A bill to be entitled

An act relating to violent offenses committed against criminal defense attorneys; amending s. 775.0823, F.S.; providing for the reclassification of specified offenses committed against criminal defense attorneys; amending ss. 921.0024 and 947.146, F.S.; conforming provisions to changes made by the act; providing an effective date.

Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:

Section 1. Section 775.0823, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

justice system personnel law enforcement officers, correctional officers, state attorneys, assistant state attorneys, justices, or judges.—The Legislature does hereby provide for an increase and certainty of penalty for any person convicted of a violent offense against any law enforcement or correctional officer, as defined in s. 943.10(1), (2), (3), (6), (7), (8), or (9); against any state attorney elected pursuant to s. 27.01 or assistant state attorney appointed under s. 27.181; against any public defender elected pursuant to s. 27.50 or regional counsel appointed pursuant to s. 27.511(3); against any court-appointed counsel appointed under s. 27.40 or defense attorney in a

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criminal proceeding; or against any justice or judge of a court described in Art. V of the State Constitution, which offense arises out of or in the scope of the officer's duty as a law enforcement or correctional officer, the state attorney's or assistant state attorney's duty as a prosecutor or investigator, the public defender or regional counsel acting in his or her capacity as defense counsel, the court-appointed counsel or defense attorney in a criminal proceeding acting in his or her capacity as defense counsel, or the justice's or judge's duty as a judicial officer, as follows:

- (1) For murder in the first degree as described in s. 782.04(1), if the death sentence is not imposed, a sentence of imprisonment for life without eligibility for release.
- 39 (2) For attempted murder in the first degree as described 40 in s. 782.04(1), a sentence pursuant to s. 775.082, s. 775.083, 41 or s. 775.084.
- 42 (3) For attempted felony murder as described in s.
- 782.051, a sentence pursuant to s. 775.082, s. 775.083, or s.
- 775.084.

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- (4) For murder in the second degree as described in s.
- 782.04(2) and (3), a sentence pursuant to s. 775.082, s.
- 47 775.083, or s. 775.084.
- (5) For attempted murder in the second degree as described in s. 782.04(2) and (3), a sentence pursuant to s. 775.082, s.
- 50 775.083, or s. 775.084.

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51	(6) For murder in the third degree as described in s.
52	782.04(4), a sentence pursuant to s. 775.082, s. 775.083, or s.
53	775.084.
54	(7) For attempted murder in the third degree as described
55	in s. 782.04(4), a sentence pursuant to s. 775.082, s. 775.083,
56	or s. 775.084.
57	(8) For manslaughter as described in s. 782.07 during the
58	commission of a crime, a sentence pursuant to s. 775.082, s.
59	775.083, or s. 775.084.
50	(9) For kidnapping as described in s. 787.01, a sentence
51	pursuant to s. 775.082, s. 775.083, or s. 775.084.
52	(10) For aggravated battery as described in s. 784.045, a
63	sentence pursuant to s. 775.082, s. 775.083, or s. 775.084.
54	(11) For aggravated assault as described in s. 784.021, a
55	sentence pursuant to s. 775.082, s. 775.083, or s. 775.084.
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57	Notwithstanding the provisions of s. 948.01, with respect to any
86	person who is found to have violated this section, adjudication
59	of guilt or imposition of sentence shall not be suspended,
70	deferred, or withheld.
71	Section 2. Paragraph (b) of subsection (1) of section
72	921.0024, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
73	921.0024 Criminal Punishment Code; worksheet computations;

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CODING: Words stricken are deletions; words underlined are additions.

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scoresheets.-

(1)

(b) WORKSHEET KEY:

Legal status points are assessed when any form of legal status existed at the time the offender committed an offense before the court for sentencing. Four (4) sentence points are assessed for an offender's legal status.

Community sanction violation points are assessed when a community sanction violation is before the court for sentencing. Six (6) sentence points are assessed for each community sanction violation and each successive community sanction violation, unless any of the following apply:

1. If the community sanction violation includes a new felony conviction before the sentencing court, twelve (12) community sanction violation points are assessed for the violation, and for each successive community sanction violation involving a new felony conviction.

2. If the community sanction violation is committed by a violent felony offender of special concern as defined in s. 948.06:

a. Twelve (12) community sanction violation points are assessed for the violation and for each successive violation of felony probation or community control where:

I. The violation does not include a new felony conviction; and

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II. The community sanction violation is not based solely on the probationer or offender's failure to pay costs or fines or make restitution payments.

b. Twenty-four (24) community sanction violation points are assessed for the violation and for each successive violation of felony probation or community control where the violation includes a new felony conviction.

Multiple counts of community sanction violations before the sentencing court shall not be a basis for multiplying the assessment of community sanction violation points.

Prior serious felony points: If the offender has a primary offense or any additional offense ranked in level 8, level 9, or level 10, and one or more prior serious felonies, a single assessment of thirty (30) points shall be added. For purposes of this section, a prior serious felony is an offense in the offender's prior record that is ranked in level 8, level 9, or level 10 under s. 921.0022 or s. 921.0023 and for which the offender is serving a sentence of confinement, supervision, or other sanction or for which the offender's date of release from confinement, supervision, or other sanction, whichever is later, is within 3 years before the date the primary offense or any additional offense was committed.

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Prior capital felony points: If the offender has one or more prior capital felonies in the offender's criminal record, points shall be added to the subtotal sentence points of the offender equal to twice the number of points the offender receives for the primary offense and any additional offense. A prior capital felony in the offender's criminal record is a previous capital felony offense for which the offender has entered a plea of nolo contendere or guilty or has been found guilty; or a felony in another jurisdiction which is a capital felony in that jurisdiction, or would be a capital felony if the offense were committed in this state.

Possession of a firearm, semiautomatic firearm, or machine gun: If the offender is convicted of committing or attempting to commit any felony other than those enumerated in s. 775.087(2) while having in his or her possession: a firearm as defined in s. 790.001(6), an additional eighteen (18) sentence points are assessed; or if the offender is convicted of committing or attempting to commit any felony other than those enumerated in s. 775.087(3) while having in his or her possession a semiautomatic firearm as defined in s. 775.087(3) or a machine gun as defined in s. 790.001(9), an additional twenty-five (25) sentence points are assessed.

Sentencing multipliers:

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151 152 Drug trafficking: If the primary offense is drug trafficking 153 under s. 893.135, the subtotal sentence points are multiplied, 154 at the discretion of the court, for a level 7 or level 8 155 offense, by 1.5. The state attorney may move the sentencing 156 court to reduce or suspend the sentence of a person convicted of 157 a level 7 or level 8 offense, if the offender provides 158 substantial assistance as described in s. 893.135(4). 159 Violent offenses committed against specified justice system 160 personnel Law enforcement protection: If the primary offense is 161 a violation of the Law Enforcement Protection Act under s. 162 775.0823(2), (3), or (4), the subtotal sentence points are multiplied by 2.5. If the primary offense is a violation of s. 163 164 775.0823(5), (6), (7), (8), or (9), the subtotal sentence points 165 are multiplied by 2.0. If the primary offense is a violation of 166 s. 784.07(3) or s. 775.0875(1), or of the Law Enforcement Protection Act under s. 775.0823(10) or (11), the subtotal 167 168 sentence points are multiplied by 1.5. 169 170 Grand theft of a motor vehicle: If the primary offense is grand 171 theft of the third degree involving a motor vehicle and in the 172 offender's prior record, there are three or more grand thefts of 173 the third degree involving a motor vehicle, the subtotal 174 sentence points are multiplied by 1.5. 175

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Offense related to a criminal gang: If the offender is convicted of the primary offense and committed that offense for the purpose of benefiting, promoting, or furthering the interests of a criminal gang as defined in s. 874.03, the subtotal sentence points are multiplied by 1.5. If applying the multiplier results in the lowest permissible sentence exceeding the statutory maximum sentence for the primary offense under chapter 775, the court may not apply the multiplier and must sentence the defendant to the statutory maximum sentence.

Domestic violence in the presence of a child: If the offender is convicted of the primary offense and the primary offense is a crime of domestic violence, as defined in s. 741.28, which was committed in the presence of a child under 16 years of age who is a family or household member as defined in s. 741.28(3) with the victim or perpetrator, the subtotal sentence points are multiplied by 1.5.

Adult-on-minor sex offense: If the offender was 18 years of age or older and the victim was younger than 18 years of age at the time the offender committed the primary offense, and if the primary offense was an offense committed on or after October 1, 2014, and is a violation of s. 787.01(2) or s. 787.02(2), if the violation involved a victim who was a minor and, in the course of committing that violation, the defendant committed a sexual

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battery under chapter 794 or a lewd act under s. 800.04 or s. 847.0135(5) against the minor; s. 787.01(3)(a)2. or 3.; s. 787.02(3)(a)2. or 3.; s. 794.011, excluding s. 794.011(10); s. 800.04; or s. 847.0135(5), the subtotal sentence points are multiplied by 2.0. If applying the multiplier results in the lowest permissible sentence exceeding the statutory maximum sentence for the primary offense under chapter 775, the court may not apply the multiplier and must sentence the defendant to the statutory maximum sentence.

Section 3. Paragraph (k) of subsection (3) of section 947.146, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

947.146 Control Release Authority.-

(3) Within 120 days prior to the date the state correctional system is projected pursuant to s. 216.136 to exceed 99 percent of total capacity, the authority shall determine eligibility for and establish a control release date for an appropriate number of parole ineligible inmates committed to the department and incarcerated within the state who have been determined by the authority to be eligible for discretionary early release pursuant to this section. In establishing control release dates, it is the intent of the Legislature that the authority prioritize consideration of eligible inmates closest to their tentative release date. The authority shall rely upon commitment data on the offender information system maintained by the department to initially

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identify inmates who are to be reviewed for control release consideration. The authority may use a method of objective risk assessment in determining if an eligible inmate should be released. Such assessment shall be a part of the department's management information system. However, the authority shall have sole responsibility for determining control release eligibility, establishing a control release date, and effectuating the release of a sufficient number of inmates to maintain the inmate population between 99 percent and 100 percent of total capacity. Inmates who are ineligible for control release are inmates who are parole eligible or inmates who:

- (k)1. Are serving a sentence for an offense committed on or after January 1, 1994, for a violation of the Law Enforcement Protection Act under s. 775.0823(2), (3), (4), (5), or (6), and the subtotal of the offender's sentence points is multiplied pursuant to former s. 921.0014 or s. 921.0024;
- 2. Are serving a sentence for an offense committed on or after October 1, 1995, for a violation of the Law Enforcement Protection Act under s. 775.0823(2), (3), (4), (5), (6), (7), (8), or (9), and the subtotal of the offender's sentence points is multiplied pursuant to former s. 921.0014 or s. 921.0024;

In making control release eligibility determinations under this subsection, the authority may rely on any document leading to or generated during the course of the criminal proceedings,

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including, but not limited to, any presentence or postsentence investigation or any information contained in arrest reports relating to circumstances of the offense.

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Section 4. This act shall take effect July 1, 2023.

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