1 A bill to be entitled 2 An act relating to law enforcement officers and other 3 personnel; creating s. 316.2675, F.S.; prohibiting a 4 person other than a law enforcement officer from using 5 a specified device; providing exceptions; providing a penalty; amending s. 775.0823, F.S.; requiring a 6 7 mandatory minimum term of imprisonment for attempted 8 murder in the first degree committed against specified 9 justice system personnel; amending s. 817.49, F.S.; 10 providing Legislative findings concerning prosecution 11 of the false reporting of crimes; creating s. 12 943.0413, F.S.; creating the Critical Infrastructure Mapping Grant Program within the Florida Department of 13 14 Law Enforcement; providing eligibility; specifying requirements for maps created by the program; creating 15 16 s. 943.1718, F.S.; prohibiting a law enforcement 17 agency from using artificial intelligence for specified purposes; amending s. 951.27, F.S.; 18 specifying requirements for testing inmates for 19 infectious diseases; requiring test results to be 20 21 reported to specified persons; requiring a first 22 responder and other specified persons to provide 23 notice upon his or her exposure to certain substances; requiring an employing agency to provide notice if a 24 25 first responder or specified person is unable to

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26	provide notice; requiring a detention facility to test
27	an inmate upon receipt of a specified notice;
28	providing an effective date.
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30	Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:
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32	Section 1. Section 316.2675, Florida Statutes, is created
33	to read:
34	316.2675 Vehicle kill switches; prohibited uses.—
35	(1) A person may not use any device that can be remotely
36	activated to disable a vehicle's engine or to prevent a
37	vehicle's engine from starting unless he or she is:
88	(a) The owner of the vehicle; or
39	(b) A law enforcement officer acting in the course and
10	scope of his or her duties to prevent the commission of a
11	felony.
12	(2) A person who violates this section commits a
13	misdemeanor of the second degree, punishable as provided in s.
14	775.082 or s. 775.083.
15	Section 2. Subsection (2) of section 775.0823, Florida
16	Statutes, is amended to read:
17	775.0823 Violent offenses committed against specified
18	justice system personnel.—The Legislature does hereby provide
19	for an increase and certainty of penalty for any person
50	convicted of a violent offense against any law enforcement or

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correctional officer, as defined in s. 943.10(1), (2), (3), (6), (7), (8), or (9); against any state attorney elected pursuant to s. 27.01 or assistant state attorney appointed under s. 27.181; against any public defender elected pursuant to s. 27.50 or regional counsel appointed pursuant to s. 27.511(3); against any court-appointed counsel appointed under s. 27.40 or defense attorney in a criminal proceeding; or against any justice or judge of a court described in Art. V of the State Constitution, which offense arises out of or in the scope of the officer's duty as a law enforcement or correctional officer, the state attorney's or assistant state attorney's duty as a prosecutor or investigator, the public defender or regional counsel acting in his or her capacity as defense counsel, the court-appointed counsel or defense attorney in a criminal proceeding acting in his or her capacity as defense counsel, or the justice's or judge's duty as a judicial officer, as follows:

(2) For attempted murder in the first degree as described in s. 782.04(1), a sentence pursuant to s. 775.082, s. 775.083, or s. 775.084. A person convicted under this subsection must be sentenced to a mandatory minimum term of imprisonment of 25 years.

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Notwithstanding s. 948.01, with respect to any person who is found to have violated this section, adjudication of guilt or imposition of sentence shall not be suspended, deferred, or

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76 withheld.

Section 3. Subsection (4) is added to section 817.49, to read:

- 817.49 False reports of commission of crimes; penalty.-
- (4) The Legislature finds that the false reporting of crimes is a threat to public safety and a threat to the safety of law enforcement officers and other first responders. As such, the Legislature encourages each state attorney to adopt a proprosecution policy for the false reporting of crimes as prohibited in this section.
- Section 4. Section 943.0413, Florida Statutes, is created to read:
 - 943.0413 Critical Infrastructure Mapping Grant Program.-
- (1) (a) Subject to Legislative appropriation, the Critical Infrastructure Mapping Grant Program is created within the department to support the ongoing assessment of this state's vulnerability to, and ability to detect, prevent, prepare for, respond to, and recover from, acts of terrorism within or affecting this state.
- (b) The state, or any law enforcement agency, county, municipality, or other political subdivision of this state, or any agent thereof, which has constitutional or statutory authority to employ or appoint law enforcement officers is eligible to receive funding from the grant program to map critical infrastructure locations that meet the requirements of

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101 this section
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- (2) Grant funds may be used to map critical infrastructure as defined in s. 812.141, public gathering places, places of worship, and any other location for which a map would be deemed of high value for facilitating an emergency response.
- (3) Each map of such locations must be created in an electronic or digital format and must be provided to all local, state, and federal responding agencies that request such maps for use in responding to emergencies. Each map must satisfy all of the following requirements:
- (a) Be compatible with and integrate into the department's statewide database and be compatible with software platforms used by local, state, and federal public safety agencies that provide emergency services to the specific location for which the data is provided without requiring such agencies to purchase additional software or requiring a fee to view or access the data.
- (b) Be in a printable format and, if requested, be in a digital file format that can be integrated into interactive mobile platforms currently in use.
- (c) Be verified for accuracy, which must include a walk-through of a building or grounds.
 - (d) Be oriented to true north.
 - (e) Be overlaid on current aerial imagery.
 - (f) Contain site-specific labeling that matches the

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126	structure of the building, including, but not limited to, room
127	labels, hallway names, and external door or stairwell numbers
128	and locations of hazards, critical utility locations, key boxes,
129	automated external defibrillators, and trauma kits.
130	(g) Contain site-specific labeling that matches the
131	grounds, including, but not limited to, parking areas,
132	surrounding roads, and neighboring properties.
133	(h) Be overlaid with gridded x and y coordinates.
134	(4) The department may adopt rules to administer this
135	section.
136	Section 5. Subsection (5) is added to section 943.1718,
137	Florida Statutes, to read:
138	943.1718 Body cameras; policies and procedures.—
139	(5) A law enforcement agency may not use artificial
140	intelligence to review or monitor audio or video data recorded
141	by a body camera for purposes of initiating an investigation
142	into a law enforcement officer's conduct or taking any
143	disciplinary action against a law enforcement officer.
144	Section 6. Section 951.27, Florida Statutes, is amended to
145	read:
146	951.27 Blood tests of inmates.—
147	(1) Each county and each municipal detention facility <u>must</u>
148	develop shall have a written procedure regarding the blood
149	$\underline{ ext{testing of inmates}}$ $\underline{ ext{developed}_{m{r}}}$ in consultation with the facility
150	modical provider establishing The written precedure must.

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(a) Include conditions under which an inmate will be
tested for infectious disease, including human immunodeficiency
virus pursuant to s. 775.0877, which procedure is consistent
with guidelines of the Centers for Disease Control and
Prevention and recommendations of the Correctional Medical
Authority.

- (b) Specify the conditions which require the detention facility to test an inmate for infectious diseases immediately following his or her booking into a detention facility, including upon receipt of a notice of exposure under subsection (4).
 - (c) Require the test results to be provided to:
- 1. The sheriff or chief correctional officer of the detention facility.
- 2. Employees or officers of the sheriff or chief correctional officer who are responsible for the care and custody of the affected inmate.
- 3. Any employees or officers of the sheriff or chief correctional officer, or any first responders, as defined in s.

 112.1815, who provided a notice of exposure to the detention facility as required under subsection (4) It is not unlawful for the person receiving the test results to divulge the test results to the sheriff or chief correctional officer.
- (2) Except as otherwise provided in this subsection, serologic blood test results obtained pursuant to subsection (1)

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are confidential and exempt from s. 119.07(1) and s. 24(a), Art. I of the State Constitution. However, it is not unlawful for the person receiving the test results to divulge the test results to the sheriff or chief correctional officer. Such test results must also may be provided to employees or officers of the sheriff or chief correctional officer who are responsible for the custody and care of the affected inmate and have a need to know such information, any person who provided a notice of exposure under subsection (4), and as provided in ss. 775.0877 and 960.003. In addition, upon request of the victim or the victim's legal guardian, or the parent or legal guardian of the victim if the victim is a minor, the results of any HIV test performed on an inmate arrested for any sexual offense involving oral, anal, or female genital penetration by, or union with, the sexual organ of another, must be disclosed to the victim or the victim's legal guardian, or to the parent or legal guardian of the victim if the victim is a minor. In such cases, the county or municipal detention facility shall furnish the test results to the Department of Health, which is responsible for disclosing the results to public health agencies as provided in s. 775.0877 and to the victim or the victim's legal guardian, or the parent or legal guardian of the victim if the victim is a minor, as provided in s. 960.003(3). As used in this subsection, the term "female genitals" includes the labia minora, labia majora, clitoris, vulva, hymen, and vagina.

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(3) The results of any serologic blood test on an inmate are a part of that inmate's permanent medical file. Upon transfer of the inmate to any other correctional facility, such file is also transferred, and all relevant authorized persons must be notified of positive HIV test results, as required in s. 775.0877.

- (4) (a) Any first responder, as defined in s. 112.1815, or any employee or officer of the sheriff or chief correctional officer, who, in the performance of his or her official duties, is exposed to a bodily fluid or a potential bloodborne pathogen by a person who has been arrested and subsequently booked into a county or municipal detention facility must provide notice of such exposure to the detention facility as soon as possible after the person is booked, but no later than 24 hours after such exposure. If the first responder, employee, or officer is incapacitated and cannot provide the notice of exposure, his or her employing agency must provide such notice.
- (a), the detention facility must immediately test the inmate who was the cause of the exposure unless such a test has already been performed. The test must be conducted in accordance with the detention facility's written procedures under subsection (1).
 - Section 7. This act shall take effect July 1, 2025.

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