1 A bill to be entitled 2 An act relating to crimes evidencing prejudice; 3 amending s. 775.085, F.S.; providing definitions; 4 expanding grounds for the reclassification of crimes 5 to include acts of prejudice based upon the gender of 6 a victim; specifying that the reclassification occurs 7 if the crime was based in whole or in part on the 8 actual or perceived characteristics of the victim; 9 amending s. 775.0863, F.S.; revising the definition of 10 the term "mental or physical disability"; defining the term "victim"; providing for the reclassification of a 11 12 crime if it was based in whole or in part on the actual or perceived mental or physical disability of 13 14 the victim; amending s. 817.034, F.S.; conforming 15 provisions to changes made by the act; providing an effective date. 16 17 Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida: 18 19 20 Section 1. Section 775.085, Florida Statutes, is amended 21 to read: 22 775.085 Evidencing prejudice while committing offense; reclassification.-23 24 (1) (b) As used in this section paragraph (a), the term: 25 (a) 1. "Advanced age" means that the victim is older than Page 1 of 7

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26	65 years of age.
27	(b) "Ethnicity" means the cultural characteristics and
28	traits that make someone part of a particular ethnic group.
29	(c) "Gender" means the sex assigned to an individual at
30	birth.
31	(d) 2. "Homeless status" means that the victim:
32	<u>1.</u> a. Lacks a fixed, regular, and adequate nighttime
33	residence; or
34	2. b. Has a primary nighttime residence that is:
35	<u>a.(I)</u> A supervised publicly or privately operated shelter
36	designed to provide temporary living accommodations; or
37	<u>b.(II)</u> A public or private place not designed for, or
38	ordinarily used as, a regular sleeping accommodation for human
39	beings.
40	(e) "National origin" means the country in which a person
41	was born, the nationality of an ancestor, or the country of
42	origin of a person's ancestors whether naturally, by marriage,
43	or by adoption.
44	(f) "Race" includes traits historically associated with
45	race, including, but not limited to, hair texture, hair type,
46	and protective hairstyles, such as braids, locs, and twists.
47	(g) "Religion" means all aspects of religious observance,
48	practice, and belief.
49	(h) "Victim" includes, but is not limited to, all of the
50	<u>following:</u>

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51	1. An individual.
52	2. A public or private organization that owns property
53 <u>th</u>	at is defaced, damaged, or destroyed based upon the
54 <u>pe</u>	rpetrator's prejudice against a person or group included in a
55 <u>cl</u>	ass delineated in this section.
56	3. A state entity or a local governmental entity, as
57 <u>de</u>	fined in s. 164.1031(1), which owns property that is defaced,
58 <u>da</u>	maged, or destroyed based upon the perpetrator's prejudice
59 <u>ag</u>	ainst a person or group included in a class delineated in this
60 <u>se</u>	ction.
61	<u>(2)</u> (a) The penalty for any felony or misdemeanor <u>must</u>
62 sh	all be reclassified as provided in this subsection if the
63 co	mmission of such felony or misdemeanor evidences prejudice
64 ba	sed in whole or in part on the actual or perceived race,
65 co	lor, ancestry, ethnicity, religion, <u>gender,</u> sexual
66 or	ientation, national origin, homeless status, or advanced age
67 of	the victim:
68	<u>(a)</u> 1. A misdemeanor of the second degree is reclassified
69 to	a misdemeanor of the first degree.
70	(b) 2 . A misdemeanor of the first degree is reclassified to
71 a	felony of the third degree.
72	<u>(c)</u> 3 . A felony of the third degree is reclassified to a
73 fe	lony of the second degree.
74	(d)4. A felony of the second degree is reclassified to a
75 fe	lony of the first degree.
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76 (e) 5. A felony of the first degree is reclassified to a 77 life felony.

78 <u>(3)(2)</u> A person or <u>an</u> organization that establishes by 79 clear and convincing evidence that it has been coerced, 80 intimidated, or threatened in violation of this section has a 81 civil cause of action for treble damages, an injunction, or any 82 other appropriate relief in law or in equity. Upon prevailing in 83 such civil action, the plaintiff may recover reasonable attorney 84 fees and costs.

85 <u>(4)(3)</u> It is an essential element of this section that the 86 record reflect that the defendant perceived, knew, or had 87 reasonable grounds to know or perceive that the victim was 88 included in a within the class delineated in this section.

89 Section 2. Section 775.0863, Florida Statutes, is amended
90 to read:

91 775.0863 Evidencing prejudice while committing offense 92 against person with mental or physical disability; 93 reclassification.-

94 (1) (b) As used in this section paragraph (a), the term: 95 (a) "Mental or physical disability" means:

96 <u>1.</u> A condition of mental or physical incapacitation due to 97 a developmental disability, organic brain damage, or mental 98 illness, and one or more mental or physical limitations that 99 restrict a person's ability to perform the normal activities of 100 daily living; or

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101 2. A mental or physical impairment that substantially 102 limits one or more major life activities of an individual. As 103 used in this subparagraph, the term: 104 "Major life activity" means an important function of an a. individual, such as caring for one's self, performing manual 105 tasks, walking, seeing, hearing, speaking, breathing, learning, 106 107 or working. 108 b. "Mental or physical impairment" means: (I) A physiological disorder or condition, disfigurement, 109 110 or anatomical loss that affects one or more bodily functions; or (II) A mental or psychological disorder that is addressed 111 112 in one of the diagnostic categories specified in the most recent edition of the Diagnostic and Statistical Manual of Mental 113 114 Disorders published by the American Psychiatric Association, 115 such as an intellectual or developmental disability, an organic 116 brain syndrome, a traumatic brain injury, a posttraumatic stress 117 disorder, or an emotional or a mental illness. "Victim" includes, but is not limited to, all of the 118 (b) 119 following: 1. An individual. 120 121 2. A public or private organization that owns property 122 that is defaced, damaged, or destroyed based upon the 123 perpetrator's prejudice against a person or a group included in 124 the class delineated in this section. 125 3. A state entity or a local governmental entity, as Page 5 of 7

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126 defined in s. 164.1031(1), which owns property that is defaced, 127 damaged, or destroyed based upon the perpetrator's prejudice 128 against a person or a group included in the class delineated in 129 this section. 130 (2) (a) The penalty for any felony or misdemeanor must 131 shall be reclassified as provided in this subsection if the 132 commission of such felony or misdemeanor evidences prejudice 133 based in whole or in part on an actual or a perceived a mental or physical disability of the victim: 134 135 (a) 1. A misdemeanor of the second degree is reclassified 136 to a misdemeanor of the first degree. 137 (b) 2. A misdemeanor of the first degree is reclassified to 138 a felony of the third degree. 139 (c)3. A felony of the third degree is reclassified to a 140 felony of the second degree. (d) 4. A felony of the second degree is reclassified to a 141 142 felony of the first degree. 143 (e) 5. A felony of the first degree is reclassified to a 144 life felony. (3) (3) (2) A person or an organization that establishes by 145 146 clear and convincing evidence that it has been coerced, intimidated, or threatened in violation of this section has a 147 civil cause of action for treble damages, an injunction, or any 148 other appropriate relief in law or in equity. Upon prevailing in 149 150 such civil action, the plaintiff may recover reasonable attorney Page 6 of 7

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151	fees and costs.
152	(4) (3) It is an essential element of this section that the
153	record reflect that the defendant perceived, knew, or had
154	reasonable grounds to know or perceive that the victim was
155	included in within the class delineated in this section.
156	Section 3. Paragraph (c) of subsection (4) of section
157	817.034, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
158	817.034 Florida Communications Fraud Act
159	(4) OFFENSES
160	(c) The penalty for committing an offense specified in
161	paragraph (a) or paragraph (b) against a person age 65 years or
162	older, against a minor, or against a person with a mental or
163	physical disability, as defined in <u>s. 775.0863(1)</u> s.
164	775.0863(1)(b), shall be reclassified as follows:
165	1. A misdemeanor of the first degree is reclassified to a
166	felony of the third degree.
167	2. A felony of the third degree is reclassified to a
168	felony of the second degree.
169	3. A felony of the second degree is reclassified to a
170	felony of the first degree.
171	4. A felony of the first degree is reclassified to a life
172	felony.
173	Section 4. This act shall take effect July 1, 2025.

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