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A bill to be entitled An act relating to the Department of Financial Services; amending s. 17.11, F.S.; revising which subsystem the Chief Financial Officer reports from; amending s. 17.13, F.S.; authorizing the replacement of the Chief Financial Officer's warrants under certain circumstances; providing that any such replacement warrant has the same validity as the original; amending s. 110.113, F.S.; deleting the department's authority to make semimonthly salary payments; amending s. 112.215, F.S.; requiring the Chief Financial Officer to adopt specified rules relating to the deferred compensation plan; authorizing certain deferred compensation plans to provide deferral of an employee's compensation in specified manners; requiring that such plans continue to be included as regular compensation for a specified purpose; prohibiting deferred compensation on a pretax basis from being included in certain computations; requiring that compensation on an after-tax Roth contribution basis be included in certain computations; deleting a provision relating to approval of a deferred compensation plan; revising the conditions under which political subdivisions' or constitutional county officers' deferred compensation

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plans become effective; prohibiting deferred compensation on a pretax basis from being included in certain computations; requiring that compensation on an after-tax Roth contribution basis be included in certain computations; amending s. 215.422, F.S.; authorizing the Chief Financial Officer to adopt rules authorizing advance payments for prepaid multiyear software licenses; authorizing, rather than requiring, specified interest to be paid from specified appropriations; authorizing agencies to pay interest from available appropriations under certain circumstances; amending s. 215.89, F.S.; deleting obsolete provisions; amending s. 215.93, F.S.; revising the contents of the Florida Financial Management Information System; amending s. 215.94, F.S.; specifying that the department is the functional owner of the Financial Management Subsystem; revising the functions of such subsystem; conforming provisions to changes made by the act; amending s. 215.985, F.S.; conforming provisions to changes made by the act; revising the contents of expenditure data; amending ss. 216.102 and 216.141, F.S.; conforming provisions to changes made by the act; amending s. 280.16, F.S.; requiring the qualified public depository of first deposit to investigate, make a certain determination,

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and return funds under certain circumstances; requiring such funds to be immediately returned to the public depositor in provisional status until a specified time; specifying that failure to complete a certain process may result in suspension or disqualification of the qualified public depositor; amending s. 440.13, F.S.; increasing the timeframe for certain health care providers to petition to resolve utilization and reimbursement disputes; revising requirements for the petitioner; revising the duties of the three-member panel that determines schedules relating to reimbursement allowances; amending s. 440.38, F.S.; specifying that an employer may furnish proof that it has the financial strength to pay certain claims on behalf of its wholly or majority owned subsidiaries to secure the payment of compensation; authorizing the department to adopt rules that must be used for certain recommendations; specifying requirements for such rules; making technical changes; amending s. 440.49, F.S.; revising legislative intent and findings; revising the requirements of a required report of the Special Disability Trust Fund; requiring that the report be published on the Division of Workers' Compensation's website rather than submitted to the Governor and

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Legislature; prohibiting, beginning on a specified date, the division from accepting new notices and proofs of claims; specifying that certain proofs of claim are barred from reimbursement; specifying that an accepted claim is only eligible for final reimbursement under certain circumstances; requiring certain determinations in the independent actuarial report; specifying that any claim reimbursement after a certain date will be considered a final request for reimbursement; specifying that the final reimbursement will be a certain amount; requiring that final reimbursements be limited to a specified amount and may include funeral expenses under certain circumstances; requiring the department to pay approved final reimbursement requests in a specified manner; requiring that the final reimbursement extinguishes certain liability; amending s. 440.107, F.S.; authorizing the department to accept a credit card payment for a specified down payment; specifying the result if the credit card is charged back; authorizing the department to issue an order of conditional release from a certain stop-work order and enter into a payment agreement schedule under certain circumstances; creating s. 497.1411, F.S.; defining terms; specifying that certain applicants are barred

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from licensure under ch. 497, F.S.; specifying that certain applicants are subject to specified disqualification periods; authorizing certain applicants to apply for a license under certain circumstances; authorizing the Division of Funeral, Cemetery, and Consumer Services within the department to issue the license on a probationary basis for a specified time; requiring the Board of Funeral, Cemetery, and Consumer Services to adopt rules; specifying requirements, authorizations, and prohibitions for such rules; specifying when a disqualifying period begins; prohibiting the department from issuing a license to an applicant until it receives proof of certain payments; specifying that the applicant has certain burdens to demonstrate that he or she is qualified for licensure; specifying that certain applicants who have been granted restoration of civil rights are not barred or disqualified from licensure; specifying that such restoration does not require the department to award a license; authorizing the board to grant an exemption from disqualification under certain circumstances; specifying requirements for the applicant in order for the board to grant an exemption; specifying that the board has discretion whether to grant or deny an

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exemption; specifying that certain decisions are subject to ch. 120, F.S.; providing applicability and construction; amending s. 497.142, F.S.; prohibiting an application from being deemed complete under certain circumstances; revising the list of crimes to be disclosed on a license application; amending s. 497.369, F.S.; revising the circumstances under which a licensing authority must issue a license by endorsement to practice embalming; deleting a presumption regarding state, regional, or national examinations; making technical changes; amending s. 497.374, F.S.; revising the circumstances under which a licensing authority must issue a license by endorsement to practice funeral directing; deleting a presumption regarding state, regional, or national examinations; making technical changes; amending s. 497.376, F.S.; authorizing a person to obtain a specified combination license by meeting certain requirements; revising the circumstances under which an applicant must hold certain educational credentials; amending s. 497.380, F.S.; prohibiting certain square footage required for funeral establishments from including common areas; amending s. 497.386, F.S.; revising the circumstances under which the department may enter and secure certain

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establishments or facilities; amending s. 497.604, F.S.; prohibiting certain square footage required for the practice of direct disposition from including common areas; amending s. 554.103, F.S.; requiring the department to adopt a specified code; making a clarifying change; amending s. 554.108, F.S.; revising applicability relating to certain inspection requirements; amending s. 554.114, F.S.; prohibiting persons from taking certain actions relating to boilers; amending s. 554.115, F.S.; revising the circumstances under which the department may deny, refuse to renew, suspend, or revoke a certificate; creating s. 554.116, F.S.; requiring owners and users to install a carbon monoxide detector or alarm on certain boilers and fire pressured vessels; creating s. 554.117, F.S.; authorizing the Division of State Fire Marshall to conduct an examination of certain boilers; requiring the division to review certain complaints; amending s. 624.307, F.S.; specifying a limitation on a required response to consumer complaints; amending s. 624.317, F.S.; requiring certain persons to respond within a specified time to a request for documents and information concerning certain investigations; specifying the requirements of such response; authorizing the department or the

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Office of Insurance Regulation to impose a penalty; amending s. 626.171, F.S.; deleting reinsurance intermediaries from certain application requirements; revising the list of persons from whom the department is required to accept uniform applications; making clarifying changes regarding the voluntary submission of cellular telephone numbers; revising the exemption from the application filing fee for members of the United States Armed Forces; amending s. 626.2815, F.S.; specifying that certain licensees are not required to complete continuing education elective hours; deleting a provision requiring certain licensees to complete elective continuing education courses; amending s. 626.292, F.S.; revising applicant requirements for a license transfer; amending s. 626.611, F.S.; revising the grounds for denying an application for, suspending, revoking, or refusing to renew or continuing certain licenses; amending s. 626.621, F.S.; revising the grounds for denying an application for, suspending, revoking, or refusing to renew or continuing certain licenses; authorizing the department to require a licensee to submit to an examination or reexamination under certain circumstances; providing construction; specifying grounds for suspension or revocation of certain

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licenses; amending s. 626.731, F.S.; revising the qualifications for a general lines agent's license; amending s. 626.785, F.S.; revising the qualifications for a life agent's license; amending s. 626.831, F.S.; revising the qualifications for a health agent's license; amending s. 626.8417, F.S.; making a clarifying change; amending s. 626.843, F.S.; requiring the department to cancel appointments of a title agency under certain circumstances; prohibiting the title insurance agency from being eligible for appointment until a specified payment is made; amending s. 626.8473, F.S.; requiring a title agency to disclose certain fees to the consumer before closing; prohibiting such agency from charging fees that were not disclosed as provided in a certain provision; amending s. 626.878, F.S.; requiring adjusters to adhere to certain requirements; prohibiting waivers of the requirements; authorizing the department to adopt rules; amending s. 626.927, F.S.; revising requirements for the licensing of a surplus lines agent for a specified purpose; amending s. 626.938, F.S.; requiring certain insureds and selfinsurers to maintain certain records; specifying the contents of such records; requiring that such records be available for examination by certain entities

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without prior notice; requiring certain insurers or captive insurance companies to file with the Florida Surplus Lines Service Office a specified report; amending s. 626.9541, F.S.; conforming a crossreference; amending s. 627.70151, F.S.; authorizing a challenge of an appraiser's impartially and disqualification of a proposed appraiser under certain conditions; amending s. 627.776, F.S.; revising applicability relating to title insurers; amending s. 631.271, F.S.; requiring that certain claims be excluded from Class 2 priority and specifying how such claims must be paid; revising the list of claims that are Class 6 claims; creating s. 633.139, F.S.; defining terms; creating the Florida Firefighter Recruitment Bonus Payment Program for a specified purpose; specifying that bonus payments are contingent upon appropriation and must be prorated subject to the amount of the appropriation; requiring that bonus payments be adjusted to include a specified percentage for a specified tax; requiring the department to develop a specified plan; requiring employing agencies to assist the department with the collection of certain data and provide information to the department; specifying requirements for the department's plan; requiring the department to consult

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quarterly with the Division of State Fire Marshal; requiring the department to submit the plan to the Executive Office of the Governor and the chairs of certain legislative appropriations committees by a specified date annually; authorizing the department to submit budget amendments; requiring that the funding allocation for the bonus payment be used for a specified sole purpose; requiring the department to adopt rules; providing for expiration; amending s. 633.216, F.S.; revising the requirements for firesafety inspector training; specifying that inservice training does not allow a certain person whose certification has lapsed to continue serving as a firesafety inspector; revising requirements for rules regarding an advanced training and certification program for firesafety inspectors; amending s. 634.3077, F.S.; making clarifying changes; authorizing contractual liability insurance policies to pay certain claims under certain circumstances; amending s. 634.406, F.S.; making clarifying changes; authorizing a contractual liability insurance policy to pay certain claims under certain circumstances; amending s. 648.33, F.S.; authorizing bail bond agents to collect certain amounts or fees in addition to the premium required by the insurer; amending s. 791.013,

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F.S.; deleting the requirement for the Division of Investigative and Forensic Services to dispose of certain samples; amending s. 1001.281, F.S.; deleting the FLAIR number for the Operating Trust Fund; amending s. 1001.282, F.S.; deleting the FLAIR number for the Administrative Trust Fund; providing an effective date.

2.76

Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:

Section 1. Subsection (2) of section 17.11, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

17.11 To report disbursements made.—

have reported from the Financial Management Florida Accounting Information Resource Subsystem no less than quarterly the disbursements that which agencies made to small businesses, as defined in the Florida Small and Minority Business Assistance Act; to certified minority business enterprises in the aggregate; and to certified minority business enterprises broken down into categories of minority persons, as well as gender and nationality subgroups. This report must information shall be made available to the agencies, the Office of Supplier Diversity, the Governor, the President of the Senate, and the Speaker of the House of Representatives. Each agency shall be

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responsible for the accuracy of information entered into the Financial Management Florida Accounting Information Resource
Subsystem for use in this reporting.

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Section 2. Section 17.13, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

- 17.13 <u>Replacement of</u> To duplicate warrants lost or destroyed.—
- The Chief Financial Officer shall replace is required to duplicate any Chief Financial Officer's warrant warrants that may have been lost or destroyed, or may hereafter be lost or destroyed, upon the owner thereof or the owner's agent or attorney submitting to presenting the Chief Financial Officer a the statement, under oath, reciting the number, date, and amount of the any warrant or the best and most definite description in his or her knowledge and the circumstances of its loss. + If the Chief Financial Officer deems it necessary, the owner or the owner's agent or attorney must shall file in the office of the Chief Financial Officer a surety bond, or a bond with securities, to be approved by a judge one of the judges of the circuit court or a one of the justices of the Supreme Court justice, in a penalty of not less than twice the amount of any warrant warrants so replaced duplicated, conditioned to indemnify the state and any innocent warrant holders thereof from any damages that may accrue from such replacement duplication.

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- to duplicate any Chief Financial Officer's warrant that has may have been lost or destroyed, or may hereafter be lost or destroyed, when sent to any payee through via any state agency when such warrant is lost or destroyed before prior to being received by the payee and provided the director of the state agency to whom the warrant was sent submits presents to the Chief Financial Officer a statement, under oath, reciting the number, date, and amount of the warrant lost or destroyed, the circumstances surrounding the loss or destruction of such warrant, and any additional information that the Chief Financial Officer requests shall request in regard to such warrant.
- (3) Any <u>replacement</u> <u>duplicate</u> Chief Financial Officer's warrant issued <u>under this section has in pursuance of the above provisions shall be of</u> the same validity as the original <u>warrant</u> was before its loss.

Section 3. Subsection (1) of section 110.113, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

- 110.113 Pay periods for state officers and employees; salary payments by direct deposit.—
- (1) The normal pay period for salaries of state officers and employees <u>is</u> shall be 1 month. The Department of Financial Services shall issue either monthly or biweekly salary payments by state warrants or by direct deposit pursuant to s. 17.076 $\frac{1}{100}$ make semimonthly salary payments by direct deposit pursuant to

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s. 17.076, as requested by the head of each state agency and approved by the Executive Office of the Governor and the Department of Financial Services.

Section 4. Paragraph (f) is added to subsection (4) of section 112.215, Florida Statutes, and subsection (6) of that section is amended, to read:

112.215 Government employees; deferred compensation program.—

(4)

- (f) The Chief Financial Officer must adopt rules relating to all the material terms and conditions for benefits under the plan, including optional features of the plan permitted by 26 U.S.C. s. 457.
- approved under this section may provide for the deferral of an employee's compensation on either a pretax basis or an after-tax Roth contribution basis under a qualified Roth contribution program pursuant to s. 402A of the Internal Revenue Code. Any compensation deferred under such a deferred compensation plan, including an individual's compensation deferred on either a pretax basis or an after-tax Roth contribution basis under a qualified Roth contribution program pursuant to s. 402A of the Internal Revenue Code, must continue to be included as regular compensation for the purpose of computing the retirement, pension, or social security contributions made or benefits

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earned by any employee. Any sum deferred on a pretax basis may not be included in the computation of any federal or state taxes withheld on behalf of any such individual at the time of deferral. Any sum deferred on an after-tax Roth contribution basis pursuant to a qualified Roth contribution program under s. 402A of the Internal Revenue Code must be included in the computation of any federal or state taxes withheld on behalf of any such individual at the time of deferral No deferred compensation plan of the state shall become effective until approved by the State Board of Administration and the Chief Financial Officer is satisfied by opinion from such federal agency or agencies as may be deemed necessary that the compensation deferred thereunder and/or the investment products purchased pursuant to the plan will not be included in the employee's taxable income under federal or state law until it is actually received by such employee under the terms of the plan, and that such compensation will nonetheless be deemed compensation at the time of deferral for the purposes of social security coverage, for the purposes of the state retirement system, and for any other retirement, pension, or benefit program established by law. A No deferred compensation plan of a county,

(b) \underline{A} No deferred compensation plan of a county, municipality, other political subdivision, or constitutional county officer \underline{may} not \underline{shall} become effective until the appropriate official or body designated under subsection (5) is

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satisfied that such plan of deferred compensation may provide for the deferral of an individual's compensation on either a pretax basis or an after-tax Roth contribution basis under a qualified Roth contribution program pursuant to s. 402A of the Internal Revenue Code by opinion from such federal agency or agencies as may be deemed necessary that the compensation deferred thereunder and/or the investment products purchased pursuant to the plan will not be included in the employee's taxable income under federal or state law until it is actually received by such employee under the terms of the plan, and that such compensation will nonetheless be deemed compensation at the time of deferral for the purposes of social security coverage, for the purposes of the retirement system of the appropriate county, municipality, political subdivision, or constitutional county officer, and for any other retirement, pension, or benefit program established by law. Any sum deferred on a pretax basis may not be included in the computation of any federal or state taxes withheld on behalf of any such individual at the time of deferral. Any sum deferred on an after-tax Roth contribution basis pursuant to a qualified Roth contribution program under s. 402A of the Internal Revenue Code must be included in the computation of any federal or state taxes withheld on behalf of any such individual at the time of deferral.

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Section 5. Subsections (15) and (16) of section 215.422,

Florida	Statutes,	are	amended	to	read
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- 215.422 Payments, warrants, and invoices; processing time limits; dispute resolution; agency or judicial branch compliance.—
- authorize advance payments for goods and services, including, but not limited to, maintenance agreements and subscriptions, including prepaid multiyear software licenses. Such rules must shall provide objective criteria for determining when it is in the best interest of the state to make payments in advance and must shall also provide for adequate protection to ensure that such goods or services will be provided.
- (16) Nothing contained in This section may not shall be construed to be an appropriation. Any interest that which becomes due and owing pursuant to this section may shall only be paid payable from the appropriation charged for such goods or services. If insufficient funds are available within the appropriation charged for such goods or services, the agency must pay the interest from an available appropriation.
- Section 6. Subsection (3) of section 215.89, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
 - 215.89 Charts of account.-
 - (3) REPORTING STRUCTURE.
- 449 (a) The Chief Financial Officer shall accept comments from 450 state agencies, local governments, educational entities,

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entities of higher education, and other interested parties regarding the proposed charts of account until November 1, 2013.

(b) By January 15, 2014, the Chief Financial Officer, after consultation with affected state agencies, local governments, educational entities, entities of higher education, and the Auditor General, shall submit to the Governor, the President of the Senate, and the Speaker of the House of Representatives a report recommending a uniform charts of account which requires specific enterprise-wide information related to revenues and expenditures of state agencies, local governments, educational entities, and entities of higher education. The report must include the estimated cost of adopting and implementing a uniform enterprise-wide charts of account.

Section 7. Paragraph (b) of subsection (1) of section 215.93, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

215.93 Florida Financial Management Information System.-

(1) To provide the information necessary to carry out the intent of the Legislature, there shall be a Florida Financial Management Information System. The Florida Financial Management Information System shall be fully implemented and shall be upgraded as necessary to ensure the efficient operation of an integrated financial management information system and to provide necessary information for the effective operation of state government. Upon the recommendation of the coordinating

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council and approval of the board, the Florida Financial
Management Information System may require data from any state
agency information system or information subsystem or may
request data from any judicial branch information system or
information subsystem that the coordinating council and board
have determined to have statewide financial management
significance. Each functional owner information subsystem within
the Florida Financial Management Information System shall be
developed in such a fashion as to allow for timely, positive,
preplanned, and prescribed data transfers between the Florida
Financial Management Information System functional owner
information subsystems and from other information systems. The
principal unit of the system shall be the functional owner
information subsystem, and the system shall include, but shall
not be limited to, the following:

- (b) Florida Accounting Information Resource Subsystem.
- Section 8. Subsections (2) and (3) of section 215.94, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:
- 215.94 Designation, duties, and responsibilities of functional owners.—
- (2) The Department of Financial Services <u>is</u> shall be the functional owner of the <u>Financial Management</u> Florida Accounting Information Resource Subsystem established pursuant to ss. 17.03, 215.86, 216.141, and 216.151 and further developed in accordance with the provisions of ss. 215.90-215.96. The

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subsystem $\underline{\text{must}}$ $\underline{\text{shall}}$ include, but $\underline{\text{is}}$ $\underline{\text{shall}}$ not $\underline{\text{be}}$ limited to, the following functions:

- (a) Accounting and reporting so as to provide timely data for producing financial statements for the state in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles.
 - (b) Auditing and settling claims against the state.
- (c) Recording and reconciling credits and debits to treasury fund accounts.
- (d) Monitoring cash levels and activities in state bank accounts.
- (e) Recording and reconciling credits and debits of investments of cash.
- (f) Administering the provisions of the Federal Cash Management Improvement Act of 1990.
- (3) The Chief Financial Officer shall be the functional owner of the Financial Management Subsystem. The Chief Financial Officer shall design, implement, and operate the subsystem in accordance with the provisions of ss. 215.90-215.96. The subsystem shall include, but shall not be limited to, functions for:
- (a) Recording and reconciling credits and debits to treasury fund accounts.
- (b) Monitoring cash levels and activities in state bank accounts.
 - (c) Monitoring short-term investments of idle cash.

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(d) Administering the provisions of the Federal Cash
Management Improvement Act of 1990.

Section 9. Paragraph (a) of subsection (4) of section 215.985, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

- 215.985 Transparency in government spending.-
- (4) The Executive Office of the Governor, in consultation with the appropriations committees of the Senate and the House of Representatives, shall establish and maintain a website that provides information relating to the approved operating budget for each branch of state government and state agency.
 - (a) At a minimum, the information must include:
- 1. Disbursement data for each appropriation by the object code associated with each expenditure established within the Financial Management Florida Accounting Information Resource
 Subsystem. Expenditure data must include the name of the payee, the date of the expenditure, the amount of the expenditure, and the voucher statewide document number. Such data must be searchable by the name of the payee, the paying agency, and fiscal year, and must be downloadable in a format that allows offline analysis.
- 2. For each appropriation, any adjustments, including vetoes, approved supplemental appropriations included in legislation other than the General Appropriations Act, budget amendments, other actions approved pursuant to chapter 216, and other adjustments authorized by law.

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3. Status of spending authority for each appropriation in the approved operating budget, including released, unreleased, reserved, and disbursed balances.

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- 4. Position and rate information for positions provided in the General Appropriations Act or approved through an amendment to the approved operating budget and position information for positions established in the legislative branch.
- 5. Allotments for planned expenditures of state appropriations established by state agencies in the <u>Financial Management</u> Florida Accounting Information Resource Subsystem, and the current balances of such allotments.
- 6. Trust fund balance reports, including cash available, investments, and receipts.
- 7. General revenue fund balance reports, including revenue received and amounts disbursed.
- 8. Fixed capital outlay project data, including original appropriation and disbursements throughout the life of the project.
- 9. A 10-year history of appropriations indicated by agency.
- 10. Links to state audits or reports related to the expenditure and dispersal of state funds.
- 11. Links to program or activity descriptions for which funds may be expended.
 - Section 10. Subsections (1) and (2) and paragraph (f) of

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subsection (3) of section 216.102, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

216.102 Filing of financial information; handling by Chief Financial Officer; penalty for noncompliance.—

- (1) By September 30 of each year, each agency supported by any form of taxation, licenses, fees, imposts, or exactions, the judicial branch, and, for financial reporting purposes, each component unit of the state as determined by the Chief Financial Officer shall prepare, using generally accepted accounting principles, and file with the Chief Financial Officer the financial and other information necessary for the preparation of annual financial statements for the State of Florida as of June 30. In addition, each such agency and the judicial branch shall prepare financial statements showing the financial position and results of agency or branch operations as of June 30 for internal management purposes.
- (a) Each state agency and the judicial branch shall record the receipt and disbursement of funds from federal sources in a form and format prescribed by the Chief Financial Officer. The access to federal funds by the administering agencies or the judicial branch may not be authorized until:
- 1. The deposit has been recorded in the <u>Financial</u>

 <u>Management</u> <u>Florida Accounting Information Resource</u> Subsystem using proper, consistent codes that designate deposits as federal funds.

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2. The deposit and appropriate recording required by this paragraph have been verified by the office of the Chief Financial Officer.

- (b) The Chief Financial Officer shall publish a statewide policy detailing the requirements for recording receipt and disbursement of federal funds into the Financial Management
 Florida Accounting Information Resource Subsystem and provide technical assistance to the agencies and the judicial branch to implement the policy.
- (2) Financial information must be contained within the <u>Financial Management</u> Florida Accounting Information Resource Subsystem. Other information must be submitted in the form and format prescribed by the Chief Financial Officer.
- (a) Each component unit shall file financial information and other information necessary for the preparation of annual financial statements with the agency or branch designated by the Chief Financial Officer by the date specified by the Chief Financial Officer.
- (b) The state agency or branch designated by the Chief Financial Officer to receive financial information and other information from component units shall include the financial information in the Financial Management **Florida Accounting **Information Resource** Subsystem and shall include the component units' other information in its submission to the Chief Financial Officer.

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Office of the Governor on changes to the Financial Management
Florida Accounting Information Resource Subsystem which clearly
affect the accounting of federal funds, so as to ensure
consistency of information entered into the Federal Aid Tracking
System by state executive and judicial branch entities. While
efforts must shall be made to ensure the compatibility of the
Financial Management Florida Accounting Information Resource
Subsystem and the Federal Aid Tracking System, any successive
systems serving identical or similar functions must shall
preserve such compatibility.

The Chief Financial Officer may furnish and publish in electronic form the financial statements and the annual comprehensive financial report required under paragraphs (a), (b), and (c).

Section 11. Subsection (3) of section 216.141, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

- 216.141 Budget system procedures; planning and programming by state agencies.—
- (3) The Chief Financial Officer, as chief fiscal officer, shall use the <u>Financial Management Florida Accounting</u>

 Information Resource Subsystem developed pursuant to s.

 215.94(2) for account purposes in the performance of and

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accounting for all of his or her constitutional and statutory duties and responsibilities. However, state agencies and the judicial branch continue to be responsible for maintaining accounting records necessary for effective management of their programs and functions.

Section 12. Subsection (4) is added to section 280.16, Florida Statutes, to read:

- 280.16 Requirements of qualified public depositories; confidentiality.—
- against a public deposit account, the qualified public depository of first deposit shall investigate and make a determination on the affidavit's accuracy and return the funds to the depositor if it has been determined that there is an act of fraud against the public deposit account. If no determination can be made within 90 days, the funds must be immediately returned to the public depositor, from the qualified public depositor of first deposit, in provisional status until such determination is completed. Failure to complete the determination process or return the funds within 90 days may result in suspension or disqualification of the qualified public depositor.
- Section 13. Paragraph (a) of subsection (7) and paragraph (j) of subsection (12) of section 440.13, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

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440.13 Medical services and supplies; penalty for violations; limitations.—

- (7) UTILIZATION AND REIMBURSEMENT DISPUTES.-
- (a) Any health care provider who elects to contest the disallowance or adjustment of payment by a carrier under subsection (6) must, within 60 45 days after receipt of notice of disallowance or adjustment of payment, petition the department to resolve the dispute. The petitioner must serve, by certified mail or by common carrier with a verifiable tracking number, a copy of the petition on the carrier and on all affected parties listed on the notice of disallowance or adjustment by certified mail. The petition must be accompanied by all documents and records that support the allegations contained in the petition. Failure of a petitioner to submit such documentation to the department results in dismissal of the petition.
- (12) CREATION OF THREE-MEMBER PANEL; GUIDES OF MAXIMUM REIMBURSEMENT ALLOWANCES.—
- (j) In addition to establishing the uniform schedule of maximum reimbursement allowances, the panel shall:
- 1. Take testimony, receive records, and collect data to evaluate the adequacy of the workers' compensation fee schedule, nationally recognized fee schedules and alternative methods of reimbursement to health care providers and health care facilities for inpatient and outpatient treatment and care.

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2. Survey health care providers and health care facilities to determine the availability and accessibility of workers' compensation health care delivery systems for injured workers.

- 3. Survey carriers to determine the estimated impact on carrier costs and workers' compensation premium rates by implementing changes to the carrier reimbursement schedule or implementing alternative reimbursement methods.
- 4. Submit recommendations on or before January 15, 2030 2017, and every 5 years biennially thereafter, to the President of the Senate and the Speaker of the House of Representatives on methods to improve the workers' compensation health care delivery system.

The department, as requested, shall provide data to the panel, including, but not limited to, utilization trends in the workers' compensation health care delivery system. The department shall provide the panel with an annual report regarding the resolution of medical reimbursement disputes and any actions pursuant to subsection (8). The department shall provide administrative support and service to the panel to the extent requested by the panel. The department may adopt rules pursuant to ss. 120.536(1) and 120.54 to implement this subsection. For prescription medication purchased under the requirements of this subsection, a dispensing practitioner shall not possess such medication unless payment has been made by the

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practitioner, the practitioner's professional practice, or the practitioner's practice management company or employer to the supplying manufacturer, wholesaler, distributor, or drug repackager within 60 days of the dispensing practitioner taking possession of that medication.

Section 14. Subsection (1) of section 440.38, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

440.38 Security for compensation; insurance carriers and self-insurers.—

- (1) Every employer shall secure the payment of compensation under this chapter by doing any of the following:
- (a) $\frac{By}{A}$ Insuring and keeping insured the payment of such compensation with any stock company or mutual company or association or exchange, authorized to do business in the state.
- (b) By Furnishing satisfactory proof to the Florida Self-Insurers Guaranty Association, Incorporated, created in s. 440.385, that it has the financial strength necessary to ensure timely payment of all current and future claims individually and on behalf of its wholly or majority owned subsidiaries subsidiary and affiliated companies with employees in this state and receiving an authorization from the department to pay such compensation directly. The association shall review the financial strength of applicants for membership, current members, and former members and make recommendations to the

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department regarding their qualifications to self-insure in accordance with this section and ss. 440.385 and 440.386. The department shall act in accordance with the recommendations unless it finds by clear and convincing evidence that the recommendations are erroneous.

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1. As a condition of authorization under this paragraph paragraph (a), the association may recommend that the department require an employer to deposit with the association a qualifying security deposit. The association shall recommend the type and amount of the qualifying security deposit and shall prescribe conditions for the qualifying security deposit, which shall include authorization for the association to call the qualifying security deposit in the case of default to pay compensation awards and related expenses of the association. The department may adopt rules under ss. 120.54 and 120.536(1) regarding the requirements that the association must use when recommending the amount and conditions of the qualifying security deposit. Such rules must reference long-term issuer credit ratings from Moody's Ratings, S&P Global Ratings, Fitch Ratings, or an equivalent rating calculated using the methodology of one of these credit rating services. As a condition to authorization to self-insure, the employer shall provide proof that the employer has provided for competent personnel with whom to deliver benefits and to provide a safe working environment. The employer shall also provide evidence that it carries reinsurance at

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levels that will ensure the financial strength and actuarial soundness of such employer in accordance with rules adopted by the department. The department may by rule require that, in the event of an individual self-insurer's insolvency, such qualifying security deposits and reinsurance policies are payable to the association. Any employer securing compensation in accordance with the provisions of this paragraph shall be known as a self-insurer and shall be classed as a carrier of her or his own insurance. The employer shall, if requested, provide the association an actuarial report signed by a member of the American Academy of Actuaries providing an opinion of the appropriate present value of the reserves, using a 4-percent discount rate, for current and future compensation claims. If any member or former member of the association refuses to timely provide such a report, the association may obtain an order from a circuit court requiring the member to produce such a report and ordering any other relief that the court determines is appropriate. The association may recover all reasonable costs and attorney's fees in such proceedings.

2. If the employer fails to maintain the foregoing requirements, the association shall recommend to the department that the department revoke the employer's authority to self-insure, unless the employer provides to the association the certified opinion of an independent actuary who is a member of the American Academy of Actuaries as to the actuarial present

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value of the employer's determined and estimated future compensation payments based on cash reserves, using a 4-percent discount rate, and a qualifying security deposit equal to 1.5 times the value so certified. The employer shall thereafter annually provide such a certified opinion until such time as the employer meets the requirements of subparagraph 1. The qualifying security deposit shall be adjusted at the time of each such annual report. Upon the failure of the employer to timely provide such opinion or to timely provide a security deposit in an amount equal to 1.5 times the value certified in the latest opinion, the association shall provide that information to the department along with a recommendation, and the department shall then revoke such employer's authorization to self-insure. Failure to comply with this subparagraph constitutes an immediate serious danger to the public health, safety, or welfare sufficient to justify the summary suspension of the employer's authorization to self-insure pursuant to s. 120.68.

3. Upon the suspension or revocation of the employer's authorization to self-insure, the employer shall provide to the association the certified opinion of an independent actuary who is a member of the American Academy of Actuaries of the actuarial present value of the determined and estimated future compensation payments of the employer for claims incurred while the member exercised the privilege of self-insurance, using a

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discount rate of 4 percent. The employer shall provide such an opinion at 6-month intervals thereafter until such time as the latest opinion shows no remaining value of claims. With each such opinion, the employer shall deposit with the association a qualifying security deposit in an amount equal to the value certified by the actuary. The association has a cause of action against an employer, and against any successor of the employer, who fails to timely provide such opinion or who fails to timely maintain the required security deposit with the association. The association shall recover a judgment in the amount of the actuarial present value of the determined and estimated future compensation payments of the employer for claims incurred while the employer exercised the privilege of self-insurance, together with attorney's fees. For purposes of this section, the successor of an employer means any person, business entity, or group of persons or business entities, which holds or acquires legal or beneficial title to the majority of the assets or the majority of the shares of the employer.

- 4. A qualifying security deposit shall consist, at the option of the employer, of:
- a. Surety bonds, in a form and containing such terms as prescribed by the association, issued by a corporation surety authorized to transact surety business by the office, and whose policyholders' and financial ratings, as reported in A.M. Best's Insurance Reports, Property-Liability, are not less than "A" and

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851 "V", respectively.

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- b. Irrevocable letters of credit in favor of the association issued by financial institutions located within this state, the deposits of which are insured through the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation.
- The qualifying security deposit shall be held by the association exclusively for the benefit of workers' compensation claimants. The security shall not be subject to assignment, execution, attachment, or any legal process whatsoever, except as necessary to guarantee the payment of compensation under this chapter. No surety bond may be terminated, and no letter of credit may be allowed to expire, without 90 days' prior written notice to the association and deposit by the self-insuring employer of some other qualifying security deposit of equal value within 10 business days after such notice. Failure to provide such written notice or failure to timely provide qualifying replacement security after such notice shall constitute grounds for the association to call or sue upon the surety bond or to exercise its rights under a letter of credit. Current self-insured employers must comply with this section on or before December 31, 2001, or upon the maturity of existing security deposits, whichever occurs later. The department may specify by rule the amount of the qualifying security deposit required prior to authorizing an employer to self-insure and the amount of net worth required for an employer to qualify for

authorization to self-insure. +

- (c) By entering into a contract with a public utility under an approved utility-provided self-insurance program as set forth in s. 624.46225 in effect as of July 1, 1983. The department shall adopt rules to implement this paragraph.;
- (d) By entering into an interlocal agreement with other local governmental entities to create a local government pool pursuant to s. 624.4622.; or
- (e) By entering into a contract with an individual self-insurer under an approved individual self-insurer-provided self-insurance program as set forth in s. 624.46225. The department may adopt rules to administer this subsection.
- Section 15. Subsection (1) and paragraph (d) of subsection (8) of section 440.49, Florida Statutes, are amended, and subsection (12) is added to that section, to read:
- 440.49 Limitation of liability for subsequent injury through Special Disability Trust Fund.—
 - (1) LEGISLATIVE INTENT AND FINDINGS.-
- (a) Whereas it is often difficult for workers with disabilities to achieve employment or to become reemployed following an injury, and it is the desire of the Legislature to facilitate the return of these workers to the workplace, it is the purpose of this section to encourage the employment, reemployment, and accommodation of the physically disabled by reducing an employer's insurance premium for reemploying an

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injured worker, to decrease litigation between carriers on apportionment issues, and to protect employers from excess liability for compensation and medical expense when an injury to a physically disabled worker merges with, aggravates, or accelerates her or his preexisting permanent physical impairment to cause either a greater disability or permanent impairment, or an increase in expenditures for temporary compensation or medical benefits than would have resulted from the injury alone. The department or the administrator shall inform all employers of the existence and function of the fund and shall interpret eligibility requirements liberally. However, this subsection may shall not be construed to create or provide any benefits for injured employees or their dependents not otherwise provided by this chapter. The entitlement of an injured employee or her or his dependents to compensation under this chapter must shall be determined without regard to this subsection, the provisions of which shall be considered only in determining whether an employer or carrier who has paid compensation under this chapter is entitled to reimbursement from the Special Disability Trust Fund.

(b) Whereas this section does not apply to accidents or injuries causing subsequent injury or disability occurring on or after January 1, 1998. The Legislature finds that the indefinite existence of the fund creates administrative costs for the administration of a decreasing number of claims. The Legislature

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further finds that the fund is maintained by assessments on all carriers. Florida workers' compensation carriers authorized on or after January 1, 1998, are subject to the fund assessment but do not have any claims eligible for reimbursement by the fund.

Beginning July 1, 2025, it is the intent of the Legislature that the liabilities of the fund be extinguished and the fund be closed in an orderly fashion.

(8) SPECIAL DISABILITY TRUST FUND.-

- (d) The department or administrator shall report annually on the status of the Special Disability Trust Fund. The report must shall update the estimated undiscounted and discounted fund liability, as determined by an independent actuary, change in the total number of notices of claim on file with the fund in addition to the number of newly filed notices of claim, change in the number of proofs of claim processed by the fund, the estimated outstanding losses per claim using a life annuity method, the fee revenues refunded and revenues applied to pay down the liability of the fund, the average time required to reimburse accepted claims, and the average administrative costs per claim. The department or administrator shall submit its report to the Governor, the President of the Senate, and the Speaker of the House of Representatives By December 1 of each year, the report must be published on the division's website.
 - (12) FINAL REIMBURSEMENT.-
 - (a) Notwithstanding subsection (7), beginning July 1,

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2026, the division may not accept new notices or proofs of claim. Any proof of claim that has not received an offer letter on or before December 31, 2026, is barred from reimbursement.

- (b) Notwithstanding other provisions of this section, an accepted claim is only eligible for final reimbursement if the carrier submitted a request for reimbursement on an accepted claim in fiscal years 2026-2027 or 2027-2028.
- (c) The department's or administrator's status report as specified in paragraph (8)(d) must estimate the outstanding losses for each claim. On or after July 1, 2028, any claim reimbursement will be considered a final request for reimbursement. The final reimbursement amount for the requested claim will be the estimated outstanding loss value for the claim as calculated in the 2028 edition of the report, discounted to a present value of 4 percent.
- (d) A request for final reimbursement after the death of the claimant must be limited to the eligible benefits paid on or before the date of death and may include funeral expenses.
- (e) The department shall pay the approved final reimbursement requests on a first-in, first-out basis reflecting the order in which the reimbursement requests were received, as funds are or become available.
- (f) The final reimbursement made pursuant to this subsection extinguishes the liability of the fund as to that claim.

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Section 16. Paragraph (a) of subsection (7) of section 440.107, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

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440.107 Department powers to enforce employer compliance with coverage requirements.—

(7)(a) Whenever the department determines that an employer who is required to secure the payment to his or her employees of the compensation provided for by this chapter has failed to secure the payment of workers' compensation required by this chapter or to produce the required business records under subsection (5) within 21 days after receipt of the written request of the department, such failure shall be deemed an immediate serious danger to public health, safety, or welfare sufficient to justify service by the department of a stop-work order on the employer, requiring the cessation of all business operations. If the department makes such a determination, the department must shall issue a stop-work order within 72 hours. The order shall take effect when served upon the employer or, for a particular employer worksite, when served at that worksite. In addition to serving a stop-work order at a particular worksite which shall be effective immediately, the department shall immediately proceed with service upon the employer which shall be effective upon all employer worksites in the state for which the employer is not in compliance. A stopwork order may be served with regard to an employer's worksite by posting a copy of the stop-work order in a conspicuous

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location at the worksite. Information related to an employer's stop-work order must shall be made available on the division's website and remain on the website for at least 5 years. The order must shall remain in effect until the department issues an order releasing the stop-work order upon a finding that the employer has come into compliance with the coverage requirements of this chapter and has paid any penalty assessed under this section. The department may issue an order of conditional release from a stop-work order to an employer upon a finding that the employer has complied with the coverage requirements of this chapter, paid a penalty of \$1,000 as a down payment, and agreed to remit periodic payments of the remaining penalty amount pursuant to a payment agreement schedule with the department or pay the remaining penalty amount in full. An employer may not enter into a payment agreement schedule unless the employer has fully paid any previous penalty assessed under this section. If an order of conditional release is issued, failure by the employer to pay the penalty in full or enter into a payment agreement with the department within 21 days after service of the first penalty assessment calculation upon the employer, or to meet any term or condition of such penalty payment agreement, must shall result in the immediate reinstatement of the stop-work order and the entire unpaid balance of the penalty becoming shall become immediately due. The department may accept a credit card payment for the \$1,000

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down payment. Chargeback of the credit card payment must result in the immediate reinstatement of the stop-work order and, if a penalty assessment calculation has been served on the employer, the entire unpaid balance of the penalty becomes immediately due, or if a penalty assessment calculation has not been served on the employer, the entire balance of the penalty becomes immediately due upon service. The department may issue an order of conditional release from the reinstated stop-work order upon payment of the \$1,000 down payment by cashier's check or money order and if otherwise eligible, may enter into a payment agreement schedule for periodic payment of the remaining penalty amount.

Section 17. Section 497.1411, Florida Statutes, is created to read:

- 497.1411 Disqualification of applicants and licenses; penalties against licensees; rulemaking.—
 - (1) For purposes of this section, the term:
- (a) "Applicant" means an individual applying for licensure or relicensure under this chapter, and an officer, a director, a majority owner, a partner, a manager, or other person who manages or controls an entity applying for licensure or relicensure under this chapter.
- (b) "Felony of the first degree" and "capital felony" include such classified felonies as defined in s. 775.081.
 - (2) An applicant who has been found guilty of or has

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	preaded guilty of horo contendere to any of the fortowing
L052	crimes, regardless of adjudication, is permanently barred from
L053	licensure under this chapter:
L054	(a) A felony of the first degree.
L055	(b) A felony directly or indirectly involving conduct
L056	regulated under this chapter.
L057	(3) An applicant who has been found guilty of or has
L058	pleaded guilty or nolo contendere to a crime not included in
L059	subsection (2), regardless of adjudication, is subject to:
L060	(a) A 10-year disqualifying period for all felonies
L061	involving moral turpitude which are not specifically included in
L062	the permanent bar contained in subsection (2).
L063	(b) A 5-year disqualifying period for all felonies to
L064	which neither the permanent bar in subsection (2) nor the 10-
L065	year disqualifying period in paragraph (a) applies.
L066	Notwithstanding subsection (4), an applicant who served at least
L067	half of the disqualifying period may apply for a license if,
L068	during that time, the applicant has not been found guilty of or
L069	has not pleaded guilty or nolo contendere to a crime. The
L070	division may issue the license on a probationary basis for the
L071	remainder of the disqualifying period. The applicant's
L072	probationary period ends at the end of the disqualifying period.
L073	(c) A 5-year disqualifying period for all misdemeanors
L074	directly related to this chapter.

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The board shall adopt rules to administer this

CODING: Words stricken are deletions; words underlined are additions.

section. The rules must specify additional disqualification periods for applicants who have committed multiple crimes and may consider other relevant factors related to their criminal history. The rules must provide for mitigating and aggravating factors. However, mitigation may not result in a period of disqualification of less than 5 years and may not mitigate the disqualifying periods in paragraphs (3)(b) and (c).

- (5) For purposes of this section, a disqualifying period begins upon the applicant's final release from supervision or upon completion of the applicant's criminal sentence. The department may not issue a license to an applicant until the applicant provides proof that all related fines, court costs and fees, and court-ordered restitution have been paid.
- is on the applicant to demonstrate that he or she has been rehabilitated, does not pose a risk to the public, is fit and trustworthy to engage in business regulated by this chapter, and is otherwise qualified for licensure.
- (7) Notwithstanding subsections (2) and (3), an applicant who has been found guilty of, or has pleaded guilty or nolo contendere to, a crime in subsection (2) or subsection (3), and who has subsequently been granted a pardon or the restoration of civil rights pursuant to chapter 940 and s. 8, Art. IV of the State Constitution, or a pardon or the restoration of civil rights under the laws of another jurisdiction with respect to a

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conviction in that jurisdiction, is not barred or disqualified
from licensure under this chapter; however, such a pardon or
restoration of civil rights does not require the department to
award such license.

- (8) (a) The board may grant an exemption from disqualification to any person disqualified from licensure under subsection (3) if:
- 1. The applicant has paid in full any fee, fine, fund, lien, civil judgment, restitution, or cost of prosecution imposed by the court as part of the judgment and sentence for any disqualifying offense; and
- 2. At least 5 years have elapsed since the applicant completed or has been lawfully released from confinement, supervision, or nonmonetary condition imposed by the court for a disqualifying offense.
- (b) For the board to grant an exemption under this subsection, the applicant must clearly and convincingly demonstrate that he or she would not pose a risk to persons or property if licensed under this chapter, evidence of which must include, but need not be limited to, facts and circumstances surrounding the disqualifying offense, the time that has elapsed since the offense, the nature of the offense and harm caused to the victim, the applicant's history before and after the offense, and any other evidence or circumstances indicating that the applicant will not present a danger if licensed or

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1126 certified.

- (c) The board has discretion whether to grant or deny an exemption under this subsection. The board's decision of whether to grant or deny an exemption is subject to chapter 120.
- do not apply to the renewal of a license or to a new application for licensure if the applicant has an active license as of July 1, 2021, and the applicable criminal history was considered by the board on the prior approval of any active license held by the applicant. This section does not affect any criminal history disclosure requirements of this chapter.

Section 18. Subsection (9) and paragraph (c) of subsection (10) of section 497.142, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

- 497.142 Licensing; fingerprinting and criminal background checks.—
- (9) If any applicant under this chapter has been, within the 10 years preceding the application under this chapter, convicted or found guilty of, or entered a plea of nolo contendere to, regardless of adjudication, any crime in any jurisdiction, the application may shall not be deemed complete until such time as the applicant provides such certified true copies of the court records evidencing the conviction, finding, or plea, as required in this section or as the licensing authority may by rule require.

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(c) Crimes to be disclosed are:

- 1. Any felony or misdemeanor, no matter when committed, that was directly or indirectly related to or involving any aspect of the practice or business of funeral directing, embalming, direct disposition, cremation, funeral or cemetery preneed sales, funeral establishment operations, cemetery operations, or cemetery monument or marker sales or installation.
- 2. Any misdemeanor, no matter when committed, which was directly or indirectly related to the practice or activities regulated under this chapter Any other felony not already disclosed under subparagraph 1. that was committed within the 20 years immediately preceding the application under this chapter.
- 3. Any other misdemeanor not already disclosed under subparagraph $\underline{\text{2. which}}$ $\underline{\text{1. that}}$ was committed within the 5 years immediately preceding the application under this chapter.
- Section 19. Paragraphs (c) and (d) of subsection (1) of section 497.369, Florida Statutes, are redesignated as paragraphs (d) and (e), respectively, subsections (3), (4), and (5) are renumbered as subsections (2), (3), and (4), respectively, paragraph (b) of subsection (1), subsection (2), and paragraph (a) of present subsection (5) are amended, and a new paragraph (c) is added to subsection (1) of that section, to read:
 - 497.369 Embalmers; licensure as an embalmer by

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endorsement; licensure of a temporary embalmer.-

- (1) The licensing authority shall issue a license by endorsement to practice embalming to an applicant who has remitted an examination fee set by rule of the licensing authority not to exceed \$200 and who the licensing authority certifies:
- (b) 1. Has submitted proof satisfactory to the licensing authority that the applicant is at least 18 years of age and is a recipient of a high school diploma or its equivalent; or
- 2. Holds a valid license in good standing to practice embalming in another state of the United States and has engaged in the full-time, licensed practice of embalming in that state for at least 5 years. or
- endorsement based upon experience acquired in the deathcare industry in another state. To meet the qualifications for such licensure based upon experience, an applicant must hold a valid license in good standing to practice embalming in another state of the United States and have engaged in the full-time, licensed practice of embalming in that state for at least 5 years. If the applicant's proven experience is more than 5 years but less than 10 years, the applicant must additionally have passed an examination on the subjects of the theory and practice of embalming, restorative art, pathology, anatomy, microbiology, chemistry, hygiene, public health and sanitation, and local,

state, and federal laws and rules relating to the disposition of dead human bodies; however, the licensing authority may by rule approve the use of a national examination, such as the embalming examination prepared by the Conference of Funeral Service

Examining Boards, in lieu of part of this examination requirement. If the applicant's proven experience in the deathcare industry of another state exceeds 10 years, the applicant does not need to meet this examination requirement.

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Alternatively, an applicant may submit an application for licensure by endorsement based upon education related to the deathcare industry obtained in another state. To meet the qualifications for such licensure based upon education, an applicant must meet Meets the qualifications for licensure in s. 497.368, have except that the internship requirement shall be deemed to have been satisfied by 1 year's practice as a licensed embalmer in another state, and has, within 10 years before the date of application, successfully completed a state, regional, or national examination in mortuary science which, as determined by rule of the licensing authority, and have completed a 1-year internship under a licensed embalmer, except that the internship requirement is deemed to have been satisfied if the applicant has held a valid license in good standing to practice embalming in another state of the United States and has engaged in the full-time, licensed practice of embalming in that state for at least 1 year is substantially equivalent to or more stringent

than the examination given by the licensing authority.

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(2) State, regional, or national examinations and requirements for licensure in another state shall be presumed to be substantially equivalent to or more stringent than the examination and requirements in this state unless found otherwise by rule of the licensing authority.

(4) (a) (5) (a) There may be adopted by The licensing authority may adopt rules authorizing an applicant who has met the requirements of subsection (1) paragraphs (1) (b) and (c) and who is awaiting an opportunity to take the examination required by subsection (3) (4) to be licensed as a temporary licensed embalmer. A temporary licensed embalmer may work as an embalmer in a licensed funeral establishment under the general supervision of a licensed embalmer. Such temporary license shall expire 60 days after the date of the next available examination required under subsection (3) (4); however, the temporary license may be renewed one time under the same conditions as initial issuance. The fee for issuance or renewal of an embalmer temporary license shall be set by rule of the licensing authority but may not exceed \$200. The fee required in this subsection shall be nonrefundable and in addition to the fee required in subsection (1).

Section 20. Paragraphs (b), (c), and (d) of subsection (1) of section 497.374, Florida Statutes, are redesignated as paragraphs (c), (d), and (e), respectively, subsections (4) and

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(5) are renumbered as subsections (3) and (4), respectively, present paragraph (b) of subsection (1), subsection (3), and present subsection (5) are amended, and a new paragraph (b) is added to subsection (1) of that section, to read:

- 497.374 Funeral directing; licensure as a funeral director by endorsement; licensure of a temporary funeral director.—
- (1) The licensing authority shall issue a license by endorsement to practice funeral directing to an applicant who has remitted a fee set by rule of the licensing authority not to exceed \$200 and who:
- (b) Submitted proof satisfactory to the licensing authority that the applicant is at least 18 years of age and is a recipient of a high school diploma or equivalent.
- endorsement based upon experience acquired in the deathcare industry in another state. To meet the qualifications for such licensure based upon experience, an applicant must hold a valid license in good standing to practice funeral directing in another state of the United States and have engaged in the full-time, licensed practice of funeral directing in that state for at least 5 years. If the applicant's proven experience is more than 5 years but less than 10 years, the applicant must additionally have passed an examination on the theory and practice of funeral directing and funeral service arts; however, the licensing authority may approve by rule the use of a

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national examination, such as the funeral services arts
examination prepared by the Conference of Funeral Service

Examining Boards, in lieu of this examination requirement. If
the applicant's proven experience in the deathcare industry of
another state exceeds 10 years, the applicant does not need to
meet this examination requirement. Holds a valid license in good
standing to practice funeral directing in another state of the
United States and has engaged in the full-time, licensed
practice of funeral directing in that state for at least 5
years; or

Alternatively, an applicant may submit an application 2. for licensure by endorsement based upon education related to the deathcare industry obtained in another state. To meet the qualifications for such licensure based upon education, an applicant must meet Meets the qualifications for licensure in s. 497.373, except that the applicant need not hold an associate degree or higher if the applicant holds a diploma or certificate from an accredited program of mortuary science, and have has successfully completed a state, regional, or national examination in mortuary science or funeral service arts which, as determined by rule of the licensing authority and have completed a 1-year internship under a licensed funeral director, except that the internship requirement shall be deemed to have been satisfied if the applicant has held a valid license in good standing to practice funeral directing in another state of the

United States and engaged in the full-time, licensed practice of funeral directing in that state for at least 1 year, is substantially equivalent to or more stringent than the examination given by the licensing authority.

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- (3) State, regional, or national examinations and requirements for licensure in another state shall be presumed to be substantially equivalent to or more stringent than the examination and requirements in this state unless found otherwise by rule of the licensing authority.
- (4) The licensing authority may adopt There may be adopted rules authorizing an applicant who has met the requirements of subsection (1) paragraphs (1) (b) and (c) and who is awaiting an opportunity to take the examination required by subsection (3) (4) to obtain a license as a temporary funeral director. A licensed temporary funeral director may work as a funeral director in a licensed funeral establishment under the general supervision of a funeral director licensed under subsection (1) or s. 497.373. Such license shall expire 60 days after the date of the next available examination required under subsection (3) (4); however, the temporary license may be renewed one time under the same conditions as initial issuance. The fee for initial issuance or renewal of a temporary license under this subsection shall be set by rule of the licensing authority but may not exceed \$200. The fee required in this subsection shall be nonrefundable and in addition to the fee

required in subsection (1). A member of the United States Armed Forces, such member's spouse, and a veteran of the United States Armed Forces who separated from service within the 2 years preceding application for licensure are exempt from the initial issuance fee. To qualify for the initial issuance fee exemption, an applicant must provide a copy of a military identification card, military dependent identification card, military service record, military personnel file, veteran record, discharge paper, or separation document that indicates such member is currently in good standing or such veteran was honorably discharged.

Section 21. Section 497.376, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

497.376 License as funeral director and embalmer permitted.—

(1) This chapter does not prohibit a person from holding a license as an embalmer and a license as a funeral director at the same time. There may be issued and renewed by the licensing authority a combination license as both funeral director and embalmer to persons meeting the separate requirements for both licenses as set forth in this chapter. The licensing authority may adopt rules providing procedures for applying for and renewing such combination license. Such combination license may be obtained by meeting the requirements for licensure by examination set out in ss. 497.368 and 497.373.

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(2) The licensing authority may by rule establish								
application, renewal, and other fees for such combination								
license, which fees may not exceed the sum of the maximum fees								
for the separate funeral director and embalmer license								
categories as provided in this chapter. A person holding a								
combination license as a funeral director and an embalmer is								
subject to regulation under this chapter both as a funeral								
director and an embalmer.								

- (2) Except as provided in s. 497.377, an applicant for a combination license as both a funeral director and an embalmer, obtained by meeting the requirements for licensure by examination set out in ss. 497.368 and 497.373, must hold the educational credentials required for licensure of a funeral director under s. 497.373(1)(d).
- Section 22. Subsection (1) of section 497.380, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
- 497.380 Funeral establishment; licensure; display of license.—
- (1) A funeral establishment shall be a place at a specific street address or location consisting of at least 1,250 contiguous interior square feet and shall maintain or make arrangements for capacity for the refrigeration and storage of dead human bodies handled and stored by the establishment and a preparation room equipped with necessary ventilation and drainage and containing necessary instruments for embalming dead

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human bodies or shall make arrangements for a preparation room as established by rule. For purposes of this subsection, the 1,250 contiguous interior square feet may not include any square footage designated in the cooperative documents as common areas.

Section 23. Subsection (5) of section 497.386, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

497.386 Storage, preservation, and transportation of human remains.—

(5) In the event of an emergency situation, including the abandonment of any establishments or facilities licensed under this chapter or any medical examiner's facility, morgue, or cemetery holding facility, the department may enter and secure such establishment or, facility, or morgue during or outside of normal business hours and remove human remains and cremated remains from the establishment or, facility, or morgue. For purposes of this subsection, the department shall determine whether if a facility is abandoned and whether if there is an emergency situation. A licensee or licensed facility that accepts transfer of human remains and cremated remains from the department pursuant to this subsection may not be held liable for the condition of any human remains or cremated remains at the time of transfer.

Section 24. Paragraph (b) of subsection (9) of section 497.604, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

497.604 Direct disposal establishments, license required;

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licensing procedures and criteria; license renewal; regulation; display of license.—

- (9) REGULATION OF DIRECT DISPOSAL ESTABLISHMENTS.-
- (b) The practice of direct disposition must be engaged in at a fixed location of at least 625 <u>contiguous</u> interior contiguous square feet and must maintain or make arrangements for suitable capacity for the refrigeration and storage of dead human bodies handled and stored by the establishment. <u>For purposes of this subsection</u>, the 625 contiguous interior square feet may not include any square footage designated in the cooperative documents as common areas.

Section 25. Subsections (1) and (2) of section 554.103, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

554.103 Boiler code.—The department shall adopt by rule a State Boiler Code for the safe construction, installation, inspection, maintenance, and repair of boilers in this state. The rules adopted shall be based upon and shall at all times follow generally accepted nationwide engineering standards, formulas, and practices pertaining to boiler construction and safety.

(1) The department shall adopt the latest version of the an existing code for new construction and installation known as the Boiler and Pressure Vessel Code of the American Society of Mechanical Engineers, including all amendments and interpretations to the A.S.M.E. Boiler and Pressure Vessel Code

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approved by the A.S.M.E. Council on Codes and Standards subsequent to the adoption of the State Boiler Code, and when so adopted by the department, such amendments and interpretations become a part of the State Boiler Code.

(2) The installer of any boiler placed in use in this state after January 1, 2018, must, before installing the boiler, apply on a form adopted by rule of the department for an application a permit to install the boiler from the chief boiler inspector. The application must include the boiler's A.S.M.E. manufacturer's data report and other documents required by the State Boiler Code before the boiler is placed in service. The installer must contact the chief boiler inspector to schedule an inspection for each boiler no later than 7 days before the boiler is placed in service.

Section 26. Subsection (1) of section 554.108, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

554.108 Inspection.-

(1) The inspection requirements of this chapter apply only to boilers that are regulated by this chapter located in public assembly locations. A boiler with an input of 200,000 British thermal units (Btu) per hour and above, up to an input not exceeding 400,000 Btu per hour, is exempt from inspection; however, such an exempt boiler, if manufactured after July 1, 2022, must be stamped with the A.S.M.E. code symbol. Additionally, the A.S.M.E. data report of a boiler with an input

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1451	of 200,000 to 400,000 Btu per hour must be filed as required
1452	under s. 554.103(2).
1453	Section 27. Subsection (1) of section 554.114, Florida
1454	Statutes, is amended to read:
1455	554.114 Prohibitions; penalties
1456	(1) A person may not do any of the following:
1457	(a) Operate a boiler that is regulated by this chapter at
1458	a public assembly location without a valid certificate of
1459	operation for that boiler $\underline{\cdot} \dot{\tau}$
1460	(b) Use a certificate of operation for any boiler other
1461	than for the boiler for which it was issued $\underline{\cdot \cdot \dot{ au}}$
1462	(c) Operate a boiler for which the certificate of
1463	operation has been suspended, revoked, or not renewed.; or
1464	(d) Inspect any boiler regulated under this chapter
1465	without having a valid certificate of competency.
1466	Section 28. Paragraph (d) of subsection (1) of section
1467	554.115, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
1468	554.115 Disciplinary proceedings
1469	(1) The department may deny, refuse to renew, suspend, or
1470	revoke a certificate of operation upon proof that:
1471	(d) The owner of a boiler:
1472	1. Operated a boiler that is regulated by this chapter at
1473	a public assembly location without a valid certificate of
1474	operation for that boiler;

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Used a certificate of operation for a boiler other than

CODING: Words stricken are deletions; words underlined are additions.

1476 the boiler for which the certificate of operation was issued;

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- 3. Gave false or forged information to the department, to an authorized inspection agency, or to another boiler inspector for the purpose of obtaining a certificate of operation;
- 4. Operated a boiler after the certificate of operation for the boiler expired, was not renewed, or was suspended or revoked;
 - 5. Operated a boiler that is in an unsafe condition; or
- 6. Operated a boiler in a manner that is contrary to the requirements of this chapter or any rule adopted under this chapter.
- Section 29. Section 554.116, Florida Statutes, is created to read:
- 554.116 Carbon monoxide.—The owner or user shall install a carbon monoxide detector or alarm on all boilers and fire pressured vessels that are regulated by this chapter.
- Section 30. Section 554.117, Florida Statutes, is created to read:
 - 554.117 Conduct of an examination of any boiler.-
- (1) In accordance with s. 633.112, the Division of State

 Fire Marshal may conduct an examination of any boiler covered by this chapter.
- 1498 (2) The division shall, upon receipt of a complaint,

 1499 review the nature of the complaint and conduct an examination if

 1500 necessary.

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Section 31.	Paragraph (b) of subsecti	ion (10)	of section
624.307, Florida	Statutes, is	amended to re	ead:	

624.307 General powers; duties.-

1504 (10)

(b) Notwithstanding any provision in chapter 634, any person licensed or issued a certificate of authority or made an eligible surplus lines insurer by the department or the office shall respond, in writing or electronically, to the division within 14 days after receipt of a written request for documents and information from the division concerning a consumer complaint. The response must address the issues and allegations raised in the complaint and include any requested documents concerning the consumer complaint not subject to attorney-client or work-product privilege. The division may impose an administrative penalty for failure to comply with this paragraph of up to \$5,000 per violation upon any entity licensed by the department or the office and up to \$1,000 per violation by any individual licensed by the department or the office.

Section 32. Section 624.317, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

- 624.317 Investigation of agents, adjusters, administrators, service companies, and others.—
- (1) If it has reason to believe that any person has violated or is violating any provision of this code, or upon the written complaint signed by any interested person indicating

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1526 that any such violation may exist:

- (a) (1) The department <u>must shall</u> conduct such investigation as it deems necessary of the accounts, records, documents, and transactions pertaining to or affecting the insurance affairs of any agent, adjuster, insurance agency, customer representative, service representative, or other person subject to its jurisdiction, subject to the requirements of s. 626.601.
- $\underline{\text{(b)}}$ The office $\underline{\text{must}}$ shall conduct such investigation as it deems necessary of the accounts, records, documents, and transactions pertaining to or affecting the insurance affairs of any:
- $\frac{1.(a)}{a}$ Administrator, service company, or other person subject to its jurisdiction.
- 2.(b) Person having a contract or power of attorney under which she or he enjoys in fact the exclusive or dominant right to manage or control an insurer.
- 3.(c) Person engaged in or proposing to be engaged in the promotion or formation of:
 - a. 1. A domestic insurer;
 - b.2. An insurance holding corporation; or
- $\underline{\text{c.3.}}$ A corporation to finance a domestic insurer or in the production of the domestic insurer's business.
 - (2) Any person licensed or issued a certificate of authority by the department or the office shall, in writing or

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electronically, respond to the department or office within 14 days after receipt of a written request for documents and information from the department or office concerning records pertinent to an ongoing investigation. The response must address the issues and allegations raised in the investigation and include any requested documents not subject to attorney-client or work-product privilege. The department or office may impose an administrative penalty for failure to comply with this subsection of up to \$5,000 per violation upon any person licensed or issued a certificate of authority by the department or office.

Section 33. Section 626.171, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

- 626.171 Application for license as an agent, customer representative, adjuster, or service representative, or reinsurance intermediary.
- (1) The department may not issue a license as agent, customer representative, adjuster, or service representative, or reinsurance intermediary to any person except upon written application filed with the department, meeting the qualifications for the license applied for as determined by the department, and payment in advance of all applicable fees. The application must be made under the oath of the applicant and be signed by the applicant. An applicant may permit a third party to complete, submit, and sign an application on the applicant's

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behalf, but is responsible for ensuring that the information on the application is true and correct and is accountable for any misstatements or misrepresentations. The department shall accept the uniform application for <u>resident and</u> nonresident agent <u>and adjuster</u> licensing. The department may adopt revised versions of the uniform application by rule.

- (2) In the application, the applicant <u>must include</u> shall set forth:
- (a) The applicant's His or her full name, age, social security number, residence address, business address, mailing address, contact telephone numbers, including a business telephone number, and e-mail address.
- (b) A statement indicating the method the applicant used or is using to meet any required prelicensing education, knowledge, experience, or instructional requirements for the type of license applied for.
- (c) Whether the applicant he or she has been refused or has voluntarily surrendered or has had suspended or revoked a license to solicit insurance by the department or by the supervising officials of any state.
- (d) Whether any insurer or any managing general agent claims the applicant is indebted under any agency contract or otherwise and, if so, the name of the claimant, the nature of the claim, and the applicant's defense thereto, if any.
 - (e) Proof that the applicant meets the requirements for

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the type of license for which he or she is applying.

- (f) The applicant's gender (male or female).
- (g) The applicant's native language.

- (h) The highest level of education achieved by the applicant.
- (i) The applicant's race or ethnicity (African American, white, American Indian, Asian, Hispanic, or other).
- (j) Such other or additional information as the department may deem proper to enable it to determine the character, experience, ability, and other qualifications of the applicant to hold himself or herself out to the public as an insurance representative.

However, the application must contain a statement that an applicant is not required to disclose his or her race or ethnicity, gender, or native language, that he or she will not be penalized for not doing so, and that the department will use this information exclusively for research and statistical purposes and to improve the quality and fairness of the examinations. The department may shall make provisions for applicants, voluntarily, to submit their cellular telephone numbers as part of the application process solely on a voluntary basis only for the purpose of two-factor authentication of secure login credentials <a href="https://example.com/only-shall-nation-in-the-

(3) Each application must be accompanied by payment of any

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1626 applicable fee.

- (4) An applicant for a license issued by the department under this chapter must submit a set of the individual applicant's fingerprints, or, if the applicant is not an individual, a set of the fingerprints of the sole proprietor, majority owner, partners, officers, and directors, to the department and must pay the fingerprint processing fee set forth in s. 624.501. Fingerprints must be processed in accordance with s. 624.34 and used to investigate the applicant's qualifications pursuant to s. 626.201. The fingerprints must be taken by a law enforcement agency or other department-approved entity. The department may not approve an application for licensure as an agent, customer service representative, adjuster, or service representative, or reinsurance intermediary if fingerprints have not been submitted.
- (5) The application for license filing fee prescribed in s. 624.501 is not subject to refund.
- (6) Members of the United States Armed Forces and their spouses, and veterans of the United States Armed Forces who have separated from service within 24 months before application for licensure, are exempt from the application filling fee prescribed in s. 624.501. Qualified individuals must provide a copy of a military identification card, military dependent identification card, military service record, military personnel file, veteran record, discharge paper or separation document that indicates

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such members are currently in good standing or such veterans were honorably discharged.

(7) Pursuant to the federal Personal Responsibility and Work Opportunity Reconciliation Act of 1996, each party is required to provide his or her social security number in accordance with this section. Disclosure of social security numbers obtained through this requirement must be limited to the purpose of administration of the Title IV-D program for child support enforcement.

Section 34. Paragraph (c) of subsection (3) of section 626.2815, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

626.2815 Continuing education requirements.-

(3) Each licensee except a title insurance agent must complete a 4-hour update course every 2 years which is specific to the license held by the licensee. The course must be developed and offered by providers and approved by the department. The content of the course must address all lines of insurance for which examination and licensure are required and include the following subject areas: insurance law updates, ethics for insurance professionals, disciplinary trends and case studies, industry trends, premium discounts, determining suitability of products and services, and other similar insurance-related topics the department determines are relevant to legally and ethically carrying out the responsibilities of the license granted. A licensee who holds multiple insurance

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licenses must complete an update course that is specific to at least one of the licenses held. Except as otherwise specified, any remaining required hours of continuing education are elective and may consist of any continuing education course approved by the department under this section.

- (c) A licensee who has been licensed for 25 years or more is not required to complete any continuing education elective hours if it is determined that the licensee also possesses one of the following qualifications:
 - 1. Has received a chartered life underwriter designation;
- 2. Has received a chartered property and casualty underwriter designation; or
- 3. Has received a bachelor of science degree or higher in risk management or insurance, with evidence of 18 or more semester hours in insurance-related courses and is a CLU or a CPCU or has a Bachelor of Science degree or higher in risk management or insurance with evidence of 18 or more semester hours in insurance-related courses must also complete a minimum of 6 hours of elective continuing education courses every 2 years.

Section 35. Paragraph (c) of subsection (2) of section 626.292, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

- 626.292 Transfer of license from another state.-
- 1699 (2) To qualify for a license transfer, an individual applicant must meet the following requirements:

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(c) The individual must submit a completed application for this state which is received by the department within 90 days after the date the individual became a resident of this state, along with payment of the applicable fees set forth in s. 624.501 and submission of the following documents:

- 1. A certification issued by the appropriate official of the applicant's home state identifying the type of license and lines of authority under the license and stating that, at the time the license from the home state was canceled, the applicant was in good standing in that state or that the state's Producer Database records, maintained by the National Association of Insurance Commissioners, its affiliates, or subsidiaries, indicate that the agent or all-lines adjuster is or was licensed in good standing for the line of authority requested.
- 2. A set of the applicant's fingerprints in accordance with s. 626.171(4).

Section 36. Paragraph (h) of subsection (1) of section 626.611, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

- 626.611 Grounds for compulsory refusal, suspension, or revocation of agent's, title agency's, adjuster's, customer representative's, service representative's, or managing general agent's license or appointment.—
- (1) The department shall deny an application for, suspend, revoke, or refuse to renew or continue the license or appointment of any applicant, agent, title agency, adjuster,

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customer representative, service representative, or managing general agent, and it shall suspend or revoke the eligibility to hold a license or appointment of any such person, if it finds that as to the applicant, licensee, or appointee any one or more of the following applicable grounds exist:

(h) Demonstrated lack of <u>technical ability</u> reasonably adequate knowledge and technical competence <u>in the duties and</u> responsibilities deemed necessary by the department to engage in the transactions authorized by the license or appointment.

Section 37. Subsections (10) and (16) of section 626.621, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

626.621 Grounds for discretionary refusal, suspension, or revocation of agent's, adjuster's, customer representative's, service representative's, or managing general agent's license or appointment.—The department may, in its discretion, deny an application for, suspend, revoke, or refuse to renew or continue the license or appointment of any applicant, agent, adjuster, customer representative, service representative, or managing general agent, and it may suspend or revoke the eligibility to hold a license or appointment of any such person, if it finds that as to the applicant, licensee, or appointee any one or more of the following applicable grounds exist under circumstances for which such denial, suspension, revocation, or refusal is not mandatory under s. 626.611:

(10) Failure to inform the department in writing within 30

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days after pleading guilty or nolo contendere to, or being convicted or found guilty of, any felony or a crime punishable by imprisonment of 1 year or more, or a misdemeanor directly related to the financial services business, under the law of the United States or of any state thereof, or under the law of any other country without regard to whether a judgment of conviction has been entered by the court having jurisdiction of the case.

- (16) Taking an action that allows the personal financial or medical information of a consumer or customer to be made available or accessible to the general public, regardless of the format in which the record is stored.
- (a) The department, having good cause to believe that a licensee does not possess the proper knowledge as to the kinds of insurance for which the person is licensed, and of the pertinent provisions of the laws of this state, may, at any time, require him or her to submit to an examination or reexamination. Good cause as used in this paragraph must be construed to mean that a licensee's history of consumer complaints, violations of the insurance code, warnings, or other evidence is sufficient to indicate that he or she is not qualified to be licensed to transact insurance in this state.
- (b) Refusal or neglect of the licensee to submit to, or failing to secure a passing grade on, such examination or reexamination within 30 days after a written demand to retest shall be grounds for suspension or revocation of his or her

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1776 license.

Section 38. Subsection (1) of section 626.731, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

626.731 Qualifications for general lines agent's license.-

- (1) The department <u>may</u> shall not grant or issue a license as general lines agent to any individual found by it to be untrustworthy or incompetent or who does not meet each <u>all</u> of the following qualifications:
- (a) The applicant is a natural person at least 18 years of age.
- (b) The applicant is a United States citizen or legal alien who possesses work authorization from the United States Bureau of Citizenship and Immigration Services and is a bona fide resident of this state. An individual who is a bona fide resident of this state shall be deemed to meet the residence requirement of this paragraph, notwithstanding the existence at the time of application for license of a license in his or her name on the records of another state as a resident licensee of such other state, if the applicant furnishes a letter of clearance satisfactory to the department that the resident licenses have been canceled or changed to a nonresident basis and that he or she is in good standing.
- (c) The applicant's place of business will be located in this state and he or she will be actively engaged in the business of insurance and will maintain a place of business, the

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location of which is identifiable by and accessible to the public.

- (d) The license is not being sought for the purpose of writing or handling controlled business, in violation of s. 626.730.
- (e) The applicant is qualified as to knowledge, experience, or instruction in the business of insurance and meets the requirements provided in s. 626.732.
- (f) The applicant has passed any required examination for license required under s. 626.221.

Section 39. Subsection (2) of section 626.785, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

626.785 Qualifications for license.-

(2) An individual who is a bona fide resident of this state shall be deemed to meet the residence requirement of paragraph (1)(b), notwithstanding the existence at the time of application for license of a license in his or her name on the records of another state as a resident licensee of such other state, if the applicant furnishes a letter of clearance satisfactory to the department that the resident licenses have been canceled or changed to a nonresident basis and that he or she is in good standing.

Section 40. Section 626.831, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

626.831 Qualifications for license.-

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(1) The department <u>may</u> shall not grant or issue a license as health agent as to any individual found by it to be untrustworthy or incompetent, or who does not meet <u>all of</u> the following qualifications:

- $\underline{\text{(1)}}$ (a) Is Must be a natural person of at least 18 years of age.
- (2) (b) Is Must be a United States citizen or legal alien who possesses work authorization from the United States Bureau of Citizenship and Immigration Services and is a bona fide resident of this state.
- (3) (c) Is Must not be an employee of the United States Department of Veterans Affairs or state service office, as referred to in s. 626.833.
- $\underline{\text{(4)}}$ (d) Has taken Must take and passed pass any examination for license required under s. 626.221.
- $\underline{\text{(5)}}$ (e) Is Must be qualified as to knowledge, experience, or instruction in the business of insurance and $\underline{\text{meet}}$ the requirements relative thereto provided in s. 626.8311.
- (2) An individual who is a bona fide resident of this state shall be deemed to meet the residence requirement of paragraph (1)(b), notwithstanding the existence at the time of application for license of a license in his or her name on the records of another state as a resident licensee of such other state, if the applicant furnishes a letter of clearance satisfactory to the department that the resident licenses have

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Section 41. Subsection (6) of section 626.8417, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

626.8417 Title insurance agent licensure; exemptions.-

(6) If an attorney owns a corporation or other legal entity that is doing business as a title insurance agency, other than an entity engaged in the active practice of law, the agency must be licensed and appointed as a title insurance agency agent.

Section 42. Subsection (4) is added to section 626.843, Florida Statutes, to read:

626.843 Renewal, continuation, reinstatement, termination of title insurance agent's and title insurance agency's appointments.—

(4) The department must cancel appointments of a title insurance agency if the agency fails to pay the annual title insurance agency administrative surcharge under s. 624.501 by April 1 of each reporting year. The title insurance agency is not eligible for appointment until the title insurance agency pays the administrative surcharge.

Section 43. Subsection (5) of section 626.8473, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

626.8473 Escrow; trust fund.-

(5) The title insurance agency shall maintain separate

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records of all receipts and disbursements of escrow, settlement, or closing funds. The title insurance agency shall disclose all fees associated with closing services to the consumer before closing. The title insurance agency may not charge any fee that was not disclosed to the consumer as provided in this subsection.

Section 44. Subsections (4) and (5) are added to section 626.878, Florida Statutes, to read:

626.878 Rules; code of ethics.-

- (4) In order to ensure fair dealing in estimating losses, an adjuster shall adhere to any requirement established by rule when preparing and submitting a written estimate of loss. Such requirements cannot be waived by the insured or the insurance company.
- (5) The department may adopt rules to implement this section.

Section 45. Subsection (1) of section 626.927, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

626.927 Licensing of surplus lines agent.-

(1) Any individual, while licensed as a general lines agent under this code, and who has a minimum of 1 year of experience working for a licensed surplus lines agent, who has received a degree in insurance from an accredited institution of higher learning approved by the department which included 3 credit hours of instruction in surplus and excess lines, or who

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has successfully completed 60 class hours in surplus and excess lines in a course approved by the department, may, upon taking and successfully passing a written examination as to surplus lines, as given by the department, be licensed as a surplus lines agent solely for the purpose of placing with surplus lines insurers property, marine, casualty, or surety coverages originated by general lines agents.

Section 46. Subsections (11), (12), and (13) are added to section 626.938, Florida Statutes, to read:

626.938 Report and tax of independently procured coverages.—

(11) Each insured who in this state procures or causes to be procured or continues or renews insurance from another state or country with an unauthorized, foreign, or alien insurer legitimately licensed in that jurisdiction, or any self-insurer who in this state so procures or continues excess loss, catastrophe, or other insurance, upon a subject of insurance resident, located, or to be performed within this state shall maintain in his or her office in this state for a period of 3 years a full and true record of each insurance contract, including applications and all certificates, cover notes, and other forms of confirmation of insurance coverage and any substitutions or endorsements relative to the contract procured by the insured and showing any of the following items as may be applicable:

1926	(a) Amount of the insurance and perils insured against.
1927	(b) Brief general description of property insured and
1928	where located.
1929	(c) Gross premium charged.
1930	(d) Return premium collected, if any.
1931	(e) Rate of premium charged upon the several items of
1932	property.
1933	(f) Effective date of the contract, and the terms of the
1934	contract.
1935	(g) Name and address of the insured.
1936	(h) Name and home office address of the insurer.
1937	(i) Amount paid to the insurer.
1938	(j) Other information as may be required by the department
1939	or the Florida Surplus Lines Service Office.
1940	(12) The records must at all times be available for
1941	examination by the department or the Florida Surplus Lines
1942	Service Office, without prior notice, and must be maintained as
1943	provided in subsection (11).
1944	(13) Each unauthorized, foreign, or alien insurer or
1945	captive insurance company receiving premiums under this section
1946	shall, in accordance with s. 626.931(3) and (4) or, if not
1947	applicable, on or before March 31 of each year, file with the
1948	Florida Surplus Lines Service Office in the manner and form
1949	directed by the Florida Surplus Lines Service Office a verified
1950	report of all insurance transacted by such entity for insurance

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L951	risks	located	in	this	state	during	the	preceding	calendar	year.
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Section 47. Paragraph (t) of subsection (1) of section 626.9541, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

- 626.9541 Unfair methods of competition and unfair or deceptive acts or practices defined.—
- (1) UNFAIR METHODS OF COMPETITION AND UNFAIR OR DECEPTIVE ACTS.—The following are defined as unfair methods of competition and unfair or deceptive acts or practices:
- (t) Certain life insurance relations with funeral directors prohibited.—
- 1. No life insurer shall permit any funeral director or direct disposer to act as its representative, adjuster, claim agent, special claim agent, or agent for such insurer in soliciting, negotiating, or effecting contracts of life insurance on any plan or of any nature issued by such insurer or in collecting premiums for holders of any such contracts except as prescribed in $\underline{s. 626.785(2)}$ $\underline{s. 626.785(3)}$.
 - 2. No life insurer shall:

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- a. Affix, or permit to be affixed, advertising matter of any kind or character of any licensed funeral director or direct disposer to such policies of insurance.
- b. Circulate, or permit to be circulated, any such advertising matter with such insurance policies.
- c. Attempt in any manner or form to influence policyholders of the insurer to employ the services of any

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1976 particular licensed funeral director or direct disposer.

3. No such insurer shall maintain, or permit its agent to maintain, an office or place of business in the office, establishment, or place of business of any funeral director or direct disposer in this state.

Section 48. Section 627.70151, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

- 627.70151 Appraisal; conflicts of interest.—An insurer that offers residential coverage as defined in s. 627.4025, or a policyholder that uses an appraisal clause in a property insurance contract to establish a process for estimating or evaluating the amount of loss through the use of an impartial appraiser or umpire, may challenge an appraiser's or umpire's impartiality and disqualify the proposed appraiser or umpire only if:
- (1) A familial relationship within the third degree exists between the <u>appraiser or</u> umpire and a party or a representative of a party;
- (2) The <u>appraiser or</u> umpire has previously represented a party in a professional capacity in the same claim or matter involving the same property;
- (3) The <u>appraiser or</u> umpire has represented another person in a professional capacity on the same or a substantially related matter that includes the claim, the same property or an adjacent property, and the other person's interests are

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2001 materially adverse to the interests of a party; or

(4) The <u>appraiser or</u> umpire has worked as an employer or employee of a party within the preceding 5 years.

Section 49. Paragraphs (j), (k), and (l) of subsection (1) of section 627.776, Florida Statutes, are redesignated as paragraphs (k), (l), and (m), respectively, paragraph (a) of subsection (2) is amended, and a new paragraph (j) is added to subsection (l) of that section, to read:

- 627.776 Applicability or inapplicability of Florida Insurance Code provisions to title insurers.—
- (1) In addition to any other provisions of law applicable to title insurers, title insurers are subject to the following provisions of this code:
 - (j) Section 626.451.

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- (2) The following provisions of this code do not apply to title insurance:
- (a) Part I of chapter 626 (insurance representatives; licensing procedures and general requirements), except s. 626.451.
- Section 50. Paragraphs (b) and (f) of subsection (1) of section 631.271, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:
 - 631.271 Priority of claims.—
- 2023 (1) The priority of distribution of claims from the 2024 insurer's estate shall be in accordance with the order in which 2025 each class of claims is set forth in this subsection. Every

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claim in each class shall be paid in full or adequate funds shall be retained for such payment before the members of the next class may receive any payment. No subclasses may be established within any class. The order of distribution of claims shall be:

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(b) Class 2.—All claims under policies for losses incurred, including third-party claims, all claims against the insurer for liability for bodily injury or for injury to or destruction of tangible property which claims are not under policies, all claims of a guaranty association or foreign guaranty association, and all claims related to a patient's health care coverage by physicians, hospitals, and other providers of a health insurer or health maintenance organization. All claims under life insurance and annuity policies, whether for death proceeds, annuity proceeds, or investment values, shall be treated as loss claims. That portion of any loss, indemnification for which is provided by other benefits or advantages recovered by the claimant, may not be included in this class, other than benefits or advantages recovered or recoverable in discharge of familial obligations of support or by way of succession at death or as proceeds of life insurance, or as gratuities. No payment by an employer to her or his employee may be treated as a gratuity. Notwithstanding any other provision of this part, the following claims are excluded from Class 2 priority and must be paid as claims in Class 6:

2051	1. Obligations of the insolvent insurer arising out of
2052	reinsurance contracts; and
2053	2. Claims against the insurer for bad faith or wrongful
2054	settlement practices.
2055	(f) Class 6.—Claims of general creditors, including claims
2056	under reinsurance contracts and claims of other unsecured
2057	creditors not included in Classes 1-5 or Classes 7-11.
2058	Section 51. Section 633.139, Florida Statutes, is created
2059	to read:
2060	633.139 Firefighter recruitment and retention bonus
2061	program.—
2062	(1) For the purposes of this section, the term:
2063	(a) "Division" means the Division of State Fire Marshal
2064	within the Department of Financial Services.
2065	(b) "Fire service provider" means a municipality or
2066	county, the state, the division, or any political subdivision of
2067	the state, including authorities and special districts, that
2068	employs firefighters to provide fire extinguishment or fire
2069	prevention services for the protection of life and property. The
2070	term includes any organization under contract or other agreement
2071	with such entity to provide such services.
2072	(c) "Firefighter" has the same meaning as provided in s.
2073	<u>633.102.</u>
2074	(d) "Newly employed firefighter" means a person who gains
2075	or is appointed to full-time employment as a certified

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firefighter with a fire service provider on or after July 1,

2025, and who has never before been employed as a firefighter in
this state.

(e) "Program" means the Florida Firefighter Recruitment Bonus Payment Program.

- (2) There is created within the department the Florida
 Firefighter Recruitment Bonus Payment Program to aid in the
 recruitment of firefighters within this state. The purpose of
 the program is to administer one-time bonus payments of up to
 \$5,000 to each newly employed firefighter within this state.
 Bonus payments provided to eligible newly employed firefighters
 are contingent upon legislative appropriations and must be
 prorated subject to the amount appropriated for the program.
- (3) Each bonus payment must be adjusted to include 7.65 percent for the newly employed firefighter's share of Federal Insurance Contributions Act tax on the payment.
- (4) The department shall develop an annual plan for the administration of the program and distribution of bonus payments. Applicable employing fire service providers shall assist the department with the collection of any data necessary to determine bonus payment amounts and to distribute the bonus payments and shall otherwise provide the department with any information or assistance needed to fulfill the requirements of this section. At a minimum, the plan must include:
 - (a) The method for determining the estimated number of

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2101 newly employed firefighters to gain or be appointed to full-time 2102 employment during the applicable fiscal year.

- (b) The minimum eligibility requirements that a newly employed firefighter must meet to receive and retain a bonus payment, which must include all of the following:
- 1. Obtain certification for employment or appointment as a firefighter pursuant to s. 633.408.
 - 2. Gain full-time employment with a fire service provider.
- 3. Maintain continuous full-time employment with a fire service provider for at least 2 years from the date on which the firefighter obtained certification. The required 2-year employment period must be with the same employing fire service provider.
- (c) The method that will be used to determine the bonus payment amount to be distributed to each newly employed firefighter.
- (d) The method that will be used to distribute bonus payments to applicable employing fire service providers for distribution to eligible firefighters. Such method should prioritize distributing bonus payments to eligible firefighters in the most efficient and expedient manner possible.
- (e) The estimated cost to the department associated with developing and administering the program and distributing bonus payment funds.
 - (f) The method by which a firefighter must reimburse the

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state if he or she receives a bonus payment under the program but fails to maintain continuous employment for the required 2-year period. Reimbursement may not be required if a firefighter is discharged by his or her employing fire service provider for a reason other than misconduct. The department may establish other criteria deemed necessary to determine bonus payment eligibility and distribution.

- (5) The department shall consult quarterly with the division to verify the certification of newly employed firefighters and any separation from employment of newly employed firefighters submitted to the division.
- Office of the Governor's Office of Policy and Budget, the chair of the Senate Appropriations Committee, and the chair of the House Appropriations Committee by October 1 annually. The department is authorized to submit budget amendments pursuant to chapter 216 as necessary to release appropriated funds for distribution to applicable employing agencies under this program.
- (7) The funding allocation for the bonus payments must be used solely to comply with the requirements of this section, but applicable collective bargaining units are not otherwise precluded from wage negotiation.
- (8) The department shall adopt rules to implement this section.

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2151 (9) This section expires July 1, 2028.

Section 52. Paragraph (b) of subsection (2) and subsections (3) and (7) of section 633.216, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

- 633.216 Inspection of buildings and equipment; orders; firesafety inspection training requirements; certification; disciplinary action.—The State Fire Marshal and her or his agents or persons authorized to enforce laws and rules of the State Fire Marshal shall, at any reasonable hour, when the State Fire Marshal has reasonable cause to believe that a violation of this chapter or s. 509.215, or a rule adopted thereunder, or a minimum firesafety code adopted by the State Fire Marshal or a local authority, may exist, inspect any and all buildings and structures which are subject to the requirements of this chapter or s. 509.215 and rules adopted thereunder. The authority to inspect shall extend to all equipment, vehicles, and chemicals which are located on or within the premises of any such building or structure.
- (2) Except as provided in s. 633.312(2), every firesafety inspection conducted pursuant to state or local firesafety requirements shall be by a person certified as having met the inspection training requirements set by the State Fire Marshal. Such person shall meet the requirements of s. 633.412(1)-(4), and:
 - (b) 1. Have satisfactorily completed, as determined by

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division rule, a firesafety inspector training program of at least 200 hours established by the department and administered by education or training providers approved by the department for the purpose of providing basic certification training for firesafety inspectors; or

- 2. Have received training in another state which is determined by the division to be at least equivalent to that required by the department for approved firesafety inspector education and training programs in this state.
- (3) A firefighter certified pursuant to s. 633.408 may conduct firesafety inspections, under the supervision of a certified firesafety inspector, while on duty as a member of a fire department company conducting inservice firesafety inspections without being certified as a firesafety inspector, if such firefighter has satisfactorily completed an inservice fire department company inspector training program of at least 24 hours' duration as provided by rule of the department. The inservice training does not allow a certified inspector whose certification has lapsed to continue serving as a firesafety inspector.
- (7) The State Fire Marshal shall develop by rule an advanced training and certification program for firesafety inspectors having fire code management responsibilities. The program must be consistent with the appropriate provisions of NFPA $\frac{1030}{1037}$, or similar standards adopted by $\frac{1030}{1037}$, by the

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division, and establish minimum training, education, and experience levels for firesafety inspectors having fire code management responsibilities.

Section 53. Subsection (3) of section 634.3077, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

634.3077 Financial requirements.-

- unearned premium reserve if it has purchased contractual liability insurance which demonstrates to the satisfaction of the office that 100 percent of its claim exposure is covered by the liability insurance policy such insurance. Such contractual liability insurance must shall be obtained from an insurer or insurers that hold a certificate of authority to do business within the state or from an insurer or insurers approved by the office as financially capable of meeting the obligations incurred pursuant to the policy. For purposes of this subsection, the contractual liability policy must shall contain the following provisions:
- (a) In the event that the home warranty association is unable to fulfill its obligation under its contracts issued in this state for any reason, including insolvency, bankruptcy, or dissolution, the contractual liability insurer will pay losses and unearned premiums under such plans directly to persons making claims under such contracts.
 - (b) The insurer issuing the policy shall assume full

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responsibility for the administration of claims in the event of the inability of the association to do so.

- (c) The policy may not be canceled or not renewed by the insurer or the association unless 60 days' written notice thereof has been given to the office by the insurer before the date of such cancellation or nonrenewal.
- (d) The contractual liability insurance policy $\underline{\text{must}}$ $\underline{\text{shall}}$ insure all $\underline{\text{covered}}$ home warranty contracts that were issued while the policy was in effect $\underline{\text{regardless of}}$ whether $\underline{\text{or not}}$ the premium has been remitted to the insurer.
- (e) The contractual liability insurance policy may either pay 100 percent of claims as they are incurred or pay 100 percent of claims due in the event of the association's failure to pay such claims when due.

Section 54. Paragraph (a) of subsection (3) of section 634.406, Florida Statutes, is amended, and paragraph (g) is added to that subsection, to read:

634.406 Financial requirements.-

(3) An association will not be required to establish an unearned premium reserve if it has purchased contractual liability insurance which demonstrates to the satisfaction of the office that 100 percent of its claim exposure is covered by such policy. The contractual liability insurance shall be obtained from an insurer that holds a certificate of authority to do business within the state. For the purposes of this

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subsection, the contractual liability policy shall contain the following provisions:

- (a) In the event that the service warranty association does not fulfill its obligation under <u>covered</u> contracts issued in this state for any reason, including insolvency, bankruptcy, or dissolution, the contractual liability insurer will pay losses and unearned premium refunds under such plans directly to the person making a claim under the contract.
- (g) The contractual liability insurance policy may either pay 100 percent of claims as they are incurred or pay 100 percent of claims due in the event of the failure of the association to pay such claims when due.

Section 55. Subsection (2) of section 648.33, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

648.33 Bail bond rates.-

(2) It is unlawful for a bail bond agent to execute a bail bond without charging a premium therefor, and the premium rate may not exceed or be less than the premium rate as filed with and approved by the office. Bail bond agents may collect the exact amount of any discount, or other such fee charged by a credit card facility in connection with the use of a credit card, in addition to the premium required by the insurer.

Section 56. Subsection (3) of section 791.013, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

791.013 Testing and approval of sparklers; penalties.-

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(3) For purposes of the testing requirement by this
section, the division shall perform such tests as are necessary
to determine compliance with the performance standards in the
definition of sparklers, pursuant to s. 791.01. The State Fire
Marshal shall adopt, by rule, procedures for testing products to
determine compliance with this chapter. The Division of
Investigative and Forensic Services shall dispose of any samples
which remain after testing.
Section 57. Subsection (1) of section 1001.281, Florida
Statutes, is amended to read:
1001.281 Operating Trust Fund

The Operating Trust Fund, FLAIR number 48-2-510, is created within the Department of Education.

Section 58. Subsection (1) of section 1001.282, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

1001.282 Administrative Trust Fund.-

The Administrative Trust Fund, FLAIR number 48-2-021, is created within the Department of Education.

Section 59. This act shall take effect July 1, 2025.

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