

1 A bill to be entitled
 2 An act relating to coverage by Citizens Property
 3 Insurance Corporation; amending s. 627.351, F.S.;
 4 revising eligibility for coverage of residential
 5 structures in certain counties by Citizens Property
 6 Insurance Corporation; requiring the corporation to
 7 implement certain rate increases annually in such
 8 counties for single policies issued by the
 9 corporation; providing additional policies issued by
 10 the corporation which do not require policyholders to
 11 purchase flood insurance as a condition for
 12 maintaining the policies; providing an effective date.

13
 14 Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:

15
 16 **Section 1. Paragraphs (a), (n), and (aa) of subsection (6)**
 17 **of section 627.351, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:**

18 627.351 Insurance risk apportionment plans.—

19 (6) CITIZENS PROPERTY INSURANCE CORPORATION.—

20 (a) The public purpose of this subsection is to ensure
 21 that there is an orderly market for property insurance for
 22 residents and businesses of this state.

23 1. The Legislature finds that private insurers are
 24 unwilling or unable to provide affordable property insurance
 25 coverage in this state to the extent sought and needed. The

26 | absence of affordable property insurance threatens the public
27 | health, safety, and welfare and likewise threatens the economic
28 | health of the state. The state therefore has a compelling public
29 | interest and a public purpose to assist in assuring that
30 | property in the state is insured and that it is insured at
31 | affordable rates so as to facilitate the remediation,
32 | reconstruction, and replacement of damaged or destroyed property
33 | in order to reduce or avoid the negative effects otherwise
34 | resulting to the public health, safety, and welfare, to the
35 | economy of the state, and to the revenues of the state and local
36 | governments which are needed to provide for the public welfare.
37 | It is necessary, therefore, to provide affordable property
38 | insurance to applicants who are in good faith entitled to
39 | procure insurance through the voluntary market but are unable to
40 | do so. The Legislature intends, therefore, that affordable
41 | property insurance be provided and that it continue to be
42 | provided, as long as necessary, through Citizens Property
43 | Insurance Corporation, a government entity that is an integral
44 | part of the state, and that is not a private insurance company.
45 | To that end, the corporation shall strive to increase the
46 | availability of affordable property insurance in this state,
47 | while achieving efficiencies and economies, and while providing
48 | service to policyholders, applicants, and agents which is no
49 | less than the quality generally provided in the voluntary
50 | market, for the achievement of the foregoing public purposes.

51 | Because it is essential for this government entity to have the
52 | maximum financial resources to pay claims following a
53 | catastrophic hurricane, it is the intent of the Legislature that
54 | the corporation continue to be an integral part of the state and
55 | that the income of the corporation be exempt from federal income
56 | taxation and that interest on the debt obligations issued by the
57 | corporation be exempt from federal income taxation.

58 | 2. The Residential Property and Casualty Joint
59 | Underwriting Association originally created by this statute
60 | shall be known as the Citizens Property Insurance Corporation.
61 | The corporation shall provide insurance for residential and
62 | commercial property, for applicants who are entitled, but, in
63 | good faith, are unable to procure insurance through the
64 | voluntary market. The corporation shall operate pursuant to a
65 | plan of operation approved by order of the Financial Services
66 | Commission. The plan is subject to continuous review by the
67 | commission. The commission may, by order, withdraw approval of
68 | all or part of a plan if the commission determines that
69 | conditions have changed since approval was granted and that the
70 | purposes of the plan require changes in the plan. For the
71 | purposes of this subsection, residential coverage includes both
72 | personal lines residential coverage, which consists of the type
73 | of coverage provided by homeowner, mobile home owner, dwelling,
74 | tenant, condominium unit owner, and similar policies; and
75 | commercial lines residential coverage, which consists of the

76 type of coverage provided by condominium association, apartment
77 building, and similar policies.

78 3. With respect to coverage for personal lines residential
79 structures:

80 a. Effective January 1, 2017, a structure that has a
81 dwelling replacement cost of \$700,000 or more, or a single
82 condominium unit that has a combined dwelling and contents
83 replacement cost of \$700,000 or more, is not eligible for
84 coverage by the corporation.

85 b. The requirements of sub-subparagraph a. do not apply in
86 counties where the office determines there is not a reasonable
87 degree of competition. In such counties a personal lines
88 residential structure that has a dwelling replacement cost of
89 less than \$1.5 ~~\$1~~ million, or a single condominium unit that has
90 a combined dwelling and contents replacement cost of less than
91 \$1 million, is eligible for coverage by the corporation.

92 4. It is the intent of the Legislature that policyholders,
93 applicants, and agents of the corporation receive service and
94 treatment of the highest possible level but never less than that
95 generally provided in the voluntary market. It is also intended
96 that the corporation be held to service standards no less than
97 those applied to insurers in the voluntary market by the office
98 with respect to responsiveness, timeliness, customer courtesy,
99 and overall dealings with policyholders, applicants, or agents
100 of the corporation.

101 5.a. Effective January 1, 2009, a personal lines
102 residential structure that is located in the "wind-borne debris
103 region," as defined in s. 1609.2, International Building Code
104 (2006), and that has an insured value on the structure of
105 \$750,000 or more is not eligible for coverage by the corporation
106 unless the structure has opening protections as required under
107 the Florida Building Code for a newly constructed residential
108 structure in that area. A residential structure is deemed to
109 comply with this sub-subparagraph if it has shutters or opening
110 protections on all openings and if such opening protections
111 complied with the Florida Building Code at the time they were
112 installed.

113 b. Any major structure, as defined in s. 161.54(6)(a),
114 that is newly constructed, or rebuilt, repaired, restored, or
115 remodeled to increase the total square footage of finished area
116 by more than 25 percent, pursuant to a permit applied for after
117 July 1, 2015, is not eligible for coverage by the corporation if
118 the structure is seaward of the coastal construction control
119 line established pursuant to s. 161.053 or is within the Coastal
120 Barrier Resources System as designated by 16 U.S.C. ss. 3501-
121 3510.

122 6. With respect to wind-only coverage for commercial lines
123 residential condominiums, effective July 1, 2014, a condominium
124 shall be deemed ineligible for coverage if 50 percent or more of
125 the units are rented more than eight times in a calendar year

126 | for a rental agreement period of less than 30 days.

127 | (n)1. Rates for coverage provided by the corporation must
128 | be actuarially sound pursuant to s. 627.062 and not competitive
129 | with approved rates charged in the admitted voluntary market so
130 | that the corporation functions as a residual market mechanism to
131 | provide insurance only when insurance cannot be procured in the
132 | voluntary market, except as otherwise provided in this
133 | paragraph. The office shall provide the corporation such
134 | information as would be necessary to determine whether rates are
135 | competitive. The corporation shall file its recommended rates
136 | with the office at least annually. The corporation shall provide
137 | any additional information regarding the rates which the office
138 | requires. The office shall consider the recommendations of the
139 | board and issue a final order establishing the rates for the
140 | corporation within 45 days after the recommended rates are
141 | filed. The corporation may not pursue an administrative
142 | challenge or judicial review of the final order of the office.

143 | 2. In addition to the rates otherwise determined pursuant
144 | to this paragraph, the corporation shall impose and collect an
145 | amount equal to the premium tax provided in s. 624.509 to
146 | augment the financial resources of the corporation.

147 | 3. After the public hurricane loss-projection model under
148 | s. 627.06281 has been found to be accurate and reliable by the
149 | Florida Commission on Hurricane Loss Projection Methodology, the
150 | model must ~~shall~~ be considered when establishing the windstorm

151 portion of the corporation's rates. The corporation may use the
152 public model results in combination with the results of private
153 models to calculate rates for the windstorm portion of the
154 corporation's rates. This subparagraph does not require or allow
155 the corporation to adopt rates lower than the rates otherwise
156 required or allowed by this paragraph.

157 4. The corporation shall ~~must~~ make a recommended
158 actuarially sound rate filing for each personal and commercial
159 line of business it writes.

160 5. Notwithstanding the board's recommended rates and the
161 office's final order regarding the corporation's filed rates
162 under subparagraph 1., the corporation shall annually implement
163 a rate increase which, except for sinkhole coverage, does not
164 exceed the following for any single policy issued by the
165 corporation, excluding coverage changes and surcharges:

- 166 a. Twelve percent for 2023.
- 167 b. Thirteen percent for 2024.
- 168 c. Fourteen percent for 2025.
- 169 d. Fifteen percent for 2026 and all subsequent years.

170 6. In a county where the office determines there is not a
171 reasonable degree of competition, the corporation shall annually
172 implement a rate increase that does not exceed 10 percent for
173 any single policy issued by the corporation, excluding coverage
174 changes and surcharges.

175 7. The corporation may also implement an increase to

176 reflect the effect on the corporation of the cash buildup factor
177 pursuant to s. 215.555(5)(b).

178 ~~8.7.~~ The corporation's implementation of rates as
179 prescribed in subparagraphs 5. and 9. ~~8.~~ shall cease for any
180 line of business written by the corporation upon the
181 corporation's implementation of actuarially sound rates.
182 Thereafter, the corporation shall annually make a recommended
183 actuarially sound rate filing that is not competitive with
184 approved rates in the admitted voluntary market for each
185 commercial and personal line of business the corporation writes.

186 ~~9.8.~~ New or renewal personal lines policies that do not
187 cover a primary residence are not subject to the rate increase
188 limitations in subparagraph 5., but may not be charged more than
189 50 percent above, nor less than, the prior year's established
190 rate for the corporation.

191 10.9. As used in this paragraph, the term "primary
192 residence" means the dwelling that is the policyholder's primary
193 home or is a rental property that is the primary home of the
194 tenant, and which the policyholder or tenant occupies for more
195 than 9 months of each year.

196 (aa) Except as otherwise provided in this paragraph, the
197 corporation shall require the securing and maintaining of flood
198 insurance as a condition of coverage of a personal lines
199 residential risk. The insured or applicant must execute a form
200 approved by the office affirming that flood insurance is not

201 provided by the corporation and that if flood insurance is not
202 secured by the applicant or insured from an insurer other than
203 the corporation and in addition to coverage by the corporation,
204 the risk will not be eligible for coverage by the corporation.
205 The corporation may deny coverage of a personal lines
206 residential risk to an applicant or insured who refuses to
207 secure and maintain flood insurance. The requirement to purchase
208 flood insurance must ~~shall~~ be implemented as follows:

209 1. Except as provided in subparagraphs 2. and 3., all
210 personal lines residential policyholders must have flood
211 coverage in place for policies effective on or after:

212 a. January 1, 2024, for a structure that has a dwelling
213 replacement cost of \$600,000 or more.

214 b. January 1, 2025, for a structure that has a dwelling
215 replacement cost of \$500,000 or more.

216 c. January 1, 2026, for a structure that has a dwelling
217 replacement cost of \$400,000 or more.

218 d. January 1, 2027, for all other personal lines
219 residential property insured by the corporation.

220 2. All personal lines residential policyholders whose
221 property insured by the corporation is located within the
222 special flood hazard area defined by the Federal Emergency
223 Management Agency must have flood coverage in place:

224 a. At the time of initial policy issuance for all new
225 personal lines residential policies issued by the corporation on

226 or after April 1, 2023.

227 b. By the time of the policy renewal for all personal
228 lines residential policies renewing on or after July 1, 2023.

229 3. Policyholders are not required to purchase flood
230 insurance as a condition for maintaining the following policies
231 issued by the corporation:

232 a. Policies that do not provide coverage for the peril of
233 wind.

234 b. Policies that provide coverage under a condominium unit
235 owners form.

236 c. Policies that provide coverage in Zone X as designated
237 by the Federal Emergency Management Agency or for structures
238 that are elevated at least 1 foot above the flood zone's minimum
239 base flood elevation.

240
241 The flood insurance required under this paragraph must meet, at
242 a minimum, the dwelling coverage available from the National
243 Flood Insurance Program or the requirements of s.

244 627.715(1)(a)1., 2., and 3.

245 **Section 2.** This act shall take effect July 1, 2025.