House



LEGISLATIVE ACTION

Senate Comm: RCS 03/06/2023

The Committee on Criminal Justice (Ingoglia) recommended the following:

Senate Amendment (with title amendment)

Delete everything after the enacting clause and insert:

Section 1. Subsections (2), (3), and (4) of section 921.141, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

921.141 Sentence of death or life imprisonment for capital felonies; further proceedings to determine sentence.-

(2) FINDINGS AND RECOMMENDED SENTENCE BY THE JURY.-This subsection applies only if the defendant has not waived his or

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11 her right to a sentencing proceeding by a jury.

(a) After hearing all of the evidence presented regarding aggravating factors and mitigating circumstances, the jury shall deliberate and determine if the state has proven, beyond a reasonable doubt, the existence of at least one aggravating factor set forth in subsection (6).

(b) The jury shall return findings identifying each aggravating factor found to exist. A finding that an aggravating factor exists must be unanimous. If the jury:

1. Does not unanimously find at least one aggravating factor, the defendant is ineligible for a sentence of death.

2. Unanimously finds at least one aggravating factor, the defendant is eligible for a sentence of death and the jury shall make a recommendation to the court as to whether the defendant shall be sentenced to life imprisonment without the possibility of parole or to death. The recommendation shall be based on a weighing of all of the following:

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a. Whether sufficient aggravating factors exist.

b. Whether aggravating factors exist which outweigh the mitigating circumstances found to exist.

c. Based on the considerations in sub-subparagraphs a. and b., whether the defendant should be sentenced to life imprisonment without the possibility of parole or to death.

(c) If <u>at least eight jurors determine</u> a unanimous jury determines that the defendant should be sentenced to death, the jury's recommendation to the court <u>must shall</u> be a sentence of death. If <u>fewer than eight jurors</u> a <u>unanimous jury does not</u> determine that the defendant should be sentenced to death, the jury's recommendation to the court <u>must shall</u> be a sentence of

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40 life imprisonment without the possibility of parole. 41 (3) IMPOSITION OF SENTENCE OF LIFE IMPRISONMENT OR DEATH.-42 (a) If the jury has recommended a sentence of: 43 1. Life imprisonment without the possibility of parole, the 44 court shall impose the recommended sentence of life. 45 2. Death, the court must impose the recommended sentence of death. The court may impose a sentence of death only if the jury 46 47 unanimously finds at least one aggravating factor beyond a 48 reasonable doubt, after considering each aggravating factor 49 found by the jury and all mitigating circumstances, may impose a 50 sentence of life imprisonment without the possibility of parole 51 or a sentence of death. The court may consider only an 52 aggravating factor that was unanimously found to exist by the 53 <del>jury</del>. 54 (b) If the defendant waived his or her right to a 55 sentencing proceeding by a jury, the court, after considering 56 all aggravating factors and mitigating circumstances, may impose 57 a sentence of life imprisonment without the possibility of

parole or a sentence of death. The court may impose a sentence of death only if the court finds that at least one aggravating factor has been proven to exist beyond a reasonable doubt.

61 (4) ORDER OF THE COURT IN SUPPORT OF SENTENCE OF DEATH.-If 62 a defendant waived his or her right to a sentencing proceeding by a jury, and the court imposes a sentence of death under 63 paragraph (3)(b) In each case in which the court imposes a 65 sentence of death, the court shall, considering the records of 66 the trial and the sentencing proceedings, enter a written order 67 addressing the aggravating factors set forth in subsection (6) found to exist, the mitigating circumstances in subsection (7) 68

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69 reasonably established by the evidence, whether there are 70 sufficient appravating factors to warrant the death penalty, and 71 whether the aggravating factors outweigh the mitigating 72 circumstances reasonably established by the evidence. If the 73 court does not issue its order requiring the death sentence 74 within 30 days after the rendition of the judgment and sentence, 75 the court shall impose a sentence of life imprisonment without 76 the possibility of parole in accordance with s. 775.082. 77

Section 2. Subsections (3), (4), and (5) of section 921.142, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

921.142 Sentence of death or life imprisonment for capital drug trafficking felonies; further proceedings to determine sentence.-

(3) FINDINGS AND RECOMMENDED SENTENCE BY THE JURY.-This subsection applies only if the defendant has not waived his or her right to a sentencing proceeding by a jury.

(a) After hearing all of the evidence presented regarding aggravating factors and mitigating circumstances, the jury shall deliberate and determine if the state has proven, beyond a reasonable doubt, the existence of at least one aggravating factor set forth in subsection (7).

(b) The jury shall return findings identifying each aggravating factor found to exist. A finding that an aggravating factor exists must be unanimous. If the jury:

1. Does not unanimously find at least one aggravating factor, the defendant is ineligible for a sentence of death.

95 2. Unanimously finds at least one aggravating factor, the 96 defendant is eligible for a sentence of death and the jury shall make a recommendation to the court as to whether the defendant

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98 shall be sentenced to life imprisonment without the possibility 99 of parole or to death. The recommendation shall be based on a weighing of all of the following: 100 a. Whether sufficient aggravating factors exist. 101 102 b. Whether aggravating factors exist which outweigh the 103 mitigating circumstances found to exist. 104 c. Based on the considerations in sub-subparagraphs a. and 105 b., whether the defendant should be sentenced to life imprisonment without the possibility of parole or to death. 106 107 (c) If at least eight jurors determine a unanimous jury 108 determines that the defendant should be sentenced to death, the 109 jury's recommendation to the court must shall be a sentence of 110 death. If fewer than eight jurors a unanimous jury does not 111 determine that the defendant should be sentenced to death, the 112 jury's recommendation to the court must shall be a sentence of 113 life imprisonment without the possibility of parole. (4) IMPOSITION OF SENTENCE OF LIFE IMPRISONMENT OR DEATH.-114 115 (a) If the jury has recommended a sentence of: 116 1. Life imprisonment without the possibility of parole, the 117 court shall impose the recommended sentence of life. 118 2. Death, the court must impose the recommended sentence of 119 death. The court may impose a sentence of death only if the jury 120 unanimously finds at least one aggravating factor beyond a 121 reasonable doubt, after considering each aggravating factor 122 found by the jury and all mitigating circumstances, may impose a 123 sentence of life imprisonment without the possibility of parole 124 or a sentence of death. The court may consider only an 125 aggravating factor that was unanimously found to exist by the 126 <del>jury</del>.

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127 (b) If the defendant waived his or her right to a 128 sentencing proceeding by a jury, the court, after considering 129 all aggravating factors and mitigating circumstances, may impose 130 a sentence of life imprisonment without the possibility of 131 parole or a sentence of death. The court may impose a sentence 132 of death only if the court finds at least one aggravating factor 133 has been proven to exist beyond a reasonable doubt. 134 (5) ORDER OF THE COURT IN SUPPORT OF SENTENCE OF DEATH.-If a defendant waived his or her right to a sentencing proceeding 135 136 by a jury, and the court imposes a sentence of death under paragraph (4)(b) In each case in which the court imposes a death 137 138 sentence, the court shall, considering the records of the trial 139 and the sentencing proceedings, enter a written order addressing 140 the aggravating factors set forth in subsection (7) found to 141 exist, the mitigating circumstances in subsection (8) reasonably 142 established by the evidence, whether there are sufficient 143 aggravating factors to warrant the death penalty, and whether 144 the aggravating factors outweigh the mitigating circumstances 145 reasonably established by the evidence. If the court does not 146 issue its order requiring the death sentence within 30 days 147 after the rendition of the judgment and sentence, the court shall impose a sentence of life imprisonment without the 148 149 possibility of parole in accordance with s. 775.082. Section 3. This act shall take effect upon becoming a law. 150 151 152 153 And the title is amended as follows: 154 Delete everything before the enacting clause 155 and insert:

591-02115-23



156	A bill to be entitled
157	An act relating to the death penalty; amending ss.
158	921.141 and 921.142, F.S.; requiring a determination
159	of a specified number of jurors, rather than jury
160	unanimity, for a sentencing recommendation of death to
161	the court for capital felonies and capital drug
162	trafficking felonies, respectively; requiring a
163	determination of a specified number of jurors, rather
164	than jury unanimity, for a sentencing recommendation
165	of life imprisonment without the possibility of parole
166	to the court; requiring the court to impose the
167	recommended sentence of death if the jury has
168	recommended a sentence of death; specifying that the
169	court may impose a sentence of death only if the jury
170	unanimously finds at least one aggravating factor
171	beyond a reasonable doubt; providing an effective
172	date.