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A bill to be entitled An act relating to education; amending s. 251.001, F.S.; providing tuition assistance to active members of the Florida State Guard; providing requirements for such assistance; amending s. 446.032, F.S.; revising the submission date for a certain annual report; amending s. 446.041, F.S.; revising duties of the Department of Education for the apprenticeship training program; amending s. 1000.05, F.S.; renaming the "Florida Educational Equity Act" as the "Florida Educational Equality Act"; revising terminology; revising requirements for the Commissioner of Education to determine whether equal opportunities are available relating to certain athletics; requiring, rather than authorizing, public schools and Florida College System institutions to provide specified accommodations based on sex; deleting a requirement that public schools and Florida College System institutions develop and implement specified strategies and methods for specified student participation; revising the functions of the Office of Equal Educational Opportunity; requiring the State Board of Education to enforce compliance; removing duplicative reporting requirements; creating s. 1000.055, F.S.; establishing Title IX investigative

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procedures; amending s. 1000.21, F.S.; changing the name of "Hillsborough Community College" to "Hillsborough State College"; amending s. 1001.64, F.S.; requiring the State Board of Education to approve the appointment, reappointment, and contract extensions of Florida College System institution presidents; providing limitations for the reappointment of and extension of terms of such presidents to 1-year terms; amending s. 1001.706, F.S.; deleting a provision requiring the Board of Governors to be in compliance with certain provisions relating to construction contracts with minority business enterprises; amending s. 1002.20, F.S.; conforming provisions to changes made by the act; amending s. 1003.42, F.S.; conforming a crossreference; amending s. 1004.02, F.S.; revising terminology; amending s. 1004.04, F.S.; revising the requirements for teacher preparation programs to include strategies for the effective use of highquality instructional materials to deliver classroom instruction; amending s. 1004.42, F.S.; revising the principal focus of the Florida State University College of Medicine; amending s. 1004.85, F.S.; revising the requirements for educator preparation institutes to include strategies for the effective use

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of high-quality instructional materials to deliver classroom instruction; amending s. 1004.91, F.S.; conforming provisions to changes made by the act; amending s. 1004.933, F.S.; revising the eligibility criteria for the Graduation Alternative to Traditional Education (GATE) Program; amending s. 1005.06, F.S.; providing that certain colleges and schools are not exempt from licensure by the Commission for Independent Education; amending s. 1006.60, F.S.; providing that postsecondary institutions have the burden to prove by clear and convincing evidence that a violation of the student code of conduct has taken place, rather than by a preponderance of the evidence; providing requirements for clear and convincing evidence; amending s. 1006.71, F.S.; conforming provisions to changes made by the act; amending s. 1007.25, F.S.; revising the period of time for state universities and Florida College System institutions to submit comments for proposed associate in arts specialized transfer degrees; amending s. 1007.271, F.S.; conforming provisions to changes made by the act; amending s. 1007.34, F.S.; revising the criteria for preferential selection of a college reach-out program; revising the requirements for proposals for such programs; amending s. 1007.35, F.S.; renaming the

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"Florida Partnership for Minority and Underrepresented Student Achievement" as the "Florida Partnership for Underrepresented Student Achievement"; revising legislative intent; revising the mission of the partnership; amending s. 1008.37, F.S.; revising the submission date for a certain annual report; revising requirements of the report; amending s. 1008.44, F.S.; revising the requirements for the CAPE Industry Certification Funding List; amending s. 1009.21, F.S.; defining the term "nonresident online"; amending s. 1009.22, F.S.; conforming provisions to changes made by the act; amending s. 1009.23, F.S.; revising the criteria for students who may receive specified assistance; amending s. 1009.25, F.S.; conforming provisions to changes made by the act; amending s. 1009.26, F.S.; removing the eligibility requirement that restricts waivers to incoming undergraduate students; removing the maximum number of new annual waivers; amending s. 1009.40, F.S.; conforming provisions to changes made by the act; amending s. 1009.532, F.S.; providing that students are expelled or are found quilty of a felony charge are ineligible for the renewal of a Florida Bright Futures scholarship award; amending s. 1009.536, F.S.; revising the eligibility criteria for the Florida Gold

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Seal CAPE Scholars award; authorizing GATE program students to apply for the Florida Gold Seal CAPE scholar award within a specified timeframe; repealing s. 1009.60, F.S., relating to the Minority teacher education scholars program; repealing s. 1009.605, F.S., relating to the Florida Fund for Minority Teachers, Inc.; repealing s. 1009.70, F.S., relating to the Florida Education Fund; repealing s. 1009.72, F.S., relating to the Jose Marti Scholarship Challenge Grant Program; amending 1009.897, F.S.; providing requirements for the use of funding from the PIPELINE Fund; amending s. 1009.94, F.S.; conforming provisions to changes made by the act; amending s. 1011.801, F.S.; revising eligibility criteria for eligible students for the Workforce Development Capitalization Incentive Grant Program; amending s. 1011.802, F.S.; authorizing state universities to receive a grant through the Florida Pathways to Career Opportunities Grant Program; amending s. 1011.84, F.S.; revising the components for calculating each Florida College System institutions' apportionment of state fund; revising Florida College System institution requirements relating to unencumbered balances in specified budgets; repealing s. 1011.86, F.S., relating to Educational leadership enhancement grants; amending s.

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HB 1307 2025

126	1012.56, F.S.; requiring professional learning
127	certification program courses to include strategies
128	for the effective utilization of high-quality
129	instructional materials to deliver classroom
130	instruction; amending s. 1012.562, F.S.; revising
131	specified standards for school leader preparation
132	programs; requiring such programs to include
133	strategies for the effective utilization of high-
134	quality instructional materials to deliver classroom
135	instruction; amending s. 1013.46, F.S.; deleting a
136	provision authorizing specified entities to set asides
137	specified funds for construction contracts with
138	minority business enterprises; amending s. 1013.841,
139	F.S.; revising the requirements for reserve balances
140	and carry forward provisions for Florida College
141	System institutions; providing an effective date.
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143	Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:
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145	Section 1. Subsection (9) of section 251.001, Florida
146	Statutes, is amended to read:
147	251.001 Florida State Guard Act
148	(9) REIMBURSEMENT, BENEFIT, AND COMPENSATION
149	(a) The division shall reimburse members of the Florida

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State Guard for per diem and travel expenses incurred to attend

CODING: Words stricken are deletions; words underlined are additions.

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required training or in the course of active service as provided in s. 112.061.

- (b) Members of the Florida State Guard may be compensated for time spent training or in the course of active service at rates established by the director, subject to appropriation.
- (c) A member of the Florida State Guard may not make any purchase or enter into any contract or agreement for purchases or services as a charge against the state without the authority of the director.
- (d) As a benefit to the active members of the Florida

 State Guard, subject to approval by the director of the Division of the State Guard, each state university and Florida College

 System institution shall waive tuition and fees for active members of the Florida State Guard to enroll for up to 6 credit hours of courses per term on a space-available basis.

Section 2. Subsection (2) of section 446.032, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

- 446.032 General duties of the department for apprenticeship training.—The department shall:
- (2) By November 30 September 1 of each year, publish an annual report on apprenticeship and preapprenticeship programs. The report must be published on the department's website and, at a minimum, include all of the following:
- (a) A list of registered apprenticeship and preapprenticeship programs, sorted by local educational agency,

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as defined in s. 1004.02(18), and apprenticeship sponsor, under s. 446.071.

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- (b) A detailed summary of each local educational agency's expenditure of funds for apprenticeship and preapprenticeship programs, including:
- 1. The total amount of funds received for apprenticeship and preapprenticeship programs.
- 2. The total amount of funds allocated by training provider, program, and occupation.
- 3. The total amount of funds expended for administrative costs by training provider, program, and occupation.
- 4. The total amount of funds expended for instructional costs by training provider, program, and occupation.
- (c) The number of apprentices and preapprentices per trade and occupation.
- (d) The percentage of apprentices and preapprentices who complete their respective programs in the appropriate timeframe.
- (e) Information and resources related to applications for new apprenticeship programs and technical assistance and requirements for potential applicants.
- (f) Documentation of activities conducted by the department to promote apprenticeship and preapprenticeship programs through public engagement, community-based partnerships, and other initiatives and the outcomes of such activities and their impact on establishing or expanding

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apprenticeship and preapprenticeship programs.

202	(g) Retention and completion rates of participants
203	disaggregated by training provider, program, and occupation.
204	(h) Wage progression of participants as demonstrated by
205	starting, exit, and postapprenticeship wages at 1 and 5 years
206	after participants exit the program.
207	Section 3. Subsection (12) of section 446.041, Florida
208	Statutes, is amended to read:
209	446.041 Duties of the department.—The department shall:
210	(12) Ensure that minority and gender diversity are
211	considered in administering this program.
212	Section 4. Subsections (6) through (9) of section 1000.05,
213	Florida Statutes, are renumbered as subsections (5) through (8),
214	respectively, and subsection (1), paragraph (d) of subsection
215	(2), paragraphs (d) and (e) of subsection (3), and subsection
216	(5) and present subsection (7) of section 1000.05, Florida

1000.05 Discrimination against students and employees in the Florida K-20 public education system prohibited; equality of access required.—

- (1) This section may be cited as the "Florida Educational Equality Equity Act."
 - (2)

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(d) Students may be separated by sex for a <u>single-sex</u> single-gender program, for any portion of a class that deals

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CODING: Words stricken are deletions; words underlined are additions.

Statutes, are amended to read:

with human reproduction, or during participation in bodily contact sports. For the purpose of this section, bodily contact sports include wrestling, boxing, rugby, ice hockey, football, basketball, and other sports in which the purpose or major activity involves bodily contact.

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- (d) A public K-20 educational institution which operates or sponsors interscholastic, intercollegiate, club, or intramural athletics shall provide equal athletic opportunity for members of both sexes.
- 1. The Board of Governors shall determine whether equal opportunities are available at state universities.
- 2. The Commissioner of Education shall determine whether equal opportunities are available in school districts and Florida College System institutions. In determining whether equal opportunities are available in school districts and Florida College System institutions, the Commissioner of Education shall consider, among other factors:
- a. Whether the selection of sports and levels of competition effectively accommodate the interests and abilities of members of both sexes.
 - b. The provision of equipment and supplies.
 - c. Scheduling of games and practice times.
 - d. Travel and per diem allowances.
- e. Opportunities to receive coaching and academic

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251	tutoring
$\angle \cup \perp$	tutoring.

- f. Assignment and compensation of coaches and tutors.
- g. Provision of locker room, practice, and competitive facilities.
 - h. Provision of medical and training facilities and services.
 - i. Provision of housing and dining facilities and services.
 - j. Publicity.

Unequal aggregate expenditures for members of each sex or unequal expenditures for male and female teams if a public school or Florida College System institution operates or sponsors separate teams do not constitute nonimplementation of this subsection, but the Commissioner of Education shall consider the failure to provide necessary funds for teams for one sex in assessing equality of opportunity for members of each sex.

- (e) A public school or Florida College System institution must may provide separate toilet, locker room, and shower facilities on the basis of sex, and gender, but such facilities shall be comparable to such facilities provided for students of the other sex.
- (5) Public schools and Florida College System institutions shall develop and implement methods and strategies to increase

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the participation of students of a particular race, color, national origin, sex, disability, or marital status in programs and courses in which students of that particular race, color, national origin, sex, disability, or marital status have been traditionally underrepresented, including, but not limited to, mathematics, science, computer technology, electronics, communications technology, engineering, and career education.

- (6) (7) The <u>function</u> <u>functions</u> of the Office of Equal Educational Opportunity of the Department of Education shall <u>be</u> to review compliance with <u>include</u>, but are not limited to:
- (a) Requiring all district school boards and Florida

 College System institution boards of trustees to develop and submit plans for the implementation of this section to the Department of Education.
- (b) Conducting periodic reviews of school districts and Florida College System institutions to determine compliance with this section and, after a finding that a school district or a Florida College System institution is not in compliance with this section, notifying the entity of the steps that it must take to attain compliance and performing followup monitoring.
- (c) Providing technical assistance, including assisting school districts or Florida College System institutions in identifying unlawful discrimination and instructing them in remedies for correction and prevention of such discrimination and performing followup monitoring.

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(d) Conducting studies of the effectiveness of methods and strategies designed to increase the participation of students in programs and courses in which students of a particular race, color, national origin, sex, disability, or marital status have been traditionally underrepresented and monitoring the success of students in such programs or courses, including performing followup monitoring.

(e) Requiring all district school boards and Florida
College System institution boards of trustees to submit data and information necessary to determine compliance with this section.
The Commissioner of Education shall prescribe the format and the date for submission of such data and any other educational equity data. If any board does not submit the required compliance data or other required educational equity data by the prescribed date, the commissioner shall notify the board of this fact and, if the board does not take appropriate action to immediately submit the required report, the State Board of Education shall impose monetary sanctions.

(f) Based upon rules of the State Board of Education, developing and implementing enforcement mechanisms with appropriate penalties to ensure that public K-12 schools and Florida College System institutions comply with Title IX of the Education Amendments of 1972 and subsection (3) of this section. However, The State Board of Education may not force a public school or Florida College System institution to conduct, nor

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penalize such entity for not conducting, a program of athletic activity or athletic scholarship for female athletes unless it is an athletic activity approved for women by a recognized association whose purpose is to promote athletics and a conference or league exists to promote interscholastic or intercollegiate competition for women in that athletic activity.

- (g) Reporting to The Commissioner of Education and the State Board of Education shall use the authority provided pursuant to s. 1008.32 to enforce compliance with this section any district school board or Florida College System institution board of trustees found to be out of compliance with rules of the State Board of Education adopted as required by paragraph (f) or paragraph (3) (d). To penalize the board, the State Board of Education shall:
- 1. Declare the school district or Florida College System institution ineligible for competitive state grants.
- 2. Notwithstanding the provisions of s. 216.192, direct the Chief Financial Officer to withhold general revenue funds sufficient to obtain compliance from the school district or Florida College System institution.

The school district or Florida College System institution shall remain ineligible and the funds shall not be paid until the institution comes into compliance or the State Board of Education approves a plan for compliance.

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351	Section 5. Section 1000.055, Florida Statutes, is created						
352	to read:						
353	1000.055 Sex discrimination; investigation procedures and						
354	rules; protections and requirements applicable to public						
355	postsecondary educational institutions						
356	(1) For purposes of this section, the term "institutions"						
357	means Florida College System institutions and state						
358	universities.						
359	(2) In addition to the applicable provisions of ss.						
360	1000.05 and 1006.60 for institutions, the following protections						
361	and requirements apply to all investigations and adjudication of						
362	complaints involving allegations of sex discrimination under						
363	Title IX of the Education Amendments of 1972 conducted by each						
364	institution in the state:						
365	(a) Evaluation of evidence and treatment of parties.—Each						
366	institution shall objectively evaluate all relevant information						
367	and inculpatory evidence and ensure that processes and						
368	procedures adopted by the institution treat both parties						
369	equally.						
370	(b) Review of evidence and investigative reports.—At least						
371	10 business days before any disciplinary proceeding, each						
372	institution shall provide the opportunity for all parties to						
373	review and inspect all evidence and relevant information,						
374	investigative reports, evidentiary summaries, and any other						
375	information that will be relied upon by the institution in the						

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disciplinary proceeding or hearing.

- (c) Investigator model.—The Title IX coordinator or investigator responsible for investigating allegations of sex discrimination may not serve as a decisionmaker.
- (d) Written determination.—The decisionmaker must issue a written determination regarding the responsibility of the respondent.
- (e) Standard of proof.—Institutions have the burden to prove, by clear and convincing evidence, that a violation has taken place. Clear and convincing evidence means that the evidence and information presented supports the finding that it is highly probable that sex discrimination occurred.
- (f) Hostile environment harassment.—Hostile environment harassment is unwelcome conduct determined by a reasonable person to be so severe, pervasive, and objectively offensive that such conduct effectively denies a person equal access to the person's education program or activity.
- (g) Public posting of training materials.—All materials used to train employees, investigators, coordinators, decisionmakers, and any other person who facilitates informal resolutions must be made publicly available. Each institution must make these training materials publicly available on their website or, if an institution does not maintain a website, training materials must be made available upon request for public inspection for members of the public.

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Retaliation prohibited.—An institution or person may not intimidate, threaten, coerce, or discriminate against any person for the purpose of interfering with any right or privilege secured by Title IX of the Education Amendments of 1972, or because the person has made a report or complaint, testified, assisted, or participated or refused to participate in any manner in an investigation, a proceeding, or a hearing involving allegations of sex discrimination. (3) In addition to the requirements in subsection (2), any investigation and adjudication of complaints involving allegations of sex discrimination under Title IX of the Education Amendments Act of 1972 conducted by an institution must provide for an in-person hearing. At the hearing, the decisionmakers must permit each party's advisor to ask the other party and any witnesses all relevant questions and followup questions, including questions challenging credibility. Such cross examination at the live hearing must be conducted directly, orally, and in real time by the party's advisor of choice and never by a party personally, notwithstanding the discretion of the school to permit, at the request of either party, to allow parties to be located in separate rooms with technology enabling the decisionmakers and parties to simultaneously see and hear the party or witness answering questions.

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The State Board of Education and the Board of

Governors, respectively, shall require each Florida College

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427	System institution to adopt, by rule, and each state university
428	to adopt, by regulation, policies and procedures required by
429	this section.
430	Section 6. Paragraph (j) of subsection (5) of section
431	1000.21, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
432	1000.21 Systemwide definitions.—As used in the Florida
433	Early Learning-20 Education Code:
434	(5) "Florida College System institution" except as
435	otherwise specifically provided, includes all of the following
436	public postsecondary educational institutions in the Florida
437	College System and any branch campuses, centers, or other
438	affiliates of the institution:
439	(j) Hillsborough <u>State</u> Community College, which serves
440	Hillsborough County.

Section 7. Subsection (19) of section 1001.64, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

- 1001.64 Florida College System institution boards of trustees; powers and duties.—
- (19) Each board of trustees shall appoint, suspend, or remove the president of the Florida College System institution.

 The appointment, reappointment, and extension of a term of a Florida College System institution president, including associated contracts, must be approved by the State Board of Education. The reappointment and the extension of a term for

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such presidents is limited to 1-year terms. The board of trustees may appoint a search committee. The board of trustees shall conduct annual evaluations of the president in accordance with rules of the State Board of Education and submit such evaluations to the State Board of Education for review. The evaluation must address the achievement of the performance goals established by the accountability process implemented pursuant to s. 1008.45.

Section 8. Paragraph (d) of subsection (7) of section 1001.706, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

- 1001.706 Powers and duties of the Board of Governors.-
- (7) POWERS AND DUTIES RELATING TO PROPERTY.-

(d) The Board of Governors, or the board's designee, shall ensure compliance with the provisions of s. 287.09451 for all procurement and ss. 255.101 and 255.102 for construction contracts, and rules adopted pursuant thereto, relating to the utilization of minority business enterprises, except that procurements costing less than the amount provided for in CATEGORY FIVE as provided in s. 287.017 shall not be subject to s. 287.09451.

Section 9. Paragraph (a) of subsection (6) of section 1002.20, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

1002.20 K-12 student and parent rights.—Parents of public school students must receive accurate and timely information regarding their child's academic progress and must be informed

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of ways they can help their child to succeed in school. K-12 students and their parents are afforded numerous statutory rights including, but not limited to, the following:

(6) EDUCATIONAL CHOICE.

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Public educational school choices.—Parents of public school students may seek any public educational school choice options that are applicable and available to students throughout the state. These options may include controlled open enrollment, single-sex single-gender programs, lab schools, virtual instruction programs, charter schools, charter technical career centers, magnet schools, alternative schools, special programs, auditory-oral education programs, advanced placement, dual enrollment, International Baccalaureate, International General Certificate of Secondary Education (pre-AICE), CAPE digital tools, CAPE industry certifications, early college programs, Advanced International Certificate of Education, early admissions, credit by examination or demonstration of competency, the New World School of the Arts, the Florida School for the Deaf and the Blind, and the Florida Virtual School. These options may also include the public educational choice option of the Opportunity Scholarship Program.

Section 10. Paragraph (g) of subsection (2) of section 1003.42, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

- 1003.42 Required instruction.—
- (2) Members of the instructional staff of the public

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schools, subject to the rules of the State Board of Education and the district school board, shall teach efficiently and faithfully, using the books and materials required that meet the highest standards for professionalism and historical accuracy, following the prescribed courses of study, and employing approved methods of instruction, the following:

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(g)1. The history of the Holocaust (1933-1945), the systematic, planned annihilation of European Jews and other groups by Nazi Germany, a watershed event in the history of humanity, to be taught in a manner that leads to an investigation of human behavior, an understanding of the ramifications of prejudice, racism, and stereotyping, and an examination of what it means to be a responsible and respectful person, for the purposes of encouraging tolerance of diversity in a pluralistic society and for nurturing and protecting democratic values and institutions, including the policy, definition, and historical and current examples of antisemitism, as described in s. 1000.05(7) s. 1000.05(8), and the prevention of antisemitism. Each school district must annually certify and provide evidence to the department, in a manner prescribed by the department, that the requirements of this paragraph are met. The department shall prepare and offer standards and curriculum for the instruction required by this paragraph and may seek input from the Commissioner of Education's Task Force on Holocaust Education or from any state or nationally recognized

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Holocaust educational organizations. The department may contract with any state or nationally recognized Holocaust educational organizations to develop training for instructional personnel and grade-appropriate classroom resources to support the developed curriculum.

2. The second week in November shall be designated as "Holocaust Education Week" in this state in recognition that November is the anniversary of Kristallnacht, widely recognized as a precipitating event that led to the Holocaust.

The State Board of Education is encouraged to adopt standards and pursue assessment of the requirements of this subsection. Instructional programming that incorporates the values of the recipients of the Congressional Medal of Honor and that is offered as part of a social studies, English Language Arts, or other schoolwide character building and veteran awareness initiative meets the requirements of paragraph (u).

Section 11. Subsections (3) and (23) of section 1004.02, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

1004.02 Definitions.—As used in this chapter:

(3) "Adult general education" means comprehensive instructional programs designed to improve the employability of the state's workforce through adult basic education, adult secondary education, English for Speakers of Other Languages, academic skills building applied academics for adult education

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instruction, and instruction for adults with disabilities.

(23) "Academic skills building" Applied academics for adult education" or "applied academics instruction" means adult general education through which persons attain academic and workforce readiness skills at the level of functional literacy (grade levels 6.0-8.9) or higher so that such persons may pursue technical certificate education or higher-level technical education.

Section 12. Paragraph (b) of subsection (2) of section 1004.04, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

1004.04 Public accountability and state approval $\underline{\text{of}}$ for teacher preparation programs.—

- (2) UNIFORM CORE CURRICULA AND CANDIDATE ASSESSMENT .-
- (b) The rules to establish uniform core curricula for each state-approved teacher preparation program must include, but are not limited to, the following:
- 1. Candidate instruction and assessment in the Florida Educator Accomplished Practices across content areas.
- 2. The use of state-adopted content standards to guide curricula and instruction.
- 3. Scientifically researched and evidence-based reading instructional strategies grounded in the science of reading which improve reading performance for all students, including explicit, systematic, and sequential approaches to teaching phonemic awareness, phonics, vocabulary, fluency, and text

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comprehension and multisensory intervention strategies. The primary instructional strategy for teaching word reading is phonics instruction for decoding and encoding. Instructional strategies for foundational skills may not employ the three-cueing system model of reading or visual memory as a basis for teaching word reading. Instructional strategies may include visual information and strategies that improve background and experiential knowledge, add context, and increase oral language and vocabulary to support comprehension, but may not be used to teach word reading.

4. Content literacy and mathematics practices.

- 5. Strategies appropriate for the instruction of English language learners.
- 6. Strategies appropriate for the instruction of students with disabilities.
- 7. Strategies to differentiate instruction based on student needs.
- 8. Strategies for the effective use of high-quality instructional materials to deliver classroom instruction. This instruction must focus on teaching candidates how to implement and integrate high-quality instructional materials as provided, ensuring adherence to the intended instructional design of the materials. Candidates will learn methods to maximize learning outcomes by leveraging the structured content, pacing guides, and assessment tools included in the high-quality instructional

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materials, without altering or restructuring the curriculum and practices to support evidence-based content aligned to state standards and grading practices.

- 9. Strategies appropriate for the early identification of a student in crisis or experiencing a mental health challenge and the referral of such student to a mental health professional for support.
- 10. Strategies to support the use of technology in education and distance learning.
- 11. Strategies and practices to support effective, research-based assessment and grading practices aligned to the state's academic standards.

Section 13. Subsection (1) of section 1004.42, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

1004.42 Florida State University College of Medicine.-

(1) CREATION.—There is hereby established a 4-year allopathic medical school within the Florida State University, to be known as the Florida State University College of Medicine, with a principal focus on recruiting and training medical professionals to meet the primary health care needs of the state, especially the needs of the state's elderly, rural, minority, and other underserved citizens.

Section 14. Paragraph (a) of subsection (2) of section 1004.85, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

1004.85 Postsecondary educator preparation institutes.-

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(2) (a) Postsecondary institutions that are accredited or approved as described in State Board of Education rule may seek approval from the Department of Education to create educator preparation institutes for the purpose of providing any or all of the following:

- 1. Professional learning instruction to assist teachers in improving classroom instruction and in meeting certification or recertification requirements.
- 2. Instruction to assist potential and existing substitute teachers in performing their duties.
- 3. Instruction to assist paraprofessionals in meeting education and training requirements.
- 4. Instruction for baccalaureate degree holders to become certified teachers as provided in this section in order to increase routes to the classroom for professionals who hold a baccalaureate degree and college graduates who were not education majors.
- 5. Instruction and professional learning for part-time and full-time nondegreed teachers of career programs under s. 1012.39(1)(c).
- 6. Instruction that does not distort significant historical events or include a curriculum or instruction that teaches identity politics, violates s. 1000.05, or is based on theories that systemic racism, sexism, oppression, and privilege are inherent in the institutions of the United States and were

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created to maintain social, political, and economic inequities. Courses and instruction within the educator preparation institute must afford candidates the opportunity to think critically, achieve mastery of academic program content, learn instructional strategies, and demonstrate competence.

7. Strategies for the effective use of high-quality instructional materials to deliver classroom instruction. This instruction will focus on teaching candidates how to implement and integrate high-quality instructional materials as provided, ensuring adherence to the intended instructional design of the material. Candidates will learn methods to maximize learning outcomes by leveraging the structured content, pacing guides, and assessment tools included in the high-quality instructional materials, without altering or restructuring the curriculum.

Section 15. Subsections (1) and (2) of section 1004.91, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

1004.91 Requirements for career education program basic skills.—

(1) The State Board of Education shall adopt, by rule, standards of basic skill mastery for completion of certificate career education programs. Each school district and Florida College System institution that conducts programs that confer career and technical certificates shall provide academic skills building applied academics instruction through which students receive the basic skills instruction required pursuant to this

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section.

credit of 450 hours or more shall complete an entry-level examination within the first 6 weeks after admission into the program. The State Board of Education shall designate examinations that are currently in existence, the results of which are comparable across institutions, to assess student mastery of basic skills. Any student found to lack the required level of basic skills for such program shall be referred to academic skills building applied academics instruction or another adult general education program for a structured program of basic skills instruction. Such instruction may include English for speakers of other languages. A student may not receive a career or technical certificate of completion without first demonstrating the basic skills required in the state curriculum frameworks for the career education program.

Section 16. Paragraph (b) of subsection (4) of section 1004.933, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

1004.933 Graduation Alternative to Traditional Education (GATE) Program.—

- (4) PAYMENT WAIVER; ELIGIBILITY.-
- (b) To be eligible for participation in the GATE Program, a student must:
- 1. Not have earned a standard high school diploma pursuant to s. 1003.4282 or a high school equivalency diploma pursuant to

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701 s. 1003.435 before enrolling in the GATE Program;

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- 2. Have been withdrawn from high school;
- 703 3. Be a resident of this state as defined in s. 1009.21(1);
- 4. Be 16 to 21 years of age at the time of initial enrollment, provided that a student who is 16 or 17 years of age has withdrawn from school enrollment pursuant to the requirements and safeguards in s. 1003.21(1)(c);
 - 5. Select the adult secondary education program and career education program of his or her choice at the time of admission to the GATE Program, provided that the career education program is included on the Master Credentials List under s. 445.004(4). The student may not change the requested pathway after enrollment, except that, if necessary for the student, the student may enroll in an adult basic education program prior to enrolling in the adult secondary education program;
 - 6. Maintain a 2.0 GPA for career and technical education coursework; and
 - 7. Notwithstanding s. 1003.435(4), complete the programs under subparagraph 5. within 3 years after his or her initial enrollment unless the institution determines that an extension is warranted due to extenuating circumstances; and
 - 8. Complete at least 300 hours of volunteer service, paid work experience, or a combination of the two, before participation in the program as approved by the GATE program

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provider or the Department of Education. The hours of service or paid work must be documented in writing and the document must be signed by the student, the student's parent or guardian if the student is under 18 years of age, and a representative of the organization for which the student performed the volunteer service or paid work.

Section 17. Paragraph (b) of subsection (1) of section 1005.06, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

1005.06 Institutions not under the jurisdiction or purview of the commission.—

- (1) Except as otherwise provided in law, the following institutions are not under the jurisdiction or purview of the commission and are not required to obtain licensure:
- (b) Any college <u>or</u> school, or course licensed or approved for establishment and operation <u>by another agency of the state</u>. Colleges or schools approved by another state agency to offer <u>one or more courses or programs</u> under part I of chapter 464, chapter 466, or chapter 475, or any other chapter of the Florida Statutes <u>shall not qualify for exemption from the commission's jurisdiction under this subsection requiring licensing or approval as defined in this chapter.</u>

Section 18. Paragraph (b) of subsection (3) of section 1006.60, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

1006.60 Codes of conduct; disciplinary measures; rules or regulations.—

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(3) The codes of conduct shall be published on the Florida
College System institution's or state university's website,
protect the rights of all students, and, at minimum, provide the
following due process protections to students and student
organizations:

(b) The right to a presumption that no violation occurred. The institution or university has the burden to prove, by clear and convincing a prependerance of the evidence, that a violation has taken place. Clear and convincing Prependerance of the evidence means that the evidence and information presented supports the finding that it is highly probable and substantially more likely to be true than untrue that sex discrimination occurred than not that the violation of the code of conduct was committed by the student or student organization.

Section 19. Paragraph (g) of subsection (1) of section 1006.71, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

- 1006.71 Gender equity in intercollegiate athletics.-
- (1) GENDER EQUITY PLAN.-

- (g)1. If a Florida College System institution is not in compliance with Title IX of the Education Amendments of 1972 and the Florida Educational <u>Equality</u> Equity Act, the State Board of Education shall:
- a. Declare the Florida College System institution ineligible for competitive state grants.
 - b. Withhold funds sufficient to obtain compliance.

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The Florida College System institution shall remain ineligible and the funds shall not be paid until the Florida College System institution comes into compliance or the Commissioner of Education approves a plan for compliance.

If a state university is not in compliance with Title

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IX of the Education Amendments of 1972 and the Florida Educational Equality Equity Act, the Board of Governors shall:

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Declare the state university ineligible for competitive state grants.

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Withhold funds sufficient to obtain compliance. b.

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The state university shall remain ineligible and the funds shall not be paid until the state university comes into compliance or the Board of Governors approves a plan for compliance.

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Section 20. Paragraph (b) of subsection (9) of section 1007.25, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

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1007.25 General education courses; common prerequisites; other degree requirements.-

include 36 semester hours of general education coursework and

An associate in arts specialized transfer degree must

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require 60 semester hours or more of college credit. Specialized transfer degrees are designed for Florida College System institution students who need supplemental lower-level

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coursework in preparation for transfer to another institution. The State Board of Education shall establish criteria for the review and approval of new specialized transfer degrees. The approval process must require:

- 1. A Florida College System institution to submit a notice of its intent to propose a new associate in arts specialized degree program to the Division of Florida Colleges. The notice must include the recommended credit hours, the rationale for the specialization, the demand for students entering the field, and the coursework being proposed to be included beyond the 60 semester hours required for the general transfer degree, if applicable. Notices of intent may be submitted by a Florida College System institution at any time.
- 2. The Division of Florida Colleges to forward the notice of intent within 10 business days after receipt to all Florida College System institutions and to the Chancellor of the State University System, who shall forward the notice to all state universities. State universities and Florida College System institutions shall have 30 60 days after receipt of the notice to submit comments to the proposed associate in arts specialized transfer degree.
- 3. After the submission of comments pursuant to subparagraph 2., the requesting Florida College System institution to submit a proposal that, at a minimum, includes:
 - a. Evidence that the coursework for the associate in arts

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specialized transfer degree includes demonstration of competency in a foreign language pursuant to s. 1007.262 and demonstration of civic literacy competency as provided in subsection (5).

- b. Demonstration that all required coursework will count toward the associate in arts degree or the baccalaureate degree.
- c. An analysis of demand and unmet need for students entering the specialized field of study at the baccalaureate level.
- d. Justification for the program length if it exceeds 60 credit hours, including references to the common prerequisite manual or other requirements for the baccalaureate degree. This includes documentation of alignment between the exit requirements of a Florida College System institution and the admissions requirements of a baccalaureate program at a state university to which students would typically transfer.
- e. Articulation agreements for graduates of the associate in arts specialized transfer degree.
- f. Responses to the comments received under subparagraph2.

Section 21. Subsection (2) of section 1007.271, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

- 1007.271 Dual enrollment programs.-
- (2) For the purpose of this section, an eligible secondary student is a student who is enrolled in any of grades 6 through 12 in a Florida public school or in a Florida private school

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that is in compliance with s. 1002.42(2) and provides a secondary curriculum pursuant to s. 1003.4282. Students who are eligible for dual enrollment pursuant to this section may enroll in dual enrollment courses conducted during school hours, after school hours, and during the summer term. However, if the student is projected to graduate from high school before the scheduled completion date of a postsecondary course, the student may not register for that course through dual enrollment. The student may apply to the postsecondary institution and pay the required registration, tuition, and fees if the student meets the postsecondary institution's admissions requirements under s. 1007.263. Instructional time for dual enrollment may vary from 900 hours; however, the full-time equivalent student membership value shall be subject to the provisions in s. 1011.61(4). A student enrolled as a dual enrollment student is exempt from the payment of registration, tuition, and laboratory fees. Academic skills building Applied academics for adult education instruction, developmental education, and other forms of precollegiate instruction, as well as physical education courses that focus on the physical execution of a skill rather than the intellectual attributes of the activity, are ineligible for inclusion in the dual enrollment program. Recreation and leisure studies courses shall be evaluated individually in the same manner as physical education courses for potential inclusion in the program.

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	Section 22.	Paragraph	(d) of	subsection	n (5)	and paragr	raph
(c)	of subsection	(7) of sec	ction 10	007.34, Fl	orida	Statutes,	are
amended to read:							

1007.34 College reach-out program.-

- (5) In selecting proposals for approval, the State Board of Education shall give preference to:
- (d) A program that includes innovative approaches, provides a great variety of activities, and includes a large percentage of low-income educationally disadvantaged minority students in the college reach-out program.
 - (7) A proposal must contain the following information:
- (c) An identification of existing programs for enhancing the academic performance of minority and low-income educationally disadvantaged students for enrollment in postsecondary education.
- Section 23. Subsection (1), paragraph (a) of subsection (2), subsections (3) and (4), and paragraphs (a), (b), and (h) of subsection (6) of section 1007.35, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:
- 1007.35 Florida Partnership for Minority and Underrepresented Student Achievement.—
- (1) This section may be referred to by the popular name the "Florida Partnership for Minority and Underrepresented Student Achievement Act."
 - (2) (a) The Legislature recognizes the importance of not

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only access to college but also success in college for all students. It is the intent of the Legislature that every student enrolled in a public secondary school has access to high-quality, rigorous academics, with a particular focus on access to advanced courses. The Legislature also recognizes the importance of other career pathways, including vocational and trade schools and incentivizes the availability of high school programs to prepare students for those career paths.

- (3) There is created the Florida Partnership for Minority and Underrepresented Student Achievement. The Department of Education may contract for operation of the partnership.
- (4) The mission of the partnership is to prepare, inspire, and connect students to postsecondary success and opportunity, with a particular focus on minority students and students who are underrepresented in postsecondary education, as defined by state board rule.
 - (6) The partnership shall:

- (a) Provide teacher training and professional <u>development</u> learning to enable teachers of advanced courses to have the necessary content knowledge and instructional skills to prepare students for success on assessments developed pursuant to s. 1007.27(2) and mastery of postsecondary general education core courses.
- (b) Provide to middle school teachers and administrators professional <u>development</u> <u>learning</u> that will enable them to

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educate middle school students at the level necessary to prepare the students to enter high school ready to participate in advanced courses.

(h) Work with school districts to identify minority and underrepresented students for participation in advanced courses.

Section 24. Subsection (2) of section 1008.37, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

- 1008.37 Postsecondary feedback of information to high schools.—
- (2) The Commissioner of Education shall report, by high school, to the State Board of Education, the Board of Governors, and the Legislature, no later than May 31 April 30 of each year, on the number of prior year Florida high school graduates who enrolled for the first time in public postsecondary education in this state during the summer, fall, or spring term of the previous academic year, indicating the number of students whose scores on the common placement test indicated the need for developmental education under s. 1008.30 or for applied academics for adult education under s. 1004.91.

Section 25. Subsection (1) of section 1008.44, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

- 1008.44 CAPE Industry Certification Funding List.-
- (1) The State Board of Education shall adopt, at least annually, based upon recommendations by the Commissioner of Education, the CAPE Industry Certification Funding List that

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assigns additional full-time equivalent membership to certifications identified in the Master Credentials List under s. 445.004(4) that meets a statewide, regional, or local demand and courses that lead to such certifications, in accordance with s. 1011.62(1)(o). Additional full-time equivalent membership funding for regional and local demand certifications may only be earned in those areas with regional or local demand as identified by the Credentials Review Committee. The CAPE Industry Certification Funding List may include the following certificates, and certifications, and courses:

- (a) CAPE industry certifications identified as credentials of value that meet the framework of quality under s. 445.004(4), that must be applied in the distribution of funding to school districts under s. 1011.62(1)(o). The CAPE Industry Certification Funding List shall incorporate by reference the industry certifications on the career pathways list approved for the Florida Gold Seal CAPE Scholars award.
- (b) CAPE Digital Tool certificates selected by the department under s. 1003.4203(2) that do not articulate for college credit. The certificates must be made available to students in elementary school and middle school grades and, if earned by a student, must be eligible for additional full-time equivalent membership under s. 1011.62(1)(0)1. The department shall annually review available assessments that meet the requirements for inclusion on the list.

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(c) CAPE Acceleration Industry Certifications that articulate for 15 or more college credit hours under s. 1003.4203(4). Such certifications must, if successfully completed, be eligible for additional full-time equivalent membership under s. 1011.62(1)(0)1.

(d) The Commissioner of Education shall conduct a review of the methodology used to determine additional full-time equivalent membership weights assigned in s. 1011.62(1)(0) and, if necessary, recommend revised weights. The weights must factor in the prioritization of critical shortages of labor market demand and middle-level to high-level wage earning outcomes as identified by the Credentials Review Committee under s. 445.004. The results of the review and the commissioner's recommendations must be submitted to the Governor, the President of the Senate, and the Speaker of the House of Representatives no later than December 1, 2023.

Section 26. Paragraphs (f) and (g) of subsection (1) of section 1009.21, Florida Statutes, are redesignated as subsections (g) and (h), respectively, and a new paragraph (f) is added to that subsection, to read:

1009.21 Determination of resident status for tuition purposes.—Students shall be classified as residents or nonresidents for the purpose of assessing tuition in postsecondary educational programs offered by charter technical career centers or career centers operated by school districts,

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in Florida College System institutions, and in state universities.

- (1) As used in this section, the term:
- (f) "Nonresident online" means a person who is admitted to a Florida College System institution or state university as an online student and does not qualify for in-state tuition or fee rates.

Section 27. Paragraph (a) of subsection (3) of section 1009.22, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

(3) (a) Except as otherwise provided by law, fees for students who are nonresidents for tuition purposes must offset the full cost of instruction. Residency of students shall be determined as required in s. 1009.21. Fee-nonexempt students enrolled in academic skills building applied academics for adult education instruction shall be charged fees equal to the fees charged for adult general education programs. Each Florida College System institution that conducts developmental education and applied academics for adult education instruction in the same class section may charge a single fee for both types of instruction.

Section 28. Paragraph (c) of subsection (8) of section 1009.23, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

1009.23 Florida College System institution student fees.—
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Up to 25 percent or \$600,000, whichever is greater, of the financial aid fees collected may be used to assist students who demonstrate academic merit or + who participate in athletics, public service, cultural arts, and other extracurricular programs as determined by the institution; or who are identified as members of a targeted gender or ethnic minority population. The financial aid fee revenues allocated for athletic scholarships and any fee exemptions provided to athletes pursuant to s. 1009.25(2) must be distributed equitably as required by s. 1000.05(3)(d). A minimum of 75 percent of the balance of these funds for new awards shall be used to provide financial aid based on absolute need, and the remainder of the funds shall be used for academic merit purposes and other purposes approved by the boards of trustees. Such other purposes shall include the payment of child care fees for students with financial need. The State Board of Education shall develop criteria for making financial aid awards. Each college shall report annually to the Department of Education on the revenue collected pursuant to this paragraph, the amount carried forward, the criteria used to make awards, the amount and number of awards for each criterion, and a delineation of the distribution of such awards. The report shall include an assessment by category of the financial need of every student who receives an award, regardless of the purpose for which the award is received. Awards that are based on financial need shall

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be distributed in accordance with a nationally recognized system of need analysis approved by the State Board of Education. An award for academic merit requires a minimum overall grade point average of 3.0 on a 4.0 scale or the equivalent for both initial receipt of the award and renewal of the award.

Section 29. Subsection (1) of section 1009.25, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

1009.25 Fee exemptions.

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- (1) The following students are exempt from the payment of tuition and fees, including lab fees, at a school district that provides workforce education programs, Florida College System institution, or state university:
- (a) A student enrolled in a dual enrollment or early admission program pursuant to s. 1007.271.
- (b) A student enrolled in an approved apprenticeship program, as defined in s. 446.021.
- (c) A student who was the subject of a shelter proceeding, a dependency proceeding, or a termination of parental rights proceeding, and:
- 1. Is, or was at the time he or she reached 18 years of age, in out-of-home care.
- 2. Is, or was at the time he or she reached 18 years of age, in the custody of a relative or nonrelative pursuant to s. 39.5085 or s. 39.6225.
 - 3. After spending at least 6 months in the custody of the

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department after reaching 16 years of age, was placed in a guardianship by the court.

- 4. After reaching 14 years of age and thereafter spending at least 18 months in out-of-home care, was reunited with his or her parent or parents who were the subject of the dependency proceeding before he or she reaches 18 years of age, including a student who is reunited under s. 39.8155. For a student to be eligible under this subparagraph, the student must be Pell Grant-eligible, and the entity imposing the tuition and fees must verify such eligibility.
 - 5. Was adopted from the department after May 5, 1997.
- 6. Was placed in a permanent guardianship, regardless of whether the caregiver participates or participated in the Relative Caregiver Program under s. 39.5085, and remains in such guardianship until the student either reaches 18 years of age or, if before reaching 18 years of age, he or she enrolls in an eligible institution.

Such exemption includes fees associated with enrollment in academic skills building applied academics for adult education instruction. The exemption remains valid until the student reaches 28 years of age.

(d) A student enrolled in an employment and training program under the welfare transition program. The local workforce development board shall pay the state university,

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Florida College System institution, or school district for costs incurred for welfare transition program participants.

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- A student who meets the definition of homeless children and youths in s. 725 of the McKinney-Vento Homeless Assistance Act, 42 U.S.C. s. 11434a(2). This includes a student who would otherwise meet the requirements of this paragraph, as determined by a college or university, but for his or her residence in college or university dormitory housing. The State Board of Education may adopt rules and the Board of Governors may adopt regulations regarding documentation and procedures to implement this paragraph. Such rules and regulations must consider documentation of a student's circumstance to be adequate if such documentation meets the standards under 20 U.S.C. s. 1087uu-2(a). Any student who is determined to be a homeless child or youth for a preceding award year is presumed to be a homeless child or youth for each subsequent year unless the student informs the institution that the student's circumstances have changed or the institution has specific conflicting information about the student's independence, and has informed the student of this information.
- (f) A student who is a proprietor, owner, or worker of a company whose business has been at least 50 percent negatively financially impacted by the buyout of property around Lake Apopka by the State of Florida. Such student may receive a fee exemption only if the student has not received compensation

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because of the buyout, the student is designated a Florida resident for tuition purposes, pursuant to s. 1009.21, and the student has applied for and been denied financial aid, pursuant to s. 1009.40, which would have provided, at a minimum, payment of all student fees. The student is responsible for providing evidence to the postsecondary education institution verifying that the conditions of this paragraph have been met, including supporting documentation provided by the Department of Revenue. The student must be currently enrolled in, or begin coursework within, a program area by fall semester 2000. The exemption is valid for a period of 4 years after the date that the postsecondary education institution confirms that the conditions of this paragraph have been met.

(g) Pursuant to s. 402.403, child protection and child welfare personnel as defined in s. 402.402 who are enrolled in an accredited bachelor's degree or master's degree in social work program, provided that the student attains at least a grade of "B" in all courses for which tuition and fees are exempted.

Section 30. Subsection (20) of section 1009.26, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

1009.26 Fee waivers.-

- (20) (a) Beginning with the 2025-2026 2022-2023 academic year, a state university shall waive the out-of-state fee for a full-time undergraduate student who:
 - 1. Has a grandparent who is a legal resident as defined in

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s. 1009.21(1). For purposes of this subsection, the term
"grandparent" means a person who has a legal relationship to a
student's parent as the natural or adoptive parent or legal
guardian of the student's parent.

- 2. Earns a high school diploma comparable to a Florida standard high school diploma, or its equivalent, or completes a home education program.
- 3.a. Achieves an SAT combined score no lower than the 89th national percentile on the SAT;
- b. Achieves an ACT score concordant to the required SAT score in sub-subparagraph a., using the latest published national concordance table developed jointly by the College Board and ACT, Inc.; or
- c. If a state university accepts the Classic Learning Test (CLT) for admission purposes, achieves a CLT score concordant to the required SAT score specified in sub-subparagraph a., using the latest published scoring comparison developed by Classic Learning Initiatives.
- 4. Beginning with students who initially enroll in the 2022 fall academic term and thereafter, enrolls as a full-time undergraduate student at a state university in the fall academic term immediately following high school graduation.
- (b) The waiver under this subsection is applicable for up to 110 percent of the number of required credit hours of the degree program for which the student is enrolled.

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- (c) Before waiving the out-of-state fee, the state university shall require the student or the student's parent, if the student is a dependent child, to provide a written declaration pursuant to s. 92.525(2) attesting to the student's familial relationship to a grandparent who is a legal resident and any other corroborating documentation required by regulation of the Board of Governors. A state university is not required to independently verify the statements contained in each declaration if the signatory declares it to be true under the penalties of perjury as required by s. 92.525(2). However, the state university may refer any signed declaration suspected of containing fraudulent representations to law enforcement.
- (d) Each state university annually shall report to the Board of Governors the number and value of all fee waivers granted under this subsection during the previous 12-month period.
- (e) Beginning with students who initially enroll for the 2022-2023 academic year or thereafter, a state university shall, within the nonresident student enrollment systemwide, prioritize the enrollment of a student who is granted a fee waiver under this subsection over an out-of-state student who is not eligible for an out-of-state fee waiver if the students have substantially similar academic and other credentials used in determining admission to the state university.
 - (f) Fee waivers granted pursuant to this subsection may

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1201 not exceed 350 students systemwide each academic year.

 $\underline{\text{(f)}}$ The Board of Governors shall adopt regulations to administer this subsection.

Section 31. Paragraph (a) of subsection (1) of section 1009.40, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

- 1009.40 General requirements for student eligibility for state financial aid awards and tuition assistance grants.—
- (1) (a) The general requirements for eligibility of students for state financial aid awards and tuition assistance grants consist of the following:
- 1. Achievement of the academic requirements of and acceptance at a state university or Florida College System institution; a nursing diploma school approved by the Florida Board of Nursing; a Florida college or university which is accredited by an accrediting agency recognized by the State Board of Education; a Florida institution the credits of which are acceptable for transfer to state universities; a career center; or a private career institution accredited by an accrediting agency recognized by the State Board of Education.
- 2. Residency in this state for no less than 1 year preceding the award of aid or a tuition assistance grant for a program established pursuant to s. 1009.50, s. 1009.505, s. 1009.51, s. 1009.52, s. 1009.521, s. 1009.53, s. 1009.60, s. 1009.62, s. 1009.72, s. 1009.73, s. 1009.75, s. 1009.77, s. 1009.89, or s. 1009.894. Residency in this state must be for

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purposes other than to obtain an education. Resident status for purposes of receiving state financial aid awards shall be determined in the same manner as resident status for tuition purposes pursuant to s. 1009.21.

3. Submission of certification attesting to the accuracy, completeness, and correctness of information provided to demonstrate a student's eligibility to receive state financial aid awards or tuition assistance grants. Falsification of such information shall result in the denial of a pending application and revocation of an award or grant currently held to the extent that no further payments shall be made. Additionally, students who knowingly make false statements in order to receive state financial aid awards or tuition assistance grants commit a misdemeanor of the second degree subject to the provisions of s. 837.06 and shall be required to return all state financial aid awards or tuition assistance grants wrongfully obtained.

Section 32. Subsection (6) is added to section 1009.532, Florida Statutes, to read:

1009.532 Florida Bright Futures Scholarship Program; student eligibility requirements for renewal awards.—

(6) A student who is expelled from a college or university, or is found guilty of, or entered a plea of nolo contendere to, a felony charge is no longer eligible for renewal and shall have his or her scholarship permanently revoked.

Section 33. Paragraph (c) of subsection (1) and subsection

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1251 (2) of section 1009.536, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

1009.536 Florida Gold Seal Vocational Scholars and Florida Gold Seal CAPE Scholars awards.—The Florida Gold Seal Vocational Scholars award and the Florida Gold Seal CAPE Scholars award are created within the Florida Bright Futures Scholarship Program to recognize and reward academic achievement and career preparation by high school students who wish to continue their education.

- (1) A student is eligible for a Florida Gold Seal Vocational Scholars award if he or she meets the general eligibility requirements for the Florida Bright Futures Scholarship Program and:
- (c) 1. For a student earning a Florida Gold Seal Vocational award, earns a minimum cumulative weighted grade point average of 3.0, as calculated pursuant to s. 1009.531, on all subjects required for a standard high school diploma, excluding elective courses.
- 2. For a student earning a Florida Gold Seal CAPE Scholars award, earns a minimum cumulative weighted grade point average of 2.5 on a 4.0 scale.
- (2) (a) A student is eligible for a Florida Gold Seal CAPE Scholars award if he or she meets the general eligibility requirements for the Florida Bright Futures Scholarship Program, and the student:
- $\underline{1.(a)}$ Earns a minimum of $\underline{3}$ 5 postsecondary $\underline{\text{credit}}$ hours through CAPE industry certifications approved pursuant to

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s. 1008.44 which articulate for college credit.; and 2.(b) Completes at least 30 hours of volunteer service or, beginning with a high school student graduating in the 2022-2023 academic year and thereafter, 100 hours of paid work, approved by the district school board, the administrators of a nonpublic school, or the Department of Education for home education program students, or 100 hours of a combination of both. Eligible paid work completed on or after June 27, 2022, shall be included in a student's total required paid work hours. The student may identify a social or civic issue or a professional area that interests him or her and develop a plan for his or her personal involvement in addressing the issue or learning about the area. The student must, through papers or other presentations, evaluate and reflect upon his or her experience. Such volunteer service or paid work may include, but is not limited to, a business or governmental internship, work for a nonprofit community service organization, or activities on behalf of a candidate for public office. The hours of volunteer service or paid work must be documented in writing, and the document must be signed by the student, the student's parent or guardian, and a representative of the organization for which the student performed the volunteer service or paid work.

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program, as provided in s. 1004.933, a student may apply for the

(b) Before or within 3 months after completion of the GATE

CODING: Words stricken are deletions; words underlined are additions.

Florida Gold Seal CAPE scholar award.

1301	Section 34. Section 1009.60, 1009.605, 1009.70, and					
1302	1009.72, Florida Statutes, are repealed.					
1303	Section 35. Subsection (4) of section 1009.897, Florida					
1304	Statutes, is renumbered as subsection (5), and a new subsection					
1305	(4) is added to that section, to read:					
1306	1009.897 Prepping Institutions, Programs, Employers, and					
1307	Learners through Incentives for Nursing Education (PIPELINE)					
1308	Fund.—					
1309	(4) Each institution that receives funds through the					
1310	PIPELINE Fund must allocate the funds to its health care					
1311	industry-related programs.					
1312	Section 36. Paragraph (c) of subsection (2) of section					
1313	1009.94, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:					
1314	1009.94 Student financial assistance database					
1315	(2) For purposes of this section, financial assistance					
1316	includes:					
1317	(c) Any financial assistance provided under s. 1009.50, s.					
1318	1009.505, s. 1009.51, s. 1009.52, s. 1009.53, s. 1009.55, s.					
1319	1009.60, s. 1009.62, s. 1009.70, s. 1009.701, s. 1009.72, s.					
1320	1009.73, s. 1009.74, s. 1009.77, or s. 1009.89.					
1321	Section 37. Section 1011.801, Florida Statutes, is amended					
1322	to read:					
1323	1011.801 Workforce Development Capitalization Incentive					
1324	Grant Program.—The Legislature recognizes that the need for					
1325	school districts and Florida College System institutions to be					

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able to respond to emerging local or statewide economic development needs is critical to the workforce development system. The Workforce Development Capitalization Incentive Grant Program is created to provide grants to school districts and Florida College System institutions to fund some or all of the costs associated with the creation or expansion of career and technical education programs that lead to industry certifications included on the CAPE Industry Certification Funding List. The programs may serve secondary students or postsecondary students if the postsecondary career and technical education program also serves secondary students.

- (1) Funds awarded for a workforce development capitalization incentive grant may be used for instructional equipment, laboratory equipment, supplies, personnel, student services, or other expenses associated with the creation or expansion of a career and technical education program that serves secondary students. Expansion of a program may include either the expansion of enrollments in a program or expansion into new areas of specialization within a program. No grant funds may be used for recurring instructional costs or for institutions' indirect costs.
- (2) The Department of Education shall administer the program. The State Board of Education may adopt rules for program administration. The State Board of Education shall consider the statewide geographic dispersion of grant funds in

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ranking the applications and shall give priority to applications from education agencies that are making maximum use of their workforce development funding by offering high-performing, high-demand programs.

Section 38. Subsection (1) of section 1011.802, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

- 1011.802 Florida Pathways to Career Opportunities Grant Program.—
- Appropriations Act, the Florida Pathways to Career Opportunities Grant Program is created to provide grants to high schools, career centers, charter technical career centers, Florida College System institutions, state universities, and other entities authorized to sponsor an apprenticeship or preapprenticeship program, as defined in s. 446.021(6) and (5), respectively, to establish, expand, and operate new and existing apprenticeship or preapprenticeship programs. An individual applicant may not receive more than 10 percent of the total amount appropriated.

Section 39. Paragraphs (b) and (e) of subsection (3) of section 1011.84, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

1011.84 Procedure for determining state financial support and annual apportionment of state funds to each Florida College System institution district.—The procedure for determining state financial support and the annual apportionment to each Florida

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1376 College System institution district authorized to operate a
1377 Florida College System institution under the provisions of s.
1378 1001.61 shall be as follows:

- (3) DETERMINING THE APPORTIONMENT FROM STATE FUNDS.-
- (b) The apportionment to each Florida College System institution from the Florida College System Program Fund shall be determined annually in the General Appropriations Act. In determining each college's apportionment, the Legislature shall consider the following components:
- 1. Base budget, which includes the state appropriation to the Florida College System Program Fund in the current year plus the related student tuition and out-of-state fees assigned in the current General Appropriations Act.
- 2. The cost-to-continue allocation, which consists of incremental changes to the base budget, including salaries, price levels, and other related costs allocated through a funding model <u>developed by the Florida College System presidents in consultation with the Department of Education and approved by the Legislature. The model must recognize a minimum level of <u>funding per FTE and which may recognize</u> differing economic factors arising from the individual educational approaches of the various Florida College System institutions, including, but not limited to:</u>
- a. Program offerings, weighting workforce FTE to account for priorities and costs.

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1401	b. Completions of credentials, including certificates,
1402	certifications, and degrees.
1403	c. The size of the college.
1404	d. Economies of scale.
1405	a. Direct Instructional Funding, including class size,
1406	faculty productivity factors, average faculty salary, ratio of
1407	full-time to part-time faculty, costs of programs, and
1408	enrollment factors.
1409	b. Academic Support, including small colleges factor,
1410	multicampus factor, and enrollment factor.
1411	c. Student Services Support, including headcount of
1412	students as well as FTE count and enrollment factors.
1413	d. Library Support, including volume and other
1414	materials/audiovisual requirements.
1415	e. Special Projects.
1416	f. Operations and Maintenance of Plant, including square
1417	footage and utilization factors.
1418	g. Comparable wage factor.
1419	3. Students enrolled in a recreation and leisure program
1420	and students enrolled in a lifelong learning program who may not
1421	be counted as full-time equivalent enrollments for purposes of
1422	enrollment workload adjustments.
1423	4. Operating costs of new facilities adjustments, which
1424	shall be provided, from funds available, for each new facility

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 $\underline{4.5.}$ New and improved program enhancements, which shall be determined by the Legislature.

Student fees in the base budget plus student fee revenues generated by increases in fee rates shall be deducted from the sum of the components determined in subparagraphs 1.-5. The amount remaining shall be the net annual state apportionment to each college.

(e) If at any time the unencumbered balance in the general fund of the Florida College System institution board of trustees approved operating budget goes below 7 percent for a Florida College System institution with a final FTE less than 15,000 for the prior year, or below 7 percent for a Florida College System institution with a final FTE of 15,000 or greater for the prior year, the president shall provide written notification to the State Board of Education. By September 30 of each year, the chief financial officer of each Florida College System institution shall certify the unexpended amount of state funds remaining in the general fund of an institution as of June 30 of the previous fiscal year.

Section 40. Section 1011.86, Florida Statutes, is repealed.

Section 41. Paragraph (b) of subsection (8) of section 1012.56, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

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1451 1012.56 Educator certification requirements.—

- (8) PROFESSIONAL LEARNING CERTIFICATION PROGRAM.-
- (b) Professional learning certification program courses:
- 1. May not distort significant historical events or include curriculum or instruction that teaches identity politics, violates s. 1000.05, or is based on theories that systemic racism, sexism, oppression, and privilege are inherent in the institutions of the United States and were created to maintain social, political, and economic inequities.
- 2. Must afford candidates the opportunity to think critically, achieve mastery of academic program content, learn instructional strategies, and demonstrate competence.
- 3. Must include strategies for the effective use of highquality instructional materials to deliver classroom
 instruction. This instruction will focus on teaching candidates
 how to implement and integrate high-quality instructional
 materials as provided, ensuring adherence to the intended
 instructional design of the materials. Candidates will learn
 methods to maximize learning outcomes by leveraging the
 structured content, pacing guides, and assessment tools included
 in the high-quality instructional materials, without altering or
 restructuring the curriculum.

Section 42. Section 1012.562, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

1012.562 Public accountability and state approval of

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school leader preparation programs.—The Department of Education shall establish a process for the approval of Level I and Level II school leader preparation programs that will enable aspiring school leaders to obtain their certificates in educational leadership under s. 1012.56. School leader preparation programs must be competency-based, aligned to the <u>educational principal</u> leadership standards adopted by the state board, and open to individuals employed by public schools, including charter schools and virtual schools. Level I programs lead to initial certification in educational leadership for the purpose of preparing individuals to serve as school administrators. Level II programs build upon Level I training and lead to renewal certification as a school principal.

- (1) PURPOSE.—The purpose of school leader preparation programs is to:
- (a) Increase the supply of effective school leaders in the public schools of this state.
- (b) Produce school leaders who are prepared to lead the state's diverse student population in meeting high standards for academic achievement.
- (c) Enable school leaders to facilitate the development and retention of effective and highly effective classroom teachers.
- (d) Produce leaders with the competencies and skills necessary to achieve the state's education goals.

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(e) Sustain the state system of school improvement and education accountability.

(2) LEVEL I PROGRAMS.—

- (a) Initial approval of a Level I program shall be for a period of 5 years. A postsecondary institution, school district, charter school, or charter management organization may submit to the department in a format prescribed by the department an application to establish a Level I school leader preparation program. To be approved, a Level I program must:
- 1. Provide competency-based training aligned to the state's educational leadership standards and assistant principal descriptors principal leadership standards adopted by the State Board of Education.
- 2. If the program is provided by a postsecondary institution, partner with at least one school district.
- 3. Describe the qualifications that will be used to determine program admission standards, including a candidate's instructional expertise and leadership potential.
- 4. Describe how the training provided through the program will be aligned to the personnel evaluation criteria under s. 1012.34.
- (b) Renewal of a Level I program's approval shall be for a period of 5 years and shall be based upon evidence of the program's continued ability to meet the requirements of paragraph (a). A postsecondary institution or school district

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must submit an institutional program evaluation plan in a format prescribed by the department for a Level I program to be considered for renewal. The plan must include:

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- 1. The percentage of personnel who complete the program and are placed in school leadership positions in public schools within the state.
- 2. Results from the personnel evaluations required under s. 1012.34 for personnel who complete the program.
- 3. The passage rate of personnel who complete the program on the Florida Education Leadership Examination.
- 4. The impact personnel who complete the program have on student learning as measured by the formulas developed by the commissioner pursuant to s. 1012.34(7).
 - 5. Strategies for continuous improvement of the program.
- 6. Strategies for involving personnel who complete the program, other school personnel, community agencies, business representatives, and other stakeholders in the program evaluation process.
- 7. Additional data included at the discretion of the postsecondary institution or school district.
- (c) A Level I program must guarantee the high quality of personnel who complete the program for the first 2 years after program completion or the person's initial certification as a school leader, whichever occurs first. If a person who completed the program is evaluated at less than highly effective or

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effective under s. 1012.34 and the person's employer requests additional training, the Level I program must provide additional training at no cost to the person or his or her employer. The training must include the creation of an individualized plan agreed to by the employer that includes specific learning outcomes. The Level I program is not responsible for the person's employment contract with his or her employer.

- (3) LEVEL II PROGRAMS.—Initial approval and subsequent renewal of a Level II program shall be for a period of 5 years. A school district, charter school, or charter management organization may submit to the department in a format prescribed by the department an application to establish a Level II school leader preparation program or for program renewal. To be approved or renewed, a Level II program must:
- (a) Demonstrate that personnel accepted into the Level II program have:
 - 1. Obtained their certificate in educational leadership under s. 1012.56.
- 2. Earned a highly effective or effective designation under s. 1012.34.
- 3. Satisfactorily performed instructional leadership responsibilities as measured by the evaluation system in s. 1012.34.
 - (b) Demonstrate that the Level II program:
 - 1. Provides competency-based training aligned to the

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1576 <u>state's educational leadership standards and school principal</u>
1577 <u>descriptors the principal leadership standards</u> adopted by the
1578 State Board of Education.

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- 2. Provides training aligned to the personnel evaluation criteria under s. 1012.34 and professional learning program in s. 1012.986.
- 3. Provides individualized instruction using a customized learning plan for each person enrolled in the program that is based on data from self-assessment, selection, and appraisal instruments.
- 4. Conducts program evaluations and implements program improvements using input from personnel who completed the program and employers and data gathered pursuant to paragraph (2)(b).
- (c) Gather and monitor the data specified in paragraph (2) (b).
 - (4) PROGRAM PROHIBITIONS; REQUIREMENTS.-
- (a) School leader preparation programs may not distort significant historical events or include curriculum or instruction that teaches identity politics, violates s. 1000.05, or is based on theories that systemic racism, sexism, oppression, and privilege are inherent in the institutions of the United States and were created to maintain social, political, and economic inequities.
 - (b) School leader preparation programs must afford

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candidates the opportunity to demonstrate mastery of program content, including instructional leadership strategies, coaching development, school safety, and continuous improvement efforts.

- (c) School leader preparation programs must afford candidates instruction that includes strategies for the effective use of high-quality instructional materials to deliver classroom instruction. This instruction will focus on teaching candidates how to lead and provide coaching on the implementation of high-quality instructional materials as provided, ensuring adherence to the intended instructional design of the materials. Candidates will learn leadership practices to maximize student learning outcomes through the use of high-quality instructional materials without altering or restructuring the curriculum.
- (5) RULES.—The State Board of Education shall adopt rules to administer this section.
- Section 43. Paragraph (c) of subsection (1) of section 1013.46, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
- 1013.46 Advertising and awarding contracts; prequalification of contractor.—

1621 (1)

(c) As an option, any county, municipality, or board may set aside up to 10 percent of the total amount of funds allocated for the purpose of entering into construction capital project contracts with minority business enterprises, as defined

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in s. 287.094. Such contracts shall be competitively bid only among minority business enterprises. The set-aside shall be used to redress present effects of past discriminatory practices and shall be subject to periodic reassessment to account for changing needs and circumstances.

Section 44. Section 1013.841, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

1013.841 End of year balance of Florida College System institution funds.—

- (1) Unexpended amounts in any fund in any Florida College System institution current year state operating budget shall be carried forward and included as the balance forward for that fund in the approved operating budget for the following year.
- (2) (a) Each Florida College System institution with a final FTE less than 15,000 for the prior year shall maintain a minimum carry forward balance of at least 7 5 percent of its state operating budget; however, a Florida College System institution may retain and report to the State Board of Education an annual reserve balance exceeding that amount. If a Florida College System institution fails to maintain a 7 5 percent balance in state operating funds, the president shall provide written notification to the State Board of Education.
- (b) Each Florida College System institution with a final FTE less than 15,000 for the prior year that retains a state operating fund carry forward balance in excess of the $\frac{7}{5}$

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percent minimum shall submit a spending plan for its excess carry forward balance. The spending plan shall include all excess carry forward funds from state operating funds. The spending plan shall be submitted to the Florida College System institution's board of trustees for approval by September 30, 2020, and each September 30 thereafter. The State Board of Education shall review and publish each Florida College System institution's carry forward spending plan by November 15, 2020, and each November 15 thereafter.

(3) (a) Each Florida College System institution with a final FTE of 15,000 or greater for the prior year shall maintain a minimum carry forward balance of at least 7 percent of its state operating budget. If a Florida College System institution fails to maintain a 7 percent balance in state operating funds, the institution shall submit a plan to the State Board of Education to attain the minimum balance.

(b) Each Florida College System institution with a final FTE of 15,000 or greater for the prior year that retains a state operating fund carry forward balance in excess of the 7 percent minimum shall submit a spending plan for its excess carry forward balance. The spending plan shall include all excess carry forward funds from state operating funds. The spending plan shall be submitted to the Florida College System institution's board of trustees for approval by September 30, 2020, and each September 30 thereafter. The State Board of

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Education shall review and publish each Florida College System institution's carry forward spending plan by November 15, 2020, and each November 15 thereafter.

- (3)(4) A Florida College System institution identified in paragraph (2)(b)(3)(b) must include in its carry forward spending plan the estimated cost per planned expenditure and a timeline for completion of the expenditure. A carry forward spending plan may include retention of the carry forward balance as a reserve fund to be used for authorized expenses in subsequent years. Authorized expenditures in a carry forward spending plan may include:
- (a) Commitment of funds to a public education capital outlay project for which an appropriation was previously provided, which requires additional funds for completion, and which is included in the list required by s. 1001.03(18)(d);
- (b) Completion of a renovation, repair, or maintenance project that is consistent with s. 1013.64(1) or replacement of a minor facility;
- (c) Completion of a remodeling or infrastructure project, if such project is survey recommended pursuant to s. 1013.31;
- (d) Completion of a repair or replacement project necessary due to damage caused by a natural disaster for buildings included in the inventory required pursuant to s. 1013.31;
 - (e) Operating expenditures that support the Florida

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- (f) Any purpose approved by the state board or specified in the General Appropriations Act; and
- (g) A commitment of funds to a contingency reserve for expenses incurred as a result of a state of emergency declared by the Governor pursuant to s. 252.36.
 - Section 45. This act shall take effect July 1, 2025.

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