By Senator Grall

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A bill to be entitled

An act relating to insurance claims; providing a short title; amending s. 627.0651, F.S.; requiring the Office of Insurance Regulation to consider funds recovered under specified provisions in reviewing rates; amending s. 817.234, F.S.; requiring insurers to report funds recovered under specified provisions; specifying that an insured's payment of a deductible or copayment is not a condition of an insurer's payment obligations; making technical changes; providing an effective date.

Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:

Section 1. This act may be cited as the "Transparency in Recoveries Act."

Section 2. Present paragraphs (g) through (l) of subsection (2) of section 627.0651, Florida Statutes, are redesignated as paragraphs (h) through (m), respectively, a new paragraph (g) is added to that subsection, and paragraphs (d) and (e) of subsection (14) of that section are amended, to read:

627.0651 Making and use of rates for motor vehicle insurance.—

(2) Upon receiving notice of a rate filing or rate change, the office shall review the rate or rate change to determine if the rate is excessive, inadequate, or unfairly discriminatory. In making that determination, the office shall in accordance with generally accepted and reasonable actuarial techniques consider the following factors:

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(g) Recovery of funds by judgment or settlement and attorney fees and costs awarded or returned for payments recovered as a result of claimed violations of part X of chapter 400, s. 456.054, part II of chapter 501, s. 627.736, s. 817.234, or s. 817.505, or repayment of claims paid pursuant to actions or allegations of common law fraud, civil conspiracy, unjust enrichment, or unlawful conduct.

(14)

- (d) An insurer must notify the office of any changes to rates for type of insurance described in this subsection no later than 30 days after the effective date of the change. The notice shall include the name of the insurer, the type or kind of insurance subject to rate change, and the average statewide percentage change in rates. Actuarial data with regard to rates for risks described in this subsection shall be maintained by the insurer for 2 years after the effective date of changes to those rates and are subject to examination by the office. The office may require the insurer to incur the costs associated with an examination. Upon examination, the office shall, in accordance with generally accepted and reasonable actuarial techniques, consider the factors in paragraphs (2)(a)-(m)(2)(a)-(1) and apply subsections (3)-(8) to determine if the rate is excessive, inadequate, or unfairly discriminatory.
- (e) A rating organization must notify the office of any changes to loss cost for the type of insurance described in this subsection no later than 30 days after the effective date of the change. The notice shall include the name of the rating organization, the type or kind of insurance subject to a loss cost change, loss costs during the immediately preceding year

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for the type or kind of insurance subject to the loss cost change, and the average statewide percentage change in loss cost. Actuarial data with regard to changes to loss cost for risks not subject to subsection (1), subsection (2), or subsection (9) shall be maintained by the rating organization for 2 years after the effective date of the change and are subject to examination by the office. The office may require the rating organization to incur the costs associated with an examination. Upon examination, the office shall, in accordance with generally accepted and reasonable actuarial techniques, consider the rate factors in paragraphs (2)(a)-(m)(2)(a)-(1) and apply subsections (3)-(8) to determine if the rate is excessive, inadequate, or unfairly discriminatory.

Section 3. Subsection (7) of section 817.234, Florida Statutes, is amended, and paragraph (c) is added to subsection (5) of that section, to read:

817.234 False and fraudulent insurance claims.—

(5)

- (c) If an insurer is damaged as a result of a violation of any provision of this section, part X of chapter 400, s.

 456.054, part II of chapter 501, s. 627.736, or s. 817.505, and the insurer obtains repayment or a refund of claims paid pursuant to s. 627.736, the insurer must report to the department the amount of funds received, inclusive of attorney fees and costs, as a result of a claim, settlement, or judgment.
- (7) (a) It shall constitute a material omission and insurance fraud, punishable as provided in subsection (11), for any service provider, other than a hospital, to engage in a general business practice of billing amounts as its usual and

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customary charge, if such provider has agreed with the insured or intends to waive deductibles or copayments, or does not for any other reason intend to collect the total amount of such charge. With respect To determine a determination as to whether a service provider has engaged in such general business practice, consideration must shall be given to evidence of whether the physician or other provider made a good faith attempt to collect such deductible or copayment. This paragraph does not apply to physicians or other providers who defer collection of waive deductibles or copayments or reduce their bills as part of a bodily injury settlement or verdict. Payment by an insured of a deductible or copayment is not a condition of an insurer's payment obligations.

- (b) The provisions of This section shall also applies apply as to any insurer or adjusting firm or its agents or representatives who, with intent, injure, defraud, or deceive any claimant with regard to any claim. The claimant has shall have the right to recover the damages provided in this section.
- (c) An insurer, or any person acting at the direction of or on behalf of an insurer, may not change an opinion in a mental or physical report prepared under s. 627.736(7) or direct the physician preparing the report to change such opinion; however, this paragraph provision does not preclude the insurer from calling to the attention of the physician errors of fact in the report based upon information in the claim file. Any person who violates this paragraph commits a felony of the third degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082, s. 775.083, or s. 775.084.
- (d) A contractor, or a person acting on behalf of a contractor, may not knowingly or willfully and with intent to

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Section 4. This act shall take effect July 1, 2024.

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