| 1 | A bill to be entitled |
|----|--|
| 2 | An act relating to land development; amending s. |
| 3 | 125.01, F.S.; revising the powers of counties to |
| 4 | include hearing appeals from municipal historic |
| 5 | preservation boards; creating s. 163.046, F.S.; |
| 6 | prohibiting local governments from requiring specified |
| 7 | documents or a fee for tree pruning, trimming, or |
| 8 | removal on certain properties; prohibiting local |
| 9 | governments from requiring property owners to replant |
| 10 | trees pruned, trimmed, or removed on certain |
| 11 | properties; amending s. 163.3167, F.S.; revising the |
| 12 | scope of power and responsibility of municipalities |
| 13 | and counties under the Community Planning Act; |
| 14 | amending s. 163.3180, F.S.; modifying requirements for |
| 15 | local governments implementing a transportation |
| 16 | concurrency system; amending s. 163.31801, F.S.; |
| 17 | revising legislative intent with respect to the |
| 18 | adoption of impact fees by special districts; |
| 19 | clarifying circumstances under which a local |
| 20 | government or special district must credit certain |
| 21 | contributions toward the collection of an impact fee; |
| 22 | creating s. 166.04152, F.S.; prescribing manner for |
| 23 | appealing final order or decision made by a municipal |
| 24 | historic preservation board; requiring the board of |
| 25 | county commissioners to hold a public hearing; |
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26 authorizing the board of county commissioners to 27 approve or reject a final order or decision; providing 28 that appeal to board of county commissioners is 29 supplemental to all other remedies available under law; amending s. 380.06, F.S.; revising exceptions 30 31 from provisions governing credits against local impact 32 fees; revising procedures regarding local government 33 review of changes to previously approved developments 34 of regional impact; specifying changes that are not subject to local government review; authorizing 35 36 changes to multimodal pathways, or the substitution of such pathways, in previously approved developments of 37 38 regional impact if certain conditions are met; 39 specifying that certain changes to comprehensive plan policies and land development regulations do not apply 40 41 to proposed changes to an approved development of 42 regional impact or to development orders required to 43 implement the approved development of regional impact; 44 revising acts that are deemed to constitute an act of reliance by a developer to vest rights; providing an 45 46 effective date. 47 48 Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida: 49 50 Section 1. Paragraph (dd) is added to subsection (1) of

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| 51 | section 125.01, Florida Statutes, to read: |
|----|---|
| 52 | 125.01 Powers and duties |
| 53 | (1) The legislative and governing body of a county shall |
| 54 | have the power to carry on county government. To the extent not |
| 55 | inconsistent with general or special law, this power includes, |
| 56 | but is not restricted to, the power to: |
| 57 | (dd) Hear appeals of final orders and decisions of |
| 58 | municipal historic preservation boards as provided in s. |
| 59 | <u>166.04152.</u> |
| 60 | Section 2. Section 163.046, Florida Statutes, is created |
| 61 | to read: |
| 62 | 163.046 Tree pruning, trimming, or removal; property used |
| 63 | for veterans health care facilities |
| 64 | (1) A local government may not require a notice, |
| 65 | application, approval, permit, fee, or mitigation for the |
| 66 | pruning, trimming, or removal of a tree on property being used |
| 67 | for the construction or development of a veterans health care |
| 68 | facility, as approved by the United States Department of |
| 69 | Veterans Affairs. |
| 70 | (2) A local government may not require a property owner to |
| 71 | replant a tree that was pruned, trimmed, or removed in |
| 72 | accordance with this section. |
| 73 | Section 3. Subsection (1) of section 163.3167, Florida |
| 74 | Statutes, is amended to read: |
| 75 | 163.3167 Scope of act |
| | |

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76 Notwithstanding any other provision of general law, (1)77 except any law pertaining to the protection and restoration of 78 the Everglades, the several incorporated municipalities and 79 counties shall have exclusive power and responsibility: 80 To plan for their future development and growth. (a) To adopt and amend comprehensive plans, or elements or 81 (b) 82 portions thereof, to guide their future development and growth. 83 To implement adopted or amended comprehensive plans by (C) 84 the adoption of appropriate land development regulations or 85 elements thereof. To evaluate transportation impacts, apply concurrency, 86 (d) 87 or assess any fee related to transportation improvements. To establish, support, and maintain administrative 88 (e) 89 instruments and procedures to carry out the provisions and 90 purposes of this act. 91 92 The powers and authority set out in this act may be employed by 93 municipalities and counties individually or jointly by mutual 94 agreement in accord with this act and in such combinations as 95 their common interests may dictate and require. 96 Section 4. Paragraph (h) of subsection (5) of section 97 163.3180, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 98 163.3180 Concurrency.-99 (5) 100 Notwithstanding any provision in a development (h)1. Page 4 of 16

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101 <u>order, an agreement, a local comprehensive plan, or a local land</u> 102 <u>development regulation,</u> local governments that continue to 103 implement a transportation concurrency system, whether in the 104 form adopted into the comprehensive plan before the effective 105 date of the Community Planning Act, chapter 2011-139, Laws of 106 Florida, or as subsequently modified, must:

a. Consult with the Department of Transportation when
proposed plan amendments affect facilities on the strategic
intermodal system.

Exempt public transit facilities from concurrency. For 110 b. 111 the purposes of this sub-subparagraph, public transit facilities include transit stations and terminals; transit station parking; 112 park-and-ride lots; intermodal public transit connection or 113 114 transfer facilities; fixed bus, guideway, and rail stations; and 115 airport passenger terminals and concourses, air cargo 116 facilities, and hangars for the assembly, manufacture, 117 maintenance, or storage of aircraft. As used in this subsubparagraph, the terms "terminals" and "transit facilities" do 118 not include seaports or commercial or residential development 119 120 constructed in conjunction with a public transit facility.

c. Allow an applicant for a development-of-regional-impact development order, development agreement, rezoning, or other land use development permit to satisfy the transportation concurrency requirements of the local comprehensive plan, the local government's concurrency management system, and s. 380.06,

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126 when applicable, if:

(I) The applicant in good faith offers to enter into a binding agreement to pay for or construct its proportionate share of required improvements in a manner consistent with this subsection.

(II) The proportionate-share contribution or construction is sufficient to accomplish one or more mobility improvements that will benefit a regionally significant transportation facility. A local government may accept contributions from multiple applicants for a planned improvement if it maintains contributions in a separate account designated for that purpose.

d. Provide the basis upon which the landowners will be
assessed a proportionate share of the cost addressing the
transportation impacts resulting from a proposed development.

<u>e. Credit the fair market value of any land dedicated to a</u>
 <u>governmental entity for transportation facilities against the</u>
 <u>total proportionate share payments computed pursuant to this</u>
 <u>section.</u>

2. An applicant <u>is shall</u> not <u>be held</u> responsible for the additional cost of reducing or eliminating deficiencies. When an applicant contributes or constructs its proportionate share pursuant to this paragraph, a local government may not require payment or construction of transportation facilities whose costs would be greater than a development's proportionate share of the improvements necessary to mitigate the development's impacts.

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151 The proportionate-share contribution shall be a. 152 calculated based upon the number of trips from the proposed 153 development expected to reach roadways during the peak hour from the stage or phase being approved, divided by the change in the 154 155 peak hour maximum service volume of roadways resulting from 156 construction of an improvement necessary to maintain or achieve 157 the adopted level of service, multiplied by the construction cost, at the time of development payment, of the improvement 158 159 necessary to maintain or achieve the adopted level of service.

160 In using the proportionate-share formula provided in b. 161 this subparagraph, the applicant, in its traffic analysis, shall identify those roads or facilities that have a transportation 162 163 deficiency in accordance with the transportation deficiency as 164 defined in subparagraph 4. The proportionate-share formula 165 provided in this subparagraph shall be applied only to those 166 facilities that are determined to be significantly impacted by 167 the project traffic under review. If any road is determined to 168 be transportation deficient without the project traffic under 169 review, the costs of correcting that deficiency shall be removed 170 from the project's proportionate-share calculation and the 171 necessary transportation improvements to correct that deficiency shall be considered to be in place for purposes of the 172 173 proportionate-share calculation. The improvement necessary to 174 correct the transportation deficiency is the funding 175 responsibility of the entity that has maintenance responsibility

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176 for the facility. The development's proportionate share shall be 177 calculated only for the needed transportation improvements that 178 are greater than the identified deficiency.

179 с. When the provisions of subparagraph 1. and this 180 subparagraph have been satisfied for a particular stage or phase 181 of development, all transportation impacts from that stage or 182 phase for which mitigation was required and provided shall be 183 deemed fully mitigated in any transportation analysis for a 184 subsequent stage or phase of development. Trips from a previous 185 stage or phase that did not result in impacts for which mitigation was required or provided may be cumulatively analyzed 186 187 with trips from a subsequent stage or phase to determine whether an impact requires mitigation for the subsequent stage or phase. 188

d. In projecting the number of trips to be generated by
the development under review, any trips assigned to a tollfinanced facility shall be eliminated from the analysis.

192 The applicant shall receive a credit on a dollar-fore. 193 dollar basis for impact fees, mobility fees, and other 194 transportation concurrency mitigation requirements paid or payable in the future for the project. The credit shall be 195 196 reduced up to 20 percent by the percentage share that the 197 project's traffic represents of the added capacity of the 198 selected improvement, or by the amount specified by local 199 ordinance, whichever yields the greater credit.

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3. This subsection does not require a local government to

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201 approve a development that, for reasons other than 202 transportation impacts, is not qualified for approval pursuant 203 to the applicable local comprehensive plan and land development 204 regulations.

205 4. As used in this subsection, the term "transportation 206 deficiency" means a facility or facilities on which the adopted 207 level-of-service standard is exceeded by the existing, 208 committed, and vested trips, plus additional projected 209 background trips from any source other than the development 210 project under review, and trips that are forecast by established traffic standards, including traffic modeling, consistent with 211 212 the University of Florida's Bureau of Economic and Business Research medium population projections. Additional projected 213 214 background trips are to be coincident with the particular stage 215 or phase of development under review.

216 Section 5. Subsection (2) and paragraph (a) of subsection 217 (5) of section 163.31801, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

218 163.31801 Impact fees; short title; intent; minimum 219 requirements; audits; challenges.-

(2) (2) The Legislature finds that impact fees are an important source of revenue for a local government to use in funding the infrastructure necessitated by new growth. The Legislature further finds that impact fees are an outgrowth of the home rule power of a local government to provide certain services within its jurisdiction. Due to the growth of impact

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fee collections and local governments' reliance on impact fees, it is the intent of the Legislature to ensure that, when a county or municipality adopts an impact fee by ordinance or a special district, if authorized by its special act, adopts an impact fee by resolution, the governing authority complies with this section.

232 (5) (a) Notwithstanding any charter provision, comprehensive plan policy, ordinance, development order, 233 234 development permit, agreement, or resolution to the contrary, 235 the local government or special district must credit against the 236 collection of the impact fee any contribution, whether 237 identified in an a proportionate share agreement or other form 238 of exaction, related to public facilities or infrastructure, 239 including land dedication, site planning and design, or 240 construction. Any contribution must be applied on a dollar-for-241 dollar basis at fair market value to reduce any impact fee 242 collected for the general category or class of public facilities or infrastructure for which the contribution was made. 243

244 Section 6. Section 166.04152, Florida Statutes, is created 245 to read:

246 <u>166.04152</u> Final orders and decisions of municipal historic 247 <u>preservation boards.-</u>

248 (1) Notwithstanding any local charter, ordinance, or
 249 regulation to the contrary, any final order or decision made by
 250 an historic preservation board established pursuant to municipal

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251 charter or ordinance may be appealed to the board of county 252 commissioners of the county in which the municipality is 253 located. 254 (2) The board of county commissioners shall hold a public 255 hearing on the appeal within 30 days of receipt of the appeal. 256 (3) The board of county commissioners, after the public hearing, may approve or reject the final order or decision. The 257 258 determination of the board of county commissioners is final. (4) 259 This section is supplemental to all other remedies 260 available under law. Section 7. Paragraph (d) of subsection (5) and subsections 261 262 (7) and (8) of section 380.06, Florida Statutes, are amended to 263 read: 264 380.06 Developments of regional impact.-265 CREDITS AGAINST LOCAL IMPACT FEES.-(5) 266 (d) This subsection does not apply to internal, private 267 onsite facilities required by local regulations or to any 268 offsite facilities to the extent that such facilities are 269 necessary to provide safe and adequate services solely to the 270 development and not the general public. 271 (7) CHANGES.-272 Notwithstanding any provision to the contrary in any (a) 273 development order, agreement, local comprehensive plan, or local 274 land development regulation, this section applies to all any 275 proposed changes change to a previously approved development of Page 11 of 16

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276 regional impact. shall be reviewed by The local government must 277 base its review based on the standards and procedures in its 278 adopted local comprehensive plan and adopted local land 279 development regulations, including, but not limited to, 280 procedures for notice to the applicant and the public regarding 281 the issuance of development orders. However, a change to a 282 development of regional impact that has the effect of reducing 283 the originally approved height, density, or intensity of the 284 development or that changes only the location or acreage of uses 285 and infrastructure or exchanges permitted uses must be 286 administratively approved and is not subject to review by the 287 local government. The local government review of any proposed 288 change to a previously approved development of regional impact 289 and of any development order required to construct the 290 development set forth in the development of regional impact must 291 be reviewed by the local government based on the standards in 292 the local comprehensive plan at the time the development was 293 originally approved, and if the development would have been 294 consistent with the comprehensive plan in effect 295 development was originally approved, the local government may 296 approve the change. If the revised development is approved, the 297 developer may proceed as provided in s. 163.3167(5). For any 298 proposed change to a previously approved development of regional 299 impact, at least one public hearing must be held on the application for change, and any change must be approved by the 300

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301 local governing body before it becomes effective. The review 302 must abide by any prior agreements or other actions vesting the 303 laws and policies governing the development. Development within 304 the previously approved development of regional impact may 305 continue, as approved, during the review in portions of the 306 development which are not directly affected by the proposed 307 change.

308 The local government shall either adopt an amendment (b) 309 to the development order that approves the application, with or without conditions, or deny the application for the proposed 310 311 change. Any new conditions in the amendment to the development order issued by the local government may address only those 312 313 impacts directly created by the proposed change, and must be 314 consistent with s. 163.3180(5), the adopted comprehensive plan, 315 and adopted land development regulations. Changes to a phase 316 date, buildout date, expiration date, or termination date may 317 also extend any required mitigation associated with a phased 318 construction project so that mitigation takes place in the same 319 timeframe relative to the impacts as approved.

(c) This section is not intended to alter or otherwise limit the extension, previously granted by statute, of a commencement, buildout, phase, termination, or expiration date in any development order for an approved development of regional impact and any corresponding modification of a related permit or agreement. Any such extension is not subject to review or

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326 modification in any future amendment to a development order 327 pursuant to the adopted local comprehensive plan and adopted 328 local land development regulations.

329 (d) Any proposed change to a previously approved 330 development of regional impact showing a dedicated multimodal 331 pathway suitable for bicycles, pedestrians, and low-speed 332 vehicles, as defined in s. 320.01(41), along any internal 333 roadway must be approved so long as the right-of-way remains 334 sufficient for the ultimate number of lanes of the internal 335 roadway. Any proposed change to a previously approved 336 development of regional impact which proposes to substitute a 337 multimodal pathway suitable for bicycles, pedestrians, and low-338 speed vehicles, as defined in s. 320.01(41), in lieu of an 339 internal roadway must be approved if the change does not result 340 in any roadway within or adjacent to the development of regional 341 impact falling below the local government's adopted level of 342 service and does not increase the original distribution of trips 343 on any roadway analyzed as part of the approved development of 344 regional impact by more than 20 percent. If the developer has 345 already dedicated right-of-way to the local government for the proposed internal roadway as part of the approval of the 346 347 proposed change, the local government must return any interest 348 it may have in the right-of-way to the developer. 349 (8) VESTED RIGHTS.-Nothing in this section shall limit or modify the rights of any person to complete any development that 350

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351 was authorized by registration of a subdivision pursuant to 352 former chapter 498, by recordation pursuant to local subdivision 353 plat law, or by a building permit or other authorization to 354 commence development on which there has been reliance and a 355 change of position and which registration or recordation was 356 accomplished, or which permit or authorization was issued, prior 357 to July 1, 1973. If a developer has, by his or her actions in 358 reliance on prior regulations, obtained vested or other legal 359 rights that in law would have prevented a local government from 360 changing those regulations in a way adverse to the developer's 361 interests, nothing in this chapter authorizes any governmental 362 agency to abridge those rights. Consistent with s. 163.3167(5), 363 comprehensive plan policies and land development regulations 364 adopted after a development of regional impact has vested do not 365 apply to proposed changes to an approved development of regional 366 impact or to development orders required to implement the 367 approved development of regional impact.

For the purpose of determining the vesting of rights 368 (a) 369 under this subsection, approval pursuant to local subdivision 370 plat law, ordinances, or regulations of a subdivision plat by 371 formal vote of a county or municipal governmental body having jurisdiction after August 1, 1967, and prior to July 1, 1973, is 372 373 sufficient to vest all property rights for the purposes of this 374 subsection; and no action in reliance on, or change of position 375 concerning, such local governmental approval is required for

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376 vesting to take place. Anyone claiming vested rights under this 377 paragraph must notify the department in writing by January 1, 378 1986. Such notification shall include information adequate to 379 document the rights established by this subsection. When such 380 notification requirements are met, in order for the vested 381 rights authorized pursuant to this paragraph to remain valid 382 after June 30, 1990, development of the vested plan must be 383 commenced prior to that date upon the property that the state 384 land planning agency has determined to have acquired vested 385 rights following the notification or in a binding letter of 386 interpretation. When the notification requirements have not been 387 met, the vested rights authorized by this paragraph shall expire 388 June 30, 1986, unless development commenced prior to that date.

(b) For the purpose of this act, the conveyance of property or compensation, or the agreement to convey, property or compensation, to the county, state, or local government as a prerequisite to zoning change approval shall be construed as an act of reliance to vest rights as determined under this subsection, provided such zoning change is actually granted by such government.

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Section 8. This act shall take effect upon becoming a law.

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