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2	A concurrent resolution establishing the Joint Rules
3	of the Florida Legislature for the 2024-2026 term.
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5	Be It Resolved by the Senate of the State of Florida, the House
6	of Representatives Concurring:
7	
8	That the following joint rules shall govern the Florida
9	Legislature for the 2024-2026 term:
10	
11	JOINT RULES
12	
13	Joint Rule One-Lobbyist Registration and Compensation Reporting
14	
15	1.1-Those Required to Register; Exemptions; Committee Appearance
16	Records
17	(1) All lobbyists before the Florida Legislature must
18	register with the Lobbyist Registration Office in the Office of
19	Legislative Services. Registration is required for each
20	principal represented.
21	(2) As used in Joint Rule One, unless the context otherwise
22	requires, the term:
23	(a) "Compensation" means payment, distribution, loan,
24	advance, reimbursement, deposit, salary, fee, retainer, or
25	anything of value provided or owed to a lobbying firm, directly
26	or indirectly, by a principal for any lobbying activity.
27 28	(b) "Legislative action" means introduction, sponsorship,
28 29	testimony, debate, voting, or any other official action on any measure, resolution, amendment, nomination, appointment, or
29	measure, resolution, amendment, nomination, appointment, of
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30 report of, or any matter that may be the subject of action by, 31 either house of the Legislature or any committee thereof.

32 (c) "Lobby" or "lobbying" means influencing or attempting 33 to influence legislative action or nonaction through oral or 34 written communication or through an attempt to obtain the 35 goodwill of a member or employee of the Legislature.

(d) "Lobbying firm" means any business entity, including an 36 37 individual contract lobbyist, that receives or becomes entitled 38 to receive any compensation for the purpose of lobbying and 39 where any partner, owner, officer, or employee of the business entity is a lobbyist. "Lobbying firm" does not include an entity 40 41 that has employees who are lobbyists if the entity does not 42 derive compensation from principals for lobbying or if such 43 compensation is received exclusively from a subsidiary or 44 affiliate corporation of the employer. As used in this 45 paragraph, an affiliate corporation is a corporation that 46 directly or indirectly shares the same ultimate parent corporation as the employer and does not receive compensation 47 48 for lobbying from any unaffiliated entity.

49 (e) "Lobbyist" means a person who is employed and receives payment, or who contracts for economic consideration, for the 50 51 purpose of lobbying or a person who is principally employed for governmental affairs by another person or governmental entity to 52 53 lobby on behalf of that other person or governmental entity. An 54 employee of the principal is not a lobbyist unless the employee 55 is principally employed for governmental affairs. The term 56 "principally employed for governmental affairs" means that one of the principal or most significant responsibilities of the 57 58 employee to the employer is overseeing the employer's various

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59 relationships with government or representing the employer in 60 its contacts with government. Any person employed by the 61 Governor, the Executive Office of the Governor, or any executive 62 or judicial department of the state or any community college of 63 the state who seeks to encourage the passage, defeat, or 64 modification of any legislation by personal appearance or 65 attendance before the House of Representatives or the Senate, or 66 any member or committee thereof, is a lobbyist.

(f) "Lobbyist Registration and Compensation Reporting System (LRCRS)" means the online application that serves as the system of record for the Lobbyist Registration Office in the Office of Legislative Services and consists of the electronic registration system and the electronic filing system.

(g) "LRO" means the Lobbyist Registration Office in theOffice of Legislative Services.

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(h) "Office" means the Office of Legislative Services.

(i) "Payment" or "salary" means wages or any other consideration provided in exchange for services but does not include reimbursement for expenses.

(j) "Principal" means the person, firm, corporation, or other entity that has employed or retained a lobbyist. When an association has employed or retained a lobbyist, the association is the principal; the individual members of the association are not principals merely because of their membership in the association.

(k) "Unusual circumstances," with respect to any failure of a person to satisfy a filing requirement, means uncommon, rare, or sudden events over which the person has no control and which directly result in the failure to satisfy the filing

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202420er 88 requirement. 89 (3) For purposes of Joint Rule One, the terms "lobby" and 90 "lobbying" do not include any of the following: 91 (a) A response to an inquiry for information made by any 92 member, committee, or staff of the Legislature. 93 (b) An appearance in response to a legislative subpoena. 94 (c) Advice or services that arise out of a contractual 95 obligation with the Legislature, a member, a committee, any 96 staff, or any legislative entity to render the advice or 97 services where such obligation is fulfilled through the use of 98 public funds. 99 (d) Representation of a client before the House of 100 Representatives or the Senate, or any member or committee thereof, when the client is subject to disciplinary action by 101 102 the House of Representatives or the Senate, or any member or 103 committee thereof. 104 (4) For purposes of registration and reporting, the term 105 "lobbyist" does not include any of the following: 106 (a) A member of the Legislature. 107 (b) A person who is employed by the Legislature. (c) A judge who is acting in that judge's official 108 109 capacity. (d) A person who is a state officer holding elective office 110 111 or an officer of a political subdivision of the state holding 112 elective office and who is acting in that officer's official 113 capacity. 114 (e) A person who appears as a witness or for the purpose of 115 providing information at the written request of the chair of a 116 committee, subcommittee, or legislative delegation.

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CODING: Words stricken are deletions; words underlined are additions.

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(f) A person employed by any executive or judicial department of the state or any community college of the state who makes a personal appearance or attendance before the House of Representatives or the Senate, or any member or committee thereof, while that person is on approved leave or outside normal working hours and who does not otherwise meet the definition of a lobbyist.

(5) When a person, regardless of whether the person is
registered as a lobbyist, appears before a committee of the
Legislature, that person must submit a Committee Appearance
Record as required by the respective house.

(6) The responsibilities of the Office and of the LRO under 128 129 Joint Rule One may be assigned to another entity by agreement of 130 the President of the Senate and the Speaker of the House of Representatives for a contract period not to extend beyond 131 132 December 1 following the Organization Session of the next 133 biennium, provided that the powers and duties of the President, the Speaker, the General Counsel of the Office of Legislative 134 135 Services, and any legislative committee referenced in Joint Rule 136 One may not be delegated.

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138 1.2-Method of Registration

(1) Each person required to register with the LRO must register through the LRCRS and attest to that person's full legal name, business address, e-mail address, and telephone number; the name, business address, e-mail address, and telephone number of each principal that person represents; and the extent of any direct business association or partnership that person has with any member of the Legislature. If the

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146 lobbyist is, or belongs to, a lobbying firm, the lobbyist must 147 state the name, address, and telephone number of the lobbying 148 firm and the e-mail address of the person responsible for the 149 submission of compensation reports. All lobbyists associated with the same firm must register using the identical name, 150 151 address, and e-mail address of the firm in the LRCRS. 152 Registration is not complete until the LRCRS receives 153 authorization from the principal's representative and the 154 registration fee. Lobbyists may not authorize themselves on 155 behalf of the principal representative. Any changes to the 156 information existing in the LRCRS must be updated online in the LRCRS within 15 days from the effective date of the change. 157

(2) Any person required to register must do so with respect 158 159 to each principal prior to commencement of lobbying on behalf of that principal. The LRCRS will request authorization from the 160 161 principal with the principal's name, business address, e-mail 162 address, and telephone number to confirm that the registrant is authorized to represent the principal. The principal or 163 164 principal's representative shall also identify and designate the 165 principal's main business pursuant to a classification system approved by the Office, which shall be the North American 166 Industry Classification System (NAICS) six-digit numerical code 167 that most accurately describes the principal's main business. 168

169 (3) Any person required to register must renew the170 registration annually for each calendar year through the LRCRS.

(4) A lobbyist shall promptly cancel the registration for a
principal upon termination of the lobbyist's representation of
that principal. A cancellation takes effect the day it is
received by the LRCRS. Notwithstanding this requirement, the LRO

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202420er 175 may remove the name of a lobbyist from the list of registered 176 lobbyists if the principal notifies the LRO in writing that the 177 lobbyist is no longer authorized to represent that principal. 178 (5) Should a registered lobbyist identify a scrivener's 179 error in their own registration in the LRCRS after submission, 180 they may make a written request to the LRO to correct such 181 error. The request must clearly identify and describe the error. Each request will be reviewed by the Office before any changes 182 183 will be made. 184 (6) The LRO shall retain registration information submitted under this rule. 185 186 (7) A person required to register under Joint Rule One 187 shall be considered a lobbyist of the Legislature for the purposes of ss. 11.045, 112.3148, and 112.3149, Florida 188 189 Statutes. 190 191 1.3-Registration Costs; Exemptions (1) To cover the costs incurred for the administration of 192 193 Joint Rule One, each person who registers under Joint Rule 1.1 194 must pay an annual registration fee to the LRO. The annual 195 period runs from January 1 to December 31. These fees must be paid at the time of registration. 196 (2) The following persons are exempt from paying the fee, 197 198 provided they are designated in writing by the agency head or 199 person designated in this subsection: 200 (a) Two employees of each department of the executive 201 branch created under chapter 20, Florida Statutes. 202 (b) Two employees of the Fish and Wildlife Conservation 203 Commission.

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202420er 204 (c) Two employees of the Executive Office of the Governor. 205 (d) Two employees of the Commission on Ethics. 206 (e) Two employees of the Florida Public Service Commission. 207 (f) Two employees of the judicial branch designated in writing by the Chief Justice of the Florida Supreme Court. 208 209 The annual fee is up to \$50 per legislative entity for (3) 210 a person to register to represent one principal and up to an additional \$10 per legislative entity for each additional 211 212 principal that the person registers to represent. The amount of 213 each fee shall be established annually by the President of the Senate and the Speaker of the House of Representatives. The fees 214 set must be adequate to ensure operation of the lobbyists' 215 registration, compensation, and reporting functions. The fees 216 217 collected by the LRO under this rule shall be deposited into the 218 State Treasury and credited to the Legislative Lobbyist

219 Registration Trust Fund specifically to cover the costs incurred 220 in administering Joint Rule One.

222 1.4-Reporting of Lobbying Firm Compensation

(1) (a) Each lobbying firm shall file a compensation report with the LRO through the LRCRS for each calendar quarter during any portion of which one or more of the firm's lobbyists were registered to represent a principal. The report must include the:

Full name, business address, and telephone number of the
 lobbying firm;

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2. Registration name of each of the firm's lobbyists; and

3. Total compensation provided or owed to the lobbying firmfrom all principals for the reporting period, reported in one of

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202420er 233 the following categories: \$0; \$1 to \$49,999; \$50,000 to \$99,999; 234 \$100,000 to \$249,999; \$250,000 to \$499,999; \$500,000 to 235 \$999,999; or \$1 million or more. 236 (b) For each principal represented by one or more of the 237 firm's lobbyists, the lobbying firm's compensation report must 238 also include the: 239 1. Full name, business address, and telephone number of the 240 principal; and 241 2. Total compensation provided or owed to the lobbying firm 242 for the reporting period, reported in one of the following categories: \$0; \$1 to \$9,999; \$10,000 to \$19,999; \$20,000 to 243 \$29,999; \$30,000 to \$39,999; \$40,000 to \$49,999; or \$50,000 or 244 more. If the category "\$50,000 or more" is selected, the 245 246 specific dollar amount of compensation must be reported, rounded 247 up or down to the nearest \$1,000. 248 (c) Compensation shall be reported using the accrual basis 249 of accounting. 250 (d) Compensation reports should reflect compensation 251 received for lobbying the legislative branch only. 252 (e) If the lobbying firm subcontracts work from another 253 lobbying firm and not from the original principal: 254 1. The lobbying firm providing the work to be subcontracted 255 shall be treated as the reporting lobbying firm's principal for 256 reporting purposes under this paragraph; and 257 2. The reporting lobbying firm shall, for each lobbying firm identified as the reporting lobbying firm's principal under 258 259 paragraph (b), identify the name, business address, and 260 telephone number of the principal originating the lobbying work. 261 (f) The senior partner, officer, or owner of the lobbying

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firm shall certify to the veracity and completeness of the information submitted pursuant to this rule; certify that no compensation has been omitted from this report by deeming such compensation as "consulting services," "media services," "professional services," or anything other than compensation; and certify that no officer or employee of the firm has made an expenditure in violation of s. 11.045, Florida Statutes.

(2) For each principal represented by more than one lobbying firm, the Office shall aggregate the reporting-period and calendar-year compensation reported as provided or owed by the principal. Compensation reported within a category shall be aggregated as follows:

Category (dollars) Dollar amount to use aggregating 275 0 0 276 1-9,999 5,000 277 10,000-19,999 15,000 278 20,000-29,999 25,000 279 30,000-39,999 35,000 280 40,000-49,999 45,000 281 50,000 or more Actual amount reported 282

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(3) The compensation reports shall be filed no later than
45 days after the end of each reporting period. The four
reporting periods are from January 1 through March 31, April 1
through June 30, July 1 through September 30, and October 1
through December 31, respectively. The reports shall be rendered
in the identical form provided by the respective houses and
shall be open to public inspection.

(4) A report filed pursuant to this rule must be completed and filed through the LRCRS not later than 11:59 p.m. of the day designated in subsection (3). A report not filed by 11:59 p.m. of the day designated is a late-filed report and is subject to the penalties under Joint Rule 1.5(1).

295 (5) Each person given secure sign-on credentials in the 296 LRCRS is responsible for protecting the credentials from 297 disclosure and is responsible for all filings made by use of 298 such credentials, unless and until the Office is notified that 299 the person's credentials have been compromised. Each report 300 filed by electronic means pursuant to this rule shall be deemed 301 certified in accordance with paragraph (1)(f) by the person 302 given the secure sign-on credentials and, as such, subjects the 303 person and the lobbying firm to the provisions of s. 11.045(8), Florida Statutes, as well as any discipline provided under the 304 305 rules of the Senate or House of Representatives.

(6) If the President of the Senate and the Speaker of the
House of Representatives jointly declare that the electronic
system is not operable, the reports shall be filed in accordance
with instructions on the LRCRS website which will be posted for
a reasonable period of time.

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312 1.5-Failure to File Timely Compensation Report; Notice and 313 Assessment of Fines; Appeals

(1) Upon determining that the report is late, the LRCRS shall immediately notify the lobbying firm by e-mail as to the failure to timely file the report and that a fine is being assessed for each late day. The fine shall be \$50 per day per report for each late day, not to exceed \$5,000 per report.

(2) Upon submittal of the late-filed report by the lobbying firm, the LRCRS shall determine the amount of the fine based on the submittal date shown in the electronic receipt issued by the LRCRS.

323 (3) Such fine shall be paid within 30 days after the notice
324 of payment due is transmitted by the LRCRS, unless an appeal is
325 made to the LRO. The moneys shall be deposited into the
326 Legislative Lobbyist Registration Trust Fund.

(4) A fine may not be assessed against a lobbying firm the first time the report for which the lobbying firm is responsible is not timely filed. However, to receive the one-time fine waiver, the report for which the lobbying firm is responsible must be filed within 30 days after the notice of failure to file is transmitted by the LRCRS. A fine shall be assessed for all subsequent late-filed reports.

(5) Any lobbying firm may appeal or dispute a fine, based upon unusual circumstances surrounding the failure to file on the designated due date, and may request and shall be entitled to a hearing before the General Counsel of the Office of Legislative Services, who shall recommend to the President of the Senate and the Speaker of the House of Representatives, or their respective designees, that the fine be waived in whole or

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341 in part for good cause shown. The President of the Senate and 342 the Speaker of the House of Representatives, or their respective 343 designees, may, by joint agreement, concur in the recommendation 344 and waive the fine in whole or in part. Any such request shall 345 be made within 30 days after the notice of payment due is 346 transmitted by the LRCRS. In such case, the lobbying firm shall, 347 within the 30-day period, notify the LRO in writing of the 348 firm's intention to request a hearing.

349 (6) A lobbying firm may request that the filing of a report 350 be waived upon good cause shown, based on unusual circumstances. 351 The request must be filed with the General Counsel of the Office 352 of Legislative Services, who shall make a recommendation 353 concerning the waiver request to the President of the Senate and 354 the Speaker of the House of Representatives. The President of the Senate and the Speaker of the House of Representatives may, 355 356 by joint agreement, grant or deny the request.

357 (7) (a) All lobbyist registrations for lobbyists who are 358 partners, owners, officers, or employees of a lobbying firm that 359 fails to timely pay a fine are automatically suspended until the 360 fine is paid or waived and all late reports have been filed or waived. The LRO shall promptly notify all affected principals, 361 the President of the Senate, and the Speaker of the House of 362 363 Representatives of any suspension or reinstatement. All 364 lobbyists who are partners, owners, officers, or employees of a 365 lobbying firm are jointly and severally liable for any 366 outstanding fine owed by a lobbying firm.

367 (b) Such lobbyist may not be reinstated in any capacity
368 representing any principal until the fine is paid and all late
369 reports have been filed or waived or until the fine is waived as

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202420er 370 to that lobbyist and all late reports for that lobbyist have 371 been filed or waived. A suspended lobbyist may request a waiver 372 upon good cause shown, based on unusual circumstances. The 373 request must be filed with the General Counsel of the Office of 374 Legislative Services who shall, as soon as practicable, make a 375 recommendation concerning the waiver request to the President of 376 the Senate and the Speaker of the House of Representatives. The 377 President of the Senate and the Speaker of the House of 378 Representatives may, by joint agreement, grant or deny the 379 request. (8) The LRO shall notify the coordinator of the Office of 380 381 the failure of a lobbying firm to file a report after notice or of the failure of a lobbying firm to pay the fine imposed. 382 383 384 1.6-Open Records; Internet Publication of Registrations and 385 Compensation Reports 386 (1) All of the lobbyist registration forms and compensation 387 reports received by the LRO shall be available for public

389 (2) The LRO shall make information filed pursuant to Joint 390 Rules 1.2 and 1.4 reasonably available on the Internet in an 391 easily understandable and accessible format through the LRCRS. 392 The LRCRS must include, but not be limited to including, the 393 names and business addresses of lobbyists, lobbying firms, and 394 principals; the affiliations between lobbyists and principals; 395 and the classification system designated and identified with 396 respect to principals pursuant to Joint Rule 1.2.

inspection and for duplication at reasonable cost.

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398 1.7-Records Retention and Inspection and Complaint Procedure

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(1) Each lobbying firm and each principal shall preserve for a period of 4 years all accounts, bills, receipts, computer records, books, papers, and other documents and records necessary to substantiate compensation reports and registration documentation.

404 (2) Upon receipt of a complaint based on the personal 405 knowledge of the complainant made pursuant to the Senate Rules 406 or the Rules of the House of Representatives, any such documents 407 and records may be inspected when authorized by the President of 408 the Senate or the Speaker of the House of Representatives, as 409 applicable. The person authorized to perform the inspection shall be designated in writing and shall be a member of The 410 Florida Bar or a certified public accountant licensed in 411 412 Florida. Any information obtained by such an inspection may only be used for purposes authorized by law, Joint Rule One, the 413 414 Senate Rules, or the Rules of the House of Representatives, 415 which purposes may include the imposition of sanctions against a person subject to Joint Rule One, the Senate Rules, or the Rules 416 417 of the House of Representatives. Any employee who uses that 418 information for an unauthorized purpose is subject to discipline. Any member who uses that information for an 419 420 unauthorized purpose is subject to discipline under the 421 applicable rules of each house.

422 (3) The right of inspection may be enforced by appropriate
423 writ issued by any court of competent jurisdiction.
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425 1.8-Questions Regarding Interpretation of Joint Rule One
426 (1) A person may request in writing an informal opinion
427 from the General Counsel of the Office of Legislative Services

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428 as to the application of Joint Rule One to a specific situation 429 involving that person's conduct. The General Counsel shall issue 430 the opinion within 10 days after receiving the request. The 431 informal opinion may be relied upon by the person who requested 432 the informal opinion. A copy of each informal opinion that is 433 issued shall be provided to the presiding officer of each house. 434 A committee of either house designated pursuant to section 435 11.045(5), Florida Statutes, may revise any informal opinion 436 rendered by the General Counsel through an advisory opinion to 437 the person who requested the informal opinion. The advisory opinion shall supersede the informal opinion as of the date the 438 439 advisory opinion is issued.

(2) A person in doubt about the applicability or
interpretation of Joint Rule One with respect to that person's
conduct may submit in writing the facts for an advisory opinion
to the committee of either house designated pursuant to s.
11.045(5), Florida Statutes, and may appear in person before the
committee in accordance with s. 11.045(5), Florida Statutes.

447 1.9-Effect of Readoption and Revision

All obligations existing under Joint Rule One as of the last day 448 of the previous legislative biennium are hereby ratified, 449 450 preserved, and reimposed pursuant to the terms thereof as of 451 that date. The provisions of Joint Rule One are imposed 452 retroactively to the first day of the present legislative 453 biennium except that provisions new to this revision are 454 effective on the date of adoption or as otherwise expressly 455 provided herein.

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486 2. An electronic copy may be furnished to each member. The 487 Legislature hereby deems and determines that a copy shall have 488 been furnished to the members of the Legislature when an 489 electronic copy is made available to every member of the Legislature. An electronic copy is deemed to have been made 490 491 available when it is accessible via the Internet or other 492 information network consisting of systems ordinarily serving the 493 members of the Senate or the House of Representatives.

(b) An official other than a member of the Legislature who is to be furnished a copy of a general appropriations bill under subsection (4) may officially request that an electronic copy of the bill be furnished in lieu of a printed copy, and, if practicable, the copy may be furnished to the official in the manner requested.

(6) The Secretary of the Senate shall be responsible for furnishing copies under this rule for Senate bills, House bills as amended by the Senate, and conference committee reports on Senate bills. The Clerk of the House shall be responsible for furnishing copies under this rule for House bills, Senate bills as amended by the House, and conference committee reports on House bills.

507 (7) The 72-hour public review period shall begin to run 508 upon completion of the furnishing of copies required to be 509 furnished under subsection (4). The Speaker of the House of 510 Representatives and the President of the Senate, as appropriate, 511 shall be informed of the completion time, and such time shall be 512 announced on the floor prior to vote on final passage in each house and shall be entered in the journal of each house. 513 514 Saturdays, Sundays, and holidays shall be included in the

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515 computation under this rule.

(8) An implementing or conforming bill recommended by a conference committee shall be subject to a 24-hour public review period before a vote is taken on the conference committee report by either house, if the conference committee submits its report after the furnishing of a general appropriations bill to which the 72-hour public review period applies.

(9) With respect to each bill that may be affected, a member of the Senate or the House of Representatives may not raise a point of order under this rule after a vote is taken on the bill. Except as may be required by the Florida Constitution, noncompliance with any requirement of this rule may be waived by a two-thirds vote of those members present and voting in each house.

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530 2.2-General Appropriations and Related Bills; Definitions531 As used in Joint Rule Two, the term:

(1) "Conforming bill" means a bill that amends the FloridaStatutes to conform to a general appropriations bill.

(2) "General appropriations bill" means a bill that 534 535 provides for the salaries of public officers and other current 536 expenses of the state and contains no subject other than 537 appropriations. A bill that contains appropriations that are 538 incidental and necessary solely to implement a substantive law 539 is not included within this term. For the purposes of Joint Rule Two and Section 19(d) of Article III of the Florida 540 541 Constitution, the Legislature hereby determines that, after a general appropriations bill has been enacted and establishes 542 543 governing law for a particular fiscal year, a bill considered in

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any subsequent session that makes net reductions in such enacted
appropriations or that makes supplemental appropriations shall
not be deemed to be a general appropriations bill unless such
bill provides for the salaries of public officers and other
current expenses of the state for a subsequent fiscal year.

549 (3) "Implementing bill" means a bill, effective for one550 fiscal year, implementing a general appropriations bill.

(4) (a) "Appropriations project" means a specific appropriation, proviso, or item on a conference committee spreadsheet agreed to by House and Senate conferees providing funding for:

555 1. A local government, private entity, or privately 556 operated program, wherein the specific appropriation, proviso, 557 or item on a conference committee spreadsheet specifically names 558 the local government, private entity, or privately operated 559 program or the appropriation, proviso, or item is written in 560 such a manner as to describe a particular local government, 561 private entity, or privately operated program;

562 2. A specific transportation facility that was not part of 563 the Department of Transportation's 5-year work program submitted 564 pursuant to s. 339.135, Florida Statutes;

3. An education fixed capital outlay project that was not submitted pursuant to s. 1013.60 or s. 1013.64, Florida Statutes, unless funds for the specific project were appropriated by the Legislature in a prior year and additional funds are needed to complete the project as originally proposed;

4. A specified program, research initiative, institute,
center, or similar entity at a specific state college or
university, unless recommended by the Board of Governors or the

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202420er 573 State Board of Education in their Legislative Budget Request; or 574 5. A local water project. 575 (b) The term does not include an appropriation that: 576 1. Is specifically authorized by statute; 577 2. Is part of a statewide distribution to local 578 governments; or 579 3. Was recommended by a commission, council, or other 580 similar entity created in statute to make annual funding 581 recommendations, provided that such appropriation does not 582 exceed the amount of funding recommended by the commission, 583 council, or other similar entity. 584 585 2.3-Budget Conference Committee Rules 586 (1) For an appropriations project to be included in a 587 conference committee report: 588 (a) The appropriations project must be included in a bill 589 or an amendment placed into a budget conference; and (b) Information required by subsections (2) and (3) 590 591 relating to the appropriations project must have been in writing 592 and published online prior to the passage by that chamber of the bill or amendment which was placed into a budget conference. 593 (2) The information collected must include: 594 (a) A descriptive title of the appropriations project. 595 (b) The date of the submission. 596 597 (c) The name of the submitting member. 598 The most recent year in which the appropriations (d) 599 project received state funding, if applicable. 600 (e) Whether the most recent funding for the project had 601 been vetoed.

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(f) The amount of the nonrecurring request. (g) The amount of funding received in the prior year on a recurring or nonrecurring basis. (h) In what agency the project is best placed and whether the agency has been contacted. (i) The name of the organization or entity receiving the funds as well as a point of contact for the organization or entity. (j) The name of the registered lobbyist of the entity requesting the appropriations project. (k) Whether the organization to receive the funds is a forprofit entity, a not-for-profit entity, a local entity, a state university or college, or other type of organization. (1) The specific purpose or goal that will be achieved by the funds requested. (m) The activities and services that will be provided to meet the intended purpose of these funds. (n) Specific descriptions of how the funds will be expended, including a description and the amounts to be expended on: administrative costs, itemized to include the salary of the executive director or project head, other salaries and benefits, expenses, and consultants, contractors, or studies; operational costs, itemized to include salaries and benefits, expenses, and consultants, contractors, or studies; and fixed capital outlay, itemized to include land purchase, planning, engineering, construction, and renovation. (o) The owner of the facility to receive, directly or indirectly, any fixed capital outlay funding, and the relationship between the owners of the facility and the entity.

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202420er 631 (p) A description of the direct services to be provided to citizens by the appropriations project, if applicable. 632 633 (q) A description of the target population to be served and 634 the number of individuals to be served by the appropriations 635 project. 636 (r) A description of the specific benefit or outcome, 637 including the methodology by which this outcome will be 638 measured. 639 (s) The amount and percentage of federal, local, and state 640 funds, excluding the funds requested for the appropriations project, or other matching funds available for the 641 642 appropriations project. 643 (t) How much additional nonrecurring funding is anticipated to be requested in future years by amount per year. 644 645 (u) The suggested penalties that the contracting agency may 646 consider in addition to its standard penalties for failing to 647 meet deliverables or performance measures provided for in the 648 contract. 649 (3) With respect to an appropriations project that is also 650 a local water project, the information collected must also 651 include: 652 (a) Whether alternative state funding such as the Waste 653 Water Revolving Loan, Drinking Water Revolving Loan, Small 654 Community Waste Water Drinking grant, or other funding has been 655 requested. 656 (b) Whether the project is for a financially disadvantaged 657 community, as defined in chapter 62-552, Florida Administrative 658 Code; a financially disadvantaged municipality; a rural area of 659 critical economic concern; or a rural area of opportunity, as

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660 defined in s. 288.0656, Florida Statutes.

661

(c) Whether the construction status is shovel-ready.

(d) The percentage of construction completed and theestimated completion date.

664 (4) Each chamber must collect the required information
665 described in subsections (2) and (3) in the form and manner
666 prescribed by that chamber.

(5) The portion of an appropriations project which was
funded with recurring funds in the most recently enacted general
appropriations act is exempt from subsections (1), (2) and (3).

(6) An appropriations project may only be funded with
nonrecurring funds, except that the portion of an appropriations
project which was funded with recurring funds as provided in
subsection (5) may be continued with or without additional
nonrecurring funds.

(7) The nonrecurring funding of an appropriations project
in the conference committee report may be less than, equal to,
or greater than the funding for the appropriations project as
originally committed to the conference committee.

(8) An appropriations project that was not included in
either chamber's bill in accordance with subsections (1), (2),
and (3) may not be included in a conference report.

(9) (a) To be included in a conference committee report, all appropriations projects, except as otherwise provided in paragraph (b), must be clearly identified in the bill or amendment that will be considered by a conference committee and in any conference report.

(b) An appropriations project funded with recurring fundsin the most recently enacted general appropriation act that is

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202420er 689 not appropriated any additional funds is exempt from the 690 provisions of paragraph (a). 691 (10) The conference committee must allow for public 692 testimony regarding appropriations projects at each noticed 693 meeting. 694 (11) Nothing in this rule shall limit either chamber's 695 ability to apply a stricter standard to its own bills prior to 696 the commencement of conference proceedings. This Joint Rule 697 applies to all conference committee reports related to the 698 General Appropriations Act and supersedes either chamber's rules 699 that are contrary to or inconsistent with the provisions of this 700 Joint Rule. 701 702 Joint Rule Three-Joint Offices and Policies 703 704 3.1-Joint Legislative Offices 705 (1) The following offices of the Legislature are 706 established: 707 (a) Office of Economic and Demographic Research. 708 (b) Office of Legislative Information Technology Services. 709 (c) Office of Legislative Services. 710 (d) Office of Program Policy Analysis and Government 711 Accountability. 712 (2) Offices established under this rule shall provide 713 support services to the Legislature that are determined by the 714 President of the Senate and the Speaker of the House of 715 Representatives to be necessary and that can be effectively provided jointly to both houses and other units of the 716 717 Legislature. Each office shall be directed by a coordinator

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718 selected by and serving at the pleasure of the President of the 719 Senate and the Speaker of the House of Representatives. Upon the 720 initial adoption of these joint rules in a biennium, each 721 coordinator position shall be deemed vacant until an appointment 722 is made.

(3) Within the monetary limitations of the approved
operating budget, the salaries and expenses of the coordinator
and the staff of each office shall be governed by joint
policies.

727 (4) The Office of Legislative Services shall provide
728 legislative support services other than those prescribed in
729 subsections (5)-(7).

(5) The Office of Legislative Information Technology
Services shall provide support services to assist the
Legislature in achieving its objectives through the application
of cost-effective information technology.

(6) The Office of Economic and Demographic Research shall
provide research support services, principally regarding
forecasting economic and social trends that affect policymaking,
revenues, and appropriations.

(7) The Office of Program Policy Analysis and GovernmentAccountability shall:

(a) Perform independent examinations, program reviews, and
other projects as provided by general law, as provided by
concurrent resolution, as directed by the Legislative Auditing
Committee, or as directed by the President of the Senate or the
Speaker of the House and shall provide recommendations,
training, or other services to assist the Legislature.
(b) Transmit to the President of the Senate and the Speaker

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202420er 747 of the House of Representatives, by December 1 of each year, a 748 list of statutory and fiscal changes recommended by office 749 reports. The recommendations shall be presented in two 750 categories: one addressing substantive law and policy issues and 751 the other addressing budget issues. 752 753 3.2-Joint Policies 754 (1) The President of the Senate and the Speaker of the 755 House of Representatives shall jointly adopt policies they 756 consider advisable to carry out the functions of the 757 Legislature. Such policies shall be binding on all employees of 758 joint offices and joint committees. 759 (2) The employees of all joint committees and joint 760 legislative offices shall be under the exclusive control of the 761 Legislature. No officer or agency in the executive or judicial 762 branch shall exercise any manner of control over legislative 763 employees with respect to the exercise of their duties or the 764 terms and conditions of their employment. 765 766 Joint Rule Four-Joint Committees 767 768 4.1-Standing Joint Committees 769 The following standing joint committees are (1)770 established: (a) Administrative Procedures Committee. 771 772 (b) Committee on Public Counsel Oversight. 773 (c) Legislative Auditing Committee. 774 (2) No other joint committee shall exist except as agreed 775 to by the presiding officers or by concurrent resolution

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776 approved by the Senate and the House of Representatives.

(3) Appointments to each standing joint committee shall be made or altered and vacancies shall be filled by the Senate and the House of Representatives in accordance with their respective rules. There shall be appointed to each standing joint committee no fewer than five and no more than seven members from each house.

(4) (a) The President of the Senate shall appoint a member
of the Senate to serve as the chair, and the Speaker of the
House of Representatives shall appoint a member of the House of
Representatives to serve as the vice chair, for:

787 1. The Legislative Auditing Committee and the Committee on 788 Public Counsel Oversight, for the period from the Organization 789 Session until noon on August 1 of the calendar year following 790 the general election.

791 2. The Administrative Procedures Committee for the period
792 from noon on August 1 of the calendar year following the general
793 election until the next general election.

(b) The Speaker of the House of Representatives shall appoint a member of the House of Representatives to serve as the chair, and the President of the Senate shall appoint a member of the Senate to serve as the vice chair, for:

798 1. The Legislative Auditing Committee and the Committee on 799 Public Counsel Oversight, for the period from noon on August 1 800 of the calendar year following the general election until the 801 next general election.

802 2. The Administrative Procedures Committee for the period
803 from the Organization Session until noon on August 1 of the
804 calendar year following the general election.

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805 (c) A vacancy in an appointed chair or vice chair shall be 806 filled in the same manner as the original appointment. 807 808 4.2-Procedures in Joint Committees The following rules shall govern procedures in joint committees 809 other than conference committees: 810 811 (1) A quorum for a joint committee shall be a majority of 812 the appointees of each house. No business of any type may be 813 conducted in the absence of a quorum. 814 (2) (a) Joint committees shall meet only within the dates, 815 times, and locations authorized by both the President of the Senate and the Speaker of the House of Representatives. 816 817 (b) Joint committee meetings shall meet at the call of the 818 chair. In the absence of the chair, the vice chair shall assume the duty to convene and preside over meetings and such other 819 820 duties as provided by law or joint rule. During a meeting 821 properly convened, the presiding chair may temporarily assign 822 the duty to preside at that meeting to another joint committee 823 member until the assignment is relinguished or revoked. 824 (c) Before any joint committee may hold a meeting, a notice of such meeting shall be provided to the Secretary of the Senate 825 826 and the Clerk of the House of Representatives. When the 827 Legislature is not in session, notice must be provided no later 828 than 4:30 p.m. of the 7th day before the meeting. When the 829 Legislature is in session, notice must be provided no later than 830 4:30 p.m. of the 3rd day before the meeting. For purposes of 831 effecting notice to members of the house to which the chair does not belong, notice to the Secretary of the Senate shall be 832 833 deemed notice to members of the Senate and notice to the Clerk

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834 of the House shall be deemed notice to members of the House of 835 Representatives. Noticed meetings may be canceled by the chair 836 with the approval of at least one presiding officer.

(d) If a majority of its members from each house agree, a joint committee may continue a properly noticed meeting after the expiration of the time called for the meeting. However, a joint committee may not meet beyond the time authorized by the presiding officers without special leave granted by both presiding officers.

(3) The presiding officers shall interpret, apply, and enforce rules governing joint committees by agreement when the rule at issue is a joint rule. Unless otherwise determined or overruled by an agreement of the presiding officers, the chair shall determine all questions of order arising in joint committee meetings, but such determinations may be appealed to the committee during the meeting.

(4) Each question, including any appeal of a ruling of the
chair, shall be decided by a majority vote of the members of the
joint committee of each house present and voting.

853

854 4.3-Powers of Joint Committees

(1) A joint committee may exercise the subpoena powers
vested by law in a standing committee of the Legislature. A
subpoena issued under this rule must be approved and signed by
the President of the Senate and the Speaker of the House of
Representatives and attested by the Secretary of the Senate and
the Clerk of the House.

861 (2) A joint committee may adopt rules of procedure that do862 not conflict with the Florida Constitution or any law or joint

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863 rule, subject to the joint approval of the President of the864 Senate and the Speaker of the House of Representatives.

865 (3) A joint committee may not create subcommittees or866 workgroups unless authorized by both presiding officers.

868 4.4-Administration of Joint Committees

869 (1) Within the monetary limitations of the approved
870 operating budget, the expenses of the members and the salaries
871 and expenses of the staff of each joint committee shall be
872 governed by joint policies adopted under Joint Rule 3.2.

873 Subject to joint policies adopted under Joint Rule 3.2, (2) 874 the presiding officers shall appoint and remove the staff director and, if needed, a general counsel and any other staff 875 876 necessary to assist each joint committee. All joint committee 877 staff shall serve at the pleasure of the presiding officers. 878 Upon the initial adoption of these joint rules in a biennium, 879 each joint committee staff director position shall be deemed 880 vacant until an appointment is made.

882 4.5-Special Powers and Duties of the Legislative Auditing883 Committee

(1) The Legislative Auditing Committee may direct the
Auditor General or the Office of Program Policy Analysis and
Government Accountability to conduct an audit, review, or
examination of any entity or record described in s. 11.45(2) or
(3), Florida Statutes.

889 (2) The Legislative Auditing Committee may receive requests
890 for audits and reviews from legislators and any audit request,
891 petition for audit, or other matter for investigation directed

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202420er 892 or referred to it pursuant to general law. The committee may 893 make any appropriate disposition of such requests or referrals 894 and shall, within a reasonable time, report to the requesting 895 party the disposition of any audit request. 896 (3) The Legislative Auditing Committee may review the

897 performance of the Auditor General and report thereon to the
898 Senate and the House of Representatives.

900 4.6-Special Powers and Duties of the Administrative Procedures 901 Committee

902 The Administrative Procedures Committee shall:

903 (1) Maintain a continuous review of the statutory authority 904 on which each administrative rule is based and, whenever such 905 authority is eliminated or significantly changed by repeal, 906 amendment, holding by a court of last resort, or other factor, 907 advise the agency concerned of the fact.

908 (2) Maintain a continuous review of administrative rules
909 and identify and request an agency to repeal any rule or any
910 provision of any rule that reiterates or paraphrases any statute
911 or for which the statutory authority has been repealed.

912 (3) Review administrative rules and advise the agencies913 concerned of its findings.

914 (4) Exercise the duties prescribed by chapter 120, Florida915 Statutes, concerning the adoption and promulgation of rules.

916 (5) Generally review agency action pursuant to the 917 operation of chapter 120, Florida Statutes, the Administrative 918 Procedure Act.

919 (6) Report to the President of the Senate and the Speaker920 of the House of Representatives at least annually, no later than

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921 the first week of the regular session, and recommend needed 922 legislation or other appropriate action. Such report shall 923 include the number of objections voted by the committee, the 924 number of suspensions recommended by the committee, the number of administrative determinations filed on the invalidity of a 925 926 proposed or existing rule, the number of petitions for judicial 927 review filed on the invalidity of a proposed or existing rule, 928 and the outcomes of such actions. Such report shall also include 929 any recommendations provided to the standing committees during 930 the preceding year under subsection (11).

931 (7) Consult regularly with legislative standing committees 932 that have jurisdiction over the subject areas addressed in 933 agency proposed rules regarding legislative authority for the 934 proposed rules and other matters relating to legislative 935 authority for agency action.

936 (8) Subject to the approval of the President of the Senate 937 and the Speaker of the House of Representatives, have standing 938 to seek judicial review, on behalf of the Legislature or the 939 citizens of this state, of the validity or invalidity of any administrative rule to which the committee has voted an 940 941 objection and that has not been withdrawn, modified, repealed, or amended to meet the objection. Judicial review under this 942 subsection may not be initiated until the Governor and the head 943 944 of the agency making the rule to which the committee has 945 objected have been notified of the committee's proposed action 946 and have been given a reasonable opportunity, not to exceed 60 947 days, for consultation with the committee. The committee may expend public funds from its appropriation for the purpose of 948 949 seeking judicial review.

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(9) Maintain a continuous review of the administrative rulemaking process, including a review of agency procedure and 951 952 of complaints based on such agency procedure.

953 (10) Establish measurement criteria to evaluate whether 954 agencies are complying with the delegation of legislative 955 authority in adopting and implementing rules.

956 (11) Maintain a continuous review of statutes that 957 authorize agencies to adopt rules and shall make recommendations 958 to the appropriate standing committees of the Senate and the 959 House of Representatives as to the advisability of considering 960 changes to the delegated legislative authority to adopt rules in 961 specific circumstances.

963 4.7-Special Powers and Duties of the Committee on Public Counsel 964 Oversight

965 (1) The Committee on Public Counsel Oversight shall appoint a Public Counsel. 966

967 (2) The Committee on Public Counsel Oversight may file a 968 complaint with the Commission on Ethics alleging a violation of 969 chapter 350, Florida Statutes, by a current or former public 970 service commissioner, an employee of the Public Service 971 Commission, or a member of the Public Service Commission 972 Nominating Council.

(3) Notwithstanding Joint Rule 4.4(2), the Committee on 973 974 Public Counsel Oversight shall not have any permanent staff but shall be served as needed by other legislative staff selected by 975 976 the President of the Senate and the Speaker of the House of 977 Representatives.

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979	Joint Rule Five—Auditor General
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981	5.1-Rulemaking Authority
982	The Auditor General shall make and enforce reasonable rules and
983	regulations necessary to facilitate audits that he or she is
984	authorized to perform.
985	
986	5.2-Budget and Accounting
987	(1) The Auditor General shall prepare and submit annually
988	to the President of the Senate and the Speaker of the House of
989	Representatives for their joint approval a proposed budget for
990	the ensuing fiscal year.
991	(2) Within the limitations of the approved operating
992	budget, the salaries and expenses of the Auditor General and the
993	staff of the Auditor General shall be paid from the
994	appropriation for legislative expense or any other moneys
995	appropriated by the Legislature for that purpose. The Auditor
996	General shall approve all bills for salaries and expenses for
997	his or her staff before the same shall be paid.
998	
999	5.3-Audit Report Distribution
1000	(1) A copy of each audit report shall be submitted to the
1001	Governor, to the Chief Financial Officer, and to the officer or
1002	person in charge of the state agency or political subdivision
1003	audited. One copy shall be filed as a permanent public record in
1004	the office of the Auditor General. In the case of county
1005	reports, one copy of the report of each county office, school
1006	district, or other district audited shall be submitted to the
1007	board of county commissioners of the county in which the audit

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1008 was made and shall be filed in the office of the clerk of the 1009 circuit court of that county as a public record. When an audit 1010 is made of the records of the district school board, a copy of 1011 the audit report shall also be filed with the district school 1012 board, and thereupon such report shall become a part of the 1013 public records of such board.

1014 (2) A copy of each audit report shall be made available to 1015 each member of the Legislative Auditing Committee.

1016 (3) The Auditor General shall transmit a copy of each audit 1017 report to the appropriate substantive and fiscal committees of 1018 the Senate and House of Representatives.

(4) Other copies may be furnished to other persons who, in the opinion of the Auditor General, are directly interested in the audit or who have a duty to perform in connection therewith.

(5) The Auditor General shall transmit to the President of 1022 1023 the Senate and the Speaker of the House of Representatives, by 1024 December 1 of each year, a list of statutory and fiscal changes 1025 recommended by audit reports. The recommendations shall be 1026 presented in two categories: one addressing substantive law and 1027 policy issues and the other addressing budget issues. The 1028 Auditor General may also transmit recommendations at other times 1029 of the year when the information would be timely and useful for 1030 the Legislature.

(6) A copy required to be provided under this rule may be provided in an electronic or other digital format if the Auditor General determines that the intended recipient has appropriate resources to review the copy. Copies to members, committees, and offices of the Legislature shall be provided in electronic format as may be provided in joint policies adopted under Joint

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202420er 1037 Rule 3.2. 1038 1039 Joint Rule Six-Joint Legislative Budget Commission 1040 1041 6.1-General Responsibilities 1042 (1) The commission, as provided in chapter 216, Florida 1043 Statutes, shall receive and review notices of budget and 1044 personnel actions taken or proposed to be taken by the executive 1045 and judicial branches and shall approve or disapprove such actions. 1046 Through its chair, the commission shall advise the 1047 (2)1048 Governor and the Chief Justice of actions or proposed actions 1049 that exceed delegated authority or that are contrary to 1050 legislative policy and intent. 1051 (3) To the extent possible, the commission shall inform 1052 members of the Legislature of budget amendments requested by the 1053 executive or judicial branches. The commission shall consult with the Chief Financial 1054 (4) 1055 Officer and the Executive Office of the Governor on matters as 1056 required by chapter 216, Florida Statutes. 1057 (5) The President of the Senate and the Speaker of the 1058 House of Representatives may jointly assign other 1059 responsibilities to the commission in addition to those assigned 1060 by law. 1061 (6) The commission shall develop policies and procedures necessary to carry out its assigned responsibilities, subject to 1062 1063 the joint approval of the President of the Senate and the 1064 Speaker of the House of Representatives. 1065 (7) The commission, with the approval of the President of

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202420er 1066 the Senate and the Speaker of the House of Representatives, may 1067 appoint subcommittees as necessary to facilitate its work. 1068 1069 6.2-Organizational Structure 1070 (1) The commission is not subject to Joint Rule Four. The commission shall be composed of seven members of the Senate 1071 1072 appointed by the President of the Senate and seven members of 1073 the House of Representatives appointed by the Speaker of the 1074 House of Representatives. 1075 The commission shall be jointly staffed by the (2) 1076 appropriations committees of both houses. The Senate shall 1077 provide the lead staff when the chair of the commission is a 1078 member of the Senate. The House of Representatives shall provide 1079 the lead staff when the chair of the commission is a member of 1080 the House of Representatives. 1081 1082 6.3-Notice of Commission Meetings 1083 Not less than 7 days prior to a meeting of the commission, a 1084 notice of the meeting, stating the items to be considered, date, 1085 time, and place, shall be filed with the Secretary of the Senate when the chair of the commission is a member of the Senate or 1086 with the Clerk of the House when the chair of the commission is 1087 1088 a member of the House of Representatives. The Secretary of the 1089 Senate or the Clerk of the House shall distribute notice to the 1090 Legislature and the public, consistent with the rules and 1091 policies of their respective houses. 1092 1093 6.4-Effect of Adoption; Intent 1094 This Joint Rule Six replaces all prior joint rules governing the

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1095	Joint Legislative Budget Commission and is intended to implement
1096	constitutional provisions relating to the Joint Legislative
1097	Budget Commission existing as of the date of the rule's
1098	adoption.
1099	
1100	Joint Rule Seven-Qualifications of Members
1101	
1102	7.1-Residency
1103	(1) A member shall be a legal resident and elector of his
1104	or her district at the time of election and shall maintain his
1105	or her legal residence within that district for the duration of
1106	his or her term of office. While a member may have multiple
1107	residences, he or she shall have only one legal residence. The
1108	legal residence of a member at a designated location is
1109	demonstrated by a totality of the circumstances. Factors to be
1110	considered include, but are not limited to:
1111	(a) Where one claims to reside, as reflected in statements
1112	to others or in official documents;
1113	(b) The abandonment of a prior legal residence, as
1114	evidenced by moving from or selling a prior legal residence;
1115	(c) The abandonment of rights and privileges associated
1116	with a prior legal residence;
1117	(d) Where one is registered as a voter;
1118	(e) Where one claims a legal residence for a homestead
1119	exemption;
1120	(f) Where one claims a legal residence for a driver license
1121	or other government privilege or benefit;
1122	(g) The transfer of one's bank accounts to the district
1123	where one maintains a legal residence;

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202420er 1124 (h) Where one's spouse and minor children maintain a legal 1125 residence, work, and attend school; 1126 (i) Where one receives mail and other correspondence; 1127 (j) Where one customarily resides; 1128 (k) Where one conducts business affairs; 1129 (1) Where one rents or leases property; and 1130 (m) Where one plans the construction of a new legal 1131 residence. 1132 (2)In accordance with Section 3 of Article X of the 1133 Florida Constitution, a vacancy in office occurs when a member 1134 fails to maintain a legal residence within his or her district as required at the time of election. 1135 (3) In accordance with Section 2 of Article III of the 1136 1137 Florida Constitution, each house of the Legislature shall be the 1138 sole judge of the qualifications of its members, including 1139 whether a member no longer satisfies his or her qualifications 1140 for office. (4) Each member shall affirm in writing that he or she is a 1141 1142 legal resident and elector of his or her district based on the 1143 provisions of this Joint Rule. Each member shall file the 1144 written affirmation with the Secretary of the Senate or the 1145 Clerk of the House of Representatives before the convening of 1146 Organization Session following each general election. For a 1147 member who is elected pursuant to a special election, the member 1148 must execute the written affirmation before or concurrent with 1149 taking the oath of office and provide such affirmation to the 1150 Secretary of the Senate or the Clerk of the House of 1151 Representatives. The form of the written affirmation shall be 1152 prescribed by the Secretary of the Senate and the Clerk of the

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CODING: Words stricken are deletions; words underlined are additions.

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202420er 1153 House of Representatives for members of their respective house 1154 of the Legislature. 1155 1156 Joint Rule Eight-Adjourning and Reconvening of Each House of the 1157 Legislature and Providing for Adjournment Sine Die 1158 1159 8.1-Adjourning and Reconvening Pursuant to Section 3(e) of Article III of the Florida 1160 1161 Constitution, during any legislative session, each house of the 1162 Legislature may, without consent from the other house, determine 1163 its respective dates and times for adjourning and reconvening 1164 daily sittings. 1165 1166 8.2-Adjournment Sine Die (1) During regular sessions, both houses of the Legislature 1167 1168 shall adjourn sine die by concurrent resolution or concurrent 1169 motions or on the 60th day at 11:59 p.m., unless extended. 1170 (2) During special sessions, both houses shall adjourn sine 1171 die by concurrent resolution or concurrent motions or upon 1172 reaching the hour on which the special session is adjourned sine 1173 die by operation of the proclamation, unless extended.

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