1	A bill to be entitled
2	An act relating to dangerous dogs; providing a short
3	title; amending s. 767.01, F.S.; requiring certain dog
4	owners to securely confine their dogs in a proper
5	enclosure; amending s. 767.10, F.S.; revising
6	legislative findings relating to dangerous dogs;
7	amending s. 767.11, F.S.; defining the term
8	"department"; revising definitions; amending s.
9	767.12, F.S.; requiring, rather than authorizing, that
10	dogs subject to certain dangerous dog investigations
11	be confiscated, impounded, and held; requiring, rather
12	than authorizing, that the dog be held until the
13	completion of certain actions; requiring that certain
14	dogs not impounded be confined in a proper enclosure
15	by the owner; requiring animal control authorities to
16	provide certain information to the Department of
17	Agriculture and Consumer Services and to destroy
18	certain dogs; revising the information that the owner
19	of a dog classified as a dangerous dog is required to
20	provide to an animal control authority; requiring such
21	owner to obtain liability insurance coverage for a dog
22	classified as a dangerous dog; providing requirements
23	for such insurance; revising the civil penalty for
24	violations; creating s. 767.125, F.S.; requiring the
25	department to create and maintain the Statewide
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Dangerous Dog Registry; providing the purpose of the 26 27 registry; requiring animal control authorities to 28 provide the department with certain information; 29 requiring the department to adopt rules; amending ss. 767.13 and 767.135, F.S.; conforming provisions to 30 changes made by the act; amending s. 767.136, F.S.; 31 32 revising the circumstances under which the owner of a dog that has not been declared dangerous is liable for 33 34 such dog's severe injury to, or the death of, a human; providing an effective date. 35 36 37 Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida: 38 39 Section 1. This act may be cited as the "Pam Rock Act." Section 767.01, Florida Statutes, is amended to 40 Section 2. 41 read: 767.01 Dog owner's liability for damages to persons, 42 43 domestic animals, or livestock.-44 (1) A dog owner is Owners of dogs shall be liable for any 45 damage done by the owner's dog their dogs to a person or to any 46 animal included in the definitions of "domestic animal" and 47 "livestock" as provided by s. 585.01. 48 (2) If a dog owner has knowledge of the dog's dangerous 49 propensities, the owner must securely confine the dog in a 50 proper enclosure as defined in s. 767.11.

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51 Section 3. Section 767.10, Florida Statutes, is amended to 52 read:

53 767.10 Legislative findings.-The Legislature finds that 54 dangerous dogs are an increasingly serious and widespread threat 55 to the safety and welfare of the people of this state because of 56 unprovoked attacks which cause injury to persons and domestic 57 animals; that such attacks are in part attributable to the failure of owners to confine and properly train and control 58 59 their dogs; that existing laws inadequately address this growing problem; and that it is appropriate and necessary to impose 60 61 uniform requirements for the owners of dogs and dangerous dogs.

62 Section 4. Section 767.11, Florida Statutes, is amended to 63 read:

64 767.11 Definitions.—As used in this <u>part</u> act, unless the 65 context clearly requires otherwise:

66 (3)(1) "Dangerous dog" means <u>a</u> any dog that according to
 67 the records of the appropriate authority:

(a) Has aggressively bitten, attacked, or endangered or
has inflicted severe injury on a human being on public or
private property;

(b) Has more than once severely injured or killed a
domestic animal while off the owner's property; or

(c) Has, when unprovoked, chased or approached a person upon the streets, sidewalks, or any public grounds in a menacing fashion or apparent attitude of attack, provided that such

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76 actions are attested to in a sworn statement by one or more 77 persons and dutifully investigated by the appropriate authority. 78 (4) "Department" means the Department of Agriculture and 79 Consumer Services. 80 (8) (2) "Unprovoked" means that the victim who has been conducting himself or herself peacefully and lawfully has been 81 82 bitten or chased in a menacing fashion or attacked by a dog. 83 (7) (3) "Severe injury" means any physical injury that 84 results in broken bones, multiple bites, or disfiguring lacerations requiring sutures or reconstructive surgery. 85 86 (6) (4) "Proper enclosure of a dangerous dog" means, while 87 on the owner's property, a dangerous dog is securely confined: 88 Indoors; (a) 89 (b) In a locked, fenced yard, suitable to prevent the entry of young children and designed to prevent the dog from 90 91 escaping over, under, or through the fence; or 92 (c) In a securely enclosed and locked pen or structure, 93 suitable to prevent the entry of young children and designed to 94 prevent the dog animal from escaping. The Such pen or structure 95 must shall have secure sides and a secure top to prevent the dog from escaping over, under, or through the structure and <u>must</u> 96 97 shall also provide protection from the elements. 98 (1) (5) "Animal control authority" means an entity acting 99 alone or in concert with other local governmental units and authorized by them to enforce the animal control laws of the 100

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101 city, county, or state. In those areas not served by an animal 102 control authority, the sheriff shall carry out the duties of the 103 animal control authority under this part act.

(2) (6) "Animal control officer" means any individual 104 105 employed, contracted with, or appointed by the animal control authority for the purpose of aiding in the enforcement of this 106 107 part act or any other law or ordinance relating to the licensure 108 of animals, control of animals, or seizure and impoundment of 109 animals and includes any state or local law enforcement officer or other employee whose duties in whole or in part include 110 111 assignments that involve the seizure and impoundment of an any 112 animal.

113 <u>(5)(7)</u> "Owner" means <u>a</u> any person, <u>a</u> firm, <u>a</u> corporation, 114 or <u>an</u> organization possessing, harboring, keeping, or having 115 control or custody of an animal or, if the animal is owned by a 116 person under the age of 18 <u>years of age or younger</u>, that 117 person's parent or guardian.

Section 5. Section 767.12, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

120 767.12 Classification of dogs as dangerous; <u>owner</u> 121 <u>requirements; penalty certification of registration; notice and</u> 122 <u>hearing requirements; confinement of animal; exemption; appeals;</u> 123 <u>unlawful acts</u>.-

124 (1) An animal control authority shall investigate reported125 incidents involving any dog that may be dangerous and, if

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126 possible, shall interview the owner and require a sworn 127 affidavit from any person, including any animal control officer 128 or enforcement officer, desiring to have a dog classified as 129 dangerous.

130 An animal that is the subject of a dangerous dog (a) investigation for behavior described in s. 767.11(3)(a) or (c) 131 132 must because of severe injury to a human being may be 133 immediately confiscated by an animal control authority; $_{\tau}$ placed 134 in quarantine, if necessary, for the proper length of time; - or 135 impounded; and held. The animal must may be held pending the outcome of the investigation and any hearings or appeals related 136 137 to the dangerous dog classification or any penalty imposed under this section. If the dog is to be destroyed, the dog may not be 138 139 destroyed while an appeal is pending. The owner is responsible 140 for payment of all boarding costs and other fees as may be 141 required to humanely and safely keep the animal pending any 142 hearing or appeal, unless it is determined that the dog is not 143 dangerous.

(b) An animal that is the subject of a dangerous dog investigation <u>for behavior described in s. 767.11(3)(b) may be</u> immediately confiscated by an animal control authority; placed in quarantine, if necessary, for the proper length of time; or impounded and held. An animal that which is not impounded with the animal control authority must be humanely and safely confined by the owner in a proper enclosure securely fenced or

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151	enclosed area. The animal shall be confined in such manner
152	pending the outcome of the investigation and the resolution of
153	any hearings or appeals related to the dangerous dog
154	classification or any penalty imposed under this section. The
155	owner shall provide the address at which the animal resides
156	shall be provided to the animal control authority. A dog that is
157	the subject of a dangerous dog investigation may not be
158	relocated or <u>have</u> its ownership transferred pending the outcome
159	of the investigation and any hearings or appeals related to the
160	dangerous dog classification or any penalty imposed under this
161	section. If a dog is to be destroyed, the dog may not be
162	relocated or <u>have</u> its ownership transferred.
163	(2) A dog may not be declared dangerous if <u>either of the</u>
164	following apply:
165	(a) The threat, injury, or damage was sustained by a
166	person who, at the time, was unlawfully on the property or who,
167	while lawfully on the property, was tormenting, abusing, or
168	assaulting the dog or its owner or a family member.
169	(b) The dog was protecting or defending a human being
170	within the immediate vicinity of the dog from an unjustified
171	attack or assault.
172	(3) After the investigation, the animal control authority
173	shall make an initial determination as to whether there is
174	sufficient cause to classify the dog as dangerous and, if
175	sufficient cause is found, as to the appropriate penalty under

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176 subsection (5). The animal control authority shall afford the 177 owner an opportunity for a hearing before prior to making a 178 final determination regarding the classification or penalty. The animal control authority shall provide written notification of 179 180 the sufficient cause finding and proposed penalty to the owner by registered mail or τ certified hand delivery τ or service in 181 182 conformance with the provisions of chapter 48 relating to 183 service of process. The owner may file a written request for a 184 hearing regarding the dangerous dog classification, penalty, or 185 both, within 7 calendar days after receipt of the notification of the sufficient cause finding and proposed penalty. If the 186 owner requests a hearing, the hearing must shall be held as soon 187 as possible, but not later than 21 calendar days and not sooner 188 189 than 5 days after receipt of the request from the owner. If a 190 hearing is not timely requested regarding the dangerous dog 191 classification or proposed penalty, the determination of the 192 animal control authority as to such matter is shall become 193 final. Each applicable local governing authority shall establish 194 hearing procedures that conform to this subsection.

195 (4) Upon a dangerous dog classification and penalty 196 becoming final after a hearing or by operation of law pursuant 197 to subsection (3), the animal control authority shall <u>do all of</u> 198 <u>the following:</u>

199 (a) Provide a written final order to the owner by 200 registered mail $\underline{or_{\tau}}$ certified hand delivery or service. The

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201 owner may appeal the classification or τ penalty, or both, to the 202 circuit court in accordance with the Florida Rules of Appellate 203 Procedure after receipt of the final order. If the dog is not 204 held by the animal control authority, the owner must confine the 205 dog in a proper enclosure securely fenced or enclosed area 206 pending resolution of the appeal. Each applicable local 207 governing authority must establish appeal procedures that 208 conform to this paragraph subsection.

209 (b) Provide the information required by s. 767.125(2) to 210 the department for the dangerous dog's inclusion in the 211 statewide Dangerous Dog Registry.

(c) If the dog is classified as a dangerous dog due to an incident that caused severe injury to a human being, destroy the dog in an expeditious and humane manner.

(5) (a) Except as otherwise provided in paragraph (4) (c)
(b), the owner of a dog classified as a dangerous dog shall do
all of the following:

(a) 1. Upon Within 14 days after issuance of the final 218 219 order classifying the dog as dangerous or the conclusion of any 220 appeal that affirms such final order, obtain a certificate of 221 registration for the dog from the animal control authority 222 serving the area in which he or she resides, and renew the 223 certificate annually. Animal control authorities may are 224 authorized to issue such certificates of registration, and renewals thereof, only to persons who are at least 18 years of 225

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226 age and who present to the animal control authority sufficient 227 evidence of all of the following: 228 1.a. A current certificate of rabies vaccination for the 229 dog. 230 2.b. A proper enclosure to confine the $\frac{1}{2}$ dangerous dog and 231 the posting of the premises with a clearly visible warning sign 232 at all entry points which informs both children and adults of 233 the presence of a dangerous dog on the property. 234 3.c. Permanent identification of the dog, such as a tattoo 235 on the inside thigh or an electronic implantation of a 236 microchip. 237 4. The dog having been spayed or neutered. 238 5. Liability insurance as required by paragraph (b). 239 240 The appropriate governmental unit may impose an annual fee for 241 the issuance of certificates of registration required by this 242 section. 243 (b) Upon issuance of the final order classifying the dog 244 as dangerous or the conclusion of any appeal that affirms such 245 final order, obtain liability insurance coverage in an amount of 246 at least \$100,000 to cover damages resulting from an attack by 247 the dangerous dog causing bodily injury to a person and provide 248 proof of the required liability insurance coverage to the animal 249 control authority for the area in which the dog is kept. 250 (c) 2. Immediately notify the appropriate animal control Page 10 of 16

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251 authority when the dog: 252 1.a. Is loose or unconfined; -253 2.b. Has bitten a human being or attacked another animal;-254 3.c. Is sold, given away, or dies; or. 255 4.d. Is moved to another address. 256 (d) Before selling or giving away the $\frac{1}{2}$ dangerous dog, is 257 sold or given away, the owner shall provide the name, address, 258 and telephone number of the new owner to the animal control 259 authority. The new owner must comply with all of the 260 requirements of this section and any implementing local 261 ordinances, even if the animal is moved from one local 262 jurisdiction to another within this the state. The animal 263 control officer must be notified by the owner of a dog 264 classified as dangerous that the dog is in his or her 265 jurisdiction. 266 (e) 3. Not allow permit the dog to be outside a proper 267 enclosure unless the dog is muzzled and restrained by a 268 substantial chain or leash and under control of a competent 269 person. The muzzle must be made in a manner that will not cause 270 injury to the dog or interfere with its vision or respiration 271 but will prevent it from biting a person or an animal. The owner may exercise the dog on the owner's property in a proper 272 273 enclosure securely fenced or enclosed area that does not have a 274 top_r without a muzzle or leash r if the dog remains within the 275 owner's his or her sight and only members of the immediate

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household or persons 18 years of age or older, if applicable, are allowed in the enclosure when the dog is present. When being transported, such dogs must be safely and securely restrained within a vehicle.

(b) If a dog is classified as a dangerous dog due to an incident that causes severe injury to a human being, based upon the nature and circumstances of the injury and the likelihood of a future threat to the public safety, health, and welfare, the dog may be destroyed in an expeditious and humane manner.

285 Hunting dogs are exempt from this section when engaged (6) 286 in any legal hunt or training procedure. Dogs engaged in 287 training or exhibiting in legal sports such as obedience trials, 288 conformation shows, field trials, hunting/retrieving trials, and 289 herding trials are exempt from this section when engaged in any 290 legal procedures. However, such dogs at all other times in all 291 other respects are subject to this and local laws. Dogs that 292 have been classified as dangerous may not be used for hunting 293 purposes.

(7) A person who violates any provision of this section commits a noncriminal infraction, punishable by a fine not to exceed \$1,000 per violation \$500.

297 Section 6. Section 767.125, Florida Statutes, is created 298 to read:

- 299 <u>767.125</u> Statewide Dangerous Dog Registry.-
- 300

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(1) The department shall create and maintain a statewide

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301 Dangerous Dog Registry that provides the public with a 302 searchable online database of dogs throughout this state which 303 have been declared dangerous by local authorities. 304 (2) Each animal control authority shall, at a minimum, 305 report all of the following information regarding a dangerous 306 dog within its jurisdiction to the department for inclusion in 307 the registry: (a) A current certificate of rabies vaccination for the 308 309 dog. 310 Evidence of a proper enclosure within which the (b) 311 dangerous dog will be confined and of the posting of the 312 premises with a clearly visible warning sign at all entry points 313 which informs both children and adults of the presence of a 314 dangerous dog on the property. 315 (c) Evidence of permanent identification of the dog, such 316 as a tattoo on the inside thigh or an implantation of a 317 microchip. 318 (d) Evidence of the dog having been spayed or neutered. 319 Evidence that the owner has obtained the required (e) 320 liability insurance. 321 (f) The dog's name and a photograph of the dog. 322 The county in which the dog is located. (g) 323 The owner's name and address. (h) 324 (3) The department shall adopt rules to administer this 325 section.

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326 Section 7. Subsections (1) and (2) of section 767.13, 327 Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

328 767.13 Attack or bite by dangerous dog; penalties; 329 confiscation; destruction.-

330 If a dog that has previously been declared dangerous (1)331 attacks or bites a person or a domestic animal without 332 provocation, the owner commits is guilty of a misdemeanor of the 333 first degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082 or s. 334 775.083. In addition, The dangerous dog must shall be 335 immediately confiscated by an animal control authority; τ placed 336 in quarantine, if necessary, for the proper length of time; $- \sigma r$ 337 impounded; and held for 10 business days after the owner is given written notification under s. 767.12, and thereafter 338 339 destroyed in an expeditious and humane manner. This 10-day time 340 period shall allow The owner may to request a hearing under s. 341 767.12 during the 10-day time period. The owner is shall be 342 responsible for payment of all boarding costs and other fees as 343 may be required to humanely and safely keep the animal during 344 any appeal procedure.

(2) If a dog that has previously been declared dangerous
attacks and causes severe injury to or death of any human, the
owner commits is guilty of a felony of the third degree,
punishable as provided in s. 775.082, s. 775.083, or s. 775.084.
In addition, The dog must shall be immediately confiscated by an
animal control authority; placed in quarantine, if necessary,

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351 for the proper length of time; impounded; and or held for 10 352 business days after the owner is given written notification 353 under s. 767.12, and thereafter destroyed in an expeditious and 354 humane manner. This 10-day time period shall allow The owner may 355 to request a hearing under s. 767.12 during the 10-day time 356 period. The owner is shall be responsible for payment of all 357 boarding costs and other fees as may be required to humanely and 358 safely keep the animal during any appeal procedure.

359 Section 8. Section 767.135, Florida Statutes, is amended 360 to read:

361 767.135 Attack or bite by unclassified dog that causes 362 death; confiscation; destruction.-If a dog that has not been 363 declared dangerous attacks and causes the death of a human, the 364 dog must shall be immediately confiscated by an animal control 365 authority; τ placed in quarantine, if necessary, for the proper 366 length of time; impounded; and or held for 10 business days 367 after the owner is given written notification under s. 767.12, 368 and thereafter destroyed in an expeditious and humane manner. 369 This 10-day time period shall allow The owner may to request a 370 hearing under s. 767.12 during the 10-day time period. If the 371 owner files a written appeal under s. 767.12 or this section, the dog must be held and may not be destroyed while the appeal 372 373 is pending. The owner is responsible for payment of all boarding 374 costs and other fees as may be required to humanely and safely 375 keep the animal during any appeal procedure.

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376 Section 9. Subsection (1) of section 767.136, Florida 377 Statutes, is amended to read: 378 767.136 Attack or bite by unclassified dog that causes 379 severe injury or death; penalties.-380 If a dog that has not been declared dangerous attacks (1)381 and causes severe injury to, or the death of, a human, and the 382 owner of the dog had knowledge of the dog's dangerous 383 propensities, yet failed to secure the dog in a proper enclosure 384 pursuant to s. 767.01(2) demonstrated a reckless disregard for 385 such propensities under the circumstances, the owner of the dog 386 commits a misdemeanor of the second degree, punishable as 387 provided in s. 775.082 or s. 775.083. 388 Section 10. This act shall take effect July 1, 2024.

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