

1 A bill to be entitled
 2 An act relating to medical marijuana packaging and
 3 labeling; amending s. 381.986, F.S.; revising
 4 requirements for the packaging and labeling of
 5 edibles; providing an effective date.

6
 7 Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:

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 9 Section 1. Paragraph (e) of subsection (8) of section
 10 381.986, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

11 381.986 Medical use of marijuana.—

12 (8) MEDICAL MARIJUANA TREATMENT CENTERS.—

13 (e) A licensed medical marijuana treatment center shall
 14 cultivate, process, transport, and dispense marijuana for
 15 medical use. A licensed medical marijuana treatment center may
 16 not contract for services directly related to the cultivation,
 17 processing, and dispensing of marijuana or marijuana delivery
 18 devices, except that a medical marijuana treatment center
 19 licensed pursuant to subparagraph (a)1. may contract with a
 20 single entity for the cultivation, processing, transporting, and
 21 dispensing of marijuana and marijuana delivery devices. A
 22 licensed medical marijuana treatment center must, at all times,
 23 maintain compliance with the criteria demonstrated and
 24 representations made in the initial application and the criteria
 25 established in this subsection. Upon request, the department may

26 | grant a medical marijuana treatment center a variance from the
27 | representations made in the initial application. Consideration
28 | of such a request shall be based upon the individual facts and
29 | circumstances surrounding the request. A variance may not be
30 | granted unless the requesting medical marijuana treatment center
31 | can demonstrate to the department that it has a proposed
32 | alternative to the specific representation made in its
33 | application which fulfills the same or a similar purpose as the
34 | specific representation in a way that the department can
35 | reasonably determine will not be a lower standard than the
36 | specific representation in the application. A variance may not
37 | be granted from the requirements in subparagraph 2. and
38 | subparagraphs (b)1. and 2.

39 | 1. A licensed medical marijuana treatment center may
40 | transfer ownership to an individual or entity who meets the
41 | requirements of this section. A publicly traded corporation or
42 | publicly traded company that meets the requirements of this
43 | section is not precluded from ownership of a medical marijuana
44 | treatment center. To accommodate a change in ownership:

45 | a. The licensed medical marijuana treatment center shall
46 | notify the department in writing at least 60 days before the
47 | anticipated date of the change of ownership.

48 | b. The individual or entity applying for initial licensure
49 | due to a change of ownership must submit an application that
50 | must be received by the department at least 60 days before the

51 | date of change of ownership.

52 | c. Upon receipt of an application for a license, the
 53 | department shall examine the application and, within 30 days
 54 | after receipt, notify the applicant in writing of any apparent
 55 | errors or omissions and request any additional information
 56 | required.

57 | d. Requested information omitted from an application for
 58 | licensure must be filed with the department within 21 days after
 59 | the department's request for omitted information or the
 60 | application shall be deemed incomplete and shall be withdrawn
 61 | from further consideration and the fees shall be forfeited.

62 | e. Within 30 days after the receipt of a complete
 63 | application, the department shall approve or deny the
 64 | application.

65 | 2. A medical marijuana treatment center, and any
 66 | individual or entity who directly or indirectly owns, controls,
 67 | or holds with power to vote 5 percent or more of the voting
 68 | shares of a medical marijuana treatment center, may not acquire
 69 | direct or indirect ownership or control of any voting shares or
 70 | other form of ownership of any other medical marijuana treatment
 71 | center.

72 | 3. A medical marijuana treatment center may not enter into
 73 | any form of profit-sharing arrangement with the property owner
 74 | or lessor of any of its facilities where cultivation,
 75 | processing, storing, or dispensing of marijuana and marijuana

76 | delivery devices occurs.

77 | 4. All employees of a medical marijuana treatment center
78 | must be 21 years of age or older and have passed a background
79 | screening pursuant to subsection (9).

80 | 5. Each medical marijuana treatment center must adopt and
81 | enforce policies and procedures to ensure employees and
82 | volunteers receive training on the legal requirements to
83 | dispense marijuana to qualified patients.

84 | 6. When growing marijuana, a medical marijuana treatment
85 | center:

86 | a. May use pesticides determined by the department, after
87 | consultation with the Department of Agriculture and Consumer
88 | Services, to be safely applied to plants intended for human
89 | consumption, but may not use pesticides designated as
90 | restricted-use pesticides pursuant to s. 487.042.

91 | b. Must grow marijuana within an enclosed structure and in
92 | a room separate from any other plant.

93 | c. Must inspect seeds and growing plants for plant pests
94 | that endanger or threaten the horticultural and agricultural
95 | interests of the state in accordance with chapter 581 and any
96 | rules adopted thereunder.

97 | d. Must perform fumigation or treatment of plants, or
98 | remove and destroy infested or infected plants, in accordance
99 | with chapter 581 and any rules adopted thereunder.

100 | 7. Each medical marijuana treatment center must produce

101 and make available for purchase at least one low-THC cannabis
102 product.

103 8. A medical marijuana treatment center that produces
104 edibles must hold a permit to operate as a food establishment
105 pursuant to chapter 500, the Florida Food Safety Act, and must
106 comply with all the requirements for food establishments
107 pursuant to chapter 500 and any rules adopted thereunder.
108 Edibles may not contain more than 200 milligrams of
109 tetrahydrocannabinol, and a single serving portion of an edible
110 may not exceed 10 milligrams of tetrahydrocannabinol. Edibles
111 may have a potency variance of no greater than 15 percent.
112 Marijuana products, including edibles, may not be attractive to
113 children; be manufactured in the shape of humans, cartoons, or
114 animals; be manufactured in a form that bears any reasonable
115 resemblance to products available for consumption as
116 commercially available candy; or contain any color additives. To
117 discourage consumption of edibles by children, the department
118 shall determine by rule any shapes, forms, and ingredients
119 allowed and prohibited for edibles. Medical marijuana treatment
120 centers may not begin processing or dispensing edibles until
121 after the effective date of the rule. The department shall also
122 adopt sanitation rules providing the standards and requirements
123 for the storage, display, or dispensing of edibles.

124 9. Within 12 months after licensure, a medical marijuana
125 treatment center must demonstrate to the department that all of

126 its processing facilities have passed a Food Safety Good
127 Manufacturing Practices, such as Global Food Safety Initiative
128 or equivalent, inspection by a nationally accredited certifying
129 body. A medical marijuana treatment center must immediately stop
130 processing at any facility which fails to pass this inspection
131 until it demonstrates to the department that such facility has
132 met this requirement.

133 10. A medical marijuana treatment center that produces
134 prerolled marijuana cigarettes may not use wrapping paper made
135 with tobacco or hemp.

136 11. When processing marijuana, a medical marijuana
137 treatment center must:

138 a. Process the marijuana within an enclosed structure and
139 in a room separate from other plants or products.

140 b. Comply with department rules when processing marijuana
141 with hydrocarbon solvents or other solvents or gases exhibiting
142 potential toxicity to humans. The department shall determine by
143 rule the requirements for medical marijuana treatment centers to
144 use such solvents or gases exhibiting potential toxicity to
145 humans.

146 c. Comply with federal and state laws and regulations and
147 department rules for solid and liquid wastes. The department
148 shall determine by rule procedures for the storage, handling,
149 transportation, management, and disposal of solid and liquid
150 waste generated during marijuana production and processing. The

151 Department of Environmental Protection shall assist the
152 department in developing such rules.

153 d. Test the processed marijuana using a medical marijuana
154 testing laboratory before it is dispensed. Results must be
155 verified and signed by two medical marijuana treatment center
156 employees. Before dispensing, the medical marijuana treatment
157 center must determine that the test results indicate that low-
158 THC cannabis meets the definition of low-THC cannabis, the
159 concentration of tetrahydrocannabinol meets the potency
160 requirements of this section, the labeling of the concentration
161 of tetrahydrocannabinol and cannabidiol is accurate, and all
162 marijuana is safe for human consumption and free from
163 contaminants that are unsafe for human consumption. The
164 department shall determine by rule which contaminants must be
165 tested for and the maximum levels of each contaminant which are
166 safe for human consumption. The Department of Agriculture and
167 Consumer Services shall assist the department in developing the
168 testing requirements for contaminants that are unsafe for human
169 consumption in edibles. The department shall also determine by
170 rule the procedures for the treatment of marijuana that fails to
171 meet the testing requirements of this section, s. 381.988, or
172 department rule. The department may select samples of marijuana
173 from a medical marijuana treatment center facility which shall
174 be tested by the department to determine whether the marijuana
175 meets the potency requirements of this section, is safe for

176 human consumption, and is accurately labeled with the
177 tetrahydrocannabinol and cannabidiol concentration or to verify
178 the result of marijuana testing conducted by a marijuana testing
179 laboratory. The department may also select samples of marijuana
180 delivery devices from a medical marijuana treatment center to
181 determine whether the marijuana delivery device is safe for use
182 by qualified patients. A medical marijuana treatment center may
183 not require payment from the department for the sample. A
184 medical marijuana treatment center must recall marijuana,
185 including all marijuana and marijuana products made from the
186 same batch of marijuana, that fails to meet the potency
187 requirements of this section, that is unsafe for human
188 consumption, or for which the labeling of the
189 tetrahydrocannabinol and cannabidiol concentration is
190 inaccurate. The department shall adopt rules to establish
191 marijuana potency variations of no greater than 15 percent using
192 negotiated rulemaking pursuant to s. 120.54(2)(d) which accounts
193 for, but is not limited to, time lapses between testing, testing
194 methods, testing instruments, and types of marijuana sampled for
195 testing. The department may not issue any recalls for product
196 potency as it relates to product labeling before issuing a rule
197 relating to potency variation standards. A medical marijuana
198 treatment center must also recall all marijuana delivery devices
199 determined to be unsafe for use by qualified patients. The
200 medical marijuana treatment center must retain records of all

201 testing and samples of each homogenous batch of marijuana for at
202 least 9 months. The medical marijuana treatment center must
203 contract with a marijuana testing laboratory to perform audits
204 on the medical marijuana treatment center's standard operating
205 procedures, testing records, and samples and provide the results
206 to the department to confirm that the marijuana or low-THC
207 cannabis meets the requirements of this section and that the
208 marijuana or low-THC cannabis is safe for human consumption. A
209 medical marijuana treatment center shall reserve two processed
210 samples from each batch and retain such samples for at least 9
211 months for the purpose of such audits. A medical marijuana
212 treatment center may use a laboratory that has not been
213 certified by the department under s. 381.988 until such time as
214 at least one laboratory holds the required certification, but in
215 no event later than July 1, 2018.

216 e. Package the marijuana in compliance with the United
217 States Poison Prevention Packaging Act of 1970, 15 U.S.C. ss.
218 1471 et seq.

219 f. Package the marijuana in a receptacle that has a firmly
220 affixed and legible label stating the following information:

221 (I) The marijuana or low-THC cannabis meets the
222 requirements of sub-subparagraph d.

223 (II) The name of the medical marijuana treatment center
224 from which the marijuana originates.

225 (III) The batch number and harvest number from which the

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226 marijuana originates and the date dispensed.

227 (IV) The name of the physician who issued the physician
228 certification.

229 (V) The name of the patient.

230 (VI) The product name, if applicable, and dosage form,
231 including concentration of tetrahydrocannabinol and cannabidiol.
232 The product name may not contain wording commonly associated
233 with products that are attractive to children or which promote
234 the recreational use of marijuana.

235 (VII) The recommended dose.

236 (VIII) A warning that it is illegal to transfer medical
237 marijuana to another person.

238 (IX) A marijuana universal symbol developed by the
239 department.

240 12. The medical marijuana treatment center shall include
241 in each package a patient package insert with information on the
242 specific product dispensed related to:

- 243 a. Clinical pharmacology.
244 b. Indications and use.
245 c. Dosage and administration.
246 d. Dosage forms and strengths.
247 e. Contraindications.
248 f. Warnings and precautions.
249 g. Adverse reactions.

250 13. In addition to the packaging and labeling requirements

251 specified in subparagraphs 11. and 12., marijuana in a form for
252 smoking must be packaged in a sealed receptacle with a legible
253 and prominent warning to keep away from children and a warning
254 that states marijuana smoke contains carcinogens and may
255 negatively affect health. Such receptacles for marijuana in a
256 form for smoking must be plain, opaque, and white without
257 depictions of the product or images other than the medical
258 marijuana treatment center's department-approved logo and the
259 marijuana universal symbol.

260 14. The department shall adopt rules to regulate the
261 types, appearance, and labeling of marijuana delivery devices
262 dispensed from a medical marijuana treatment center. The rules
263 must require marijuana delivery devices to have an appearance
264 consistent with medical use.

265 15. ~~Each edible must be individually sealed in plain,~~
266 ~~opaque wrapping marked only with the marijuana universal symbol.~~
267 Where practical, each edible must be marked with the marijuana
268 universal symbol. In addition to the packaging and labeling
269 requirements in subparagraphs 11. and 12., edible receptacles
270 must be plain, opaque, and white without depictions of the
271 product or images and must include other than the medical
272 marijuana treatment center's department-approved logo, and the
273 marijuana universal symbol, the edible's statement of identity
274 as provided in 21 C.F.R. s. 101.3, and the net quantity of
275 contents as provided in 21 C.F.R. s. 101.105(a), (b), and (c).

276 The receptacle must also include a list of ~~all~~ the edible's
277 nutrition facts, allergens, ingredients, storage instructions,
278 an expiration date, a legible and prominent warning to keep away
279 from children and pets, and a warning that the edible has not
280 been produced or inspected pursuant to federal food safety laws.

281 16. When dispensing marijuana or a marijuana delivery
282 device, a medical marijuana treatment center:

283 a. May dispense any active, valid order for low-THC
284 cannabis, medical cannabis and cannabis delivery devices issued
285 pursuant to former s. 381.986, Florida Statutes 2016, which was
286 entered into the medical marijuana use registry before July 1,
287 2017.

288 b. May not dispense more than a 70-day supply of marijuana
289 within any 70-day period to a qualified patient or caregiver.
290 May not dispense more than one 35-day supply of marijuana in a
291 form for smoking within any 35-day period to a qualified patient
292 or caregiver. A 35-day supply of marijuana in a form for smoking
293 may not exceed 2.5 ounces unless an exception to this amount is
294 approved by the department pursuant to paragraph (4)(f).

295 c. Must have the medical marijuana treatment center's
296 employee who dispenses the marijuana or a marijuana delivery
297 device enter into the medical marijuana use registry his or her
298 name or unique employee identifier.

299 d. Must verify that the qualified patient and the
300 caregiver, if applicable, each have an active registration in

301 the medical marijuana use registry and an active and valid
302 medical marijuana use registry identification card, the amount
303 and type of marijuana dispensed matches the physician
304 certification in the medical marijuana use registry for that
305 qualified patient, and the physician certification has not
306 already been filled.

307 e. May not dispense marijuana to a qualified patient who
308 is younger than 18 years of age. If the qualified patient is
309 younger than 18 years of age, marijuana may only be dispensed to
310 the qualified patient's caregiver.

311 f. May not dispense or sell any other type of cannabis,
312 alcohol, or illicit drug-related product, including pipes or
313 wrapping papers made with tobacco or hemp, other than a
314 marijuana delivery device required for the medical use of
315 marijuana and which is specified in a physician certification.

316 g. Must, upon dispensing the marijuana or marijuana
317 delivery device, record in the registry the date, time,
318 quantity, and form of marijuana dispensed; the type of marijuana
319 delivery device dispensed; and the name and medical marijuana
320 use registry identification number of the qualified patient or
321 caregiver to whom the marijuana delivery device was dispensed.

322 h. Must ensure that patient records are not visible to
323 anyone other than the qualified patient, his or her caregiver,
324 and authorized medical marijuana treatment center employees.

325 Section 2. This act shall take effect July 1, 2024.