

1                                   A bill to be entitled  
 2           An act relating to service lateral assessment and  
 3           rehabilitation; creating s. 403.4156, F.S.; providing  
 4           purpose; providing definitions; requiring all utility  
 5           systems to establish and maintain a comprehensive  
 6           condition assessment program; providing requirements  
 7           for such program; providing for enforcement and  
 8           compliance; requiring utility systems to annually  
 9           submit specified reports to the Department of  
 10          Environmental Protection; providing penalties;  
 11          providing for funding; providing an effective date.

12  
 13           WHEREAS, numerous studies, including data from the  
 14          Department of Environmental Protection and Water Environment  
 15          Federation case analyses, indicate that a substantial percentage  
 16          of infiltration and inflow into wastewater collection systems  
 17          originates from private-side service laterals and lack of  
 18          oversight and limited enforcement authority over privately owned  
 19          lateral segments compound this issue, and

20           WHEREAS, in the past 20 years, the state's wastewater  
 21          systems have spilled or improperly discharged over 2.5 billion  
 22          gallons of raw or partially treated sewage into the environment  
 23          and a significant portion reached waterways, causing  
 24          catastrophic environmental damage and public health threats, and

25           WHEREAS, the state is projected to exceed 3 billion gallons

26 | of sewage leakage since 2000, most of which can be traced back  
 27 | to failing or leaky lateral pipelines, and

28 |       WHEREAS, excessive infiltration from deteriorated service  
 29 | laterals frequently overloads utility treatment capacities,  
 30 | leading to sanitary sewer overflows and environmental hazards  
 31 | and these overflows compromise water quality, harm aquatic  
 32 | ecosystems, and pose severe public health risks, and

33 |       WHEREAS, insufficient monitoring and lack of clear remedial  
 34 | protocols for laterals have allowed structural defects and  
 35 | infiltration and inflow sources to remain largely unaddressed,  
 36 | and

37 |       WHEREAS, this act aims to rectify these deficiencies  
 38 | through uniform inspection, public transparency, and mandatory  
 39 | rehabilitation requirements, NOW, THEREFORE,

41 | Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:

43 |       **Section 1. Section 403.4156, Florida Statutes, is created**  
 44 | **to read:**

45 |       403.4156 Florida Service Lateral Assessment and  
 46 | Rehabilitation Act.—

47 |       (1) PURPOSE.—It is the purpose of this section to:

48 |       (a) Ensure that all utility systems, public and private,  
 49 | deploy comprehensive inspection methods to evaluate the  
 50 | structural integrity and infiltration and inflow risks of

51 service laterals from the utility mainline connection to the  
52 edge of each building structure.

53 (b) Establish minimum requirements for data collection,  
54 long-term archiving, and accessible reporting, thereby enhancing  
55 infrastructure reliability and protecting Florida's water  
56 resources.

57 (c) Promote complete and proper structural rehabilitation  
58 of service laterals, ensuring a monolithic seal at the main and  
59 lateral connection point that mitigates infiltration, enhances  
60 infrastructure lifecycles, ensures environmental compliance, and  
61 lowers the risk of sanitary sewer overflow events.

62 (2) DEFINITIONS.—For purposes of this section, the term:

63 (a) "CCTV lateral launch camera system" means a closed-  
64 circuit television inspection system capable of traversing from  
65 the mainline sewer into the service lateral for the purpose of  
66 visual evaluation.

67 (b) "Condition assessment program" means a structured  
68 inspection, data collection, and risk evaluation methodology  
69 designed to identify and prioritize structural and infiltration  
70 and inflow issues in sewer laterals.

71 (c) "Monolithic repair" means pipe repair or  
72 rehabilitation resulting in no joints or seams, including all  
73 points where the lateral connects to the structure, the  
74 mainline, and any required cleanouts, ensuring a fully sealed  
75 and continuous system.

76 (d) "NASSCO LACP protocols" means the National Association  
 77 of Sewer Service Companies' Lateral Assessment Certification  
 78 Program guidelines for standardized inspection, coding, and  
 79 condition rating of sewer laterals.

80 (e) "Pipeline severity score" means a composite condition  
 81 rating applied to each lateral pipeline after a proper  
 82 assessment under NASSCO LACP protocols which includes both of  
 83 the following:

- 84 1. The pipe rating index score.
- 85 2. The likelihood of failure score.

86 (f) "Service lateral" or "lateral" means the underground  
 87 sewer pipeline that connects a property or building to a  
 88 utility's mainline sewer pipe. The term includes the entire  
 89 length of the lateral pipe from the utility system's mainline  
 90 sewer to the edge of the building structure, and not just up to  
 91 the property line or utility easement.

92 (g) "Utility system" means a government agency, a  
 93 municipality, a private utility entity, or an entity under  
 94 contract with such agencies or entities that owns, operates, or  
 95 maintains sewer infrastructure in this state.

96 (3) CONDITION ASSESSMENT PROGRAM REQUIREMENTS.-

97 (a) Every utility system operating within this state shall  
 98 establish and maintain a comprehensive condition assessment  
 99 program for all service laterals under its jurisdiction.

- 100 1. This paragraph applies uniformly to all utility

101 systems, regardless of public or private ownership, size, or  
102 service area.

103 2. If a utility system chooses not to conduct the  
104 condition assessment program assessments directly, it may  
105 contract the assessments to a reputable licensed entity. The  
106 assessments must be performed by a certified general contractor  
107 who also holds either a certified plumbing license or an  
108 underground utility license. All contractors and technicians  
109 performing assessments must be certified by the NASSCO Pipeline  
110 Assessment Certification Program, Lateral Assessment  
111 Certification Program, or Manhole Assessment Certification  
112 Program to ensure quality and consistency with industry  
113 standards.

114 (b) Each service lateral within the utility system shall  
115 be inspected at least once every 7 years.

116 1. Inspections shall include a full assessment from the  
117 mainline sewer connection point to the edge of the building  
118 structure.

119 2. Utilities must develop and maintain a proactive  
120 schedule ensuring that 100 percent of all service laterals are  
121 inspected within each 7-year cycle.

122 3. CCTV lateral launch camera systems shall be used to  
123 perform all inspections.

124 4. All inspections must follow the NASSCO LACP protocols,  
125 including standardized coding and condition ratings.

126 (c)1. Each service lateral must be assigned a unique pipe  
127 identification or asset identification number which shall appear  
128 on all corresponding condition assessment documentation and  
129 inspection reports. This unique identifier must be compatible  
130 with and easily integrable into any existing geographic  
131 information system (GIS) or asset management database maintained  
132 by the utility system.

133 2. Each lateral shall receive a pipeline severity score  
134 indicating any observed or potential structural defects,  
135 infiltration, or inflow concerns.

136 (d) All inspection videos, reports, condition ratings, and  
137 supplementary data shall be recorded and retained in a secure,  
138 cloud-based platform.

139 1. Data shall be maintained for at least 2 full inspection  
140 cycles, a minimum of 14 years, ensuring availability for  
141 regulatory review and historical reference.

142 2. Condition assessment data must be maintained in a  
143 publicly accessible database for properties where defective,  
144 damaged, or deteriorated service laterals are identified. For  
145 each property, the database shall include, at a minimum:

146 a. The property address.

147 b. The date of inspection.

148 c. The pipeline severity score.

149 d. The general condition summary.

150 e. The unique pipe identification or asset identification

151 number.

152 (e) Any lateral with a pipe rating index score above 3.5  
153 or a likelihood of failure score at or above 4 must be flagged  
154 for immediate consideration under the lateral monolithic repair  
155 program.

156 (f) Each utility system shall establish and maintain a  
157 lateral monolithic repair program.

158 1. The lateral monolithic repair program applies to any  
159 service lateral identified during the condition assessment  
160 program to have a pipe rating index score above 3.5 or a  
161 likelihood of failure score at or above 4. These laterals are  
162 deemed to have a detrimental effect on the utility system's  
163 capacity and are at high risk for infiltration and inflow events  
164 likely to contribute to sanitary sewer overflows, environmental  
165 damage, and public health threats.

166 2. Under the lateral monolithic repair program, the  
167 utility system must execute timely rehabilitation or replacement  
168 of the flagged service laterals using non-disruptive trenchless  
169 technology methods, thereby mitigating infiltration, restoring  
170 structural integrity, and minimizing community impact and costs.  
171 A complete seal at the main and lateral connection point must be  
172 ensured to create a monolithic system that prevents infiltration  
173 and extends asset lifecycle.

174 3. For any lateral placed into the lateral monolithic  
175 repair program, rehabilitation must be completed within 12

176 months from the date the issues are discovered. The  
177 rehabilitation work must be performed by a certified general  
178 contractor who also holds either a certified plumbing or  
179 underground utility license.

180 a. A two-way cleanout must be installed at the property  
181 and utility easement line to facilitate future inspections and  
182 minimize further disruptions.

183 b. A seamless, single-piece lateral connection seal must  
184 be installed at the main-lateral connection point to fully close  
185 the annular space. This seal may not rely on any additional  
186 mechanical means such as hydrophilic gaskets.

187 c. The service lateral itself must be rehabilitated to  
188 create a fully monolithic system from the mainline sewer to the  
189 structure, bonded to the host pipe for maximum structural  
190 durability and longevity. All materials used shall have a  
191 minimum life expectancy of 50 years and comply with American  
192 Society for Testing and Materials standards governing cured-in-  
193 place pipe in alignment with the Florida Building Code.

194 (4) ENFORCEMENT, COMPLIANCE, REPORTS.—

195 (a) The department or any successor agency shall implement  
196 and enforce this section.

197 (b) Utility systems shall submit annual compliance reports  
198 to the department detailing progress toward meeting inspection  
199 schedules, summary of condition findings, and any follow-up  
200 actions, particularly under the lateral monolithic repair



201 program, for at-risk laterals.

202 (5) PENALTIES.—

203 (a) Utility systems found to be noncompliant with any  
204 provision of this section may be subject to administrative  
205 finances, notices of violation, or other enforcement measures  
206 deemed appropriate by the department.

207 (b) Continued noncompliance may result in escalated  
208 penalties, including, but not limited to, suspension of certain  
209 operational permits and eligibility for state funding or grants.

210 (6) INCENTIVES.—The state may establish incentive  
211 programs, grants, or matching funds to support utility systems  
212 in developing or enhancing their condition assessment programs  
213 and monolithic repair efforts.

214 (7) FUNDING.—State or local funds allocated for  
215 environmental preservation or protection of water quality are  
216 permitted to be applied to this program in order to expedite  
217 sewer system improvements and reduce infiltration and inflow  
218 impacts.

219 **Section 2.** This act shall take effect July 1, 2025.