1 A bill to be entitled 2 An act relating to elections; amending s. 99.061, 3 F.S.; revising the list of required items that must be 4 received by a specified officer for nomination and 5 election qualification; authorizing a candidate to be removed from the ballot in certain circumstances; 6 7 providing a method to challenge the contents of 8 certain forms and statements; providing requirements 9 for certain candidates to qualify for office; 10 requiring the Department of State to adopt rules for 11 certain procedures and a required form; requiring the 12 withdrawal of certain candidates in specified circumstances; providing the exclusive method of 13 14 withdrawal; prohibiting a qualifying officer from accepting certain items outside of a specified period; 15 16 declaring that any papers or items accepted after the 17 deadline are not valid and that the candidate must be disqualified; providing a method for challenging the 18 qualification for certain candidates; specifying 19 procedures for bringing an action in circuit court, 20 21 the filing of responses and scheduling of proceedings; amending s. 101.69, F.S.; revising where secure ballot 22 23 intake stations may be placed and when they may be accessed; amending s. 103.081, F.S.; revising who is 24 25 required to give approval and permission to use names,

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abbreviations, and symbols of political parties; authorizing a political party to adopt certain rules; revising requirements for an exception; amending s. 103.121, F.S.; revising powers and duties of executive committees; providing for retroactive application; amending s. 106.1436, F.S.; revising the definition of the term "voter guide"; revising who may represent that a voter guide is the official publication of a political party; revising required disclaimers on voter guides; prohibiting voter guides from advocating for a candidate unless certain conditions are met; providing that certain voter guides are an in-kind contribution and should be valued in a certain manner; providing an exception; increasing the maximum fine amount for a certain violation; providing an effective date.

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Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:

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Section 1. Present subsection (11) of section 99.061, Florida Statutes, is redesignated as subsection (12), paragraph (d) is added to subsection (7), a new subsection (11) and subsection (13) are added to that section, and paragraph (a) of subsection (7) of that section is amended, to read:

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99.061 Method of qualifying for nomination or election to

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federal, state, county, or district office.-

- (7)(a) In order for a candidate to be qualified, the following items must be received by the filing officer by the end of the qualifying period:
- 1. A properly executed check drawn upon the candidate's campaign account for the office the candidate is qualifying for, payable to the person or entity as prescribed by the filing officer in an amount not less than the fee required by s. 99.092, unless the candidate obtained the required number of signatures on petitions pursuant to s. 99.095. The filing fee for a special district candidate is not required to be drawn upon the candidate's campaign account. If a candidate's check is returned by the bank for any reason, the filing officer shall immediately notify the candidate and the candidate shall have until the end of qualifying to pay the fee with a cashier's check purchased from funds of the campaign account. Failure to pay the fee as provided in this subparagraph shall disqualify the candidate.
- 2. The candidate's oath required by s. 99.021, which must contain the name of the candidate as it is to appear on the ballot; the office sought, including the district or group number if applicable; and the signature of the candidate, which must be verified under oath or affirmation pursuant to s. 92.525(1)(a).
 - 3. If the office sought is partisan, the written statement

of political party affiliation required by s. 99.021(1)(b); or if the candidate is running without party affiliation for a partisan office, the written statement required by s. 99.021(1)(c). If an order of a court that has become final determines that a candidate failed to file an accurate written statement as provided in this subparagraph, the candidate shall be disqualified and removed from the ballot.

- 4. The completed form for the appointment of campaign treasurer and designation of campaign depository, as required by s. 106.021. The contents of the form required under this subparagraph may only be challenged by filing a complaint with the Florida Elections Commission.
- 5. The full and public disclosure or statement of financial interests required by subsection (5). A public officer who has filed the full and public disclosure or statement of financial interests with the Commission on Ethics before qualifying for office may file a copy of that disclosure or a verification or receipt of electronic filing as provided in subsection (5) at the time of qualifying. The contents of the disclosure or statement required under this subparagraph may only be challenged by filing a complaint with the Commission on Ethics.
- (d) As a condition precedent to a candidate filing or qualifying for another office, the candidate must withdraw from the first office by filing a form with the qualifying officer.

The department shall adopt procedures to administer this paragraph, including the development of the form. The form and rules developed by the department are the exclusive method for withdrawal from office under this paragraph, and any other attempted method of withdrawal may not be considered valid. A qualifying officer may not qualify a candidate for another office if the candidate has failed to properly withdraw from the first office as provided in this paragraph.

- (11) The qualifying officer may not accept any qualifying papers or any items required under this section after the qualifying period has ended. Any qualifying papers or items accepted by the qualifying officer after the qualifying period has ended are not valid and the candidate must be disqualified.
- (13) (a) A candidate may challenge the validity of his or her opponent's qualification under this section. A political party may challenge the validity of any candidate's qualification under this section.
- (b) A complainant may bring an action for declaratory and injunctive relief with the circuit court in a county where the alleged violation occurred within 10 days after the qualifying period has ended.
- (c) The candidate whose validity is being challenged and the qualifying officer are indispensable party defendants.
- (d) Within 10 days after the complaint has been served, each named defendant must file a response. If the candidate

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whose validity is being challenged fails to file a timely response, the court must disqualify the candidate and order the candidate removed from the ballot, absent a showing of good cause for the delay.

- (e) Unless a scheduling order has been issued by the court, the parties must file at least one proposed scheduling order with the court within 10 days after the complaint has been served.
- (f) A matter brought under this subsection and any appeals shall be considered on an expedited basis that will be least disruptive to the upcoming election.

Section 2. Paragraph (a) of subsection (2) of section 101.69, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

101.69 Voting in person; return of vote-by-mail ballot.-

(2) (a) The supervisor shall allow an elector who has received a vote-by-mail ballot to physically return a voted vote-by-mail ballot to the supervisor by placing the return mail envelope containing his or her marked ballot in a secure ballot intake station. Secure ballot intake stations shall be placed at the main office of the supervisor, at each permanent branch office of the supervisor which meets the criteria set forth in s. 101.657(1)(a) for branch offices used for early voting and which is open for at least the minimum number of hours prescribed by s. 98.015(4), and at each early voting site.

Secure ballot intake stations may also be placed at any other

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site that would otherwise qualify as an early voting site under s. 101.657(1). Secure ballot intake stations must be geographically located so as to provide all voters in the county with an equal opportunity to cast a ballot, insofar as is practicable. Except for secure ballot intake stations at an office of the supervisor, a secure ballot intake station may only be used during the county's early voting hours of operation and must be monitored in person by an employee of the supervisor's office. A secure ballot intake station at an office of the supervisor may only be made available during early voting hours or during normal office hours and must be continuously monitored in person by an employee of the supervisor's office when the secure ballot intake station is accessible for deposit of ballots.

Section 3. Section 103.081, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

103.081 Use of party name, abbreviation, or symbol; political advertising.—

(1) No person shall use <u>any</u> the name, abbreviation, or symbol of any political party, the name, abbreviation, or symbol of which is filed with the Department of State, in political advertising in newspapers, other publications, handbills, radio or television, or any other form of advertising in connection with any political activities in support of a candidate of any other party, unless such person shall first obtain the written

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permission of the chair of the state executive committee of the party the name, abbreviation, or symbol of which is to be used.

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- No person or group of persons shall use any the name, abbreviation, or symbol of any political party, the name, abbreviation, or symbol of which is filed with the Department of State, in connection with any club, group, association, or organization of any kind unless approval and permission have been given in writing by the chair of the state executive committee of such party. A political party may provide by rule a process for requesting approval and permission under this subsection. This subsection shall not apply to county executive committees of such parties and organizations which are chartered by the state executive committee or national executive committee of the party the name, abbreviation, or symbol of which is to be used, or to organizations which at the time of the political party filing the name with the Department of State have been continuously using the name of any political party which organizations have and have continuously been in existence and organized on a statewide basis for a period of 10 years.
- (3) A political party may file with the Department of State names of groups or committees associated with the political party for which approval and permission have been given under this section. Such Filed names of groups or committees associated with the political party may not be used without first obtaining the written permission of the chair of

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201 the state executive committee of the party.

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(4) Notwithstanding any other provision of law to the contrary, an affiliated party committee shall be entitled to use any the name, abbreviation, or symbol of the political party of its leader as defined in s. 103.092.

Section 4. Paragraph (a) of subsection (1) of section 103.121, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

- 103.121 Powers and duties of executive committees.-
- (1) (a) Each state and county executive committee of a political party shall have the power and duty:
- 1. To adopt a constitution by two-thirds vote of the full committee.
- 2. To adopt such bylaws <u>and rules</u> as it may deem necessary by majority vote of the full committee.
- 3. To conduct its meetings according to generally accepted parliamentary practice.
 - 4. To make party nomination when required by law.
 - 5. To conduct campaigns for party nominees.
- 6. To raise and expend party funds. Such funds may not be expended or committed to be expended except after written authorization by the chair of the state or county executive committee.
- 7. To sue and be sued and appear and defend in all actions and proceedings in its party name to the same extent as a natural person.

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226	8. To make contracts and guaranties, incur liabilities,
227	borrow money at such rates of interest as the party may
228	determine, issue its notes, bonds, and other obligations, and
229	secure its obligations by mortgage and pledge of all or any of
230	its property, franchises, or income.
231	9. To purchase, take, receive, lease, take by gift,
232	devise, or bequest, or otherwise acquire, own, hold improve,
233	use, or otherwise deal in and with real or personal property, or
234	any interest therein, wherever situated.
235	10. To acquire, enjoy, use, and dispose of patents,
236	copyrights, and trademarks and any licenses and other rights or
237	interest thereunder or therein.
238	11. To sell, convey, mortgage, pledge, lease, exchange,
239	transfer, or otherwise dispose of all or any part of its
240	property and assets.
241	12. To have and exercise all powers necessary or
242	convenient to effect any and all the purposes for which the
243	party is organized.
244	Section 5. The amendments made by this act to s. 103.121,
245	Florida Statutes, apply to all proceedings pending on or before,
246	or commenced after, the effective date of this act.
247	Section 6. Section 106.1436, Florida Statutes, is amended
248	to read:
249	106.1436 Voter guide; disclaimers; violations
250	(1) As used in this section, the term "voter guide" means

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direct mail that is either an electioneering communication, or a political advertisement, or a miscellaneous advertisement of a political nature distributed sent for the purpose of supporting or opposing two or more advocating for or endorsing particular issues or candidates by recommending or not recommending specific electoral choices to the voter or by indicating issue or candidate selections on an unofficial ballot. The term does not include communications apply to direct mail or publications made by governmental entities or government officials in their official capacity or to any political advertisement using an expenditure described in s. 106.021(3)(d).

- (2) A person other than the state executive committee or a county executive committee of a political party or an affiliated party committee may not, directly or indirectly, represent that a voter guide is an official publication of a political party unless such person is given written permission by the chair of the state executive committee of the political party and the voter guide is approved by the political party pursuant to s. 103.081.
- (3) (a) In addition to any other disclaimers required by law, a voter guide distributed circulated before, or on the day of, an election must, in bold font with a font size of at least 12 points, prominently:
- (a) Display the following disclaimer at the top of the first page of the voter guide:

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	1.	Ιf	the	voter	guide	is	not	app	rove	ed k	у а	pol	itic	al p	arty
or	affil	iate	ed pa	arty c	ommitt	ee:	"Vot	ter	guid	le a	ppro	oved	by	(Name
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- 2. If the voter guide is approved by a political party or affiliated party committee, the following disclaimer: "Voter guide approved by ... (Name of the political party or affiliated party committee)...." a political advertisement, the disclaimer required under s. 106.143.
- (b) 1. For a printed communication, the voter guide disclaimer must appear at the top of the first page of the communication in boldface type of at least 12 points and with a reasonable degree of color contrast between the background and the disclaimer.
- 2. For a text message, if an exchange consists of a sequence of multiple text messages sent on the same day, the voter guide disclaimer is only required to be included with the first text message of the day. The disclaimer may be in the form of a working hyperlink or a uniform resource locator to a website containing the disclaimer. Such website must remain online and available to the public for at least 30 days after the election for which the website was created.
- 3. For a television or video communication, the voter guide disclaimer must be clearly readable, appear at the

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beginning or end of the communication for a period of at least 4 seconds, occupy at least 4 percent of the vertical picture height, and be accompanied by an audio statement of the disclaimer spoken in a clearly audible and intelligible manner.

- 4. For an Internet public communication that includes text or graphic components, the voter guide disclaimer must be viewable without the user taking any action and be large enough to be clearly readable.
- 5. For a telephone call, the voter guide disclaimer be read aloud at the beginning or end of the telephone call in a clearly audible manner.
- 6. For any audio component of a communication, the voter guide disclaimer appear at the beginning or end of the of the audio portion of the communication, be at least 3 seconds in length, and be read aloud in a clearly audible and intelligible manner.
- 7. For a graphic communication, the voter guide disclaimer must appear at the top of the graphic, be large enough to be clearly readable, and be at least 4 percent of the vertical height of the communication Be marked "Voter Guide" with such text appearing immediately below the disclaimer required in paragraph (a).
- (4) Any voter guide which expressly advocates for a candidate requires prior written authorization by such candidate. A copy of such written authorization must be placed

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an in	-kind	contr	ibuti	on to	the	candi	date	under	s. 10	6.055 ,	and	
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guide	devot	ed to	the	candio	date.	This	subs	ection	does	not a	apply	
to a	voter	guide	paid	for k	oy an	inde	pende	nt exp	endit	ure.		

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- (5)(4)(a) In addition to any other penalties provided by law, a person who fails to comply with this section commits a misdemeanor of the first degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082 or by a fine of not less than \$25 for each individual voter guide distributed.
- (b) Any fine imposed pursuant to paragraph (a) may not exceed $\frac{10,000}{9}$ $\frac{2,500}{9}$ in the aggregate in any calendar month.
 - Section 7. This act shall take effect upon becoming a law.