

	LEGISLATIVE ACTION	
Senate		House
Comm: RCS		
02/28/2024		
	•	
	•	
	•	

The Committee on Fiscal Policy (Bradley) recommended the following:

Senate Amendment (with title amendment)

Delete everything after the enacting clause and insert:

Section 1. Subsection (3) is added to section 468.4334, Florida Statutes, to read:

468.4334 Professional practice standards; liability.-

(3) A community association manager or a community association management firm shall return all community association official records within its possession to the

1 2 3

4

5 6

7 8

9

12

13 14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21 22

23

24

25

26 27

28

29

30

31

32

33

34

35

36

37

38

39



community association within 20 business days after termination of a contractual agreement to provide community association management services to the community association or receipt of a written request for return of the official records, whichever occurs first. A notice of termination of a contractual agreement to provide community association management services must be sent by certified mail, return receipt requested, or in the manner required under such contractual agreement. The community association manager or community association management firm may retain, for up to 20 business days, those records necessary to complete an ending financial statement or report. If an association fails to provide access to or retention of accounting records to prepare an ending financial statement or report, the community association manager or community association management firm is relieved from any further responsibility or liability relating to the preparation of such ending financial statement or report. Failure of a community association manager or a community association management firm to timely return all of the official records within its possession to the community association creates a rebuttable presumption that the community association manager or the community association management firm willfully failed to comply with this subsection. A community association manager or a community association management firm that fails to timely return community association records is subject to suspension of its license under s. 468.436, and a civil penalty of \$1,000 per day for up to 10 business days, assessed beginning on the 21st business day after termination of a contractual agreement to provide community association management services to the

41

42

43

44 45

46

47

48 49

50 51

52

53

54

55

56

57

58

59

60

61

62

63

64

65

66

67

68



community association or receipt of a written request from the association for return of the records, whichever occurs first. However, related to a timeshare plan licensed under chapter 721, the time periods in s. 721.14(4)(b) are applicable.

Section 2. Section 468.4335, Florida Statutes, is created to read:

468.4335 Conflicts of interest.—

- (1) A community association manager or a community association management firm, including directors, officers, and persons with a financial interest in a community association management firm, or a relative of such persons, must provide a written disclosure to the board of a community association of any activity that may reasonably be construed to be a conflict of interest. A rebuttable presumption of a conflict of interest exists if any of the following occurs without prior notice:
- (a) A community association manager or a community association management firm, including directors, officers, and persons with a financial interest in a community association management firm, or a relative of such persons, enters into a contract with the association for goods or services, other than community association management services.
- (b) A community association manager or a community association management firm, including directors, officers, and persons with a financial interest in a community association management firm, or a relative of such persons, holds an interest in or receives compensation or any thing of value from a corporation, limited liability corporation, partnership, limited liability partnership, or other business entity that conducts business with the association or proposes to enter into

70

71

72

73

74

75 76

77

78

79

80

81

82

83

84 85

86

87

88

89

90

91

92

93

94

95

96

97



a contract or other transaction with the association.

(2) If the association receives and considers a bid to provide a good or service that exceeds \$2,500, other than community association management services, from a community association manager or a community association management firm, including directors, officers, and persons with a financial interest in a community association management firm, or a relative of such persons, the association must also solicit multiple bids from other third-party providers of such good or service.

(3) If a community association manager or a community association management firm, including directors, officers, and persons with a financial interest in a community association management firm, or a relative of such persons, proposes to engage in an activity that is a conflict of interest as described in subsection (1), the proposed activity must be listed on, and all contracts and transactional documents related to the proposed activity must be attached to, the meeting agenda of the next board of administration meeting. The disclosures of a possible conflict of interest must be entered into the written minutes of the meeting. Approval of the contract or other transaction requires an affirmative vote of two-thirds of all directors present. At the next regular or special meeting of the members, the existence of the conflict of interest and the contract or other transaction must be disclosed to the members. If a community association manager or community management firm has previously disclosed a conflict of interest in an existing management contract entered into between the board of directors and the community association manager or management firm, the

99

100

101

102

103

104

105

106

107

108

109

110 111

112

113

114

115

116

117

118

119

120

121

122

123

124

125

126



conflict of interest does not need to be additionally noticed and voted on during the term of the contract between the community association and the community association manager or management firm, but must be noticed and voted on in accordance with this provision upon renewal.

- (4) If the board finds that a community association manager or a community association management firm, including directors, officers, and persons with a financial interest in a community association management firm, or a relative of such persons, has violated this section, the association may cancel its community association management contract with the community association manager or the community association management firm. If the contract is canceled, the association is liable only for the reasonable value of the management services provided up to the time of cancellation and is not liable for any termination fees, liquidated damages, or other form of penalty for such cancellation.
- (5) If an association enters into a contract, other than a contract for community association management services, with a community association manager or a community association management firm, including directors, officers, and persons with a financial interest in a community association management firm, or a relative of such persons, which is a party to or has an interest in an activity that is a possible conflict of interest as described in subsection (1) and that activity has not been properly disclosed as a conflict of interest or potential conflict of interest as required by this section, the contract is voidable and terminates upon the association filing a written notice terminating the contract.

128 129

130

131

132

133

134

135

136

137

138

139

140

141

142

143 144

145

146

147

148 149

150

151

152

153

154

155



(6) As used in this section, the term "relative" means a relative within the third degree of consanguinity by blood or marriage.

Section 3. Paragraph (b) of subsection (2) of section 468.436, Florida Statutes, is amended, and subsection (4) of that section is reenacted, to read:

468.436 Disciplinary proceedings.-

- (2) The following acts constitute grounds for which the disciplinary actions in subsection (4) may be taken:
 - (b) 1. Violation of any provision of this part.
- 2. Violation of any lawful order or rule rendered or adopted by the department or the council.
- 3. Being convicted of or pleading nolo contendere to a felony in any court in the United States.
- 4. Obtaining a license or certification or any other order, ruling, or authorization by means of fraud, misrepresentation, or concealment of material facts.
- 5. Committing acts of gross misconduct or gross negligence in connection with the profession.
- 6. Contracting, on behalf of an association, with any entity in which the licensee has a financial interest that is not disclosed.
- 7. Failing to disclose any conflict of interest as required by s. 468.4335.
- 8. Violating any provision of chapter 718, chapter 719, or chapter 720 during the course of performing community association management services pursuant to a contract with a community association as defined in s. 468.431(1).
 - (4) When the department finds any community association

157

158

159

160

161

162 163

164 165

166

167

168

169

170

171

172

173

174

175

176

177

178

179

180

181

182

183

184



manager or firm guilty of any of the grounds set forth in subsection (2), it may enter an order imposing one or more of the following penalties:

- (a) Denial of an application for licensure.
- (b) Revocation or suspension of a license.
- (c) Imposition of an administrative fine not to exceed \$5,000 for each count or separate offense.
 - (d) Issuance of a reprimand.
- (e) Placement of the community association manager on probation for a period of time and subject to such conditions as the department specifies.
- (f) Restriction of the authorized scope of practice by the community association manager.
- Section 4. Subsection (4) of section 553.899, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
- 553.899 Mandatory structural inspections for condominium and cooperative buildings.-
- (4) The milestone inspection report must be arranged by a condominium or cooperative association and any owner of any portion of the building which is not subject to the condominium or cooperative form of ownership. The condominium association or cooperative association and any owner of any portion of the building which is not subject to the condominium or cooperative form of ownership are each responsible for ensuring compliance with the requirements of this section. The condominium association or cooperative association is responsible for all costs associated with the milestone inspection attributable to the portions of a building which the association is responsible to maintain under the governing documents of the association.

186

187

188

189

190

191

192

193

194 195

196

197

198

199

200

201

202 203

204

205

206

207

208

209

210

211

212

213



This section does not apply to a single-family, two-family, or three-family, or four-family dwelling with three or fewer habitable stories above ground.

Section 5. Present subsections (19) through (32) of section 718.103, Florida Statutes, are redesignated as subsections (20) through (33), respectively, a new subsection (19) is added to that section, and subsection (1) of that section is amended, to read:

718.103 Definitions.—As used in this chapter, the term:

- (1) "Alternative funding method" means a method approved by the division for funding the capital expenditures and planned deferred maintenance obligations for a multicondominium association operating at least 25 condominiums which may reasonably be expected to fully satisfy the association's reserve funding obligations by the allocation of funds in the annual operating budget.
- (19) "Hurricane protection" means hurricane shutters, impact glass, code-compliant windows or doors, and other codecompliant hurricane protection products used to preserve and protect the condominium property or association property.

Section 6. Effective October 1, 2024, subsection (14) of section 718.103, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

718.103 Definitions.—As used in this chapter, the term:

(14) "Condominium property" means the lands, leaseholds, improvements, any and personal property, and all easements and rights appurtenant thereto, regardless of whether contiguous, which that are subjected to condominium ownership, whether or not contiquous, and all improvements thereon and all easements and rights appurtenant thereto intended for use in connection

219

220

221

222

223

224

225

226

227

228

229

230

231 232

233

234

235

236

237

238

239

240

241

242



214 with the condominium. Section 7. Paragraph (p) of subsection (4) of section 215 718.104, Florida Statutes, is added to read: 216

718.104 Creation of condominiums; contents of declaration. Every condominium created in this state shall be created pursuant to this chapter.

- (4) The declaration must contain or provide for the following matters:
- (p) For both residential condominiums and mixed-use condominiums, a statement that specifies whether the unit owner or the association is responsible for the installation, maintenance, repair, or replacement of hurricane protection that is for the preservation and protection of the condominium property and association property.

Section 8. Effective October 1, 2024, paragraph (b) of subsection (4) of section 718.104, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

718.104 Creation of condominiums; contents of declaration. Every condominium created in this state shall be created pursuant to this chapter.

- (4) The declaration must contain or provide for the following matters:
- (b) The name by which the condominium property is to be identified, which shall include the word "condominium" or be followed by the words "a condominium." Condominiums created within a portion of a building or within a multiple parcel building shall include the name by which the condominium is to be identified and be followed by "a condominium within a portion of a building or within a multiple parcel building."



Section 9. Paragraph (a) of subsection (1), paragraph (h) of subsection (11), and subsections (12), (13), and (15) of section 718.111, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

718.111 The association.

(1) CORPORATE ENTITY.-

243

244 245

246 247

248

249 250

251

252

253

254

255

256

257

258

259

260

261 262

263

264

265

266

267

268

269

270

271

(a) The operation of the condominium shall be by the association, which must be a Florida corporation for profit or a Florida corporation not for profit. However, any association which was in existence on January 1, 1977, need not be incorporated. The owners of units shall be shareholders or members of the association. The officers and directors of the association have a fiduciary relationship to the unit owners. It is the intent of the Legislature that nothing in this paragraph shall be construed as providing for or removing a requirement of a fiduciary relationship between any manager employed by the association and the unit owners. An officer, director, or manager may not solicit, offer to accept, or accept a kickback. As used in this paragraph, the term "kickback" means any thing or service of value or kickback for which consideration has not been provided for an officer's, a director's, or a manager's his or her own benefit or that of his or her immediate family, from any person providing or proposing to provide goods or services to the association. Any such officer, director, or manager who knowingly so solicits, offers to accept, or accepts a any thing or service of value or kickback commits a felony of the third degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082, s. 775.083, or s. 775.084, and is subject to a civil penalty pursuant to s. 718.501(1)(d) and, if applicable, a criminal penalty as provided in paragraph (d). However, this paragraph does not prohibit an

273

274

275

276

277

278

279

280 281

282

283

284

285

286

287

288

289

290

291

292

293

294

295 296

297

298 299

300



officer, director, or manager from accepting services or items received in connection with trade fairs or education programs. An association may operate more than one condominium.

- (11) INSURANCE. In order to protect the safety, health, and welfare of the people of the State of Florida and to ensure consistency in the provision of insurance coverage to condominiums and their unit owners, this subsection applies to every residential condominium in the state, regardless of the date of its declaration of condominium. It is the intent of the Legislature to encourage lower or stable insurance premiums for associations described in this subsection.
- (h) The association shall maintain insurance or fidelity bonding of all persons who control or disburse funds of the association. The insurance policy or fidelity bond must cover the maximum funds that will be in the custody of the association or its management agent at any one time. Upon receipt of a complaint, the division shall monitor compliance with this paragraph and may issue fines and penalties established by the division for failure of an association to maintain the required insurance policy or fidelity bond. As used in this paragraph, the term "persons who control or disburse funds of the association" includes, but is not limited to, those individuals authorized to sign checks on behalf of the association, and the president, secretary, and treasurer of the association. The association shall bear the cost of any such bonding.
 - (12) OFFICIAL RECORDS.-
- (a) From the inception of the association, the association shall maintain each of the following items, if applicable, which constitutes the official records of the association:

304

305

306

307

308

309

310

311

312

313

314

315

316 317

318 319

320 321

322 323

324

325

326

327

328



- 301 1. A copy of the plans, permits, warranties, and other 302 items provided by the developer under s. 718.301(4).
 - 2. A photocopy of the recorded declaration of condominium of each condominium operated by the association and each amendment to each declaration.
 - 3. A photocopy of the recorded bylaws of the association and each amendment to the bylaws.
 - 4. A certified copy of the articles of incorporation of the association, or other documents creating the association, and each amendment thereto.
 - 5. A copy of the current rules of the association.
 - 6. A book or books that contain the minutes of all meetings of the association, the board of administration, and the unit owners.
 - 7. A current roster of all unit owners and their mailing addresses, unit identifications, voting certifications, and, if known, telephone numbers. The association shall also maintain the e-mail addresses and facsimile numbers of unit owners consenting to receive notice by electronic transmission. The email addresses and facsimile numbers are not accessible to unit owners if consent to receive notice by electronic transmission is not provided In accordance with sub-subparagraph (c) 5.e. (c)3.e., the e-mail addresses and facsimile numbers are accessible to unit owners only if consent to receive notice by electronic transmission is provided, the unit owner has expressly indicated that such personal information can be shared with other unit owners, and the unit owner has not provided the association with a request to opt-out of such dissemination with other unit owners. An association must ensure that such e-mail

331

332

333

334

335

336

337 338

339

340

341

342

343

344

345

346

347

348

349

350

351

352

353

354

357

358



addresses and facsimile numbers are used only for the business operation of the association and may not be sold or shared with outside third parties. If such personal information is included in documents released to third parties other than unit owners, the association must redact such personal information before the document is disseminated. However, the association is not liable for an inadvertent disclosure of the e-mail address or facsimile number for receiving electronic transmission of notices unless disclosure was made with a knowing or intentional disregard of the protected nature of such information.

- 8. All current insurance policies of the association and condominiums operated by the association.
- 9. A current copy of any management agreement, lease, or other contract to which the association is a party or under which the association or the unit owners have an obligation or responsibility.
- 10. Bills of sale or transfer for all property owned by the association.
- 11. Accounting records for the association and separate accounting records for each condominium that the association operates. Any person who knowingly or intentionally defaces or destroys such records, or who knowingly or intentionally fails to create or maintain such records, with the intent of causing harm to the association or one or more of its members, is personally subject to a civil penalty pursuant to s.
- 355 718.501(1)(d). The accounting records must include, but are not 356 limited to:
 - a. Accurate, itemized, and detailed records of all receipts and expenditures.

360

361

362

363

364

365

366

367 368

369

370

371

372

373

374

375

376

377

378

379

380

381

382

383

384

385

386



- b. All invoices, transaction receipts, or deposit slips that substantiate any receipt or expenditure of funds by the association.
- c. A current account and a monthly, bimonthly, or quarterly statement of the account for each unit designating the name of the unit owner, the due date and amount of each assessment, the amount paid on the account, and the balance due.
- d.e. All audits, reviews, accounting statements, structural integrity reserve studies, and financial reports of the association or condominium. Structural integrity reserve studies must be maintained for at least 15 years after the study is completed.
- e.d. All contracts for work to be performed. Bids for work to be performed are also considered official records and must be maintained by the association for at least 1 year after receipt of the bid.
- 12. Ballots, sign-in sheets, voting proxies, and all other papers and electronic records relating to voting by unit owners, which must be maintained for 1 year from the date of the election, vote, or meeting to which the document relates, notwithstanding paragraph (b).
- 13. All rental records if the association is acting as agent for the rental of condominium units.
- 14. A copy of the current question and answer sheet as described in s. 718.504.
- 15. A copy of the inspection reports described in ss. 553.899 and 718.301(4)(p) and any other inspection report relating to a structural or life safety inspection of condominium property. Such record must be maintained by the

392

393

394

395

396

397

398

399

400

401

402

403

404 405

406

407 408

409

410

411

412

413

414

415

416



388 association for 15 years after receipt of the report.

- 16. Bids for materials, equipment, or services.
- 17. All affirmative acknowledgments made pursuant to s. 390 391 718.121(4)(c).
 - 18. A copy of all building permits.
 - 19. A copy of all satisfactorily completed board member educational certificates.
 - 20. All other written records of the association not specifically included in the foregoing which are related to the operation of the association.
 - (b) The official records specified in subparagraphs (a) 1.-6. must be permanently maintained from the inception of the association. Bids for work to be performed or for materials, equipment, or services must be maintained for at least 1 year after receipt of the bid. All other official records must be maintained within the state for at least 7 years, unless otherwise provided by general law. The official records must be maintained in an organized manner that facilitates inspection of the records by a unit owner. In the event that the records are lost, destroyed, or otherwise unavailable, the obligation to maintain official records includes a good faith obligation to recover those records as may be reasonably possible. The records of the association shall be made available to a unit owner within 45 miles of the condominium property or within the county in which the condominium property is located within 10 working days after receipt of a written request by the board or its designee. However, such distance requirement does not apply to an association governing a timeshare condominium. This paragraph and paragraph (c) may be complied with by having a copy of the

418

419

420

421

422

423

424

425

426

427

428

429

430

431

432

433

434

435

436

437

438

439 440

441

442

443

444

445



official records of the association available for inspection or copying on the condominium property or association property, or the association may offer the option of making the records available to a unit owner electronically via the Internet as provided under paragraph (g) or by allowing the records to be viewed in electronic format on a computer screen and printed upon request. The association is not responsible for the use or misuse of the information provided to an association member or his or her authorized representative in compliance with this chapter unless the association has an affirmative duty not to disclose such information under this chapter.

(c)1.a. The official records of the association are open to inspection by any association member and any person authorized by an association member as a representative of such member at all reasonable times. The right to inspect the records includes the right to make or obtain copies, at the reasonable expense, if any, of the member and of the person authorized by the association member as a representative of such member. A renter of a unit has a right to inspect and copy only the declaration of condominium, the association's bylaws and rules, and the inspection reports described in ss. 553.899 and 718.301(4)(p). The association may adopt reasonable rules regarding the frequency, time, location, notice, and manner of record inspections and copying but may not require a member to demonstrate any purpose or state any reason for the inspection. The failure of an association to provide the records within 10 working days after receipt of a written request creates a rebuttable presumption that the association willfully failed to comply with this paragraph. A unit owner who is denied access to

447 448

449

450

451

452

453

454

455

456

457

458

459

460

461

462

463

464

465

466

467

468

469

470

471

472 473

474



official records is entitled to the actual damages or minimum damages for the association's willful failure to comply. Minimum damages are \$50 per calendar day for up to 10 days, beginning on the 11th working day after receipt of the written request. The failure to permit inspection entitles any person prevailing in an enforcement action to recover reasonable attorney fees from the person in control of the records who, directly or indirectly, knowingly denied access to the records. If the requested records are posted on an association's website, or are available for download through an application on a mobile device, the association may fulfill its obligations as provided under this paragraph by directing all persons authorized to request access to official records pursuant to this paragraph to the website or mobile device application.

- b. In response to a written request to inspect records, the association must simultaneously provide a checklist to the requestor of all records made available for inspection and copying. The checklist must also identify any of the association's official records that were not made available to the requestor. An association must maintain a checklist provided under this sub-subparagraph for 7 years. An association delivering a checklist pursuant to this sub-subparagraph creates a rebuttable presumption that the association has complied with this paragraph.
- 2. Any director or member of the board or association or a community association manager who knowingly, willfully, and repeatedly violates subparagraph 1. with the intent of causing harm to the association or one or more of its members commits a misdemeanor of the second degree, punishable as provided in s.

476

477

478

479

480

481

482

483

484

485

486

487

488

489

490

491 492

493 494

495 496

497 498

499

500

501

502

503



775.082 or s. 775.083. For purposes of this subparagraph, the term "repeatedly" means two or more violations within a 12-month period.

3.2. Any person who knowingly or intentionally defaces or destroys accounting records that are required by this chapter to be maintained during the period for which such records are required to be maintained, or who knowingly or intentionally fails to create or maintain accounting records that are required to be created or maintained, with the intent of causing harm to the association or one or more of its members, commits a misdemeanor of the first degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082 or s. 775.083, and is personally subject to a civil penalty pursuant to s. 718.501(1)(d).

4. Any person who willfully and knowingly refuses to release or otherwise produce association records with the intent to avoid or escape detection, arrest, trial, or punishment for the commission of a crime, or to assist another person with such avoidance or escape, commits a felony of the third degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082, s. 775.083, or s. 775.084.

5.3. The association shall maintain an adequate number of copies of the declaration, articles of incorporation, bylaws, and rules, and all amendments to each of the foregoing, as well as the question and answer sheet as described in s. 718.504 and year-end financial information required under this section, on the condominium property to ensure their availability to unit owners and prospective purchasers, and may charge its actual costs for preparing and furnishing these documents to those requesting the documents. An association shall allow a member or his or her authorized representative to use a portable device,

505

506

507

508

509

510

511

512

513

514

515

516

517

518

519

520

521

522

523

524

525

526

527

528

529

530

531

532



including a smartphone, tablet, portable scanner, or any other technology capable of scanning or taking photographs, to make an electronic copy of the official records in lieu of the association's providing the member or his or her authorized representative with a copy of such records. The association may not charge a member or his or her authorized representative for the use of a portable device. Notwithstanding this paragraph, the following records are not accessible to unit owners:

- a. Any record protected by the lawyer-client privilege as described in s. 90.502 and any record protected by the workproduct privilege, including a record prepared by an association attorney or prepared at the attorney's express direction, which reflects a mental impression, conclusion, litigation strategy, or legal theory of the attorney or the association, and which was prepared exclusively for civil or criminal litigation or for adversarial administrative proceedings, or which was prepared in anticipation of such litigation or proceedings until the conclusion of the litigation or proceedings.
- b. Information obtained by an association in connection with the approval of the lease, sale, or other transfer of a unit.
- c. Personnel records of association or management company employees, including, but not limited to, disciplinary, payroll, health, and insurance records. For purposes of this subsubparagraph, the term "personnel records" does not include written employment agreements with an association employee or management company, or budgetary or financial records that indicate the compensation paid to an association employee.
 - d. Medical records of unit owners.

534

535

536

537

538

539

540

541

542

543

544

545

546

547

548

549

550

551

552

553

554

555

556

557

558

559

560



- e. Social security numbers, driver license numbers, credit card numbers, e-mail addresses, telephone numbers, facsimile numbers, emergency contact information, addresses of a unit owner other than as provided to fulfill the association's notice requirements, and other personal identifying information of any person, excluding the person's name, unit designation, mailing address, property address, and any address, e-mail address, or facsimile number provided to the association to fulfill the association's notice requirements. Notwithstanding the restrictions in this sub-subparagraph, an association may print and distribute to unit owners a directory containing the name, unit address, and all telephone numbers of each unit owner. However, an owner may exclude his or her telephone numbers from the directory by so requesting in writing to the association. An owner may consent in writing to the disclosure of other contact information described in this sub-subparagraph. The association is not liable for the inadvertent disclosure of information that is protected under this sub-subparagraph if the information is included in an official record of the association and is voluntarily provided by an owner and not requested by the association.
- f. Electronic security measures that are used by the association to safeguard data, including passwords.
- g. The software and operating system used by the association which allow the manipulation of data, even if the owner owns a copy of the same software used by the association. The data is part of the official records of the association.
- h. All affirmative acknowledgments made pursuant to s. 718.121(4)(c).

563

564 565

566

567

568 569

570

571 572

573

574

575

576

577

578

579

580

581

582

583

584

585 586

587

588

589



- (d) The association shall prepare a question and answer sheet as described in s. 718.504, and shall update it annually.
- (e)1. The association or its authorized agent is not required to provide a prospective purchaser or lienholder with information about the condominium or the association other than information or documents required by this chapter to be made available or disclosed. The association or its authorized agent may charge a reasonable fee to the prospective purchaser, lienholder, or the current unit owner for providing good faith responses to requests for information by or on behalf of a prospective purchaser or lienholder, other than that required by law, if the fee does not exceed \$150 plus the reasonable cost of photocopying and any attorney's fees incurred by the association in connection with the response.
- 2. An association and its authorized agent are not liable for providing such information in good faith pursuant to a written request if the person providing the information includes a written statement in substantially the following form: "The responses herein are made in good faith and to the best of my ability as to their accuracy."
- (f) An outgoing board or committee member must relinquish all official records and property of the association in his or her possession or under his or her control to the incoming board within 5 days after the election. The division shall impose a civil penalty as set forth in s. 718.501(1)(d)6. against an outgoing board or committee member who willfully and knowingly fails to relinquish such records and property.
- (g) 1. By January 1, 2019, an association managing a condominium with 150 or more units which does not contain

592

593

594 595

596

597

598

599

600

601

602

603

604

605

606

607

608

609

610

611

612

613

614

615

616

617

618

619



timeshare units shall post digital copies of the documents specified in subparagraph 2. on its website or make such documents available through an application that can be downloaded on a mobile device.

- a. The association's website or application must be:
- (I) An independent website, application, or web portal wholly owned and operated by the association; or
- (II) A website, application, or web portal operated by a third-party provider with whom the association owns, leases, rents, or otherwise obtains the right to operate a web page, subpage, web portal, collection of subpages or web portals, or an application which is dedicated to the association's activities and on which required notices, records, and documents may be posted or made available by the association.
- b. The association's website or application must be accessible through the Internet and must contain a subpage, web portal, or other protected electronic location that is inaccessible to the general public and accessible only to unit owners and employees of the association.
- c. Upon a unit owner's written request, the association must provide the unit owner with a username and password and access to the protected sections of the association's website or application which contain any notices, records, or documents that must be electronically provided.
- 2. A current copy of the following documents must be posted in digital format on the association's website or application:
- a. The recorded declaration of condominium of each condominium operated by the association and each amendment to each declaration.

621

622

623

624

625

626

627

62.8

629

630

631

632

633

634

635 636

637

638

639

640

641

642

643

644

645

646

647



- b. The recorded bylaws of the association and each amendment to the bylaws.
- c. The articles of incorporation of the association, or other documents creating the association, and each amendment to the articles of incorporation or other documents. The copy posted pursuant to this sub-subparagraph must be a copy of the articles of incorporation filed with the Department of State.
 - d. The rules of the association.
- e. A list of all executory contracts or documents to which the association is a party or under which the association or the unit owners have an obligation or responsibility and, after bidding for the related materials, equipment, or services has closed, a list of bids received by the association within the past year. Summaries of bids for materials, equipment, or services which exceed \$500 must be maintained on the website or application for 1 year. In lieu of summaries, complete copies of the bids may be posted.
- f. The annual budget required by s. 718.112(2)(f) and any proposed budget to be considered at the annual meeting.
- g. The financial report required by subsection (13) and any monthly income or expense statement to be considered at a meeting.
- h. The certification of each director required by s. 718.112(2)(d)4.b.
- i. All contracts or transactions between the association and any director, officer, corporation, firm, or association that is not an affiliated condominium association or any other entity in which an association director is also a director or officer and financially interested.

650

651 652

653

654

655

656

657

658

659

660

661

662

663

664

665

666

667

668

669

670

671

672

673

674 675

676



- j. Any contract or document regarding a conflict of interest or possible conflict of interest as provided in ss. 468.4335, 468.436(2)(b)6., and 718.3027(3).
- k. The notice of any unit owner meeting and the agenda for the meeting, as required by s. 718.112(2)(d)3., no later than 14 days before the meeting. The notice must be posted in plain view on the front page of the website or application, or on a separate subpage of the website or application labeled "Notices" which is conspicuously visible and linked from the front page. The association must also post on its website or application any document to be considered and voted on by the owners during the meeting or any document listed on the agenda at least 7 days before the meeting at which the document or the information within the document will be considered.
- 1. Notice of any board meeting, the agenda, and any other document required for the meeting as required by s. 718.112(2)(c), which must be posted no later than the date required for notice under s. 718.112(2)(c).
- m. The inspection reports described in ss. 553.899 and 718.301(4)(p) and any other inspection report relating to a structural or life safety inspection of condominium property.
- n. The association's most recent structural integrity reserve study, if applicable.
- o. Copies of all building permits issued for ongoing or planned construction.
- 3. The association shall ensure that the information and records described in paragraph (c), which are not allowed to be accessible to unit owners, are not posted on the association's website or application. If protected information or information

679

680

681

682

683

684

685

686 687

688

689

690

691

692

693

694

695

696

697

698

699

700

701

702

703

704

705

706



restricted from being accessible to unit owners is included in documents that are required to be posted on the association's website or application, the association shall ensure the information is redacted before posting the documents. Notwithstanding the foregoing, the association or its agent is not liable for disclosing information that is protected or restricted under this paragraph unless such disclosure was made with a knowing or intentional disregard of the protected or restricted nature of such information.

- 4. The failure of the association to post information required under subparagraph 2. is not in and of itself sufficient to invalidate any action or decision of the association's board or its committees.
- (13) FINANCIAL REPORTING.—Within 90 days after the end of the fiscal year, or annually on a date provided in the bylaws, the association shall prepare and complete, or contract for the preparation and completion of, a financial report for the preceding fiscal year. Within 21 days after the final financial report is completed by the association or received from the third party, but not later than 120 days after the end of the fiscal year or other date as provided in the bylaws, the association shall deliver mail to each unit owner, by United States mail or personal delivery at the mailing address, property address, e-mail address, or facsimile number provided to fulfill the association's notice requirements at the address last furnished to the association by the unit owner, or hand deliver to each unit owner, a copy of the most recent financial report or a notice that a copy of the most recent financial report will be mailed or hand delivered to the unit owner,

708 709

710

711

712

713

714

715

716

717

718

719

720

721

722

723

724

725

726

727

728 729

730 731

732

733

734

735



without charge, within 5 business days after receipt of a written request from the unit owner. The division shall adopt rules setting forth uniform accounting principles and standards to be used by all associations and addressing the financial reporting requirements for multicondominium associations. The rules must include, but not be limited to, standards for presenting a summary of association reserves, including a good faith estimate disclosing the annual amount of reserve funds that would be necessary for the association to fully fund reserves for each reserve item based on the straight-line accounting method. This disclosure is not applicable to reserves funded via the pooling method. In adopting such rules, the division shall consider the number of members and annual revenues of an association. Financial reports shall be prepared as follows:

- (a) An association that meets the criteria of this paragraph shall prepare a complete set of financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. The financial statements must be based upon the association's total annual revenues, as follows:
- 1. An association with total annual revenues of \$150,000 or more, but less than \$300,000, shall prepare compiled financial statements.
- 2. An association with total annual revenues of at least \$300,000, but less than \$500,000, shall prepare reviewed financial statements.
- 3. An association with total annual revenues of \$500,000 or more shall prepare audited financial statements.
 - (b) 1. An association with total annual revenues of less

737

738 739

740

741

742

743

744

745

746

747

748

749

750

751

752

753

754

755

756

757

758

759

760

761

762

763

764



than \$150,000 shall prepare a report of cash receipts and expenditures.

- 2. A report of cash receipts and disbursements must disclose the amount of receipts by accounts and receipt classifications and the amount of expenses by accounts and expense classifications, including, but not limited to, the following, as applicable: costs for security, professional and management fees and expenses, taxes, costs for recreation facilities, expenses for refuse collection and utility services, expenses for lawn care, costs for building maintenance and repair, insurance costs, administration and salary expenses, and reserves accumulated and expended for capital expenditures, planned deferred maintenance, and any other category for which the association maintains reserves.
- (c) An association may prepare, without a meeting of or approval by the unit owners:
- 1. Compiled, reviewed, or audited financial statements, if the association is required to prepare a report of cash receipts and expenditures;
- 2. Reviewed or audited financial statements, if the association is required to prepare compiled financial statements; or
- 3. Audited financial statements if the association is required to prepare reviewed financial statements.
- (d) If approved by a majority of the voting interests present at a properly called meeting of the association, an association may prepare:
- 1. A report of cash receipts and expenditures in lieu of a compiled, reviewed, or audited financial statement;

766

767

768

769

770

771 772

773 774

775 776

777

778

779

780

781

782

783

784

785

786

787

788

789

790

791

792

793



- 2. A report of cash receipts and expenditures or a compiled financial statement in lieu of a reviewed or audited financial statement; or
- 3. A report of cash receipts and expenditures, a compiled financial statement, or a reviewed financial statement in lieu of an audited financial statement.

Such meeting and approval must occur before the end of the fiscal year and is effective only for the fiscal year in which the vote is taken. An association may not prepare a financial report pursuant to this paragraph for consecutive fiscal years auexcept that the approval may also be effective for the following fiscal year. If the developer has not turned over control of the association, all unit owners, including the developer, may vote on issues related to the preparation of the association's financial reports, from the date of incorporation of the association through the end of the second fiscal year after the fiscal year in which the certificate of a surveyor and mapper is recorded pursuant to s. 718.104(4)(e) or an instrument that transfers title to a unit in the condominium which is not accompanied by a recorded assignment of developer rights in favor of the grantee of such unit is recorded, whichever occurs first. Thereafter, all unit owners except the developer may vote on such issues until control is turned over to the association by the developer. Any audit or review prepared under this section shall be paid for by the developer if done before turnover of control of the association.

(e) A unit owner may provide written notice to the division of the association's failure to mail or hand deliver him or her

795

796

797 798

799

800

801

802

803

804

805

806

807

808

809

810

811

812

813

814

815

816 817

818

819

820

821

822



a copy of the most recent financial report within 5 business days after he or she submitted a written request to the association for a copy of such report. If the division determines that the association failed to mail or hand deliver a copy of the most recent financial report to the unit owner, the division shall provide written notice to the association that the association must mail or hand deliver a copy of the most recent financial report to the unit owner and the division within 5 business days after it receives such notice from the division. An association that fails to comply with the division's request may not waive the financial reporting requirement provided in paragraph (d) for the fiscal year in which the unit owner's request was made and the following fiscal year. A financial report received by the division pursuant to this paragraph shall be maintained, and the division shall provide a copy of such report to an association member upon his or her request.

- (15) DEBIT CARDS.—
- (a) An association and its officers, directors, employees, and agents may not use a debit card issued in the name of the association, or billed directly to the association, for the payment of any association expense.
- (b) A person who uses $\frac{Use of}{}$ a debit card issued in the name of the association, or billed directly to the association, for any expense that is not a lawful obligation of the association commits theft under s. 812.014. For the purposes of this paragraph, the term "lawful obligation of the association" means an obligation that has been properly preapproved by the board and is reflected in the meeting minutes or the written

824

825 826

827

828

829

830

831

832

833

834

835 836

837

838

839

840

841

842

843

844

845

846 847

848

849

850

851



budget may be prosecuted as credit card fraud pursuant 817.61.

Section 10. Effective January 1, 2026, paragraph (g) of subsection (12) of section 718.111, Florida Statutes, as amended by this act, is amended to read:

- 718.111 The association.-
- (12) OFFICIAL RECORDS.-
- (g) 1. By January 1, 2019, An association managing a condominium with 25 150 or more units which does not contain timeshare units shall post digital copies of the documents specified in subparagraph 2. on its website or make such documents available through an application that can be downloaded on a mobile device.
 - a. The association's website or application must be:
- (I) An independent website, application, or web portal wholly owned and operated by the association; or
- (II) A website, application, or web portal operated by a third-party provider with whom the association owns, leases, rents, or otherwise obtains the right to operate a web page, subpage, web portal, collection of subpages or web portals, or an application which is dedicated to the association's activities and on which required notices, records, and documents may be posted or made available by the association.
- b. The association's website or application must be accessible through the Internet and must contain a subpage, web portal, or other protected electronic location that is inaccessible to the general public and accessible only to unit owners and employees of the association.
 - c. Upon a unit owner's written request, the association

853

854 855

856

857

858

859

860

861

862

863

864

865

866

867

868 869

870

871

872

873

874

875

876

877

878

879

880



must provide the unit owner with a username and password and access to the protected sections of the association's website or application which contain any notices, records, or documents that must be electronically provided.

- 2. A current copy of the following documents must be posted in digital format on the association's website or application:
- a. The recorded declaration of condominium of each condominium operated by the association and each amendment to each declaration.
- b. The recorded bylaws of the association and each amendment to the bylaws.
- c. The articles of incorporation of the association, or other documents creating the association, and each amendment to the articles of incorporation or other documents. The copy posted pursuant to this sub-subparagraph must be a copy of the articles of incorporation filed with the Department of State.
 - d. The rules of the association.
- e. A list of all executory contracts or documents to which the association is a party or under which the association or the unit owners have an obligation or responsibility and, after bidding for the related materials, equipment, or services has closed, a list of bids received by the association within the past year. Summaries of bids for materials, equipment, or services which exceed \$500 must be maintained on the website or application for 1 year. In lieu of summaries, complete copies of the bids may be posted.
- f. The annual budget required by s. 718.112(2)(f) and any proposed budget to be considered at the annual meeting.
 - g. The financial report required by subsection (13) and any

882

883

884

885

886

887

888

889

890

891

892

893

894

895

896

897

898

899

900

901

902 903

904

905

906

907

908

909



monthly income or expense statement to be considered at a meeting.

- h. The certification of each director required by s. 718.112(2)(d)4.b.
- i. All contracts or transactions between the association and any director, officer, corporation, firm, or association that is not an affiliated condominium association or any other entity in which an association director is also a director or officer and financially interested.
- j. Any contract or document regarding a conflict of interest or possible conflict of interest as provided in ss. 468.4335, 468.436(2)(b)6., and 718.3027(3).
- k. The notice of any unit owner meeting and the agenda for the meeting, as required by s. 718.112(2)(d)3., no later than 14 days before the meeting. The notice must be posted in plain view on the front page of the website or application, or on a separate subpage of the website or application labeled "Notices" which is conspicuously visible and linked from the front page. The association must also post on its website or application any document to be considered and voted on by the owners during the meeting or any document listed on the agenda at least 7 days before the meeting at which the document or the information within the document will be considered.
- 1. Notice of any board meeting, the agenda, and any other document required for the meeting as required by s. 718.112(2)(c), which must be posted no later than the date required for notice under s. 718.112(2)(c).
- m. The inspection reports described in ss. 553.899 and 718.301(4)(p) and any other inspection report relating to a

911

912

913

914

915

916 917

918

919

920

921

922

923

924

925

926

927

928

929

930

931 932

933

934

935

936

937

938



structural or life safety inspection of condominium property.

- n. The association's most recent structural integrity reserve study, if applicable.
- o. Copies of all building permits issued for ongoing or planned construction.
- 3. The association shall ensure that the information and records described in paragraph (c), which are not allowed to be accessible to unit owners, are not posted on the association's website or application. If protected information or information restricted from being accessible to unit owners is included in documents that are required to be posted on the association's website or application, the association shall ensure the information is redacted before posting the documents. Notwithstanding the foregoing, the association or its agent is not liable for disclosing information that is protected or restricted under this paragraph unless such disclosure was made with a knowing or intentional disregard of the protected or restricted nature of such information.
- 4. The failure of the association to post information required under subparagraph 2. is not in and of itself sufficient to invalidate any action or decision of the association's board or its committees.

Section 11. Paragraphs (c), (d), (f), (g), and (q) of subsection (2) of section 718.112, Florida Statutes, are amended, and paragraph (r) is added to that subsection, to read:

718.112 Bylaws.-

(2) REQUIRED PROVISIONS.—The bylaws shall provide for the following and, if they do not do so, shall be deemed to include the following:

940

941 942

943

944

945

946

947

948 949

950

951

952

953

954

955

956

957

958

959

960

961

962 963

964

965

966



- (c) Board of administration meetings.—In a residential condominium association of more than 10 units, the board of administration shall meet at least once each quarter. At least four times each year, the meeting agenda must include an opportunity for members to ask questions. Meetings of the board of administration at which a quorum of the members is present are open to all unit owners. Members of the board of administration may use e-mail as a means of communication but may not cast a vote on an association matter via e-mail. A unit owner may tape record or videotape the meetings. The right to attend such meetings includes the right to speak at such meetings with reference to all designated agenda items, and the right to ask questions with respect to reports on the status of construction or repair projects, status of revenues and expenditures during the current fiscal year, and other issues affecting the condominium. The division shall adopt reasonable rules governing the tape recording and videotaping of the meeting. The association may adopt written reasonable rules governing the frequency, duration, and manner of unit owner statements.
- 1. Adequate notice of all board meetings, which must specifically identify all agenda items, must be posted conspicuously on the condominium property at least 48 continuous hours before the meeting except in an emergency. If 20 percent of the voting interests petition the board to address an item of business, the board, within 60 days after receipt of the petition, shall place the item on the agenda at its next regular board meeting or at a special meeting called for that purpose. An item not included on the notice may be taken up on an

969

970

971

972

973

974

975

976

977

978

979

980

981

982

983

984

985

986

987

988

989

990

991 992

993

994

995

996



emergency basis by a vote of at least a majority plus one of the board members. Such emergency action must be noticed and ratified at the next regular board meeting. Written notice of a meeting at which a nonemergency special assessment or an amendment to rules regarding unit use will be considered must be mailed, delivered, or electronically transmitted to the unit owners and posted conspicuously on the condominium property at least 14 days before the meeting. Evidence of compliance with this 14-day notice requirement must be made by an affidavit executed by the person providing the notice and filed with the official records of the association. Notice of any meeting in which regular or special assessments against unit owners are to be considered must specifically state that assessments will be considered and provide the estimated cost and description of the purposes for such assessments.

2. Upon notice to the unit owners, the board shall, by duly adopted rule, designate a specific location on the condominium property where all notices of board meetings must be posted. If there is no condominium property where notices can be posted, notices shall be mailed, delivered, or electronically transmitted to each unit owner at least 14 days before the meeting. In lieu of or in addition to the physical posting of the notice on the condominium property, the association may, by reasonable rule, adopt a procedure for conspicuously posting and repeatedly broadcasting the notice and the agenda on a closedcircuit cable television system serving the condominium association. However, if broadcast notice is used in lieu of a notice physically posted on condominium property, the notice and agenda must be broadcast at least four times every broadcast

998

999 1000

1001 1002

1003 1004

1005

1006

1007

1008

1009

1010

1011

1012

1013 1014

1015

1016

1017

1018

1019

1020

1021

1022

1023

1024

1025



hour of each day that a posted notice is otherwise required under this section. If broadcast notice is provided, the notice and agenda must be broadcast in a manner and for a sufficient continuous length of time so as to allow an average reader to observe the notice and read and comprehend the entire content of the notice and the agenda. In addition to any of the authorized means of providing notice of a meeting of the board, the association may, by rule, adopt a procedure for conspicuously posting the meeting notice and the agenda on a website serving the condominium association for at least the minimum period of time for which a notice of a meeting is also required to be physically posted on the condominium property. Any rule adopted shall, in addition to other matters, include a requirement that the association send an electronic notice in the same manner as a notice for a meeting of the members, which must include a hyperlink to the website where the notice is posted, to unit owners whose e-mail addresses are included in the association's official records.

3. Notice of any meeting in which regular or special assessments against unit owners are to be considered must specifically state that assessments will be considered and provide the estimated cost and description of the purposes for such assessments. If an agenda item relates to the approval of a contract for goods or services, a copy of the contract must be provided with the notice, made available for inspection and copying upon a written request from a unit owner, or made available on the association's website or through an application that can be downloaded on a mobile device.

4.2. Meetings of a committee to take final action on behalf

1027

1028

1029

1030

1031

1032

1033

1034 1035

1036

1037

1038

1039

1040

1041

1042

1043 1044

1045

1046

1047

1048

1049

1050

1051

1052

1053

1054



of the board or make recommendations to the board regarding the association budget are subject to this paragraph. Meetings of a committee that does not take final action on behalf of the board or make recommendations to the board regarding the association budget are subject to this section, unless those meetings are exempted from this section by the bylaws of the association.

- 5.3. Notwithstanding any other law, the requirement that board meetings and committee meetings be open to the unit owners does not apply to:
- a. Meetings between the board or a committee and the association's attorney, with respect to proposed or pending litigation, if the meeting is held for the purpose of seeking or rendering legal advice; or
- b. Board meetings held for the purpose of discussing personnel matters.
 - (d) Unit owner meetings.-
- 1. An annual meeting of the unit owners must be held at the location provided in the association bylaws and, if the bylaws are silent as to the location, the meeting must be held within 45 miles of the condominium property. However, such distance requirement does not apply to an association governing a timeshare condominium.
- 2. Unless the bylaws provide otherwise, a vacancy on the board caused by the expiration of a director's term must be filled by electing a new board member, and the election must be by secret ballot. An election is not required if the number of vacancies equals or exceeds the number of candidates. For purposes of this paragraph, the term "candidate" means an eligible person who has timely submitted the written notice, as



1055 described in sub-subparagraph 4.a., of his or her intention to 1056 become a candidate. Except in a timeshare or nonresidential 1057 condominium, or if the staggered term of a board member does not 1058 expire until a later annual meeting, or if all members' terms 1059 would otherwise expire but there are no candidates, the terms of 1060 all board members expire at the annual meeting, and such members 1061 may stand for reelection unless prohibited by the bylaws. Board 1062 members may serve terms longer than 1 year if permitted by the 1063 bylaws or articles of incorporation. A board member may not 1064 serve more than 8 consecutive years unless approved by an 1065 affirmative vote of unit owners representing two-thirds of all 1066 votes cast in the election or unless there are not enough 1067 eligible candidates to fill the vacancies on the board at the 1068 time of the vacancy. Only board service that occurs on or after 1069 July 1, 2018, may be used when calculating a board member's term 1070 limit. If the number of board members whose terms expire at the 1071 annual meeting equals or exceeds the number of candidates, the 1072 candidates become members of the board effective upon the 1073 adjournment of the annual meeting. Unless the bylaws provide 1074 otherwise, any remaining vacancies shall be filled by the 1075 affirmative vote of the majority of the directors making up the 1076 newly constituted board even if the directors constitute less 1077 than a quorum or there is only one director. In a residential condominium association of more than 10 units or in a 1078 1079 residential condominium association that does not include 1080 timeshare units or timeshare interests, co-owners of a unit may 1081 not serve as members of the board of directors at the same time 1082 unless they own more than one unit or unless there are not enough eligible candidates to fill the vacancies on the board at 1083

1085

1086

1087

1088

1089

1090

1091

1092

1093

1094

1095

1096

1097

1098

1099

1100

1101

1102

1103

1104

1105

1106

1107

1108

1109

1110

1111 1112



the time of the vacancy. A unit owner in a residential condominium desiring to be a candidate for board membership must comply with sub-subparagraph 4.a. and must be eligible to be a candidate to serve on the board of directors at the time of the deadline for submitting a notice of intent to run in order to have his or her name listed as a proper candidate on the ballot or to serve on the board. A person who has been suspended or removed by the division under this chapter, or who is delinquent in the payment of any assessment due to the association, is not eligible to be a candidate for board membership and may not be listed on the ballot. For purposes of this paragraph, a person is delinquent if a payment is not made by the due date as specifically identified in the declaration of condominium, bylaws, or articles of incorporation. If a due date is not specifically identified in the declaration of condominium, bylaws, or articles of incorporation, the due date is the first day of the assessment period. A person who has been convicted of any felony in this state or in a United States District or Territorial Court, or who has been convicted of any offense in another jurisdiction which would be considered a felony if committed in this state, is not eligible for board membership unless such felon's civil rights have been restored for at least 5 years as of the date such person seeks election to the board. The validity of an action by the board is not affected if it is later determined that a board member is ineligible for board membership due to having been convicted of a felony. This subparagraph does not limit the term of a member of the board of a nonresidential or timeshare condominium.

3. The bylaws must provide the method of calling meetings

1114

1115

1116

1117

1118

1120

1122

1124

1125

1126

1127

1128

1130

1132

1134

1137

1138

1140 1141



of unit owners, including annual meetings. Written notice of an annual meeting must include an agenda; be mailed, hand delivered, or electronically transmitted to each unit owner at least 14 days before the annual meeting; and be posted in a conspicuous place on the condominium property or association property at least 14 continuous days before the annual meeting. 1119 Written notice of a meeting other than an annual meeting must include an agenda; be mailed, hand delivered, or electronically 1121 transmitted to each unit owner; and be posted in a conspicuous place on the condominium property or association property within 1123 the timeframe specified in the bylaws. If the bylaws do not specify a timeframe for written notice of a meeting other than an annual meeting, notice must be provided at least 14 continuous days before the meeting. Upon notice to the unit owners, the board shall, by duly adopted rule, designate a specific location on the condominium property or association 1129 property where all notices of unit owner meetings must be posted. This requirement does not apply if there is no 1131 condominium property for posting notices. In lieu of, or in addition to, the physical posting of meeting notices, the 1133 association may, by reasonable rule, adopt a procedure for conspicuously posting and repeatedly broadcasting the notice and 1135 the agenda on a closed-circuit cable television system serving the condominium association. However, if broadcast notice is 1136 used in lieu of a notice posted physically on the condominium property, the notice and agenda must be broadcast at least four 1139 times every broadcast hour of each day that a posted notice is otherwise required under this section. If broadcast notice is provided, the notice and agenda must be broadcast in a manner

1143 1144

1145

1146

1147

1148

1149

1150

1151

1152

1153

1154

1155

1156

1157

1158

1159 1160

1161

1162

1163

1164

1165 1166

1167

1168

1169 1170



and for a sufficient continuous length of time so as to allow an average reader to observe the notice and read and comprehend the entire content of the notice and the agenda. In addition to any of the authorized means of providing notice of a meeting of the board, the association may, by rule, adopt a procedure for conspicuously posting the meeting notice and the agenda on a website serving the condominium association for at least the minimum period of time for which a notice of a meeting is also required to be physically posted on the condominium property. Any rule adopted shall, in addition to other matters, include a requirement that the association send an electronic notice in the same manner as a notice for a meeting of the members, which must include a hyperlink to the website where the notice is posted, to unit owners whose e-mail addresses are included in the association's official records. Unless a unit owner waives in writing the right to receive notice of the annual meeting, such notice must be hand delivered, mailed, or electronically transmitted to each unit owner. Notice for meetings and notice for all other purposes must be mailed to each unit owner at the address last furnished to the association by the unit owner, or hand delivered to each unit owner. However, if a unit is owned by more than one person, the association must provide notice to the address that the developer identifies for that purpose and thereafter as one or more of the owners of the unit advise the association in writing, or if no address is given or the owners of the unit do not agree, to the address provided on the deed of record. An officer of the association, or the manager or other person providing notice of the association meeting, must provide an affidavit or United States Postal Service certificate of

1172

1173

1174

1175

1176

1177

1178

1179

1180

1181

1182

1183

1184

1185

1186

1187

1188 1189

1190

1191

1192

1193

1194

1195

1196

1197

1198 1199



mailing, to be included in the official records of the association affirming that the notice was mailed or hand delivered in accordance with this provision.

- 4. The members of the board of a residential condominium shall be elected by written ballot or voting machine. Proxies may not be used in electing the board in general elections or elections to fill vacancies caused by recall, resignation, or otherwise, unless otherwise provided in this chapter. This subparagraph does not apply to an association governing a timeshare condominium.
- a. At least 60 days before a scheduled election, the association shall mail, deliver, or electronically transmit, by separate association mailing or included in another association mailing, delivery, or transmission, including regularly published newsletters, to each unit owner entitled to a vote, a first notice of the date of the election. A unit owner or other eligible person desiring to be a candidate for the board must give written notice of his or her intent to be a candidate to the association at least 40 days before a scheduled election. Together with the written notice and agenda as set forth in subparagraph 3., the association shall mail, deliver, or electronically transmit a second notice of the election to all unit owners entitled to vote, together with a ballot that lists all candidates not less than 14 days or more than 34 days before the date of the election. Upon request of a candidate, an information sheet, no larger than 8 1/2 inches by 11 inches, which must be furnished by the candidate at least 35 days before the election, must be included with the mailing, delivery, or transmission of the ballot, with the costs of mailing, delivery,

1201

1202

1203

1204

1205

1206

1207

1208

1209

1210

1211

1212

1213

1214

1215 1216

1217

1218

1219

1220

1221

1222

1223

1224

1225

1226

1227

1228



or electronic transmission and copying to be borne by the association. The association is not liable for the contents of the information sheets prepared by the candidates. In order to reduce costs, the association may print or duplicate the information sheets on both sides of the paper. The division shall by rule establish voting procedures consistent with this sub-subparagraph, including rules establishing procedures for giving notice by electronic transmission and rules providing for the secrecy of ballots. Elections shall be decided by a plurality of ballots cast. There is no quorum requirement; however, at least 20 percent of the eligible voters must cast a ballot in order to have a valid election. A unit owner may not authorize any other person to vote his or her ballot, and any ballots improperly cast are invalid. A unit owner who violates this provision may be fined by the association in accordance with s. 718.303. A unit owner who needs assistance in casting the ballot for the reasons stated in s. 101.051 may obtain such assistance. The regular election must occur on the date of the annual meeting. Notwithstanding this sub-subparagraph, an election is not required unless more candidates file notices of intent to run or are nominated than board vacancies exist.

- b. A director of a Within 90 days after being elected or appointed to the board of an association of a residential condominium, each newly elected or appointed director shall:
- (I) Certify in writing to the secretary of the association that he or she has read the association's declaration of condominium, articles of incorporation, bylaws, and current written policies; that he or she will work to uphold such documents and policies to the best of his or her ability; and

1230

1231

1232

1233

1234

1235

1236

1237 1238

1239

1240

1241

1242

1243 1244

1245

1246

1247

1248

1249

1250

1251

1252

1253

1254

1255

1256

1257



that he or she will faithfully discharge his or her fiduciary responsibility to the association's members. In lieu of this written certification, within 90 days after being elected or appointed to the board, the newly elected or appointed director may (II) Submit to the secretary of the association a certificate of having satisfactorily completed the educational curriculum administered by the division or a division-approved condominium education provider within 1 year before or 90 days after the date of election or appointment. The education curriculum must be least 4 hours long and include instruction on milestone inspections, structural integrity reserve studies, elections, recordkeeping, financial literacy and transparency, levying of fines, and notice and meeting requirements. Each newly elected or appointed director must submit the written certification and educational certificate to the secretary of the association within 1 year before being elected or appointed or within 90 days after the date of election or appointment. A director of an association of a residential condominium who was elected or appointed before July 1, 2024, shall comply with the written certification and educational certificate requirements in this sub-subparagraph by June 30, 2025. The written certification and or educational certificate is valid for 7 years from the date of issuance and does not have to be resubmitted as long as the director serves on the board without interruption during the 7-year period. A director who is appointed by the developer may satisfy the educational

certificate requirement in sub-sub-subparagraph (II) for any



1258 subsequent appointment to a board by a developer within 7 years 1259 after the date of issuance of the most recent educational 1260 certificate, including any interruption of service on a board or 1261 an appointment to a board in another association within that 7-1262 year period. Additionally, 1 year after submission of the most 1263 recent written certification and educational certificate, and 1264 annually thereafter, a director of an association of a 1265 residential condominium must submit to the secretary of the 1266 association a certificate of having satisfactorily completed an 1267 educational curriculum administered by a division-approved 1268 condominium education provider, relating to any recent changes 1269 to this chapter and the related administrative rules, during the 1270 past year. The cost of a required educational curriculum and 1271 certificate is an expense of the association which the 1272 association may pay on behalf of the director or reimburse the 1273 director for his or her expense. A director of an association of 1274 a residential condominium who fails to timely file the written 1275 certification and or educational certificate is suspended from 1276 service on the board until he or she complies with this sub-1277 subparagraph. The board may temporarily fill the vacancy during 1278 the period of suspension. The secretary shall cause the 1279 association to retain a director's written certification and or 1280 educational certificate for inspection by the members for 751281 years after a director's election or the duration of the 1282 director's uninterrupted tenure, whichever is longer. Failure to 1283 have such written certification and or educational certificate 1284 on file does not affect the validity of any board action. 1285 c. Any challenge to the election process must be commenced within 60 days after the election results are announced. 1286

1288

1289

1290

1291

1292

1293

1294

1295

1296

1297

1298

1299

1300

1301

1302

1303

1304

1305

1306

1307

1308

1309

1310

1311

1312

1313

1314

1315



- 5. Any approval by unit owners called for by this chapter or the applicable declaration or bylaws, including, but not limited to, the approval requirement in s. 718.111(8), must be made at a duly noticed meeting of unit owners and is subject to all requirements of this chapter or the applicable condominium documents relating to unit owner decisionmaking, except that unit owners may take action by written agreement, without meetings, on matters for which action by written agreement without meetings is expressly allowed by the applicable bylaws or declaration or any law that provides for such action.
- 6. Unit owners may waive notice of specific meetings if allowed by the applicable bylaws or declaration or any law. Notice of meetings of the board of administration; unit owner meetings, except unit owner meetings called to recall board members under paragraph (1); and committee meetings may be given by electronic transmission to unit owners who consent to receive notice by electronic transmission. A unit owner who consents to receiving notices by electronic transmission is solely responsible for removing or bypassing filters that block receipt of mass e-mails sent to members on behalf of the association in the course of giving electronic notices.
- 7. Unit owners have the right to participate in meetings of unit owners with reference to all designated agenda items. However, the association may adopt reasonable rules governing the frequency, duration, and manner of unit owner participation.
- 8. A unit owner may tape record or videotape a meeting of the unit owners subject to reasonable rules adopted by the division.
 - 9. Unless otherwise provided in the bylaws, any vacancy



occurring on the board before the expiration of a term may be filled by the affirmative vote of the majority of the remaining directors, even if the remaining directors constitute less than a quorum, or by the sole remaining director. In the alternative, a board may hold an election to fill the vacancy, in which case the election procedures must conform to sub-subparagraph 4.a. unless the association governs 10 units or fewer and has opted out of the statutory election process, in which case the bylaws of the association control. Unless otherwise provided in the bylaws, a board member appointed or elected under this section shall fill the vacancy for the unexpired term of the seat being filled. Filling vacancies created by recall is governed by paragraph (1) and rules adopted by the division.

10. This chapter does not limit the use of general or limited proxies, require the use of general or limited proxies, or require the use of a written ballot or voting machine for any agenda item or election at any meeting of a timeshare condominium association or nonresidential condominium association.

1335 1336

1337

1338

1339

1340

1341

1342

1343

1344

1316

1317

1318 1319

1320

1321

1322

1323

1324

1325

1326

1327

1328

1329

1330

1331

1332

1333

1334

Notwithstanding subparagraph (b) 2. and sub-subparagraph 4.a., an association of 10 or fewer units may, by affirmative vote of a majority of the total voting interests, provide for different voting and election procedures in its bylaws, which may be by a proxy specifically delineating the different voting and election procedures. The different voting and election procedures may provide for elections to be conducted by limited or general proxy.

(f) Annual budget.-

1346 1347

1348

1349

1350

1351

1352

1353

1354

1355

1356

1357

1358

1359

1360

1361

1362

1363

1364

1365

1366

1367

1368

1369

1370

1371

1372 1373



1. The proposed annual budget of estimated revenues and expenses must be detailed and must show the amounts budgeted by accounts and expense classifications, including, at a minimum, any applicable expenses listed in s. 718.504(21). The board shall adopt the annual budget at least 14 days before the start of the association's fiscal year. In the event that the board fails to timely adopt the annual budget a second time, it is deemed a minor violation and the prior year's budget shall continue in effect until a new budget is adopted. A multicondominium association must adopt a separate budget of common expenses for each condominium the association operates and must adopt a separate budget of common expenses for the association. In addition, if the association maintains limited common elements with the cost to be shared only by those entitled to use the limited common elements as provided for in s. 718.113(1), the budget or a schedule attached to it must show the amount budgeted for this maintenance. If, after turnover of control of the association to the unit owners, any of the expenses listed in s. 718.504(21) are not applicable, they do not need to be listed.

2.a. In addition to annual operating expenses, the budget must include reserve accounts for capital expenditures and planned deferred maintenance. These accounts must include, but are not limited to, roof replacement, building painting, and pavement resurfacing, regardless of the amount of planned deferred maintenance expense or replacement cost, and any other item that has a planned deferred maintenance expense or replacement cost that exceeds \$10,000. The amount to be reserved must be computed using a formula based upon estimated remaining



1374 useful life and estimated replacement cost or planned deferred 1375 maintenance expense of the reserve item. In a budget adopted by an association that is required to obtain a structural integrity 1376 1377 reserve study, reserves must be maintained for the items 1378 identified in paragraph (g) for which the association is 1379 responsible pursuant to the declaration of condominium, and the 1380 reserve amount for such items must be based on the findings and 1381 recommendations of the association's most recent structural integrity reserve study. With respect to items for which an 1382 1383 estimate of useful life is not readily ascertainable or with an 1384 estimated remaining useful life of greater than 25 years, an 1385 association is not required to reserve replacement costs for 1386 such items, but an association must reserve the amount of 1387 planned deferred maintenance expense, if any, which is 1388 recommended by the structural integrity reserve study for such 1389 items. The association may adjust replacement reserve 1390 assessments annually to take into account an inflation adjustment and any changes in estimates or extension of the 1391 1392 useful life of a reserve item caused by planned deferred 1393 maintenance. The members of a unit-owner-controlled association 1394 may determine, by a majority vote of the total voting interests 1395 of the association, to provide no reserves or less reserves than 1396 required by this subsection. For a budget adopted on or after 1397 December 31, 2024, the members of a unit-owner-controlled 1398 association that must obtain a structural integrity reserve study may not determine to provide no reserves or less reserves 1399 1400 than required by this subsection for items listed in paragraph (q), except that members of an association operating a 1401 multicondominium may determine to provide no reserves or less 1402

1404 1405

1406

1407

1408

1409

1410

1411

1412

1413

1414

1415

1416

1417

1418

1419

1420

1421

1422 1423

1424

1425

1426

1427

1428

1429

1430

1431



reserves than required by this subsection if an alternative funding method has been approved by the division. If the local building official, as defined in s. 468.603, determines that the entire condominium building is uninhabitable due to a natural emergency, as defined in s. 252.34, the board, upon the approval of a majority of its members, may pause the contribution to its reserves or reduce reserve funding until the local building official determines that the condominium building is habitable. Any reserve account funds held by the association may be expended, pursuant to the board's determination, to make the condominium building and its structures habitable. Upon the determination by the local building official that the condominium building and its structures are habitable, the association must immediately resume contributing funds to its reserves.

- b. Before turnover of control of an association by a developer to unit owners other than a developer under s. 718.301, the developer-controlled association may not vote to waive the reserves or reduce funding of the reserves. If a meeting of the unit owners has been called to determine whether to waive or reduce the funding of reserves and no such result is achieved or a quorum is not attained, the reserves included in the budget shall go into effect. After the turnover, the developer may vote its voting interest to waive or reduce the funding of reserves.
- 3. Reserve funds and any interest accruing thereon shall remain in the reserve account or accounts, and may be used only for authorized reserve expenditures unless their use for other purposes is approved in advance by a majority vote of all the

1433

1434

1435

1436

1437 1438

1439

1440

1441

1442

1443

1444

1445

1446

1447

1448

1449

1450

1451

1452

1453

1454

1455 1456

1457

1458

1459

1460



total voting interests of the association. Before turnover of control of an association by a developer to unit owners other than the developer pursuant to s. 718.301, the developercontrolled association may not vote to use reserves for purposes other than those for which they were intended. For a budget adopted on or after December 31, 2024, members of a unit-ownercontrolled association that must obtain a structural integrity reserve study may not vote to use reserve funds, or any interest accruing thereon, for any other purpose other than the replacement or planned deferred maintenance costs of the components listed in paragraph (g).

- 4. The only voting interests that are eligible to vote on questions that involve waiving or reducing the funding of reserves, or using existing reserve funds for purposes other than purposes for which the reserves were intended, are the voting interests of the units subject to assessment to fund the reserves in question. Proxy questions relating to waiving or reducing the funding of reserves or using existing reserve funds for purposes other than purposes for which the reserves were intended must contain the following statement in capitalized, bold letters in a font size larger than any other used on the face of the proxy ballot: WAIVING OF RESERVES, IN WHOLE OR IN PART, OR ALLOWING ALTERNATIVE USES OF EXISTING RESERVES MAY RESULT IN UNIT OWNER LIABILITY FOR PAYMENT OF UNANTICIPATED SPECIAL ASSESSMENTS REGARDING THOSE ITEMS.
 - (q) Structural integrity reserve study.-
- 1. A residential condominium association must have a structural integrity reserve study completed at least every 10 years after the condominium's creation for each building on the



condominium property that is three stories or higher in height, as determined by the Florida Building Code, which includes, at a minimum, a study of the following items as related to the structural integrity and safety of the building:

a. Roof.

1461

1462

1463

1464

1465

1466

1467

1468 1469

1470

1471

1472

1473

1474

1475

1476 1477

1478

1479

1480

1481

1482

1483

1484

1485

1486

1487

1488

1489

- b. Structure, including load-bearing walls and other primary structural members and primary structural systems as those terms are defined in s. 627.706.
 - c. Fireproofing and fire protection systems.
 - d. Plumbing.
 - e. Electrical systems.
 - f. Waterproofing and exterior painting.
 - g. Windows and exterior doors.
- h. Any other item that has a planned deferred maintenance expense or replacement cost that exceeds \$10,000 and the failure to replace or maintain such item negatively affects the items listed in sub-subparagraphs a.-g., as determined by the visual inspection portion of the structural integrity reserve study.
- 2. A structural integrity reserve study is based on a visual inspection of the condominium property. A structural integrity reserve study may be performed by any person qualified to perform such study. However, the visual inspection portion of the structural integrity reserve study must be performed or verified by an engineer licensed under chapter 471, an architect licensed under chapter 481, or a person certified as a reserve specialist or professional reserve analyst by the Community Associations Institute or the Association of Professional Reserve Analysts.
 - 3. At a minimum, a structural integrity reserve study must

1491

1492

1493

1494

1495

1496

1497

1498

1499

1500 1501

1502

1503

1504

1505

1506

1507

1508

1509

1510

1511

1512

1513

1514

1515

1516

1517

1518



identify each item of the condominium property being visually inspected, state the estimated remaining useful life and the estimated replacement cost or planned deferred maintenance expense of each item of the condominium property being visually inspected, and provide a reserve funding schedule with a recommended annual reserve amount that achieves the estimated replacement cost or planned deferred maintenance expense of each item of condominium property being visually inspected by the end of the estimated remaining useful life of the item. The structural integrity reserve study may recommend that reserves do not need to be maintained for any item for which an estimate of useful life and an estimate of replacement cost cannot be determined, or the study may recommend a planned deferred maintenance expense amount for such item. The structural integrity reserve study may recommend that reserves for replacement costs do not need to be maintained for any item with an estimated remaining useful life of greater than 25 years, but the study may recommend a planned deferred maintenance expense amount for such item.

- 4. This paragraph does not apply to buildings less than three stories in height; single-family, two-family, or threefamily dwellings with three or fewer habitable stories above ground; any portion or component of a building that has not been submitted to the condominium form of ownership; or any portion or component of a building that is maintained by a party other than the association.
- 5. Before a developer turns over control of an association to unit owners other than the developer, the developer must have a turnover inspection report in compliance with s. 718.301(4)(p)

1520

1521

1522

1523

1524

1525

1526

1527

1528

1529

1530

1531

1532

1533

1534

1535

1536

1537

1538

1539

1540

1541

1542

1543

1544

1545

1546

1547



and (q) for each building on the condominium property that is three stories or higher in height.

- 6. Associations existing on or before July 1, 2022, which are controlled by unit owners other than the developer, must have a structural integrity reserve study completed by December 31, 2024, for each building on the condominium property that is three stories or higher in height. An association that is required to complete a milestone inspection in accordance with s. 553.899 on or before December 31, 2026, may complete the structural integrity reserve study simultaneously with the milestone inspection. In no event may the structural integrity reserve study be completed after December 31, 2026.
- 7. If the milestone inspection required by s. 553.899, or an inspection completed for a similar local requirement, was performed within the past 5 years and meets the requirements of this paragraph, such inspection may be used in place of the visual inspection portion of the structural integrity reserve study.
- 8. If the officers or directors of an association willfully and knowingly fail to complete a structural integrity reserve study pursuant to this paragraph, such failure is a breach of an officer's and director's fiduciary relationship to the unit owners under s. 718.111(1).
- 9. Within 45 days after receiving the structural integrity reserve study, the association must distribute a copy of the study to each unit owner or deliver to each unit owner a notice that the completed study is available for inspection and copying upon a written request. Distribution of a copy of the study or notice must be made by <u>United States mail or personal delivery</u>



at the mailing address, property address, or any other address of the owner provided to fulfill the association's notice requirements under this chapter, or by electronic transmission to the e-mail address or facsimile number provided to fulfill the association's notice requirements to unit owners who previously consented to receive notice by electronic transmission.

- 10. Within 45 days after receiving the structural integrity reserve study, the association must provide the division with a statement indicating that such study was completed and that the association provided or made such study available to each unit owner in accordance with this section. Such statement shall be provided to the division in the manner provided by the division using a form posted on the division's website.
 - (q) Director or officer offenses.-
- 1. A director or an officer charged by information or indictment with any of the following crimes is deemed removed from office and a vacancy declared:
- a. Forgery of a ballot envelope or voting certificate used in a condominium association election as provided in s. 831.01.
- b. Theft or embezzlement involving the association's funds or property as provided in s. 812.014.
- c. Destruction of, or the refusal to allow inspection or copying of, an official record of a condominium association which is accessible to unit owners within the time periods required by general law, in furtherance of any crime. Such act constitutes tampering with physical evidence as provided in s. 918.13.
- 1575

1548

1549

1550 1551

1552

1553

1554

1555

1556

1557

1558 1559

1560

1561

1562

1563

1564

1565

1566

1567

1568

1569

1570

1571

1572

1573 1574

1576

d. Obstruction of justice under chapter 843.

1579

1580

1581

1582

1583

1584

1585

1586

1587

1588

1589

1590

1591

1592

1593

1594

1595

1596

1597

1598

1599

1600

1601 1602

1603

1604

1605



- 1577 e. Any criminal violation under this chapter.
 - 2. The board shall fill the vacancy in accordance with paragraph (d) a felony theft or embezzlement offense involving the association's funds or property must be removed from office, creating a vacancy in the office to be filled according to law until the end of the period of the suspension or the end of the director's term of office, whichever occurs first. While such director or officer has such criminal charge pending, he or she may not be appointed or elected to a position as a director or an officer of any association and may not have access to the official records of any association, except pursuant to a court order. However, if the charges are resolved without a finding of quilt, the director or officer shall be reinstated for the remainder of his or her term of office, if any.
 - (r) Fraudulent voting activities relating to association elections; penalties.-
 - 1. A person who engages in the following acts of fraudulent voting activity relating to association elections commits a misdemeanor of the first degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082 or s. 775.083:
 - a. Willfully and falsely swearing to or affirming an oath or affirmation, or willfully procuring another person to falsely swear to or affirm an oath or affirmation, in connection with or arising out of voting activities.
 - b. Perpetrating or attempting to perpetrate, or aiding in the perpetration of, fraud in connection with a vote cast, to be cast, or attempted to be cast.
 - c. Preventing a member from voting or preventing a member from voting as he or she intended by fraudulently changing or

1607

1608

1609

1610

1611

1612 1613

1614

1615

1616

1617

1618

1619

1620

1621 1622

1623

1624

1625

1626

1627

1628

1629 1630

1631

1632

1633

1634



attempting to change a ballot, ballot envelope, vote, or voting certificate of the member.

- d. Menacing, threatening, or using bribery or any other corruption to attempt, directly or indirectly, to influence, deceive, or deter a member when the member is voting.
- e. Giving or promising, directly or indirectly, anything of value to another member with the intent to buy the vote of that member or another member or to corruptly influence that member or another member in casting his or her vote. This subsubparagraph does not apply to any food served which is to be consumed at an election rally or a meeting or to any item of nominal value which is used as an election advertisement, including a campaign message designed to be worn by a member.
- f. Using or threatening to use, directly or indirectly, force, violence, or intimidation or any tactic of coercion or intimidation to induce or compel a member to vote or refrain from voting in an election or on a particular ballot measure.
- 2. Each of the following acts constitutes a misdemeanor of the first degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082 or s. 775.083:
- a. Knowingly aiding, abetting, or advising a person in the commission of a fraudulent voting activity related to association elections.
- b. Agreeing, conspiring, combining, or confederating with at least one other person to commit a fraudulent voting activity related to association elections.
- c. Having knowledge of a fraudulent voting activity related to association elections and giving any aid to the offender with intent that the offender avoid or escape detection, arrest,



1635 trial, or punishment. 1636 1637 This subparagraph does not apply to a licensed attorney giving 1638 legal advice to a client. 1639 3. Any person charged by information or indictment for any 1640 of the crimes in this paragraph shall be deemed removed from 1641 office and a vacancy declared. 1642 Section 12. Subsection (5) of section 718.113, Florida 1643 Statutes, is amended to read: 1644 718.113 Maintenance; limitation upon improvement; display 1645 of flag; hurricane shutters and protection; display of religious 1646 decorations.-1647 (5) To protect the health, safety, and welfare of the 1648 people of this state and to ensure uniformity and consistency in 1649 the hurricane protections installed by condominium associations 1650 and unit owners, this subsection applies to all residential and 1651 mixed-use condominiums in this state, regardless of when the 1652 condominium is created pursuant to the declaration of 1653 condominium. Each board of administration of a residential 1654 condominium or mixed-use condominium shall adopt hurricane 1655 protection shutter specifications for each building within each condominium operated by the association which may shall include 1656 1657 color, style, and other factors deemed relevant by the board. 1658 All specifications adopted by the board must comply with the 1659 applicable building code. The installation, maintenance, repair, replacement, and operation of hurricane protection in accordance 1660

with this subsection is not considered a material alteration or

substantial addition to the common elements or association

property within the meaning of this section.

1661

1662

1663

1665

1666

1667

1668

1669

1670

1671

1672

1673 1674

1675

1676

1677

1678

1679

1680 1681

1682

1683

1684

1685

1686

1687

1688

1689

1690

1691

1692



(a) The board may, subject to s. 718.3026 and the approval of a majority of voting interests of the residential condominium or mixed-use condominium, install or require that unit owners install hurricane shutters, impact glass, code-compliant windows or doors, or other types of code-compliant hurricane protection that complies comply with or exceeds exceed the applicable building code. A vote of the unit owners to require the installation of hurricane protection must be set forth in a certificate attesting to such vote and include the date by which the hurricane protection must be installed. The board must record the certificate in the public records of the county where the condominium is located. The certificate must include the recording data identifying the declaration of condominium and must be executed in the form required for the execution of a deed. Once the certificate is recorded, the board must mail or hand deliver a copy of the recorded certificate to the unit owners at the owners' addresses, as reflected in the records of the association. The board may provide a copy of the recorded certificate by electronic transmission to unit owners who previously consented to receive notice by electronic transmission. The failure to record the certificate or send a copy of the recorded certificate to the unit owners does not affect the validity or enforceability of the vote of the unit owners. However, A vote of the unit owners under this paragraph is not required if the installation, maintenance, repair, and replacement of the hurricane shutters, impact glass, codecompliant windows or doors, or other types of code-compliant hurricane protection, or any exterior windows, doors, or other apertures protected by the hurricane protection, is are the

1694

1695 1696

1697

1698

1699

1700

1701

1702

1703

1704

1705

1706

1707

1708

1709

1710 1711

1712

1713

1714

1715 1716

1717

1718

1719

1720

1721



responsibility of the association pursuant to the declaration of condominium as originally recorded or as amended, or if the unit owners are required to install hurricane protection pursuant to the declaration of condominium as originally recorded or as amended. If hurricane protection or laminated glass or window film architecturally designed to function as hurricane protection that complies with or exceeds the current applicable building code has been previously installed, the board may not install the same type of hurricane shutters, impact glass, codecompliant windows or doors, or other types of code-compliant hurricane protection or require that unit owners install the same type of hurricane protection unless the installed hurricane protection has reached the end of its useful life or unless it is necessary to prevent damage to the common elements or to a unit except upon approval by a majority vote of the voting interests.

(b) The association is responsible for the maintenance, repair, and replacement of the hurricane shutters, impact glass, code-compliant windows or doors, or other types of codecompliant hurricane protection authorized by this subsection if such property is the responsibility of the association pursuant to the declaration of condominium. If the hurricane shutters, impact glass, code-compliant windows or doors, or other types of code-compliant hurricane protection are the responsibility of the unit owners pursuant to the declaration of condominium, the maintenance, repair, and replacement of such items are the responsibility of the unit owner.

(b) (c) The board may operate shutters, impact glass, codecompliant windows or doors, or other types of code-compliant

1723

1724

1725

1726

1727

1728

1729

1730

1731

1732

1733

1734

1735

1736

1737

1738

1739

1740

1741

1742

1743

1744

1745 1746

1747

1748

1749

1750



hurricane protection installed pursuant to this subsection without permission of the unit owners only if such operation is necessary to preserve and protect the condominium property or and association property. The installation, replacement, operation, repair, and maintenance of such shutters, impact glass, code-compliant windows or doors, or other types of codecompliant hurricane protection in accordance with the procedures set forth in this paragraph are not a material alteration to the common elements or association property within the meaning of this section.

(c) (d) Notwithstanding any other provision in the residential condominium or mixed-use condominium documents, if approval is required by the documents, a board may not refuse to approve the installation or replacement of hurricane shutters, impact glass, code-compliant windows or doors, or other types of code-compliant hurricane protection by a unit owner which conforms conforming to the specifications adopted by the board. However, a board may require the unit owner to adhere to an existing unified building scheme regarding the external appearance of the condominium.

(d) A unit owner is not responsible for the cost of any removal or reinstallation of hurricane protection, including any exterior window, door, or other aperture protected by the hurricane protection, if its removal is necessary for the maintenance, repair, or replacement of other condominium property or association property for which the association is responsible. The board shall determine whether the removal or reinstallation of hurricane protection must be completed by the unit owner or the association. If such removal or reinstallation



is completed by the association, the costs incurred by the association may not be charged to the unit owner. If such removal or reinstallation is completed by the unit owner, the association must reimburse the unit owner for the cost of the removal or reinstallation or the association must apply the unit owner's cost of removal or reinstallation as a credit toward future assessments.

(e) If the removal or installation of hurricane protection, including any exterior windows, doors, or other apertures protected by the hurricane protection is the responsibility of the unit owner, such removal or installation is completed by the association, and the association then charges the unit owner for such removal or installation, such charges are enforceable as an assessment and may be collected in the manner provided under s. 718.116.

Section 13. Paragraph (e) of subsection (1) of section 718.115, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

718.115 Common expenses and common surplus.-

(1)

1751

1752

1753 1754

1755

1756

1757

1758

1759 1760

1761

1762

1763

1764

1765

1766

1767

1768

1769

1770

1771

1772

1773

1774

1775

1776 1777

1778 1779

(e)1. Except as provided in s. 718.113(5)(d) The expense of installation, replacement, operation, repair, and maintenance of hurricane shutters, impact glass, code-compliant windows or doors, or other types of code-compliant hurricane protection by the board pursuant to s. 718.113(5) constitutes a common expense and shall be collected as provided in this section if the association is responsible for the maintenance, repair, and replacement of the hurricane shutters, impact glass, codecompliant windows or doors, or other types of code-compliant hurricane protection pursuant to the declaration of condominium.

1781

1782

1783

1784

1785

1786

1787

1788

1789

1790

1791

1792

1793

1794

1795

1796

1797

1798

1799

1800

1801

1802 1803

1804

1805

1806

1807

1808



However, if the installation of maintenance, repair, and replacement of the hurricane shutters, impact glass, codecompliant windows or doors, or other types of code-compliant hurricane protection is are the responsibility of the unit owners pursuant to the declaration of condominium or a vote of the unit owners under s. 718.113(5), the cost of the installation of the hurricane shutters, impact glass, codecompliant windows or doors, or other types of code-compliant hurricane protection by the association is not a common expense and must shall be charged individually to the unit owners based on the cost of installation of the hurricane shutters, impact glass, code-compliant windows or doors, or other types of codecompliant hurricane protection appurtenant to the unit. The costs of installation of hurricane protection are enforceable as an assessment and may be collected in the manner provided under s. 718.116.

2. Notwithstanding s. 718.116(9), and regardless of whether or not the declaration requires the association or unit owners to install, maintain, repair, or replace hurricane shutters, impact glass, code-compliant windows or doors, or other types of code-compliant hurricane protection, the a unit owner of a unit where who has previously installed hurricane shutters in accordance with s. 718.113(5) that comply with the current applicable building code shall receive a credit when the shutters are installed; a unit owner who has previously installed impact glass or code-compliant windows or doors that comply with the current applicable building code shall receive a credit when the impact glass or code-compliant windows or doors are installed; and a unit owner who has installed other types of



1809 code-compliant hurricane protection that complies comply with the current applicable building code has been installed is 1810 1811 excused from any assessment levied by the association or shall 1812 receive a credit if when the same type of other code-compliant 1813 hurricane protection is installed by the association, and the 1814 credit shall be equal to the pro rata portion of the assessed installation cost assigned to each unit. A credit is applicable 1815 1816 if the installation of hurricane protection is for all other 1817 units that do not have hurricane protection and the cost of such 1818 installation is funded by the association's budget, including the use of reserve funds. The credit must be equal to the amount 1819 1820 that the unit owner would have been assessed to install the 1821 hurricane protection. However, such unit owner remains 1822 responsible for the pro rata share of expenses for hurricane 1823 shutters, impact glass, code-compliant windows or doors, or 1824 other types of code-compliant hurricane protection installed on 1825 common elements and association property by the board pursuant 1826 to s. 718.113(5) and remains responsible for a pro rata share of 1827 the expense of the replacement, operation, repair, and 1828 maintenance of such shutters, impact glass, code-compliant 1829 windows or doors, or other types of code-compliant hurricane 1830 protection. Expenses for the installation, replacement, 1831 operation, repair, or maintenance of hurricane protection on 1832 common elements and association property are common expenses. 1833 Section 14. Paragraph (a) of subsection (4) of section 1834 718.121, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 1835 718.121 Liens.-1836 (4) (a) If an association sends out an invoice for assessments or a unit's statement of the account described in s. 1837

Page 64 of 141

1839

1840

1841

1842

1843

1844

1845

1846

1847

1848

1849

1850

1851

1852

1853

1854

1855

1856

1857

1858

1859

1860

1861

1862

1863

1864

1865

1866



718.111(12)(a)11.c. s. 718.111(12)(a)11.b., the invoice for assessments or the unit's statement of account must be delivered to the unit owner by first-class United States mail or by electronic transmission to the unit owner's e-mail address maintained in the association's official records.

Section 15. Section 718.1224, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

718.1224 Prohibition against SLAPP suits; other prohibited actions.-

(1) It is the intent of the Legislature to protect the right of condominium unit owners to exercise their rights to instruct their representatives and petition for redress of grievances before their condominium association and the various governmental entities of this state as protected by the First Amendment to the United States Constitution and s. 5, Art. I of the State Constitution. The Legislature recognizes that strategic lawsuits against public participation, or "SLAPP suits," as they are typically referred to, have occurred when association members are sued by condominium associations, individuals, business entities, or governmental entities arising out of a condominium unit owner's appearance and presentation before the board of the condominium association or a governmental entity on matters related to the condominium association. However, it is the public policy of this state that condominium associations, governmental entities, business organizations, and individuals not engage in SLAPP suits, because such actions are inconsistent with the right of condominium unit owners to participate in their condominium association and in the state's institutions of government.

1868

1869

1870

1871

1872

1873 1874

1875

1876

1877

1878

1879

1880

1881

1882

1883

1884

1885

1886

1887

1888

1889

1890

1891

1892

1893

1894

1895



Therefore, the Legislature finds and declares that prohibiting such lawsuits by condominium associations, governmental entities, business entities, and individuals against condominium unit owners who address matters concerning their condominium association will preserve this fundamental state policy, preserve the constitutional rights of condominium unit owners, and ensure the continuation of representative government in this state, and ensure unit owner participation in condominium associations. It is the intent of the Legislature that such lawsuits be expeditiously disposed of by the courts. As used in this subsection, the term "governmental entity" means the state, including the executive, legislative, and judicial branches of government; law enforcement agencies; the independent establishments of the state, counties, municipalities, districts, authorities, boards, or commissions; or any agencies of these branches that are subject to chapter 286.

- (2) A condominium association, a governmental entity, a business organization, or an individual in this state may not file or cause to be filed through its employees or agents any lawsuit, cause of action, claim, cross-claim, or counterclaim against a condominium unit owner without merit and solely because such condominium unit owner has exercised the right to instruct his or her representatives or the right to petition for redress of grievances before the condominium association or the various governmental entities of this state, as protected by the First Amendment to the United States Constitution and s. 5, Art. I of the State Constitution.
- (3) A condominium association may not fine, discriminatorily increase a unit owner's assessments or

1898

1899 1900

1901

1902

1903

1904

1905

1906

1907

1908

1909

1910

1911

1912

1913

1914

1915

1916

1917 1918

1919

1920

1921

1922

1923

1924



discriminatorily decrease services to a unit owner, or bring or threaten to bring an action for possession or other civil action, including a defamation, libel, slander, or tortious interference action, based on conduct described in paragraphs (a)-(f). In order for the unit owner to raise the defense of retaliatory conduct, the unit owner must have acted in good faith and not for any improper purposes, such as to harass or to cause unnecessary delay or for frivolous purpose or needless increase in the cost of litigation. Examples of conduct for which a condominium association, officer, director, or agent of an association may not retaliate include, but are not limited to, situations where:

- (a) The unit owner has in good faith complained to a governmental agency charged with responsibility for enforcement of a building, housing, or health code of a suspected violation applicable to the condominium;
- (b) The unit owner has organized, encouraged, or participated in a unit owners' organization;
- (c) The unit owner submitted information or filed a complaint alleging criminal violations or violations of this chapter or the rules of the division with the division, the Office of the Condominium Ombudsman, a law enforcement agency, a state attorney, the Attorney General, or any other governmental agency;
- (d) The unit owner has exercised his or her rights under this chapter;
- (e) The unit owner has complained to the association or any of its representatives for their failure to comply with this chapter or chapter 617; or

1926

1927

1928

1929

1930

1931 1932

1933

1934

1935

1936

1937

1938

1939

1940

1941

1942

1943

1944

1945

1946

1947

1948

1949

1950

1951

1952

1953



- (f) The unit owner has made public statements critical of the operation or management of the association.
- (4) Evidence of retaliatory conduct may be raised by the unit owner as a defense in any action brought against him or her for possession.
- (5) A condominium unit owner sued by a condominium association, governmental entity, business organization, or individual in violation of this section has a right to an expeditious resolution of a claim that the suit is in violation of this section. A condominium unit owner may petition the court for an order dismissing the action or granting final judgment in favor of that condominium unit owner. The petitioner may file a motion for summary judgment, together with supplemental affidavits, seeking a determination that the condominium association's, governmental entity's, business organization's, or individual's lawsuit has been brought in violation of this section. The condominium association, governmental entity, business organization, or individual shall thereafter file its response and any supplemental affidavits. As soon as practicable, the court shall set a hearing on the petitioner's motion, which shall be held at the earliest possible time after the filing of the condominium association's, governmental entity's, business organization's, or individual's response. The court may award the condominium unit owner sued by the condominium association, governmental entity, business organization, or individual actual damages arising from the condominium association's, governmental entity's, individual's, or business organization's violation of this section. A court may treble the damages awarded to a prevailing condominium unit

1955

1956 1957

1958

1959

1960

1961

1962

1963

1964

1965

1966

1967

1968

1969

1970

1971

1972

1973

1974

1975

1976

1977

1978

1979

1980

1981

1982



owner and shall state the basis for the treble damages award in its judgment. The court shall award the prevailing party reasonable attorney attorney's fees and costs incurred in connection with a claim that an action was filed in violation of this section.

- (6) (4) Condominium associations may not expend association funds in prosecuting a SLAPP suit against a condominium unit owner.
- (7) Condominium associations may not expend association funds in support of a defamation, libel, slander, or tortious interference action against a unit owner or any other claim against a unit owner based on conduct described in paragraphs (3)(a)-(f).

Section 16. Section 718.124, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

718.124 Limitation on actions by association.—The statute of limitations and repose for any actions in law or equity which a condominium association or a cooperative association may have shall not begin to run until the unit owners have elected a majority of the members of the board of administration.

Section 17. Section 718.128, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

718.128 Electronic voting.—The association may conduct elections and other unit owner votes through an Internet-based online voting system if a unit owner consents, electronically or in writing, to online voting and if the following requirements are met:

- (1) The association provides each unit owner with:
- (a) A method to authenticate the unit owner's identity to



the online voting system.

1983

1984

1985 1986

1987

1988

1989

1990

1991

1992

1993

1994

1995

1996

1997

1998

1999

2000 2001

2002

2003

2004

2005

2006

2007

2008

2009

2010

2011

- (b) For elections of the board, a method to transmit an electronic ballot to the online voting system that ensures the secrecy and integrity of each ballot.
- (c) A method to confirm, at least 14 days before the voting deadline, that the unit owner's electronic device can successfully communicate with the online voting system.
 - (2) The association uses an online voting system that is:
 - (a) Able to authenticate the unit owner's identity.
- (b) Able to authenticate the validity of each electronic vote to ensure that the vote is not altered in transit.
- (c) Able to transmit a receipt from the online voting system to each unit owner who casts an electronic vote.
- (d) For elections of the board of administration, able to permanently separate any authentication or identifying information from the electronic election ballot, rendering it impossible to tie an election ballot to a specific unit owner.
- (e) Able to store and keep electronic votes accessible to election officials for recount, inspection, and review purposes.
- (3) A unit owner voting electronically pursuant to this section shall be counted as being in attendance at the meeting for purposes of determining a quorum. A substantive vote of the unit owners may not be taken on any issue other than the issues specifically identified in the electronic vote, when a quorum is established based on unit owners voting electronically pursuant to this section.
- (4) This section applies to an association that provides for and authorizes an online voting system pursuant to this section by a board resolution. The board resolution must provide

2013

2014

2015

2016

2017

2018

2019

2020

2021

2022

2023

2024

2025

2026

2027

2028

2029

2030

2031

2032

2033

2034

2035

2036

2037

2038

2039

2040



that unit owners receive notice of the opportunity to vote through an online voting system, must establish reasonable procedures and deadlines for unit owners to consent, electronically or in writing, to online voting, and must establish reasonable procedures and deadlines for unit owners to opt out of online voting after giving consent. Written notice of a meeting at which the resolution will be considered must be mailed, delivered, or electronically transmitted to the unit owners and posted conspicuously on the condominium property or association property at least 14 days before the meeting. Evidence of compliance with the 14-day notice requirement must be made by an affidavit executed by the person providing the notice and filed with the official records of the association.

- (5) A unit owner's consent to online voting is valid until the unit owner opts out of online voting according to the procedures established by the board of administration pursuant to subsection (4).
- (6) This section may apply to any matter that requires a vote of the unit owners who are not members of a timeshare condominium association.
- Section 18. Effective October 1, 2024, subsections (1) and (3) of section 718.202, Florida Statutes, are amended to read: 718.202 Sales or reservation deposits prior to closing.
- (1) If a developer contracts to sell a condominium parcel and the construction, furnishing, and landscaping of the property submitted or proposed to be submitted to condominium ownership has not been substantially completed in accordance with the plans and specifications and representations made by the developer in the disclosures required by this chapter, the

2042

2043

2044

2045

2046

2047

2048

2049

2050 2051

2052

2053

2054

2055

2056

2057

2058

2059

2060

2061

2062

2063

2064

2065

2066

2067

2068

2069



developer shall pay into an escrow account all payments up to 10 percent of the sale price received by the developer from the buyer towards the sale price. The escrow agent shall give to the purchaser a receipt for the deposit, upon request. In lieu of the foregoing concerning residential condominiums, the division director has the discretion to accept other assurances, including, but not limited to, a surety bond or an irrevocable letter of credit in an amount equal to the escrow requirements of this section. With respect to nonresidential condominiums, the developer shall have the option of delivering to the escrow agent a surety bond or an irrevocable letter of credit in an amount equivalent to the aggregate of some or all of all payments up to 10 percent of the sale price received by the developer from all buyers toward the sale price, in all cases the aggregate of initial 10 percent deposits moneys being released secured by a surety bond or irrevocable letter of credit in an equivalent amount. Default determinations and refund of deposits shall be governed by the escrow release provision of this subsection. Funds shall be released from escrow as follows:

- (a) If a buyer properly terminates the contract pursuant to its terms or pursuant to this chapter, the funds shall be paid to the buyer together with any interest earned.
- (b) If the buyer defaults in the performance of his or her obligations under the contract of purchase and sale, the funds shall be paid to the developer together with any interest earned.
- (c) If the contract does not provide for the payment of any interest earned on the escrowed funds, interest shall be paid to

2071

2072 2073

2074

2075

2076

2077

2.078

2079

2080

2081

2082

2083

2084

2085 2086

2087

2088

2089

2090

2091

2092

2093

2094

2095

2096

2097

2098



the developer at the closing of the transaction.

- (d) If the funds of a buyer have not been previously disbursed in accordance with the provisions of this subsection, they may be disbursed to the developer by the escrow agent at the closing of the transaction, unless prior to the disbursement the escrow agent receives from the buyer written notice of a dispute between the buyer and developer.
- (3) If the contract for sale of the condominium unit so provides, the developer may withdraw escrow funds in excess of 10 percent of the purchase price from the special account required by subsection (2) when the construction of improvements has begun. He or she may use the funds for the actual costs incurred by the developer in the construction and development of the condominium property in which the unit to be sold is located or the easements and rights appurtenant thereto. For purposes of this subsection, the term "actual costs" includes, but is not limited to, expenditures for demolition, site clearing, permit fees, impact fees, and utility reservation fees, as well as architectural, engineering, and surveying fees that directly relate to construction and development of the condominium property or the easements and rights appurtenant thereto. However, no part of these funds may be used for salaries, commissions, or expenses of salespersons; for advertising, marketing, or promotional purposes; or for loan fees and costs, principal and interest on loans, attorney fees, accounting fees, or insurance costs. A contract that which permits use of the advance payments for these purposes must shall include the following legend conspicuously printed or stamped in boldfaced type on the first page of the contract and immediately above the

2100

2101

2102

2103

2104

2105 2106

2107

2108

2109

2110

2111

2112

2113

2114

2115 2116

2117

2118 2119

2120

2121

2122

2123

2124

2125

2126 2127



place for the signature of the buyer: "ANY PAYMENT IN EXCESS OF 10 PERCENT OF THE PURCHASE PRICE MADE TO DEVELOPER PRIOR TO CLOSING PURSUANT TO THIS CONTRACT MAY BE USED FOR CONSTRUCTION PURPOSES BY THE DEVELOPER."

Section 19. Paragraph (p) of subsection (4) of section 718.301, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

718.301 Transfer of association control; claims of defect by association.-

- (4) At the time that unit owners other than the developer elect a majority of the members of the board of administration of an association, the developer shall relinquish control of the association, and the unit owners shall accept control. Simultaneously, or for the purposes of paragraph (c) not more than 90 days thereafter, the developer shall deliver to the association, at the developer's expense, all property of the unit owners and of the association which is held or controlled by the developer, including, but not limited to, the following items, if applicable, as to each condominium operated by the association:
- (p) Notwithstanding when the certificate of occupancy was issued or the height of the building, a turnover inspection report included in the official records, under seal of an architect or engineer authorized to practice in this state or a person certified as a reserve specialist or professional reserve analyst by the Community Associations Institute or the Association of Professional Reserve Analysts, and consisting of a structural integrity reserve study attesting to required maintenance, condition, useful life, and replacement costs of the following applicable condominium property:



2130

2131 2132

2134

2135

2137 2138

2139

2140 2141

2142

2143

2144

2145 2146

2147

2148

2149

2150

2151

2152

2153

2154

2155 2156

- 1. Roof.
- 2. Structure, including load-bearing walls and primary structural members and primary structural systems as those terms are defined in s. 627.706.
 - 3. Fireproofing and fire protection systems.
- 2133 4. Plumbing.
 - 5. Electrical systems.
 - 6. Waterproofing and exterior painting.
- 2136 7. Windows and exterior doors.

Section 20. Subsections (4) and (5) of section 718.3027, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

718.3027 Conflicts of interest.

- (4) A director or an officer, or a relative of a director or an officer, who is a party to, or has an interest in, an activity that is a possible conflict of interest, as described in subsection (1), may attend the meeting at which the activity is considered by the board and is authorized to make a presentation to the board regarding the activity. After the presentation, the director or officer, and any or the relative of the director or officer, must leave the meeting during the discussion of, and the vote on, the activity. A director or an officer who is a party to, or has an interest in, the activity must recuse himself or herself from the vote. The attendance of a director with a possible conflict of interest at the meeting of the board is sufficient to constitute a quorum for the meeting and the vote in his or her absence on the proposed activity.
- (5) A contract entered into between a director or an officer, or a relative of a director or an officer, and the

2158

2159

2160

2161

2162

2163

2164

2165

2166

2167

2168

2169

2170

2171

2172

2173

2174

2175

2176

2177

2178

2179

2180

2181

2182

2183

2184

2185



association, which is not a timeshare condominium association, that has not been properly disclosed as a conflict of interest or potential conflict of interest as required by this section or s. 617.0832 s. 718.111(12)(q) is voidable and terminates upon the filing of a written notice terminating the contract with the board of directors which contains the consent of at least 20 percent of the voting interests of the association.

Section 21. Subsection (5) of section 718.303, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

718.303 Obligations of owners and occupants; remedies .-

(5) An association may suspend the voting rights of a unit owner or member due to nonpayment of any fee, fine, or other monetary obligation due to the association which is more than \$1,000 and more than 90 days delinquent. Proof of such obligation must be provided to the unit owner or member 30 days before such suspension takes effect. At least 90 days before an election, an association must notify a unit owner or member that his or her voting rights may be suspended due to a nonpayment of a fee or other monetary obligation. A voting interest or consent right allocated to a unit owner or member which has been suspended by the association shall be subtracted from the total number of voting interests in the association, which shall be reduced by the number of suspended voting interests when calculating the total percentage or number of all voting interests available to take or approve any action, and the suspended voting interests shall not be considered for any purpose, including, but not limited to, the percentage or number of voting interests necessary to constitute a quorum, the percentage or number of voting interests required to conduct an

2187

2188

2189

2190

2191

2192

2193

2194

2195

2196

2197

2198

2199

2200

2201

2202

2203

2204

2205

2206

2207

2208

2209

2210

2211

2212

2213

2214



election, or the percentage or number of voting interests required to approve an action under this chapter or pursuant to the declaration, articles of incorporation, or bylaws. The suspension ends upon full payment of all obligations currently due or overdue the association. The notice and hearing requirements under subsection (3) do not apply to a suspension imposed under this subsection.

Section 22. Effective October 1, 2024, section 718.407, Florida Statutes, is created to read:

718.407 Condominiums created within a portion of a building or within a multiple parcel building.-

- (1) Notwithstanding s. 718.103(12) or s. 718.108(1), a condominium may be created within a portion of a building or within a multiple parcel building, as defined in s. 193.0237(1), as provided in this section.
- (2) Notwithstanding s. 718.103(12) or s. 718.108(1), the common elements of a condominium created within a portion of a building or a multiple parcel building are only those portions of the building submitted to the condominium form of ownership, excluding the units of such condominium.
- (3) The declaration of condominium that creates a condominium within a portion of a building or within a multiple parcel building, the recorded instrument that creates the multiple parcel building, or any other recorded instrument applicable under this section must specify all of the following:
- (a) The portions of the building which are included in the condominium and the portions of the building which are excluded.
- (b) The party responsible for maintaining and operating those portions of the building which are shared facilities, and

2216

2217 2218

2219

2220

2221

2222

2223 2224

2225

2226

2227

2228

2229

2230

2231

2232

2233

2234 2235

2236

2237

2238

2239

2240

2241 2242

2243



which may include, among other things, the roof, the exterior of the building, windows, balconies, elevators, the building lobby, corridors, recreational amenities, and utilities.

- (c) 1. The manner in which the expenses for the maintenance and operation of the shared facilities will be apportioned. An owner of a portion of a building which is not submitted to the condominium form of ownership, or the condominium association, as applicable to the portion of the building submitted to the condominium form of ownership, must approve any increase in the apportionment of expenses to such portion of the building. The apportionment of the expenses for the maintenance and operation of the shared facilities may be based on any of the following criteria or any combination thereof:
- a. The area or volume of each portion of the building in relation to the total area or volume of the entire building, exclusive of the shared facilities.
- b. The initial estimated market value of each portion of the building in comparison to the total initial estimated market value of the entire building.
- c. The extent to which the owners are permitted to use various shared facilities.
- 2. This paragraph does not preclude an alternative apportionment of expenses, provided that the apportionment is stated in the declaration of condominium that creates a condominium within a portion of a building or within a multiple parcel building, the recorded instrument that creates the multiple parcel building, or any other recorded instrument applicable under this section.
 - (d) The party responsible for collecting the shared



2244	expenses.
2245	(e) The rights and remedies that are available to enforce
2246	payment of the shared expenses.
2247	(4) The association of a condominium subject to this
2248	section has the right to inspect and copy the books and records
2249	upon which the costs for maintaining and operating the shared
2250	facilities are based and to receive an annual budget with
2251	respect to such costs.
2252	(5) Each contract for the sale of a unit in a condominium
2253	subject to this section must contain, in conspicuous type, a
2254	clause that substantially states:
2255	
2256	DISCLOSURE SUMMARY
2257	THE CONDOMINIUM IN WHICH YOUR UNIT IS LOCATED IS
2258	CREATED WITHIN A PORTION OF A BUILDING OR WITHIN A
2259	MULTIPLE PARCEL BUILDING. THE COMMON ELEMENTS OF THE
2260	CONDOMINIUM CONSIST ONLY OF THE PORTIONS OF THE
2261	BUILDING SUBMITTED TO THE CONDOMINIUM.
2262	
2263	BUYER ACKNOWLEDGES:
2264	1) THE CONDOMINIUM MAY HAVE MINIMAL COMMON ELEMENTS.
2265	
2266	2) PORTIONS OF THE BUILDING THAT ARE NOT INCLUDED IN
2267	THE CONDOMINIUM ARE (OR WILL BE) GOVERNED BY A
2268	SEPARATE RECORDED INSTRUMENT. SUCH INSTRUMENT CONTAINS
2269	IMPORTANT PROVISIONS AND RIGHTS AND IS (OR WILL BE)
2270	AVAILABLE IN PUBLIC RECORDS.
2271	
2272	3) THE PARTY THAT CONTROLS THE MAINTENANCE AND



2273 OPERATION OF THE PORTIONS OF THE BUILDING THAT ARE NOT 2274 INCLUDED IN THE CONDOMINIUM DETERMINES THE BUDGET FOR 2275 THE OPERATION AND MAINTENANCE OF SUCH PORTIONS; 2276 HOWEVER, THE ASSOCIATION AND UNIT OWNERS ARE STILL 2277 RESPONSIBLE FOR THEIR SHARE OF SUCH EXPENSES.

2278

2279 4) THE ALLOCATION BETWEEN THE OWNERS OF THE COSTS TO 2280 MAINTAIN AND OPERATE THE BUILDING CAN BE FOUND IN THE 2281 DECLARATION OF CONDOMINIUM OR OTHER RECORDED 2282 INSTRUMENT.

2283

2284

2285

2286

2287

2288

2289

2290

2291

2292

2293

2294

2295

2296

2297

2298

2299

- (6) The creation of a multiple parcel building is not a subdivision of the land upon which such building is situated, provided that the land itself is not subdivided.
- Section 23. Subsections (1) and (2) of section 718.501, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:
- 718.501 Authority, responsibility, and duties of Division of Florida Condominiums, Timeshares, and Mobile Homes.-
- (1)(a) The division may enforce and ensure compliance with this chapter and rules relating to the development, construction, sale, lease, ownership, operation, and management of residential condominium units and complaints related to the procedural completion of milestone inspections under s. 553.899. In performing its duties, the division has complete jurisdiction to investigate complaints and enforce compliance with respect to associations that are still under developer control or the control of a bulk assignee or bulk buyer pursuant to part VII of this chapter and complaints against developers, bulk assignees, or bulk buyers involving improper turnover or failure to



2302 turnover, pursuant to s. 718.301. However, after turnover has 2303 occurred, the division has jurisdiction to investigate complaints related only to: 2304 2305 1. Procedures and records related to financial issues, 2306 elections, and including annual financial reporting under s. 2307 718.111(13); assessments for common expenses, fines, and 2308 commingling of reserve and operating funds under in s. 2309 718.111(14); use of debit cards for other than intended purposes 2310 under s. 718.111(15); the annual operating budget and the 2311 allocation of reserve funds under s. 718.112(2)(f); which 2312 financial records under s. 718.111(12)(a)11; and any other 2313 record necessary to determine the revenues and expenses of the 2314 association; 2315 2. Elections, including election and voting requirements 2316 under s. 718.112(2)(b) and (d), recall of board members under 718.112(2)(1), electronic voting under s. 718.128, and elections 2317 2318 that occur during an emergency under s. 718.1265(1)(a); 2319 3. The maintenance of and unit owner access to association 2320 records under s. 718.111(12), allegations of criminal violations 2321 under this chapter, the removal of a director or an officer under s. 718.112(2)(q); and 2322 2323 4. The procedural aspects of meetings, such as, unit owner 2324 meetings, quorums, voting requirements, proxies, board of 2325 administration meetings, and budget meetings under s. 2326 718.112(2); 2327 5. Disclosure of conflicts of interest under s. 2328 718.111(1)(a) and s. 718.3027, including limitations contained 2329 in s. 718.111(3)(f);

6. Removal of a board director or officer under s.

2334

2335

2336

2337

2338

2339

2340

2341

2342

2343

2344

2345

2346

2347

2348 2349

2350

2351

2352

2353

2354

2355

2356

2357

2358



- 718.111(1)(a) and (15), and s. 718.112(2)(p) and (q);
- 2332 7. The procedural completion of structural integrity reserve studies under s. 718.112(2)(g); and 2333
 - 8. Any written inquiries by unit owners to the association relating to such matters, including written inquiries under s. 718.112(2)(a)2.
 - (b) (a) 1. The division may make necessary public or private investigations within or outside this state to determine whether any person has violated this chapter or any rule or order hereunder, to aid in the enforcement of this chapter, or to aid in the adoption of rules or forms.
 - 2. The division may submit any official written report, worksheet, or other related paper, or a duly certified copy thereof, compiled, prepared, drafted, or otherwise made by and duly authenticated by a financial examiner or analyst to be admitted as competent evidence in any hearing in which the financial examiner or analyst is available for cross-examination and attests under oath that such documents were prepared as a result of an examination or inspection conducted pursuant to this chapter.
 - (c) (b) The division may require or permit any person to file a statement in writing, under oath or otherwise, as the division determines, as to the facts and circumstances concerning a matter to be investigated.
 - (d) (c) For the purpose of any investigation under this chapter, the division director or any officer or employee designated by the division director may administer oaths or affirmations, subpoena witnesses and compel their attendance, take evidence, and require the production of any matter which is

2361

2362

2363

2364 2365

2366

2367

2368

2369

2370

2371

2372

2373

2374

2375

2376

2377

2378

2379

2380

2381

2382

2383

2384

2385

2386

2387

2388



relevant to the investigation, including the existence, description, nature, custody, condition, and location of any books, documents, or other tangible things and the identity and location of persons having knowledge of relevant facts or any other matter reasonably calculated to lead to the discovery of material evidence. Upon the failure by a person to obey a subpoena or to answer questions propounded by the investigating officer and upon reasonable notice to all affected persons, the division may apply to the circuit court for an order compelling compliance.

- (e) (d) Notwithstanding any remedies available to unit owners and associations, if the division has reasonable cause to believe that a violation of any provision of this chapter or related rule has occurred, the division may institute enforcement proceedings in its own name against any developer, bulk assignee, bulk buyer, association, officer, or member of the board of administration, or its assignees or agents, as follows:
- 1. The division may permit a person whose conduct or actions may be under investigation to waive formal proceedings and enter into a consent proceeding whereby orders, rules, or letters of censure or warning, whether formal or informal, may be entered against the person.
- 2. The division may issue an order requiring the developer, bulk assignee, bulk buyer, association, developer-designated officer, or developer-designated member of the board of administration, developer-designated assignees or agents, bulk assignee-designated assignees or agents, bulk buyer-designated assignees or agents, community association manager, or community

2390

2391

2392

2393

2394

2395 2396

2397 2398

2399

2400

2401

2402

2403

2404

2405

2406

2407

2408

2409

2410

2411

2412

2413

2414

2415

2416 2417



association management firm to cease and desist from the unlawful practice and take such affirmative action as in the judgment of the division carry out the purposes of this chapter. If the division finds that a developer, bulk assignee, bulk buyer, association, officer, or member of the board of administration, or its assignees or agents, is violating or is about to violate any provision of this chapter, any rule adopted or order issued by the division, or any written agreement entered into with the division, and presents an immediate danger to the public requiring an immediate final order, it may issue an emergency cease and desist order reciting with particularity the facts underlying such findings. The emergency cease and desist order is effective for 90 days. If the division begins nonemergency cease and desist proceedings, the emergency cease and desist order remains effective until the conclusion of the proceedings under ss. 120.569 and 120.57.

- 3. If a developer, bulk assignee, or bulk buyer fails to pay any restitution determined by the division to be owed, plus any accrued interest at the highest rate permitted by law, within 30 days after expiration of any appellate time period of a final order requiring payment of restitution or the conclusion of any appeal thereof, whichever is later, the division must bring an action in circuit or county court on behalf of any association, class of unit owners, lessees, or purchasers for restitution, declaratory relief, injunctive relief, or any other available remedy. The division may also temporarily revoke its acceptance of the filing for the developer to which the restitution relates until payment of restitution is made.
 - 4. The division may petition the court for appointment of a

2419

2420

2421

2422

2423

2424

2425

2426

2427

2428

2429

2430

2431

2432

2433

2434

2435

2436

2437

2438

2439

2440

2441

2442 2443

2444

2445

2446



receiver or conservator. If appointed, the receiver or conservator may take action to implement the court order to ensure the performance of the order and to remedy any breach thereof. In addition to all other means provided by law for the enforcement of an injunction or temporary restraining order, the circuit court may impound or sequester the property of a party defendant, including books, papers, documents, and related records, and allow the examination and use of the property by the division and a court-appointed receiver or conservator.

- 5. The division may apply to the circuit court for an order of restitution whereby the defendant in an action brought under subparagraph 4. is ordered to make restitution of those sums shown by the division to have been obtained by the defendant in violation of this chapter. At the option of the court, such restitution is payable to the conservator or receiver appointed under subparagraph 4. or directly to the persons whose funds or assets were obtained in violation of this chapter.
- 6. The division may impose a civil penalty against a developer, bulk assignee, or bulk buyer, or association, or its assignee or agent, for any violation of this chapter, or related rule, or chapter 617. The division may impose a civil penalty individually against an officer or board member who willfully and knowingly violates this chapter, an adopted rule, or a final order of the division; may order the removal of such individual as an officer or from the board of administration or as an officer of the association; and may prohibit such individual from serving as an officer or on the board of a community association for a period of time. The term "willfully and knowingly" means that the division informed the officer or board

2448 2449

2450

2451

2452 2453

2454

2455

2456

2457

2458

2459

2460

2461

2462

2463

2464

2465

2466

2467

2468

2469

2.470

2471

2472

2473

2474 2475



member that his or her action or intended action violates this chapter, a rule adopted under this chapter, or a final order of the division and that the officer or board member refused to comply with the requirements of this chapter, a rule adopted under this chapter, or a final order of the division. The division, before initiating formal agency action under chapter 120, must afford the officer or board member an opportunity to voluntarily comply, and an officer or board member who complies within 10 days is not subject to a civil penalty. A penalty may be imposed on the basis of each day of continuing violation, but the penalty for any offense may not exceed \$5,000. The division shall adopt, by rule, penalty guidelines applicable to possible violations or to categories of violations of this chapter or rules adopted by the division. The guidelines must specify a meaningful range of civil penalties for each such violation of the statute and rules and must be based upon the harm caused by the violation, upon the repetition of the violation, and upon such other factors deemed relevant by the division. For example, the division may consider whether the violations were committed by a developer, bulk assignee, or bulk buyer, or ownercontrolled association, the size of the association, and other factors. The quidelines must designate the possible mitigating or aggravating circumstances that justify a departure from the range of penalties provided by the rules. It is the legislative intent that minor violations be distinguished from those which endanger the health, safety, or welfare of the condominium residents or other persons and that such guidelines provide reasonable and meaningful notice to the public of likely penalties that may be imposed for proscribed conduct. This

2477

2478

2479

2480

2481

2482

2483

2484

2485

2486

2487

2488

2489

2490

2491

2492

2493 2494

2495

2496

2497

2498

2499

2500

2501

2502

2503

2504



subsection does not limit the ability of the division to informally dispose of administrative actions or complaints by stipulation, agreed settlement, or consent order. All amounts collected shall be deposited with the Chief Financial Officer to the credit of the Division of Florida Condominiums, Timeshares, and Mobile Homes Trust Fund. If a developer, bulk assignee, or bulk buyer fails to pay the civil penalty and the amount deemed to be owed to the association, the division shall issue an order directing that such developer, bulk assignee, or bulk buyer cease and desist from further operation until such time as the civil penalty is paid or may pursue enforcement of the penalty in a court of competent jurisdiction. If an association fails to pay the civil penalty, the division shall pursue enforcement in a court of competent jurisdiction, and the order imposing the civil penalty or the cease and desist order is not effective until 20 days after the date of such order. Any action commenced by the division shall be brought in the county in which the division has its executive offices or in the county where the violation occurred.

7. If a unit owner presents the division with proof that the unit owner has requested access to official records in writing by certified mail, and that after 10 days the unit owner again made the same request for access to official records in writing by certified mail, and that more than 10 days has elapsed since the second request and the association has still failed or refused to provide access to official records as required by this chapter, the division shall issue a subpoena requiring production of the requested records where the records are kept pursuant to s. 718.112. Upon receipt of the records,

2506

2507

2508

2509

2510

2511

2512

2513

2514

2515

2516

2517

2518

2519

2520

2521

2522

2523

2524

2525

2526

2527

2528

2529

2530

2531

2532

2533



the division shall provide without charge the produced official records to the unit owner who was denied access to such records.

- 8. In addition to subparagraph 6., the division may seek the imposition of a civil penalty through the circuit court for any violation for which the division may issue a notice to show cause under paragraph (s) $\frac{(r)}{(r)}$. The civil penalty shall be at least \$500 but no more than \$5,000 for each violation. The court may also award to the prevailing party court costs and reasonable attorney fees and, if the division prevails, may also award reasonable costs of investigation.
- 9. The division may issue citations and promulgate rules to provide for citation bases and citation procedures in accordance with this section.
- (f) (e) The division may prepare and disseminate a prospectus and other information to assist prospective owners, purchasers, lessees, and developers of residential condominiums in assessing the rights, privileges, and duties pertaining thereto.
- (q) (f) The division may adopt rules to administer and enforce this chapter.
- (h) (g) The division shall establish procedures for providing notice to an association and the developer, bulk assignee, or bulk buyer during the period in which the developer, bulk assignee, or bulk buyer controls the association if the division is considering the issuance of a declaratory statement with respect to the declaration of condominium or any related document governing such condominium community.
- (i) (h) The division shall furnish each association that pays the fees required by paragraph (2)(a) a copy of this

2535

2536 2537

2538

2539

2540

2541

2542

2543

2544

2545

2546

2547

2548

2549

2550

2551

2552

2553

2554

2555

2556

2557

2558

2559

2560

2561

2562



chapter, as amended, and the rules adopted thereto on an annual basis.

(j) (i) The division shall annually provide each association with a summary of declaratory statements and formal legal opinions relating to the operations of condominiums which were rendered by the division during the previous year.

(k) (j) The division shall provide training and educational programs for condominium association board members and unit owners. The training may, in the division's discretion, include web-based electronic media and live training and seminars in various locations throughout the state. The division may review and approve education and training programs for board members and unit owners offered by providers and shall maintain a current list of approved programs and providers and make such list available to board members and unit owners in a reasonable and cost-effective manner. The division shall provide the division-approved provider with the template certificate for issuance directly to the association board of directors members who have satisfactorily completed the requirements under s. 718.112(2)(d). The division may adopt rules to implement this section.

(1) (k) The division shall maintain a toll-free telephone number accessible to condominium unit owners.

(m) (l) The division shall develop a program to certify both volunteer and paid mediators to provide mediation of condominium disputes. The division shall provide, upon request, a list of such mediators to any association, unit owner, or other participant in alternative dispute resolution proceedings under s. 718.1255 requesting a copy of the list. The division shall

2564

2565

2566

2567

2568

2569

2570

2571

2572

2573

2574

2575

2576

2577

2578

2579

2580

2581

2582

2583

2584

2585

2586

2587

2588

2589

2590

2591



include on the list of volunteer mediators only the names of persons who have received at least 20 hours of training in mediation techniques or who have mediated at least 20 disputes. In order to become initially certified by the division, paid mediators must be certified by the Supreme Court to mediate court cases in county or circuit courts. However, the division may adopt, by rule, additional factors for the certification of paid mediators, which must be related to experience, education, or background. Any person initially certified as a paid mediator by the division must, in order to continue to be certified, comply with the factors or requirements adopted by rule.

(n) (m) If a complaint is made, the division must conduct its inquiry with due regard for the interests of the affected parties. Within 30 days after receipt of a complaint, the division shall acknowledge the complaint in writing and notify the complainant whether the complaint is within the jurisdiction of the division and whether additional information is needed by the division from the complainant. The division shall conduct its investigation and, within 90 days after receipt of the original complaint or of timely requested additional information, take action upon the complaint. However, the failure to complete the investigation within 90 days does not prevent the division from continuing the investigation, accepting or considering evidence obtained or received after 90 days, or taking administrative action if reasonable cause exists to believe that a violation of this chapter or a rule has occurred. If an investigation is not completed within the time limits established in this paragraph, the division shall, on a monthly basis, notify the complainant in writing of the status

2593

2594

2595

2596

2597

2598

2599

2600

2601

2602

2603

2604

2605

2606

2607

2608

2609

2610

2611

2612

2613

2614

2615

2616

2617

2618

2619

2620



of the investigation. When reporting its action to the complainant, the division shall inform the complainant of any right to a hearing under ss. 120.569 and 120.57. The division may adopt rules regarding the submission of a complaint against an association.

(o) (n) Condominium association directors, officers, and employees; condominium developers; bulk assignees, bulk buyers, and community association managers; and community association management firms have an ongoing duty to reasonably cooperate with the division in any investigation under this section. The division shall refer to local law enforcement authorities any person whom the division believes has altered, destroyed, concealed, or removed any record, document, or thing required to be kept or maintained by this chapter with the purpose to impair its verity or availability in the department's investigation. The division shall refer to local law enforcement authorities any person whom the division believes has engaged in fraud, theft, embezzlement, or other criminal activity or when the division has cause to believe that fraud, theft, embezzlement, or other criminal activity has occurred.

(p) (o) The division director or any officer or employee of the division, and the condominium ombudsman or an employee of the Office of the Condominium Ombudsman, may attend and observe any meeting of the board of administration or unit owner meeting, including any meeting of a subcommittee or special committee, that is open to members of the association for the purpose of performing the duties of the division or the Office of the Condominium Ombudsman under this chapter.

(q) The division may:

2624

2625

2626

2627

2628

2629

2630

2631

2632

2633

2634

2635

2636

2637

2638

2639

2640

2641

2642

2643

2644

2645

2646

2647

2648



- 2621 1. Contract with agencies in this state or other 2622 jurisdictions to perform investigative functions; or
 - 2. Accept grants-in-aid from any source.
 - (r) (p) The division shall cooperate with similar agencies in other jurisdictions to establish uniform filing procedures and forms, public offering statements, advertising standards, and rules and common administrative practices.
 - (s) (q) The division shall consider notice to a developer, bulk assignee, or bulk buyer to be complete when it is delivered to the address of the developer, bulk assignee, or bulk buyer currently on file with the division.
 - (t) (r) In addition to its enforcement authority, the division may issue a notice to show cause, which must provide for a hearing, upon written request, in accordance with chapter 120.
 - (u) If the division receives a complaint regarding access to official records on the association website under s. 718.111(12)(g), the division may request access to the association website and investigate the complaint. The division may implement rules to carry out this provision.
 - (v) (s) The division shall submit to the Governor, the President of the Senate, the Speaker of the House of Representatives, and the chairs of the legislative appropriations committees an annual report that includes, but need not be limited to, the number of training programs provided for condominium association board members and unit owners, the number of complaints received by type, the number and percent of complaints acknowledged in writing within 30 days and the number and percent of investigations acted upon within 90 days in

2651

2652

2653

2654

2655

2656

2657

2658

2659

2660

2661

2662

2663

2664

2665

2666

2667

2668

2669

2670

2671

2672

2673

2674

2675

2676

2677

2678



accordance with paragraph (m), and the number of investigations exceeding the 90-day requirement. The annual report must also include an evaluation of the division's core business processes and make recommendations for improvements, including statutory changes. After December 31, 2024, the division must include the uniform resource locator for the Internet address to the list of the associations that have completed their structural reserve study under section 718.112(2)(g). The report shall be submitted by September 30 following the end of the fiscal year.

- (2)(a) Each condominium association which operates more than two units shall pay to the division an annual fee in the amount of \$4 for each residential unit in condominiums operated by the association. If the fee is not paid by March 1, the association shall be assessed a penalty of 10 percent of the amount due, and the association will not have standing to maintain or defend any action in the courts of this state until the amount due, plus any penalty, is paid.
- (b) All fees shall be deposited in the Division of Florida Condominiums, Timeshares, and Mobile Homes Trust Fund as provided by law.
- (c) On the certification form provided by the division, the directors of the association shall certify that each director of the association has completed the written certification and educational certificate requirements in s. 718.112(2)(d)4.b. This certification requirement does not apply to the directors of an association governing a timeshare condominium.

Section 24. Subsection (2) of section 718.5011, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

718.5011 Ombudsman; appointment; administration.

2680

2681

2682

2683

2684

2685

2686

2.687

2688

2689

2690

2691

2692

2693

2694

2695

2696

2697

2698

2699

2700

2701

2702

2703

2704

2705

2706

2707



(2) The secretary of the Department of Business and Professional Regulation Governor shall appoint the ombudsman, who. The ombudsman must be an attorney admitted to practice before the Florida Supreme Court and shall serve at the pleasure of the secretary Governor. A vacancy in the office shall be filled in the same manner as the original appointment. An officer or full-time employee of the ombudsman's office may not actively engage in any other business or profession that directly or indirectly relates to or conflicts with his or her work in the ombudsman's office; serve as the representative of any political party, executive committee, or other governing body of a political party; serve as an executive, officer, or employee of a political party; receive remuneration for activities on behalf of any candidate for public office; or engage in soliciting votes or other activities on behalf of a candidate for public office. The ombudsman or any employee of his or her office may not become a candidate for election to public office unless he or she first resigns from his or her office or employment.

Section 25. Effective October 1, 2024, paragraph (a) of subsection (2) and subsection (3) of section 718.503, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

718.503 Developer disclosure prior to sale; nondeveloper unit owner disclosure prior to sale; voidability.-

- (2) NONDEVELOPER DISCLOSURE. -
- (a) Each unit owner who is not a developer as defined by this chapter must comply with this subsection before the sale of his or her unit. Each prospective purchaser who has entered into a contract for the purchase of a condominium unit is entitled,

2712

2713

2714

2715

2716

2717

2718

2719

2720

2721

2722

2723

2724

2725

2726

2727

2728

2729

2730

2731

2732

2733

2734

2735

2736



2708 at the seller's expense, to a current copy of all of the 2709 following:

- 1. The declaration of condominium.
- 2. Articles of incorporation of the association.
- 3. Bylaws and rules of the association.
- 4. An annual financial statement and an annual budget of the condominium association Financial information required by 718.111.
- 5. A copy of the inspector-prepared summary of the milestone inspection report as described in s. 553.899, if applicable.
- 6. The association's most recent structural integrity reserve study or a statement that the association has not completed a structural integrity reserve study.
- 7. A copy of the inspection report described in s. 718.301(4)(p) and (q) for a turnover inspection performed on or after July 1, 2023.
- 8. The document entitled "Frequently Asked Questions and Answers" required by s. 718.504.
 - (3) OTHER DISCLOSURES DISCLOSURE.-
- (a) If residential condominium parcels are offered for sale or lease prior to completion of construction of the units and of improvements to the common elements, or prior to completion of remodeling of previously occupied buildings, the developer must shall make available to each prospective purchaser or lessee, for his or her inspection at a place convenient to the site, a copy of the complete plans and specifications for the construction or remodeling of the unit offered to him or her and of the improvements to the common elements appurtenant to the



2737 unit.

2738 2739

2740

2741 2742

2743

2744

2745

2746

2747

2748

2749

2750

2751

2752

2753

2754 2755

2756

2757

2758

2759

2760

2761

2762

2763

2764 2765

- (b) Sales brochures, if any, must shall be provided to each purchaser, and the following caveat in conspicuous type must shall be placed on the inside front cover or on the first page containing text material of the sales brochure, or otherwise conspicuously displayed: "ORAL REPRESENTATIONS CANNOT BE RELIED UPON AS CORRECTLY STATING REPRESENTATIONS OF THE DEVELOPER. FOR CORRECT REPRESENTATIONS, MAKE REFERENCE TO THIS BROCHURE AND TO THE DOCUMENTS REQUIRED BY SECTION 718.503, FLORIDA STATUTES, TO BE FURNISHED BY A DEVELOPER TO A BUYER OR LESSEE." If timeshare estates have been or may be created with respect to any unit in the condominium, the sales brochure must shall contain the following statement in conspicuous type: "UNITS IN THIS CONDOMINIUM ARE SUBJECT TO TIMESHARE ESTATES."
- (c) If a unit is located within a condominium that is created within a portion of a building or within a multiple parcel building, the developer or nondeveloper unit owner must provide the disclosures required by s. 718.407(5).

Section 26. Effective October 1, 2024, section 718.504, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

718.504 Prospectus or offering circular.—Every developer of a residential condominium which contains more than 20 residential units, or which is part of a group of residential condominiums which will be served by property to be used in common by unit owners of more than 20 residential units, shall prepare a prospectus or offering circular and file it with the Division of Florida Condominiums, Timeshares, and Mobile Homes prior to entering into an enforceable contract of purchase and sale of any unit or lease of a unit for more than 5 years and

2767

2768

2770

2771

2772

2773

2.774

2775

2776

2778

2780

2781

2782

2784

2785

2786

2788

2789

2790

2791

2794



shall furnish a copy of the prospectus or offering circular to each buyer. In addition to the prospectus or offering circular, each buyer shall be furnished a separate page entitled 2769 "Frequently Asked Questions and Answers," which shall be in accordance with a format approved by the division and a copy of the financial information required by s. 718.111. This page shall, in readable language, inform prospective purchasers regarding their voting rights and unit use restrictions, including restrictions on the leasing of a unit; shall indicate whether and in what amount the unit owners or the association is obligated to pay rent or land use fees for recreational or other 2777 commonly used facilities; shall contain a statement identifying that amount of assessment which, pursuant to the budget, would 2779 be levied upon each unit type, exclusive of any special assessments, and which shall further identify the basis upon which assessments are levied, whether monthly, quarterly, or otherwise; shall state and identify any court cases in which the association is currently a party of record in which the 2783 association may face liability in excess of \$100,000; shall state whether the condominium is created within a portion of a building or a multiple parcel building; and which shall further 2787 state whether membership in a recreational facilities association is mandatory, and if so, shall identify the fees currently charged per unit type. The division shall by rule require such other disclosure as in its judgment will assist prospective purchasers. The prospectus or offering circular may 2792 include more than one condominium, although not all such units are being offered for sale as of the date of the prospectus or 2793 offering circular. The prospectus or offering circular must



2795 contain the following information:

2796

2797

2798

2799

2803 2804

2805

2806

2807

2808

2809

2810

2811 2812 2813

2814

2815

2816

2817

2818 2819

2820

2821

2822

- (1) The front cover or the first page must contain only:
- (a) The name of the condominium.
- (b) The following statements in conspicuous type:
- 2800 1. THIS PROSPECTUS (OFFERING CIRCULAR) CONTAINS 2801 IMPORTANT MATTERS TO BE CONSIDERED IN ACQUIRING A 2802 CONDOMINIUM UNIT.
 - 2. THE STATEMENTS CONTAINED HEREIN ARE ONLY SUMMARY IN NATURE. A PROSPECTIVE PURCHASER SHOULD REFER TO ALL REFERENCES, ALL EXHIBITS HERETO, THE CONTRACT DOCUMENTS, AND SALES MATERIALS.
 - 3. ORAL REPRESENTATIONS CANNOT BE RELIED UPON AS CORRECTLY STATING THE REPRESENTATIONS OF THE DEVELOPER. REFER TO THIS PROSPECTUS (OFFERING CIRCULAR) AND ITS EXHIBITS FOR CORRECT REPRESENTATIONS.
 - (2) Summary: The next page must contain all statements required to be in conspicuous type in the prospectus or offering circular.
 - (3) A separate index of the contents and exhibits of the prospectus.
 - (4) Beginning on the first page of the text (not including the summary and index), a description of the condominium, including, but not limited to, the following information:
 - (a) Its name and location.
 - (b) A description of the condominium property, including, without limitation:

2825

2826 2827

2828 2829

2830

2831

2832

2833

2834

2835

2836

2837

2838

2839

2840

2841

2842 2843

2844

2845

2846

2.847

2848

2849

2850

2851



- 1. The number of buildings, the number of units in each building, the number of bathrooms and bedrooms in each unit, and the total number of units, if the condominium is not a phase condominium, or the maximum number of buildings that may be contained within the condominium, the minimum and maximum numbers of units in each building, the minimum and maximum numbers of bathrooms and bedrooms that may be contained in each unit, and the maximum number of units that may be contained within the condominium, if the condominium is a phase condominium.
- 2. The page in the condominium documents where a copy of the plot plan and survey of the condominium is located.
- 3. The estimated latest date of completion of constructing, finishing, and equipping. In lieu of a date, the description shall include a statement that the estimated date of completion of the condominium is in the purchase agreement and a reference to the article or paragraph containing that information.
- (c) The maximum number of units that will use facilities in common with the condominium. If the maximum number of units will vary, a description of the basis for variation and the minimum amount of dollars per unit to be spent for additional recreational facilities or enlargement of such facilities. If the addition or enlargement of facilities will result in a material increase of a unit owner's maintenance expense or rental expense, if any, the maximum increase and limitations thereon shall be stated.
- (5)(a) A statement in conspicuous type describing whether the condominium is created and being sold as fee simple interests or as leasehold interests. If the condominium is

2854

2855

2856

2857

2858

2859

2860

2861

2862

2863

2864

2865

2866

2867

2868

2869

2.870

2871

2872

2873

2874

2875

2876 2877

2878

2879

2880

2881



created or being sold on a leasehold, the location of the lease in the disclosure materials shall be stated.

- (b) If timeshare estates are or may be created with respect to any unit in the condominium, a statement in conspicuous type stating that timeshare estates are created and being sold in units in the condominium.
- (6) A description of the recreational and other commonly used facilities that will be used only by unit owners of the condominium, including, but not limited to, the following:
- (a) Each room and its intended purposes, location, approximate floor area, and capacity in numbers of people.
- (b) Each swimming pool, as to its general location, approximate size and depths, approximate deck size and capacity, and whether heated.
- (c) Additional facilities, as to the number of each facility, its approximate location, approximate size, and approximate capacity.
- (d) A general description of the items of personal property and the approximate number of each item of personal property that the developer is committing to furnish for each room or other facility or, in the alternative, a representation as to the minimum amount of expenditure that will be made to purchase the personal property for the facility.
- (e) The estimated date when each room or other facility will be available for use by the unit owners.
- (f) 1. An identification of each room or other facility to be used by unit owners that will not be owned by the unit owners or the association;
 - 2. A reference to the location in the disclosure materials

2883

2884

2885

2886

2887

2888

2889

2890

2891

2892

2893

2894

2895

2896

2897

2898

2899

2900 2901 2902

2903

2904

2905

2906

2907

2908

2909

2910



of the lease or other agreements providing for the use of those facilities; and

- 3. A description of the terms of the lease or other agreements, including the length of the term; the rent payable, directly or indirectly, by each unit owner, and the total rent payable to the lessor, stated in monthly and annual amounts for the entire term of the lease; and a description of any option to purchase the property leased under any such lease, including the time the option may be exercised, the purchase price or how it is to be determined, the manner of payment, and whether the option may be exercised for a unit owner's share or only as to the entire leased property.
- (q) A statement as to whether the developer may provide additional facilities not described above; their general locations and types; improvements or changes that may be made; the approximate dollar amount to be expended; and the maximum additional common expense or cost to the individual unit owners that may be charged during the first annual period of operation of the modified or added facilities.

Descriptions as to locations, areas, capacities, numbers, volumes, or sizes may be stated as approximations or minimums.

- (7) A description of the recreational and other facilities that will be used in common with other condominiums, community associations, or planned developments which require the payment of the maintenance and expenses of such facilities, directly or indirectly, by the unit owners. The description shall include, but not be limited to, the following:
 - (a) Each building and facility committed to be built and a

2912

2913

2914

2915

2916

2917

2918

2919

2920

2921

2922

2923

2924

2925

2926

2927

2928

2929

2930

2931

2932

2933

2934

2935

2936 2937

2938 2939



summary description of the structural integrity of each building for which reserves are required pursuant to s. 718.112(2)(g).

- (b) Facilities not committed to be built except under certain conditions, and a statement of those conditions or contingencies.
- (c) As to each facility committed to be built, or which will be committed to be built upon the happening of one of the conditions in paragraph (b), a statement of whether it will be owned by the unit owners having the use thereof or by an association or other entity which will be controlled by them, or others, and the location in the exhibits of the lease or other document providing for use of those facilities.
- (d) The year in which each facility will be available for use by the unit owners or, in the alternative, the maximum number of unit owners in the project at the time each of all of the facilities is committed to be completed.
- (e) A general description of the items of personal property, and the approximate number of each item of personal property, that the developer is committing to furnish for each room or other facility or, in the alternative, a representation as to the minimum amount of expenditure that will be made to purchase the personal property for the facility.
- (f) If there are leases, a description thereof, including the length of the term, the rent payable, and a description of any option to purchase.

Descriptions shall include location, areas, capacities, numbers, volumes, or sizes and may be stated as approximations or minimums.

2941

2942

2943

2944

2945

2946

2947

2948

2949

2950 2951

2952

2953

2954

2955

2956 2957

2958

2959

2960

2961

2962

2963

2964

2965 2966

2967

2968



- (8) Recreation lease or associated club membership:
- (a) If any recreational facilities or other facilities offered by the developer and available to, or to be used by, unit owners are to be leased or have club membership associated, the following statement in conspicuous type shall be included: "THERE IS A RECREATIONAL FACILITIES LEASE ASSOCIATED WITH THIS CONDOMINIUM; or, THERE IS A CLUB MEMBERSHIP ASSOCIATED WITH THIS CONDOMINIUM." There shall be a reference to the location in the disclosure materials where the recreation lease or club membership is described in detail.
- (b) If it is mandatory that unit owners pay a fee, rent, dues, or other charges under a recreational facilities lease or club membership for the use of facilities, there shall be in conspicuous type the applicable statement:
- 1. MEMBERSHIP IN THE RECREATIONAL FACILITIES CLUB IS MANDATORY FOR UNIT OWNERS; or
- 2. UNIT OWNERS ARE REQUIRED, AS A CONDITION OF OWNERSHIP, TO BE LESSEES UNDER THE RECREATIONAL FACILITIES LEASE; or
- 3. UNIT OWNERS ARE REQUIRED TO PAY THEIR SHARE OF THE COSTS AND EXPENSES OF MAINTENANCE, MANAGEMENT, UPKEEP, REPLACEMENT, RENT, AND FEES UNDER THE RECREATIONAL FACILITIES LEASE (OR THE OTHER INSTRUMENTS PROVIDING THE FACILITIES); or
- 4. A similar statement of the nature of the organization or the manner in which the use rights are created, and that unit owners are required to pay.

Immediately following the applicable statement, the location in the disclosure materials where the development is described in detail shall be stated.

2970

2971

2972

2973 2974

2975

2976

2.977 2978

2979

2980

2981

2982

2983 2984 2985

2986

2987

2988 2989

2990

2991

2992

2993

2994

2995

2996

2997



- (c) If the developer, or any other person other than the unit owners and other persons having use rights in the facilities, reserves, or is entitled to receive, any rent, fee, or other payment for the use of the facilities, then there shall be the following statement in conspicuous type: "THE UNIT OWNERS OR THE ASSOCIATION(S) MUST PAY RENT OR LAND USE FEES FOR RECREATIONAL OR OTHER COMMONLY USED FACILITIES." Immediately following this statement, the location in the disclosure materials where the rent or land use fees are described in detail shall be stated.
- (d) If, in any recreation format, whether leasehold, club, or other, any person other than the association has the right to a lien on the units to secure the payment of assessments, rent, or other exactions, there shall appear a statement in conspicuous type in substantially the following form:
 - 1. THERE IS A LIEN OR LIEN RIGHT AGAINST EACH UNIT TO SECURE THE PAYMENT OF RENT AND OTHER EXACTIONS UNDER THE RECREATION LEASE. THE UNIT OWNER'S FAILURE TO MAKE THESE PAYMENTS MAY RESULT IN FORECLOSURE OF THE LIEN; or
 - 2. THERE IS A LIEN OR LIEN RIGHT AGAINST EACH UNIT TO SECURE THE PAYMENT OF ASSESSMENTS OR OTHER EXACTIONS COMING DUE FOR THE USE, MAINTENANCE, UPKEEP, OR REPAIR OF THE RECREATIONAL OR COMMONLY USED FACILITIES. THE UNIT OWNER'S FAILURE TO MAKE THESE PAYMENTS MAY RESULT IN FORECLOSURE OF THE LIEN.

Immediately following the applicable statement, the location in

2999

3000 3001

3002 3003

3004

3005

3006

3007

3008

3009

3010

3011

3012

3013

3014

3015

3016

3017

3018

3019

3020

3021

3022 3023

3024

3025

3026



the disclosure materials where the lien or lien right is described in detail shall be stated.

- (9) If the developer or any other person has the right to increase or add to the recreational facilities at any time after the establishment of the condominium whose unit owners have use rights therein, without the consent of the unit owners or associations being required, there shall appear a statement in conspicuous type in substantially the following form: "RECREATIONAL FACILITIES MAY BE EXPANDED OR ADDED WITHOUT CONSENT OF UNIT OWNERS OR THE ASSOCIATION(S)." Immediately following this statement, the location in the disclosure materials where such reserved rights are described shall be stated.
- (10) A statement of whether the developer's plan includes a program of leasing units rather than selling them, or leasing units and selling them subject to such leases. If so, there shall be a description of the plan, including the number and identification of the units and the provisions and term of the proposed leases, and a statement in boldfaced type that: "THE UNITS MAY BE TRANSFERRED SUBJECT TO A LEASE."
- (11) The arrangements for management of the association and maintenance and operation of the condominium property and of other property that will serve the unit owners of the condominium property, and a description of the management contract and all other contracts for these purposes having a term in excess of 1 year, including the following:
 - (a) The names of contracting parties.
 - (b) The term of the contract.
 - (c) The nature of the services included.

3028

3029 3030

3031

3032 3033

3034

3035

3036

3037

3038

3039

3040

3041 3042

3043

3044

3045

3046

3047

3048

3049

3050

3051

3052

3053

3054 3055



- (d) The compensation, stated on a monthly and annual basis, and provisions for increases in the compensation.
- (e) A reference to the volumes and pages of the condominium documents and of the exhibits containing copies of such contracts.

Copies of all described contracts shall be attached as exhibits. If there is a contract for the management of the condominium property, then a statement in conspicuous type in substantially the following form shall appear, identifying the proposed or existing contract manager: "THERE IS (IS TO BE) A CONTRACT FOR THE MANAGEMENT OF THE CONDOMINIUM PROPERTY WITH (NAME OF THE CONTRACT MANAGER)." Immediately following this statement, the location in the disclosure materials of the contract for management of the condominium property shall be stated.

- (12) If the developer or any other person or persons other than the unit owners has the right to retain control of the board of administration of the association for a period of time which can exceed 1 year after the closing of the sale of a majority of the units in that condominium to persons other than successors or alternate developers, then a statement in conspicuous type in substantially the following form shall be included: "THE DEVELOPER (OR OTHER PERSON) HAS THE RIGHT TO RETAIN CONTROL OF THE ASSOCIATION AFTER A MAJORITY OF THE UNITS HAVE BEEN SOLD." Immediately following this statement, the location in the disclosure materials where this right to control is described in detail shall be stated.
- (13) If there are any restrictions upon the sale, transfer, conveyance, or leasing of a unit, then a statement in

3057

3058

3059

3060

3061

3062

3063

3064

3065

3066

3067

3068

3069

3070

3071

3072

3073

3074

3075

3076

3077

3078

3079 3080

3081

3082

3083

3084



conspicuous type in substantially the following form shall be included: "THE SALE, LEASE, OR TRANSFER OF UNITS IS RESTRICTED OR CONTROLLED." Immediately following this statement, the location in the disclosure materials where the restriction, limitation, or control on the sale, lease, or transfer of units is described in detail shall be stated.

- (14) If the condominium is part of a phase project, the following information shall be stated:
- (a) A statement in conspicuous type in substantially the following form: "THIS IS A PHASE CONDOMINIUM. ADDITIONAL LAND AND UNITS MAY BE ADDED TO THIS CONDOMINIUM." Immediately following this statement, the location in the disclosure materials where the phasing is described shall be stated.
- (b) A summary of the provisions of the declaration which provide for the phasing.
- (c) A statement as to whether or not residential buildings and units which are added to the condominium may be substantially different from the residential buildings and units originally in the condominium. If the added residential buildings and units may be substantially different, there shall be a general description of the extent to which such added residential buildings and units may differ, and a statement in conspicuous type in substantially the following form shall be included: "BUILDINGS AND UNITS WHICH ARE ADDED TO THE CONDOMINIUM MAY BE SUBSTANTIALLY DIFFERENT FROM THE OTHER BUILDINGS AND UNITS IN THE CONDOMINIUM." Immediately following this statement, the location in the disclosure materials where the extent to which added residential buildings and units may substantially differ is described shall be stated.

3086

3087

3088

3089

3090

3091

3092

3093

3094

3095

3096

3097

3098

3099

3100

3101

3102

3103

3104

3105

3106

3107

3108 3109

3110

3111



- (d) A statement of the maximum number of buildings containing units, the maximum and minimum numbers of units in each building, the maximum number of units, and the minimum and maximum square footage of the units that may be contained within each parcel of land which may be added to the condominium.
- (15) If a condominium created on or after July 1, 2000, is or may become part of a multicondominium, the following information must be provided:
- (a) A statement in conspicuous type in substantially the following form: "THIS CONDOMINIUM IS (MAY BE) PART OF A MULTICONDOMINIUM DEVELOPMENT IN WHICH OTHER CONDOMINIUMS WILL (MAY) BE OPERATED BY THE SAME ASSOCIATION." Immediately following this statement, the location in the prospectus or offering circular and its exhibits where the multicondominium aspects of the offering are described must be stated.
- (b) A summary of the provisions in the declaration, articles of incorporation, and bylaws which establish and provide for the operation of the multicondominium, including a statement as to whether unit owners in the condominium will have the right to use recreational or other facilities located or planned to be located in other condominiums operated by the same association, and the manner of sharing the common expenses related to such facilities.
- (c) A statement of the minimum and maximum number of condominiums, and the minimum and maximum number of units in each of those condominiums, which will or may be operated by the association, and the latest date by which the exact number will be finally determined.
 - (d) A statement as to whether any of the condominiums in

3115

3116

3117

3118

3119

3120

3121

3122

3123

3124

3125

3126

3127

3128

3129

3130

3131

3132

3133

3134

3135

3136

3137

3138 3139

3140

3141 3142



the multicondominium may include units intended to be used for nonresidential purposes and the purpose or purposes permitted for such use.

- (e) A general description of the location and approximate acreage of any land on which any additional condominiums to be operated by the association may be located.
- (16) If the condominium is created by conversion of existing improvements, the following information shall be stated:
 - (a) The information required by s. 718.616.
- (b) A caveat that there are no express warranties unless they are stated in writing by the developer.
- (17) A summary of the restrictions, if any, to be imposed on units concerning the use of any of the condominium property, including statements as to whether there are restrictions upon children and pets, and reference to the volumes and pages of the condominium documents where such restrictions are found, or if such restrictions are contained elsewhere, then a copy of the documents containing the restrictions shall be attached as an exhibit.
- (18) If there is any land that is offered by the developer for use by the unit owners and that is neither owned by them nor leased to them, the association, or any entity controlled by unit owners and other persons having the use rights to such land, a statement shall be made as to how such land will serve the condominium. If any part of such land will serve the condominium, the statement shall describe the land and the nature and term of service, and the declaration or other instrument creating such servitude shall be included as an



3143 exhibit.

3144 3145

3146

3147

3148

3149

3150

3151

3152

3153 3154

3155

3156

3157

3158

3159

3160 3161

3162

3163

3164

3165

3166

3167

3168

3169

3170

3171

- (19) The manner in which utility and other services, including, but not limited to, sewage and waste disposal, water supply, and storm drainage, will be provided and the person or entity furnishing them.
- (20) An explanation of the manner in which the apportionment of common expenses and ownership of the common elements has been determined.
- (21) An estimated operating budget for the condominium and the association, and a schedule of the unit owner's expenses shall be attached as an exhibit and shall contain the following information:
- (a) The estimated monthly and annual expenses of the condominium and the association that are collected from unit owners by assessments.
- (b) The estimated monthly and annual expenses of each unit owner for a unit, other than common expenses paid by all unit owners, payable by the unit owner to persons or entities other than the association, as well as to the association, including fees assessed pursuant to s. 718.113(1) for maintenance of limited common elements where such costs are shared only by those entitled to use the limited common element, and the total estimated monthly and annual expense. There may be excluded from this estimate expenses which are not provided for or contemplated by the condominium documents, including, but not limited to, the costs of private telephone; maintenance of the interior of condominium units, which is not the obligation of the association; maid or janitorial services privately contracted for by the unit owners; utility bills billed directly



to each unit owner for utility services to his or her unit; insurance premiums other than those incurred for policies obtained by the condominium; and similar personal expenses of the unit owner. A unit owner's estimated payments for assessments shall also be stated in the estimated amounts for the times when they will be due.

- (c) The estimated items of expenses of the condominium and the association, except as excluded under paragraph (b), including, but not limited to, the following items, which shall be stated as an association expense collectible by assessments or as unit owners' expenses payable to persons other than the association:
 - 1. Expenses for the association and condominium:
- a. Administration of the association.
 - b. Management fees.
- 3187 c. Maintenance.

3172

3173

3174

3175

3176

3177

3178

3179

3180

3181

3182

3183

3184

3185

3186

3191

3192

3193

3194

3195

- 3188 d. Rent for recreational and other commonly used 3189 facilities.
- 3190 e. Taxes upon association property.
 - f. Taxes upon leased areas.
 - q. Insurance.
 - h. Security provisions.
 - i. Other expenses.
 - j. Operating capital.
- 3196 k. Reserves for all applicable items referenced in s.
- 3197 718.112(2)(q).
- 3198 1. Fees payable to the division.
- 3199 2. Expenses for a unit owner:
- 3200 a. Rent for the unit, if subject to a lease.



- b. Rent payable by the unit owner directly to the lessor or agent under any recreational lease or lease for the use of commonly used facilities, which use and payment is a mandatory condition of ownership and is not included in the common expense or assessments for common maintenance paid by the unit owners to the association.
 - (d) The following statement in conspicuous type:

THE BUDGET CONTAINED IN THIS OFFERING CIRCULAR HAS BEEN PREPARED IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE CONDOMINIUM ACT AND IS A GOOD FAITH ESTIMATE ONLY AND REPRESENTS AN APPROXIMATION OF FUTURE EXPENSES BASED ON FACTS AND CIRCUMSTANCES EXISTING AT THE TIME OF ITS PREPARATION. ACTUAL COSTS OF SUCH ITEMS MAY EXCEED THE ESTIMATED COSTS. SUCH CHANGES IN COST DO NOT CONSTITUTE MATERIAL ADVERSE CHANGES IN THE OFFERING.

3217 3218

3219

3220

3221

3222

3223

3224

3225

3226

3227

3228

3229

3201

3202

3203

3204

3205

3206

3207

3208 3209

3210

3211

3212

3213

3214

3215

3216

(e) Each budget for an association prepared by a developer consistent with this subsection shall be prepared in good faith and shall reflect accurate estimated amounts for the required items in paragraph (c) at the time of the filing of the offering circular with the division, and subsequent increased amounts of any item included in the association's estimated budget that are beyond the control of the developer shall not be considered an amendment that would give rise to rescission rights set forth in s. 718.503(1)(a) or (b), nor shall such increases modify, void, or otherwise affect any quarantee of the developer contained in the offering circular or any purchase contract. It is the intent of this paragraph to clarify existing law.

3231

3232 3233

3234

3235

3236

3237

3238

3239

3240

3241

3242

3243

3244

3245

3246

3247

3248

3249 3250

3251

3252

3253

3254

3255

3256

3257

3258



- (f) The estimated amounts shall be stated for a period of at least 12 months and may distinguish between the period prior to the time unit owners other than the developer elect a majority of the board of administration and the period after that date.
 - (22) A schedule of estimated closing expenses to be paid by a buyer or lessee of a unit and a statement of whether title opinion or title insurance policy is available to the buyer and, if so, at whose expense.
 - (23) The identity of the developer and the chief operating officer or principal directing the creation and sale of the condominium and a statement of its and his or her experience in this field.
 - (24) Copies of the following, to the extent they are applicable, shall be included as exhibits:
 - (a) The declaration of condominium, or the proposed declaration if the declaration has not been recorded.
 - (b) The articles of incorporation creating the association.
 - (c) The bylaws of the association.
 - (d) The ground lease or other underlying lease of the condominium.
 - (e) The management agreement and all maintenance and other contracts for management of the association and operation of the condominium and facilities used by the unit owners having a service term in excess of 1 year.
 - (f) The estimated operating budget for the condominium, the required schedule of unit owners' expenses, and the association's most recent structural integrity reserve study or a statement that the association has not completed a structural



3259 integrity reserve study.

3260

3261 3262

3263

3264

3265

3266

32.67

3268

3269

3270

3271

3272

3273

3274

3275

3276

3277

3278

3279

3280

3281

3282

3283

3284

3285

3286

3287

- (q) A copy of the floor plan of the unit and the plot plan showing the location of the residential buildings and the recreation and other common areas.
- (h) The lease of recreational and other facilities that will be used only by unit owners of the subject condominium.
 - (i) The lease of facilities used by owners and others.
 - (j) The form of unit lease, if the offer is of a leasehold.
- (k) A declaration of servitude of properties serving the condominium but not owned by unit owners or leased to them or the association.
- (1) The statement of condition of the existing building or buildings, if the offering is of units in an operation being converted to condominium ownership.
- (m) The statement of inspection for termite damage and treatment of the existing improvements, if the condominium is a conversion.
 - (n) The form of agreement for sale or lease of units.
- (o) A copy of the agreement for escrow of payments made to the developer prior to closing.
- (p) A copy of the documents containing any restrictions on use of the property required by subsection (17).
- (q) A copy of the inspector-prepared summary of the milestone inspection report as described in ss. 553.899 and 718.301(4)(p), as applicable.
- (25) Any prospectus or offering circular complying, prior to the effective date of this act, with the provisions of former ss. 711.69 and 711.802 may continue to be used without amendment or may be amended to comply with this chapter.

3289

3290

3291

3292

3293

3294

3295

3296 3297

3298

3299

3300

3301

3302

3303

3304

3305

3306

3307

3308

3309

3310

3311

3312

3313

3314

3315

3316



- (26) A brief narrative description of the location and effect of all existing and intended easements located or to be located on the condominium property other than those described in the declaration.
- (27) If the developer is required by state or local authorities to obtain acceptance or approval of any dock or marina facilities intended to serve the condominium, a copy of any such acceptance or approval acquired by the time of filing with the division under s. 718.502(1) or a statement that such acceptance or approval has not been acquired or received.
- (28) Evidence demonstrating that the developer has an ownership, leasehold, or contractual interest in the land upon which the condominium is to be developed.

Section 27. Subsection (1) of section 718.618, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

- 718.618 Converter reserve accounts; warranties.-
- (1) When existing improvements are converted to ownership as a residential condominium, the developer shall establish converter reserve accounts for capital expenditures and planned deferred maintenance, or give warranties as provided by subsection (6), or post a surety bond as provided by subsection (7). The developer shall fund the converter reserve accounts in amounts calculated as follows:
- (a) 1. When the existing improvements include an airconditioning system serving more than one unit or property which the association is responsible to repair, maintain, or replace, the developer shall fund an air-conditioning reserve account. The amount of the reserve account shall be the product of the estimated current replacement cost of the system, as disclosed

3318

3319 3320

3321

3322

3323

3324

3325

3326

3327

3328

3329

3330

3331

3332

3333 3334

3335

3336

3337

3338

3339

3340



and substantiated pursuant to s. 718.616(3)(b), multiplied by a fraction, the numerator of which shall be the lesser of the age of the system in years or 9, and the denominator of which shall be 10. When such air-conditioning system is within 1,000 yards of the seacoast, the numerator shall be the lesser of the age of the system in years or 3, and the denominator shall be 4.

- 2. The developer shall fund a plumbing reserve account. The amount of the funding shall be the product of the estimated current replacement cost of the plumbing component, as disclosed and substantiated pursuant to s. 718.616(3)(b), multiplied by a fraction, the numerator of which shall be the lesser of the age of the plumbing in years or 36, and the denominator of which shall be 40.
- 3. The developer shall fund a roof reserve account. The amount of the funding shall be the product of the estimated current replacement cost of the roofing component, as disclosed and substantiated pursuant to s. 718.616(3)(b), multiplied by a fraction, the numerator of which shall be the lesser of the age of the roof in years or the numerator listed in the following table. The denominator of the fraction shall be determined based on the roof type, as follows:

Roof Type Numerator Denominator a. Built-up roof 4 5 without insulation Built-up roof with 5 insulation

Page 116 of 141



3341						
	С.	Cement tile roof	45	50		
3342						
	d.	Asphalt shingle	14	15		
0010		roof				
3343						
2244	е.	Copper roof				
3344	f.	Wood chingle weef	9	10		
3345	·	Wood shingle roof	9	10		
3343	g.	All other types	18	20		
3346	9.	AII Other types	10	20		
3347						
3348						
3349		(b) The age of any component	t or structure for w	hich the		
3350	developer is required to fund a reserve account shall be					
3351	measured in years, rounded to the nearest whole year. The amount					
3352	of converter reserves to be funded by the developer for each					
3353	structure or component shall be based on the age of the					
3354	structure or component as disclosed in the inspection report.					
3355	The architect or engineer shall determine the age of the					
3356	component from the later of:					
3357	1. The date when the component or structure was replaced or					
3358	substantially renewed, if the replacement or renewal of the					
3359	component at least met the requirements of the then-applicable					
3360	building code; or					
3361	2. The date when the installation or construction of the					
3362	existing component or structure was completed.					
3363	(c) When the age of a component or structure is to be					

3365

3366

3367

3368

3369

3370

3371

3372

3373

3374

3375

3376

3377

3378

3379

3380

3381

3382

3383

3384

3385 3386

3387 3388

3389

3390

3391

3392



measured from the date of replacement or renewal, the developer shall provide the division with a certificate, under the seal of an architect or engineer authorized to practice in this state, verifying:

- 1. The date of the replacement or renewal; and
- 2. That the replacement or renewal at least met the requirements of the then-applicable building code.
- (d) In addition to establishing the reserve accounts specified above, the developer shall establish those other reserve accounts required by s. 718.112(2)(f), and shall fund those accounts in accordance with the formula provided therein. The vote to waive or reduce the funding or reserves required by s. 718.112(2)(f) does not affect or negate the obligations arising under this section.

Section 28. Paragraphs (j) and (k) of subsection (1) of section 719.106, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

719.106 Bylaws; cooperative ownership.-

- (1) MANDATORY PROVISIONS.—The bylaws or other cooperative documents shall provide for the following, and if they do not, they shall be deemed to include the following:
 - (j) Annual budget.-
- 1. The proposed annual budget of common expenses must be detailed and must show the amounts budgeted by accounts and expense classifications, including, if applicable, but not limited to, those expenses listed in s. 719.504(20). The board of administration shall adopt the annual budget at least 14 days before the start of the association's fiscal year. In the event that the board fails to timely adopt the annual budget a second time, it is deemed a minor violation and the prior year's budget

3394

3395

3396

3397

3398

3399

3400

3401

3402

3403

3404

3405

3406

3407

3408

3409

3410

3411

3412

3413

3414

3415

3416

3417

3418

3419

3420

3421



shall continue in effect until a new budget is adopted.

2. In addition to annual operating expenses, the budget must include reserve accounts for capital expenditures and planned deferred maintenance. These accounts must include, but not be limited to, roof replacement, building painting, and pavement resurfacing, regardless of the amount of planned deferred maintenance expense or replacement cost, and for any other items for which the planned deferred maintenance expense or replacement cost exceeds \$10,000. The amount to be reserved must be computed by means of a formula which is based upon estimated remaining useful life and estimated replacement cost or planned deferred maintenance expense of the reserve item. In a budget adopted by an association that is required to obtain a structural integrity reserve study, reserves must be maintained for the items identified in paragraph (k) for which the association is responsible pursuant to the declaration, and the reserve amount for such items must be based on the findings and recommendations of the association's most recent structural integrity reserve study. With respect to items for which an estimate of useful life is not readily ascertainable or with an estimated remaining useful life of greater than 25 years, an association is not required to reserve replacement costs for such items, but an association must reserve the amount of planned deferred maintenance expense, if any, which is recommended by the structural integrity reserve study for such items. The association may adjust replacement reserve assessments annually to take into account an inflation adjustment and any changes in estimates or extension of the useful life of a reserve item caused by planned deferred

3423

3424

3425

3426

3427

3428

3429

3430

3431

3432

3433

3434

3435

3436

3437

3438

3439

3440

3441

3442

3443 3444

3445

3446

3447

3448

3449

3450



maintenance. The members of a unit-owner-controlled association may determine, by a majority vote of the total voting interests of the association, for a fiscal year to provide no reserves or reserves less adequate than required by this subsection. Before turnover of control of an association by a developer to unit owners other than a developer under s. 719.301, the developercontrolled association may not vote to waive the reserves or reduce funding of the reserves. For a budget adopted on or after December 31, 2024, a unit-owner-controlled association that must obtain a structural integrity reserve study may not determine to provide no reserves or reserves less adequate than required by this paragraph for items listed in paragraph (k). If a meeting of the unit owners has been called to determine to provide no reserves, or reserves less adequate than required, and such result is not attained or a quorum is not attained, the reserves as included in the budget shall go into effect.

3. Reserve funds and any interest accruing thereon shall remain in the reserve account or accounts, and shall be used only for authorized reserve expenditures unless their use for other purposes is approved in advance by a vote of the majority of the total voting interests of the association. Before turnover of control of an association by a developer to unit owners other than the developer under s. 719.301, the developer may not vote to use reserves for purposes other than that for which they were intended. For a budget adopted on or after December 31, 2024, members of a unit-owner-controlled association that must obtain a structural integrity reserve study may not vote to use reserve funds, or any interest accruing thereon, for purposes other than the replacement or



planned deferred maintenance costs of the components listed in paragraph (k).

- (k) Structural integrity reserve study.-
- 1. A residential cooperative association must have a structural integrity reserve study completed at least every 10 years for each building on the cooperative property that is three stories or higher in height, as determined by the Florida Building Code, that includes, at a minimum, a study of the following items as related to the structural integrity and safety of the building:
 - a. Roof.

3451

3452

3453

3454

3455

3456

3457 3458

3459

3460

3461

3462

3463

3464

3465

3466

3467

3468 3469

3470

3471

3472

3473

3474

3475

3476

3477

3478

3479

- b. Structure, including load-bearing walls and other primary structural members and primary structural systems as those terms are defined in s. 627.706.
 - c. Fireproofing and fire protection systems.
 - d. Plumbing.
 - e. Electrical systems.
 - f. Waterproofing and exterior painting.
 - g. Windows and exterior doors.
- h. Any other item that has a planned deferred maintenance expense or replacement cost that exceeds \$10,000 and the failure to replace or maintain such item negatively affects the items listed in sub-subparagraphs a.-g., as determined by the visual inspection portion of the structural integrity reserve study.
- 2. A structural integrity reserve study is based on a visual inspection of the cooperative property. A structural integrity reserve study may be performed by any person qualified to perform such study. However, the visual inspection portion of the structural integrity reserve study must be performed or

3481 3482

3483

3484

3485

3486

3487

3488

3489

3490

3491

3492

3493

3494

3495

3496

3497

3498

3499

3500

3501

3502

3503

3504

3505

3506

3507

3508



verified by an engineer licensed under chapter 471, an architect licensed under chapter 481, or a person certified as a reserve specialist or professional reserve analyst by the Community Associations Institute or the Association of Professional Reserve Analysts.

- 3. At a minimum, a structural integrity reserve study must identify each item of the cooperative property being visually inspected, state the estimated remaining useful life and the estimated replacement cost or planned deferred maintenance expense of each item of the cooperative property being visually inspected, and provide a reserve funding schedule with a recommended annual reserve amount that achieves the estimated replacement cost or planned deferred maintenance expense of each item of cooperative property being visually inspected by the end of the estimated remaining useful life of the item. The structural integrity reserve study may recommend that reserves do not need to be maintained for any item for which an estimate of useful life and an estimate of replacement cost cannot be determined, or the study may recommend a planned deferred maintenance expense amount for such item. The structural integrity reserve study may recommend that reserves for replacement costs do not need to be maintained for any item with an estimated remaining useful life of greater than 25 years, but the study may recommend a planned deferred maintenance expense amount for such item.
- 4. This paragraph does not apply to buildings less than three stories in height; single-family, two-family, or threefamily, or four-family dwellings with three or fewer habitable stories above ground; any portion or component of a building

3510

3511

3512

3513

3514

3515

3516

3517

3518

3519

3520

3521

3522

3523

3524

3525

3526

3527

3528

3529

3530

3531

3532

3533

3534 3535

3536

3537



that has not been submitted to the cooperative form of ownership; or any portion or component of a building that is maintained by a party other than the association.

- 5. Before a developer turns over control of an association to unit owners other than the developer, the developer must have a turnover inspection report in compliance with s. 719.301(4)(p) and (q) for each building on the cooperative property that is three stories or higher in height.
- 6. Associations existing on or before July 1, 2022, which are controlled by unit owners other than the developer, must have a structural integrity reserve study completed by December 31, 2024, for each building on the cooperative property that is three stories or higher in height. An association that is required to complete a milestone inspection on or before December 31, 2026, in accordance with s. 553.899 may complete the structural integrity reserve study simultaneously with the milestone inspection. In no event may the structural integrity reserve study be completed after December 31, 2026.
- 7. If the milestone inspection required by s. 553.899, or an inspection completed for a similar local requirement, was performed within the past 5 years and meets the requirements of this paragraph, such inspection may be used in place of the visual inspection portion of the structural integrity reserve study.
- 8. If the officers or directors of an association willfully and knowingly fail to complete a structural integrity reserve study pursuant to this paragraph, such failure is a breach of an officer's and director's fiduciary relationship to the unit owners under s. 719.104(9).

3539

3540

3541

3542

3543

3544 3545

3546

3547

3548

3549

3550

3551

3552

3553

3554

3555

3556

3557

3558

3559

3560

3561

3562

3563

3564

3565

3566



9. Within 45 days after receiving the structural integrity reserve study, the association shall distribute a copy of the study to each unit owner or deliver to each unit owner a notice that the completed study is available for inspection and copying upon a written request. Distribution of a copy of the study or notice must be made by United States mail or personal delivery at the mailing address, property address, or any other address of the owner provided to fulfill the association's notice requirements under this chapter, or by electronic transmission to the e-mail address or facsimile number provided to fulfill the association's notice requirements to unit owners who previously consented to receive notice by electronic transmission.

Section 29. Section 719.129, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

719.129 Electronic voting.—The association may conduct elections and other unit owner votes through an Internet-based online voting system if a unit owner consents, electronically or in writing, to online voting and if the following requirements are met:

- (1) The association provides each unit owner with:
- (a) A method to authenticate the unit owner's identity to the online voting system.
- (b) For elections of the board, a method to transmit an electronic ballot to the online voting system that ensures the secrecy and integrity of each ballot.
- (c) A method to confirm, at least 14 days before the voting deadline, that the unit owner's electronic device can successfully communicate with the online voting system.

3569

3570

3571

3572

3573 3574

3575

3576

3577

3578

3579

3580

3581

3582

3583

3584

3585

3586 3587

3588

3589

3590

3591

3592

3593

3594

3595



- 3567 (2) The association uses an online voting system that is:
 - (a) Able to authenticate the unit owner's identity.
 - (b) Able to authenticate the validity of each electronic vote to ensure that the vote is not altered in transit.
 - (c) Able to transmit a receipt from the online voting system to each unit owner who casts an electronic vote.
 - (d) For elections of the board of administration, able to permanently separate any authentication or identifying information from the electronic election ballot, rendering it impossible to tie an election ballot to a specific unit owner.
 - (e) Able to store and keep electronic votes accessible to election officials for recount, inspection, and review purposes.
 - (3) A unit owner voting electronically pursuant to this section shall be counted as being in attendance at the meeting for purposes of determining a quorum. A substantive vote of the unit owners may not be taken on any issue other than the issues specifically identified in the electronic vote, when a quorum is established based on unit owners voting electronically pursuant to this section.
 - (4) This section applies to an association that provides for and authorizes an online voting system pursuant to this section by a board resolution. The board resolution must provide that unit owners receive notice of the opportunity to vote through an online voting system, must establish reasonable procedures and deadlines for unit owners to consent, electronically or in writing, to online voting, and must establish reasonable procedures and deadlines for unit owners to opt out of online voting after giving consent. Written notice of a meeting at which the resolution will be considered must be

3597

3598

3599

3600

3601

3602

3603

3604

3605

3606

3607

3608

3609

3610

3611

3612 3613

3614

3615

3616

3617 3618

3619

3620

3621

3622

3623

3624



mailed, delivered, or electronically transmitted to the unit owners and posted conspicuously on the condominium property or association property at least 14 days before the meeting. Evidence of compliance with the 14-day notice requirement must be made by an affidavit executed by the person providing the notice and filed with the official records of the association.

- (5) A unit owner's consent to online voting is valid until the unit owner opts out of online voting pursuant to the procedures established by the board of administration pursuant to subsection (4).
- (6) This section may apply to any matter that requires a vote of the unit owners who are not members of a timeshare cooperative association.

Section 30. Paragraph (p) of subsection (4) of section 719.301, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

719.301 Transfer of association control.-

- (4) When unit owners other than the developer elect a majority of the members of the board of administration of an association, the developer shall relinquish control of the association, and the unit owners shall accept control. Simultaneously, or for the purpose of paragraph (c) not more than 90 days thereafter, the developer shall deliver to the association, at the developer's expense, all property of the unit owners and of the association held or controlled by the developer, including, but not limited to, the following items, if applicable, as to each cooperative operated by the association:
- (p) Notwithstanding when the certificate of occupancy was issued or the height of the building, a turnover inspection



report included in the official records, under seal of an architect or engineer authorized to practice in this state or a person certified as a reserve specialist or professional reserve analyst by the Community Associations Institute or the Association of Professional Reserve Analysts, consisting of a structural integrity reserve study attesting to required maintenance, condition, useful life, and replacement costs of the following applicable cooperative property:

1. Roof.

3625

3626

3627

3628

3629

3630

3631 3632

3633

3634

3635

3636

3637

3638

3639

3640

3641

3642

3643

3644

3645

3646

3647

3648

3649

3650

3651

3652

3653

- 2. Structure, including load-bearing walls and primary structural members and primary structural systems as those terms are defined in s. 627.706.
 - 3. Fireproofing and fire protection systems.
 - 4. Plumbing.
 - 5. Electrical systems.
 - 6. Waterproofing and exterior painting.
 - 7. Windows and exterior doors.

Section 31. Subsection (1) of section 719.618, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

719.618 Converter reserve accounts; warranties.-

- (1) When existing improvements are converted to ownership as a residential cooperative, the developer shall establish planned reserve accounts for capital expenditures and deferred maintenance, or give warranties as provided by subsection (6), or post a surety bond as provided by subsection (7). The developer shall fund the reserve accounts in amounts calculated as follows:
- (a) 1. When the existing improvements include an airconditioning system serving more than one unit or property which

3655

3656

3657

3658

3659

3660 3661

3662

3663

3664

3665

3666

3667

3668

3669

3670

3671

3672

3673

3674

3675 3676

3677 3678

3679

3680



the association is responsible to repair, maintain, or replace, the developer shall fund an air-conditioning reserve account. The amount of the reserve account shall be the product of the estimated current replacement cost of the system, as disclosed and substantiated pursuant to s. 719.616(3)(b), multiplied by a fraction, the numerator of which shall be the lesser of the age of the system in years or 9, and the denominator of which shall be 10. When such air-conditioning system is within 1,000 yards of the seacoast, the numerator shall be the lesser of the age of the system in years or 3, and the denominator shall be 4.

- 2. The developer shall fund a plumbing reserve account. The amount of the funding shall be the product of the estimated current replacement cost of the plumbing component, as disclosed and substantiated pursuant to s. 719.616(3)(b), multiplied by a fraction, the numerator of which shall be the lesser of the age of the plumbing in years or 36, and the denominator of which shall be 40.
- 3. The developer shall fund a roof reserve account. The amount of the funding shall be the product of the estimated current replacement cost of the roofing component, as disclosed and substantiated pursuant to s. 719.616(3)(b), multiplied by a fraction, the numerator of which shall be the lesser of the age of the roof in years or the numerator listed in the following table. The denominator of the fraction shall be determined based on the roof type, as follows:

Roof Type Denominator Numerator Built-up roof 4 5



		without insulation				
3681		- 12:		_		
	b.	Built-up roof with	4	5		
3682		insulation				
3002	С.	Cement tile roof	45	50		
3683		Cement tile 1001	43			
	d.	Asphalt shingle	14	15		
		roof				
3684						
	е.	Copper roof				
3685						
	f.	Wood shingle roof	9	10		
3686						
	g.	All other types	18	20		
3687						
3688						
3689						
3690	(b) The age of any component or structure for which the					
3691	developer is required to fund a reserve account shall be					
3692	measured in years from the later of:					
3693	1. The date when the component or structure was replaced or					
3694	substantially renewed, if the replacement or renewal of the					
3695	component at least met the requirements of the then-applicable					
3696	building code; or					
3697 3698	2. The date when the installation or construction of the					
3698	existing component or structure was completed. (c) When the age of a component or structure is to be					
3700	measured from the date of replacement or renewal, the developer					
3700	liieasui	led from the date of reprac	dement of renewar, th	re deverober		

3702

3703

3704

3705

3706

3707

3708

3709

3710

3711

3712

3713

3714

3715

3716

3717

3718

3719

3720

3721

3722

3723

3724

3725

3726

3727

3728

3729



shall provide the division with a certificate, under the seal of an architect or engineer authorized to practice in this state, verifying:

- 1. The date of the replacement or renewal; and
- 2. That the replacement or renewal at least met the requirements of the then-applicable building code.

Section 32. The Division of Florida Condominiums, Timeshares, and Mobile Homes of the Department of Business and Professional Regulation shall complete a review of the website or application requirements for official records under s. 718.111(12)(g), Florida Statutes, and make recommendations regarding any additional official records of a condominium association which should be included in the records maintenance requirement in the statute. The division shall submit the findings of its review to the Governor, the President of the Senate, the Speaker of the House of Representatives, and the chairs of the legislative appropriations committees and appropriate substantive committees with jurisdiction over chapter 718, Florida Statutes, by January 1, 2025.

Section 33. The Division of Florida Condominiums, Timeshares, and Mobile Homes of the Department of Business and Professional Regulation shall create a database on its website of the associations that have reported the completion of their structural integrity reserve study under section 718.112(2)(g), and under section 719.106(1)(k), by January 1, 2025.

Section 34. For the 2024-2025 fiscal year, the sums of \$6,122,390 in recurring and \$1,293,879 in nonrecurring funds from the General Revenue Fund are appropriated to the Department of Business and Professional Regulation, and 65 full-time



3730 equivalent positions with associated salary rate of 3,180,319 3731 are authorized, for the purpose of implementing this act. 3732 Section 35. The amendments made to ss. 718.103(14) and 3733 718.202(3), Florida Statutes, and the provisions of s. 3734 718.407(1), (2), and (6), Florida Statutes, are intended to 3735 clarify existing law and shall apply retroactively; however, 3736 such amendments do not revive or reinstate any right or interest 3737 that has been fully and finally adjudicated as invalid before 3738 October 1, 2024. 3739 Section 36. The Florida Building Commission shall perform a 3740 study on standards to prevent water intrusion through the tracks 3741 of sliding glass doors, including the consideration of devises 3742 designed to further prevent such water intrusion. The commission 3743 must provide a written report of any recommendations to the 3744 Governor, the President of the Senate, the Speaker of the House 3745 of Representatives, and the chairs of the legislative 3746 appropriations committees and appropriate substantive committees 3747 with jurisdiction over chapter 718, Florida Statutes, by 3748 December 1, 2024. 3749 Section 37. Except as otherwise expressly provided in this 3750 act, this act shall take effect July 1, 2024. 3751 3752 ======= T I T L E A M E N D M E N T ========= 3753 And the title is amended as follows: 3754 Delete everything before the enacting clause 3755 and insert: 3756 A bill to be entitled 3757 An act relating to community associations; amending s. 468.4334, F.S.; requiring community associations to 3758

3760

3761

3762

3763

3764

3765

3766

3767

3768

3769

3770

3771

3772

3773

3774

3775

3776

3777

3778

3779

3780 3781

3782

3783

3784

3785

3786

3787



return official records of an association within a specified period following termination of a contract; specifying the manner of delivery for the notice of termination; authorizing the manager or management firm to retain records for a specified purpose within a specified timeframe; relieving a manager or management firm from responsibility if the association fails to provide access to the records necessary to complete an ending financial statement or report; providing a rebuttable presumption regarding noncompliance; providing penalties for the failure to timely return official records; providing applicability; creating s. 468.4335, F.S.; requiring community association managers and management firms to provide a written disclosure of certain conflicts of interest to the association's board; providing a rebuttable presumption as to the existence of a conflict; requiring an association to solicit multiple bids for goods or services under certain circumstances; providing requirements for an association to approve any contract or transaction deemed a conflict of interest; authorizing the cancellation of a management contract, subject to certain requirements; specifying liability and nonliability of the association upon cancellation of such a contract; authorizing an association to void certain contracts if certain conflicts were not disclosed in accordance with the act; defining the term "relative"; amending s. 468.436, F.S.; revising

3789

3790 3791

3792

3793

3794 3795

3796

3797

3798

3799

3800

3801

3802

3803

3804

3805 3806

3807

3808

3809

3810

3811

3812

3813

3814

3815

3816



the list of grounds for which the Department of Business and Professional Regulation may take disciplinary actions against community association managers or firms, to conform to changes made by the act; amending s. 553.899, F.S.; revising applicability; amending s. 718.103, F.S.; revising and defining terms; amending s. 718.104, F.S.; revising what must be included in a declaration; requiring that declarations specify the entity responsible for the installation, maintenance, repair, or replacement of hurricane protection; amending s. 718.111, F.S.; defining the term "kickback"; providing criminal penalties for any officer, director, or manager of an association who knowingly solicits, offers to accept, or accepts a kickback; requiring the Division of Florida Condominiums, Timeshares, and Mobile Homes to monitor compliance and issue fines and penalties for failure of an association to maintain the required insurance policy or fidelity bonding; revising the list of records that constitute the official records of an association; revising maintenance requirements for official records; revising requirements regarding requests to inspect or copy association records; requiring an association to provide a checklist in response to certain records requests; providing a rebuttable presumption regarding compliance; providing criminal penalties for certain violations regarding noncompliance with records requirements; defining the term "repeatedly"; requiring that copies of certain

3818

3819

3820

3821

3822

3823

3824

3825

3826

3827

3828

3829

3830

3831

3832

3833

3834

3835

3836

3837

3838

3839 3840

3841

3842

3843

3844

3845



building permits be posted on an association's website or application; modifying the method of delivery of certain letters regarding association financial reports to unit owners; conforming a provision to changes made by the act; revising circumstances under which an association may prepare certain reports; revising applicable law for criminal penalties for persons who unlawfully use a debit card issued in the name of an association; defining the term "lawful obligation of the association"; revising the threshold for associations that must post certain documents on their websites or through an application; amending s. 718.112, F.S.; requiring the boards of administration of associations consisting of more than a specified number of units to meet a minimum number of times each quarter; revising requirements regarding notice of such meetings; requiring a director of a board of an association to provide a written certification and complete an educational requirement upon election or appointment to the board; specifying requirements for the education curriculum; requiring the association to bear the costs of the required educational curriculum and certificate; providing transitional provisions; requiring that an association's budget include reserve amounts for planned maintenance, rather than for deferred maintenance; providing that, upon a determination by a specified local building official that an entire condominium building is uninhabitable due to a natural emergency, the board, upon the

3847

3848

3849

3850

3851

3852

3853

3854

3855

3856

3857

3858

3859

3860

3861

3862

3863 3864

3865

3866

3867

3868

3869

3870

3871

3872

3873

3874



approval of a majority of its members, may pause contribution to reserves or reduce reserve funding for a specified period of time; authorizing an association to expend any reserve accounts held by the association to make the building and its structures habitable; requiring the association to immediately resume contributing funds to its reserve once the local building official determines the building and its structures are habitable; providing that a condominium's structural integrity reserve study may recommend a temporary pause in reserve funding under certain circumstances; revising applicability; requiring an association to distribute copies of a structural integrity reserve study to unit owners or deliver a certain notice to them within a specified timeframe; specifying the manner of distribution or delivery; requiring the association to provide the division with a statement indicating specific information within a specified timeframe after receiving the structural integrity reserve study; revising the circumstances under which a director or an officer must be removed from office after being charged by information or indictment; prohibiting such officers and directors with pending criminal charges from accessing the official records of any association; providing an exception; providing criminal penalties for certain fraudulent voting activities relating to association elections; requiring any person charged to be removed from office

3876

3877

3878

3879

3880

3881

3882

3883

3884

3885

3886

3887

3888

3889

3890

3891

3892

3893

3894

3895

3896

3897

3898

3899

3900

3901

3902

3903



and a vacancy be declared; amending s. 718.113, F.S.; providing applicability; authorizing, rather than requiring, certain hurricane protection specifications; specifying that certain actions are not material alterations or substantial additions; authorizing the boards of residential and mixed-use condominiums to install or require the unit owners to install hurricane protection; requiring a vote of the unit owners for the installation of hurricane protection; requiring that such vote be attested to in a certificate and recorded in certain public records; providing requirements for such certificate; providing that the validity or enforceability of a vote of the unit owners is not affected if the board fails to record a certificate or send a copy of the recorded certificate to the unit owners; providing that a vote of the unit owners is not required under certain circumstances; prohibiting installation of the same type of hurricane protection previously installed; providing exceptions; prohibiting the boards of residential and mixed-use condominiums from refusing to approve certain hurricane protections; authorizing the board to require owners to adhere to certain guidelines regarding the external appearance of a condominium; revising responsibility for the cost of removal or reinstallation of hurricane protection and certain exterior windows, doors, or apertures in certain circumstances; requiring the board to make a certain determination; providing that costs incurred

3905

3906

3907

3908

3909

3910

3911

3912

3913

3914

3915

3916

3917

3918

3919

3920

3921

3922

3923

3924

3925

3926

3927

3928

3929

3930

3931

3932



by the association in connection with such removal or reinstallation completed by the association may not be charged to the unit owner; requiring reimbursement of the unit owner, or application of a credit toward future assessments, in certain circumstances; authorizing the association to collect charges if the association removes or installs hurricane protection and making such charges enforceable as an assessment; amending s. 718.115, F.S.; specifying when the cost of installation of hurricane protection is not a common expense; authorizing certain expenses to be enforceable as assessments; requiring that certain unit owners be excused from certain assessments or receive a credit for hurricane protection that has been installed; providing credit applicability under certain circumstances; providing for the amount of credit that a unit owner must receive; specifying that certain expenses are common expenses; amending s. 718.121, F.S.; conforming a cross-reference; amending s. 718.1224, F.S.; revising legislative findings and intent to conform to changes made by the act; revising the definition of the term "governmental entity"; prohibiting a condominium association from filing strategic lawsuits against public participation; prohibiting an association from taking certain action against a unit owner in response to specified conduct; prohibiting associations from expending association funds in support of certain actions against a unit owner; conforming provisions to changes made by the

3934

3935

3936

3937

3938

3939

3940

3941

3942

3943

3944

3945

3946

3947

3948

3949

3950

3951

3952

3953

3954

3955

3956

3957

3958

3959

3960

3961



act; amending s. 718.128, F.S.; authorizing a condominium association to conduct elections and other unit owner votes through an online voting system if a unit owner consents, either electronically or in writing, to online voting; revising applicability; amending s. 718.202, F.S.; authorizing the director of the Division of Florida Condominiums, Timeshares, and Mobile Homes to accept certain assurances in lieu of a specified percentage of the sale price; authorizing a developer to deliver a surety bond or an irrevocable letter of credit in an amount equivalent to a certain percentage of the sale price; conforming provisions to changes made by the act; making technical changes; amending s. 718.301, F.S.; revising items that developers are required to deliver to an association upon relinquishing control of the association; amending s. 718.3027, F.S.; revising requirements regarding attendance at a board meeting in the event of a conflict of interest; modifying circumstances under which a contract may be voided; amending s. 718.303, F.S.; requiring that a notice of nonpayment be provided to a unit owner by a specified time before an election; creating s. 718.407, F.S.; providing that a condominium may be created within a portion of a building or within a multiple parcel building; providing for the common elements of such condominium; providing requirements for the declaration of condominium and other recorded instruments; authorizing an association to inspect and copy certain

3963

3964

3965

3966

3967

3968

3969

3970

3971

3972

3973

3974

3975

3976

3977

3978

3979

3980

3981

3982

3983 3984

3985

3986

3987

3988

3989

3990



books and records and to receive an annual budget; requiring that a specified statement be included in a contract for the sale of a unit of the condominium; providing that a multiple parcel building is not a subdivision of land if the land is not subdivided; amending s. 718.501, F.S.; revising circumstances under which the Division of Florida Condominiums, Timeshares, and Mobile Homes has jurisdiction to investigate and enforce certain matters; requiring the division to provide official records, without charge, to a unit owner denied access to such records; authorizing the division to issue citations and promulgate rules for such issuance; requiring the division to provide division-approved providers with the template certificate for issuance directly to the association; requiring the division to adopt rules related to the approval of educational curriculum providers; requiring the division to refer suspected criminal acts to the appropriate law enforcement authority; authorizing certain division officials to attend association meetings; authorizing the division to access the association's website to investigate complaints made regarding access to official records on the association's website and to develop rules for such access; specifying requirements for the annual certification; requiring an association to explain on the certification the reasons any certification requirements have not been met; requiring an association to complete the certifications within a

3992

3993

3994

3995

3996

3997

3998

3999

4000

4001

4002

4003

4004

4005

4006

4007

4008

4009

4010

4011

4012 4013

4014

4015

4016 4017

4018

4019



specified timeframe; requiring the association to notify the division when the certification is completed; providing applicability; conforming a provision to changes made by the act; amending s. 718.5011, F.S.; specifying that the secretary of the Department of Business and Professional Regulation, rather than the Governor, shall appoint the condominium ombudsman; amending ss. 718.503 and 718.504, F.S.; requiring certain persons to provide specified disclosures to purchasers under certain circumstances; making technical changes; providing for retroactive applicability; amending s. 718.618, F.S.; conforming a provision to changes made by the act; amending s. 719.106, F.S.; requiring that a cooperative association's budget include reserve amounts for planned maintenance, rather than for deferred maintenance; providing an exception for certain associations to complete a structural integrity reserve study by a certain date; requiring an association to distribute copies of a structural integrity reserve study to unit owners or deliver a certain notice to them within a specified timeframe; specifying the manner of distribution or delivery; conforming provisions to changes made by the act; amending s. 719.129, F.S.; authorizing cooperative associations to conduct elections and other unit owner votes through an online voting system if a unit owner consents, either electronically or in writing, to online voting; revising applicability; amending s.

4021

4022

4023

4024

4025

4026

4027

4028 4029

4030

4031

4032 4033

4034

4035

4036

4037

4038

4039

4040

4041



719.301, F.S.; revising items that developers are required to deliver to a cooperative association upon relinquishing control of association property; amending s. 719.618, F.S.; conforming a provision to changes made by the act; requiring the division to conduct a review of statutory requirements regarding posting of official records on a condominium association's website or application; requiring the division to submit its findings, including any recommendations, to the Governor and the Legislature by a specified date; providing for retroactive applicability; requiring the division to create a database on its website of the associations that have reported the completion of their structural integrity reserve study by a specified date; providing an appropriation; providing construction; requiring the Florida Building Commission to perform a study on standards to prevent water intrusion through the tracks of sliding glass doors; requiring the commission to provide a written report of such a study to the Governor and Legislature by a specified date; providing effective dates.