

LEGISLATIVE ACTION .

Ser	nate
Floor:	1/AD/2R

05/02/2023 04:43 PM

Floor: C 05/04/2023 10:25 AM

House

Senator Rodriguez moved the following:

Senate Amendment (with title amendment)

Delete everything after the enacting clause

and insert:

Section 1. This act may be cited as the "Homeowners' Associations Bill of Rights."

Section 2. Paragraph (c) of subsection (2) and paragraph (g) of subsection (4) of section 720.303, Florida Statutes, are amended, and paragraph (d) is added to subsection (8) of that 10 section, to read:

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720.303 Association powers and duties; meetings of board;

Florida Senate - 2023 Bill No. CS/CS/HB 919, 1st Eng.



12 official records; budgets; financial reporting; association
13 funds; recalls.-

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(2) BOARD MEETINGS.-

(c) The bylaws shall provide the following for giving
notice to parcel owners and members of all board meetings and,
if they do not do so, shall be deemed to include the following:

18 1. Notices of all board meetings must specifically identify 19 agenda items for the meetings and must be posted in a conspicuous place in the community at least 48 hours in advance 20 21 of a meeting, except in an emergency. In the alternative, if 22 notice is not posted in a conspicuous place in the community, 23 notice of each board meeting must be mailed or delivered to each 24 member at least 7 days before the meeting, except in an 25 emergency. Notwithstanding this general notice requirement, for 26 communities with more than 100 members, the association bylaws 27 may provide for a reasonable alternative to posting or mailing 28 of notice for each board meeting, including publication of 29 notice, provision of a schedule of board meetings, or the 30 conspicuous posting and repeated broadcasting of the notice on a 31 closed-circuit cable television system serving the homeowners' 32 association. However, if broadcast notice is used in lieu of a 33 notice posted physically in the community, the notice must be 34 broadcast at least four times every broadcast hour of each day 35 that a posted notice is otherwise required. When broadcast 36 notice is provided, the notice and agenda must be broadcast in a 37 manner and for a sufficient continuous length of time so as to 38 allow an average reader to observe the notice and read and 39 comprehend the entire content of the notice and the agenda. In 40 addition to any of the authorized means of providing notice of a

Florida Senate - 2023 Bill No. CS/CS/HB 919, 1st Eng.



meeting of the board, the association may, by rule, adopt a 41 procedure for conspicuously posting the meeting notice and the 42 43 agenda on the association's website or an application that can be downloaded on a mobile device for at least the minimum period 44 45 of time for which a notice of a meeting is also required to be 46 physically posted on the association property. Any rule adopted must, in addition to other matters, include a requirement that 47 the association send an electronic notice to members whose e-48 49 mail addresses are included in the association's official 50 records in the same manner as is required for a notice of a 51 meeting of the members. Such notice must include a hyperlink to 52 the website or such mobile application on which the meeting 53 notice is posted. The association may provide notice by 54 electronic transmission in a manner authorized by law for 55 meetings of the board of directors, committee meetings requiring notice under this section, and annual and special meetings of 56 57 the members to any member who has provided a facsimile number or 58 e-mail address to the association to be used for such purposes; 59 however, a member must consent in writing to receiving notice by 60 electronic transmission.

2. An assessment may not be levied at a board meeting 61 62 unless the notice of the meeting includes a statement that 63 assessments will be considered and the nature of the 64 assessments. Written notice of any meeting at which special 65 assessments will be considered or at which amendments to rules regarding parcel use will be considered must be mailed, 66 67 delivered, or electronically transmitted to the members and 68 parcel owners and posted conspicuously on the property or 69 broadcast on closed-circuit cable television not less than 14

Florida Senate - 2023 Bill No. CS/CS/HB 919, 1st Eng.



70 days before the meeting.

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71 3. Directors may not vote by proxy or by secret ballot at board meetings, except that secret ballots may be used in the election of officers. This subsection also applies to the meetings of any committee or other similar body, when a final decision will be made regarding the expenditure of association funds, and to any body vested with the power to approve or disapprove architectural decisions with respect to a specific parcel of residential property owned by a member of the 79 community.

(4) OFFICIAL RECORDS.-The association shall maintain each of the following items, when applicable, which constitute the official records of the association:

83 (g) A current roster of all members and their designated 84 mailing addresses and parcel identifications. A member's designated mailing address is the member's property address, 85 86 unless the member has sent written notice to the association 87 requesting that a different mailing address be used for all 88 required notices. The association shall also maintain the e-mail 89 electronic mailing addresses and the facsimile numbers 90 designated by members for receiving notice sent by electronic 91 transmission of those members consenting to receive notice by 92 electronic transmission. A member's e-mail address is the e-mail address the member provided when consenting in writing to 93 94 receiving notice by electronic transmission, unless the member 95 has sent written notice to the association requesting that a 96 different e-mail address be used for all required notices. The 97 e-mail electronic mailing addresses and facsimile numbers 98 provided by members unit owners to receive notice by electronic

Page 4 of 14

Florida Senate - 2023 Bill No. CS/CS/HB 919, 1st Eng.



99 transmission must shall be removed from association records when 100 the member revokes consent to receive notice by electronic 101 transmission is revoked. However, the association is not liable 102 for an erroneous disclosure of the e-mail electronic mail 103 address or the facsimile number for receiving electronic 104 transmission of notices. (8) ASSOCIATION FUNDS; COMMINGLING.-105 (d) If an association collects a deposit from a member for 106 107 any reason, including to pay for expenses that may be incurred 108 as a result of construction on a member's parcel, such funds 109 must be maintained separately and may not be commingled with any 110 other association funds. Upon completion of the member's 111 construction project or other reason for which the deposit was 112 collected, the member may request an accounting from the 113 association of his or her funds that were deposited, and the 114 association must provide such accounting to the member within 7 days after receiving the member's request. An association must 115 116 remit payment of any unused funds to the member within 30 days 117 after receiving notice that the member's construction project, 118 or other reason for which the deposit was collected, is 119 complete. Section 3. Subsections (3) and (4) of section 720.3033, 120 121 Florida Statutes, are amended, and subsection (6) is added to 122 that section, to read: 123 720.3033 Officers and directors.-124 (3) An officer, a director, or a manager may not solicit, 125 offer to accept, or accept any thing good or service of value 126 for which consideration has not been provided for his or her 127 benefit or for the benefit of a member of his or her immediate

Florida Senate - 2023 Bill No. CS/CS/HB 919, 1st Eng.



128 family from any person providing or proposing to provide goods 129 or services to the association. An officer, a director, or a 130 manager who knowingly solicits, offers to accept, or accepts any 131 thing or service of value or kickback for which consideration 132 has not been provided for his or her own benefit or that of his 133 or her immediate family from any person providing or proposing 134 to provide goods or services to the association is subject to 135 monetary damages under s. 617.0834. If the board finds that an 136 officer or a director has violated this subsection, the board 137 shall immediately remove the officer or director from office. 138 The vacancy shall be filled according to law until the end of 139 the officer's or director's term of office. However, an officer, 140 a director, or a manager may accept food to be consumed at a 141 business meeting with a value of less than \$25 per individual or 142 a service or good received in connection with trade fairs or 143 education programs.

(4) (a) A director or <u>an</u> officer charged by information or indictment with <u>any of the following crimes must be removed from</u> office:

1. Forgery of a ballot envelope or voting certificate used in a homeowners' association election as provided in s. 831.01.

2. Theft or embezzlement involving the association's funds or property as provided in s. 812.014.

3. Destruction of or the refusal to allow inspection or copying of an official record of a homeowners' association which is accessible to parcel owners within the time periods required by general law, in furtherance of any crime. Such act constitutes tampering with physical evidence as provided in s.

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157 4. Obstruction of justice as provided in chapter 843. (b) a felony theft or embezzlement offense involving the 158 159 association's funds or property is removed from office. The 160 board shall fill the vacancy as provided in s. 720.306(9) according to general law until the end of the period of the 161 162 suspension or the end of the director's term of office, whichever occurs first. If such criminal charge is pending 163 against the officer or director, he or she may not be appointed 164 165 or elected to a position as an officer or a director of any 166 association and may not have access to the official records of 167 any association, except pursuant to a court order. However, if 168 the charges are resolved without a finding of guilt or without 169 acceptance of a plea of guilty or nolo contendere, the director 170 or officer shall be reinstated for any remainder of his or her 171 term of office. A member who has such criminal charges pending 172 may not be appointed or elected to a position as a director or 173 officer.

(6) (a) Directors and officers of an association who are appointed by the developer must disclose to the association their relationship to the developer each calendar year in which they serve as a director or an officer. Directors and officers appointed by the developer must disclose any other activity that may reasonably be construed to be a conflict of interest pursuant to paragraph (b). A developer's appointment of an officer or director does not create a presumption that the officer or director has a conflict of interest with regard to 183 the performance of his or her official duties.

184 (b) Directors and officers must disclose to the association 185 any activity that may be reasonably construed to be a conflict

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Florida Senate - 2023 Bill No. CS/CS/HB 919, 1st Eng.

186	of interest at least 14 days before voting on an issue or
187	entering into a contract that is the subject of the conflict. A
188	rebuttable presumption of a conflict of interest exists if any
189	of the following acts occur without prior disclosure to the
190	association:
191	1. A director or an officer, or a relative of a director or
192	an officer, enters into a contract for goods or services with
193	the association.
194	2. A director or an officer, or a relative of a director or
195	an officer, holds an interest in a corporation, limited
196	liability company, partnership, limited liability partnership,
197	or other business entity that conducts business with the
198	association or proposes to enter into a contract or other
199	transaction with the association.
200	Section 4. Subsections $(1)$ , $(2)$ , and $(5)$ of section
201	720.305, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:
202	720.305 Obligations of members; remedies at law or in
203	equity; levy of fines and suspension of use rights
204	(1) Each member and the member's tenants, guests, and
205	invitees, and each association, are governed by, and must comply
206	with, this chapter, the governing documents of the community,
207	and the rules of the association. Actions at law or in equity,
208	or both, to redress alleged failure or refusal to comply with
209	these provisions may be brought by the association or by any
210	member against:
211	(a) The association;
212	(b) A member;
213	(c) Any director or officer of an association who willfully
214	and knowingly fails to comply with these provisions; and

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217604

(d) Any tenants, guests, or invitees occupying a parcel or using the common areas.

218 The prevailing party in any such litigation is entitled to 219 recover reasonable attorney fees and costs as provided in paragraph (2)(e). A member prevailing in an action between the 220 221 association and the member under this section, in addition to 222 recovering his or her reasonable attorney fees, may recover 223 additional amounts as determined by the court to be necessary to 224 reimburse the member for his or her share of assessments levied 225 by the association to fund its expenses of the litigation. This 226 relief does not exclude other remedies provided by law. This 227 section does not deprive any person of any other available right 228 or remedy.

229 (2) An association may levy reasonable fines for violations 230 of the declaration, association bylaws, or reasonable rules of 231 the association. A fine may not exceed \$100 per violation 232 against any member or any member's tenant, quest, or invitee for 233 the failure of the owner of the parcel or its occupant, 234 licensee, or invitee to comply with any provision of the 235 declaration, the association bylaws, or reasonable rules of the 236 association unless otherwise provided in the governing 237 documents. A fine may be levied by the board for each day of a 238 continuing violation, with a single notice and opportunity for 239 hearing, except that the fine may not exceed \$1,000 in the 240 aggregate unless otherwise provided in the governing documents. 241 A fine of less than \$1,000 may not become a lien against a parcel. In any action to recover a fine, the prevailing party is 242 243 entitled to reasonable attorney fees and costs from the

Page 9 of 14

Florida Senate - 2023 Bill No. CS/CS/HB 919, 1st Eng.



244 nonprevailing party as determined by the court.

(a) An association may suspend, for a reasonable period of 245 246 time, the right of a member, or a member's tenant, guest, or 247 invitee, to use common areas and facilities for the failure of 248 the owner of the parcel or its occupant, licensee, or invitee to 249 comply with any provision of the declaration, the association 250 bylaws, or reasonable rules of the association. This paragraph 251 does not apply to that portion of common areas used to provide 252 access or utility services to the parcel. A suspension may not 253 prohibit an owner or tenant of a parcel from having vehicular 254 and pedestrian ingress to and egress from the parcel, including, 255 but not limited to, the right to park.

256 (b) A fine or suspension levied by the board of 257 administration may not be imposed unless the board first 258 provides at least 14 days' notice to the parcel owner at his or 259 her designated mailing or e-mail address in the association's 260 official records and, if applicable, any occupant, licensee, or invitee of the parcel owner, sought to be fined or suspended and 261 262 an opportunity for a hearing before a committee of at least 263 three members appointed by the board who are not officers, 264 directors, or employees of the association, or the spouse, 265 parent, child, brother, or sister of an officer, director, or 266 employee. The notice must include a description of the alleged 267 violation, the specific action required to cure such violation, 268 if applicable, and the date and location of the hearing. A 269 parcel owner has the right to attend a hearing by telephone or 270 other electronic means.

271 (c) If the committee, by majority vote, does not approve a 272 proposed fine or suspension, the proposed fine or suspension may

Florida Senate - 2023 Bill No. CS/CS/HB 919, 1st Eng.



273 not be imposed. The role of the committee is limited to 274 determining whether to confirm or reject the fine or suspension 275 levied by the board.

(d) After the hearing, the committee shall provide written notice to the parcel owner at his or her designated mailing or e-mail address in the association's official records and, if applicable, any occupant, licensee, or invitee of the parcel owner, of the committee's findings related to the violation, including any applicable fines or suspensions that the committee approved or rejected, and how the parcel owner or any occupant, licensee, or invitee of the parcel owner may cure the violation, if applicable.

285 (e) If the proposed fine or suspension levied by the board 286 is approved by the committee by a majority vote, the fine 287 payment is due 5 days after notice of the approved fine required 288 under paragraph (d) is provided to the parcel owner and, if 289 applicable, to any occupant, licensee, or invitee of the parcel owner. The association must provide written notice of such fine 290 291 or suspension by mail or hand delivery to the parcel owner and, 292 if applicable, to any occupant, licensee, or invitee of the 293 parcel owner.

(5) All suspensions imposed <u>under</u> <del>pursuant to</del> subsection (3) or subsection (4) must be approved at a properly noticed board meeting. Upon approval, the <u>board</u> association must <u>send</u> written notice to notify the parcel owner and, if applicable, the parcel's occupant, licensee, or invitee by mail or hand delivery <u>to the parcel owner's designated mailing or e-mail</u> address in the association's official records.

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Section 5. Section 720.3065, Florida Statutes, is created

Florida Senate - 2023 Bill No. CS/CS/HB 919, 1st Eng.

## 217604

302	to read:
303	720.3065 Fraudulent voting activities relating to
304	association elections; penaltiesEach of the following acts is
305	a fraudulent voting activity relating to association elections
306	and constitutes a misdemeanor of the first degree, punishable as
307	provided in s. 775.082 or s. 775.083:
308	(1) Willfully and falsely swearing to or affirming an oath
309	or affirmation, or willfully procuring another person to falsely
310	swear to or affirm an oath or affirmation, in connection with or
311	arising out of voting activities.
312	(2) Perpetrating or attempting to perpetrate, or aiding in
313	the perpetration of, fraud in connection with a vote cast, to be
314	cast, or attempted to be cast.
315	(3) Preventing a member from voting or preventing a member
316	from voting as he or she intended by fraudulently changing or
317	attempting to change a ballot, ballot envelope, vote, or voting
318	certificate of the member.
319	(4) Menacing, threatening, or using bribery or any other
320	corruption to attempt, directly or indirectly, to influence,
321	deceive, or deter a member when the member is voting.
322	(5) Giving or promising, directly or indirectly, anything
323	of value to another member with the intent to buy the vote of
324	that member or another member or to corruptly influence that
325	member or another member in casting his or her vote. This
326	subsection does not apply to any food served which is to be
327	consumed at an election rally or a meeting or to any item of
328	nominal value which is used as an election advertisement,
329	including a campaign message designed to be worn by a member.
330	(6) Using or threatening to use, directly or indirectly,

Page 12 of 14

217604

331	force, violence, or intimidation or any tactic of coercion or
332	intimidation to induce or compel a member to vote or refrain
333	from voting in an election or on a particular ballot measure.
334	Section 6. This act shall take effect October 1, 2023.
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336	========== T I T L E A M E N D M E N T =================================
337	And the title is amended as follows:
338	Delete everything before the enacting clause
339	and insert:
340	A bill to be entitled
341	An act relating to homeowners' associations; providing
342	a short title; amending s. 720.303, F.S.; requiring
343	that notices for board meetings specifically identify
344	agenda items; requiring an association to maintain
345	designated addresses as official records; specifying
346	what constitutes a designated address; conforming
347	provisions to changes made by the act; prohibiting
348	certain funds from being commingled with other
349	association funds; authorizing a member to request an
350	accounting from an association under certain
351	circumstances; requiring an association to provide
352	such accounting and remit unused funds to the member
353	within specified timeframes; amending s. 720.3033,
354	F.S.; providing civil penalties for certain actions by
355	officers, directors, or managers of an association;
356	revising the circumstances under which a director or
357	an officer must be removed from office after being
358	charged by information or indictment; prohibiting such
359	officers and directors with pending criminal charges

Florida Senate - 2023 Bill No. CS/CS/HB 919, 1st Eng.



360 from accessing the official records of any 361 association; providing an exception; requiring certain 362 directors and officers to make a specified disclosure; 363 specifying that the appointment of officers or 364 directors by a developer does not create a presumption 365 of a conflict of interest for such officers or 366 directors; requiring directors and officers of the 367 association to disclose certain activity and 368 relationships to the association within a specified 369 timeframe; creating a rebuttable presumption of a 370 conflict of interest if certain acts occur; amending 371 s. 720.305, F.S.; restricting certain attorney fees 372 and fines; specifying the types of violations for which an association may levy fines; specifying where 373 374 certain notice must be delivered; providing 375 requirements for such notice; authorizing parcel 376 owners to attend certain hearings by telephone or 377 other electronic means; requiring a specified notice 378 after a hearing; conforming provisions to changes made 379 by the act; creating s. 720.3065, F.S.; providing 380 criminal penalties for certain fraudulent voting 381 activities; providing an effective date.