# FLORIDA HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES BILL ANALYSIS

This bill analysis was prepared by nonpartisan committee staff and does not constitute an official statement of legislative intent.						
BILL #: <u>CS/HB 1035</u>	COMPANION BILL: <u>CS/SB 1128</u> (Ingoglia)					
TITLE: Building Permits for Single-family Dwellings	LINKED BILLS: None					
SPONSOR(S): Esposito	RELATED BILLS: None					
Committee References						
Industries & Professional Intergovern	mental Affairs <u>Commerce</u>					
<u>Activities</u>	►					
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# **SUMMARY**

## Effect of the Bill:

The bill provides that single-family building permits do not expire before the later of 180 days or the effective date of the next edition of the Florida Building Code. The bill prohibits local governments from requiring building permits for certain work.

The bill also provides that local governments must review certain building permit applications within a certain time period and other building permit applications are deemed approved upon submission and the permit must be issued within two days.

#### Fiscal or Economic Impact:

The bill may have a positive economic impact on the private sector by reducing the number of days to it takes to receive a building permit. The bill may have an indeterminate fiscal impact on local governments by prohibiting them from requiring building permits for certain work, which will reduce the amount of permit fees they collect but may also reduce their workload, and requiring them to issue certain building permits on an expeditated basis.

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## ANALYSIS

#### **EFFECT OF THE BILL:**

The bill provides that a <u>building permit</u> for a single-family dwelling does not <u>expire</u> before the later of 180 days after the issuance of the permit or the effective date of the next edition of the <u>Florida Building Code</u>, which is updated every three years. (Section <u>1</u> and <u>3</u>)

The bill provides that a local government **may not** require a single-family dwelling owner or the owner's contractor to pull a building permit for work, which is valued at less than **\$7,500**, on the lot containing the single-family dwelling.

- A local government **may** require a building permit for electrical, plumbing, or structural work, not including the repair or replacement of exterior doors or windows, regardless of the value of such work.
- A contractor who performs work that is exempt from needing a building permit must keep a record in writing of the work he or she performed, the property address where the work was performed, and the value of such work. (Section <u>3</u>)

The bill provides that a local government **must approve or deny** a building permit application for work, which is valued at less than **\$15,000**, on an existing single-family dwelling within **five (5) business days** of receiving a completed application. (Section <u>4</u>)

The bill also provides that a building permit application for the construction or renovation of a single-family dwelling is **deemed approved upon submission** if:

- construction of the dwelling is in a jurisdiction for which a state of emergency was issued within the preceding 24 months;
- a licensed architect or engineer signs and seals the application and attests that the plans comply with the Florida Building Code. (Section <u>4</u>)

A local government must issue a building permit for such application within two days of submission. (Section <u>4</u>)

The bill provides an effective date of July 1, 2025 (Section 5)

# **RELEVANT INFORMATION**

#### **SUBJECT OVERVIEW:**

### Florida Building Code

Chapter 553, part IV, F.S., is known as the "Florida Building Codes Act." The purpose and intent of the Act is to provide a mechanism for the uniform adoption, updating, interpretation, and enforcement of a single, unified state building code. The Florida Building Code (Building Code) must be applied, administered, and enforced uniformly and consistently from jurisdiction to jurisdiction.<sup>1</sup>

The Florida Building Commission (Commission) implements the Building Code. The Commission, which is housed within the Department of Business and Professional Regulation, is a 19-member technical body made up of design professionals, contractors, and government experts in various disciplines covered by the Building Code. The Commission updates and adopts a new edition of the Building Code every three years.<sup>2</sup> The current edition of the Building Code is the eighth edition, which is referred to as the 2023 Building Code.<sup>3</sup>

It is the intent of the Legislature that local governments have the power to inspect all buildings, structures, and facilities within their jurisdiction in protection of the public's health, safety, and welfare.<sup>4</sup>

#### **Building Permits**

Every local government must enforce the Building Code and issue building permits.<sup>5</sup> A building permit is an official document or certificate issued by the local building official that authorizes performance of a specific activity.<sup>6</sup>

It is unlawful for a person to construct, erect, alter, repair, secure, or demolish any building without first obtaining a building permit.<sup>7</sup>

Current law requires local governments to review building permit applications for single-family dwellings within a specific time-period of receiving the applications:<sup>8</sup>

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> S. <u>553.72(1), F.S.</u>

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Ss. <u>553.73(7)</u>, and <u>553.74, F.S.</u>

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Overview, Eighth Edition of the Florida Building Code.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> S. <u>553.72, F.S.</u>

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> Ss. <u>125.01(1)(bb)</u>, <u>125.56(1)</u>, and <u>553.80(1)</u>, F.S.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup> S. <u>468.603(2)</u>, F.S; <u>S. 202 of the Eighth edition of the Florida Building Code (Building)</u>.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>7</sup> S. <u>553.79(1), F.S.</u>

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>8</sup> S. <u>553.792(1), F.S.</u>

When a local government receives an application for a single-family dwelling building permit, it must approve, approve with conditions, or deny a building permit application following receipt of a completed and sufficient application to the following timelines, unless the applicant waives such limitation in writing:<sup>9</sup>

- Within **30 business days** if the structure is less than 7,500 square feet.
- Within **60 business days** if the structure is more than 7,500 square feet.
- Within **12 business days** after receiving a complete and sufficient application, for an applicant using a master building permit to obtain a site-specific building permit.
- Within **10 business days** for a single-family residential dwelling applied for by a licensed contractor on behalf of a property owner who participates in a Community Development Block Grant-Disaster Recovery program administered by the Department of Commerce.

A building permit becomes <u>invalid</u> if no work starts within six months after issuance of the permit or if work on the project ceases for a period of six months after work has commenced on the project. Work shall be considered to be in active progress when the permit has received an approved inspection within 180 days.<sup>10</sup>

A new permit is required if a permit is revoked after work has commenced, becomes null and void, or expires because of a lack of progress on the project. If a new permit is not obtained within 180 days from the date the permit becomes null and void, the local enforcement agency may require the removal of all work that has been performed on the project.<sup>11</sup>

<sup>9</sup> Id.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>10</sup> Section 105.4 of the Eighth Edition of the Florida Building Code

# **BILL HISTORY**

			STAFF DIRECTOR/	ANALYSIS
COMMITTEE REFERENCE	ACTION	DATE	POLICY CHIEF	PREPARED BY
Industries & Professional Activities Subcommittee	15 Y, 0 N, As CS	3/19/2025	Anstead	Brackett
THE CHANGES ADOPTED BY THE   COMMITTEE:   •   Intergovernmental Affairs   Subcommittee   Commerce Committee	of such work. • Local governme structural work the work. Provided that withi government must is at less than \$15,000	the adoption of the al government may in owner's contra- \$7,500. Inst keep a record of ents may still required on a single-family on a single-family sue or deny a bui 0, on an existing si -day time-period of ngle-family dwelli	he next edition of th y not require an ow ctor to pull a permit of the work perform ire permits for elec y dwelling regardles of receiving an app lding permit for wo ngle-family dwellin to issue a building p ng that has been ap	e Florida Building ner of a single- for work that is ned and the value trical, plumbing, or ss of the value of lication, a local rk, which is valued g. ermit for proved by a

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THIS BILL ANALYSIS HAS BEEN UPDATED TO INCORPORATE ALL OF THE CHANGES DESCRIBED ABOVE.

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