1	A bill to be entitled
2	An act relating to employment agreements; creating
3	part I of ch. 542, F.S., entitled the "Florida
4	Antitrust Act of 1980"; creating part II of ch. 542,
5	F.S., entitled the "Florida Contracts Honoring
6	Opportunity, Investment, Confidentiality, and Economic
7	Growth (CHOICE) Act"; creating s. 542.41, F.S.;
8	providing a short title; creating s. 542.42, F.S.;
9	providing legislative findings; creating s. 542.43,
10	F.S.; defining terms; creating s. 542.44, F.S.;
11	providing applicability; providing that certain
12	covered garden leave agreements are not a restraint of
13	trade or an attempt to monopolize trade or commerce;
14	providing notice requirements for covered garden leave
15	agreements; providing that a covered employer may
16	waive any portion of such notice requirements by
17	providing a specified amount of advance written notice
18	to the covered employee; providing that covered garden
19	leave agreements do not affect other agreements;
20	requiring a court to enter a preliminary injunction to
21	stop covered employees, businesses, entities, or
22	individuals if a breach of a covered garden leave
23	agreement is alleged; authorizing the court to modify
24	such an injunction if a covered employee, business,
25	entity, or individual establishes certain information
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26 by clear and convincing evidence; requiring that 27 certain information be provided to the court under 28 seal; providing that a prevailing covered employer is 29 entitled to recover all available monetary damages for 30 all available claims; providing that a prevailing 31 party is entitled to reasonable attorney fees and 32 costs; authorizing a covered employer to reduce the 33 salary or benefits of a covered employee if he or she engages in gross misconduct; providing that such a 34 35 reduction is not a breach of the covered garden leave 36 agreement; creating s. 542.45, F.S.; providing 37 applicability; providing that certain covered noncompete agreements are not a restraint of trade or 38 39 an attempt to monopolize trade or commerce; providing 40 notice requirements for covered noncompete agreements; 41 providing that covered noncompete agreements do not 42 affect other agreements; requiring a court to enter a 43 preliminary injunction to stop covered employees, businesses, entities, or individuals if a breach of a 44 45 covered noncompete agreement is alleged; authorizing the court to modify such an injunction if a covered 46 employee, business, entity, or individual establishes 47 48 certain information by clear and convincing evidence; 49 requiring that certain information be provided to the 50 court under seal; providing that a prevailing covered

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51	employer is entitled to recover all available monetary
52	damages for all available claims; providing that a
53	prevailing party is entitled to reasonable attorney
54	fees and costs; authorizing a covered employer to
55	reduce the salary or benefits of a covered employee if
56	he or she engages in gross misconduct; providing that
57	such a reduction is not a breach of the covered
58	noncompete agreement; providing construction regarding
59	a restrictive covenant that does not meet the
60	definition of a covered garden leave agreement or a
61	covered noncompete agreement; providing an effective
62	date.
63	
64	Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:
65	
66	Section 1. Part I of chapter 542, Florida Statutes,
67	consisting of ss. 542.15-542.36, Florida Statutes, is created
68	and entitled the "Florida Antitrust Act of 1980."
69	Section 2. Part II of chapter 542, Florida Statutes,
70	consisting of ss. 542.41-542.45, Florida Statutes, is created
71	and entitled the "Florida Contracts Honoring Opportunity,
72	Investment, Confidentiality, and Economic Growth (CHOICE) Act."
73	542.41 Short title.—This part may be cited as the "Florida
74	Contracts Honoring Opportunity, Investment, Confidentiality, and
75	Economic Growth (CHOICE) Act."

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76	542.42 Legislative findingsThe Legislature finds that a
77	proper and legitimate state interest is served by enforcing
78	strong legal protections in contracts between employers and
79	contracted personnel which encourage optimal levels of
80	information sharing and training and development. The
81	Legislature further finds that alternative means of protecting
82	confidential information and client relationships, such as
83	nondisclosure agreements, fixed-duration term contracts, and
84	nonsolicitation clauses in employment contracts, are inadequate
85	to protect against the significant global risks faced by
86	companies in this state. The Legislature further finds that
87	predictability in the enforcement of contracts described in this
88	part encourages investment in this state. Therefore, the
89	Legislature determines and declares that this part fulfills an
90	important state interest.
91	542.43 DefinitionsFor the purposes of this part, the
92	term:
93	(1) "Annual mean wage of employees in Florida" or "annual
94	mean wage" means the most recent annual mean wage as calculated
95	by the United States Department of Labor Bureau of Labor
96	Statistics, or its successor calculation, for all occupations in
97	this state.
98	(2) "Benefit" means access to health insurance, life
99	insurance, or disability insurance that is the same as or
100	similar to the insurance that a covered employee had access to
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101	and at the same cost to that employee during the month before
102	the commencement of his or her notice period.
103	(3) "Covered employee" means an employee or individual
104	contractor who earns or is reasonably expected to earn a salary
105	greater than twice the annual mean wage, or who has access to
106	his or her employer's or client's confidential information or
107	customer relationships. The term does not include a person
108	classified as a medical professional as defined in s. 1006.0626.
109	(4) "Covered employer" means an entity or individual who
110	employs or engages a covered employee.
111	(5) "Covered garden leave agreement" means a written
112	agreement, or part of a written agreement, between a covered
113	employee and covered employer in which:
114	(a) The covered employee and covered employer agree to up
115	to, but no more than, 4 years of advance, express notice before
116	terminating the employment or contractor relationship;
117	(b) The covered employee agrees not to resign before the
118	end of such notice period; and
119	(c) The covered employer agrees to retain the covered
120	employee for the duration of such notice period and to continue
121	paying the covered employee the same salary and providing the
122	same benefits that the covered employee received from the
123	covered employer in the last month before the commencement of
124	the notice period. The covered employer is not obligated to
125	provide discretionary incentive compensation or benefits or have
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126	the covered employee continue performing any work during the
127	notice period.
128	(6) "Covered noncompete agreement" means a written
129	agreement, or a portion of a written agreement, between a
130	covered employee and a covered employer in which, for a period
131	not to exceed 4 years and within the geographic area defined in
132	the agreement, the covered employee agrees not to assume a role
133	with or for another business, entity, or individual:
134	(a) In which the covered employee would provide services
135	similar to the services provided to the covered employer during
136	the 3 years preceding the noncompete period; or
137	(b) In which it is reasonably likely the covered employee
138	would use the confidential information or customer relationships
139	of the covered employer.
140	(7) "Noncompete period" means the time from the covered
141	employee's termination of employment through the end of the
142	agreed-upon postemployment period of noncompetition as set forth
143	in the covered noncompete agreement.
144	(8) "Notice period" means the date from the covered
145	employee's or covered employer's written notice of intent to
146	terminate the covered employee's employment through the date of
147	termination as set forth in a covered garden leave agreement.
148	(9) "Primary place of work" means the location where the
149	covered employee spends more work time than any other single
150	workplace.
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151	(10) "Salary" means the base compensation, calculated on
152	an annualized basis, which a covered employer pays a covered
153	employee, including a base wage, a salary, a professional fee,
154	or other compensation for personal services, and the fair market
155	value of any benefit other than cash. Salary does not include
156	health care benefits, severance pay, retirement benefits,
157	expense reimbursement, distribution of earnings and profits not
158	included as compensation for personal services, discretionary
159	incentives or awards, or anticipated but indeterminable
160	compensation, including tips, bonuses, or commissions.
161	542.44 Covered garden leave agreement
162	(1) APPLICABILITYThis section applies to:
163	(a) A covered garden leave agreement with a covered
164	employee who maintains a primary place of work in this state,
165	regardless of any applicable choice of law provisions; or
166	(b) A covered employee who is subject to a covered garden
167	leave agreement with a covered employer with a significant nexus
168	to this state.
169	
170	If any provision of this section is in conflict with any other
171	law, the provisions of this section shall govern.
172	(2) RESTRAINT OF TRADEA covered garden leave agreement
173	does not violate public policy as a restraint of trade, as
174	described in s. 542.18, or an attempt to monopolize trade or
175	commerce in this state, as described in s. 542.19, and is fully
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176	enforceable according to its terms, provided that:
177	(a) A covered employee was advised, in writing, of the
178	right to seek counsel prior to execution of the covered garden
179	leave agreement and was provided notice as described in
180	subsection (3);
181	(b) A covered employee acknowledges, in writing, receipt
182	of confidential information or customer relationships; and
183	(c) The covered garden leave agreement provides that:
184	1. After the first 90 days of the notice period, the
185	covered employee does not have to provide services to the
186	covered employer;
187	2. The covered employee may engage in nonwork activities
188	at any time, including during normal business hours, during the
189	remainder of the notice period; and
190	3. The covered employee may, with the permission of the
191	covered employer, work for another employer while still employed
192	by the covered employer during the remainder of the notice
193	period.
194	4. The garden leave agreement notice period may be reduced
195	during the notice period if the covered employer provides at
196	least 30 days' advance notice in writing to the covered
197	employee.
198	(3) NOTICE
199	(a) A covered employer must provide a proposed covered
200	garden leave agreement to:
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201 1. A prospective covered employee at least 7 days before 202 an offer of employment expires; or 203 2. A current covered employee at least 7 days before the 204 date that an offer to enter into a covered garden leave 205 agreement expires. 206 (b) A covered employer may, as provided for in the covered 207 garden leave agreement, shorten the term of the notice period at 208 any time during the notice period by providing at least 30 days' 209 advance notice in writing to the covered employee. 210 (4) OTHER AGREEMENTS.-This section does not affect or 211 limit the enforceability of any other employment agreement or 212 any other agreement. (5) BREACH OF A COVERED GARDEN LEAVE AGREEMENT; REMEDIES.-213 214 (a) Upon application by a covered employer seeking enforcement of a covered garden leave agreement, a court must 215 216 preliminarily enjoin a covered employee from providing services 217 to any business, entity, or individual other than the covered 218 employer during the notice period. The court may modify or 219 dissolve the injunction only if the covered employee establishes 220 by clear and convincing evidence that: 221 1. The covered employee will not perform, during the 222 notice period, any work similar to the services provided to the 223 covered employer during the 3-year period preceding the 224 commencement of the notice period, or use confidential information or customer relationships of the covered employer; 225

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226	or

227 The covered employer has failed to pay or provide the 2. 228 salary and benefits provided for in the covered garden leave 229 agreement during the notice period and has had a reasonable 230 opportunity to cure the failure. 231 Upon application by a covered employer seeking (b) 232 enforcement of a covered garden leave agreement, a court must 233 preliminarily enjoin a business, an entity, or an individual 234 from engaging a covered employee during the covered employee's 235 notice period. The court may modify or dissolve the injunction 236 only if the business, entity, or individual establishes by clear 237 and convincing evidence, based on public or other 238 nonconfidential information, that: 239 1. The covered employee will not provide any services 240 similar to the services provided to the covered employer during 241 the 3-year period preceding the commencement of the notice 242 period, or use confidential information or customer 243 relationships of the covered employer; or 244 2. The business or individual seeking to employ or engage 245 the covered employee is not engaged in, and is not planning or 246 preparing to engage in, any business activity similar to those 247 engaged in by the covered employer during the notice period. 248 249 Any information filed with the court which the covered employer 250 deems to be confidential must be filed under seal to protect

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2.51 confidentiality or avoid substantial injury. A court must 252 presume that an employee or individual contractor has access to 253 confidential information or customer relationships if the 254 employee or individual contractor acknowledges the access or 255 receipt of such access in writing. 256 The injunctive relief provided under this section is (C) 257 not an exclusive remedy, and a prevailing covered employer is 258 entitled to recover all available monetary damages for all 259 available claims. 260 (d) In any action to enforce this section, the prevailing 261 party is entitled to reasonable attorney fees and costs. 262 If the covered employee engages in gross misconduct (e) 263 against the covered employer, the covered employer may reduce 264 the salary or benefits of the covered employee or take other appropriate action during the notice period, which reduction or 265 266 other action may not be considered a breach of the covered 267 garden leave agreement. 268 542.45 Covered noncompete agreements.-269 (1) APPLICABILITY.-This section applies to: 270 (a) A covered noncompete agreement with a covered employee 271 who maintains a primary place of work in this state, regardless 272 of any applicable choice of law provisions; or 273 (b) A covered employee who is subject to a covered 274 noncompete agreement with a covered employer with a significant 275 nexus to this state.

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276	
277	In either case, if any provision of this section is in conflict
278	with any other law, the provisions of this section govern.
279	(2) RESTRAINT OF TRADEA covered noncompete agreement
280	does not violate public policy as a restraint of trade, as
281	described in s. 542.18, or an attempt to monopolize trade or
282	commerce in this state, as described in s. 542.19, and is fully
283	enforceable according to its terms, provided that:
284	(a) A covered employee was advised, in writing, of the
285	right to seek counsel prior to execution of the covered
286	noncompete agreement and was provided notice as described in
287	subsection (3);
288	(b) A covered employee acknowledges, in writing, receipt
289	of confidential information or customer relationships; and
290	(c) A covered noncompete agreement provides that the
291	noncompete period is reduced day-for-day by any nonworking
292	portion of the notice period, pursuant to a covered garden leave
293	agreement between the covered employee and the covered employer,
294	if applicable.
295	(3) NOTICEA covered employer must provide a proposed
296	covered noncompete agreement to:
297	(a) A prospective covered employee at least 7 days before
298	an offer of employment expires; or
299	(b) A current covered employee at least 7 days before the
300	date that an offer to enter into a covered noncompete agreement
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301 expires.

50 I	<u>exprice</u> .
302	(4) OTHER AGREEMENTSThis section does not affect or
303	limit the enforceability of any other employment agreement or
304	any other agreement.
305	(5) BREACH OF COVERED NONCOMPETE AGREEMENT; REMEDIES
306	(a) Upon application by a covered employer seeking
307	enforcement of a covered noncompete agreement, a court must
308	preliminarily enjoin a covered employee from providing services
309	to any business, entity, or individual other than the covered
310	employer during the noncompete period. The court may modify or
311	dissolve the injunction only if the covered employee establishes
312	by clear and convincing evidence that:
313	1. The covered employee will not perform, during the
314	noncompete period, any work similar to the services provided to
315	the covered employer during the 3-year period preceding the
316	commencement of the noncompete period, or use confidential
317	information or customer relationships of the covered employer;
318	or
319	2. The covered employer has failed to pay or provide the
320	consideration provided for in the covered noncompete agreement
321	and has had a reasonable opportunity to cure the failure.
322	(b) Upon application by a covered employer seeking
323	enforcement of a covered noncompete agreement, a court must
324	preliminarily enjoin a business, an entity, or an individual
325	from engaging a covered employee during the covered employee's
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326 noncompete period. The court may modify or dissolve the 327 injunction only if the business, entity, or individual 328 establishes by clear and convincing evidence, based on public or 329 other nonconfidential information, that: 330 1. The covered employee will not provide any services 331 similar to the services provided to the covered employer during 332 the 3-year period preceding the commencement of the noncompete 333 period, or use confidential information or customer 334 relationships of the covered employer; or 335 2. The business or individual seeking to employ or engage 336 the covered employee is not engaged in, and is not planning or 337 preparing to engage in, any business activity in the geographic 338 area specified in the noncompete agreement during the noncompete 339 period if such business activity is similar to those engaged in 340 by the covered employer. 341 342 Any information filed with the court which the covered employer 343 deems to be confidential must be filed under seal to protect 344 confidentiality or avoid substantial injury. A court must 345 presume that an employee or individual contractor has access to 346 confidential information or customer relationships if the 347 employee or individual contractor acknowledges the access or 348 receipt of such access in writing. (C) 349 The injunctive relief provided in this section is not an exclusive remedy, and a prevailing covered employer is 350

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351	entitled to recover all available monetary damages for all
352	available claims.
353	(d) In any action to enforce this section, the prevailing
354	party is entitled to reasonable attorney fees and costs.
355	(e) If the covered employee engages in gross misconduct
356	against the covered employer, the covered employer may reduce
357	the salary or benefits of the covered employee or take other
358	appropriate action during the noncompete period, which reduction
359	or other action may not be considered a breach of the covered
360	noncompete agreement.
361	
362	Any action regarding a restrictive covenant that does not meet
363	the definition of a covered garden leave agreement or a covered
364	noncompete agreement as provided in this part is governed by s.
365	542.335.
366	Section 3. This act shall take effect July 1, 2025.
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