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A bill to be entitled An act relating to public records and meetings; amending ss. 394.464 and 397.6760, F.S.; specifying that all hearings relating to mental health and substance abuse, respectively, are confidential and closed to the public; providing exceptions; exempting certain information from public records requirements; expanding a public records exemption to include certain petitions and applications; authorizing disclosure of certain confidential and exempt documents to certain service providers; authorizing courts to use a respondent's name for certain purposes; revising applicability to include certain appeals; revising the date for future legislative review and repeal of the exemption; providing public necessity statements; providing an effective date. Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida: Section 1. Section 394.464, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 394.464 Court proceedings and records; confidentiality.-(1) Absent a judicial finding of good cause or the respondent's consent, all hearings under this part are confidential and closed to the public.

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(2)(a) The respondent's name, at trial and on appeal,
and all petitions or applications for voluntary and involuntary
admission for mental health <u>examination or</u> treatment, court
orders, and related records that are filed with or by a court
under this part are confidential and exempt from s. 119.07(1)
and s. 24(a), Art. I of the State Constitution. Pleadings and
other documents made confidential and exempt by this section \ensuremath{may}
be disclosed by the clerk of the court, upon request, to any of
the following:
1.(a) The petitioner.
2.(b) The petitioner's attorney.
3.(e) The respondent.
4.(d) The respondent's attorney.
5.(e) The respondent's guardian or guardian advocate, if
applicable.
6.(f) In the case of a minor respondent, the respondent's
parent, guardian, legal custodian, or guardian advocate.
7.(g) The respondent's treating health care practitioner
and service provider.
8.(h) The respondent's health care surrogate or proxy.
9.(i) The Department of Children and Families, without
charge.
10.(j) The Department of Corrections, without charge, if
the respondent is committed or is to be returned to the custody

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of the Department of Corrections from the Department of Children

and Families.

11.(k) A person or entity authorized to view records upon a court order for good cause. In determining if there is good cause for the disclosure of records, the court must weigh the person or entity's need for the information against potential harm to the respondent from the disclosure.

- (b)(2) This <u>subsection</u> section does not preclude the clerk of the court from submitting the information required by s.

 790.065 to the Department of Law Enforcement.
- (c) (3) The clerk of the court may not publish personal identifying information on a court docket or in a publicly accessible file, but the court may use a respondent's name to schedule and adjudicate cases, which includes the transmission of any court order to the parties or the service provider.
- $\underline{\text{(d)}}$ (4) A person or entity receiving information pursuant to this <u>subsection</u> section shall maintain that information as confidential and exempt from s. 119.07(1) and s. 24(a), Art. I of the State Constitution.
- (e) (5) The exemption under this <u>subsection</u> applies to all documents filed with a court before, on, or after July 1, 2019, and appeals pending or filed on or after July 1, 2024.
- $\underline{\text{(f)}}$ This <u>subsection</u> section is subject to the Open Government Sunset Review Act in accordance with s. 119.15 and shall stand repealed on October 2, $\underline{2029}$ $\underline{2024}$, unless reviewed and saved from repeal through reenactment by the Legislature.

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76 Section 2. Section 397.6760, Florida Statutes, is amended 77 to read: 78 397.6760 Court proceedings and records; confidentiality.-Absent a judicial finding of good cause or the 79 80 respondent's consent, all hearings under this part or part IV are confidential and closed to the public. 81 82 (2)(a) The respondent's name, at trial and on appeal, and 83 all petitions or applications for voluntary and involuntary 84 substance abuse treatment or assessment and stabilization, court 85 orders, and related records that are filed with or by a court 86 under this part or part IV are confidential and exempt from s. 87 119.07(1) and s. 24(a), Art. I of the State Constitution. Pleadings and other documents made confidential and exempt by 88 89 this section may be disclosed by the clerk of the court, upon request, to any of the following: 90 91 $1.\frac{(a)}{(a)}$ The petitioner. 2. (b) The petitioner's attorney. 92 93 3.(c) The respondent. 94 $4.\frac{(d)}{d}$ The respondent's attorney. 95 5.(e) The respondent's guardian or guardian advocate, if 96 applicable. 97 In the case of a minor respondent, the respondent's 6.(f) 98 parent, guardian, legal custodian, or guardian advocate. 99 7.(q) The respondent's treating health care practitioner and service provider. 100

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8. (h) The respondent's health care surrogate or proxy.

9.(i) The Department of Children and Families, without charge.

- 10.(j) The Department of Corrections, without charge, if the respondent is committed or is to be returned to the custody of the Department of Corrections from the Department of Children and Families.
- 11.(k) A person or entity authorized to view records upon a court order for good cause. In determining if there is good cause for the disclosure of records, the court must weigh the person or entity's need for the information against potential harm to the respondent from the disclosure.
- (b)(2) This <u>subsection</u> section does not preclude the clerk of the court from submitting the information required by s.

 790.065 to the Department of Law Enforcement.
- <u>(c) (3)</u> The clerk of the court may not publish personal identifying information on a court docket or in a publicly accessible file, but the court may use a respondent's name to schedule and adjudicate cases, which includes the transmission of any court order to the parties or the service provider.
- (d)(4) A person or entity receiving information pursuant to this <u>subsection</u> section shall maintain that information as confidential and exempt from s. 119.07(1) and s. 24(a), Art. I of the State Constitution.
 - (e)(5) The exemption under this subsection section applies

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to all documents filed with a court before, on, or after July 1, 2017, and appeals pending or filed on or after July 1, 2024.

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(f) This subsection is subject to the Open Government

Sunset Review Act in accordance with s. 119.15 and shall stand

repealed on October 2, 2029, unless reviewed and saved from

repeal through reenactment by the Legislature.

Section 3. (1) The Legislature finds that it is a public necessity that court hearings under part I of chapter 394 and parts IV and V of chapter 397, Florida Statutes, be made confidential and closed to the public unless the court finds good cause to open a hearing to the public or the respondent consents to a hearing being open to the public. The mental health or substance abuse impairments of a person are medical conditions that should be protected from public disclosure. A person's health and sensitive personal information regarding his or her mental health or substance abuse impairment are intensely private matters. Making hearings where such impairments, conditions, and personal information may be communicated as confidential and closed to the public will protect such persons from the release of sensitive personal information that could damage their and their families' reputations. Allowing public hearings relating to such information defeats the purpose of protections otherwise provided. Further, the knowledge that such sensitive personal information is subject to disclosure could have a chilling effect on a person's willingness to seek out and

151 comply with mental health or substance abuse treatment services. 152 The Legislature finds that it is a public necessity 153 that voluntary applications or petitions for involuntary 154 examination or treatment, court orders, and related records that 155 are filed with or by a court or relevant service provider under 156 part I of chapter 394 and parts IV and V of chapter 397, Florida 157 Statutes, respectively, and the personal identifying information of a person with a potential mental, emotional, or behavioral 158 159 disorder or a substance abuse disorder which is published on a 160 court docket and maintained by the clerk of the court under part 161 I of chapter 394 and parts IV and V of chapter 397, Florida Statutes, or with the relevant service provider be made 162 163 confidential and exempt from disclosure under s. 119.07(1), 164 Florida Statutes, and s. 24(a), Article I of the State 165 Constitution. The mental health or substance abuse impairments 166 of a person are medical conditions that should be protected from 167 public disclosure. A person's health and sensitive personal 168 information regarding his or her mental health or substance 169 abuse impairment are intensely private matters. Making such 170 applications, petitions, orders, records, and personal 171 identifying information confidential and exempt from disclosure 172 will protect such persons from the release of sensitive personal 173 information that could damage their and their families' 174 reputations. The publication of personal identifying information on a physical or virtual docket, regardless of whether any other 175

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record is published, defeats the purpose of protections
otherwise provided. Further, the knowledge that such sensitive
personal information is subject to disclosure could have a
chilling effect on a person's willingness to seek out and comply
with mental health or substance abuse treatment services.
Section 4. This act shall take effect July 1, 2024.

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