By Senator DiCeglie

	18-01005A-24 20241428
1	A bill to be entitled
2	An act relating to coverage by the Citizens Property
3	Insurance Corporation; amending s. 627.351, F.S.;
4	revising the types of policies included in specified
5	accounts of the Citizens Property Insurance
6	Corporation; revising the requirements for areas that
7	are eligible for certain personal residential and
8	commercial residential and commercial nonresidential
9	policy coverages by the corporation; authorizing the
10	corporation to amend wind-eligible areas under certain
11	circumstances; authorizing the corporation to consider
12	certain factors in developing new eligibility criteria
13	and rates for policies that provide wind-only
14	coverage; providing that such rates are subject to
15	specified provisions; requiring that such eligibility
16	criteria and rates be submitted to the Legislature for
17	review and approval; providing that the Office of
18	Insurance Regulation may implement eligibility
19	criteria and rates only upon approval by the
20	Legislature; defining the term "wind-eligible area";
21	providing an effective date.
22	
23	Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:
24	
25	Section 1. Present subsection (7) of section 627.351,
26	Florida Statutes, is redesignated as subsection (8), a new
27	subsection (7) is added to that section, and paragraph (b) of
28	subsection (6) and present subsection (7) are amended, to read
29	627.351 Insurance risk apportionment plans

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 30
 (6) CITIZENS PROPERTY INSURANCE CORPORATION.

31 (b)1. All insurers authorized to write one or more subject 32 lines of business in this state are subject to assessment by the 33 corporation and, for the purposes of this subsection, are 34 referred to collectively as "assessable insurers." Insurers writing one or more subject lines of business in this state 35 36 pursuant to part VIII of chapter 626 are not assessable 37 insurers; however, insureds who procure one or more subject lines of business in this state pursuant to part VIII of chapter 38 39 626 are subject to assessment by the corporation and are 40 referred to collectively as "assessable insureds." An insurer's assessment liability begins on the first day of the calendar 41 42 year following the year in which the insurer was issued a 43 certificate of authority to transact insurance for subject lines 44 of business in this state and terminates 1 year after the end of the first calendar year during which the insurer no longer holds 45 46 a certificate of authority to transact insurance for subject 47 lines of business in this state.

48 2.a. All revenues, assets, liabilities, losses, and 49 expenses of the corporation shall be divided into three separate 50 accounts as follows:

51 (I) A personal lines account for personal residential 52 policies issued by the corporation which provides comprehensive, 53 multiperil coverage on risks that are not located in areas 54 eligible for coverage by the Florida Windstorm Underwriting 55 Association as those areas were defined on January 1, 2002, or 56 included as eligible for coverage by the corporation and for 57 policies that do not provide coverage for the peril of wind on 58 risks that are located in such areas;

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18-01005A-24 20241428 59 (II) A commercial lines account for commercial residential 60 and commercial nonresidential policies issued by the corporation 61 which provides coverage for basic property perils on risks that 62 are not located in areas eligible for coverage by the Florida 63 Windstorm Underwriting Association as those areas were defined 64 on January 1, 2002, or included as eligible for coverage by the 65 corporation and for policies that do not provide coverage for 66 the peril of wind on risks that are located in such areas; and (III) A coastal account for personal residential policies 67 68 and commercial residential and commercial nonresidential 69 property policies issued by the corporation which provides 70 coverage for the peril of wind on risks that are located in 71 areas eligible for coverage by the Florida Windstorm 72 Underwriting Association as those areas were defined on January 73 1, 2002, or included as eligible for coverage by the 74 corporation. The corporation may offer policies that provide 75 multiperil coverage and shall offer policies that provide 76 coverage only for the peril of wind for risks located in areas 77 eligible for coverage in the coastal account. Effective July 1, 78 2014, the corporation shall cease offering new commercial residential policies providing multiperil coverage and shall 79 80 instead continue to offer commercial residential wind-only 81 policies, and may offer commercial residential policies 82 excluding wind. The corporation may, however, continue to renew 83 a commercial residential multiperil policy on a building that is insured by the corporation on June 30, 2014, under a multiperil 84 85 policy. In issuing multiperil coverage, the corporation may use 86 its approved policy forms and rates for the personal lines 87 account. An applicant or insured who is eligible to purchase a

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18-01005A-24 20241428 88 multiperil policy from the corporation may purchase a multiperil 89 policy from an authorized insurer without prejudice to the 90 applicant's or insured's eligibility to prospectively purchase a 91 policy that provides coverage only for the peril of wind from 92 the corporation. An applicant or insured who is eligible for a corporation policy that provides coverage only for the peril of 93 94 wind may elect to purchase or retain such policy and also 95 purchase or retain coverage excluding wind from an authorized 96 insurer without prejudice to the applicant's or insured's 97 eligibility to prospectively purchase a policy that provides multiperil coverage from the corporation. It is the goal of the 98 99 Legislature that there be an overall average savings of 10 100 percent or more for a policyholder who currently has a wind-only 101 policy with the corporation, and an ex-wind policy with a 102 voluntary insurer or the corporation, and who obtains a 103 multiperil policy from the corporation. It is the intent of the 104 Legislature that the offer of multiperil coverage in the coastal 105 account be made and implemented in a manner that does not 106 adversely affect the tax-exempt status of the corporation or 107 creditworthiness of or security for currently outstanding 108 financing obligations or credit facilities of the coastal 109 account, the personal lines account, or the commercial lines 110 account. The coastal account must also include quota share 111 primary insurance under subparagraph (c)2. The area eligible for coverage under the coastal account also includes the area within 112 113 Port Canaveral, which is bordered on the south by the City of Cape Canaveral, bordered on the west by the Banana River, and 114 115 bordered on the north by Federal Government property.

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b. The three separate accounts must be maintained as long

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Underwriting Association and the accounts specified in sub-subsubparagraphs a.(I) and (II) may have a claim against, and recourse to, those accounts and no claim against, or recourse to, the account referred to in sub-sub-subparagraph a.(III). Creditors of the Florida Windstorm Underwriting Association have a claim against, and recourse to, the account referred to in

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     sub-sub-subparagraph a.(III) and no claim against, or recourse
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     to, the accounts referred to in sub-subparagraphs a.(I) and
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     (II).
          d. Revenues, assets, liabilities, losses, and expenses not
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     attributable to particular accounts shall be prorated among the
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     accounts.
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          e. The Legislature finds that the revenues of the
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     corporation are revenues that are necessary to meet the
     requirements set forth in documents authorizing the issuance of
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     bonds under this subsection.
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          f. The income of the corporation may not inure to the
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     benefit of any private person.
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          3. With respect to a deficit in an account:
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          a. After accounting for the Citizens policyholder surcharge
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     imposed under sub-subparagraph j., if the remaining projected
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     deficit incurred in the coastal account in a particular calendar
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     year:
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           (I) Is not greater than 2 percent of the aggregate
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     statewide direct written premium for the subject lines of
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     business for the prior calendar year, the entire deficit shall
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     be recovered through regular assessments of assessable insurers
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     under paragraph (q) and assessable insureds.
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           (II) Exceeds 2 percent of the aggregate statewide direct
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     written premium for the subject lines of business for the prior
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     calendar year, the corporation shall levy regular assessments on
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     assessable insurers under paragraph (q) and on assessable
     insureds in an amount equal to the greater of 2 percent of the
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     projected deficit or 2 percent of the aggregate statewide direct
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     written premium for the subject lines of business for the prior
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18-01005A-24 20241428 175 calendar year. Any remaining projected deficit shall be 176 recovered through emergency assessments under sub-subparagraph 177 e. 178 b. Each assessable insurer's share of the amount being 179 assessed under sub-subparagraph a. must be in the proportion that the assessable insurer's direct written premium for the 180 181 subject lines of business for the year preceding the assessment 182 bears to the aggregate statewide direct written premium for the subject lines of business for that year. The assessment 183 184 percentage applicable to each assessable insured is the ratio of 185 the amount being assessed under sub-subparagraph a. to the 186 aggregate statewide direct written premium for the subject lines 187 of business for the prior year. Assessments levied by the 188 corporation on assessable insurers under sub-subparagraph a. 189 must be paid as required by the corporation's plan of operation 190 and paragraph (q). Assessments levied by the corporation on 191 assessable insureds under sub-subparagraph a. shall be collected 192 by the surplus lines agent at the time the surplus lines agent 193 collects the surplus lines tax required by s. 626.932, and paid 194 to the Florida Surplus Lines Service Office at the time the 195 surplus lines agent pays the surplus lines tax to that office. 196 Upon receipt of regular assessments from surplus lines agents, 197 the Florida Surplus Lines Service Office shall transfer the 198 assessments directly to the corporation as determined by the 199 corporation. 200

c. The corporation may not levy regular assessments under
paragraph (q) pursuant to sub-subparagraph a. or subsubparagraph b. if the three separate accounts in sub-subsubparagraphs 2.a.(I)-(III) have been consolidated into the

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18-01005A-24 20241428 204 Citizens account pursuant to sub-subparagraph 2.b. However, the 205 outstanding balance of any regular assessment levied by the 206 corporation before establishment of the Citizens account remains 207 payable to the corporation. 208 d. After accounting for the Citizens policyholder surcharge 209 imposed under sub-subparagraph j., the remaining projected 210 deficits in the personal lines account and in the commercial

210 deficits in the personal lines account and in the commercial 211 lines account in a particular calendar year shall be recovered 212 through emergency assessments under sub-subparagraph e.

213 e. Upon a determination by the board of governors that a 214 projected deficit in an account exceeds the amount that is 215 expected to be recovered through regular assessments under sub-216 subparagraph a., plus the amount that is expected to be 217 recovered through surcharges under sub-subparagraph j., the 218 board, after verification by the office, shall levy emergency assessments for as many years as necessary to cover the 219 220 deficits, to be collected by assessable insurers and the 221 corporation and collected from assessable insureds upon issuance 222 or renewal of policies for subject lines of business, excluding 223 National Flood Insurance policies. The amount collected in a 224 particular year must be a uniform percentage of that year's 225 direct written premium for subject lines of business and all accounts of the corporation, excluding National Flood Insurance 226 227 Program policy premiums, as annually determined by the board and verified by the office. The office shall verify the arithmetic 228 229 calculations involved in the board's determination within 30 230 days after receipt of the information on which the determination 231 was based. The office shall notify assessable insurers and the Florida Surplus Lines Service Office of the date on which 232

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260 projected recoveries from the Florida Hurricane Catastrophe 261 Fund, other insurance and reinsurance recoverables, policyholder

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18-01005A-24 20241428 262 surcharges and other surcharges, and other funds available to 263 the corporation as the source of revenue for and to secure bonds 264 issued under paragraph (g), bonds or other indebtedness issued 265 under subparagraph (c)3., or lines of credit or other financing 266 mechanisms issued or created under this subsection, or to retire 267 any other debt incurred as a result of deficits or events giving 268 rise to deficits, or in any other way that the board determines 269 will efficiently recover such deficits. The purpose of the lines 270 of credit or other financing mechanisms is to provide additional 271 resources to assist the corporation in covering claims and 272 expenses attributable to a catastrophe. As used in this 273 subsection, the term "assessments" includes regular assessments 274 under sub-subparagraph a. or subparagraph (q)1. and emergency 275 assessments under sub-subparagraph e. Emergency assessments 276 collected under sub-subparagraph e. are not part of an insurer's 277 rates, are not premium, and are not subject to premium tax, 278 fees, or commissions; however, failure to pay the emergency 279 assessment shall be treated as failure to pay premium. The 280 emergency assessments shall continue as long as any bonds issued 281 or other indebtedness incurred with respect to a deficit for 282 which the assessment was imposed remain outstanding, unless 283 adequate provision has been made for the payment of such bonds 284 or other indebtedness pursuant to the documents governing such 285 bonds or indebtedness.

g. As used in this subsection for purposes of any deficit incurred on or after January 25, 2007, the term "subject lines of business" means insurance written by assessable insurers or procured by assessable insureds for all property and casualty lines of business in this state, but not including workers'

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291 compensation or medical malpractice. As used in this sub-292 subparagraph, the term "property and casualty lines of business" 293 includes all lines of business identified on Form 2, Exhibit of 294 Premiums and Losses, in the annual statement required of 295 authorized insurers under s. 624.424 and any rule adopted under 296 this section, except for those lines identified as accident and 297 health insurance and except for policies written under the 298 National Flood Insurance Program or the Federal Crop Insurance 299 Program. For purposes of this sub-subparagraph, the term 300 "workers' compensation" includes both workers' compensation 301 insurance and excess workers' compensation insurance.

h. The Florida Surplus Lines Service Office shall determine annually the aggregate statewide written premium in subject lines of business procured by assessable insureds and report that information to the corporation in a form and at a time the corporation specifies to ensure that the corporation can meet the requirements of this subsection and the corporation's financing obligations.

i. The Florida Surplus Lines Service Office shall verify
the proper application by surplus lines agents of assessment
percentages for regular assessments and emergency assessments
levied under this subparagraph on assessable insureds and assist
the corporation in ensuring the accurate, timely collection and
payment of assessments by surplus lines agents as required by
the corporation.

316 j. Upon determination by the board of governors that an 317 account has a projected deficit, the board shall levy a Citizens 318 policyholder surcharge against all policyholders of the 319 corporation.

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18-01005A-24 20241428 320 (I) The surcharge shall be levied as a uniform percentage 321 of the premium for the policy of up to 15 percent of such 322 premium, which funds shall be used to offset the deficit. 323 (II) The surcharge is payable upon cancellation or termination of the policy, upon renewal of the policy, or upon 324 325 issuance of a new policy by the corporation within the first 12 326 months after the date of the levy or the period of time 327 necessary to fully collect the surcharge amount. 328 (III) The corporation may not levy any regular assessments 329 under paragraph (q) pursuant to sub-subparagraph a. or sub-330 subparagraph b. with respect to a particular year's deficit 331 until the corporation has first levied the full amount of the 332 surcharge authorized by this sub-subparagraph. 333 (IV) The surcharge is not considered premium and is not 334 subject to commissions, fees, or premium taxes. However, failure 335 to pay the surcharge shall be treated as failure to pay premium. 336 k. If the amount of any assessments or surcharges collected 337 from corporation policyholders, assessable insurers or their 338 policyholders, or assessable insureds exceeds the amount of the 339 deficits, such excess amounts shall be remitted to and retained 340 by the corporation in a reserve to be used by the corporation, 341 as determined by the board of governors and approved by the 342 office, to pay claims or reduce any past, present, or future 343 plan-year deficits or to reduce outstanding debt.

344 4. The Citizens account, if established by the corporation345 pursuant to sub-subparagraph 2.b., is authorized to provide:

a. Personal residential policies that provide
comprehensive, multiperil coverage on risks that are not located
in areas eligible for coverage by the Florida Windstorm

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18-01005A-24 20241428 349 Underwriting Association, as those areas were defined on January 350 1, 2002, and for policies that do not provide coverage for the 351 peril of wind on risks that are located in such areas; 352 b. Commercial residential and commercial nonresidential 353 policies that provide coverage for basic property perils on 354 risks that are not located in areas eligible for coverage by the 355 Florida Windstorm Underwriting Association, as those areas were 356 defined on January 1, 2002, and for policies that do not provide 357 coverage for the peril of wind on risks that are located in such 358 areas; and 359 c. Personal residential policies and commercial residential 360 and commercial nonresidential property policies that provide 361 coverage for the peril of wind on risks that are located in 362 wind-eligible areas eligible for coverage by the Florida 363 Windstorm Underwriting Association, as those areas were defined 364 on January 1, 2002. The corporation may offer policies that 365 provide multiperil coverage and shall offer policies that 366 provide coverage only for the peril of wind for risks located in 367 wind-eligible areas eligible for coverage by the Florida 368 Windstorm Underwriting Association, as those areas were defined 369 on January 1, 2002. The corporation may not offer new commercial 370 residential policies providing multiperil coverage. The 371 corporation, but shall continue to offer commercial residential 372 wind-only policies, and may offer commercial residential policies excluding wind. However, the corporation may continue 373 374 to renew a commercial residential multiperil policy on a 375 building that was insured by the corporation on June 30, 2014, under a multiperil policy. In issuing multiperil coverage under 376 this sub-subparagraph, the corporation may use its approved 377

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18-01005A-24 20241428 378 policy forms and rates for risks located in areas that are not 379 wind-eligible eligible for coverage by the Florida Windstorm Underwriting Association as those areas were defined on January 380 381 1, 2002, and for policies that do not provide coverage for the 382 peril of wind on risks that are located in such areas. An 383 applicant or insured who is eligible to purchase a multiperil 384 policy from the corporation may purchase a multiperil policy from an authorized insurer without prejudice to the applicant's 385 386 or insured's eligibility to prospectively purchase a policy that provides coverage only for the peril of wind from the 387 388 corporation. An applicant or insured who is eligible for a 389 corporation policy that provides coverage only for the peril of 390 wind may elect to purchase or retain such policy and also purchase or retain coverage excluding wind from an authorized 391 392 insurer without prejudice to the applicant's or insured's 393 eligibility to prospectively purchase a policy that provides 394 multiperil coverage from the corporation. The following 395 policies, which provide coverage only for the peril of wind, 396 must also include quota share primary insurance under 397 subparagraph (c)2.: Personal residential policies and commercial 398 residential and commercial nonresidential property policies that 399 provide coverage for the peril of wind on risks that are located 400 in areas eligible for coverage by the Florida Windstorm 401 Underwriting Association, as those areas were defined on January 402 1, 2002; policies that provide multiperil coverage, if offered 403 by the corporation, and policies that provide coverage only for 404 the peril of wind for risks located in areas eligible for 405 coverage by the Florida Windstorm Underwriting Association, as 406 those areas were defined on January 1, 2002; commercial

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18-01005A-24 20241428 407 residential wind-only policies; commercial residential policies 408 excluding wind, if offered by the corporation; and commercial 409 residential multiperil policies on a building that was insured 410 by the corporation on June 30, 2014. The area eligible for 411 coverage with the corporation under this sub-subparagraph 412 includes the area within Port Canaveral, which is bordered on 413 the south by the City of Cape Canaveral, bordered on the west by 414 the Banana River, and bordered on the north by Federal 415 Government property. 416 5. With respect to a deficit in the Citizens account: 417 a. Upon a determination by the board of governors that the 418 Citizens account has a projected deficit, the board shall levy a 419 Citizens policyholder surcharge against all policyholders of the 420 corporation. 421 (I) The surcharge shall be levied as a uniform percentage 422 of the premium for the policy of up to 15 percent of such 423 premium, which funds shall be used to offset the deficit. 424 (II) The surcharge is payable upon cancellation or 425 termination of the policy, upon renewal of the policy, or upon 426 issuance of a new policy by the corporation within the first 12 427 months after the date of the levy or the period of time 428 necessary to fully collect the surcharge amount. 429 (III) The surcharge is not considered premium and is not 430 subject to commissions, fees, or premium taxes. However, failure to pay the surcharge shall be treated as failure to pay premium. 431 4.32 b. After accounting for the Citizens policyholder surcharge 433 imposed under sub-subparagraph a., the remaining projected 434 deficit incurred in the Citizens account in a particular

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calendar year shall be recovered through emergency assessments

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436 under sub-subparagraph c.

437 c. Upon a determination by the board of governors that a 438 projected deficit in the Citizens account exceeds the amount 439 that is expected to be recovered through surcharges under sub-440 subparagraph a., the board, after verification by the office, 441 shall levy emergency assessments for as many years as necessary 442 to cover the deficits, to be collected by assessable insurers 443 and the corporation and collected from assessable insureds upon 444 issuance or renewal of policies for subject lines of business, 445 excluding National Flood Insurance Program policies. The amount 446 collected in a particular year must be a uniform percentage of 447 that year's direct written premium for subject lines of business 448 and the Citizens account, National Flood Insurance Program 449 policy premiums, as annually determined by the board and verified by the office. The office shall verify the arithmetic 450 451 calculations involved in the board's determination within 30 452 days after receipt of the information on which the determination 453 was based. The office shall notify assessable insurers and the 454 Florida Surplus Lines Service Office of the date on which 455 assessable insurers shall begin to collect and assessable 456 insureds shall begin to pay such assessment. The date must be at 457 least 90 days after the date the corporation levies emergency 458 assessments pursuant to this sub-subparagraph. Notwithstanding 459 any other law, the corporation and each assessable insurer that 460 writes subject lines of business shall collect emergency 461 assessments from its policyholders without such obligation being 462 affected by any credit, limitation, exemption, or deferment. 463 Emergency assessments levied by the corporation on assessable insureds shall be collected by the surplus lines agent at the 464

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18-01005A-24 20241428 465 time the surplus lines agent collects the surplus lines tax 466 required by s. 626.932 and paid to the Florida Surplus Lines 467 Service Office at the time the surplus lines agent pays the 468 surplus lines tax to that office. The emergency assessments 469 collected shall be transferred directly to the corporation on a 470 periodic basis as determined by the corporation and held by the 471 corporation solely in the Citizens account. The aggregate amount 472 of emergency assessments levied for the Citizens account in any 473 calendar year may be less than, but may not exceed the greater 474 of, 10 percent of the amount needed to cover the deficit, plus 475 interest, fees, commissions, required reserves, and other costs 476 associated with financing the original deficit or 10 percent of 477 the aggregate statewide direct written premium for subject lines 478 of business and the Citizens accounts for the prior year, plus interest, fees, commissions, required reserves, and other costs 479 480 associated with financing the deficit.

481 d. The corporation may pledge the proceeds of assessments, 482 projected recoveries from the Florida Hurricane Catastrophe 483 Fund, other insurance and reinsurance recoverables, policyholder 484 surcharges and other surcharges, and other funds available to 485 the corporation as the source of revenue for and to secure bonds 486 issued under paragraph (q), bonds or other indebtedness issued 487 under subparagraph (c)3., or lines of credit or other financing 488 mechanisms issued or created under this subsection; or to retire 489 any other debt incurred as a result of deficits or events giving 490 rise to deficits, or in any other way that the board determines 491 will efficiently recover such deficits. The purpose of the lines 492 of credit or other financing mechanisms is to provide additional 493 resources to assist the corporation in covering claims and

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494 expenses attributable to a catastrophe. As used in this 495 subsection, the term "assessments" includes emergency 496 assessments under sub-subparagraph c. Emergency assessments 497 collected under sub-subparagraph c. are not part of an insurer's 498 rates, are not premium, and are not subject to premium tax, 499 fees, or commissions; however, failure to pay the emergency 500 assessment shall be treated as failure to pay premium. The 501 emergency assessments shall continue as long as any bonds issued 502 or other indebtedness incurred with respect to a deficit for 503 which the assessment was imposed remain outstanding, unless 504 adequate provision has been made for the payment of such bonds 505 or other indebtedness pursuant to the documents governing such 506 bonds or indebtedness.

507 e. As used in this subsection and for purposes of any 508 deficit incurred on or after January 25, 2007, the term "subject 509 lines of business" means insurance written by assessable 510 insurers or procured by assessable insureds for all property and 511 casualty lines of business in this state, but not including 512 workers' compensation or medical malpractice. As used in this 513 sub-subparagraph, the term "property and casualty lines of 514 business" includes all lines of business identified on Form 2, 515 Exhibit of Premiums and Losses, in the annual statement required of authorized insurers under s. 624.424 and any rule adopted 516 517 under this section, except for those lines identified as 518 accident and health insurance and except for policies written 519 under the National Flood Insurance Program or the Federal Crop 520 Insurance Program. For purposes of this sub-subparagraph, the term "workers' compensation" includes both workers' compensation 521 522 insurance and excess workers' compensation insurance.

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18-01005A-24 20241428 523 f. The Florida Surplus Lines Service Office shall annually 524 determine the aggregate statewide written premium in subject 525 lines of business procured by assessable insureds and report 526 that information to the corporation in a form and at a time the 527 corporation specifies to ensure that the corporation can meet 528 the requirements of this subsection and the corporation's 529 financing obligations. 530 g. The Florida Surplus Lines Service Office shall verify 531 the proper application by surplus lines agents of assessment 532 percentages for emergency assessments levied under this 533 subparagraph on assessable insureds and assist the corporation 534 in ensuring the accurate, timely collection and payment of 535 assessments by surplus lines agents as required by the 536 corporation. 537 h. If the amount of any assessments or surcharges collected 538 from corporation policyholders, assessable insurers or their 539 policyholders, or assessable insureds exceeds the amount of the 540 deficits, such excess amounts shall be remitted to and retained 541 by the corporation in a reserve to be used by the corporation, 542 as determined by the board of governors and approved by the 543 office, to pay claims or reduce any past, present, or future 544 plan-year deficits or to reduce outstanding debt. 545 (7) DEVELOPMENT AND MODIFICATION OF WIND-ELIGIBLE AREAS.-546 (a) The corporation may amend the wind-eligible areas, 547 subject to approval by the Legislature under paragraph (c), by 548 developing new eligibility criteria and rates for policies that 549 provide wind-only coverage. In developing new eligibility 550 criteria and rates, the corporation may consider the market for 551 wind-only coverage in the areas in which wind-only coverage is

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552	to be offered, the resulting impact to the corporation's overall
553	exposure of offering such coverage in those areas, as well as
554	reasonably prudent measures for limiting its exposure upon
555	offering wind-only coverage in those areas.
556	(b) Rates for coverage offered in wind-eligible areas are
557	subject to paragraph (6)(n).
558	(c) By December 1 of each year, beginning in 2025, the
559	corporation shall submit to the Legislature the eligibility
560	criteria and rates developed under paragraph (a) for review and
561	approval. The office shall implement the eligibility criteria
562	and rates only upon approval by the Legislature.
563	(8) (7) WIND-ELIGIBLE AREA DEFINED; COLLATERAL PROTECTION
564	INSURANCE
565	(a) Except as otherwise provided in subsection (7), the
566	term "wind-eligible area," as used in this section, means an
567	area that is eligible for coverage by the Florida Windstorm
568	Underwriting Association, as those areas were defined on January
569	<u>1, 2002.</u>
570	(b) As used in this section and ss. 215.555 and 627.311,
571	the term "collateral protection insurance" means commercial
572	property insurance of which a creditor is the primary
573	beneficiary and policyholder and which protects or covers an
574	interest of the creditor arising out of a credit transaction
575	secured by real or personal property. Initiation of such
576	coverage is triggered by the mortgagor's failure to maintain
577	insurance coverage as required by the mortgage or other lending
578	document. Collateral protection insurance is not residential
579	coverage.
580	Section 2. This act shall take effect July 1, 2024.

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