s. 161.053 shall be contingent upon receipt of any required coastal construction control line permit from the department. A construction permit is valid for 18 months after the date of issuance and may be extended by the department for one 90-day period under rules adopted by the department. A repair permit is valid for 90 days after the date of issuance. An operating permit must be obtained before the use of any aerobic treatment unit or if the establishment generates commercial waste. Buildings or establishments that use an aerobic treatment unit or generate commercial waste shall be inspected by the department at least annually to assure compliance with the terms of the operating permit. The operating permit for a commercial wastewater system is valid for 1 year after the date of issuance and must be renewed annually. The operating permit for an aerobic treatment unit is valid for 2 years after the date of issuance and must be renewed every 2 years. If all information pertaining to the siting, location,

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and installation conditions or repair of an onsite sewage treatment and disposal system remains the same, a construction or repair permit for the onsite sewage treatment and disposal system may be transferred to another person, if the transferee files, within 60 days after the transfer of ownership, an amended application providing all corrected information and proof of ownership of the property. A fee is not associated with the processing of this supplemental information. A person may not contract to construct, modify, alter, repair, service, abandon, or maintain any portion of an onsite sewage treatment and disposal system without being registered under part III of chapter 489. A property owner who personally performs 2739 construction, maintenance, or repairs to a system serving his or her own owner-occupied single-family residence is exempt from registration requirements for performing such construction, maintenance, or repairs on that residence, but is subject to all permitting requirements. A municipality or political subdivision of the state may not issue a building or plumbing permit for any building that requires the use of an onsite sewage treatment and disposal system unless the owner or builder has received a construction permit for such system from the department. A building or structure may not be occupied and a municipality, political subdivision, or any state or federal agency may not authorize occupancy until the department approves the final installation of the onsite sewage treatment and disposal system. 2752 A municipality or political subdivision of the state may not approve any change in occupancy or tenancy of a building that uses an onsite sewage treatment and disposal system until the department has reviewed the use of the system with the proposed

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change, approved the change, and amended the operating permit.

(e) The department shall adopt rules relating to the location of onsite sewage treatment and disposal systems, including establishing setback distances, to prevent groundwater contamination and surface water contamination and to preserve the public health. The rulemaking process for such rules must be completed by July 1, 2022, and the department shall notify the Division of Law Revision of the date such rules take effect. The rules must consider conventional and enhanced nutrient-reducing onsite sewage treatment and disposal system designs, impaired or degraded water bodies, domestic wastewater and drinking water infrastructure, potable water sources, nonpotable wells, stormwater infrastructure, the onsite sewage treatment and disposal system remediation plans developed pursuant to s. 403.067(7)(a)9.b., nutrient pollution, and the recommendations of the onsite sewage treatment and disposal systems technical advisory committee established pursuant to s. 381.00652. The rules must also allow a person to apply for and receive a variance from a rule requirement upon demonstration that the requirement would cause an undue hardship and granting the variance would not cause or contribute to the exceedance of a total maximum daily load.

Reviser's note.—Amended to confirm the deletion of obsolete language to conform to the Department of Environmental Protection's notification to the Division of Law Revision that the rules became effective June 21, 2022.

Section 79. Paragraph (k) of subsection (3) of section 383.145, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

383.145 Newborn and infant hearing screening.-

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- (3) REQUIREMENTS FOR SCREENING OF NEWBORNS; INSURANCE COVERAGE; REFERRAL FOR ONGOING SERVICES.—
- (k) The initial procedure for screening the hearing of the newborn or infant and any medically necessary follow-up reevaluations leading to diagnosis shall be a covered benefit for Medicaid patients covered by a fee-for-service program. For Medicaid patients enrolled in HMOs, providers shall be reimbursed directly by the Medicaid Program Office at the Medicaid rate. This service may not be considered a covered service for the purposes of establishing the payment rate for Medicaid HMOs. All health insurance policies and health maintenance organizations as provided under ss. 627.6416, 627.6579, and 641.31(30), except for supplemental policies that only provide coverage for specific diseases, hospital indemnity, or Medicare supplement, or to the supplemental policies polices, shall compensate providers for the covered benefit at the contracted rate. Nonhospital-based providers are eligible to bill Medicaid for the professional and technical component of each procedure code.

Reviser's note.—Amended to confirm an editorial substitution to conform to context.

Section 80. Section 394.4573, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

394.4573 Coordinated system of care; annual assessment; essential elements; measures of performance; system improvement grants; reports.—On or before December 1 of each year, the department shall submit to the Governor, the President of the Senate, and the Speaker of the House of Representatives an assessment of the behavioral health services in this state. The

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assessment shall consider, at a minimum, the extent to which designated receiving systems function as no-wrong-door models, the availability of treatment and recovery services that use recovery-oriented and peer-involved approaches, the availability of less-restrictive services, and the use of evidence-informed practices. The assessment shall also consider the availability of and access to coordinated specialty care programs and identify any gaps in the availability of and access to such programs in the state. The department's assessment shall consider, at a minimum, the needs assessments conducted by the managing entities pursuant to s. 394.9082(5). Beginning in 2017, The department shall compile and include in the report all plans submitted by managing entities pursuant to s. 394.9082(8) and the department's evaluation of each plan.

- (1) As used in this section:
- (a) "Care coordination" means the implementation of deliberate and planned organizational relationships and service procedures that improve the effectiveness and efficiency of the behavioral health system by engaging in purposeful interactions with individuals who are not yet effectively connected with services to ensure service linkage. Examples of care coordination activities include development of referral agreements, shared protocols, and information exchange procedures. The purpose of care coordination is to enhance the delivery of treatment services and recovery supports and to improve outcomes among priority populations.
- (b) "Case management" means those direct services provided to a client in order to assess his or her needs, plan or arrange services, coordinate service providers, link the service system

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to a client, monitor service delivery, and evaluate patient outcomes to ensure the client is receiving the appropriate services.

- (c) "Coordinated system of care" means the full array of behavioral and related services in a region or community offered by all service providers, whether participating under contract with the managing entity or by another method of community partnership or mutual agreement.
- (d) "No-wrong-door model" means a model for the delivery of acute care services to persons who have mental health or substance use disorders, or both, which optimizes access to care, regardless of the entry point to the behavioral health care system.
- (2) The essential elements of a coordinated system of care include:
- (a) Community interventions, such as prevention, primary care for behavioral health needs, therapeutic and supportive services, crisis response services, and diversion programs.
- (b) A designated receiving system that consists of one or more facilities serving a defined geographic area and responsible for assessment and evaluation, both voluntary and involuntary, and treatment or triage of patients who have a mental health or substance use disorder, or co-occurring disorders.
- 1. A county or several counties shall plan the designated receiving system using a process that includes the managing entity and is open to participation by individuals with behavioral health needs and their families, service providers, law enforcement agencies, and other parties. The county or

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counties, in collaboration with the managing entity, shall document the designated receiving system through written memoranda of agreement or other binding arrangements. The county or counties and the managing entity shall complete the plan and implement the designated receiving system by July 1, 2017, and the county or counties and the managing entity shall review and update, as necessary, the designated receiving system at least once every 3 years.

- 2. To the extent permitted by available resources, the designated receiving system shall function as a no-wrong-door model. The designated receiving system may be organized in any manner which functions as a no-wrong-door model that responds to individual needs and integrates services among various providers. Such models include, but are not limited to:
- a. A central receiving system that consists of a designated central receiving facility that serves as a single entry point for persons with mental health or substance use disorders, or co-occurring disorders. The central receiving facility shall be capable of assessment, evaluation, and triage or treatment or stabilization of persons with mental health or substance use disorders, or co-occurring disorders.
- b. A coordinated receiving system that consists of multiple entry points that are linked by shared data systems, formal referral agreements, and cooperative arrangements for care coordination and case management. Each entry point shall be a designated receiving facility and shall, within existing resources, provide or arrange for necessary services following an initial assessment and evaluation.
 - c. A tiered receiving system that consists of multiple

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entry points, some of which offer only specialized or limited services. Each service provider shall be classified according to its capabilities as either a designated receiving facility or another type of service provider, such as a triage center, a licensed detoxification facility, or an access center. All participating service providers shall, within existing resources, be linked by methods to share data, formal referral agreements, and cooperative arrangements for care coordination and case management.

An accurate inventory of the participating service providers which specifies the capabilities and limitations of each provider and its ability to accept patients under the designated receiving system agreements and the transportation plan developed pursuant to this section shall be maintained and made available at all times to all first responders in the service area.

(c) Transportation in accordance with a plan developed under s. 394.462.

(d) Crisis services, including mobile response teams, crisis stabilization units, addiction receiving facilities, and detoxification facilities.

(e) Case management. Each case manager or person directly supervising a case manager who provides Medicaid-funded targeted case management services shall hold a valid certification from a department-approved credentialing entity as defined in s. 397.311(10) by July 1, 2017, and, thereafter, within 6 months after hire.

(f) Care coordination that involves coordination with other

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local systems and entities, public and private, which are involved with the individual, such as primary care, child welfare, behavioral health care, and criminal and juvenile justice organizations.

- (g) Outpatient services.
- (h) Residential services.
- (i) Hospital inpatient care.
- (j) Aftercare and other postdischarge services.
- (k) Medication-assisted treatment and medication management.
- (1) Recovery support, including, but not limited to, the use of peer specialists to assist in the individual's recovery from a substance use disorder or mental illness; support for competitive employment, educational attainment, independent living skills development, family support and education, wellness management, and self-care; and assistance in obtaining housing that meets the individual's needs. Such housing may include mental health residential treatment facilities, limited mental health assisted living facilities, adult family care homes, and supportive housing. Housing provided using state funds must provide a safe and decent environment free from abuse and neglect.
- (m) Care plans shall assign specific responsibility for initial and ongoing evaluation of the supervision and support needs of the individual and the identification of housing that meets such needs. For purposes of this paragraph, the term "supervision" means oversight of and assistance with compliance with the clinical aspects of an individual's care plan.
 - (n) Coordinated specialty care programs.

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(3) Subject to a specific appropriation by the Legislature, the department may award system improvement grants to managing entities based on a detailed plan to enhance services in accordance with the no-wrong-door model as defined in subsection (1) and to address specific needs identified in the assessment prepared by the department pursuant to this section. Such a grant must be awarded through a performance-based contract that links payments to the documented and measurable achievement of system improvements.

Reviser's note.—Amended to delete obsolete language.

Section 81. Paragraph (d) of subsection (5) of section 394.459, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

394.459 Rights of patients.-

- (5) COMMUNICATION, ABUSE REPORTING, AND VISITS.-
- (d) If a patient's right to communicate with outside persons; receive, send, or mail sealed, unopened correspondence; or receive visitors is restricted by the facility, written notice of such restriction and the reasons for the restriction shall be served on the patient, the patient's attorney, and the patient's guardian, guardian advocate, or representative. A qualified professional must document any restriction within 24 hours, and such restriction shall be recorded on the patient's clinical record with the reasons therefor. The restriction of a patient's right to communicate or to receive visitors shall be reviewed at least every 3 days. The right to communicate or receive visitors shall not be restricted as a means of punishment. Nothing in this paragraph shall be construed to limit the provisions of paragraph (e).

 Reviser's note.—Amended to improve sentence structure.

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Section 82. Subsection (1) of section 394.9086, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

394.9086 Commission on Mental Health and Substance Abuse.-

- (1) CREATION.—The Commission on Mental Health and Substance Abuse, a commission as defined in s. 20.03(4) 20.03(10), is created adjunct to the department. The department shall provide administrative and staff support services relating to the functions of the commission.
- Reviser's note.—Amended to conform to the reordering of definitions in s. 20.03 by this act.
- Section 83. Subsection (2) and paragraph (d) of subsection (3) of section 395.1041, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:
- 395.1041 Access to and ensurance of emergency services; transfers; patient rights; diversion programs; reports of controlled substance overdoses.—
- (2) INVENTORY OF HOSPITAL EMERGENCY SERVICES.—The agency shall establish and maintain an inventory of hospitals with emergency services. The inventory shall list all services within the service capability of the hospital, and such services shall appear on the face of the hospital license. Each hospital having emergency services shall notify the agency of its service capability in the manner and form prescribed by the agency. The agency shall use the inventory to assist emergency medical services providers and others in locating appropriate emergency medical care. The inventory shall also be made available to the general public. On or before August 1, 1992, the agency shall request that each hospital identify the services which are within its service capability. On or before November 1, 1992, the agency shall notify each hospital of the service capability

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to be included in the inventory. The hospital has 15 days from the date of receipt to respond to the notice. By December 1, 1992, the agency shall publish a final inventory. Each hospital shall reaffirm its service capability when its license is renewed and shall notify the agency of the addition of a new service or the termination of a service prior to a change in its service capability.

- (3) EMERGENCY SERVICES; DISCRIMINATION; LIABILITY OF FACILITY OR HEALTH CARE PERSONNEL.—
- (d)1. Every hospital shall ensure the provision of services within the service capability of the hospital, at all times, either directly or indirectly through an arrangement with another hospital, through an arrangement with one or more physicians, or as otherwise made through prior arrangements. A hospital may enter into an agreement with another hospital for purposes of meeting its service capability requirement, and appropriate compensation or other reasonable conditions may be negotiated for these backup services.
- 2. If any arrangement requires the provision of emergency medical transportation, such arrangement must be made in consultation with the applicable provider and may not require the emergency medical service provider to provide transportation that is outside the routine service area of that provider or in a manner that impairs the ability of the emergency medical service provider to timely respond to prehospital emergency calls.
- 3. A hospital shall not be required to ensure service capability at all times as required in subparagraph 1. if, prior to the receiving of any patient needing such service capability,

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such hospital has demonstrated to the agency that it lacks the ability to ensure such capability and it has exhausted all reasonable efforts to ensure such capability through backup arrangements. In reviewing a hospital's demonstration of lack of ability to ensure service capability, the agency shall consider factors relevant to the particular case, including the following:

- a. Number and proximity of hospitals with the same service capability.
- b. Number, type, credentials, and privileges of specialists.
 - c. Frequency of procedures.
 - d. Size of hospital.

Statutes, is amended to read:

4. The agency shall publish proposed rules implementing a reasonable exemption procedure by November 1, 1992. Subparagraph 1. shall become effective upon the effective date of said rules or January 31, 1993, whichever is earlier. For a period not to exceed 1 year from the effective date of subparagraph 1., a hospital requesting an exemption shall be deemed to be exempt from offering the service until the agency initially acts to deny or grant the original request. The agency has 45 days from the date of receipt of the request to approve or deny the request. After the first year from the effective date of subparagraph 1., if the agency fails to initially act within the time period, the hospital is deemed to be exempt from offering the service until the agency initially acts to deny the request. Reviser's note.—Amended to delete obsolete language.

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Section 84. Subsection (5) of section 395.1065, Florida

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395.1065 Criminal and administrative penalties; moratorium.—

- (5) The agency shall impose a fine of \$500 for each instance of the facility's failure to provide the information required by rules adopted pursuant to s. 395.1055(1)(g) 395.1055(1)(f).
- Reviser's note.—Amended to correct an erroneous cross-reference in the amendment by s. 15, ch. 2022-5, Laws of Florida.

 Section 85. Paragraph (r) of subsection (1) of section

 400.141, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
- 400.141 Administration and management of nursing home facilities.—
- (1) Every licensed facility shall comply with all applicable standards and rules of the agency and shall:
- (r) Maintain in the medical record for each resident a daily chart of direct care services provided to the resident. The direct care staff caring for the resident must complete this record by the end of his or her shift. This record must indicate assistance with activities of daily living, assistance with eating, and assistance with drinking, and must record each offering of nutrition and hydration for those residents whose plan of care or assessment indicates a risk for malnutrition or dehydration.
- Reviser's note.—Amended to confirm the editorial reinsertion of the word "and," which was deleted as part of the amendment by s. 5, ch. 2022-61, Laws of Florida, for clarity. Section 86. Subsection (20) of section 401.23, Florida
- 3103 401.23 Definitions.—As used in this part, the term:

Statutes, is amended to read:

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(20) "Physician" means a practitioner who is licensed under the provisions of chapter 458 or chapter 459. For the purpose of providing medical direction subsection (14) for the treatment of patients immediately before or during transportation to a United States Department of Veterans Affairs medical facility, "physician" also means a practitioner employed by the United States Department of Veterans Affairs.

Reviser's note.—Amended to confirm an editorial deletion to correct an apparent coding error in s. 1, ch. 2022-35, Laws of Florida.

Section 87. Paragraph (c) of subsection (3) of section 409.1465, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

409.1465 Grants to address the needs of fathers.

- (3) The department shall prioritize applicants for a grant specified under subsection (2) based on:
- (c) Applicant <u>involvement</u>, current and historical. <u>involvement</u> in the community being served.

3121 Reviser's note.—Amended to improve clarity.

Section 88. Paragraph (b) of subsection (7) of section 409.147, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

409.147 Children's initiatives.-

- (7) CHILDREN'S INITIATIVE CORPORATION. -
- (b) The Ounce of Prevention must provide technical assistance to the corporation to facilitate achievement of the plans created under subsection (6).

Reviser's note.—Amended to confirm an editorial deletion to conform to paragraph (3)(b) of this section, which defines the term "Ounce" as meaning the Ounce of Prevention Fund of Florida, Inc.

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Section 89. Subsection (2) of section 409.1664, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

409.1664 Adoption benefits for qualifying adoptive employees of state agencies, veterans, servicemembers, and law enforcement officers.—

(2) A qualifying adoptive employee, veteran, or servicemember who adopts a child within the child welfare system who is difficult to place as described in s. 409.166(2)(d)2. is eligible to receive a lump-sum monetary benefit in the amount of \$10,000 per such child, subject to applicable taxes. A law enforcement officer who adopts a child within the child welfare system who is difficult to place as has special needs described in s. 409.166(2)(d)2. $\frac{409.166(2)(a)2}{d}$ is eligible to receive a lump-sum monetary benefit in the amount of \$25,000 per such child, subject to applicable taxes. A qualifying adoptive employee, veteran, or servicemember who adopts a child within the child welfare system who is not difficult to place as described in s. 409.166(2)(d)2. is eligible to receive a lumpsum monetary benefit in the amount of \$5,000 per such child, subject to applicable taxes. A law enforcement officer who adopts a child within the child welfare system who is not difficult to place as does not have special needs described in s. 409.166(2)(d)2. $\frac{409.166(2)(a)2}{d}$ is eligible to receive a lump-sum monetary benefit in the amount of \$10,000 per each such child, subject to applicable taxes. A qualifying adoptive employee of a charter school or the Florida Virtual School may retroactively apply for the monetary benefit provided in this subsection if such employee was employed by a charter school or the Florida Virtual School when he or she adopted a child within

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the child welfare system pursuant to chapter 63 on or after July 1, 2015. A veteran or servicemember may apply for the monetary benefit provided in this subsection if he or she is domiciled in this state and adopts a child within the child welfare system pursuant to chapter 63 on or after July 1, 2020. A law enforcement officer may apply for the monetary benefit provided in this subsection if he or she is domiciled in this state and adopts a child within the child welfare system pursuant to chapter 63 on or after July 1, 2022.

- (a) Benefits paid to a qualifying adoptive employee who is a part-time employee must be prorated based on the qualifying adoptive employee's full-time equivalency at the time of applying for the benefits.
- (b) Monetary benefits awarded under this subsection are limited to one award per adopted child within the child welfare system.
- (c) The payment of a lump-sum monetary benefit for adopting a child within the child welfare system under this section is subject to a specific appropriation to the department for such purpose.

Reviser's note.—Amended to confirm editorial substitutions required to compile amendments by s. 3, ch. 2022-23, Laws of Florida, and s. 5, ch. 2022-55, Laws of Florida.

Section 90. Subsections (3) and (4) of section 409.2557, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

- 409.2557 State agency for administering child support enforcement program.—
- (3) SPECIFIC RULEMAKING AUTHORITY.—The department has the authority to adopt rules pursuant to ss. 120.536(1) and 120.54

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to implement all laws administered by the department in its capacity as the Title IV-D agency for this state including, but not limited to, the following:

- (a) Background screening of department employees and applicants, including criminal records checks;
- (b) Confidentiality and retention of department records; access to records; record requests;
 - (c) Department trust funds;
 - (d) Federal funding procedures;
- (e) Agreements with law enforcement and other state agencies; National Crime Information Center (NCIC) access; Parent Locator Service access;
- (f) Written agreements entered into between the department and support obligors in establishment, enforcement, and modification proceedings;
- (g) Procurement of services by the department, pilot programs, and demonstration projects;
- (h) Management of cases by the department involving any documentation or procedures required by federal or state law, including, but not limited to, cooperation; review and adjustment; audits; interstate actions; diligent efforts for service of process;
- (i) Department procedures for orders for genetic testing; subpoenas to establish, enforce, or modify orders; increasing the amount of monthly obligations to secure delinquent support; suspending or denying driver and professional licenses and certificates; fishing and hunting license suspensions; suspending vehicle and vessel registrations; screening applicants for new or renewal licenses, registrations, or

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certificates; income deduction; credit reporting and accessing; tax refund intercepts; passport denials; liens; financial institution data matches; expedited procedures; medical support; and all other responsibilities of the department as required by state or federal law;

- (j) Collection and disbursement of support and alimony payments by the department as required by federal law; collection of genetic testing costs and other costs awarded by the court;
- (k) Report information to and receive information from other agencies and entities;
- (1) Provide location services, including accessing from and reporting to federal and state agencies;
- (m) Privatizing location, establishment, enforcement, modification, and other functions;
 - (n) State case registry;
 - (o) State disbursement unit;
- (p) Administrative proceedings to establish paternity or establish paternity and child support, orders to appear for genetic testing, and administrative proceedings to establish child support obligations; and
- (q) All other responsibilities of the department as required by state or federal law.
- (4) The department shall establish on its website a dedicated web page that provides information to obligors who have difficulty paying child support due to economic hardship. There must be a link to such web page on the main child support web page. The web page must be in plain language and include, at a minimum, information on how an obligor can modify a child

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support order, information on how to access services from CareerSource Florida, Inc., and the organizations awarded grants under s. 409.25996, and a link to the website for CareerSource Florida, Inc.

Reviser's note.—Subsection (3) is amended to conform to the fact that all other subsections in s. 409.2557 do not have subsection catchlines. Subsection (4) is amended to confirm the editorial insertion of the word "Inc." to conform to the full name of the corporation.

Section 91. Paragraph (c) of subsection (9) of section 409.2564, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

409.2564 Actions for support.

corporation.

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(c) All written notices provided to an obligor regarding delinquent support must include information on how the obligor can access the web page required under s. 409.2557(4) and how to access services through CareerSource Florida, Inc., and the organizations that are awarded grants under s. 409.25996.

Reviser's note.—Amended to confirm the editorial insertion of the word "Inc." to conform to the full name of the

Section 92. Paragraph (a) of subsection (5) of section 409.912, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

409.912 Cost-effective purchasing of health care.—The agency shall purchase goods and services for Medicaid recipients in the most cost-effective manner consistent with the delivery of quality medical care. To ensure that medical services are effectively utilized, the agency may, in any case, require a confirmation or second physician's opinion of the correct

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3278 diagnosis for purposes of authorizing future services under the 3279 Medicaid program. This section does not restrict access to 3280 emergency services or poststabilization care services as defined 3281 in 42 C.F.R. s. 438.114. Such confirmation or second opinion 3282 shall be rendered in a manner approved by the agency. The agency 3283 shall maximize the use of prepaid per capita and prepaid 3284 aggregate fixed-sum basis services when appropriate and other 3285 alternative service delivery and reimbursement methodologies, 3286 including competitive bidding pursuant to s. 287.057, designed 3287 to facilitate the cost-effective purchase of a case-managed 3288 continuum of care. The agency shall also require providers to 3289 minimize the exposure of recipients to the need for acute 3290 inpatient, custodial, and other institutional care and the 3291 inappropriate or unnecessary use of high-cost services. The 3292 agency shall contract with a vendor to monitor and evaluate the 3293 clinical practice patterns of providers in order to identify 3294 trends that are outside the normal practice patterns of a 3295 provider's professional peers or the national guidelines of a 3296 provider's professional association. The vendor must be able to 3297 provide information and counseling to a provider whose practice 3298 patterns are outside the norms, in consultation with the agency, 3299 to improve patient care and reduce inappropriate utilization. 3300 The agency may mandate prior authorization, drug therapy 3301 management, or disease management participation for certain 3302 populations of Medicaid beneficiaries, certain drug classes, or 3303 particular drugs to prevent fraud, abuse, overuse, and possible 3304 dangerous drug interactions. The Pharmaceutical and Therapeutics 3305 Committee shall make recommendations to the agency on drugs for 3306 which prior authorization is required. The agency shall inform

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the Pharmaceutical and Therapeutics Committee of its decisions regarding drugs subject to prior authorization. The agency is authorized to limit the entities it contracts with or enrolls as Medicaid providers by developing a provider network through provider credentialing. The agency may competitively bid singlesource-provider contracts if procurement of goods or services results in demonstrated cost savings to the state without limiting access to care. The agency may limit its network based on the assessment of beneficiary access to care, provider availability, provider quality standards, time and distance standards for access to care, the cultural competence of the provider network, demographic characteristics of Medicaid beneficiaries, practice and provider-to-beneficiary standards, appointment wait times, beneficiary use of services, provider turnover, provider profiling, provider licensure history, previous program integrity investigations and findings, peer review, provider Medicaid policy and billing compliance records, clinical and medical record audits, and other factors. Providers are not entitled to enrollment in the Medicaid provider network. The agency shall determine instances in which allowing Medicaid beneficiaries to purchase durable medical equipment and other goods is less expensive to the Medicaid program than long-term rental of the equipment or goods. The agency may establish rules to facilitate purchases in lieu of long-term rentals in order to protect against fraud and abuse in the Medicaid program as defined in s. 409.913. The agency may seek federal waivers necessary to administer these policies.

(5) (a) The agency shall implement a Medicaid prescribeddrug spending-control program that includes the following

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components:

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- 1. A Medicaid preferred drug list, which shall be a listing of cost-effective therapeutic options recommended by the Medicaid Pharmacy and Therapeutics Committee established pursuant to s. 409.91195 and adopted by the agency for each therapeutic class on the preferred drug list. At the discretion of the committee, and when feasible, the preferred drug list should include at least two products in a therapeutic class. The agency may post the preferred drug list and updates to the list on an Internet website without following the rulemaking procedures of chapter 120. Antiretroviral agents are excluded from the preferred drug list. The agency shall also limit the amount of a prescribed drug dispensed to no more than a 34-day supply unless the drug products' smallest marketed package is greater than a 34-day supply, or the drug is determined by the agency to be a maintenance drug in which case a 100-day maximum supply may be authorized. The agency may seek any federal waivers necessary to implement these cost-control programs and to continue participation in the federal Medicaid rebate program, or alternatively to negotiate state-only manufacturer rebates. The agency may adopt rules to administer this subparagraph. The agency shall continue to provide unlimited contraceptive drugs and items. The agency must establish procedures to ensure that:
- a. There is a response to a request for prior authorization by telephone or other telecommunication device within 24 hours after receipt of a request for prior authorization; and
- b. A 72-hour supply of the drug prescribed is provided in an emergency or when the agency does not provide a response

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within 24 hours as required by sub-subparagraph a.

- 2. A provider of prescribed drugs is reimbursed in an amount not to exceed the lesser of the actual acquisition cost based on the Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services National Average Drug Acquisition Cost pricing files plus a professional dispensing fee, the wholesale acquisition cost plus a professional dispensing fee, the state maximum allowable cost plus a professional dispensing fee, or the usual and customary charge billed by the provider.
- 3. The agency shall develop and implement a process for managing the drug therapies of Medicaid recipients who are using significant numbers of prescribed drugs each month. The management process may include, but is not limited to, comprehensive, physician-directed medical-record reviews, claims analyses, and case evaluations to determine the medical necessity and appropriateness of a patient's treatment plan and drug therapies. The agency may contract with a private organization to provide drug-program-management services. The Medicaid drug benefit management program shall include initiatives to manage drug therapies for HIV/AIDS patients, patients using 20 or more unique prescriptions in a 180-day period, and the top 1,000 patients in annual spending. The agency shall enroll any Medicaid recipient in the drug benefit management program if he or she meets the specifications of this provision and is not enrolled in a Medicaid health maintenance organization.
- 4. The agency may limit the size of its pharmacy network based on need, competitive bidding, price negotiations, credentialing, or similar criteria. The agency shall give

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special consideration to rural areas in determining the size and location of pharmacies included in the Medicaid pharmacy network. A pharmacy credentialing process may include criteria such as a pharmacy's full-service status, location, size, patient educational programs, patient consultation, disease management services, and other characteristics. The agency may impose a moratorium on Medicaid pharmacy enrollment if it is determined that it has a sufficient number of Medicaid-participating providers. The agency must allow dispensing practitioners to participate as a part of the Medicaid pharmacy network regardless of the practitioner's proximity to any other entity that is dispensing prescription drugs under the Medicaid program. A dispensing practitioner must meet all credentialing requirements applicable to his or her practice, as determined by the agency.

- 5. The agency shall develop and implement a program that requires Medicaid practitioners who issue written prescriptions for medicinal drugs to use a counterfeit-proof prescription pad for Medicaid prescriptions. The agency shall require the use of standardized counterfeit-proof prescription pads by prescribers who issue written prescriptions for Medicaid recipients. The agency may implement the program in targeted geographic areas or statewide.
- 6. The agency may enter into arrangements that require manufacturers of generic drugs prescribed to Medicaid recipients to provide rebates of at least 15.1 percent of the average manufacturer price for the manufacturer's generic products. These arrangements shall require that if a generic-drug manufacturer pays federal rebates for Medicaid-reimbursed drugs

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at a level below 15.1 percent, the manufacturer must provide a supplemental rebate to the state in an amount necessary to achieve a 15.1-percent rebate level.

7. The agency may establish a preferred drug list as described in this subsection, and, pursuant to the establishment of such preferred drug list, negotiate supplemental rebates from manufacturers that are in addition to those required by Title XIX of the Social Security Act and at no less than 14 percent of the average manufacturer price as defined in 42 U.S.C. s. 1936 on the last day of a quarter unless the federal or supplemental rebate, or both, equals or exceeds 29 percent. There is no upper limit on the supplemental rebates the agency may negotiate. The agency may determine that specific products, brand-name or generic, are competitive at lower rebate percentages. Agreement to pay the minimum supplemental rebate percentage guarantees a manufacturer that the Medicaid Pharmaceutical and Therapeutics Committee will consider a product for inclusion on the preferred drug list. However, a pharmaceutical manufacturer is not quaranteed placement on the preferred drug list by simply paying the minimum supplemental rebate. Agency decisions will be made on the clinical efficacy of a drug and recommendations of the Medicaid Pharmaceutical and Therapeutics Committee, as well as the price of competing products minus federal and state rebates. The agency may contract with an outside agency or contractor to conduct negotiations for supplemental rebates. For the purposes of this section, the term "supplemental rebates" means cash rebates. Value-added programs as a substitution for supplemental rebates are prohibited. The agency may seek any federal waivers to implement this initiative.

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- 8.a. The agency may implement a Medicaid behavioral drug management system. The agency may contract with a vendor that has experience in operating behavioral drug management systems to implement this program. The agency may seek federal waivers to implement this program.
- b. The agency, in conjunction with the Department of Children and Families, may implement the Medicaid behavioral drug management system that is designed to improve the quality of care and behavioral health prescribing practices based on best practice guidelines, improve patient adherence to medication plans, reduce clinical risk, and lower prescribed drug costs and the rate of inappropriate spending on Medicaid behavioral drugs. The program may include the following elements:
- (I) Provide for the development and adoption of best practice guidelines for behavioral health-related drugs such as antipsychotics, antidepressants, and medications for treating bipolar disorders and other behavioral conditions; translate them into practice; review behavioral health prescribers and compare their prescribing patterns to a number of indicators that are based on national standards; and determine deviations from best practice guidelines.
- (II) Implement processes for providing feedback to and educating prescribers using best practice educational materials and peer-to-peer consultation.
- (III) Assess Medicaid beneficiaries who are outliers in their use of behavioral health drugs with regard to the numbers and types of drugs taken, drug dosages, combination drug therapies, and other indicators of improper use of behavioral

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- (IV) Alert prescribers to patients who fail to refill prescriptions in a timely fashion, are prescribed multiple same-class behavioral health drugs, and may have other potential medication problems.
- (V) Track spending trends for behavioral health drugs and deviation from best practice guidelines.
- (VI) Use educational and technological approaches to promote best practices, educate consumers, and train prescribers in the use of practice guidelines.
 - (VII) Disseminate electronic and published materials.
 - (VIII) Hold statewide and regional conferences.
- (IX) Implement a disease management program with a model quality-based medication component for severely mentally ill individuals and emotionally disturbed children who are high users of care.
- 9. The agency shall implement a Medicaid prescription drug management system.
- a. The agency may contract with a vendor that has experience in operating prescription drug management systems in order to implement this system. Any management system that is implemented in accordance with this subparagraph must rely on cooperation between physicians and pharmacists to determine appropriate practice patterns and clinical guidelines to improve the prescribing, dispensing, and use of drugs in the Medicaid program. The agency may seek federal waivers to implement this program.
- b. The drug management system must be designed to improve the quality of care and prescribing practices based on best

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practice guidelines, improve patient adherence to medication plans, reduce clinical risk, and lower prescribed drug costs and the rate of inappropriate spending on Medicaid prescription drugs. The program must:

- (I) Provide for the adoption of best practice guidelines for the prescribing and use of drugs in the Medicaid program, including translating best practice guidelines into practice; reviewing prescriber patterns and comparing them to indicators that are based on national standards and practice patterns of clinical peers in their community, statewide, and nationally; and determine deviations from best practice guidelines.
- (II) Implement processes for providing feedback to and educating prescribers using best practice educational materials and peer-to-peer consultation.
- (III) Assess Medicaid recipients who are outliers in their use of a single or multiple prescription drugs with regard to the numbers and types of drugs taken, drug dosages, combination drug therapies, and other indicators of improper use of prescription drugs.
- (IV) Alert prescribers to recipients who fail to refill prescriptions in a timely fashion, are prescribed multiple drugs that may be redundant or contraindicated, or may have other potential medication problems.
- 10. The agency may contract for drug rebate administration, including, but not limited to, calculating rebate amounts, invoicing manufacturers, negotiating disputes with manufacturers, and maintaining a database of rebate collections.
- 11. The agency may specify the preferred daily dosing form or strength for the purpose of promoting best practices with

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regard to the prescribing of certain drugs as specified in the General Appropriations Act and ensuring cost-effective prescribing practices.

- 12. The agency may require prior authorization for Medicaid-covered prescribed drugs. The agency may priorauthorize the use of a product:
 - a. For an indication not approved in labeling;
 - b. To comply with certain clinical guidelines; or
- c. If the product has the potential for overuse, misuse, or abuse.

The agency may require the prescribing professional to provide information about the rationale and supporting medical evidence for the use of a drug. The agency shall post prior authorization, step-edit criteria and protocol, and updates to the list of drugs that are subject to prior authorization on the agency's Internet website within 21 days after the prior authorization and step-edit criteria and protocol and updates are approved by the agency. For purposes of this subparagraph, the term "step-edit" means an automatic electronic review of certain medications subject to prior authorization.

13. The agency, in conjunction with the Pharmaceutical and Therapeutics Committee, may require age-related prior authorizations for certain prescribed drugs. The agency may preauthorize the use of a drug for a recipient who may not meet the age requirement or may exceed the length of therapy for use of this product as recommended by the manufacturer and approved by the Food and Drug Administration. Prior authorization may require the prescribing professional to provide information

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about the rationale and supporting medical evidence for the use of a drug.

- 14. The agency shall implement a step-therapy prior authorization approval process for medications excluded from the preferred drug list. Medications listed on the preferred drug list must be used within the previous 12 months before the alternative medications that are not listed. The step-therapy prior authorization may require the prescriber to use the medications of a similar drug class or for a similar medical indication unless contraindicated in the Food and Drug Administration labeling. The trial period between the specified steps may vary according to the medical indication. The steptherapy approval process shall be developed in accordance with the committee as stated in s. 409.91195(7) and (8). A drug product may be approved without meeting the step-therapy prior authorization criteria if the prescribing physician provides the agency with additional written medical or clinical documentation that the product is medically necessary because:
- a. There is not a drug on the preferred drug list to treat the disease or medical condition which is an acceptable clinical alternative;
- b. The alternatives have been ineffective in the treatment of the beneficiary's disease;
- c. The drug product or medication of a similar drug class is prescribed for the treatment of schizophrenia or schizotypal or delusional disorders; prior authorization has been granted previously for the prescribed drug; and the medication was dispensed to the patient during the previous 12 months; or
 - d. Based on historical historic evidence and known

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characteristics of the patient and the drug, the drug is likely to be ineffective, or the number of doses have been ineffective.

The agency shall work with the physician to determine the best alternative for the patient. The agency may adopt rules waiving the requirements for written clinical documentation for specific drugs in limited clinical situations.

15. The agency shall implement a return and reuse program for drugs dispensed by pharmacies to institutional recipients, which includes payment of a \$5 restocking fee for the implementation and operation of the program. The return and reuse program shall be implemented electronically and in a manner that promotes efficiency. The program must permit a pharmacy to exclude drugs from the program if it is not practical or cost-effective for the drug to be included and must provide for the return to inventory of drugs that cannot be credited or returned in a cost-effective manner. The agency shall determine if the program has reduced the amount of Medicaid prescription drugs which are destroyed on an annual basis and if there are additional ways to ensure more prescription drugs are not destroyed which could safely be reused.

Reviser's note.—Amended to confirm an editorial substitution to conform to context.

Section 93. Subsection (1) of section 414.1251, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

414.1251 Learnfare program.-

(1) The department shall reduce the temporary cash assistance for a participant's eligible dependent child or for

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an eligible teenage participant who has not been exempted from education participation requirements, if the eligible dependent child or eligible teenage participant has been identified either as a habitual truant, pursuant to s. $1003.01(12) \frac{1003.01(8)}{1003.01(8)}$, or as a dropout, pursuant to s. $1003.01(8) \frac{1003.01(9)}{1003.01(9)}$. For a student who has been identified as a habitual truant, the temporary cash assistance must be reinstated after a subsequent grading period in which the child's attendance has substantially improved. For a student who has been identified as a dropout, the temporary cash assistance must be reinstated after the student enrolls in a public school, receives a high school diploma or its equivalency, enrolls in preparation for the high school equivalency examination, or enrolls in other educational activities approved by the district school board. Good cause exemptions from the rule of unexcused absences include the following:

- (a) The student is expelled from school and alternative schooling is not available.
- (b) No licensed day care is available for a child of teen parents subject to Learnfare.
- (c) Prohibitive transportation problems exist (e.g., to and from day care).

Within 10 days after sanction notification, the participant parent of a dependent child or the teenage participant may file an internal fair hearings process review procedure appeal, and no sanction shall be imposed until the appeal is resolved.

Reviser's note.—Amended to conform to the reordering of definitions in s. 1003.01 by this act.

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Section 94. Subsection (14) of section 415.102, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

415.102 Definitions of terms used in ss. 415.101-415.113.— As used in ss. 415.101-415.113, the term:

(14) "Intimidation" means the communication by word or act to a vulnerable adult that <u>such</u> that person will be deprived of food, nutrition, clothing, shelter, supervision, medicine, medical services, money, or financial support or will suffer physical violence.

Reviser's note.—Amended to improve clarity.

Section 95. Subsections (4) through (41) of section 440.02, Florida Statutes, are reordered and amended to read:

440.02 Definitions.—When used in this chapter, unless the context clearly requires otherwise, the following terms shall have the following meanings:

(5) (4) "Carrier" means any person or fund authorized under s. 440.38 to insure under this chapter and includes a self-insurer, and a commercial self-insurance fund authorized under s. 624.462.

 $\underline{(6)}$ "Casual" as used in this section refers only to employments for work that is anticipated to be completed in 10 working days or less, without regard to the number of persons employed, and at a total labor cost of less than \$500.

(7) (6) "Child" includes a posthumous child, a child legally adopted prior to the injury of the employee, and a stepchild or acknowledged child born out of wedlock dependent upon the deceased, but does not include married children unless wholly dependent on the employee. "Grandchild" means a child as above defined of a child as above defined. "Brother" and "sister"

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include stepbrothers and stepsisters, half brothers and half sisters, and brothers and sisters by adoption, but does not include married brothers or married sisters unless wholly dependent on the employee. "Child," "grandchild," "brother," and "sister" include only persons who at the time of the death of the deceased employees are under 18 years of age, or under 22 years of age if a full-time student in an accredited educational institution.

- $\underline{(8)}$ "Compensation" means the money allowance payable to an employee or to his or her dependents as provided for in this chapter.
- (10) (8) "Construction industry" means for-profit activities involving any building, clearing, filling, excavation, or substantial improvement in the size or use of any structure or the appearance of any land. However, "construction" does not mean a homeowner's act of construction or the result of a construction upon his or her own premises, provided such premises are not intended to be sold, resold, or leased by the owner within 1 year after the commencement of construction. The division may, by rule, establish codes and definitions thereof that meet the criteria of the term "construction industry" as set forth in this section.
- (11) (9) "Corporate officer" or "officer of a corporation" means any person who fills an office provided for in the corporate charter or articles of incorporation filed with the Division of Corporations of the Department of State or as authorized or required under part I of chapter 607. The term "officer of a corporation" includes a member owning at least 10 percent of a limited liability company as defined in and

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organized pursuant to chapter 605.

- (12) (10) "Date of maximum medical improvement" means the date after which further recovery from, or lasting improvement to, an injury or disease can no longer reasonably be anticipated, based upon reasonable medical probability.
- $\underline{(13)}$ "Death" as a basis for a right to compensation means only death resulting from an injury.
- (14) "Department" means the Department of Financial Services; the term does not include the Financial Services Commission or any office of the commission.
- (15) "Disability" means incapacity because of the injury to earn in the same or any other employment the wages which the employee was receiving at the time of the injury.
- (16) "Division" means the Division of Workers' Compensation of the Department of Financial Services.
- (18) (15) (a) "Employee" means any person who receives remuneration from an employer for the performance of any work or service while engaged in any employment under any appointment or contract for hire or apprenticeship, express or implied, oral or written, whether lawfully or unlawfully employed, and includes, but is not limited to, aliens and minors.
- (b) "Employee" includes any person who is an officer of a corporation and who performs services for remuneration for such corporation within this state, whether or not such services are continuous.
- 1. Any officer of a corporation may elect to be exempt from this chapter by filing notice of the election with the department as provided in s. 440.05.
 - 2. As to officers of a corporation who are engaged in the

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construction industry, no more than three officers of a corporation or of any group of affiliated corporations may elect to be exempt from this chapter by filing a notice of the election with the department as provided in s. 440.05. Officers must be shareholders, each owning at least 10 percent of the stock of such corporation and listed as an officer of such corporation with the Division of Corporations of the Department of State, in order to elect exemptions under this chapter. For purposes of this subparagraph, the term "affiliated" means and includes one or more corporations or entities, any one of which is a corporation engaged in the construction industry, under the same or substantially the same control of a group of business entities which are connected or associated so that one entity controls or has the power to control each of the other business entities. The term "affiliated" includes, but is not limited to, the officers, directors, executives, shareholders active in management, employees, and agents of the affiliated corporation. The ownership by one business entity of a controlling interest in another business entity or a pooling of equipment or income among business entities shall be prima facie evidence that one business is affiliated with the other.

3. An officer of a corporation who elects to be exempt from this chapter by filing a notice of the election with the department as provided in s. 440.05 is not an employee.

Services are presumed to have been rendered to the corporation if the officer is compensated by other than dividends upon shares of stock of the corporation which the officer owns.

(c) "Employee" includes:

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- 1. A sole proprietor or a partner who is not engaged in the construction industry, devotes full time to the proprietorship or partnership, and elects to be included in the definition of employee by filing notice thereof as provided in s. 440.05.
- 2. All persons who are being paid by a construction contractor as a subcontractor, unless the subcontractor has validly elected an exemption as permitted by this chapter, or has otherwise secured the payment of compensation coverage as a subcontractor, consistent with s. 440.10, for work performed by or as a subcontractor.
- 3. An independent contractor working or performing services in the construction industry.
- 4. A sole proprietor who engages in the construction industry and a partner or partnership that is engaged in the construction industry.
 - (d) "Employee" does not include:
- 1. An independent contractor who is not engaged in the construction industry.
- a. In order to meet the definition of independent contractor, at least four of the following criteria must be met:
- (I) The independent contractor maintains a separate business with his or her own work facility, truck, equipment, materials, or similar accommodations;
- (II) The independent contractor holds or has applied for a federal employer identification number, unless the independent contractor is a sole proprietor who is not required to obtain a federal employer identification number under state or federal regulations;
 - (III) The independent contractor receives compensation for

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services rendered or work performed and such compensation is paid to a business rather than to an individual;

- (IV) The independent contractor holds one or more bank accounts in the name of the business entity for purposes of paying business expenses or other expenses related to services rendered or work performed for compensation;
- (V) The independent contractor performs work or is able to perform work for any entity in addition to or besides the employer at his or her own election without the necessity of completing an employment application or process; or
- (VI) The independent contractor receives compensation for work or services rendered on a competitive-bid basis or completion of a task or a set of tasks as defined by a contractual agreement, unless such contractual agreement expressly states that an employment relationship exists.
- b. If four of the criteria listed in sub-subparagraph a. do not exist, an individual may still be presumed to be an independent contractor and not an employee based on full consideration of the nature of the individual situation with regard to satisfying any of the following conditions:
- (I) The independent contractor performs or agrees to perform specific services or work for a specific amount of money and controls the means of performing the services or work.
- (II) The independent contractor incurs the principal expenses related to the service or work that he or she performs or agrees to perform.
- (III) The independent contractor is responsible for the satisfactory completion of the work or services that he or she performs or agrees to perform.

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- (IV) The independent contractor receives compensation for work or services performed for a commission or on a per-job basis and not on any other basis.
- (V) The independent contractor may realize a profit or suffer a loss in connection with performing work or services.
- (VI) The independent contractor has continuing or recurring business liabilities or obligations.
- (VII) The success or failure of the independent contractor's business depends on the relationship of business receipts to expenditures.
- c. Notwithstanding anything to the contrary in this subparagraph, an individual claiming to be an independent contractor has the burden of proving that he or she is an independent contractor for purposes of this chapter.
- 2. A real estate licensee, if that person agrees, in writing, to perform for remuneration solely by way of commission.
- 3. Bands, orchestras, and musical and theatrical performers, including disk jockeys, performing in licensed premises as defined in chapter 562, if a written contract evidencing an independent contractor relationship is entered into before the commencement of such entertainment.
- 4. An owner-operator of a motor vehicle who transports property under a written contract with a motor carrier which evidences a relationship by which the owner-operator assumes the responsibility of an employer for the performance of the contract, if the owner-operator is required to furnish motor vehicle equipment as identified in the written contract and the principal costs incidental to the performance of the contract,

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including, but not limited to, fuel and repairs, provided a motor carrier's advance of costs to the owner-operator when a written contract evidences the owner-operator's obligation to reimburse such advance shall be treated as the owner-operator furnishing such cost and the owner-operator is not paid by the hour or on some other time-measured basis.

- 5. A person whose employment is both casual and not in the course of the trade, business, profession, or occupation of the employer.
- 6. A volunteer, except a volunteer worker for the state or a county, municipality, or other governmental entity. A person who does not receive monetary remuneration for services is presumed to be a volunteer unless there is substantial evidence that a valuable consideration was intended by both employer and employee. For purposes of this chapter, the term "volunteer" includes, but is not limited to:
- a. Persons who serve in private nonprofit agencies and who receive no compensation other than expenses in an amount less than or equivalent to the standard mileage and per diem expenses provided to salaried employees in the same agency or, if such agency does not have salaried employees who receive mileage and per diem, then such volunteers who receive no compensation other than expenses in an amount less than or equivalent to the customary mileage and per diem paid to salaried workers in the community as determined by the department; and
- b. Volunteers participating in federal programs established under Pub. L. No. 93-113.
- 7. Unless otherwise prohibited by this chapter, any officer of a corporation who elects to be exempt from this chapter. Such

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officer is not an employee for any reason under this chapter until the notice of revocation of election filed pursuant to s. 440.05 is effective.

- 8. An officer of a corporation that is engaged in the construction industry who elects to be exempt from the provisions of this chapter, as otherwise permitted by this chapter. Such officer is not an employee for any reason until the notice of revocation of election filed pursuant to s. 440.05 is effective.
- 9. An exercise rider who does not work for a single horse farm or breeder, and who is compensated for riding on a case-by-case basis, provided a written contract is entered into prior to the commencement of such activity which evidences that an employee/employer relationship does not exist.
- 10. A taxicab, limousine, or other passenger vehicle-for-hire driver who operates said vehicles pursuant to a written agreement with a company which provides any dispatch, marketing, insurance, communications, or other services under which the driver and any fees or charges paid by the driver to the company for such services are not conditioned upon, or expressed as a proportion of, fare revenues.
- 11. A person who performs services as a sports official for an entity sponsoring an interscholastic sports event or for a public entity or private, nonprofit organization that sponsors an amateur sports event. For purposes of this subparagraph, such a person is an independent contractor. For purposes of this subparagraph, the term "sports official" means any person who is a neutral participant in a sports event, including, but not limited to, umpires, referees, judges, linespersons,

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scorekeepers, or timekeepers. This subparagraph does not apply to any person employed by a district school board who serves as a sports official as required by the employing school board or who serves as a sports official as part of his or her responsibilities during normal school hours.

- 12. Medicaid-enrolled clients under chapter 393 who are excluded from the definition of employment under s.
 443.1216(4)(d) and served by Adult Day Training Services under the Home and Community-Based or the Family and Supported Living Medicaid Waiver program in a sheltered workshop setting licensed by the United States Department of Labor for the purpose of training and earning less than the federal hourly minimum wage.
- 13. Medicaid-enrolled clients under chapter 393 who are excluded from the definition of employment under s. 443.1216(4)(d) and served by Adult Day Training Services under the Family and Supported Living Medicaid Waiver program in a sheltered workshop setting licensed by the United States Department of Labor for the purpose of training and earning less than the federal hourly minimum wage.
- (19) (16) (a) "Employer" means the state and all political subdivisions thereof, all public and quasi-public corporations therein, every person carrying on any employment, and the legal representative of a deceased person or the receiver or trustees of any person. The term also includes employee leasing companies, as defined in s. 468.520(5), and employment agencies that provide their own employees to other persons. If the employer is a corporation, parties in actual control of the corporation, including, but not limited to, the president, officers who exercise broad corporate powers, directors, and all

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shareholders who directly or indirectly own a controlling interest in the corporation, are considered the employer for the purposes of ss. 440.105, 440.106, and 440.107.

- (b) A homeowner shall not be considered the employer of persons hired by the homeowner to carry out construction on the homeowner's own premises if those premises are not intended for immediate lease, sale, or resale.
- (c) Facilities serving individuals under subparagraph (18)(d)12. (15)(d)12. shall be considered agents of the Agency for Health Care Administration as it relates to providing Adult Day Training Services under the Home and Community-Based Medicaid Waiver program and not employers or third parties for the purpose of limiting or denying Medicaid benefits.
- (20) (17) (a) "Employment," subject to the other provisions of this chapter, means any service performed by an employee for the person employing him or her.
 - (b) "Employment" includes:
- 1. Employment by the state and all political subdivisions thereof and all public and quasi-public corporations therein, including officers elected at the polls.
- 2. All private employments in which four or more employees are employed by the same employer or, with respect to the construction industry, all private employment in which one or more employees are employed by the same employer.
- 3. Volunteer firefighters responding to or assisting with fire or medical emergencies whether or not the firefighters are on duty.
- (c) "Employment" does not include service performed by or as:

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- 1. Domestic servants in private homes.
- 2. Agricultural labor performed on a farm in the employ of a bona fide farmer, or association of farmers, that employs 5 or fewer regular employees and that employs fewer than 12 other employees at one time for seasonal agricultural labor that is completed in less than 30 days, provided such seasonal employment does not exceed 45 days in the same calendar year. The term "farm" includes stock, dairy, poultry, fruit, furbearing animals, fish, and truck farms, ranches, nurseries, and orchards. The term "agricultural labor" includes field foremen, timekeepers, checkers, and other farm labor supervisory personnel.
- 3. Professional athletes, such as professional boxers, wrestlers, baseball, football, basketball, hockey, polo, tennis, jai alai, and similar players, and motorsports teams competing in a motor racing event as defined in s. 549.08.
- 4. Labor under a sentence of a court to perform community services as provided in s. 316.193.
- 5. State prisoners or county inmates, except those performing services for private employers or those enumerated in s. 948.036(1).
- (27) "Misconduct" includes, but is not limited to, the following, which shall not be construed in pari materia with each other:
- (a) Conduct evincing such willful or wanton disregard of an employer's interests as is found in deliberate violation or disregard of standards of behavior which the employer has the right to expect of the employee; or
 - (b) Carelessness or negligence of such a degree or

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recurrence as to manifest culpability, wrongful intent, or evil design, or to show an intentional and substantial disregard of an employer's interests or of the employee's duties and obligations to the employer.

- (23) (19) "Injury" means personal injury or death by accident arising out of and in the course of employment, and such diseases or infection as naturally or unavoidably result from such injury. Damage to dentures, eyeglasses, prosthetic devices, and artificial limbs may be included in this definition only when the damage is shown to be part of, or in conjunction with, an accident. This damage must specifically occur as the result of an accident in the normal course of employment.
- (29) (20) "Parent" includes stepparents and parents by adoption, parents-in-law, and any persons who for more than 3 years prior to the death of the deceased employee stood in the place of a parent to him or her and were dependent on the injured employee.
- (30) (21) "Partner" means any person who is a member of a partnership that is formed by two or more persons to carry on as co-owners of a business with the understanding that there will be a proportional sharing of the profits and losses between them. For the purposes of this chapter, a partner is a person who participates fully in the management of the partnership and who is personally liable for its debts.
- (31) (22) "Permanent impairment" means any anatomic or functional abnormality or loss determined as a percentage of the body as a whole, existing after the date of maximum medical improvement, which results from the injury.
 - (32) (23) "Person" means individual, partnership,

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association, or corporation, including any public service corporation.

- (33) (24) "Self-insurer" means:
- (a) Any employer who has secured payment of compensation pursuant to s. 440.38(1)(b) or (6) as an individual self-insurer;
- (b) Any employer who has secured payment of compensation through a group self-insurance fund under s. 624.4621;
- (c) Any group self-insurance fund established under s.
 624.4621;
- (d) A public utility as defined in s. 364.02 or s. 366.02 that has assumed by contract the liabilities of contractors or subcontractors pursuant to s. 624.46225; or
- (e) Any local government self-insurance fund established under s. 624.4622.
- $\underline{(35)}$ "Sole proprietor" means a natural person who owns a form of business in which that person owns all the assets of the business and is solely liable for all the debts of the business.
- (37) (26) "Spouse" includes only a spouse substantially dependent for financial support upon the decedent and living with the decedent at the time of the decedent's injury and death, or substantially dependent upon the decedent for financial support and living apart at that time for justifiable cause.
- (39) "Time of injury" means the time of the occurrence of the accident resulting in the injury.
- (40) "Wages" means the money rate at which the service rendered is recompensed under the contract of hiring in force at

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the time of the injury and includes only the wages earned and reported for federal income tax purposes on the job where the employee is injured and any other concurrent employment where he or she is also subject to workers' compensation coverage and benefits, together with the reasonable value of housing furnished to the employee by the employer which is the permanent year-round residence of the employee, and gratuities to the extent reported to the employer in writing as taxable income received in the course of employment from others than the employer and employer contributions for health insurance for the employee or the employee's dependents. However, housing furnished to migrant workers shall be included in wages unless provided after the time of injury. In employment in which an employee receives consideration for housing, the reasonable value of such housing compensation shall be the actual cost to the employer or based upon the Fair Market Rent Survey promulgated pursuant to s. 8 of the Housing and Urban Development Act of 1974, whichever is less. However, if employer contributions for housing or health insurance are continued after the time of the injury, the contributions are not "wages" for the purpose of calculating an employee's average weekly wage.

(41) (29) "Weekly compensation rate" means and refers to the amount of compensation payable for a period of 7 consecutive calendar days, including any Saturdays, Sundays, holidays, and other nonworking days which fall within such period of 7 consecutive calendar days. When Saturdays, Sundays, holidays, or other nonworking days immediately follow the first 7 calendar days of disability or occur at the end of a period of disability

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as the last day or days of such period, such nonworking days constitute a part of the period of disability with respect to which compensation is payable.

- (9)(30) "Construction design professional" means an architect, professional engineer, landscape architect, or surveyor and mapper, or any corporation, professional or general, that has a certificate to practice in the construction design field from the Department of Business and Professional Regulation.
- $\underline{(22)}$ "Individual self-insurer" means any employer who has secured payment of compensation pursuant to s. 440.38(1)(b) as an individual self-insurer.
- (17) (32) "Domestic individual self-insurer" means an individual self-insurer:
- (a) Which is a corporation formed under the laws of this state;
- (b) Who is an individual who is a resident of this state or whose primary place of business is located in this state; or
- (c) Which is a partnership whose principals are residents of this state or whose primary place of business is located in this state.
- (21) (33) "Foreign individual self-insurer" means an individual self-insurer:
- (a) Which is a corporation formed under the laws of any state, district, territory, or commonwealth of the United States other than this state;
- (b) Who is an individual who is not a resident of this state and whose primary place of business is not located in this state; or

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- (c) Which is a partnership whose principals are not residents of this state and whose primary place of business is not located in this state.
- (25) (34) "Insolvent member" means an individual self-insurer which is a member of the Florida Self-Insurers Guaranty Association, Incorporated, or which was a member and has withdrawn pursuant to s. 440.385(1) (b), and which has been found insolvent, as defined in subparagraph (24) (a)1. (35) (a)1., subparagraph (24) (a)2. (35) (a)2., or subparagraph (24) (a)3. (35) (a)3., by a court of competent jurisdiction in this or any other state, or meets the definition of subparagraph (24) (a)4.
 - (24) (35) "Insolvency" or "insolvent" means:
 - (a) With respect to an individual self-insurer:
- 1. That all assets of the individual self-insurer, if made immediately available, would not be sufficient to meet all the individual self-insurer's liabilities;
- 2. That the individual self-insurer is unable to pay its debts as they become due in the usual course of business;
- 3. That the individual self-insurer has substantially ceased or suspended the payment of compensation to its employees as required in this chapter; or
- 4. That the individual self-insurer has sought protection under the United States Bankruptcy Code or has been brought under the jurisdiction of a court of bankruptcy as a debtor pursuant to the United States Bankruptcy Code.
- (b) With respect to an employee claiming insolvency pursuant to s. 440.25(5), a person is insolvent who:
 - 1. Has ceased to pay his or her debts in the ordinary

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course of business and cannot pay his or her debts as they become due; or

- 2. Has been adjudicated insolvent pursuant to the federal bankruptcy law.
- (4)(36) "Arising out of" pertains to occupational causation. An accidental injury or death arises out of employment if work performed in the course and scope of employment is the major contributing cause of the injury or death.
- $\underline{(34)}$ "Soft-tissue injury" means an injury that produces damage to the soft tissues, rather than to the skeletal tissues or soft organs.
- (26) (38) "Insurer" means a group self-insurers' fund authorized by s. 624.4621, an individual self-insurer authorized by s. 440.38, a commercial self-insurance fund authorized by s. 624.462, an assessable mutual insurer authorized by s. 628.6011, and an insurer licensed to write workers' compensation and employer's liability insurance in this state. The term "carrier," as used in this chapter, means an insurer as defined in this subsection.
- (38) (39) "Statement," for the purposes of ss. 440.105 and 440.106, shall include the exact fraud statement language in s. 440.105(7). This requirement includes, but is not limited to, any notice, representation, statement, proof of injury, bill for services, diagnosis, prescription, hospital or doctor record, X ray, test result, or other evidence of loss, injury, or expense.
- (36) (40) "Specificity" means information on the petition for benefits sufficient to put the employer or carrier on notice of the exact statutory classification and outstanding time

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period of benefits being requested and includes a detailed explanation of any benefits received that should be increased, decreased, changed, or otherwise modified. If the petition is for medical benefits, the information shall include specific details as to why such benefits are being requested, why such benefits are medically necessary, and why current treatment, if any, is not sufficient. Any petition requesting alternate or other medical care, including, but not limited to, petitions requesting psychiatric or psychological treatment, must specifically identify the physician, as defined in s. 440.13(1), who is recommending such treatment. A copy of a report from such physician making the recommendation for alternate or other medical care shall also be attached to the petition. A judge of compensation claims shall not order such treatment if a physician is not recommending such treatment.

(28) (41) "Office of Insurance Regulation" means the Office of Insurance Regulation of the Financial Services Commission.

Reviser's note.—Amended to place the definitions of the section in alphabetical order and to conform cross-references.

Section 96. Subsection (4) of section 440.14, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

440.14 Determination of pay.-

(4) Upon termination of the employee or upon termination of the payment of fringe benefits of any employee who is collecting indemnity benefits pursuant to s. 440.15(2) or (3), the employer shall within 7 days of such termination file a corrected 13-week wage statement reflecting the wages paid and the fringe benefits that had been paid to the injured employee, as provided in s. 440.02(40) 440.02(28).

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Reviser's note.—Amended to conform to the reordering of definitions in s. 440.02 by this act.

Section 97. Subsection (3) of section 440.151, Florida 4209 Statutes, is amended to read:

440.151 Occupational diseases.-

- (3) Except as otherwise provided in this section, "disablement" means disability as described in s. $\underline{440.02(15)}$ $\underline{440.02(13)}$.
- Reviser's note.—Amended to conform to the reordering of definitions in s. 440.02 by this act.

Section 98. Paragraph (a) of subsection (1) of section 440.385, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

440.385 Florida Self-Insurers Guaranty Association, Incorporated.—

- (1) CREATION OF ASSOCIATION.-
- (a) There is created a nonprofit corporation to be known as the "Florida Self-Insurers Guaranty Association, Incorporated," hereinafter referred to as "the association." Upon incorporation of the association, all individual self-insurers as defined in ss. 440.02(33)(a) 440.02(24)(a) and 440.38(1)(b), other than individual self-insurers which are public utilities or governmental entities, shall be members of the association as a condition of their authority to individually self-insure in this state. The association shall perform its functions under a plan of operation as established and approved under subsection (5) and shall exercise its powers and duties through a board of directors as established under subsection (2). The association shall have those powers granted or permitted corporations not for profit, as provided in chapter 617. The activities of the

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association shall be subject to review by the department. The department shall have oversight responsibility as set forth in this section. The association is specifically authorized to enter into agreements with this state to perform specified services.

Reviser's note.—Amended to conform to the reordering of definitions in s. 440.02 by this act.

Section 99. Subsection (2) of section 440.525, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

440.525 Examination and investigation of carriers and claims-handling entities.—

(2) An examination may cover any period of the carrier's, third-party administrator's, servicing agent's, or other claimshandling entity's operations since the last previous examination. An investigation based upon a reasonable belief by the department that a material violation of this chapter has occurred may cover any time period, but may not predate the last examination by more than 5 years. The department may by rule establish procedures, standards, and protocols for examinations and investigations. If the department finds any violation of this chapter, it may impose administrative penalties pursuant to this chapter. If the department finds any self-insurer in violation of this chapter, it may take action pursuant to s. 440.38(3). Examinations or investigations by the department may address, but are not limited to addressing, patterns or practices of unreasonable delay in claims handling; timeliness and accuracy of payments and reports under ss. 440.13, 440.16, and 440.185; or patterns or practices of harassment, coercion, or intimidation of claimants. The department may also specify by

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rule the documentation to be maintained for each claim file.

Reviser's note.—Amended to improve clarity.

Section 100. Subsection (5) of section 455.32, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

455.32 Management Privatization Act.-

- (5) Any such corporation may hire staff as necessary to carry out its functions. Such staff are not public employees for the purposes of chapter 110 or chapter 112, except that the board of directors and the employees of the corporation are subject to the provisions of s. 112.061 and part III of chapter 112. The provisions of s. 768.28 apply to each such corporation, which is deemed to be a corporation primarily acting as an instrumentality of the state but which is not an agency within the meaning of s. $\underline{20.03(1)}$ $\underline{20.03(11)}$.
- Reviser's note.—Amended to conform to the reordering of definitions in s. 20.03 by this act.

Section 101. Paragraph (a) of subsection (2) of section 456.048, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

456.048 Financial responsibility requirements for certain health care practitioners.—

- (2) The board or department may grant exemptions upon application by practitioners meeting any of the following criteria:
- (a) Any person licensed under chapter 457, s. 458.3475, s. 459.023, chapter 460, chapter 461, s. 464.012, chapter 466, or chapter 467 who practices exclusively as an officer, employee, or agent of the Federal Government or of the state or its agencies or its subdivisions. For the purposes of this subsection, an agent of the state, its agencies, or its

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subdivisions is a person who is eligible for coverage under any self-insurance or insurance program authorized by the provisions of s. 768.28(16) or who is a volunteer under s. $\underline{110.501(4)}$ $\underline{110.501(1)}$.

Reviser's note.—Amended to conform to the reordering of definitions in s. 110.501 by this act.

Section 102. Subsection (17) of section 456.076, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

456.076 Impaired practitioner programs.-

(17) A consultant may disclose to a referral or participant, or to the legal representative of the referral or participant, the documents, records, or other information from the consultant's file, including information received by the consultant from other sources; information on the terms required for the referral's or participant's monitoring contract, the referral's or participant's progress or inability to progress, or the referral's or participant's discharge or termination; information supporting the conclusion of material noncompliance; or any other information required by law. The consultant must disclose to the department, upon the department's request, whether an applicant for a multistate license under s. 464.0095 is participating in a treatment program and must report to the department when a nurse holding a multistate license under s. 464.0095 enters a treatment program. A nurse holding a multistate license pursuant to s. 464.0095 must report to the department within 2 business days after entering a treatment program pursuant to this section. If a consultant discloses information to the department in accordance with this chapter part, a referral or participant, or his or her legal

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representative, may obtain a complete copy of the consultant's file from the consultant or the department under s. 456.073.

Reviser's note.—Amended to conform to the arrangement of chapter 456, which is not divided into parts.

Section 103. Paragraphs (f) through (h) of subsection (5) of section 468.603, Florida Statutes, are reordered and amended to read:

468.603 Definitions.—As used in this part:

- (5) "Categories of building code inspectors" include the following:
- (h) (f) "Residential inspector" means a person who is qualified to inspect and determine that one-family, two-family, or three-family residences not exceeding two habitable stories above no more than one uninhabitable story and accessory use structures in connection therewith are constructed in accordance with the provisions of the governing building, plumbing, mechanical, accessibility, and electrical codes.
- $\underline{\text{(f)}}$ "Plumbing inspector" means a person who is qualified to inspect and determine that the plumbing installations and systems for buildings and structures are in compliance with the provisions of the governing plumbing code.
- (g) (h) "Residential electrical inspector" means a person who is qualified to inspect and determine the electrical safety of one and two family dwellings and accessory structures by inspecting for compliance with the applicable provisions of the governing electrical code.
- Reviser's note.—Amended to place the definitions of subsection
 - (5) in alphabetical order.
 - Section 104. Subsection (3) of section 471.038, Florida

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Statutes, is amended to read:

- 471.038 Florida Engineers Management Corporation.-
- (3) The Florida Engineers Management Corporation is created to provide administrative, investigative, and prosecutorial services to the board in accordance with the provisions of chapter 455 and this chapter. The management corporation may hire staff as necessary to carry out its functions. Such staff are not public employees for the purposes of chapter 110 or chapter 112, except that the board of directors and the staff are subject to the provisions of s. 112.061. The provisions of s. 768.28 apply to the management corporation, which is deemed to be a corporation primarily acting as an instrumentality of the state, but which is not an agency within the meaning of s. 20.03(1) $\frac{20.03(11)}{20.03(11)}$. The management corporation shall:
- (a) Be a Florida corporation not for profit, incorporated under the provisions of chapter 617.
- (b) Provide administrative, investigative, and prosecutorial services to the board in accordance with the provisions of chapter 455, this chapter, and the contract required by this section.
- (c) Receive, hold, and administer property and make only prudent expenditures directly related to the responsibilities of the board, and in accordance with the contract required by this section.
- (d) Be approved by the board, and the department, to operate for the benefit of the board and in the best interest of the state.
- (e) Operate under a fiscal year that begins on July 1 of each year and ends on June 30 of the following year.

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- (f) Have a seven-member board of directors, five of whom are to be appointed by the board and must be registrants regulated by the board and two of whom are to be appointed by the secretary and must be laypersons not regulated by the board. All appointments shall be for 4-year terms. No member shall serve more than two consecutive terms. Failure to attend three consecutive meetings shall be deemed a resignation from the board, and the vacancy shall be filled by a new appointment.
- (g) Select its officers in accordance with its bylaws. The members of the board of directors who were appointed by the board may be removed by the board.
- (h) Select the president of the management corporation, who shall also serve as executive director to the board, subject to approval of the board.
- (i) Use a portion of the interest derived from the management corporation account to offset the costs associated with the use of credit cards for payment of fees by applicants or licensees.
- (j) Operate under a written contract with the department which is approved by the board. The contract must provide for, but is not limited to:
- 1. Submission by the management corporation of an annual budget that complies with board rules for approval by the board and the department.
- 2. Annual certification by the board and the department that the management corporation is complying with the terms of the contract in a manner consistent with the goals and purposes of the board and in the best interest of the state. This certification must be reported in the board's minutes. The

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contract must also provide for methods and mechanisms to resolve any situation in which the certification process determines noncompliance.

- 3. Funding of the management corporation through appropriations allocated to the regulation of professional engineers from the Professional Regulation Trust Fund.
- 4. The reversion to the board, or the state if the board ceases to exist, of moneys, records, data, and property held in trust by the management corporation for the benefit of the board, if the management corporation is no longer approved to operate for the board or the board ceases to exist. All records and data in a computerized database shall be returned to the department in a form that is compatible with the computerized database of the department.
- 5. The securing and maintaining by the management corporation, during the term of the contract and for all acts performed during the term of the contract, of all liability insurance coverages in an amount to be approved by the board to defend, indemnify, and hold harmless the management corporation and its officers and employees, the department and its employees, and the state against all claims arising from state and federal laws. Such insurance coverage must be with insurers qualified and doing business in the state. The management corporation must provide proof of insurance to the department. The department and its employees and the state are exempt from and are not liable for any sum of money which represents a deductible, which sums shall be the sole responsibility of the management corporation. Violation of this subparagraph shall be grounds for terminating the contract.

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- 6. Payment by the management corporation, out of its allocated budget, to the department of all costs of representation by the board counsel, including salary and benefits, travel, and any other compensation traditionally paid by the department to other board counsel.
- 7. Payment by the management corporation, out of its allocated budget, to the department of all costs incurred by the management corporation or the board for the Division of Administrative Hearings of the Department of Management Services and any other cost for utilization of these state services.
- 8. Payment by the management corporation, out of its allocated budget, to the department of reasonable costs associated with the contract monitor.
- (k) Provide for an annual financial audit of its financial accounts and records by an independent certified public accountant. The annual audit report shall include a management letter in accordance with s. 11.45 and a detailed supplemental schedule of expenditures for each expenditure category. The annual audit report must be submitted to the board, the department, and the Auditor General for review.
- (1) Provide for persons not employed by the corporation who are charged with the responsibility of receiving and depositing fee and fine revenues to have a faithful performance bond in such an amount and according to such terms as shall be determined in the contract.
- (m) Submit to the secretary, the board, and the Legislature, on or before October 1 of each year, a report on the status of the corporation which includes, but is not limited to, information concerning the programs and funds that have been

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transferred to the corporation. The report must include: the number of license applications received; the number approved and denied and the number of licenses issued; the number of examinations administered and the number of applicants who passed or failed the examination; the number of complaints received; the number determined to be legally sufficient; the number dismissed; the number determined to have probable cause; the number of administrative complaints issued and the status of the complaints; and the number and nature of disciplinary actions taken by the board.

(n) Develop and submit to the department, performance standards and measurable outcomes for the board to adopt by rule in order to facilitate efficient and cost-effective regulation. Reviser's note.—Amended to conform to the reordering of

definitions in s. 20.03 by this act.

Section 105. Subsection (9) of section 491.003, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

491.003 Definitions.—As used in this chapter:

(9) The term "practice of marriage and family therapy" means the use of scientific and applied marriage and family theories, methods, and procedures for the purpose of describing, evaluating, and modifying marital, family, and individual behavior, within the context of marital and family systems, including the context of marital formation and dissolution, and is based on marriage and family systems theory, marriage and family development, human development, normal and abnormal behavior, psychopathology, human sexuality, and psychotherapeutic and marriage and family therapy theories and techniques. The practice of marriage and family therapy includes

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methods of a psychological nature used to evaluate, assess, diagnose, treat, and prevent emotional and mental disorders or dysfunctions (whether cognitive, affective, or behavioral), sexual dysfunction, behavioral disorders, alcoholism, and substance abuse. The practice of marriage and family therapy includes, but is not limited to, marriage and family therapy, psychotherapy, including behavioral family therapy, hypnotherapy, and sex therapy. The practice of marriage and family therapy also includes counseling, behavior modification, consultation, client-centered advocacy, crisis intervention, and the provision of needed information and education to clients, when using methods of a psychological nature to evaluate, assess, diagnose, treat, and prevent emotional and mental disorders and dysfunctions (whether cognitive, affective, or behavioral), sexual dysfunction, behavioral disorders, alcoholism, or substance abuse. The practice of marriage and family therapy may also include clinical research into more effective psychotherapeutic modalities for the treatment and prevention of such conditions.

- (a) Marriage and family therapy may be rendered to individuals, including individuals affected by termination of marriage, to couples, whether married or unmarried, to families, or to groups.
- (b) The use of specific methods, techniques, or modalities within the practice of marriage and family therapy is restricted to marriage and family therapists appropriately trained in the use of such methods, techniques, or modalities.
- (c) The terms "diagnose" and "treat," as used in this chapter, when considered in isolation or in conjunction with the

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rules of the board, may not be construed to permit the performance of any act that marriage and family therapists are not educated and trained to perform, including, but not limited to, admitting persons to hospitals for treatment of the foregoing conditions, treating persons in hospitals without medical supervision, prescribing medicinal drugs as defined in chapter 465, authorizing clinical laboratory procedures or radiological procedures or the use of electroconvulsive therapy. In addition, this definition may not be construed to permit any person licensed, provisionally licensed, registered, or certified pursuant to this chapter to describe or label any test, report, or procedure as "psychological," except to relate specifically to the definition of practice authorized in this subsection.

(d) The definition of "marriage and family therapy" contained in this subsection includes all services offered directly to the general public or through organizations, whether public or private, and applies whether payment is requested or received for services rendered.

Reviser's note.—Amended to confirm an editorial insertion to improve clarity.

Section 106. Subsection (6) of section 491.0045, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

491.0045 Intern registration; requirements.-

(6) A registration issued on or before March 31, 2017, expires March 31, 2022, and may not be renewed or reissued. Any registration issued after March 31, 2017, expires 60 months after the date it is issued. The board may make a one-time exception to the requirements of this subsection in emergency or

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hardship cases, as defined by board rule, if the candidate has passed the theory and practice examination described in s.

4556 491.005(1)(d), (3)(d), and (4)(d).

4557 Reviser's note.—Amended to delete obsolete language.

Section 107. Paragraph (s) of subsection (1) of section 491.009, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

491.009 Discipline.

- (1) The following acts constitute grounds for denial of a license or disciplinary action, as specified in s. 456.072(2) or s. 491.017:
- (s) Delegating professional responsibilities to a person $\underline{\text{who}}$ whom the licensee, registered intern, or certificateholder knows or has reason to know is not qualified by training or experience to perform such responsibilities.

4568 Reviser's note.—Amended to confirm an editorial substitution to conform to context.

Section 108. Paragraph (i) of subsection (1) of section 497.260, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

497.260 Cemeteries; exemption; investigation and mediation.—

- (1) The provisions of this chapter relating to cemeteries and all rules adopted pursuant thereto shall apply to all cemeteries except for:
- (i) A columbarium consisting of 5 acres or less which is located on the main campus of a state university as defined in s. $\underline{1000.21(8)}$ $\underline{1000.21(6)}$. The university or university direct-support organization, as defined in s. $\underline{1004.28(1)}$, which establishes the columbarium shall ensure that the columbarium is constructed and perpetually kept and maintained in a manner

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consistent with subsection (2) and the intent of this chapter.

Reviser's note.—Amended to conform to the reordering of

definitions in s. 1000.21 by this act.

Section 109. Subsections (20) through (23) and (26) through (38) of section 550.002, Florida Statutes, are reordered and amended to read:

550.002 Definitions.—As used in this chapter, the term:

- (21) (20) "Operating day" means a continuous period of 24 hours starting with the beginning of the first performance of a race or game, even though the operating day may start during one calendar day and extend past midnight except that no jai alai game may commence after 1:30 a.m.
- (22) (21) "Pari-mutuel" or "pari-mutuel wagering" means a system of betting on races or games in which the winners divide the total amount bet, after deducting management expenses and taxes, in proportion to the sums they have wagered individually and with regard to the odds assigned to particular outcomes.
- (23) "Pari-mutuel facility" means the grounds or property of a cardroom, racetrack, fronton, or other facility used by a licensed permitholder.
- (26) (23) "Permitholder" or "permittee" means a holder of a permit to conduct pari-mutuel wagering in this state as authorized in this chapter.
- $\underline{(27)}$ "Post time" means the time set for the arrival at the starting point of the horses in a race or the beginning of a game in jai alai.
- (28) "Purse" means the cash portion of the prize for which a race or game is contested.
 - (29) (28) "Quarter horse" means a breed of horse developed

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in the western United States which is capable of high speed for a short distance and used in quarter horse racing registered with the American Quarter Horse Association.

- (30) (29) "Regular wagering" means contributions to parimutuel pools involving wagering on a single entry in a single race, or a single jai alai player or team in a single game, such as the win pool, the place pool, or the show pool.
- (31) (30) "Same class of races, games, or permit" means, with respect to a jai alai permitholder, jai alai games or other jai alai permitholders; with respect to a greyhound permitholder, other greyhound permitholders conducting parimutuel wagering; with respect to a thoroughbred permitholder, thoroughbred races or other thoroughbred permitholders; with respect to a harness permitholder, harness races or other harness permitholders; with respect to a quarter horse permitholder, quarter horse races or other quarter horse permitholders.
- (32) (31) "Simulcasting" means broadcasting events occurring live at an in-state location to an out-of-state location, or receiving at an in-state location events occurring live at an out-of-state location, by the transmittal, retransmittal, reception, and rebroadcast of television or radio signals by wire, cable, satellite, microwave, or other electrical or electronic means for receiving or rebroadcasting the events.
- (33) (32) "Standardbred horse" means a pacing or trotting horse that is used in harness racing and that has been registered as a standardbred by the United States Trotting Association or by a foreign registry whose stud book is recognized by the United States Trotting Association.

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- $\underline{(34)}$ "Takeout" means the percentage of the pari-mutuel pools deducted by the permitholder prior to the distribution of the pool.
- (35) (34) "Thoroughbred" means a purebred horse whose ancestry can be traced back to one of three foundation sires and whose pedigree is registered in the American Stud Book or in a foreign stud book that is recognized by the Jockey Club and the International Stud Book Committee.
- $\underline{(36)}$ "Totalisator" means the computer system used to accumulate wagers, record sales, calculate payoffs, and display wagering data on a display device that is located at a parimutuel facility.
- (37) (36) "Ultimate equitable owner" means a natural person who, directly or indirectly, owns or controls 5 percent or more of an ownership interest in a corporation, foreign corporation, or alien business organization, regardless of whether such person owns or controls such ownership through one or more natural persons or one or more proxies, powers of attorney, nominees, corporations, associations, partnerships, trusts, joint stock companies, or other entities or devices, or any combination thereof.
- (38) (37) "Year," for purposes of determining a full schedule of live racing, means the state fiscal year.
- (20) (38) "Net pool pricing" means a method of calculating prices awarded to winning wagers relative to the contribution, net of takeouts, to a pool by each participating jurisdiction or, as applicable, site.
- Reviser's note.—Amended to place the definitions of subsections
 - (20) through (23) and (26) through (38) in alphabetical

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4670 order.

Section 110. Paragraph (b) of subsection (1) of section 550.01215, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

550.01215 License application; periods of operation; license fees; bond.—

- (1) Each permitholder shall annually, during the period between December 15 and January 4, file in writing with the commission its application for an operating license for a parimutuel facility for the conduct of pari-mutuel wagering during the next state fiscal year, including intertrack and simulcast race wagering. Each application for live performances must specify the number, dates, and starting times of all live performances that the permitholder intends to conduct. It must also specify which performances will be conducted as charity or scholarship performances.
- (b)1. A greyhound permitholder may not conduct live racing. A jai alai permitholder, harness horse racing permitholder, or quarter horse racing permitholder may elect not to conduct live racing or games. A thoroughbred permitholder must conduct live racing. A greyhound permitholder, jai alai permitholder, harness horse racing permitholder, or quarter horse racing permitholder that does not conduct live racing or games retains its permit; is a pari-mutuel facility as defined in s. 550.002(23) 550.002(22); if such permitholder has been issued a slot machine license, the facility where such permit is located remains an eligible facility as defined in s. 551.102(4), continues to be eligible for a slot machine license pursuant to s. 551.104(3), and is exempt from ss. 551.104(4)(c) and (10) and 551.114(2); is eligible, but not required, to be a quest track and, if the

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permitholder is a harness horse racing permitholder, to be a host track for purposes of intertrack wagering and simulcasting pursuant to ss. 550.3551, 550.615, 550.625, and 550.6305; and remains eligible for a cardroom license.

- 2. A permitholder or licensee may not conduct live greyhound racing or dogracing in connection with any wager for money or any other thing of value in the state. The commission may deny, suspend, or revoke any permit or license under this chapter if a permitholder or licensee conducts live greyhound racing or dogracing in violation of this subparagraph. In addition to, or in lieu of, denial, suspension, or revocation of such permit or license, the commission may impose a civil penalty of up to \$5,000 against the permitholder or licensee for a violation of this subparagraph. All penalties imposed and collected must be deposited with the Chief Financial Officer to the credit of the General Revenue Fund.
- Reviser's note.—Amended to conform to the reordering of definitions in s. 550.002 by this act.

Section 111. Paragraph (b) of subsection (7) of section 550.2625, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

550.2625 Horseracing; minimum purse requirement, Florida breeders' and owners' awards.—

(7)

(b) The commission shall deposit these collections to the credit of the General Inspection Trust Fund in a special account to be known as the "Florida Appaloosa Racing Promotion Account." The Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services shall administer the funds and adopt suitable and reasonable rules for the administration thereof. The moneys in the Florida Appaloosa

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Racing Promotion Account shall be allocated solely for supplementing and augmenting purses and prizes and for the general promotion of owning and breeding of racing Appaloosas in this state.; and The moneys may not be used to defray any expense of the Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services in the administration of this chapter.

Reviser's note.—Amended to improve sentence structure.

Section 112. Subsection (1) of section 553.895, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

553.895 Firesafety.-

(1) Any transient public lodging establishment, as defined in chapter 509 and used primarily for transient occupancy as defined in s. 83.43(17) 83.43(10), or any timeshare unit of a timeshare plan as defined in chapters 718 and 721, which is of three stories or more and for which the construction contract has been let after September 30, 1983, with interior corridors which do not have direct access from the guest area to exterior means of egress and on buildings over 75 feet in height that have direct access from the quest area to exterior means of egress and for which the construction contract has been let after September 30, 1983, shall be equipped with an automatic sprinkler system installed in compliance with the provisions prescribed in the National Fire Protection Association publication NFPA No. 13 (1985), "Standards for the Installation of Sprinkler Systems." Each guest room and each timeshare unit shall be equipped with an approved listed single-station smoke detector meeting the minimum requirements of NFPA 74 (1984) "Standards for the Installation, Maintenance and Use of Household Fire Warning Equipment," powered from the building

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electrical service, notwithstanding the number of stories in the structure, if the contract for construction is let after September 30, 1983. Single-station smoke detectors shall not be required when guest rooms or timeshare units contain smoke detectors connected to a central alarm system which also alarms locally.

Reviser's note.—Amended to conform to the reordering of definitions in s. 83.43 by this act.

Section 113. Paragraph (c) of subsection (1) of section 560.141, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

560.141 License application.-

- (1) To apply for a license as a money services business under this chapter, the applicant must submit:
- (c) Fingerprints for each person listed in subparagraph (a)3. for live-scan processing in accordance with rules adopted by the commission.
- 1. The fingerprints may be submitted through a third-party vendor authorized by the Department of Law Enforcement to provide live-scan fingerprinting.
- 2. The Department of Law Enforcement must conduct the state criminal history background check, and a federal criminal history background check must be conducted through the Federal Bureau of Investigation.
- 3. All fingerprints submitted to the Department of Law Enforcement must be submitted electronically and entered into the statewide automated fingerprint identification system established in s. 943.05(2)(b) and available for use in accordance with s. 943.05(2)(g) and (h). The office shall pay an annual fee to the Department of Law Enforcement to participate

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in the system and shall inform the Department of Law Enforcement of any person whose fingerprints no longer must be retained.

- 4. The costs of fingerprint processing, including the cost of retaining the fingerprints, shall be borne by the person subject to the background check.
- 5. The office shall review the results of the state and federal criminal history background checks and determine whether the applicant meets licensure requirements.
- 6. For purposes of this paragraph, fingerprints are not required to be submitted if the applicant is a publicly traded corporation or is exempted from this chapter under s. 560.104(1).
- 7. Licensees initially approved before October 1, 2013, who are seeking renewal must submit fingerprints for each person listed in subparagraph (a)3. for live-scan processing pursuant to this paragraph. Such fingerprints must be submitted before renewing a license that is scheduled to expire between April 30, 2014, and December 31, 2015.

Reviser's note.—Amended to delete an obsolete provision.

Section 114. Section 624.36, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

- 624.36 Availability of description of specified behavioral health care benefits on department website Coverage of and access to behavioral health care services; complaints; reporting.—
- (1) By January 31, 2022, the department shall submit a report to the Governor, the President of the Senate, and the Speaker of the House of Representatives relating to the disposition of complaints received from insureds and subscribers

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of insurers or health maintenance organizations regulated by the office relating to the access to and affordability of behavioral health care services and benefits during the prior calendar year. At a minimum, the report must include all of the following information:

- (a) The total number of complaints received.
- (b) The nature of the complaints, including, but not limited to, concerns related to access to in-network providers or facilities; access to inpatient or outpatient services; availability of specialists; affordability of services; equivalency of behavioral health care benefits with respect to medical and surgical benefits; quality of care; and denial of services, including the types of services denied and the stated reason for the denials.
 - (c) The disposition of the complaints.
- (d) Any recommendations made by the department to the Legislature for ensuring the access to and affordability of behavioral health care services to insureds and subscribers.
- (2) The department shall make available on its website a description of behavioral health care benefits required to be made available pursuant to s. 627.668 and federal law for individual and group policies and contracts.
- Reviser's note.—Amended to delete an obsolete provision; the referenced plan was submitted to the recipients on January 21, 2022.
 - Section 115. Paragraph (h) of subsection (1) of section 626.321, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
 - 626.321 Limited licenses and registration. -
 - (1) The department shall issue to a qualified applicant a

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license as agent authorized to transact a limited class of business in any of the following categories of limited lines insurance:

- (h) Portable electronics insurance.—License for property insurance or inland marine insurance that covers only loss, theft, mechanical failure, malfunction, or damage for portable electronics.
 - 1. The license may be issued only to:
- a. Employees or authorized representatives of a licensed general lines agent; or
- b. The lead business location of a retail vendor that sells portable electronics insurance. The lead business location must have a contractual relationship with a general lines agent.
- 2. Employees or authorized representatives of a licensee under subparagraph 1. may sell or offer for sale portable electronics coverage without being subject to licensure as an insurance agent if:
- a. Such insurance is sold or offered for sale at a licensed location or at one of the licensee's branch locations if the branch location is appointed by the licensed lead business location or its appointing insurers;
- b. The insurer issuing the insurance directly supervises or appoints a general lines agent to supervise the sale of such insurance, including the development of a training program for the employees and authorized representatives of vendors that are directly engaged in the activity of selling or offering the insurance; and
- c. At each location where the insurance is offered, brochures or other written materials that provide the

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information required by this subparagraph are made available to all prospective customers. The brochures or written materials may include information regarding portable electronics insurance, service warranty agreements, or other incidental services or benefits offered by a licensee.

- 3. Individuals not licensed to sell portable electronics insurance may not be paid commissions based on the sale of such coverage. However, a licensee who uses a compensation plan for employees and authorized representatives which includes supplemental compensation for the sale of noninsurance products, in addition to a regular salary or hourly wages, may include incidental compensation for the sale of portable electronics insurance as a component of the overall compensation plan.
- 4. Brochures or other written materials related to portable electronics insurance must:
- a. Disclose that such insurance may duplicate coverage already provided by a customer's homeowners insurance policy, renters insurance policy, or other source of coverage;
- b. State that enrollment in insurance coverage is not required in order to purchase or lease portable electronics or services;
- c. Summarize the material terms of the insurance coverage, including the identity of the insurer, the identity of the supervising entity, the amount of any applicable deductible and how it is to be paid, the benefits of coverage, and key terms and conditions of coverage, such as whether portable electronics may be repaired or replaced with similar make and model reconditioned or nonoriginal manufacturer parts or equipment;
 - d. Summarize the process for filing a claim, including a

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description of how to return portable electronics and the maximum fee applicable if the customer fails to comply with equipment return requirements; and

- e. State that an enrolled customer may cancel coverage at any time and that the person paying the premium will receive a refund of any unearned premium.
- 5. A licensed and appointed general lines agent is not required to obtain a portable electronics insurance license to offer or sell portable electronics insurance at locations already licensed as an insurance agency, but may apply for a portable electronics insurance license for branch locations not otherwise licensed to sell insurance.
- 6. A portable electronics license authorizes the sale of individual policies or certificates under a group or master insurance policy. The license also authorizes the sale of service warranty agreements covering only portable electronics to the same extent as if licensed under s. 634.419 or s. 634.420.
- 7. A licensee may bill and collect the premium for the purchase of portable electronics insurance provided that:
- a. If the insurance is included with the purchase or lease of portable electronics or related services, the licensee clearly and conspicuously discloses that insurance coverage is included with the purchase. Disclosure of the stand-alone cost of the premium for same or similar insurance must be made on the customer's bill and in any marketing materials made available at the point of sale. If the insurance is not included, the charge to the customer for the insurance must be separately itemized on the customer's bill.

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- b. Premiums are incidental to other fees collected, are maintained in a manner that is readily identifiable, and are accounted for and remitted to the insurer or supervising entity within 60 days of receipt. Licensees are not required to maintain such funds in a segregated account.
- c. All funds received by a licensee from an enrolled customer for the sale of the insurance are considered funds held in trust by the licensee in a fiduciary capacity for the benefit of the insurer. Licensees may receive compensation for billing and collection services.
- 8. Notwithstanding any other provision of law, the terms for the termination or modification of coverage under a policy of portable electronics insurance are those set forth in the policy.
- 9. Notice or correspondence required by the policy, or otherwise required by law, may be provided by electronic means if the insurer or licensee maintains proof that the notice or correspondence was sent. Such notice or correspondence may be sent on behalf of the insurer or licensee by the general lines agent appointed by the insurer to supervise the administration of the program. For purposes of this subparagraph, an enrolled customer's provision of an electronic mail address to the insurer or licensee is deemed to be consent to receive notices and correspondence by electronic means if a conspicuously located disclosure is provided to the customer indicating the same.
- 10. The <u>fingerprinting</u> <u>fingerprints</u> requirements in s. 626.171(4) do not apply to licenses issued to qualified entities under this paragraph.

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- 11. A branch location that sells portable electronics insurance may, in lieu of obtaining an appointment from an insurer or warranty association, obtain a single appointment from the associated lead business location licensee and pay the prescribed appointment fee under s. 624.501 if the lead business location has a single appointment from each insurer or warranty association represented and such appointment applies to the lead business location and all of its branch locations. Branch location appointments shall be renewed 24 months after the initial appointment date of the lead business location and every 24 months thereafter. Notwithstanding s. 624.501, the renewal fee applicable to such branch location appointments is \$30 per appointment.
 - 12. For purposes of this paragraph:
- a. "Branch location" means any physical location in this state at which a licensee offers its products or services for sale.
- b. "Portable electronics" means personal, self-contained, easily carried by an individual, battery-operated electronic communication, viewing, listening, recording, gaming, computing or global positioning devices, including cell or satellite phones, pagers, personal global positioning satellite units, portable computers, portable audio listening, video viewing or recording devices, digital cameras, video camcorders, portable gaming systems, docking stations, automatic answering devices, and other similar devices and their accessories, and service related to the use of such devices.
- c. "Portable electronics transaction" means the sale or lease of portable electronics or a related service, including

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4989 portable electronics insurance.

Reviser's note.—Amended to confirm an editorial substitution to conform to context.

Section 116. Subsections (2), (5), and (6) of section 626.9891, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

626.9891 Insurer anti-fraud investigative units; reporting requirements; penalties for noncompliance.—

- (2) By December 31, 2017, Every insurer admitted to do business in this state shall:
- (a)1. Establish and maintain a designated anti-fraud unit or division within the company to investigate and report possible fraudulent insurance acts by insureds or by persons making claims for services or repairs against policies held by insureds; or
- 2. Contract with others to investigate and report possible fraudulent insurance acts by insureds or by persons making claims for services or repairs against policies held by insureds.
 - (b) Adopt an anti-fraud plan.
- (c) Designate at least one employee with primary responsibility for implementing the requirements of this section.
- (d) Electronically file with the Division of Investigative and Forensic Services of the department, and annually thereafter, a detailed description of the designated anti-fraud unit or division or a copy of the contract executed under subparagraph (a)2., as applicable, a copy of the anti-fraud plan, and the name of the employee designated under paragraph (c).

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An insurer must include the additional cost incurred in creating a distinct unit or division, hiring additional employees, or contracting with another entity to fulfill the requirements of this section, as an administrative expense for ratemaking

- (5) Each insurer is required to report data related to fraud for each identified line of business written by the insurer during the prior calendar year. The data shall be reported to the department <u>annually</u> by March 1, 2019, and annually thereafter, and must include, at a minimum:
 - (a) The number of policies in effect;
 - (b) The amount of premiums written for policies;
 - (c) The number of claims received;
- (d) The number of claims referred to the anti-fraud investigative unit;
- (e) The number of other insurance fraud matters referred to the anti-fraud investigative unit that were not claim related;
- (f) The number of claims investigated or accepted by the anti-fraud investigative unit;
- (g) The number of other insurance fraud matters investigated or accepted by the anti-fraud investigative unit that were not claim related;
- (h) The number of cases referred to the Division of Investigative and Forensic Services;
- (i) The number of cases referred to other law enforcement agencies;
 - (j) The number of cases referred to other entities; and
 - (k) The estimated dollar amount or range of damages on

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cases referred to the Division of Investigative and Forensic Services or other agencies.

- (6) In addition to providing information required under subsections (2), (4), and (5), each insurer writing workers' compensation insurance shall also report the following information to the department, annually, on or before March 1_{τ} 2019, and annually thereafter:
- (a) The estimated dollar amount of losses attributable to workers' compensation fraud delineated by the type of fraud, including claimant, employer, provider, agent, or other type.
- (b) The estimated dollar amount of recoveries attributable to workers' compensation fraud delineated by the type of fraud, including claimant, employer, provider, agent, or other type.
- (c) The number of cases referred to the Division of Investigative and Forensic Services, delineated by the type of fraud, including claimant, employer, provider, agent, or other type.

Reviser's note.—Amended to delete obsolete language.

Section 117. Subsection (1) of section 695.031, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

695.031 Affidavits and acknowledgments by members of armed forces and their spouses.—

(1) In addition to the manner, form and proof of acknowledgment of instruments as now provided by law, any person serving in or with the Armed Forces of the United States, including the Army, Navy, Air Force, Marine Corps, Space Force, Coast Guard, or any component or any arm or service of any thereof, including any female auxiliary of any thereof, and any person whose duties require his or her presence with the Armed

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Forces of the United States, as herein designated, or otherwise designated by law or military or naval command, may acknowledge any instrument, wherever located, either within or without the state, or without the United States, before any commissioned officer in active service of the Armed Forces of the United States, as herein designated, or otherwise designated by law, or military or naval command, or order, with the rank of second lieutenant or higher in the Army, Air Force, Space Force, or Marine Corps, or of any component or any arm or service of any thereof, including any female auxiliary of any thereof, or ensign or higher in the Navy or United States Coast Guard, or of any component or any arm or service of either thereof, including any female auxiliary of any thereof.

Reviser's note.—Amended to delete obsolete language to conform to the fact that female auxiliary forces no longer exist.

Section 118. Subsections (1) through (4) of section

705.101, Florida Statutes, are reordered and amended to read:

705.101 Definitions.—As used in this chapter:

- $\underline{(3)}$ "Local government" means the board of county commissioners of a county or the commission or council of any municipality in the county.
- (4) (2) "Lost property" means all tangible personal property which does not have an identifiable owner and which has been mislaid on public property, upon a public conveyance, on premises used at the time for business purposes, or in parks, places of amusement, public recreation areas, or other places open to the public in a substantially operable, functioning condition or which has an apparent intrinsic value to the rightful owner.

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(1) (3) "Abandoned property" means all tangible personal property that does not have an identifiable owner and that has been disposed on public property in a wrecked, inoperative, or partially dismantled condition or has no apparent intrinsic value to the rightful owner. The term includes derelict vessels as defined in s. 823.11 and vessels declared a public nuisance pursuant to s. 327.73(1)(aa).

(2)(4) "Law enforcement officer" means any person who is elected, appointed, or employed full time by any sheriff, any municipality, or the state or any political subdivision thereof; who is vested with authority to bear arms and make arrests; and whose primary responsibility is the prevention and detection of crime or the enforcement of the penal, criminal, traffic, or highway laws of the state. This definition includes all certified supervisory and command personnel whose duties include, in whole or in part, the supervision, training, guidance, and management responsibilities of full-time law enforcement officers or auxiliary law enforcement officers but does not include support personnel employed by the employing agency.

Reviser's note.—Amended to place the definitions of the section in alphabetical order.

Section 119. Paragraph (d) of subsection (1) of section 718.501, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

718.501 Authority, responsibility, and duties of Division of Florida Condominiums, Timeshares, and Mobile Homes.—

(1) The division may enforce and ensure compliance with this chapter and rules relating to the development, construction, sale, lease, ownership, operation, and management

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of residential condominium units and complaints related to the procedural completion of milestone inspections under s. 553.899. In performing its duties, the division has complete jurisdiction to investigate complaints and enforce compliance with respect to associations that are still under developer control or the control of a bulk assignee or bulk buyer pursuant to part VII of this chapter and complaints against developers, bulk assignees, or bulk buyers involving improper turnover or failure to turnover, pursuant to s. 718.301. However, after turnover has occurred, the division has jurisdiction to investigate complaints related only to financial issues, elections, and the maintenance of and unit owner access to association records under s. 718.111(12), and the procedural completion of structural integrity reserve studies under s. 718.112(2)(g).

- (d) Notwithstanding any remedies available to unit owners and associations, if the division has reasonable cause to believe that a violation of any provision of this chapter or related rule has occurred, the division may institute enforcement proceedings in its own name against any developer, bulk assignee, bulk buyer, association, officer, or member of the board of administration, or its assignees or agents, as follows:
- 1. The division may permit a person whose conduct or actions may be under investigation to waive formal proceedings and enter into a consent proceeding whereby orders, rules, or letters of censure or warning, whether formal or informal, may be entered against the person.
- 2. The division may issue an order requiring the developer, bulk assignee, bulk buyer, association, developer-designated

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officer, or developer-designated member of the board of administration, developer-designated assignees or agents, bulk assignee-designated assignees or agents, bulk buyer-designated assignees or agents, community association manager, or community association management firm to cease and desist from the unlawful practice and take such affirmative action as in the judgment of the division carry out the purposes of this chapter. If the division finds that a developer, bulk assignee, bulk buyer, association, officer, or member of the board of administration, or its assignees or agents, is violating or is about to violate any provision of this chapter, any rule adopted or order issued by the division, or any written agreement entered into with the division, and presents an immediate danger to the public requiring an immediate final order, it may issue an emergency cease and desist order reciting with particularity the facts underlying such findings. The emergency cease and desist order is effective for 90 days. If the division begins nonemergency cease and desist proceedings, the emergency cease and desist order remains effective until the conclusion of the proceedings under ss. 120.569 and 120.57.

3. If a developer, bulk assignee, or bulk buyer fails to pay any restitution determined by the division to be owed, plus any accrued interest at the highest rate permitted by law, within 30 days after expiration of any appellate time period of a final order requiring payment of restitution or the conclusion of any appeal thereof, whichever is later, the division must bring an action in circuit or county court on behalf of any association, class of unit owners, lessees, or purchasers for restitution, declaratory relief, injunctive relief, or any other

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available remedy. The division may also temporarily revoke its acceptance of the filing for the developer to which the restitution relates until payment of restitution is made.

- 4. The division may petition the court for appointment of a receiver or conservator. If appointed, the receiver or conservator may take action to implement the court order to ensure the performance of the order and to remedy any breach thereof. In addition to all other means provided by law for the enforcement of an injunction or temporary restraining order, the circuit court may impound or sequester the property of a party defendant, including books, papers, documents, and related records, and allow the examination and use of the property by the division and a court-appointed receiver or conservator.
- 5. The division may apply to the circuit court for an order of restitution whereby the defendant in an action brought under subparagraph 4. is ordered to make restitution of those sums shown by the division to have been obtained by the defendant in violation of this chapter. At the option of the court, such restitution is payable to the conservator or receiver appointed under subparagraph 4. or directly to the persons whose funds or assets were obtained in violation of this chapter.
- 6. The division may impose a civil penalty against a developer, bulk assignee, or bulk buyer, or association, or its assignee or agent, for any violation of this chapter or related rule. The division may impose a civil penalty individually against an officer or board member who willfully and knowingly violates this chapter, an adopted rule, or a final order of the division; may order the removal of such individual as an officer or from the board of administration or as an officer of the

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association; and may prohibit such individual from serving as an officer or on the board of a community association for a period of time. The term "willfully and knowingly" means that the division informed the officer or board member that his or her action or intended action violates this chapter, a rule adopted under this chapter, or a final order of the division and that the officer or board member refused to comply with the requirements of this chapter, a rule adopted under this chapter, or a final order of the division. The division, before initiating formal agency action under chapter 120, must afford the officer or board member an opportunity to voluntarily comply, and an officer or board member who complies within 10 days is not subject to a civil penalty. A penalty may be imposed on the basis of each day of continuing violation, but the penalty for any offense may not exceed \$5,000. The division shall adopt, by rule, penalty guidelines applicable to possible violations or to categories of violations of this chapter or rules adopted by the division. The guidelines must specify a meaningful range of civil penalties for each such violation of the statute and rules and must be based upon the harm caused by the violation, upon the repetition of the violation, and upon such other factors deemed relevant by the division. For example, the division may consider whether the violations were committed by a developer, bulk assignee, or bulk buyer, or ownercontrolled association, the size of the association, and other factors. The guidelines must designate the possible mitigating or aggravating circumstances that justify a departure from the range of penalties provided by the rules. It is the legislative intent that minor violations be distinguished from those which

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endanger the health, safety, or welfare of the condominium residents or other persons and that such guidelines provide reasonable and meaningful notice to the public of likely penalties that may be imposed for proscribed conduct. This subsection does not limit the ability of the division to informally dispose of administrative actions or complaints by stipulation, agreed settlement, or consent order. All amounts collected shall be deposited with the Chief Financial Officer to the credit of the Division of Florida Condominiums, Timeshares, and Mobile Homes Trust Fund. If a developer, bulk assignee, or bulk buyer fails to pay the civil penalty and the amount deemed to be owed to the association, the division shall issue an order directing that such developer, bulk assignee, or bulk buyer cease and desist from further operation until such time as the civil penalty is paid or may pursue enforcement of the penalty in a court of competent jurisdiction. If an association fails to pay the civil penalty, the division shall pursue enforcement in a court of competent jurisdiction, and the order imposing the civil penalty or the cease and desist order is not effective until 20 days after the date of such order. Any action commenced by the division shall be brought in the county in which the division has its executive offices or in the county where the violation occurred.

7. If a unit owner presents the division with proof that the unit owner has requested access to official records in writing by certified mail, and that after 10 days the unit owner again made the same request for access to official records in writing by certified mail, and that more than 10 days has elapsed since the second request and the association has still

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failed or refused to provide access to official records as required by this chapter, the division shall issue a subpoena requiring production of the requested records where the records are kept pursuant to s. 718.112.

8. In addition to subparagraph 6., the division may seek the imposition of a civil penalty through the circuit court for any violation for which the division may issue a notice to show cause under paragraph (r). The civil penalty shall be at least \$500 but no more than \$5,000 for each violation. The court may also award to the prevailing party court costs and reasonable attorney fees and, if the division prevails, may also award reasonable costs of investigation.

Reviser's note.—Amended to confirm an editorial insertion to improve clarity and for consistency with the rest of the sentence.

Section 120. Paragraph (d) of subsection (1) of section 719.501, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

719.501 Powers and duties of Division of Florida Condominiums, Timeshares, and Mobile Homes.—

(1) The Division of Florida Condominiums, Timeshares, and Mobile Homes of the Department of Business and Professional Regulation, referred to as the "division" in this part, in addition to other powers and duties prescribed by chapter 718, has the power to enforce and ensure compliance with this chapter and adopted rules relating to the development, construction, sale, lease, ownership, operation, and management of residential cooperative units; complaints related to the procedural completion of the structural integrity reserve studies under s. 719.106(1)(k); and complaints related to the procedural

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completion of milestone inspections under s. 553.899. In performing its duties, the division shall have the following powers and duties:

- (d) Notwithstanding any remedies available to unit owners and associations, if the division has reasonable cause to believe that a violation of any provision of this chapter or related rule has occurred, the division may institute enforcement proceedings in its own name against a developer, association, officer, or member of the board, or its assignees or agents, as follows:
- 1. The division may permit a person whose conduct or actions may be under investigation to waive formal proceedings and enter into a consent proceeding whereby orders, rules, or letters of censure or warning, whether formal or informal, may be entered against the person.
- 2. The division may issue an order requiring the developer, association, officer, or member of the board, or its assignees or agents, to cease and desist from the unlawful practice and take such affirmative action as in the judgment of the division will carry out the purposes of this chapter. Such affirmative action may include, but is not limited to, an order requiring a developer to pay moneys determined to be owed to a condominium association.
- 3. The division may bring an action in circuit court on behalf of a class of unit owners, lessees, or purchasers for declaratory relief, injunctive relief, or restitution.
- 4. The division may impose a civil penalty against a developer or association, or its assignees or agents, for any violation of this chapter or related rule. The division may

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impose a civil penalty individually against any officer or board member who willfully and knowingly violates a provision of this chapter, a rule adopted pursuant to this chapter, or a final order of the division. The term "willfully and knowingly" means that the division informed the officer or board member that his or her action or intended action violates this chapter, a rule adopted under this chapter, or a final order of the division, and that the officer or board member refused to comply with the requirements of this chapter, a rule adopted under this chapter, or a final order of the division. The division, prior to initiating formal agency action under chapter 120, shall afford the officer or board member an opportunity to voluntarily comply with this chapter, a rule adopted under this chapter, or a final order of the division. An officer or board member who complies within 10 days is not subject to a civil penalty. A penalty may be imposed on the basis of each day of continuing violation, but in no event shall the penalty for any offense exceed \$5,000. By January 1, 1998, The division shall adopt, by rule, penalty quidelines applicable to possible violations or to categories of violations of this chapter or rules adopted by the division. The quidelines must specify a meaningful range of civil penalties for each such violation of the statute and rules and must be based upon the harm caused by the violation, upon the repetition of the violation, and upon such other factors deemed relevant by the division. For example, the division may consider whether the violations were committed by a developer or owner-controlled association, the size of the association, and other factors. The guidelines must designate the possible mitigating or aggravating circumstances that justify a departure from the range of

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penalties provided by the rules. It is the legislative intent that minor violations be distinguished from those which endanger the health, safety, or welfare of the cooperative residents or other persons and that such quidelines provide reasonable and meaningful notice to the public of likely penalties that may be imposed for proscribed conduct. This subsection does not limit the ability of the division to informally dispose of administrative actions or complaints by stipulation, agreed settlement, or consent order. All amounts collected shall be deposited with the Chief Financial Officer to the credit of the Division of Florida Condominiums, Timeshares, and Mobile Homes Trust Fund. If a developer fails to pay the civil penalty, the division shall thereupon issue an order directing that such developer cease and desist from further operation until such time as the civil penalty is paid or may pursue enforcement of the penalty in a court of competent jurisdiction. If an association fails to pay the civil penalty, the division shall thereupon pursue enforcement in a court of competent jurisdiction, and the order imposing the civil penalty or the cease and desist order shall not become effective until 20 days after the date of such order. Any action commenced by the division shall be brought in the county in which the division has its executive offices or in the county where the violation occurred.

Reviser's note.—Amended to delete obsolete language and to confirm an editorial insertion to improve clarity and for consistency with the rest of the sentence.

Section 121. Paragraph (b) of subsection (2) of section 720.304, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

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720.304 Right of owners to peaceably assemble; display of flag; SLAPP suits prohibited.—

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(b) Any homeowner may erect a freestanding flagpole no more than 20 feet high on any portion of the homeowner's real property, regardless of any covenants, restrictions, bylaws, rules, or requirements of the association, if the flagpole does not obstruct sightlines at intersections and is not erected within or upon an easement. The homeowner may further display in a respectful manner from that flagpole, regardless of any covenants, restrictions, bylaws, rules, or requirements of the association, one official United States flag, not larger than 4 1/2 feet by 6 feet, and may additionally display one official flag of the State of Florida or the United States Army, Navy, Air Force, Marines, Space Force, or Coast Guard, or a POW-MIA flag. Such additional flag must be equal in size to or smaller than the United States flag. The flagpole and display are subject to all building codes, zoning setbacks, and other applicable governmental regulations, including, but not limited to, noise and lighting ordinances in the county or municipality in which the flagpole is erected and all setback and locational criteria contained in the governing documents.

Reviser's note.—Amended to confirm an editorial insertion to conform to the amendment by s. 19, ch. 2022-183, Laws of Florida, which added Space Force to the list of United States entities for which homeowners may display an official flag in paragraph (2)(a).

Section 122. Paragraphs (b) and (c) of subsection (1) of section 741.313, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

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741.313 Unlawful action against employees seeking protection.—

- (1) As used in this section, the term:
- 5427 (b) "Employee" has the same meaning as in s. 440.02(18) 5428 440.02(15).
 - (c) "Employer" has the same meaning as in s. 440.02(19) 440.02(16).
 - Reviser's note.—Amended to conform to the reordering of definitions in s. 440.02 by this act.
 - Section 123. Paragraphs (b) and (c) of subsection (3) of section 744.2111, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:
- 5435 744.2111 Confidentiality.-
 - (3) This section does not prohibit the department from providing such information:
 - (b) $\underline{\text{To}}$ any other regulatory agency in the performance of its official duties and responsibilities;
 - (c) <u>To</u> the clerk of the circuit court under s. 744.368; or Reviser's note.—Amended to confirm an editorial insertion to improve clarity.
 - Section 124. Paragraph (e) of subsection (3) of section 766.105, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
 - 766.105 Florida Patient's Compensation Fund.-
- 5446 (3) THE FUND.—
 - (e) Fund accounting and audit.-
 - 1. Money shall be withdrawn from the fund only upon a voucher as authorized by the Chief Financial Officer or his or her designee.
- 2. All books, records, and audits of the fund shall be open for reasonable inspection to the general public, except that a

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claim file in possession of the fund, fund members, and their insurers is confidential and exempt from the provisions of s. 119.07(1) and s. 24(a), Art. I of the State Constitution until termination of litigation or settlement of the claim, although medical records and other portions of the claim file may remain confidential and exempt as otherwise provided by law. Any book, record, document, audit, or asset acquired by, prepared for, or paid for by the fund is subject to the authority of the Chief Financial Officer or his or her designee, who which shall be responsible therefor.

- 3. Persons authorized to receive deposits, issue vouchers, or withdraw or otherwise disburse any fund moneys shall post a blanket fidelity bond in an amount reasonably sufficient to protect fund assets. The cost of such bond shall be paid from the fund.
- 4. Annually, the fund shall furnish, upon request, audited financial reports to any fund participant and to the Office of Insurance Regulation and the Joint Legislative Auditing Committee. The reports shall be prepared in accordance with accepted accounting procedures and shall include income and such other information as may be required by the Office of Insurance Regulation or the Joint Legislative Auditing Committee.
- 5. Any money held in the fund shall be invested in interest-bearing investments. However, in no case may any such money be invested in the stock of any insurer participating in the Joint Underwriting Association authorized by s. 627.351(4) or in the parent company of, or company owning a controlling interest in, such insurer. All income derived from such investments shall be credited to the fund.

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6. Any health care provider participating in the fund may withdraw from such participation only at the end of a fiscal year; however, such health care provider shall remain subject to any assessment or any refund pertaining to any year in which such member participated in the fund.

Reviser's note.—Amended to confirm an editorial substitution to conform to context.

Section 125. Paragraph (f) of subsection (10) of section 768.28, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

768.28 Waiver of sovereign immunity in tort actions; recovery limits; civil liability for damages caused during a riot; limitation on attorney fees; statute of limitations; exclusions; indemnification; risk management programs.—

(10)

(f) For purposes of this section, any nonprofit independent college or university located and chartered in this state which owns or operates an accredited medical school, or any of its employees or agents, and which has agreed in an affiliation agreement or other contract to provide, or permit its employees or agents to provide, patient services as agents of a teaching hospital, is considered an agent of the teaching hospital while acting within the scope of and pursuant to guidelines established in the affiliation agreement or other contract. To the extent allowed by law, the contract must provide for the indemnification of the teaching hospital, up to the limits set out in this chapter, by the agent for any liability incurred which was caused by the negligence of the college or university or its employees or agents. The contract must also provide that those limited portions of the college, university, or medical

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school which are directly providing services pursuant to the contract and which are considered an agent of the teaching hospital for purposes of this section are deemed to be acting on behalf of a public agency as defined in s. 119.011(2).

- 1. For purposes of this paragraph, the term:
- a. "Employee or agent" means an officer, employee, agent, or servant of a nonprofit independent college or university located and chartered in this state which owns or operates an accredited medical school, including, but not limited to, the faculty of the medical school, any health care practitioner or licensee as defined in s. 456.001 for which the college or university is vicariously liable, and the staff or administrators of the medical school.
 - b. "Patient services" means mean:
- (I) Comprehensive health care services as defined in s. 641.19, including any related administrative service, provided to patients in a teaching hospital;
- (II) Training and supervision of interns, residents, and fellows providing patient services in a teaching hospital; or
- (III) Training and supervision of medical students in a teaching hospital.
- c. "Teaching hospital" means a teaching hospital as defined in s. 408.07 which is owned or operated by the state, a county or municipality, a public health trust, a special taxing district, a governmental entity having health care responsibilities, or a not-for-profit entity that operates such facility as an agent of the state, or a political subdivision of the state, under a lease or other contract.
 - 2. The teaching hospital or the medical school, or its

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employees or agents, must provide notice to each patient, or the patient's legal representative, that the college or university that owns or operates the medical school and the employees or agents of that college or university are acting as agents of the teaching hospital and that the exclusive remedy for injury or damage suffered as the result of any act or omission of the teaching hospital, the college or university that owns or operates the medical school, or the employees or agents of the college or university, while acting within the scope of duties pursuant to the affiliation agreement or other contract with a teaching hospital, is by commencement of an action pursuant to the provisions of this section. This notice requirement may be met by posting the notice in a place conspicuous to all persons.

3. This paragraph does not designate any employee providing contracted patient services in a teaching hospital as an employee or agent of the state for purposes of chapter 440.

Reviser's note.—Amended to conform to context.

Section 126. Paragraphs (a), (b), and (d) of subsection (1) of section 796.07, Florida Statutes, are reordered and amended to read:

796.07 Prohibiting prostitution and related acts.-

- (1) As used in this section:
- (b) (a) "Female genitals" includes the labia minora, labia majora, clitoris, vulva, hymen, and vagina.
- (d) (b) "Prostitution" means the giving or receiving of the body for sexual activity for hire but excludes sexual activity between spouses.
- (a) (d) "Assignation" means the making of any appointment or engagement for prostitution or lewdness, or any act in

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furtherance of such appointment or engagement.

Reviser's note.—Amended to place the definitions in subsection

(1) in alphabetical order.

Section 127. Subsection (2) of section 815.062, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

815.062 Offenses against governmental entities.-

(2) A person who willfully, knowingly, and without authorization introduces a computer contaminant that gains unauthorized access to, encrypts, modifies, or otherwise renders unavailable data, programs, or supporting documentation residing or existing within a computer, computer system, computer network, or electronic device owned or operated by a governmental entity and demands a ransom to prevent the publication of or to restore access to the data, programs, or supporting documentation or to otherwise remediate the impact of the computer contaminant commits a felony of the first degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082, s. 775.083, or s. 775.084. Reviser's note.—Amended to confirm an editorial insertion to

improve clarity.

Section 128. Section 907.044, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

907.044 Annual study of pretrial release program effectiveness and cost efficiency.—The Office of Program Policy Analysis and Government Accountability shall conduct an annual study to evaluate the effectiveness and cost efficiency of pretrial release programs in this state. The study's scope shall include, but need not be limited to, gathering information pertaining to the funding sources of each pretrial release program, the nature of criminal convictions of defendants

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accepted into the programs, the number of failed court appearances by defendants accepted into each program, and the number of warrants issued subsequently for by defendants in each program, as well as the program's compliance with the provisions of this section. OPPAGA shall submit a report to the President of the Senate and the Speaker of the House of Representatives by January 1 of each year.

5605 Reviser's note.—Amended to conform to context.

Section 129. Subsection (13) of section 943.10, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

943.10 Definitions; ss. 943.085-943.255.—The following words and phrases as used in ss. 943.085-943.255 are defined as follows:

(13) "Head of the department" means the Governor and Cabinet, as provided for in ss. 20.201 and 20.03(11) 20.03(4). Reviser's note.—Amended to conform to the reordering of definitions in s. 20.03 by this act.

Section 130. Subsection (6) of section 943.13, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

943.13 Officers' minimum qualifications for employment or appointment.—On or after October 1, 1984, any person employed or appointed as a full-time, part-time, or auxiliary law enforcement officer or correctional officer; on or after October 1, 1986, any person employed as a full-time, part-time, or auxiliary correctional probation officer; and on or after October 1, 1986, any person employed as a full-time, part-time, or auxiliary correctional officer by a private entity under contract to the Department of Corrections, to a county commission, or to the Department of Management Services shall:

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(6) (a) Have passed a physical examination by a licensed physician, physician assistant, or licensed advanced practice registered nurse, based on specifications established by the commission. In order to be eligible for the presumption set forth in s. 112.18 while employed with an employing agency, a law enforcement officer, correctional officer, or correctional probation officer must have successfully passed the physical examination required by this subsection upon entering into service as a law enforcement officer, correctional officer, or correctional probation officer with the employing agency, which examination must have failed to reveal any evidence of tuberculosis, heart disease, or hypertension. A law enforcement officer, correctional officer, or correctional probation officer may not use a physical examination from a former employing agency for purposes of claiming the presumption set forth in s. 112.18 against the current employing agency.

(b) The employing agency must maintain records of the physical examination for at least 5 years after the employee's separation from the employing agency. If the employing agency fails to maintain the records of the physical examination for the 5-year period after the employee's separation, it is presumed that the employee has met the requirements of this subsection paragraph (a).

Reviser's note.—Amended to confirm the editorial deletion of paragraph designators incident to compiling the 2022 Florida Statutes; the language in paragraph (b) is a continuation of that in paragraph (a) and does not connect directly to the section's introductory paragraph. An editorial substitution is confirmed to conform to the

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deletion of paragraph subunits.

Section 131. Subsection (2) of section 946.502, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

946.502 Legislative intent with respect to operation of correctional work programs.—

- (2) It is further the intent of the Legislature that, once one such nonprofit corporation is organized, no other nonprofit corporation be organized for the purpose of carrying out this part. In carrying out this part, the corporation is not an "agency" within the meaning of s. 20.03(1) 20.03(11).
- Reviser's note.—Amended to conform to the reordering of definitions in s. 20.03 by this act.

Section 132. Paragraphs (b) and (c) of subsection (1) of section 951.23, Florida Statutes, are reordered and amended to read:

- 951.23 County and municipal detention facilities; definitions; administration; standards and requirements.—
 - (1) DEFINITIONS.—As used in this section, the term:
- (c) (b) "County residential probation center" means a county-operated facility housing offenders serving misdemeanor sentences or first-time felony sentences. Such facilities shall provide or contract for the provision of the programs established under s. 951.231.
- (b) (c) "County prisoner" means a person who is detained in a county detention facility by reason of being charged with or convicted of either felony or misdemeanor.
- Reviser's note.—Amended to place the definitions in subsection
 - (1) in alphabetical order.
 - Section 133. Subsection (2) of section 960.0021, Florida

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Statutes, is amended to read:

960.0021 Legislative intent; advisement to victims.-

- (2) The courts may fulfill their obligation to advise crime victims by doing one of the following:
- (a) Making the following announcement at any arraignment, sentencing, or case-management proceeding:

"If you are the victim of a crime with a case pending before this court, you are advised that you have the right, upon request:

- 1. To be informed.
- 2. To be present.
- 3. To be heard at all stages of criminal proceedings.
- 4. To receive advance notification, when possible, of judicial proceedings and notification of scheduling changes, pursuant to section 960.001, Florida Statutes.
 - 5. To seek crimes compensation and restitution.
- 6. To consult with the state attorney's office in certain felony cases regarding the disposition of the case.
- 7. To make an oral or written victim impact statement at the time of sentencing of a defendant.

For further information regarding additional rights afforded to victims of crime, you may contact the state attorney's office or obtain a listing of your rights from the Clerk of Court."

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(b) Displaying prominently on the courtroom doors posters giving notification of the existence and general provisions of this chapter. The Department of Legal Affairs shall provide the courts with the posters specified by this paragraph.

Reviser's note.—Amended to improve subsection structure.

Section 134. Paragraph (b) of subsection (1) of section 961.06, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

961.06 Compensation for wrongful incarceration.-

- (1) Except as otherwise provided in this act and subject to the limitations and procedures prescribed in this section, a person who is found to be entitled to compensation under the provisions of this act is entitled to:
- (b) A waiver of tuition and fees for up to 120 hours of instruction at any career center established under s. 1001.44, any Florida College System institution as defined in s. $\frac{1000.21(5)}{1000.21(6)} \frac{1000.21(3)}{1000.21(6)}$, or any state university as defined in s. $\frac{1000.21(8)}{1000.21(6)} \frac{1000.21(6)}{1000.21(6)}$, if the wrongfully incarcerated person meets and maintains the regular admission requirements of such career center, Florida College System institution, or state university; remains registered at such educational institution; and makes satisfactory academic progress as defined by the educational institution in which the claimant is enrolled;

The total compensation awarded under paragraphs (a), (c), and (d) may not exceed \$2 million. No further award for attorney's fees, lobbying fees, costs, or other similar expenses shall be made by the state.

Reviser's note.—Amended to conform to the reordering of

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definitions in s. 1000.21 by this act.

Section 135. Paragraphs (a) and (b) of subsection (2) of section 985.26, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

985.26 Length of detention.-

- (2) (a) 1. A court may order a child to be placed on supervised release detention care for any time period until an adjudicatory hearing is completed. However, if a child has served 60 days on supervised release detention care, the court must conduct a hearing within 15 days after the 60th day, to determine the need for continued supervised release detention care. At the hearing, and upon good cause being shown that the nature of the charge requires additional time for the prosecution or defense of the case or that the totality of the circumstances, including the preservation of public safety, warrants an extension, the court may order the child to remain on supervised release detention care until the adjudicatory hearing is completed.
- 2. Except as provided in paragraph (b) or paragraph (c), a child may not be held in secure detention care under a special detention order for more than 21 days unless an adjudicatory hearing for the case has been commenced in good faith by the court.
- 3. This section does not prohibit a court from transitioning a child to and from secure detention care and supervised release detention care, including electronic monitoring, when the court finds such a placement necessary, or no longer necessary, to preserve public safety or to ensure the child's safety, appearance in court, or compliance with a court order. Each period of secure detention care or supervised

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release detention care counts toward the time limitations in this subsection whether served consecutively or nonconsecutively.

(b) Upon good cause being shown that the nature of the charge requires additional time for the prosecution or defense of the case or that the totality of the circumstances, including the preservation of public safety, warrants an extension, the court may extend the length of secure detention care for up to an additional 21 days if the child is charged with an offense which, if committed by an adult, would be a capital felony, a life felony, a felony of the first degree or the second degree, or a felony of the third degree involving violence against any individual. The court may continue to extend the period of secure detention care in increments of up to 21 days each by conducting a hearing before the expiration of the current period to determine the need for continued secure detention of the child. At the hearing, the court must make the required findings in writing to extend the period of secure detention. If the court extends the time period for secure detention care, it shall ensure an adjudicatory hearing for the case commences as soon as is reasonably possible considering the totality of the circumstances. The court shall prioritize the efficient disposition of cases in which the child has served 60 or more days in secure detention care.

Reviser's note.—Amended to confirm editorial insertions to improve clarity.

Section 136. Subsections (2), (3), (5), (6), and (8) of section 1000.21, Florida Statutes, are reordered and amended to read:

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- 1000.21 Systemwide definitions.—As used in the Florida Early Learning-20 Education Code:
 - (3) "Commissioner" is the Commissioner of Education.
- (5)(3) "Florida College System institution" except as otherwise specifically provided, includes all of the following public postsecondary educational institutions in the Florida College System and any branch campuses, centers, or other affiliates of the institution:
- (a) Eastern Florida State College, which serves Brevard County.
 - (b) Broward College, which serves Broward County.
- (c) College of Central Florida, which serves Citrus, Levy, and Marion Counties.
- (d) Chipola College, which serves Calhoun, Holmes, Jackson, Liberty, and Washington Counties.
- (e) Daytona State College, which serves Flagler and Volusia Counties.
- (f) Florida SouthWestern State College, which serves Charlotte, Collier, Glades, Hendry, and Lee Counties.
- (g) Florida State College at Jacksonville, which serves Duval and Nassau Counties.
- (h) The College of the Florida Keys, which serves Monroe County.
 - (i) Gulf Coast State College, which serves Bay, Franklin, and Gulf Counties.
 - (j) Hillsborough Community College, which serves Hillsborough County.
- (k) Indian River State College, which serves Indian River, Martin, Okeechobee, and St. Lucie Counties.

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- (1) Florida Gateway College, which serves Baker, Columbia, Dixie, Gilchrist, and Union Counties.
- (m) Lake-Sumter State College, which serves Lake and Sumter Counties.
- (n) State College of Florida, Manatee-Sarasota, which serves Manatee and Sarasota Counties.
 - (o) Miami Dade College, which serves Miami-Dade County.
- (p) North Florida College, which serves Hamilton, Jefferson, Lafayette, Madison, Suwannee, and Taylor Counties.
- (q) Northwest Florida State College, which serves Okaloosa and Walton Counties.
- (r) Palm Beach State College, which serves Palm Beach County.
- (s) Pasco-Hernando State College, which serves Hernando and Pasco Counties.
- (t) Pensacola State College, which serves Escambia and Santa Rosa Counties.
 - (u) Polk State College, which serves Polk County.
- (v) St. Johns River State College, which serves Clay, Putnam, and St. Johns Counties.
 - (w) St. Petersburg College, which serves Pinellas County.
- 5851 (x) Santa Fe College, which serves Alachua and Bradford 5852 Counties.
 - (y) Seminole State College of Florida, which serves Seminole County.
 - (z) South Florida State College, which serves DeSoto, Hardee, and Highlands Counties.
- 5857 (aa) Tallahassee Community College, which serves Gadsden, 5858 Leon, and Wakulla Counties.

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- (bb) Valencia College, which serves Orange and Osceola Counties.
- $\underline{(6)}$ "Parent" is either or both parents of a student, any guardian of a student, any person in a parental relationship to a student, or any person exercising supervisory authority over a student in place of the parent.
- (8)(6) "State university," except as otherwise specifically provided, includes the following institutions and any branch campuses, centers, or other affiliates of the institution:
 - (a) The University of Florida.
 - (b) The Florida State University.
 - (c) The Florida Agricultural and Mechanical University.
 - (d) The University of South Florida.
 - (e) The Florida Atlantic University.
 - (f) The University of West Florida.
 - (g) The University of Central Florida.
 - (h) The University of North Florida.
 - (i) The Florida International University.
 - (j) The Florida Gulf Coast University.
 - (k) New College of Florida.
 - (1) The Florida Polytechnic University.
- 5880 (2) (8) "Board of Governors" is the Board of Governors of the State University System.
- Reviser's note.—Amended to place the definitions of the section in alphabetical order.
- Section 137. Subsection (7) of section 1001.11, Florida

 Statutes, is amended to read:
 - 1001.11 Commissioner of Education; other duties.—
 - (7) The commissioner shall make prominently available on

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the department's website the following: links to the Internet-based clearinghouse for professional development regarding physical education; the school wellness and physical education policies and other resources required under s. 1003.453; and other Internet sites that provide professional development for elementary teachers of physical education as defined in s. 1003.01(15) 1003.01(16). These links must provide elementary teachers with information concerning current physical education and nutrition philosophy and best practices that result in student participation in physical activities that promote lifelong physical and mental well-being.

Reviser's note.—Amended to conform to the reordering of definitions in s. 1003.01 by this act.

Section 138. Subsection (2) of section 1001.60, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

1001.60 Florida College System.—

- (2) FLORIDA COLLEGE SYSTEM.—There shall be a single Florida College System comprised of the Florida College System institutions identified in s. $\underline{1000.21(5)}$ $\underline{1000.21(3)}$. A Florida College System institution may not offer graduate degree programs.
- (a) The programs and services offered by Florida College System institutions in providing associate and baccalaureate degrees shall be delivered in a cost-effective manner that demonstrates substantial savings to the student and to the state over the cost of providing the degree at a state university.
- (b)1. With the approval of its district board of trustees, a Florida College System institution may change the institution's name set forth in s. 1000.21(5) $\frac{1000.21(3)}{1000.21(3)}$ and use

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the designation "college" or "state college" if it has been authorized to grant baccalaureate degrees pursuant to s. 1007.33 and has been accredited as a baccalaureate-degree-granting institution by the Commission on Colleges of the Southern Association of Colleges and Schools.

- 2. With the approval of its district board of trustees, a Florida College System institution that does not meet the criteria in subparagraph 1. may request approval from the State Board of Education to change the institution's name set forth in s. 1000.21(5) 1000.21(3) and use the designation "college." The State Board of Education may approve the request if the Florida College System institution enters into an agreement with the State Board of Education to do the following:
- a. Maintain as its primary mission responsibility for responding to community needs for postsecondary academic education and career degree education as prescribed in s. 1004.65(5).
- b. Maintain an open-door admissions policy for associatelevel degree programs and workforce education programs.
 - c. Continue to provide outreach to underserved populations.
 - d. Continue to provide remedial education.
- e. Comply with all provisions of the statewide articulation agreement that relate to 2-year and 4-year public degreegranting institutions as adopted by the State Board of Education pursuant to s. 1007.23.
- (c) A district board of trustees that approves a change to the name of an institution under paragraph (b) must seek statutory codification of such name change in s. $\underline{1000.21(5)}$ $\underline{1000.21(3)}$ during the next regular legislative session.

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(d) A Florida College System institution may not use the designation "university."

Reviser's note.—Amended to conform to the reordering of definitions in s. 1000.21 by this act.

Section 139. Section 1002.01, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

1002.01 Definitions.-

- (1) A "home education program" means the sequentially progressive instruction of a student directed by his or her parent in order to satisfy the attendance requirements of ss. 1002.41, 1003.01(16) $\frac{1003.01(13)}{1003.01(13)}$, and 1003.21(1).
- (2) A "private school" is a nonpublic school defined as an individual, association, copartnership, or corporation, or department, division, or section of such organizations, that designates itself as an educational center that includes kindergarten or a higher grade or as an elementary, secondary, business, technical, or trade school below college level or any organization that provides instructional services that meet the intent of s. $1003.01(16) \frac{1003.01(13)}{1003.01(13)}$ or that gives preemployment or supplementary training in technology or in fields of trade or industry or that offers academic, literary, or career training below college level, or any combination of the above, including an institution that performs the functions of the above schools through correspondence or extension, except those licensed under the provisions of chapter 1005. A private school may be a parochial, religious, denominational, for-profit, or nonprofit school. This definition does not include home education programs conducted in accordance with s. 1002.41.

Reviser's note.—Amended to conform to the reordering of

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definitions in s. 1003.01 by this act.

Section 140. Paragraph (b) of subsection (2) of section 1002.20, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

1002.20 K-12 student and parent rights.—Parents of public school students must receive accurate and timely information regarding their child's academic progress and must be informed of ways they can help their child to succeed in school. K-12 students and their parents are afforded numerous statutory rights including, but not limited to, the following:

- (2) ATTENDANCE.-
- (b) Regular school attendance.—Parents of students who have attained the age of 6 years by February 1 of any school year but who have not attained the age of 16 years must comply with the compulsory school attendance laws. Parents have the option to comply with the school attendance laws by attendance of the student in a public school; a parochial, religious, or denominational school; a private school; a home education program; or a private tutoring program, in accordance with the provisions of s. 1003.01(16) 1003.01(13).

Reviser's note.—Amended to conform to the reordering of definitions in s. 1003.01 by this act.

Section 141. Paragraph (d) of subsection (3) of section 1002.3105, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

1002.3105 Academically Challenging Curriculum to Enhance Learning (ACCEL) options.—

- (3) STUDENT ELIGIBILITY CONSIDERATIONS.—When establishing student eligibility requirements, principals and school districts must consider, at a minimum:
 - (d) Recommendations from one or more of the student's

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teachers in core-curricula courses as defined in s.

6005 | 1003.01(5)(a)-(e) $\frac{1003.01(14)(a)-(e)}{1003.01(14)(a)}$

Reviser's note.—Amended to conform to the reordering of definitions in s. 1003.01 by this act.

Section 142. Paragraph (a) of subsection (20) and paragraph (a) of subsection (21) of section 1002.33, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

1002.33 Charter schools.-

(20) SERVICES.—

(a) 1. A sponsor shall provide certain administrative and educational services to charter schools. These services shall include contract management services; full-time equivalent and data reporting services; exceptional student education administration services; services related to eligibility and reporting duties required to ensure that school lunch services under the National School Lunch Program, consistent with the needs of the charter school, are provided by the sponsor at the request of the charter school, that any funds due to the charter school under the National School Lunch Program be paid to the charter school as soon as the charter school begins serving food under the National School Lunch Program, and that the charter school is paid at the same time and in the same manner under the National School Lunch Program as other public schools serviced by the sponsor or the school district; test administration services, including payment of the costs of state-required or district-required student assessments; processing of teacher certificate data services; and information services, including equal access to the sponsor's student information systems that are used by public schools in the district in which the charter

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school is located or by schools in the sponsor's portfolio of charter schools if the sponsor is not a school district. Student performance data for each student in a charter school, including, but not limited to, FCAT scores, standardized test scores, previous public school student report cards, and student performance measures, shall be provided by the sponsor to a charter school in the same manner provided to other public schools in the district or by schools in the sponsor's portfolio of charter schools if the sponsor is not a school district.

- 2. A sponsor may withhold an administrative fee for the provision of such services which shall be a percentage of the available funds defined in paragraph (17) (b) calculated based on weighted full-time equivalent students. If the charter school serves 75 percent or more exceptional education students as defined in s. $\underline{1003.01(9)}$ $\underline{1003.01(3)}$, the percentage shall be calculated based on unweighted full-time equivalent students. The administrative fee shall be calculated as follows:
 - a. Up to 5 percent for:
- (I) Enrollment of up to and including 250 students in a charter school as defined in this section.
- (II) Enrollment of up to and including 500 students within a charter school system which meets all of the following:
- (A) Includes conversion charter schools and nonconversion charter schools.
 - (B) Has all of its schools located in the same county.
- (C) Has a total enrollment exceeding the total enrollment of at least one school district in this state.
 - (D) Has the same governing board for all of its schools.
 - (E) Does not contract with a for-profit service provider

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for management of school operations.

- (III) Enrollment of up to and including 250 students in a virtual charter school.
- b. Up to 2 percent for enrollment of up to and including 250 students in a high-performing charter school as defined in s. 1002.331.
- c. Up to 2 percent for enrollment of up to and including 250 students in an exceptional student education center that meets the requirements of the rules adopted by the State Board of Education pursuant to s. 1008.3415(3).
- 3. A sponsor may not charge charter schools any additional fees or surcharges for administrative and educational services in addition to the maximum percentage of administrative fees withheld pursuant to this paragraph. A sponsor may not charge or withhold any administrative fee against a charter school for any funds specifically allocated by the Legislature for teacher compensation.
- 4. A sponsor shall provide to the department by September 15 of each year the total amount of funding withheld from charter schools pursuant to this subsection for the prior fiscal year. The department must include the information in the report required under sub-sub-subparagraph (5)(b)1.k.(III).
 - (21) PUBLIC INFORMATION ON CHARTER SCHOOLS.-
- (a) The Department of Education shall provide information to the public, directly and through sponsors, on how to form and operate a charter school and how to enroll in a charter school once it is created. This information shall include the standard application form, standard charter and virtual charter contracts, standard evaluation instrument, and standard charter

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and virtual charter renewal contracts, which shall include the information specified in subsection (7) and shall be developed by consulting and negotiating with both sponsors and charter schools before implementation. The charter and virtual charter contracts and charter renewal and virtual charter renewal contracts shall be used by charter school sponsors.

Reviser's note.—Paragraph (20)(a) is amended to conform to the reordering of definitions in s. 1003.01 by this act.

reordering of definitions in s. 1003.01 by this act.

Paragraph (21) (a) is amended to confirm an editorial insertion to improve clarity and to conform to context.

Section 143. Paragraph (a) of subsection (2) of section 1002.37, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

1002.37 The Florida Virtual School.

- (2) The Florida Virtual School shall be governed by a board of trustees comprised of seven members appointed by the Governor to 4-year staggered terms. The board of trustees shall be a public agency entitled to sovereign immunity pursuant to s. 768.28, and board members shall be public officers who shall bear fiduciary responsibility for the Florida Virtual School. The board of trustees shall have the following powers and duties:
- (a)1. The board of trustees shall meet at least 4 times each year, upon the call of the chair, or at the request of a majority of the membership.
- 2. The fiscal year for the Florida Virtual School shall be the state fiscal year as provided in s. 216.011(1)(q) 216.011(1)(o).

The Governor shall designate the initial chair of the board of

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trustees to serve a term of 4 years. Members of the board of trustees shall serve without compensation, but may be reimbursed for per diem and travel expenses pursuant to s. 112.061. The board of trustees shall be a body corporate with all the powers of a body corporate and such authority as is needed for the proper operation and improvement of the Florida Virtual School. The board of trustees is specifically authorized to adopt rules, policies, and procedures, consistent with law and rules of the State Board of Education related to governance, personnel, budget and finance, administration, programs, curriculum and instruction, travel and purchasing, technology, students, contracts and grants, and property as necessary for optimal, efficient operation of the Florida Virtual School. Tangible personal property owned by the board of trustees shall be subject to the provisions of chapter 273. Reviser's note.—Amended to conform to the reordering of definitions in s. 216.011(1).

Section 144. Paragraph (b) of subsection (4) and paragraph (b) of subsection (10) of section 1002.394, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

1002.394 The Family Empowerment Scholarship Program.-

- (4) AUTHORIZED USES OF PROGRAM FUNDS.-
- (b) Program funds awarded to a student with a disability determined eligible pursuant to paragraph (3)(b) may be used for the following purposes:
- 1. Instructional materials, including digital devices, digital periphery devices, and assistive technology devices that allow a student to access instruction or instructional content and training on the use of and maintenance agreements for these

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- 2. Curriculum as defined in subsection (2).
- 3. Specialized services by approved providers or by a hospital in this state which are selected by the parent. These specialized services may include, but are not limited to:
- a. Applied behavior analysis services as provided in ss. 627.6686 and 641.31098.
- b. Services provided by speech-language pathologists as defined in s. 468.1125(8).
 - c. Occupational therapy as defined in s. 468.203.
- d. Services provided by physical therapists as defined in $s.\ 486.021(8)$.
- e. Services provided by listening and spoken language specialists and an appropriate acoustical environment for a child who has a hearing impairment, including deafness, and who has received an implant or assistive hearing device.
- 4. Tuition or fees associated with full-time or part-time enrollment in a home education program, an eligible private school, an eligible postsecondary educational institution or a program offered by the postsecondary educational institution, a private tutoring program authorized under s. 1002.43, a virtual program offered by a department-approved private online provider that meets the provider qualifications specified in s. 1002.45(2)(a), the Florida Virtual School as a private paying student, or an approved online course offered pursuant to s. 1003.499 or s. 1004.0961.
- 5. Fees for nationally standardized, norm-referenced achievement tests, Advanced Placement Examinations, industry certification examinations, assessments related to postsecondary

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education, or other assessments.

- 6. Contributions to the Stanley G. Tate Florida Prepaid College Program pursuant to s. 1009.98 or the Florida College Savings Program pursuant to s. 1009.981 for the benefit of the eligible student.
- 7. Contracted services provided by a public school or school district, including classes. A student who receives services under a contract under this paragraph is not considered enrolled in a public school for eligibility purposes as specified in subsection (6).
- 8. Tuition and fees for part-time tutoring services provided by a person who holds a valid Florida educator's certificate pursuant to s. 1012.56, a person who holds an adjunct teaching certificate pursuant to s. 1012.57, a person who has a bachelor's degree or a graduate degree in the subject area in which instruction is given, a person who has demonstrated a mastery of subject area knowledge pursuant to s. 1012.56(5), or a person certified by a nationally or internationally recognized research-based training program as approved by the department. As used in this paragraph, the term "part-time tutoring services" does not qualify as regular school attendance as defined in s. 1003.01(16)(e) 1003.01(13)(e).
 - 9. Fees for specialized summer education programs.
 - 10. Fees for specialized after-school education programs.
 - 11. Transition services provided by job coaches.
- 12. Fees for an annual evaluation of educational progress by a state-certified teacher under s. 1002.41(1)(f), if this option is chosen for a home education student.
 - 13. Tuition and fees associated with programs offered by

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Voluntary Prekindergarten Education Program providers approved pursuant to s. 1002.55 and school readiness providers approved pursuant to s. 1002.88.

- 14. Fees for services provided at a center that is a member of the Professional Association of Therapeutic Horsemanship International.
- 15. Fees for services provided by a therapist who is certified by the Certification Board for Music Therapists or credentialed by the Art Therapy Credentials Board, Inc.
- (10) PARENT AND STUDENT RESPONSIBILITIES FOR PROGRAM PARTICIPATION.—
- (b) A parent who applies for program participation under paragraph (3)(b) is exercising his or her parental option to determine the appropriate placement or the services that best meet the needs of his or her child and must:
- 1. Apply to an eligible nonprofit scholarship-funding organization to participate in the program by a date set by the organization. The request must be communicated directly to the organization in a manner that creates a written or electronic record of the request and the date of receipt of the request.
- 2. Sign an agreement with the organization and annually submit a sworn compliance statement to the organization to satisfy or maintain program eligibility, including eligibility to receive and spend program payments by:
- a. Affirming that the student is enrolled in a program that meets regular school attendance requirements as provided in s. 1003.01(16)(b), (c), or (d) 1003.01(13)(b), (c), or (d).
- b. Affirming that the program funds are used only for authorized purposes serving the student's educational needs, as

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described in paragraph (4)(b); that any prepaid college plan or college savings plan funds contributed pursuant to subparagraph (4)(b)6. will not be transferred to another beneficiary while the plan contains funds contributed pursuant to this section; and that they will not receive a payment, refund, or rebate of any funds provided under this section.

- c. Affirming that the parent is responsible for all eligible expenses in excess of the amount of the scholarship and for the education of his or her student by, as applicable:
- (I) Requiring the student to take an assessment in accordance with paragraph (9)(c);
- (II) Providing an annual evaluation in accordance with s. 1002.41(1)(f); or
- (III) Requiring the child to take any preassessments and postassessments selected by the provider if the child is 4 years of age and is enrolled in a program provided by an eligible Voluntary Prekindergarten Education Program provider. A student with disabilities for whom the physician or psychologist who issued the diagnosis or the IEP team determines that a preassessment and postassessment is not appropriate is exempt from this requirement. A participating provider shall report a student's scores to the parent.
- d. Affirming that the student remains in good standing with the provider or school if those options are selected by the parent.
- e. Enrolling his or her child in a program from a Voluntary Prekindergarten Education Program provider authorized under s. 1002.55, a school readiness provider authorized under s. 1002.88, or an eligible private school if either option is

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selected by the parent.

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- f. Renewing participation in the program each year. A student whose participation in the program is not renewed may continue to spend scholarship funds that are in his or her account from prior years unless the account must be closed pursuant to subparagraph (5) (b)3. Notwithstanding any changes to the student's IEP, a student who was previously eligible for participation in the program shall remain eligible to apply for renewal. However, for a high-risk child to continue to participate in the program in the school year after he or she reaches 6 years of age, the child's application for renewal of program participation must contain documentation that the child has a disability defined in paragraph (2) (d) other than high-risk status.
- g. Procuring the services necessary to educate the student. If a parent does not procure the necessary educational services for the student and the student's account has been inactive for 2 consecutive fiscal years, the student is ineligible for additional scholarship payments until the scholarship-funding organization verifies that expenditures from the account have occurred. When the student receives a scholarship, the district school board is not obligated to provide the student with a free appropriate public education. For purposes of s. 1003.57 and the Individuals with Disabilities in Education Act, a participating student has only those rights that apply to all other unilaterally parentally placed students, except that, when requested by the parent, school district personnel must develop an IEP or matrix level of services.

Reviser's note.—Amended to conform to the reordering of

202332er 6294 definitions in s. 1003.01 by this act. 6295 Section 145. Subsection (7) of section 1002.42, Florida 6296 Statutes, is amended to read: 6297 1002.42 Private schools. (7) ATTENDANCE REQUIREMENTS.—Attendance of a student at a 6298 6299 private, parochial, religious, or denominational school 6300 satisfies the attendance requirements of ss. 1003.01(16) 6301 $\frac{1003.01(13)}{1003.21(1)}$ and $\frac{1003.21(1)}{1003.21(1)}$ 6302 Reviser's note.—Amended to conform to the reordering of 6303 definitions in s. 1003.01 by this act. 6304 Section 146. Subsection (1) of section 1002.43, Florida 6305 Statutes, is amended to read: 6306 1002.43 Private tutoring programs.— 6307 (1) Regular school attendance as defined in s. 1003.01(16) 6308 1003.01(13) may be achieved by attendance in a private tutoring 6309 program if the person tutoring the student meets the following 6310 requirements: (a) Holds a valid Florida certificate to teach the subjects 6311 6312 or grades in which instruction is given. 6313 (b) Keeps all records and makes all reports required by the 6314 state and district school board and makes regular reports on the attendance of students in accordance with the provisions of s. 6315 6316 1003.23(2). 6317 (c) Requires students to be in actual attendance for the 6318 minimum length of time prescribed by s. 1011.60(2). 6319 Reviser's note.—Amended to conform to the reordering of 6320 definitions in s. 1003.01 by this act. 6321 Section 147. Subsection (2) of section 1002.455, Florida 6322 Statutes, is amended to read:

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1002.455 Student eligibility for K-12 virtual instruction.— All students, including home education and private school students, are eligible to participate in any of the following virtual instruction options:

(2) Part-time or full-time virtual charter school instruction authorized pursuant to s. 1002.45(1)(c)5. to students within the school district or to students in other school districts throughout the state pursuant to s. 1002.31; however, the school district enrolling the full-time equivalent virtual student shall comply with the enrollment requirements established under to s. 1002.45(1)(e)4.

Reviser's note.—Amended to confirm an editorial deletion to conform to the immediately preceding context.

Section 148. Section 1003.01, Florida Statutes, is reordered and amended to read:

1003.01 Definitions.—As used in this chapter, the term:

- (7) "District school board" means the members who are elected by the voters of a school district created and existing pursuant to s. 4, Art. IX of the State Constitution to operate and control public K-12 education within the school district.
- (17)(2) "School" means an organization of students for instructional purposes on an elementary, middle or junior high school, secondary or high school, or other public school level authorized under rules of the State Board of Education.
- (9)(3)(a) "Exceptional student" means any student who has been determined eligible for a special program in accordance with rules of the State Board of Education. The term includes students who are gifted and students with disabilities who have an intellectual disability; autism spectrum disorder; a speech

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impairment; a language impairment; an orthopedic impairment; an other health impairment; traumatic brain injury; a visual impairment; an emotional or behavioral disability; or a specific learning disability, including, but not limited to, dyslexia, dyscalculia, or developmental aphasia; students who are deaf or hard of hearing or dual sensory impaired; students who are hospitalized or homebound; children with developmental delays ages birth through 9 years or through the student's completion of grade 2, whichever occurs first, or children, ages birth through 2 years, with established conditions that are identified in State Board of Education rules pursuant to s. 1003.21(1)(e).

- (b) "Special education services" means specially designed instruction and such related services as are necessary for an exceptional student to benefit from education. Such services may include: transportation; diagnostic and evaluation services; social services; physical and occupational therapy; speech and language pathology services; job placement; orientation and mobility training; braillists, typists, and readers for the blind; interpreters and auditory amplification; services provided by a certified listening and spoken language specialist; rehabilitation counseling; transition services; mental health services; guidance and career counseling; specified materials, assistive technology devices, and other specialized equipment; and other such services as approved by rules of the state board.
- $\underline{(2)}$ "Career education" means education that provides instruction for the following purposes:
- (a) At the elementary, middle, and high school levels, exploratory courses designed to give students initial exposure

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to a broad range of occupations to assist them in preparing their academic and occupational plans, and practical arts courses that provide generic skills that may apply to many occupations but are not designed to prepare students for entry into a specific occupation. Career education provided before high school completion must be designed to strengthen both occupational awareness and academic skills integrated throughout all academic instruction.

- (b) At the secondary school level, job-preparatory instruction in the competencies that prepare students for effective entry into an occupation, including diversified cooperative education, work experience, and job-entry programs that coordinate directed study and on-the-job training.
- (c) At the postsecondary education level, courses of study that provide competencies needed for entry into specific occupations or for advancement within an occupation.

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- (b) (a) "Suspension," also referred to as out-of-school suspension, means the temporary removal of a student from all classes of instruction on public school grounds and all other school-sponsored activities, except as authorized by the principal or the principal's designee, for a period not to exceed 10 school days and remanding of the student to the custody of the student's parent with specific homework assignments for the student to complete.
- (a) (b) "In-school suspension" means the temporary removal of a student from the student's regular school program and placement in an alternative program, such as that provided in s. 1003.53, under the supervision of district school board

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personnel, for a period not to exceed 10 school days.

- (10) (6) "Expulsion" means the removal of the right and obligation of a student to attend a public school under conditions set by the district school board, and for a period of time not to exceed the remainder of the term or school year and 1 additional year of attendance. Expulsions may be imposed with or without continuing educational services and shall be reported accordingly.
- (6) (7) "Corporal punishment" means the moderate use of physical force or physical contact by a teacher or principal as may be necessary to maintain discipline or to enforce school rule. However, the term "corporal punishment" does not include the use of such reasonable force by a teacher or principal as may be necessary for self-protection or to protect other students from disruptive students.
- (12) (8) "Habitual truant" means a student who has 15 unexcused absences within 90 calendar days with or without the knowledge or consent of the student's parent, is subject to compulsory school attendance under s. 1003.21(1) and (2)(a), and is not exempt under s. 1003.21(3) or s. 1003.24, or by meeting the criteria for any other exemption specified by law or rules of the State Board of Education. Such a student must have been the subject of the activities specified in ss. 1003.26 and 1003.27(3), without resultant successful remediation of the truancy problem before being dealt with as a child in need of services according to the provisions of chapter 984.
- (8) "Dropout" means a student who meets any one or more of the following criteria:
 - (a) The student has voluntarily removed himself or herself

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from the school system before graduation for reasons that include, but are not limited to, marriage, or the student has withdrawn from school because he or she has failed the statewide student assessment test and thereby does not receive any of the certificates of completion;

- (b) The student has not met the relevant attendance requirements of the school district pursuant to State Board of Education rules, or the student was expected to attend a school but did not enter as expected for unknown reasons, or the student's whereabouts are unknown;
- (c) The student has withdrawn from school, but has not transferred to another public or private school or enrolled in any career, adult, home education, or alternative educational program;
- (d) The student has withdrawn from school due to hardship, unless such withdrawal has been granted under the provisions of s. 322.091, court action, expulsion, medical reasons, or pregnancy; or
- (e) The student is not eligible to attend school because of reaching the maximum age for an exceptional student program in accordance with the district's policy.

The State Board of Education may adopt rules to implement the provisions of this subsection.

- $\underline{(1)}$ "Alternative measures for students with special needs" or "special programs" means measures designed to meet the special needs of a student that cannot be met by regular school curricula.
 - (14) (11) (a) "Juvenile justice education programs or

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schools" means programs or schools operating for the purpose of providing educational services to youth in Department of Juvenile Justice programs, for a school year composed of 250 days of instruction, or the equivalent expressed in hours as specified in State Board of Education rule, distributed over 12 months. If the period of operation is expressed in hours, the State Board of Education must review the calculation annually. The use of the equivalent expressed in hours is only applicable to nonresidential programs. At the request of the provider, a district school board may decrease the minimum number of days of instruction by up to 10 days for teacher planning for residential programs and up to 20 days or equivalent hours as specified in the State Board of Education rule for teacher planning for nonresidential programs, subject to the approval of the Department of Juvenile Justice and the Department of Education.

- (b) "Juvenile justice provider" means the Department of Juvenile Justice, the sheriff, or a private, public, or other governmental organization under contract with the Department of Juvenile Justice or the sheriff that provides treatment, care and custody, or educational programs for youth in juvenile justice intervention, detention, or commitment programs.
- (4) (12) "Children and youths who are experiencing homelessness," for programs authorized under subtitle B, Education for Homeless Children and Youths, of Title VII of the McKinney-Vento Homeless Assistance Act, 42 U.S.C. ss. 11431 et seq., means children and youths who lack a fixed, regular, and adequate nighttime residence, and includes:
 - (a) Children and youths sharing the housing of other

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persons due to loss of housing, economic hardship, or a similar reason; are living in motels, hotels, travel trailer parks, or camping grounds due to the lack of alternative adequate accommodations; are living in emergency or transitional shelters; or are abandoned in hospitals.

- (b) Children and youths <u>having</u> who have a primary nighttime residence that is a public or private place not designed for or ordinarily used as a regular sleeping accommodation for human beings.
- (c) Children and youths living in cars, parks, public spaces, abandoned buildings, bus or train stations, or similar settings.
- (d) Migratory children living in circumstances described in paragraphs (a)-(c).
- (16) "Regular school attendance" means the actual attendance of a student during the school day as defined by law and rules of the State Board of Education. Regular attendance within the intent of s. 1003.21 may be achieved by attendance in:
 - (a) A public school supported by public funds;
 - (b) A parochial, religious, or denominational school;
- (c) A private school supported in whole or in part by tuition charges or by endowments or gifts;
- (d) A home education program that meets the requirements of chapter 1002; or
- (e) A private tutoring program that meets the requirements of chapter 1002.
 - (5) (14) "Core-curricula courses" means:
 - (a) Courses in language arts/reading, mathematics, social

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studies, and science in prekindergarten through grade 3, excluding extracurricular courses pursuant to subsection (11);

- (b) Courses in grades 4 through 8 in subjects that are measured by state assessment at any grade level and courses required for middle school promotion, excluding extracurricular courses pursuant to subsection (11) (15);
- (c) Courses in grades 9 through 12 in subjects that are measured by state assessment at any grade level and courses that are specifically identified by name in statute as required for high school graduation and that are not measured by state assessment, excluding extracurricular courses pursuant to subsection (11) (15);
 - (d) Exceptional student education courses; and
 - (e) English for Speakers of Other Languages courses.

The term is limited in meaning and used for the sole purpose of designating classes that are subject to the maximum class size requirements established in s. 1, Art. IX of the State Constitution. This term does not include courses offered under ss. 1002.321(4)(e), 1002.33(7)(a)2.b., 1002.37, 1002.45, and 1003.499.

(11) (15) "Extracurricular courses" means all courses that are not defined as "core-curricula courses," which may include, but are not limited to, physical education, fine arts, performing fine arts, career education, and courses that may result in college credit. The term is limited in meaning and used for the sole purpose of designating classes that are not subject to the maximum class size requirements established in s.

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1, Art. IX of the State Constitution.

(15) (16) "Physical education" means the development or maintenance of skills related to strength, agility, flexibility, movement, and stamina, including dance; the development of knowledge and skills regarding teamwork and fair play; the development of knowledge and skills regarding nutrition and physical fitness as part of a healthy lifestyle; and the development of positive attitudes regarding sound nutrition and physical activity as a component of personal well-being.

 $\underline{(3)}$ "Certified unaccompanied homeless youth" means a youth certified as an unaccompanied homeless youth pursuant to s. 743.067.

Reviser's note.—This section is amended to place the definitions of the section in alphabetical order and to conform cross-references. Current paragraph (3)(b) is amended to delete an unnecessary punctuation mark. Current paragraph (12)(a) is amended to confirm editorial deletions, and current paragraph (12)(b) is amended to confirm an editorial substitution, to conform to context.

Section 149. Subsection (6) of section 1003.03, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

1003.03 Maximum class size.-

(6) COURSES FOR COMPLIANCE.—Consistent with s. $\underline{1003.01(5)}$ $\underline{1003.01(14)}$, the Department of Education shall identify from the Course Code Directory the core-curricula courses for the purpose of satisfying the maximum class size requirement in this section. The department may adopt rules to implement this subsection, if necessary.

Reviser's note.—Amended to conform to the reordering of

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definitions in s. 1003.01 by this act.

Section 150. Subsection (4) of section 1003.21, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

1003.21 School attendance.-

- (4) Before admitting a child to kindergarten, the principal shall require evidence that the child has attained the age at which he or she should be admitted in accordance with the provisions of subparagraph (1)(a)2. The district school superintendent may require evidence of the age of any child who is being enrolled in public school and who the district school superintendent believes to be within the limits of compulsory attendance as provided for by law; however, the district school superintendent may not require evidence from any child who meets regular attendance requirements by attending a school or program listed in s. 1003.01(16)(b)-(e) 1003.01(13)(b)-(e). If the first prescribed evidence is not available, the next evidence obtainable in the order set forth below shall be accepted:
- (a) A duly attested transcript of the child's birth record filed according to law with a public officer charged with the duty of recording births;
- (b) A duly attested transcript of a certificate of baptism showing the date of birth and place of baptism of the child, accompanied by an affidavit sworn to by the parent;
- (c) An insurance policy on the child's life that has been in force for at least 2 years;
- (d) A bona fide contemporary religious record of the child's birth accompanied by an affidavit sworn to by the parent;
 - (e) A passport or certificate of arrival in the United

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States showing the age of the child;

- (f) A transcript of record of age shown in the child's school record of at least 4 years prior to application, stating date of birth; or
- (g) If none of these evidences can be produced, an affidavit of age sworn to by the parent, accompanied by a certificate of age signed by a public health officer or by a public school physician, or, if these are not available in the county, by a licensed practicing physician designated by the district school board, which states that the health officer or physician has examined the child and believes that the age as stated in the affidavit is substantially correct. Children and youths who are experiencing homelessness and children who are known to the department, as defined in s. 39.0016, shall be given temporary exemption from this section for 30 school days. Reviser's note.—Amended to conform to the reordering of

definitions in s. 1003.01 by this act.

Section 151. Paragraph (f) of subsection (1) of section 1003.26, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

1003.26 Enforcement of school attendance.—The Legislature finds that poor academic performance is associated with nonattendance and that school districts must take an active role in promoting and enforcing attendance as a means of improving student performance. It is the policy of the state that each district school superintendent be responsible for enforcing school attendance of all students subject to the compulsory school age in the school district and supporting enforcement of school attendance by local law enforcement agencies. The responsibility includes recommending policies and procedures to

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the district school board that require public schools to respond in a timely manner to every unexcused absence, and every absence for which the reason is unknown, of students enrolled in the schools. District school board policies shall require the parent of a student to justify each absence of the student, and that justification will be evaluated based on adopted district school board policies that define excused and unexcused absences. The policies must provide that public schools track excused and unexcused absences and contact the home in the case of an unexcused absence from school, or an absence from school for which the reason is unknown, to prevent the development of patterns of nonattendance. The Legislature finds that early intervention in school attendance is the most effective way of producing good attendance habits that will lead to improved student learning and achievement. Each public school shall implement the following steps to promote and enforce regular school attendance:

- (1) CONTACT, REFER, AND ENFORCE.
- (f)1. If the parent of a child who has been identified as exhibiting a pattern of nonattendance enrolls the child in a home education program pursuant to chapter 1002, the district school superintendent shall provide the parent a copy of s. 1002.41 and the accountability requirements of this paragraph. The district school superintendent shall also refer the parent to a home education review committee composed of the district contact for home education programs and at least two home educators selected by the parent from a district list of all home educators who have conducted a home education program for at least 3 years and who have indicated a willingness to serve

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on the committee. The home education review committee shall review the portfolio of the student, as defined by s. 1002.41, every 30 days during the district's regular school terms until the committee is satisfied that the home education program is in compliance with s. 1002.41(1)(d). The first portfolio review must occur within the first 30 calendar days of the establishment of the program. The provisions of subparagraph 2. do not apply once the committee determines the home education program is in compliance with s. 1002.41(1)(d).

2. If the parent fails to provide a portfolio to the committee, the committee shall notify the district school superintendent. The district school superintendent shall then terminate the home education program and require the parent to enroll the child in an attendance option that meets the definition of "regular school attendance" under s. 1003.01(16)(a), (b), (c), or (e) $\frac{1003.01(13)(a)}{(a)}$, (b), (c), or (e), within 3 days. Upon termination of a home education program pursuant to this subparagraph, the parent shall not be eligible to reenroll the child in a home education program for 180 calendar days. Failure of a parent to enroll the child in an attendance option as required by this subparagraph after termination of the home education program pursuant to this subparagraph shall constitute noncompliance with the compulsory attendance requirements of s. 1003.21 and may result in criminal prosecution under s. 1003.27(2). Nothing contained herein shall restrict the ability of the district school superintendent, or the ability of his or her designee, to review the portfolio pursuant to s. 1002.41(1)(e).

Reviser's note.—Amended to conform to the reordering of

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definitions in s. 1003.01 by this act.

Section 152. Paragraph (b) of subsection (1) of section 1003.4282, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

1003.4282 Requirements for a standard high school diploma.-

- (1) TWENTY-FOUR CREDITS REQUIRED.-
- (b) The required credits may be earned through equivalent, applied, or integrated courses or career education courses as defined in s. 1003.01(2) 1003.01(4), including work-related internships approved by the State Board of Education and identified in the course code directory. However, any must-pass assessment requirements must be met. An equivalent course is one or more courses identified by content-area experts as being a match to the core curricular content of another course, based upon review of the Next Generation Sunshine State Standards for that subject. An applied course aligns with Next Generation Sunshine State Standards and includes real-world applications of a career and technical education standard used in business or industry. An integrated course includes content from several courses within a content area or across content areas.

 Reviser's note.—Amended to conform to the reordering of

Reviser's note.—Amended to conform to the reordering of definitions in s. 1003.01 by this act.

Section 153. Paragraph (h) of subsection (6) of section 1003.485, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

1003.485 The New Worlds Reading Initiative.-

- (6) ELIGIBILITY; NOTIFICATION; SCHOOL DISTRICT OBLIGATIONS.—
- (h) School districts and partnering nonprofit organizations shall raise awareness of the initiative, including information on eligibility and video training modules under paragraph

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6729 (4)(e), through, at least, the following:
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- 1. The student handbook and the read-at-home plan under s. $1008.25(5)(d) \frac{1008.25(5)(c)}{c}$.
- 2. A parent or curriculum night or separate initiative awareness event at each elementary school.
- 3. Partnering with the county library to host awareness events, which should coincide with other initiatives such as library card drives, family library nights, summer access events, and other family engagement programming.
- Reviser's note.—Amended to correct a cross-reference to conform to the redesignation of s. 1008.25(5)(c) as s.
 - 1008.25(5)(d) by s. 66, ch. 2021-10, Laws of Florida.
 - Section 154. Subsection (4) of section 1003.52, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
 - 1003.52 Educational services in Department of Juvenile Justice programs.—
 - (4) Educational services shall be provided at times of the day most appropriate for the juvenile justice program. School programming in juvenile justice detention, prevention, day treatment, and residential programs shall be made available by the local school district during the juvenile justice school year, as provided in s. 1003.01(14) 1003.01(11). In addition, students in juvenile justice education programs shall have access to courses offered pursuant to ss. 1002.37, 1002.45, and 1003.498. The Department of Education and the school districts shall adopt policies necessary to provide such access. Reviser's note.—Amended to conform to the reordering of

Section 155. Paragraphs (c), (d), and (f) of subsection (1)

definitions in s. 1003.01 by this act.

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of section 1003.573, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:
1003.573 Seclusion and restraint of students with
disabilities in public schools.—

- (1) DEFINITIONS.—As used in this section, the term:
- $\underline{\text{(d)}}$ "Restraint" means the use of a mechanical or physical restraint.
- 1. "Mechanical restraint" means the use of a device that restricts a student's freedom of movement. The term does not include the use of devices prescribed or recommended by physical or behavioral health professionals when used for indicated purposes.
- 2. "Physical restraint" means the use of manual restraint techniques that involve significant physical force applied by a teacher or other staff member to restrict the movement of all or part of a student's body. The term does not include briefly holding a student in order to calm or comfort the student or physically escorting a student to a safe location.
- $\underline{\text{(c)}}$ "Positive behavior interventions and supports" means the use of behavioral interventions to prevent dangerous behaviors that may cause serious physical harm to the student or others.
- (f) "Student" means a child with an individual education plan enrolled in grades kindergarten through 12 in a school, as defined in s. 1003.01(17) 1003.01(2), or the Florida School for the Deaf and Blind. The term does not include students in prekindergarten, students who reside in residential care facilities under s. 1003.58, or students participating in a Department of Juvenile Justice education program under s. 1003.52.

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to read:

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Reviser's note.—Paragraphs (c) and (d) are amended to place the definitions in those paragraphs in alphabetical order.

Paragraph (f) is amended to conform to the reordering of definitions in s. 1003.01 by this act.

Section 156. Section 1003.575, Florida Statutes, is amended

1003.575 Assistive technology devices; findings; interagency agreements. - Accessibility, utilization, and coordination of appropriate assistive technology devices and services are essential as a young person with disabilities moves from early intervention to preschool, from preschool to school, from one school to another, from school to employment or independent living, and from school to home and community. If an individual education plan team makes a recommendation in accordance with State Board of Education rule for a student with a disability, as defined in s. $1003.01(9) \frac{1003.01(3)}{}$, to receive an assistive technology assessment, that assessment must be completed within 60 school days after the team's recommendation. To ensure that an assistive technology device issued to a young person as part of his or her individualized family support plan, individual support plan, individualized plan for employment, or individual education plan remains with the individual through such transitions, the following agencies shall enter into interagency agreements, as appropriate, to ensure the transaction of assistive technology devices:

- (1) The Early Steps Program in the Division of Children's Medical Services of the Department of Health.
- (2) The Division of Blind Services, the Bureau of Exceptional Education and Student Services, the Office of

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Independent Education and Parental Choice, and the Division of Vocational Rehabilitation of the Department of Education.

(3) The Voluntary Prekindergarten Education Program administered by the Department of Education and the Office of Early Learning.

Interagency agreements entered into pursuant to this section shall provide a framework for ensuring that young persons with disabilities and their families, educators, and employers are informed about the utilization and coordination of assistive technology devices and services that may assist in meeting transition needs, and shall establish a mechanism by which a young person or his or her parent may request that an assistive technology device remain with the young person as he or she moves through the continuum from home to school to postschool. Reviser's note.—Amended to conform to the reordering of

definitions in s. 1003.01 by this act.

Section 157. Subsection (11) of section 1004.22, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

1004.22 Divisions of sponsored research at state universities.—

(11) The divisions of sponsored research may pay, by advancement or reimbursement, or a combination thereof, the costs of per diem of university employees and of other authorized persons, as defined in s. 112.061(2) (e), for foreign travel up to the current rates as stated in the grant and contract terms and may also pay incidental expenses as authorized by s. 112.061(8). This subsection applies to any university employee traveling in

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foreign countries for sponsored programs of the university, if such travel expenses are approved in the terms of the contract or grant. The provisions of s. 112.061, other than those relating to per diem, apply to the travel described in this subsection. As used in this subsection, "foreign travel" means any travel outside the United States and its territories and possessions and Canada. Persons traveling in foreign countries pursuant to this section shall not be entitled to reimbursements or advancements pursuant to s. 112.061(6)(a)2. for such travel. Reviser's note.—Amended to conform to the reordering of

definitions in s. 112.061(2) by this act.

Section 158. Subsection (7) of section 1004.43, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

1004.43 H. Lee Moffitt Cancer Center and Research Institute.—There is established the H. Lee Moffitt Cancer Center and Research Institute, a statewide resource for basic and clinical research and multidisciplinary approaches to patient care.

(7) In carrying out the provisions of this section, the not-for-profit corporation and its subsidiaries are not "agencies" within the meaning of s. $\underline{20.03(1)}$ $\underline{20.03(11)}$. Reviser's note.—Amended to conform to the reordering of

definitions in s. 20.03 by this act.

Section 159. Paragraph (b) of subsection (2) of section 1004.447, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

1004.447 Florida Institute for Human and Machine Cognition, Inc.—

(2) The corporation and any authorized and approved subsidiary:

202332er 6874 (b) Is not an agency within the meaning of s. 20.03(1) 6875 $\frac{20.03(11)}{}$. 6876 Reviser's note.—Amended to conform to the reordering of 6877 definitions in s. 20.03 by this act. Section 160. Subsection (3) of section 1004.648, Florida 6878 6879 Statutes, is amended to read: 6880 1004.648 Florida Energy Systems Consortium.-6881 (3) The consortium shall consist of the state universities 6882 as identified under s. $1000.21(8) \frac{1000.21(6)}{1000.21(6)}$. 6883 Reviser's note.—Amended to conform to the reordering of 6884 definitions in s. 1000.21 by this act. 6885 Section 161. Paragraph (d) of subsection (2) of section 6886 1004.6496, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 6887 1004.6496 Hamilton Center for Classical and Civic 6888 Education.-6889 (2) The goals of the center are to: 6890 (d) Provide programming and training related to civic 6891 education and the values of open inquiry and civil discourse to 6892 support the Early Learning-20 education K-20 system. 6893 Reviser's note.—Amended to conform to ch. 2021-10, Laws of 6894 Florida, which changed references to the K-20 education 6895 system to the Early Learning-20 education system. 6896 Section 162. Paragraph (a) of subsection (2) of section 6897 1004.65, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 6898 1004.65 Florida College System institutions; governance, mission, and responsibilities.-6899 6900 (2) Each Florida College System institution district shall: 6901 (a) Consist of the county or counties served by the Florida

College System institution pursuant to s. 1000.21(5) 1000.21(3).

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Reviser's note.—Amended to conform to the reordering of definitions in s. 1000.21 by this act.

Section 163. Subsection (1) of section 1004.79, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

1004.79 Incubator facilities for small business concerns.-

(1) Each Florida College System institution established pursuant to s. 1000.21(5) 1000.21(3) may provide incubator facilities to eligible small business concerns. As used in this section, "small business concern" shall be defined as an independently owned and operated business concern incorporated in Florida which is not an affiliate or a subsidiary of a business dominant in its field of operation, and which employs 25 or fewer full-time employees. "Incubator facility" shall be defined as a facility in which small business concerns share common space, equipment, and support personnel and through which such concerns have access to professional consultants for advice related to the technical and business aspects of conducting a commercial enterprise. The Florida College System institution board of trustees shall authorize concerns for inclusion in the incubator facility.

Reviser's note.—Amended to conform to the reordering of definitions in s. 1000.21 by this act.

Section 164. Paragraphs (b) and (c) of subsection (1) of section 1006.0626, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

1006.0626 Care of students with epilepsy or seizure disorders.—

- (1) As used in this section, the term:
- (b) "Medical professional" means a physician licensed under chapter 458 or chapter 459, a physician assistant licensed under

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chapter 458 or chapter 459, or an advanced <u>practice</u> practiced registered nurse licensed under s. 464.012 who provides epilepsy or seizure disorder care to the student.

- (c) "School" has the same meaning as in s. $\underline{1003.01(17)}$ $\underline{1003.01(2)}$.
- Reviser's note.—Paragraph (1)(b) is amended to confirm an editorial substitution to conform to context. Paragraph (1)(c) is amended to conform to the reordering of definitions in s. 1003.01 by this act.
- Section 165. Paragraph (d) of subsection (2) and paragraph (b) of subsection (6) of section 1006.07, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:
- 1006.07 District school board duties relating to student discipline and school safety.—The district school board shall provide for the proper accounting for all students, for the attendance and control of students at school, and for proper attention to health, safety, and other matters relating to the welfare of students, including:
- (2) CODE OF STUDENT CONDUCT.—Adopt a code of student conduct for elementary schools and a code of student conduct for middle and high schools and distribute the appropriate code to all teachers, school personnel, students, and parents, at the beginning of every school year. Each code shall be organized and written in language that is understandable to students and parents and shall be discussed at the beginning of every school year in student classes, school advisory council meetings, and parent and teacher association or organization meetings. Each code shall be based on the rules governing student conduct and discipline adopted by the district school board and shall be

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made available in the student handbook or similar publication. Each code shall include, but is not limited to:

- (d)1. An explanation of the responsibilities of each student with regard to appropriate dress, respect for self and others, and the role that appropriate dress and respect for self and others has on an orderly learning environment. Each district school board shall adopt a dress code policy that prohibits a student, while on the grounds of a public school during the regular school day, from wearing clothing that exposes underwear or body parts in an indecent or vulgar manner or that disrupts the orderly learning environment.
- 2. Any student who violates the dress policy described in subparagraph 1. is subject to the following disciplinary actions:
- a. For a first offense, a student shall be given a verbal warning and the school principal shall call the student's parent or guardian.
- b. For a second offense, the student is ineligible to participate in any extracurricular activity for a period of time not to exceed 5 days and the school principal shall meet with the student's parent or guardian.
- c. For a third or subsequent offense, a student shall receive an in-school suspension pursuant to s. 1003.01(13) 1003.01(5) for a period not to exceed 3 days, the student is ineligible to participate in any extracurricular activity for a period not to exceed 30 days, and the school principal shall call the student's parent or guardian and send the parent or guardian a written letter regarding the student's in-school suspension and ineligibility to participate in extracurricular

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activities.

- (6) SAFETY AND SECURITY BEST PRACTICES.—Each district school superintendent shall establish policies and procedures for the prevention of violence on school grounds, including the assessment of and intervention with individuals whose behavior poses a threat to the safety of the school community.
- (b) Mental health coordinator.—Each district school board shall identify a mental health coordinator for the district. The mental health coordinator shall serve as the district's primary point of contact regarding the district's coordination, communication, and implementation of student mental health policies, procedures, responsibilities, and reporting, including:
- 1. Coordinating with the Office of Safe Schools, established pursuant to s. 1001.212.
- 2. Maintaining records and reports regarding student mental health as it relates to school safety and the mental health assistance allocation under s. 1011.62(13) 1011.62(14).
- 3. Facilitating the implementation of school district policies relating to the respective duties and responsibilities of the school district, the superintendent, and district school principals.
- 4. Coordinating with the school safety specialist on the staffing and training of threat assessment teams and facilitating referrals to mental health services, as appropriate, for students and their families.
- 5. Coordinating with the school safety specialist on the training and resources for students and school district staff relating to youth mental health awareness and assistance.

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6. Reviewing annually the school district's policies and procedures related to student mental health for compliance with state law and alignment with current best practices and making make recommendations, as needed, for amending such policies and procedures to the superintendent and the district school board. Reviser's note.—Paragraph (2)(d) is amended to conform to the reordering of definitions in s. 1003.01 by this act. Subparagraph (6)(b)2. is amended to conform to the redesignation of s. 1011.62(14) as s. 1011.62(13) by s. 54, ch. 2022-154, Laws of Florida. Subparagraph (6) (b) 6. is amended to confirm an editorial substitution to conform to context.

Section 166. Subsection (1) of section 1006.1493, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

1006.1493 Florida Safe Schools Assessment Tool.-

(1) The department, through the Office of Safe Schools pursuant to s. 1001.212, shall contract with a security consulting firm that specializes in the development of risk assessment software solutions and has experience in conducting security assessments of public facilities to develop, update, and implement a risk assessment tool, which shall be known as the Florida Safe Schools Assessment Tool (FSSAT). The FSSAT must be the primary physical site security assessment tool as revised and required by the Office of Safe Schools which is used by school officials at each school district and public school site in the state in conducting security assessments.

Reviser's note.—Amended to improve clarity.

Section 167. Paragraph (e) of subsection (2) of section 1006.28, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

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1006.28 Duties of district school board, district school superintendent; and school principal regarding K-12 instructional materials.—

- (2) DISTRICT SCHOOL BOARD.—The district school board has the constitutional duty and responsibility to select and provide adequate instructional materials for all students in accordance with the requirements of this part. The district school board also has the following specific duties and responsibilities:
- (e) Public participation.—Publish on its website, in a searchable format prescribed by the department, a list of all instructional materials, including those used to provide instruction required by s. 1003.42. Each district school board must:
- 1. Provide access to all materials, excluding teacher editions, in accordance with s. 1006.283(2)(b)8.a. before the district school board takes any official action on such materials. This process must include reasonable safeguards against the unauthorized use, reproduction, and distribution of instructional materials considered for adoption.
- 2. Select, approve, adopt, or purchase all materials as a separate line item on the agenda and must provide a reasonable opportunity for public comment. The use of materials described in this paragraph may not be selected, approved, or adopted as part of a consent agenda.
- 3. Annually, beginning June 30, 2023, submit to the Commissioner of Education a report that identifies:
- a. Each material for which the school district received an objection pursuant to subparagraph (a)2. for the school year and the specific objections thereto.

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- b. Each material that was removed or discontinued as a result of an objection.
- c. The grade level and course for which a removed or discontinued material was used, as applicable.

The department shall publish and regularly update a list of materials that were removed or discontinued as a result of an objection and disseminate the list to school districts for consideration in their selection procedures.

7086 Reviser's note.—Amended to confirm an editorial deletion to conform to context.

Section 168. Paragraph (a) of subsection (5) of section 1006.73, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

1006.73 Florida Postsecondary Academic Library Network.-

- (5) REPORTING. -
- (a) <u>By</u> <u>Beginning</u> December 31, 2021, and each year thereafter, the host entity shall submit a report to the Chancellors of the State University System and the Florida College System regarding the implementation and operation of all components described in this section, including, but not limited to, all of the following:
 - 1. Usage information collected under paragraph (2)(c).
- 2. Information and associated costs relating to the services and functions of the program.
- 3. The implementation and operation of the automated library services.
- 4. The number and value of grants awarded under paragraph (4)(d) and the distribution of those funds.
 - 5. The number and types of courses placed in the Student

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7106 Open Access Resources Repository.

- 6. Information on the utilization of the Student Open Access Resources Repository and utilization of open educational resources in course sections, by Florida College System institution and state university.
- 7111 Reviser's note.—Amended to delete obsolete language.
- 7112 Section 169. Paragraph (b) of subsection (1) of section 7113 1007.33, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
- 7114 1007.33 Site-determined baccalaureate degree access.-

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- (b) For purposes of this section, the term "district" 7117 refers to the county or counties served by a Florida College System institution pursuant to s. $1000.21(5) \frac{1000.21(3)}{...}$.
- 7119 Reviser's note.—Amended to conform to the reordering of 7120 definitions in s. 1000.21 by this act.
- 7121 Section 170. Subsection (5) of section 1008.24, Florida 7122 Statutes, is amended to read:
- 7123 1008.24 Test administration and security; public records 7124 exemption.-
- 7125 (5) Exceptional students with disabilities, as defined in 7126 s. 1003.01(9) $\frac{1003.01(3)}{}$, shall have access to testing sites.
- 7127 The Department of Education and each school district shall adopt 7128 policies that are necessary to ensure such access.
- 7129 Reviser's note.—Amended to conform to the reordering of 7130 definitions in s. 1003.01 by this act.
- 7131 Section 171. Paragraph (b) of subsection (2) of section 7132 1008.47, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
- 7133 1008.47 Postsecondary education institution accreditation.-
- 7134 (2) ACCREDITATION. -

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(b) Once a public postsecondary institution is required to seek and obtain accreditation from an agency or association identified pursuant to paragraph (a), the institution shall seek accreditation from a regional accrediting agency or association and provide quarterly reports of its progress to the Board of Governors or State Board of Education, as applicable. If each regional accreditation agency or association identified pursuant to paragraph (a) has refused to grant candidacy status to an institution, the institution shall seek and obtain accreditation from any accrediting agency or association that is different from than its current accrediting agency or association and is recognized by the database created and maintained by the United States Department of Education. If a public postsecondary institution is not granted candidacy status before its next reaffirmation or fifth-year review date, the institution may remain with its current accrediting agency or association. Reviser's note.—Amended to confirm an editorial substitution to improve clarity.

Section 172. Paragraph (c) of subsection (1) of section 1009.21, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

1009.21 Determination of resident status for tuition purposes.—Students shall be classified as residents or nonresidents for the purpose of assessing tuition in postsecondary educational programs offered by charter technical career centers or career centers operated by school districts, in Florida College System institutions, and in state universities.

- (1) As used in this section, the term:
- (c) "Institution of higher education" means any charter

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technical career center as defined in s. 1002.34, career center operated by a school district as defined in s. 1001.44, Florida College System institution as defined in s. $\underline{1000.21(5)}$ 1000.21(3), or state university as defined in s. $\underline{1000.21(8)}$ 1000.21(6).

Reviser's note.—Amended to conform to the reordering of definitions in s. 1000.21 by this act.

Section 173. Subsection (6) of section 1009.286, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

1009.286 Additional student payment for hours exceeding baccalaureate degree program completion requirements at state universities.—

(6) For purposes of this section, the term "state university" includes the institutions identified in s. $\underline{1000.21(8)}$ $\underline{1000.21(6)}$ and the term "Florida College System institution" includes the institutions identified in s. $\underline{1000.21(5)}$ $\underline{1000.21(3)}$.

Reviser's note.—Amended to conform to the reordering of definitions in s. 1000.21 by this act.

Section 174. Paragraph (c) of subsection (5) of section 1009.89, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

1009.89 The William L. Boyd, IV, Effective Access to Student Education grants.—

(5)

(c) By September 1 of each year, institutions receiving funding as provided in the General Appropriations Act must submit an Effective Access to Student Education Grant Program Accountability Report to the Department of Education, in a format prescribed by the department. The report must use the

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most recently available information on Florida resident students and include, at a minimum, the following performance metrics, by institution:

- 1. Access rate based upon percentage of <u>Pell Grant-eligible</u>

 Pell eligible students.
- 2. Affordability rate based upon average student loan debt; federal, state, and institutional financial assistance; and average tuition and fees.
 - 3. Graduation rate.
 - 4. Retention rate.
 - 5. Postgraduate employment or continuing education rate.

The department shall recommend minimum performance standards that institutions must meet to remain eligible to receive grants pursuant to this section. Each eligible institution shall post prominently on its website, by October 1 of each year, its performance on these metrics, as reported to the department. Reviser's note.—Amended to confirm an editorial insertion to

conform to the complete name of the federal grant offered to undergraduate students from low-income households.

Section 175. Paragraph (c) of subsection (1) of section 1009.895, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

1009.895 Open Door Grant Program.-

- (1) As used in this section, the term:
- (c) "Institution" means school district postsecondary technical career centers under s. 1001.44, Florida College System institutions under s. $\underline{1000.21(5)}$ $\underline{1000.21(3)}$, charter technical career centers under s. $\underline{1002.34}$, and school districts with eligible integrated education and training programs.

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Reviser's note.—Amended to conform to the reordering of definitions in s. 1000.21 by this act.

Section 176. Paragraph (b) of subsection (2) and paragraph (c) of subsection (6) of section 1012.2315, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

1012.2315 Assignment of teachers.-

- (2) ASSIGNMENT TO SCHOOLS GRADED "D" or "F".-
- (b)1. A school district may assign an individual newly hired as instructional personnel to a school that has earned a grade of "F" in the previous year or any combination of three consecutive grades of "D" or "F" in the previous 3 years pursuant to s. 1008.34 if the individual:
- a. Has received an effective rating or highly effective rating in the immediate prior year's performance evaluation pursuant to s. 1012.34;
- b. Has successfully completed or is enrolled in a teacher preparation program pursuant to s. 1004.04, s. 1004.85, or s. 1012.56, or a teacher preparation program specified in State Board of Education rule, is provided with high quality mentoring during the first 2 years of employment, holds a certificate issued pursuant to s. 1012.56, and holds a probationary contract pursuant to s. 1012.335(2)(a); or
- c. Holds a probationary contract pursuant to s. 1012.335(2)(a), holds a certificate issued pursuant to s. 1012.56, and has successful teaching experience, and if, in the judgment of the school principal, students would benefit from the placement of that individual.
- 7249 2. As used in this paragraph, the term "mentoring" includes
 7250 the use of student achievement data combined with at least

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monthly observations to improve the educator's effectiveness in improving student outcomes. Mentoring may be provided by a school district, a teacher preparation program approved pursuant to s. 1004.04, s. 1004.85, or s. 1012.56, or a teacher preparation program specified in State Board of Education rule.

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- Each school district shall annually certify to the Commissioner of Education that the requirements in this subsection have been met. If the commissioner determines that a school district is not in compliance with this subsection, the State Board of Education shall be notified and shall take action pursuant to s. 1008.32 in the next regularly scheduled meeting to require compliance.
- (6) ASSIGNMENT OF TEACHERS BASED UPON PERFORMANCE EVALUATIONS.—
- (c) For a student enrolling in an extracurricular course as defined in s. 1003.01(11) 1003.01(15), a parent may choose to have the student taught by a teacher who received a performance evaluation of "needs improvement" or "unsatisfactory" in the preceding school year if the student and the student's parent receive an explanation of the impact of teacher effectiveness on student learning and the principal receives written consent from the parent.

Reviser's note.—Paragraph (2)(b) is amended to improve clarity.

Paragraph (6) (c) is amended to conform to the reordering of definitions in s. 1003.01 by this act.

Section 177. Except as otherwise expressly provided in this act and except for this section, which shall take effect July 1, 2023, this act shall take effect on the 60th day after

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adjournment sine die of the session of the Legislature in which enacted.