1	A bill to be entitled
2	An act relating to juvenile justice; renaming chapter
3	984, F.S.; amending s. 984.01, F.S.; revising the
4	purpose and intent of ch. 984, F.S.; amending s.
5	984.02, F.S.; revising the legislative intent for
6	prevention and intervention; amending s. 984.03, F.S.;
7	providing and revising definitions; amending s.
8	984.04, F.S.; providing for early truancy
9	intervention; amending s. 984.06, F.S.; revising
10	provisions concerning preservation of records and
11	confidential information; amending s. 984.07, F.S.;
12	providing for appointment of counsel in certain
13	circumstances; providing for payment of counsel;
14	providing for imposition of costs of appointed counsel
15	on nonindigent parents in certain circumstances;
16	providing for appointment of counsel to represent a
17	parent or guardian in certain circumstances; amending
18	s. 984.071, F.S.; revising provisions concerning
19	production of an information guide concerning juvenile
20	procedures; requiring specified departments to make
21	information available on their websites; repealing s.
22	984.08, F.S., relating to attorney fees; repealing s.
23	984.085, F.S., relating to sheltering and aiding
24	unmarried minors; creating s. 984.0861, F.S.;
25	prohibiting the use of detention for specified
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26 purposes; amending s. 984.09, F.S.; revising 27 provisions for punishment for contempt of court; 28 limiting periods for placement for direct contempt or 29 indirect contempt; revising procedures for procedure 30 and due process; amending s. 984.10, F.S.; authorizing 31 an authorized agent of the Department of Juvenile 32 Justice to perform intake; revising provisions 33 concerning referrals for service; requiring the abuse hotline to be contacted in certain circumstances; 34 35 authorizing a child to remain in custody in certain 36 circumstances; amending s. 984.11, F.S.; requiring 37 that an array of voluntary family services be available to remediate specified problems; providing 38 39 that certain families are not eligible for voluntary 40 family services; providing eligibility for children in 41 certain circumstances if the Department of Children 42 and Families agrees; providing for an interagency 43 agreement to govern such referrals; amending s. 984.12, F.S.; requiring parents to use health care 44 45 insurance to the extent that it is available; deleting provisions concerning collection of fees; amending s. 46 47 984.13, F.S.; authorizing a child to be taken into 48 custody pursuant to a finding of contempt; specifying 49 placement a child taken into custody in specified 50 circumstances; revising the duties of a person taking

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51 a child into custody; amending s. 984.14, F.S.; 52 revising provisions concerning voluntary shelter 53 services and placement of children in such services; 54 deleting provisions concerning involuntary placement 55 in a shelter; amending s. 984.15, F.S.; revising 56 requirements for petitions for a child in need of 57 services; amending s. 984.151, F.S.; providing for 58 early truancy intervention; providing for additional services to be ordered if a student is found to be a 59 60 truant status offender; revising provisions concerning 61 compliance; providing for applicability in cases in 62 which a student is found to be a child in need of services; providing for retention of jurisdiction by 63 64 courts; providing an exception; providing for service of court orders on specified entities; amending s. 65 66 984.16, F.S.; requiring that a student's school receive notice of certain actions by courts; amending 67 s. 984.17, F.S.; specifying when a guardian ad litem 68 69 may be appointed; revising provisions concerning representation of the Department of Juvenile Justice 70 71 in cases in which a child is alleged to be in need of 72 services; repealing s. 984.18, F.S., relating to referral of child-in-need-of-services cases to 73 74 mediation; amending s. 984.19, F.S.; providing that an 75 authorized agent of the department may have a medical

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76 screening performed on a child placed in shelter care; 77 revising provisions concerning consent for medical 78 care for a child in the care of the department; amending s. 984.20, F.S.; revising provisions for 79 80 hearings in child in need of services cases; providing 81 that the failure of a person served with notice to 82 appear at the arraignment hearing constitutes the 83 person's consent to the child in need of services petition; requiring a specified notice in such 84 85 petitions; amending s. 984.21, F.S.; specifying that 86 an order of adjudication by a court that a child is a 87 child in need of services is a civil adjudication and not a conviction; deleting provisions allowing a court 88 89 to withhold an adjudication that a is child in need of 90 services in certain cases; amending s. 984.22, F.S.; 91 conforming provisions to changes made by the act; 92 deleting provisions on the deposit of fees received; 93 amending s. 984.225, F.S.; revising when a child in need of services may be placed in a shelter; revising 94 95 placement procedures; providing for counseling orders; 96 specifying the effect of a placement the legal 97 responsibilities of a parent, guardian, or custodian; 98 providing limits for shelter stays; deleting provisions concerning exhaustion of less restrictive 99 alternatives; providing for periodic review of 100

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101 placements; providing for transfer of a child to the 102 Department of Children and Families in certain 103 circumstances; authorizing transfer to the custody of 104 the Agency for Persons with Disabilities in certain 105 circumstances; amending s. 984.226, F.S.; authorizing 106 contracting for physically secure shelters; deleting 107 provisions on representation in certain proceedings; 108 requiring exhaustion of less restrictive placements before a child may be placed in a physically secure 109 110 shelter; providing a time limit on secure shelter 111 orders; proving legislative intent; revising 112 provisions concerning review of secure shelter 113 placements; providing for transfer to shelter 114 placements in certain circumstances; requiring a child 115 to be transferred to the Department of Children and 116 Families in certain circumstances; providing for the 117 transfer of a child to the Agency for Persons with 118 Disabilities in certain circumstances; transferring and renumbering s. 985.731, F.S. as s. 787.035, F.S., 119 relating to offenses concerning providing sheltering 120 121 unmarried minors and aiding unmarried minor runaways; 122 providing criminal penalties; amending s. 985.03, 123 F.S.; revising the definition of the term "child who 124 has been found to have committed a delinquent act"; 125 amending s. 985.24, F.S.; prohibiting placement of a

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126 child subject to certain proceedings into secure 127 detention care; amending s. 1003.26, F.S.; authorizing 128 that certain meetings with parents may be conducted 129 virtually or by telephone; providing for child study 130 team meetings in the absence of a parent, legal 131 guardian, or custodian or child; revising 132 interventions by such team; providing for promotion of 133 a child who is responsive to intervention and meets specified requirements; revising provisions concerning 134 135 required notice of a child's enrollment or attendance 136 issues; revising provisions concerning returning a 137 student to a parent or other party in certain 138 circumstances; amending s. 1003.27, F.S.; revising 139 reporting requirements for reports by school 140 principals to school boards concerning minor students 141 who accumulate more than a specified number of 142 absences; requiring actions by schools boards; 143 providing for remedial actions for failure to comply; 144 revising provisions concerning habitual truancy cases; revising provisions concerning cooperative agreements; 145 146 revising who may begin certain proceedings and prosecutions; deleting a provision concerning a civil 147 148 penalty for students; revising provisions concerning truant students; amending s. 381.02035, F.S.; 149 150 authorizing pharmacists employed by the Department of

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151 Juvenile Justice to import drugs from Canada under a 152 specified program; amending s. 790.22, F.S.; revising 153 provisions concerning the treatment of a finding that a minor violated specified provisions, regardless of 154 155 whether adjudication was withheld, for the purposes of 156 determining whether a prior offense was committed; 157 amending s. 985.12, F.S.; deleting a requirement that 158 the Department of Juvenile Justice annually develop 159 and produce best practice models for prearrest 160 delinquency citation programs; amending s. 985.126, 161 F.S.; revising the requirements for a quarterly report 162 on prearrest citation programs; amending s. 985.25, 163 F.S.; providing for supervised release or detention of 164 a child despite the child's risk assessment score in 165 certain circumstances; limiting the number of 166 categories that a child may be moved; amending s. 167 985.433, F.S.; requiring that a child be placed on 168 conditional release rather than probation following 169 discharge from commitment; repealing s. 985.625, F.S., relating to literacy programs for juvenile offenders; 170 171 amending s. 985.632, F.S.; deleting provision for 172 development of a cost-effectiveness model and 173 application of the model to each commitment program; amending ss. 95.11, 419.001, 409.2564, 744.309, 174 175 784.075, 985.618, F.S.; conforming provisions to

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176	changes made by the act; providing an effective date.
177	
178	Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:
179	
180	Section 1. Chapter 984, Florida Statutes, entitled
181	"Children and Families in Need of Services," is renamed
182	"Children and Families in Need of Services; Prevention and
183	Intervention for School Truancy and Ungovernable and Runaway
184	Children."
185	Section 2. Section 984.01, Florida Statutes, is amended to
186	read:
187	984.01 Purposes and intent; personnel standards and
188	screening
189	(1) The purposes of this chapter are:
±03	
190	(a) To provide judicial, nonjudicial, and other procedures
190	(a) To provide judicial, nonjudicial, and other procedures
190 191	(a) To provide judicial, nonjudicial, and other procedures to address the status offenses of children who are truant from
190 191 192	(a) To provide judicial, nonjudicial, and other procedures to <u>address the status offenses of children who are truant from</u> <u>school, runaway from their caregivers, or exhibit ungovernable</u>
190 191 192 193	(a) To provide judicial, nonjudicial, and other procedures to address the status offenses of children who are truant from school, runaway from their caregivers, or exhibit ungovernable behavior by refusing to follow the household rules of their
190 191 192 193 194	(a) To provide judicial, nonjudicial, and other procedures to address the status offenses of children who are truant from school, runaway from their caregivers, or exhibit ungovernable behavior by refusing to follow the household rules of their caregivers and engage in behavior that places the child at risk
190 191 192 193 194 195	(a) To provide judicial, nonjudicial, and other procedures to address the status offenses of children who are truant from school, runaway from their caregivers, or exhibit ungovernable behavior by refusing to follow the household rules of their caregivers and engage in behavior that places the child at risk of harm; and to ensure assure due process through which children
190 191 192 193 194 195 196	(a) To provide judicial, nonjudicial, and other procedures to address the status offenses of children who are truant from school, runaway from their caregivers, or exhibit ungovernable behavior by refusing to follow the household rules of their caregivers and engage in behavior that places the child at risk of harm; and to ensure assure due process through which children and other interested parties are assured fair hearings by a
190 191 192 193 194 195 196 197	(a) To provide judicial, nonjudicial, and other procedures to address the status offenses of children who are truant from school, runaway from their caregivers, or exhibit ungovernable behavior by refusing to follow the household rules of their caregivers and engage in behavior that places the child at risk of harm; and to ensure assure due process through which children and other interested parties are assured fair hearings by a respectful and respected court or other tribunal and the
190 191 192 193 194 195 196 197 198	(a) To provide judicial, nonjudicial, and other procedures to address the status offenses of children who are truant from school, runaway from their caregivers, or exhibit ungovernable behavior by refusing to follow the household rules of their caregivers and engage in behavior that places the child at risk of harm; and to ensure assure due process through which children and other interested parties are assured fair hearings by a respectful and respected court or other tribunal and the recognition, protection, and enforcement of their constitutional

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201	adequately protected.
202	(b) To provide for the care, safety, and protection of
203	children in an environment that <u>cultivates</u> fosters healthy
204	social, emotional, intellectual, and physical development; to
205	ensure <u>the safety of children</u> secure and safe custody ; and to
206	promote the <u>education,</u> health, and well-being of all children
207	under the state's care.
208	(c) To provide ensure the protection of society, by
209	providing for a <u>needs</u> comprehensive standardized assessment of
210	the child's needs, strengths, and family dynamics so that the
211	most appropriate services control, discipline, punishment, and
212	treatment can be provided in the most appropriate environment
213	administered consistent with the seriousness of the act
214	committed, the community's long-term need for public safety and
215	the safety of the individual child, with consideration given to
216	the education and overall well-being, the prior record of the
217	child, and the specific rehabilitation needs of the child, while
218	also providing restitution, whenever possible, to the victim of
219	the offense.
220	(d) To preserve and strengthen the child's family ties
221	whenever possible; provide for temporary shelter placement of
222	the child only when necessary for the child's education, safety,
223	and welfare and when other less restrictive alternatives have
224	been exhausted; provide, by providing for removal of the child
225	from parental custody only when his or her welfare or the safety
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226 and protection of the public cannot be adequately safeguarded 227 without such removal; and, when the child is removed from his or 228 her own family, to secure custody, care, and education; 229 encourage self-discipline; and increase protective factors when 230 the child is in temporary shelter placement discipline for the 231 child as nearly as possible equivalent to that which should have been given by the parents; and to assure, in all cases in which 232 a child must be permanently removed from parental custody, that 233 234 the child be placed in an approved family home, adoptive home, 235 independent living program, or other placement that provides the 236 most stable and permanent living arrangement for the child, as 237 determined by the court.

238 (e) 1. To ensure assure that the adjudication and 239 disposition of a child alleged or found to be a child in need of 240 services have committed a violation of Florida law be exercised 241 with appropriate discretion and in keeping with the seriousness 242 of the misconduct offense and the need for treatment services, 243 and that all findings made under this chapter be based upon 244 facts presented at a hearing that meets the constitutional 245 standards of fundamental fairness and due process.

246 2. To assure that the sentencing and placement of a child 247 tried as an adult be appropriate and in keeping with the 248 seriousness of the offense and the child's need for 249 rehabilitative services, and that the proceedings and procedures 250 applicable to such sentencing and placement be applied within

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252

the full framework of constitutional standards of fundamental fairness and due process.

253 To provide a court process through which school boards (f) 254 are able to access the court for the limited purpose of early truancy intervention for children, subject to compulsory 255 256 education, who are not engaging in regular school attendance, 257 and encourage school attendance by educating children and their 258 families on the importance of regular school attendance and 259 provide services to families to prevent the child's pattern of 260 truancy from becoming habitual children committed to the 261 Department of Juvenile Justice with training in life skills, 262 including career education.

(2) The department of Juvenile Justice or the Department of Children and Families, as appropriate, may contract with the Federal Government, other state departments and agencies, county and municipal governments and agencies, public and private agencies, and private individuals and corporations in carrying out the purposes of, and the responsibilities established in, this chapter.

(a) If the department contracts with a provider for any
program for children, all personnel, including owners,
operators, employees, and volunteers, in the facility must be of
good moral character. <u>The Each contract entered into by either</u>
department <u>and any agency providing services for the department</u>
must require that each contract entered into for services

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276 delivered on an appointment or intermittent basis by a provider 277 that does or does not have regular custodial responsibility for 278 children and each contract with a school for before or aftercare services must ensure that the owners, operators, and all 279 280 personnel who have direct contact with children are of good 281 moral character and must meet level 2 screening requirements as 282 described in s. 435.04. A volunteer who assists on an 283 intermittent basis for less than 10 hours per month need not be screened if a person who meets the screening requirement of this 284 285 section is always present and has the volunteer in his or her 286 line of sight.

(b) The department of Juvenile Justice and the Department of Children and Families shall require employment screening pursuant to chapter 435, using the level 2 standards set forth in that chapter for personnel in programs for children or youths.

292 <u>(b) (c)</u> The department of Juvenile Justice or the 293 Department of Children and Families may grant exemptions from 294 disqualification from working with children as provided in s. 295 435.07.

296 (c) Any shelter used for the placement of children under 297 this chapter must be licensed by the Department of Children and 298 Families.

(3) It is the intent of the Legislature that This chapter
 300 is to be liberally interpreted and construed in conformity with

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301 its declared purposes. 302 Section 984.02, Florida Statutes, is amended to Section 3. 303 read: 984.02 Legislative intent for prevention and intervention 304 305 under this chapter the juvenile justice system.-306 GENERAL PROTECTIONS FOR CHILDREN.-It is a purpose of (1)307 the Legislature that the children of this state be provided with 308 the following protections: 309 Protection from abuse, neglect, and exploitation. (a) 310 (b) A permanent and stable home. (c) A safe and nurturing environment which will preserve a 311 312 sense of personal dignity and integrity. Adequate nutrition, shelter, and clothing. 313 (d) Effective services or treatment to address physical, 314 (e) 315 social, and emotional needs, regardless of geographical 316 location. 317 (f) Equal opportunity and access to quality and effective 318 education which will meet the individual needs of each child and 319 prepare the child for future employment, and to recreation and 320 other community resources to develop individual abilities. 321 Access to preventive services to provide the child and (q) 322 family the support of community resources to address the needs of the child and reduce the risk of harm or engaging in 323 324 delinquent behavior. 325 (h) Court An independent, trained advocate when Page 13 of 138

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326 intervention only when is necessary to address at-risk behavior 327 before the behavior escalates into harm to the child or to the 328 community through delinquent behavior. 329 Access to representation by a trained advocate when (i) 330 court proceedings are initiated under this chapter. 331 Supervision and services by skilled staff when (j) 332 temporary out of home placement is necessary and a skilled 333 quardian or caretaker in a safe environment when alternative 334 placement is necessary. 335 (2) SUBSTANCE ABUSE SERVICES.-The Legislature finds that 336 children in the care of the state's juvenile justice and 337 intervention dependency and delinquency systems need appropriate 338 health care services and τ that the impact of substance abuse on 339 health requires indicates the need for health care services to 340 include substance abuse services when where appropriate., and 341 that It is in the state's best interest that such children be provided the services they need to enable them to become and 342 343 remain independent of state care. In order to provide these 344 services, the state's juvenile justice and intervention 345 dependency and delinquency systems must have the ability to 346 identify and make referrals to experts capable of providing 347 provide appropriate intervention and treatment for children with 348 personal or family-related substance abuse problems. It is therefore the purpose of the Legislature to provide authority 349 350 for the state to contract with community substance abuse

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351 treatment providers for the development and operation of 352 specialized support and overlay services for the juvenile 353 justice and intervention dependency and delinquency systems, 354 subject to legislative appropriation, which will be fully 355 implemented and utilized as resources permit. This section does 356 not prevent agencies from referring children and families to privately operated community service providers to the extent the 357 358 families have funding or insurance to provide care.

(3) JUVENILE JUSTICE AND <u>INTERVENTION</u> <u>DELINQUENCY</u>
PREVENTION.-It is the policy of the state <u>regarding</u> with respect
to juvenile justice and <u>intervention</u> delinquency prevention to
first protect the public from acts of delinquency. In addition,
it is the policy of the state to:

(a) Develop and implement effective methods of preventing
and reducing acts of delinquency, with a focus on maintaining
and strengthening the family as a whole so that children may
remain in their homes or communities.

(b) Develop and implement effective programs to prevent delinquency, to divert children from the traditional juvenile justice system, to intervene at an early stage of delinquency, and to provide critically needed alternatives to institutionalization and deep-end commitment.

373 (c) Provide well-trained personnel, high-quality services,
374 and cost-effective programs within the juvenile justice system.
375 (d) Increase the capacity of local governments and public

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376	and private agencies to conduct rehabilitative treatment
377	programs and to provide research, evaluation, and training
378	services <u>for</u> in the field of juvenile delinquency prevention.
379	(e) Develop and implement effective early prevention
380	programs to address truancy and ungovernable and runaway
381	behavior of children which places the child at risk of harm, and
382	allow for intervention before the child engages in a delinquent
383	act.
384	
385	The Legislature intends that <u>temporary shelter</u> detention care,
386	in addition to providing <u>safe care</u> secure and safe custody , will
387	promote the health and well-being of the children <u>placed therein</u>
388	committed thereto and provide an environment that fosters their
389	social, emotional, intellectual, and physical development.
390	(4) PARENTAL, CUSTODIAL, AND GUARDIAN RESPONSIBILITIES
391	Parents, custodians, and guardians are deemed by the state to be
392	responsible for providing their children with sufficient
393	support, guidance, and supervision to deter their participation
394	in delinquent acts, and ensure their children attend school and
395	engage in education to prepare their child for their future. The
396	state further recognizes that the ability of parents,
397	custodians, and guardians to fulfill those responsibilities can
398	be greatly impaired by economic, social, behavioral, emotional,
399	and related problems. It is therefore the policy of the
400	Legislature that it is the state's responsibility to ensure that
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401 factors impeding the ability of caretakers to fulfill their 402 responsibilities are identified and appropriate recommendations 403 are provided to address those impediments through the provision 404 of nonjudicial voluntary family services for families in need of 405 services and through the child in need of services court 406 processes delinquency intake process and that appropriate recommendations to address those problems are considered 407 408 judicial or nonjudicial proceeding. 409 (5) PROVISION OF SERVICES.-Services to families shall be 410 provided on a continuum of increasing intensity and 411 participation by the parent, legal guardian, or custodian and 412 child. Judicial intervention to resolve the problems and 413 conflicts that exist within a family shall be limited to situations in which a resolution to the problem or conflict has 414 415 not been achieved through individual and family services after 416 all available less restrictive resources have been exhausted. In 417 creating this chapter, the Legislature recognizes the need to 418 distinguish the problems of truants, runaways, and children 419 beyond the control of their parents, and the services provided 420 to these children, from the problems and services designed to meet the needs of abandoned, abused, neglected, and delinguent 421 422 children. In achieving this distinction, it is the policy of the 423 state to develop short-term services using the least restrictive 424 method for children and families, early truancy intervention, 425 and children in need of services.

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426	Section 4. Section 984.03, Florida Statutes, is amended to
427	read:
428	984.03 DefinitionsWhen used in this chapter, the term:
429	(1) "Abandoned" <u>or "abandonment" have the same meaning as</u>
430	s. 39.01(1) means a situation in which the parent or legal
431	custodian of a child or, in the absence of a parent or legal
432	custodian, the person responsible for the child's welfare, while
433	being able, makes no provision for the child's support and makes
434	no effort to communicate with the child, which situation is
435	sufficient to evince a willful rejection of parental
436	obligations. If the efforts of such parent or legal custodian,
437	or person primarily responsible for the child's welfare to
438	support and communicate with the child are, in the opinion of
439	the court, only marginal efforts that do not evince a settled
440	purpose to assume all parental duties, the court may declare the
441	child to be abandoned. The term "abandoned" does not include a
442	"child in need of services" as defined in subsection (9) or a
443	"family in need of services" as defined in subsection (25). The
444	incarceration of a parent, legal custodian, or person
445	responsible for a child's welfare does not constitute a bar to a
446	finding of abandonment.
447	(2) "Abuse" has the same meaning as in s. 39.01(2) means
448	any willful act that results in any physical, mental, or sexual
449	injury that causes or is likely to cause the child's physical,
450	mental, or emotional health to be significantly impaired.
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451 Corporal discipline of a child by a parent or quardian for 452 disciplinary purposes does not in itself constitute abuse when 453 it does not result in harm to the child as defined in s. 39.01. 454 (3) "Addictions receiving facility" means a substance abuse service provider as defined in chapter 397. 455 456 (3) (4) "Adjudicatory hearing" means a hearing for the 457 court to determine whether or not the facts support the 458 allegations stated in the petition as is provided for under s. 459 984.20(2) in child in need of services child-in-need-of-services 460 cases. 461 (4) (5) "Adult" means any natural person other than a 462 child. 463 (5) (6) "Authorized agent" or "designee" of the department 464 means a person or agency assigned or designated by the 465 Department of Juvenile Justice or the Department of Children and 466 Families, as appropriate, to perform duties or exercise powers 467 pursuant to this chapter and includes contract providers and 468 subcontracted providers and their employees for purposes of 469 providing voluntary family services, and providing court-ordered 470 services to and managing cases of children in need of services 471 and families in need of services. 472 (7) "Caretaker/homemaker" means an authorized agent of the Department of Children and Families who shall remain in the 473 474 child's home with the child until a parent, legal guardian, or relative of the child enters the home and is capable of assuming 475

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476	and agrees to assume charge of the child.
477	<u>(6)</u> "Child" or "juvenile" or "youth" means any
478	unmarried person under the age of 18 who has not been
479	emancipated by order of the court a nd who has been found or
480	alleged to be dependent, in need of services, or from a family
481	in need of services; or any married or unmarried person who is
482	charged with a violation of law occurring prior to the time that
483	person reached the age of 18 years.
484	<u>(7)</u> "Child in need of services" means a child for whom
485	there is no pending <u>petition filed with the court</u> investigation
486	into an allegation or suspicion of abuse, neglect, or
487	abandonment; no pending referral alleging the child is
488	delinquent ; or no current <u>court ordered</u> supervision by the
489	department <u>for delinquency under chapter 985</u> of Juvenile Justice
490	or the Department of Children and Families for an adjudication
491	of dependency <u>under chapter 39</u> or delinquency . The child must
492	also, pursuant to this chapter, be found by the court:
493	(a) To have persistently run away from the child's
494	parents <u>,</u> or legal <u>guardians, or</u> custodians despite reasonable
495	efforts of the child , the parents <u>,</u> or legal <u>guardians, or</u>
496	custodians, and appropriate agencies to remedy the conditions
497	contributing to the behavior. Reasonable efforts shall include
498	voluntary participation by the child's parents or legal
499	guardian, or custodians and the child in family mediation,
500	voluntary services, and treatment offered by the Department <u>or</u>
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501 through its authorized agent of Juvenile Justice or the 502 Department of Children and Families; 503 To be a habitual habitually truant from school, while (b) 504 subject to compulsory school attendance, despite reasonable 505 efforts to remedy the situation pursuant to ss. 1003.26 and 506 1003.27 and through voluntary participation by the child's parents or legal custodians and by the child in family 507 mediation, services, and treatment offered by the department or 508 509 its authorized agent of Juvenile Justice or the Department of 510 Children and Families; or 511 To be ungovernable by having have persistently (C) 512 disobeyed the reasonable and lawful rules and demands of the child's parents, or legal guardians, or custodians, and to be 513 514 beyond their control despite the child having the mental and 515 physical capacity to understand and obey lawful rules and 516 demands, and despite efforts by the child's parents, or legal 517 guardians, or custodians and appropriate agencies to remedy the 518 conditions contributing to the behavior. Reasonable efforts may 519 include such things as good faith participation in voluntary 520 family services or individual services counseling. 521 (10) "Child support" means a court-ordered obligation, 522 enforced under chapter 61 and ss. 409.2551-409.2597, for monetary support for the care, maintenance, training, and 523 education of a child. 524 525 (11) "Child who has been found to have committed a Page 21 of 138

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526	delinquent act" means a child who, pursuant to the provisions of
527	chapter 985, is found by a court to have committed a violation
528	of law or to be in direct or indirect contempt of court, except
529	that this definition shall not include an act constituting
530	contempt of court arising out of a dependency proceeding or a
531	proceeding pursuant to this chapter.
532	(12) "Child who is found to be dependent" or "dependent
533	child" means a child who, pursuant to this chapter, is found by
534	the court:
535	(a) To have been abandoned, abused, or neglected by the
536	child's parents or other custodians.
537	(b) To have been surrendered to the former Department of
538	Health and Rehabilitative Services, the Department of Children
539	and Families, or a licensed child-placing agency for purpose of
540	adoption.
541	(c) To have been voluntarily placed with a licensed child-
542	caring agency, a licensed child-placing agency, an adult
543	relative, the former Department of Health and Rehabilitative
544	Services, or the Department of Children and Families, after
545	which placement, under the requirements of this chapter, a case
546	plan has expired and the parent or parents have failed to
547	substantially comply with the requirements of the plan.
548	(d) To have been voluntarily placed with a licensed child-
549	placing agency for the purposes of subsequent adoption and a
550	natural parent or parents signed a consent pursuant to the
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551	Florida Rules of Juvenile Procedure.
552	(e) To have no parent, legal custodian, or responsible
553	adult relative to provide supervision and care.
554	(f) To be at substantial risk of imminent abuse or neglect
555	by the parent or parents or the custodian.
556	<u>(8)</u> "Circuit" means any of the 20 judicial circuits as
557	set forth in s. 26.021.
558	(14) "Comprehensive assessment" or "assessment" means the
559	gathering of information for the evaluation of a juvenile
560	offender's or a child's physical, psychological, educational,
561	vocational, and social condition and family environment as they
562	relate to the child's need for rehabilitative and treatment
563	services, including substance abuse treatment services, mental
564	health services, developmental services, literacy services,
565	medical services, family services, and other specialized
566	services, as appropriate.
567	(9) (15) "Court," unless otherwise expressly stated, means
568	the circuit court assigned to exercise jurisdiction under this
569	chapter.
570	(10) "Custodian," means any adult person exercising actual
571	physical custody of the child who is providing food, clothing,
572	and care for the child in the absence of a parent or legal
573	guardian.
574	(16) "Delinquency program" means any intake, community
575	control, or similar program; regional detention center or
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576	facility; or community-based program, whether owned and operated
577	by or contracted by the Department of Juvenile Justice, or
578	institution owned and operated by or contracted by the
579	Department of Juvenile Justice, which provides intake,
580	supervision, or custody and care of children who are alleged to
581	be or who have been found to be delinquent pursuant to chapter
582	985.
583	(11) (17) "Department" means the Department of Juvenile
584	Justice.
585	(18) "Detention care" means the temporary care of a child
586	in secure, nonsecure, or home detention, pending a court
587	adjudication or disposition or execution of a court order. There
588	are three types of detention care, as follows:
589	(a) "Secure detention" means temporary custody of the
590	child while the child is under the physical restriction of a
591	detention center or facility pending adjudication, disposition,
592	or placement.
593	(b) "Nonsecure detention" means temporary custody of the
594	child while the child is in a residential home in the community
595	in a physically nonrestrictive environment under the supervision
596	of the Department of Juvenile Justice pending adjudication,
597	disposition, or placement.
598	(c) "Home detention" means temporary custody of the child
599	while the child is released to the custody of the parent,
600	guardian, or custodian in a physically nonrestrictive
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601 environment under the supervision of the Department of Juvenile 602 Justice staff pending adjudication, disposition, or placement. 603 (19) "Detention center or facility" means a facility used 604 pending court adjudication or disposition or execution of court order for the temporary care of a child alleged or found to have 605 606 committed a violation of law. A detention center or facility may 607 provide secure or nonsecure custody. A facility used for the commitment of adjudicated delinquents shall not be considered a 608 609 detention center or facility. (20) "Detention hearing" means a hearing for the court 610 611 determine if a child should be placed in temporary custody, as 612 provided for under s. 39.402, in dependency cases. 613 (21) "Diligent efforts of social service agency" means 614 reasonable efforts to provide social services or reunification 615 services made by any social service agency as defined in this 616 section that is a party to a case plan. 617 (22) "Diligent search" means the efforts of a social 618 service agency to locate a parent or prospective parent whose 619 identity or location is unknown, or a relative made known to the 620 social services agency by the parent or custodian of a child. 621 When the search is for a parent, prospective parent, or relative 622 of a child in the custody of the department, this search must be initiated as soon as the agency is made aware of the existence 623 624 of such parent, prospective parent, or relative. A diligent 625 search shall include interviews with persons who are likely to

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626 have information about the identity or location of the person 627 being sought, comprehensive database searches, and records 628 searches, including searches of employment, residence, 629 utilities, Armed Forces, vehicle registration, child support 630 enforcement, law enforcement, and corrections records, and any other records likely to result in identifying and locating the 631 632 person being sought. The initial diligent search must be completed within 90 days after a child is taken into custody. 633 634 After the completion of the initial diligent search, the 635 department, unless excused by the court, shall have a continuing 636 duty to search for relatives with whom it may be appropriate to 637 place the child, until such relatives are found or until the 638 child is placed for adoption.

639 <u>(12)(23)</u> "Disposition hearing" means a hearing in which 640 the court determines the most appropriate dispositional services 641 in the least restrictive available setting provided for under s. 642 984.20(3), in <u>child in need of services</u> child-in-need-of- 643 services cases.

(13) "Early truancy intervention" means action taken by a
 school or school district pursuant to s. 1003.26 to identify a
 pattern of nonattendance by a student subject to compulsory
 school attendance at the earliest opportunity to address the
 reasons for the student's nonattendance, and includes services
 provided by the school or school district, the department or its
 authorized agent pursuant to s. 984.11, and may include judicial

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651 action pursuant to s. 984.151 or s. 1003.27. 652 (14) (24) "Family" means a collective body of persons, 653 consisting of a child and a parent, legal guardian, adult 654 custodian, or adult relative, in which: 655 (a) The persons reside in the same house or living unit; 656 or 657 (b) The parent, legal guardian, adult custodian, or adult 658 relative has a legal responsibility by blood, marriage, or court 659 order to support or care for the child. (15) (25) "Family in need of services" means a family that 660 has a child who is running away; who is ungovernable and 661 662 persistently disobeying reasonable and lawful demands of the 663 parent or legal custodian and is beyond the control of the 664 parent or legal custodian; or who is a habitual habitually 665 truant from school or engaging in other serious behaviors that 666 place the child at risk of future abuse, neglect, or abandonment 667 or at risk of entering the juvenile justice system. The child must be referred to a law enforcement agency, the department of 668 669 Juvenile Justice, or an agency contracted to provide services to 670 children in need of services. A family is not eligible to 671 receive voluntary family services if, at the time of the 672 referral, there is an open investigation into an allegation of 673 abuse, neglect, or abandonment or if the child is currently 674 under court-ordered supervision by the department for 675 delinquency under chapter 985 of Juvenile Justice or the

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676 Department of Children and Families due to a finding of 677 dependency under chapter 39 an adjudication of dependency or 678 delinquency. 679 (26) "Foster care" means care provided a child in a foster 680 family or boarding home, group home, agency boarding home, child 681 care institution, or any combination thereof. 682 (16) (27) "Habitual Habitually truant" has the same meaning 683 as provided in s. 1003.01(12). means that: 684 (a) The child has 15 unexcused absences within 90 calendar 685 days with or without the knowledge or justifiable consent of the 686 child's parent or legal guardian, is subject to compulsory 687 school attendance under s. 1003.21(1) and (2)(a), and is not 688 exempt under s. 1003.21(3), s. 1003.24, or any other exemptions 689 specified by law or the rules of the State Board of Education. 690 (b) Activities to determine the cause, and to attempt the 691 remediation, of the child's truant behavior under ss. 1003.26 and 1003.27(3), have been completed. 692 693 694 If a child who is subject to compulsory school attendance is 695 responsive to the interventions described in ss. 1003.26 and 696 1003.27(3) and has completed the necessary requirements to pass 697 the current grade as indicated in the district pupil progression plan, the child shall not be determined to be habitually truant 698 699 and shall be passed. If a child within the compulsory school attendance age has 15 unexcused absences within 90 calendar days 700

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701 or fails to enroll in school, the State Attorney may, or the 702 appropriate jurisdictional agency shall, file a child-in-need-703 of-services petition if recommended by the case staffing 704 committee, unless it is determined that another alternative 705 action is preferable. The failure or refusal of the parent or 706 legal guardian or the child to participate, or make a good faith 707 effort to participate, in the activities prescribed to remedy the truant behavior, or the failure or refusal of the child to 708 709 return to school after participation in activities required by 710 this subsection, or the failure of the child to stop the truant 711 behavior after the school administration and the Department of 712 Juvenile Justice have worked with the child as described in ss. 713 1003.26 and 1003.27(3) shall be handled as prescribed in s. 714 1003.27.

715 (17) (28) "Intake" means the initial acceptance and 716 screening by the department or its authorized agent of a 717 referral from early truancy intervention court, a school board, or school requesting services; a request for assistance from a 718 719 parent or child; or a complaint, of Juvenile Justice of a 720 complaint or a law enforcement report, or probable cause 721 affidavit of a child's truancy, ungovernable behavior, or 722 running away, on behalf of a family delinquency, family in need 723 of services, or child in need of services to determine the most 724 appropriate course of action recommendation to be taken in the 725 best interests of the child, the family, and the community. The

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726 emphasis of intake is on diversion and the least restrictive 727 available services. Consequently, intake includes such 728 alternatives as:

(a) The disposition of the <u>request for services</u>,
complaint, report, or probable cause affidavit without court or
public agency action or judicial handling when appropriate.

(b) The referral of the child to another public or privateagency when appropriate.

(c) The recommendation by the <u>assigned intake case manager</u>
 juvenile probation officer of judicial handling when appropriate
 and warranted.

737 (18)(29) "Judge" means the circuit judge exercising
 738 jurisdiction pursuant to this chapter.

739 (30) "Juvenile justice continuum" includes, but is not 740 limited to, delinquency prevention programs and services 741 designed for the purpose of preventing or reducing delinguent 742 acts, including criminal activity by criminal gangs and juvenile 743 arrests, as well as programs and services targeted at children 744 who have committed delinquent acts, and children who have 745 previously been committed to residential treatment programs for 746 delinquents. The term includes children-in-need-of-services and 747 families-in-need-of-services programs; conditional release; 748 substance abuse and mental health programs; educational and 749 vocational programs; recreational programs; community services 750 programs; community service work programs; and alternative

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751 dispute resolution programs serving children at risk of 752 delinquency and their families, whether offered or delivered by 753 state or local governmental entities, public or private for-754 profit or not-for-profit organizations, or religious or 755 charitable organizations.

756 (31) "Juvenile probation officer" means the authorized 757 agent of the department who performs and directs intake, 758 assessment, probation, or conditional release, and other related 759 services.

760 (19)(32) "Legal custody" means a legal status created by 761 court order or letter of guardianship which vests in a custodian 762 of the person or guardian, whether an agency or an individual, 763 the right to have physical custody of the child and the right 764 and duty to protect, train, and discipline the child and to 765 provide him or her with food, shelter, education, and ordinary 766 medical, dental, psychiatric, and psychological care.

767 <u>(20) (33)</u> "Licensed child-caring agency" means a person, 768 society, association, or agency licensed by the Department of 769 Children and Families to care for, receive, and board children<u>,</u> 770 and includes shelters under this chapter.

771 <u>(21)(34)</u> "Licensed health care professional" means a 772 physician licensed under chapter 458, an osteopathic physician 773 licensed under chapter 459, a nurse licensed under part I of 774 chapter 464, a physician assistant licensed under chapter 458 or 775 chapter 459, or a dentist licensed under chapter 466.

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776 (35) "Mediation" means a process whereby a neutral third 777 person called a mediator acts to encourage and facilitate the 778 resolution of a dispute between two or more parties. It is an 779 informal and nonadversarial process with the objective of 780 helping the disputing parties reach a mutually acceptable and 781 voluntary agreement. In mediation, decisionmaking authority 782 rests with the parties. The role of the mediator includes, but is not limited to, assisting the parties in identifying issues, 783 784 fostering joint problem solving, and exploring settlement 785 alternatives.

786 <u>(22)(36)</u> "Necessary medical treatment" means care that is 787 necessary within a reasonable degree of medical certainty to 788 prevent the deterioration of a child's condition or to alleviate 789 immediate pain of a child.

790 (23) (37) "Neglect" has the same meaning as in s. 791 39.01(53). occurs when the parent or legal custodian of a child or, in the absence of a parent or legal custodian, the person 792 793 primarily responsible for the child's welfare deprives a child 794 of, or allows a child to be deprived of, necessary food, 795 clothing, shelter, or medical treatment or permits a child to 796 live in an environment when such deprivation or environment 797 causes the child's physical, mental, or emotional health to be 798 significantly impaired or to be in danger of being significantly 799 impaired. The foregoing circumstances shall not be considered 800 neglect if caused primarily by financial inability unless actual

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801 services for relief have been offered to and rejected by such 802 person. A parent or guardian legitimately practicing religious 803 beliefs in accordance with a recognized church or religious 804 organization who thereby does not provide specific medical 805 treatment for a child shall not, for that reason alone, be 806 considered a negligent parent or guardian; however, such an exception does not preclude a court from ordering the following 807 services to be provided, when the health of the child so 808 809 requires: (a) Medical services from a licensed physician, dentist, 810 811 optometrist, podiatric physician, or other qualified health care 812 provider; or 813 (b) Treatment by a duly accredited practitioner who relies 814 solely on spiritual means for healing in accordance with the 815 tenets and practices of a well-recognized church or religious 816 organization. 817 "Needs assessment" means the gathering of information (24) 818 for the evaluation of a child's physical, psychological, 819 educational, vocational, and social condition and family 820 environment related to the child's need for services, including 821 substance abuse treatment services, mental health services, 822 developmental services, literacy services, medical services, 823 family services, individual and family counseling, education 824 services, and other specialized services, as appropriate. 825 (38) "Next of kin" means an adult relative of a child who

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826 is the child's brother, sister, grandparent, aunt, uncle, or 827 first cousin.

828 (25) (39) "Parent" means a woman who gives birth to a child and a man whose consent to the adoption of the child would be 829 830 required under s. 63.062(1). If a child has been legally adopted, the term "parent" means the adoptive mother or father 831 832 of the child. The term does not include an individual whose 833 parental relationship to the child has been legally terminated, or an alleged or prospective parent, unless the parental status 834 falls within the terms of either s. 39.503(1) or s. 63.062(1). 835

(26) (40) "Participant," for purposes of a shelter 836 837 proceeding under this chapter, means any person who is not a party but who should receive notice of hearings involving the 838 839 child, including foster parents, identified prospective parents, 840 grandparents entitled to priority for adoption consideration 841 under s. 63.0425, actual custodians of the child, and any other 842 person whose participation may be in the best interest of the 843 child. Participants may be granted leave by the court to be 844 heard without the necessity of filing a motion to intervene.

845 <u>(27)</u> (41) "Party," for purposes of a shelter proceeding 846 <u>under this chapter</u>, means the parent, legal guardian, or actual 847 <u>custodian</u> of the child, the petitioner, the department, the 848 guardian ad litem when one has been appointed, and the child. 849 The presence of the child may be excused by order of the court 850 when presence would not be in the child's best interest or the

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851 <u>child has failed to appear for a proceeding after having been</u> 852 <u>noticed</u>. Notice to the child may be excused by order of the 853 court when the age, capacity, or other condition of the child is 854 <u>such that the notice would be meaningless or detrimental to the</u> 855 <u>child</u>.

856 <u>(28) "Physically secure shelter" means a department-</u> 857 <u>approved locked facility or locked unit within a facility for</u> 858 <u>the care of a child adjudicated a child in need of services who</u> 859 <u>is court ordered to be held pursuant to s. 984.226. A physically</u> 860 <u>secure shelter unit shall provide 24-hour, continuous</u> 861 supervision.

862 (42) "Preliminary screening" means the gathering of 863 preliminary information to be used in determining a child's need 864 for further evaluation or assessment or for referral for other 865 substance abuse services through means such as psychosocial 866 interviews; urine and breathalyzer screenings; and reviews of 867 available educational, delinquency, and dependency records of 868 the child.

869 <u>(29)(43)</u> "Preventive services" means social services and 870 other supportive and <u>evaluation and intervention</u> rehabilitative 871 services provided to the <u>child or the</u> parent, of the child, the 872 legal guardian of the child, or the custodian of the child and 873 to the child for the purpose of averting the removal of the 874 child from the home or disruption of a family which will or 875 could result in an adjudication that orders the placement of a

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876 child under dependency supervision into foster care or into the 877 delinquency system or that will or could result in the child 878 living on the street. Social services and other supportive and 879 rehabilitative services may include the provision of assessment 880 and screening services; individual, group, or family counseling; 881 specialized educational and vocational services; temporary 882 voluntary shelter for the child; outreach services for children 883 living on the street; independent living services to assist 884 adolescents in achieving a successful transition to adulthood; 885 and other specialized services.

886 (44) "Protective supervision" means a legal status in 887 child-in-need-of-services cases or family-in-need-of-services 888 cases which permits the child to remain in his or her own home 889 or other placement under the supervision of an agent of the 890 Department of Juvenile Justice or the Department of Children and 891 Families, subject to being returned to the court during the 892 period of supervision.

893 <u>(30) (45)</u> "Relative" means a grandparent, great-894 grandparent, sibling, first cousin, aunt, uncle, great-aunt, 895 great-uncle, niece, or nephew, whether related by the whole or 896 half blood, by affinity, or by adoption. The term does not 897 include a stepparent.

898 <u>(31)(46)</u> "Reunification services" means social services 899 and other supportive and rehabilitative services provided to the 900 child and the parent of the child, the legal guardian of the

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901 child, or the custodian of the child, whichever is applicable, + 902 the child; and, where appropriate, the foster parents of the 903 child for the purpose of assisting enabling a child who has been 904 placed in temporary shelter care to return to his or her family 905 at the most appropriate and effective earliest possible time 906 based on the presenting concerns at intake. Social services and other supportive and rehabilitative services shall be consistent 907 908 with the child's need for a safe, continuous, and stable living 909 environment and shall promote the strengthening of family life 910 whenever possible.

911 <u>(32)</u> (47) "Secure detention center or facility" means a 912 physically restricting facility for the temporary care of 913 children, pending adjudication, disposition, or placement <u>under</u> 914 <u>chapter 985</u>.

915 (33) (48) "Shelter" means a department-approved shelter 916 facility for the temporary care of runaway children; children 917 placed for voluntary shelter respite upon request of the child 918 or the child's parent, legal guardian, or custodian; or for placement of a child who has been adjudicated a child in need of 919 920 services or who has been found in contempt of court under s. 921 984.09. Shelters must provide 24-hour continual supervision a 922 place for the temporary care of a child who is alleged to be or 923 who has been found to be dependent, a child from a family in 924 need of services, or a child in need of services, pending court 925 disposition before or after adjudication or after execution of a

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926 court order. "Shelter" may include a facility which provides 24-927 hour continual supervision for the temporary care of a child who 928 is placed pursuant to s. 984.14.

929 (49) "Shelter hearing" means a hearing provided for under 930 s. 984.14 in family-in-need-of-services cases or child-in-need-931 of-services cases.

932 (50) "Staff-secure shelter" means a facility in which a 933 child is supervised 24 hours a day by staff members who are 934 awake while on duty. The facility is for the temporary care and 935 assessment of a child who has been found to be dependent, who 936 has violated a court order and been found in contempt of court, 937 or whom the Department of Children and Families is unable to 938 properly assess or place for assistance within the continuum of 939 services provided for dependent children.

940 <u>(34) (51)</u> "Substance abuse" means using, without medical 941 reason, any psychoactive or mood-altering drug, including 942 alcohol, in such a manner as to induce impairment resulting in 943 dysfunctional social behavior.

944 <u>(35)(52)</u> "Taken into custody" means the status of a child 945 immediately when temporary physical control over the child is 946 attained by a person authorized by law, pending the child's 947 release, <u>shelter</u> detention, placement, or other disposition as 948 authorized by law.

949 <u>(36)</u> (53) "Temporary legal custody" means the relationship 950 that a juvenile court creates between a child and an adult

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951 relative of the child, adult nonrelative approved by the court, 952 or other person until a more permanent arrangement is ordered. 953 Temporary legal custody confers upon the custodian the right to 954 have temporary physical custody of the child and the right and 955 duty to protect, train, and discipline the child and to provide 956 the child with food, shelter, and education, and ordinary 957 medical, dental, psychiatric, and psychological care, unless 958 these rights and duties are otherwise enlarged or limited by the 959 court order establishing the temporary legal custody 960 relationship.

961 (37) (54) "Truancy petition" means a petition filed by the 962 superintendent of schools under s. 984.151 for the purpose of 963 early truancy intervention alleging that a student subject to compulsory school attendance has had at least five unexcused 964 965 absences, or absences for which the reasons are unknown, within 966 a calendar month or 10 unexcused absences, or absences for which 967 the reasons are unknown, within a 90-calendar-day period, or has 968 had more than 15 unexcused absences in a 90-calendar-day period. 969 A truancy petition is filed and processed under s. 984.151. 970

970 <u>(38)</u> "Truant status offender" means a child subject to the 971 jurisdiction of the court under s. 984.151, who has been found 972 by the court to be truant while subject to compulsory education. 973 The court's jurisdiction is limited to entering orders to 974 require the child to attend school and participate in services 975 to encourage regular school attendance. A truant status offender

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976 is not a delinquent child and shall not be deemed to have 977 committed a criminal or delinquent act solely due to failure to 978 attend school. 979 (39) (55) "Violation of law" or "delinquent act" means a 980 violation of any law of this state, the United States, or any 981 other state which is a misdemeanor or a felony or a violation of 982 a county or municipal ordinance which would be punishable by 983 incarceration if the violation were committed by an adult. 984 (40) "Voluntary family services" means voluntary services 985 provided by the department or an agency designated by the 986 department to a family that has a child who is running away; who 987 is ungovernable by persistently disobeying reasonable and lawful 988 demands of the parent, legal guardian, or custodian and is 989 beyond the control of the parent, legal guardian, or custodian; 990 or who is a habitual truant or engaging in other serious 991 behaviors that place the child at risk of future abuse, neglect, 992 abandonment, or entering the juvenile justice system. The child 993 must be referred to the Department of Juvenile Justice or an 994 agency designated by the department to provide voluntary 995 services to families and children. 996 Section 5. Section 984.04, Florida Statutes, is amended to 997 read: 984.04 Early truancy intervention; families in need of 998 999 services and children in need of services; procedures and jurisdiction.-1000

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1001	(1) It is the intent of the Legislature to address the
1002	problems of families in need of services by providing them with
1003	an array of services designed to preserve the unity and
1004	integrity of the family and to emphasize parental responsibility
1005	for the behavior of their children. Services to families in need
1006	of services and children in need of services shall be provided
1007	on a continuum of increasing intensity and participation by the
1008	parent and child. Judicial intervention to resolve the problems
1009	and conflicts that exist within a family shall be limited to
1010	situations in which a resolution to the problem or conflict has
1011	not been achieved through service, treatment, and family
1012	intervention after all available less restrictive resources have
1013	been exhausted. In creating this chapter, the Legislature
1014	recognizes the need to distinguish the problems of truants,
1015	runaways, and children beyond the control of their parents, and
1016	the services provided to these children, from the problems and
1017	services designed to meet the needs of abandoned, abused,
1018	neglected, and delinquent children. In achieving this
1019	recognition, it shall be the policy of the state to develop
1020	short-term, temporary services and programs utilizing the least
1021	restrictive method for families in need of services and children
1022	in need of services.
1023	(1) (2) The department of Juvenile Justice shall be
1024	responsible for all nonjudicial proceedings involving <u>voluntary</u>

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a family in need of services for a family identified as a family

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1026 in need of services. 1027 (3) All nonjudicial procedures in family-in-need-of-1028 services cases shall be according to rules established by the 1029 department of Juvenile Justice under chapter 120. 1030 (2) (4) The circuit court shall have exclusive original 1031 jurisdiction of judicial proceedings involving early truancy 1032 intervention. When the jurisdiction of any child found to be 1033 truant under s. 984.151 is obtained, the court may retain 1034 jurisdiction for up to 180 days. The court must terminate 1035 supervision and relinquish jurisdiction if the child has 1036 substantially complied with the requirements of early truancy 1037 intervention, is no longer subject to compulsory education, or 1038 is adjudicated a child in need of services under s. 984.21 1039 continued placement of a child from a family in need of services 1040 in shelter. (3) (5) The circuit court shall have exclusive original 1041 1042 jurisdiction of proceedings in which a child is alleged to be a 1043 child in need of services. When the jurisdiction of any child 1044 who has been found to be a child in need of services or the 1045

1045 parent, custodian, or legal guardian of such a child is 1046 obtained, the court shall retain jurisdiction, unless 1047 relinquished by its order or unless the department withdraws its 1048 petition because the child no longer meets the definition of a 1049 child in need of services as defined in s. 984.03, until the 1050 child reaches 18 years of age. This subsection does shall not be

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1051 construed to prevent the exercise of jurisdiction by any other 1052 court having jurisdiction of the child if the child commits a 1053 violation of law, is the subject of the dependency provisions 1054 under this chapter, or is the subject of a pending investigation 1055 into an allegation or suspicion of abuse, neglect, or 1056 abandonment.

1057 (4) Jurisdiction of the circuit court shall attach to the 1058 case and parties to proceedings filed under s. 984.15 or under 1059 s. 984.151 when the summons is served upon the child and a 1060 parent, legal guardian, or custodian, or when the parties 1061 personally appear before the court.

1062 <u>(5) (6)</u> All procedures, including petitions, pleadings, 1063 subpoenas, summonses, and hearings, in proceedings under this 1064 <u>chapter family-in-need-of-services cases and child-in-need-of-</u> 1065 services cases shall be according to the Florida Rules of 1066 Juvenile Procedure unless otherwise provided by law.

1067 (7) The department may contract with a provider to provide 1068 services and programs for families in need of services and 1069 children in need of services.

1070 Section 6. Subsections (2) and (4) of section 984.06,
1071 Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

984.06 Oaths, records, and confidential information.(2) The court shall make and keep records of all cases
brought before it pursuant to this chapter and shall preserve
the records pertaining to a child in need of services until 10

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1076 years after the last entry was made or until the child is 18 1077 years of age, whichever date is first reached, and may then 1078 destroy them. The court shall make official records, consisting 1079 of all petitions and orders filed in a case arising pursuant to 1080 this chapter and any other pleadings, certificates, proofs of 1081 publication, summonses, warrants, and other writs which are 1082 filed in the case.

1083 (4) Except as provided in subsection (3), all information 1084 obtained pursuant to this chapter in the discharge of official 1085 duty by any judge, employee of the court, authorized agent of the department, school employee, district superintendent, school 1086 1087 board employee, or law enforcement agent is confidential and may 1088 not be disclosed to anyone other than the authorized personnel 1089 of the court, the department and its designees, school or school 1090 board personnel, law enforcement agencies, and others entitled 1091 under this chapter to receive that information, except upon 1092 order of the court.

Section 7. Section 984.07, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

1095 984.07 <u>Right to counsel; waiver;</u> appointed counsel; 1096 compensation.-

1097 (1) When a petition is filed alleging that a child is a 1098 child in need of services or if the child is subject to contempt 1099 proceedings under s. 984.09, the child must be represented by 1100 counsel at each court appearance. The court must appoint counsel

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1101	unless the child is not indigent and has counsel present to
1102	represent the child or the record in that proceeding
1103	affirmatively demonstrates by clear and convincing evidence that
1104	the child knowingly and intelligently waived the right to
1105	counsel after being fully advised by the court of the nature of
1106	the proceedings and the dispositional alternatives available to
1107	the court. If the child waives counsel at any proceeding, the
1108	court shall advise the child with respect to the right to
1109	counsel at every subsequent hearing.
1110	(2) A child in proceedings under s. 984.151 may have
1111	counsel appointed by the court if the court determines it is in
1112	the best interest of the child.
1113	(3) If the court appoints counsel for a child, and if the
1114	child and his or her parents or legal guardians are indigent and
1115	unable to employ counsel, the court shall appoint an attorney to
1116	represent the child under s. 27.511. Determination of indigence
1117	and costs of representation shall be as provided by s. 57.082.
1118	Legal counsel representing a child who exercises the right to
1119	counsel may provide advice and counsel to the child at any time
1120	after appointment.
1121	(4) If the parents or legal guardians of an indigent child
1122	are not indigent but refuse to employ counsel, the court shall
1123	appoint counsel pursuant to s. 27.511 to represent the child
1124	until counsel is provided. Costs of representation must be
1125	imposed as provided by s. 57.082. Thereafter, the court may not

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1126	appoint counsel for an indigent child with nonindigent parents
1127	or legal guardian but shall order the parents or legal guardian
1128	to obtain private counsel.
1129	(a) A parent or legal guardian of an indigent child who
1130	has been ordered to obtain private counsel for the child and who
1131	willfully fails to follow the court order shall be punished by
1132	the court in civil contempt proceedings.
1133	(b) An indigent child may have counsel appointed pursuant
1134	to ss. 27.511 and 57.082 if the parents or legal guardian have
1135	willfully refused to obey the court order to obtain counsel for
1136	the child and have been punished by civil contempt. Costs of
1137	representation must be imposed as provided by s. 57.082.
1138	(5) If the court makes a finding that nonindigent parents
1139	have made a good faith effort to participate in services and
1140	remediate the child's behavior, but despite their good faith
1141	efforts, the child's truancy, ungovernable behavior or runaway
1142	behavior has persisted, the court may appoint counsel to
1143	represent the child as provided in s 27.511.
1144	(6) If counsel is entitled to receive compensation for
1145	representation pursuant to court appointment in a child in need
1146	of services proceeding, such compensation shall not exceed
1147	\$1,000 at the trial level and $$2,500$ at the appellate level.
1148	(7) This section does not preclude the court from
1149	requesting reimbursement of attorney fees and costs from the
1150	nonindigent parent or legal guardian.
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1151 The court may appoint an attorney to represent a (8) 1152 parent or legal guardian under this chapter only upon a finding 1153 that the parent or legal guardian is indigent pursuant to s. 1154 57.082. If an attorney is appointed, the parent or legal guardian shall be enrolled in a payment plan pursuant to s. 1155 28.246 If counsel is entitled to receive compensation for 1156 1157 representation pursuant to court appointment in a child-in-need-1158 of-services proceeding, such compensation shall not exceed \$1,000 at the trial level and \$2,500 at the appellate level. 1159 1160 Section 8. Subsection (1) of section 984.071, Florida 1161 Statutes, is amended, and subsection (3) is added to that 1162 section, to read: 984.071 Resources and information.-1163 1164 The department of Juvenile Justice, in collaboration (1)1165 with the Department of Children and Families and the Department of Education, shall develop and publish an information guide 1166 1167 packet that explains the current process under this chapter for 1168 obtaining assistance for a child in need of services or a family 1169 in need of services and the community services and resources 1170 available to parents of troubled or runaway children. The 1171 information guide shall be published in a written format for 1172 distribution and shall also be published on the department's 1173 website. In preparing the information packet, the Department of 1174 Juvenile Justice shall work with school district 1175 superintendents, juvenile court judges, county sheriffs, and

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1176 other local law enforcement officials in order to ensure that 1177 the information packet lists services and resources that are 1178 currently available within the county in which the packet is 1179 distributed. Each information guide packet shall be reviewed 1180 annually and updated as appropriate. The school district shall distribute this information guide packet to parents of truant 1181 children, and to other parents upon request or as deemed 1182 1183 appropriate by the school district. In addition, the department of Juvenile Justice shall distribute the information quide 1184 1185 packet to state and local law enforcement agencies. Any law 1186 enforcement officer who has contact with the parent of a child 1187 who is locked out of the home, is ungovernable, or who runs away 1188 from home shall make the information guide available to the 1189 parent.

 1190
 (3) The Department of Education and the Department of

 1191
 Children and Families must each post the department's

 1192
 information guide on their respective websites.

 1192
 Children and Families must each post the department's

1193Section 9.Sections 984.08 and 984.085, Florida Statutes,1194are repealed.

Section 10. Section 984.0861, Florida Statutes, is created to read:

1197 <u>984.0861</u> Prohibited use of detention.—A child under the 1198 jurisdiction of the court solely pursuant to this chapter may 1199 not be placed in:

1200

(1) Any form of detention care intended for the use of

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1201	alleged juvenile delinquents as authorized under chapter 985 for
1202	any purpose.
1203	(2) A secure detention facility authorized for use under
1204	chapter 985 for any purpose.
1205	(3) Any jail or other similar facility used for the
1206	purpose of detention or confinement of adults for any purpose.
1207	Section 11. Section 984.09, Florida Statutes, is amended
1208	to read:
1209	984.09 Punishment for contempt of court; alternative
1210	sanctions
1211	(1) CONTEMPT OF COURT; LEGISLATIVE INTENTThe court may
1212	punish any child for contempt for interfering with the court or
1213	with court administration, or for violating any provision of
1214	this chapter or order of the court relative thereto. It is the
1215	intent of the Legislature that the court restrict and limit the
1216	use of contempt powers and prohibit the use of detention care
1217	and secure detention facilities as provided s. 984.0861 with
1218	respect to commitment of a child to a secure facility. A child
1219	who commits direct contempt of court or indirect contempt of a
1220	valid court order may be taken into custody and ordered to serve
1221	an alternative sanction or placed in a <u>shelter</u> secure facility,
1222	as authorized in this section, by order of the court.
1223	(2) PLACEMENT IN A <u>SHELTER</u> SECURE FACILITY .—A child
1224	adjudicated as a child in need of services may only be placed in
1225	a <u>shelter</u> secure facility for purposes of punishment for

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1226 contempt of court if alternative sanctions are unavailable or 1227 inappropriate, or if the child has already been ordered to serve 1228 an alternative sanction but failed to comply with the sanction. 1229 (a) A delinquent child who has been held in direct or 1230 indirect contempt may be placed in a secure detention facility 1231 for 5 days for a first offense or 15 days for a second or 1232 subsequent offense, or in a secure residential commitment

1233 facility.

1234 (a) (b) A child in need of services who has been held in 1235 direct contempt or indirect contempt may be placed, for 5 days 1236 for a first offense or 15 days for a second or subsequent 1237 offense, in a staff-secure shelter operated by or contracted 1238 with the department to provide such services or a staff-secure 1239 residential facility solely for children in need of services if 1240 such placement is available, or, if such placement is not 1241 available, the child may be placed in an appropriate mental 1242 health facility or substance abuse facility for assessment. In 1243 addition to disposition under this paragraph, a child in need of 1244 services who is held in direct contempt or indirect contempt may 1245 be placed in a physically secure shelter setting as provided 1246 under s. 984.226 if conditions of eligibility are met.

1247 (b) A child subject to proceedings under s. 984.151 who 1248 has been held in direct contempt or indirect contempt may only 1249 be placed, for 5 days for a first offense or 15 days for a 1250 second or subsequent offense in a shelter operated by or

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1251 contracted with the department for such services if a shelter 1252 bed is available. Upon a second or subsequent finding of 1253 contempt under this section, the court must refer the child to 1254 the case staffing committee with a recommendation to file a 1255 child in need of services petition. 1256 (c) Any shelter placement ordered under this section must 1257 be given as a cumulative sanction. Separate sanctions for the 1258 same act or series of acts within the same episode may not be 1259 imposed. ALTERNATIVE SANCTIONS. - Each judicial circuit shall 1260 (3) 1261 have an alternative sanctions coordinator who shall serve under 1262 the chief administrative judge of the juvenile division of the 1263 circuit court, and who shall coordinate and maintain a spectrum 1264 of contempt sanction alternatives in conjunction with the 1265 circuit plan implemented in accordance with s. 790.22(4)(c). 1266 Upon determining that a child has committed direct contempt of 1267 court or indirect contempt of a valid court order, the court may 1268 immediately request the circuit alternative sanctions 1269 coordinator to recommend the most appropriate available 1270 alternative sanction and shall order the child to perform up to 1271 50 hours of community-service manual labor or a similar 1272 alternative sanction, unless an alternative sanction is 1273 unavailable or inappropriate, or unless the child has failed to comply with a prior alternative sanction. Alternative contempt 1274 sanctions may be provided by local industry or by any nonprofit 1275

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1276 organization or any public or private business or service entity 1277 that has entered into a contract with the department of Juvenile 1278 Justice to act as an agent of the state to provide voluntary 1279 supervision of children on behalf of the state in exchange for 1280 the manual labor of children and limited immunity in accordance 1281 with s. 768.28(11).

1282 (4) CONTEMPT OF COURT SANCTIONS; PROCEDURE AND DUE 1283 PROCESS.-

(a) If a child <u>subject to proceedings under this chapter</u>
is charged with direct contempt of court, <u>including traffic</u>
court, the court may impose an authorized sanction immediately.

(b) If a child <u>subject to proceedings under this chapter</u>
is charged with indirect contempt of court, the court must <u>issue</u>
<u>an order to show cause and schedule</u> hold a hearing within 24
hours to determine whether the child committed indirect contempt
of a valid court order. <u>The child must be served with the order</u>
to show cause and notice of hearing. At the hearing, the
following due process rights must be provided to the child:

1294 1. Right to a copy of the order to show cause alleging 1295 facts supporting the contempt charge.

1296 2. Right to an explanation of the nature and the1297 consequences of the proceedings.

1298 3. Right to legal counsel and the right to have legal 1299 counsel appointed by the court if the juvenile is indigent, 1300 pursuant to s. 984.07 985.033.

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1301 4. Right to confront witnesses. 1302 5. Right to present witnesses. 1303 6. Right to have a transcript or record of the proceeding. 1304 7. Right to appeal to an appropriate court. 1305 1306 The child's parent, legal or guardian, or custodian may address 1307 the court regarding the due process rights of the child. If 1308 after the hearing, the court determines the child has committed 1309 indirect contempt of a valid court order, the court may impose 1310 an alternative sanction or may proceed under subsection (2). If 1311 the court orders shelter placement of a child found in contempt 1312 of court, the court shall review the matter placement of the 1313 child every 72 hours to determine whether it is appropriate for 1314 the child to remain in the facility. 1315 The court may not order that a child be placed in a (C)

shelter secure facility for punishment for contempt unless the 1316 1317 court determines that an alternative sanction is inappropriate 1318 or unavailable or that the child was initially ordered to an 1319 alternative sanction and did not comply with the alternative 1320 sanction. The court is encouraged to order a child to perform 1321 community service, up to the maximum number of hours, where 1322 appropriate before ordering that the child be placed in a shelter secure facility as punishment for contempt of court. 1323

1324 (d) In addition to any other sanction imposed under this 1325 section, the court may direct the Department of Highway Safety

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1326 and Motor Vehicles to withhold issuance of, or suspend, a 1327 child's driver license or driving privilege. The court may order 1328 that a child's driver license or driving privilege be withheld 1329 suspended for up to 1 year for a first offense of contempt or 1330 and up to 2 years for a second or subsequent offense. If the 1331 child's driver license or driving privilege is suspended or 1332 revoked for any reason at the time the sanction for contempt is 1333 imposed, the court shall extend the period of suspension or 1334 revocation by the additional period ordered under this paragraph. If the child's driver license is being withheld at 1335 1336 the time the sanction for contempt is imposed, the period of 1337 suspension or revocation ordered under this paragraph shall begin on the date on which the child is otherwise eligible to 1338 1339 drive. For a child in need of services whose driver license or 1340 driving privilege is suspended under this paragraph, the court 1341 may direct the Department of Highway Safety and Motor Vehicles 1342 to issue the child a license for driving privileges restricted 1343 to business or employment purposes only, as defined in 1344 322.271, or for the purpose of completing court-ordered 1345 community service, if the child is otherwise qualified for a 1346 license. However, the department may not issue a restricted 1347 license unless specifically ordered to do so by the court. 1348 (5)ALTERNATIVE SANCTIONS COORDINATOR.-There is created the position of alternative sanctions coordinator within each 1349 judicial circuit, pursuant to subsection (3). Each alternative 1350

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1351 sanctions coordinator shall serve under the direction of the 1352 chief administrative judge of the juvenile division as directed 1353 by the chief judge of the circuit. The alternative sanctions 1354 coordinator shall act as the liaison between the judiciary, 1355 local department officials, district school board employees, and 1356 local law enforcement agencies. The alternative sanctions 1357 coordinator shall coordinate within the circuit community-based 1358 alternative sanctions, including nonsecure detention programs, 1359 community service projects, and other juvenile sanctions, in 1360 conjunction with the circuit plan implemented in accordance 1361 s. 790.22(4)(c).

1362 Section 12. Section 984.10, Florida Statutes, is amended 1363 to read:

1364

984.10 Intake.-

1365 Intake shall be performed by the department or the (1)1366 department's authorized agent. A report or complaint alleging 1367 that a child is from a family in need of services shall be made 1368 to the intake office operating in the county in which the child 1369 is found or in which the case arose. Any person or agency, 1370 including, but not limited to, the parent, or legal guardian, or 1371 custodian, the local school district, a law enforcement agency, 1372 or the Department of Children and Families, having knowledge of 1373 the facts may make a report-or complaint.

1374 (2) A representative of the department shall make a
1375 preliminary determination as to whether the report or complaint

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1376 is complete. The criteria for the completeness of a report or 1377 complaint with respect to a child alleged to be from a family in 1378 need of services while subject to compulsory school attendance shall be governed by s. 984.03 s. 984.03(27). In any case in 1379 1380 which the representative of the department finds that the report 1381 or complaint is incomplete, the representative of the department 1382 shall return the report or complaint without delay to the person 1383 or agency originating the report or complaint or having knowledge of the facts or to the appropriate law enforcement 1384 1385 agency having investigative jurisdiction and request additional 1386 information in order to complete the report or complaint.

1387 If the representative of the department determines (3) 1388 that in his or her judgment the interests of the family, the 1389 child, and the public will be best served by providing the 1390 family and child services and treatment voluntarily accepted by 1391 the child and the parents, or legal guardians, or custodians, 1392 the department's departmental representative may refer the 1393 family or child to an appropriate service and treatment 1394 provider. As part of the intake procedure, the department's 1395 departmental representative shall inform the parent, or legal 1396 custodian guardian, or custodian, in writing, of the services 1397 currently and treatment available to the child and family by 1398 department providers and other or community agencies in the county in which the family is located, and the rights and 1399 1400 responsibilities of the parent, or legal guardian, or custodian

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1401 under this chapter. Upon admission, and depending on services, a 1402 staff member may be assigned to the family as deemed 1403 appropriate. 1404 (4) If the department reasonably believes has reasonable 1405 grounds to believe that the child has been abandoned, abused, or neglected, it shall proceed pursuant to the provisions of 1406 1407 chapter 39 and reported immediately to the central abuse 1408 hotline. Section 13. Section 984.11, Florida Statutes, is amended 1409 1410 to read: 1411 984.11 Services to families in need of services.-1412 The department or its authorized agent shall provide (1)an array of voluntary family services aimed toward remediating 1413 1414 school truancy, homelessness, and runaway and ungovernable behavior by children. Services and treatment to families in need 1415 of services shall be by voluntary agreement of the parent, or 1416 1417 legal guardian, or custodian and the child or as directed by a 1418 court order pursuant to s. 984.22. 1419 (2) A family is not eligible to receive voluntary family services, if, at the time of the referral, the child is under 1420 1421 court-ordered supervision by the department for delinquency 1422 under chapter 985 or by the Department of Children and Families due to a finding of dependency under chapter 39. A child who had 1423 1424 received a prearrest delinquency citation, or is receiving delinquency diversion services, may receive voluntary family 1425

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1426	services.
1427	(3) If there is a pending investigation into an allegation
1428	of abuse, neglect or abandonment, the child may be eligible for
1429	voluntary family services if the Department of Children and
1430	Families agrees to the provision of services and makes a
1431	referral. An interagency agreement between the department and
1432	the Department of Children and Families shall govern this
1433	referral process, which is contingent on available funding. The
1434	department must notify the Department of Children and Families
1435	if a referral is declined.
1436	(4)-(2) These services may include, but need not be limited
1437	to:
1438	(a) Homemaker or Parent aide services.
1439	(b) Intensive crisis counseling.
1440	(c) Parent training.
1441	(d) Individual, group, or family counseling.
1442	(e) <u>Referral to</u> community mental health services.
1443	(f) Prevention and diversion services.
1444	(g) Services provided by voluntary or community agencies.
1445	(h) Runaway center services.
1446	(i) <u>Runaway shelter</u> Housekeeper services.
1447	(j) <u>Referral for</u> special educational, tutorial, or
1448	remedial services.
1449	(k) <u>Referral to</u> vocational, <u>career development</u> job
1450	training, or employment services.
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1451 (1) Recreational services. 1452 (m) Assessment. 1453 (n) Case management. 1454 (o) Referral for or provision of substance abuse 1455 assessment or treatment. 1456 (5) (3) The department shall advise the parents, or legal 1457 guardian, or custodian that they are responsible for 1458 contributing to the cost of the child or family services and 1459 treatment to the extent of their ability to pay. The parent is 1460 responsible for using health care insurance to the extent it is 1461 available for the provision of health services The department 1462 shall set and charge fees for services and treatment provided to 1463 clients. The department may employ a collection agency for the 1464 purpose of receiving, collecting, and managing the payment of 1465 unpaid and delinquent fees. The collection agency must be 1466 registered and in good standing under chapter 559. The 1467 department may pay to the collection agency a fee from the 1468 amount collected under the claim or may authorize the agency to 1469 deduct the fee from the amount collected. 1470 The department may file a petition with the circuit (4)1471 court to enforce the collection of fees for services and 1472 treatment rendered to the child or the parent and other legal 1473 custodians. Section 14. Section 984.12, Florida Statutes, is amended 1474 1475 to read:

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1476 984.12 Case staffing; services and treatment <u>related</u> to a 1477 family in need of services.-

1478 (1) The appropriate representative of the department shall
1479 request a meeting of the family and child with a case staffing
1480 committee to review the case of any family or child who the
1481 department determines is in need of services or treatment if:

1482 (a) The family or child is not in agreement with the1483 services or treatment offered;

1484 (b) The family or child will not participate in the1485 services or treatment selected; or

1486 (c) The representative of the department needs assistance 1487 in developing an appropriate plan for services. The time and 1488 place selected for the meeting shall be convenient for the child 1489 and family.

1490 The composition of the case staffing committee shall (2) 1491 be based on the needs of the family and child. It shall include 1492 a representative from the child's school district and a 1493 representative of the department of Juvenile Justice, and may 1494 include the department's authorized agent and a supervisor of 1495 the department's contracted provider; a representative from the 1496 area of health, mental health, substance abuse, social, or 1497 educational services; a representative of the state attorney; a 1498 representative of law enforcement the alternative sanctions 1499 coordinator; and any person recommended by the child, family, or 1500 department. The child and the child's parent, legal guardian, or

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1501	custodian must be invited to attend the committee meeting.
1502	(3) The case staffing committee shall <u>:</u>
1503	(a) Identify the family's concerns and contributing
1504	factors.
1505	(b) Request the family and child to identify their needs
1506	and concerns.
1507	(c) Seek input from the school district and any other
1508	persons in attendance with knowledge of the family or child's
1509	situation and concerns.
1510	(d) Consider the voluntary family services or other
1511	community services that have been offered and the results of
1512	those services.
1513	(e) Identify whether truancy is a concern and evaluate
1514	compliance with the remedial strategies provided pursuant to s.
1515	1003.26.
1516	(f) Reach a timely decision to provide the child or family
1517	with needed services <u>and recommend any appropriate</u> and treatment
1518	through the development of a plan for services.
1519	(4) The plan for services shall contain the following:
1520	(a) Statement of the <u>concerns</u> problems .
1521	(b) Needs of the child.
1522	(c) Needs of the parents, <u>legal</u> guardian, or legal
1523	custodian.
1524	(d) Measurable objectives that address the identified
1525	problems and needs.
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1526	(e) Services and treatment to be provided, to include:
1527	1. Type of services or treatment.
1528	2. Frequency of services or treatment.
1529	3. Location.
1530	4. Accountable service providers or staff.
1531	(f) Timeframes for achieving objectives.
1532	(5) Upon receipt of the plan, the child and family shall
1533	acknowledge their position by accepting or rejecting the
1534	services and provisions in writing. If the plan is accepted, it
1535	shall be implemented as soon as is practicable.
1536	(6) The assigned case manager shall have responsibility A
1537	case manager shall be designated by the case staffing committee
1538	to be responsible for implementing the plan. The <u>department's</u>
1539	authorized agent case manager shall periodically review the
1540	progress towards achieving the objectives of the plan in order
1541	to:
1542	(a) Advise the case staffing committee of the need to make
1543	adjustments to the plan; or
1544	(b) Recommend a child in need of services petition be
1545	filed by the department; or
1546	<u>(c)</u> . Terminate the case as indicated by successful or
1547	substantial achievement of the objectives of the plan.
1548	(7) The parent, <u>legal</u> guardian, or legal custodian may
1549	convene a meeting of the case staffing committee, and any other
1550	member of the committee may convene a meeting if the member
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1551 finds that doing so is in the best interest of the family or 1552 child. A case staffing committee meeting requested by a parent, 1553 guardian, or legal custodian must be convened within 7 days, excluding weekends and legal holidays, after the date the 1554 1555 department's representative receives the request in writing. 1556 (8) Any other member of the committee may convene a 1557 meeting if voluntary family services have been offered and the 1558 services have been rejected by the child or family, or the child 1559 has not made measurable progress toward achieving the service 1560 plan goals, and the member finds that doing so is in the best 1561 interest of the family or child. 1562 (9) A case staffing committee meeting must be convened 1563 within 30 days after the date the case is referred by the court 1564 pursuant to s. 984.151. 1565 (10) (10) (8) Within 7 days after meeting, the case staffing 1566 committee shall provide the parent, legal guardian, or legal 1567 custodian with a written report that details the reasons for the 1568 committee's decision to recommend, or decline to recommend, that 1569 the department file a petition alleging that the child is a 1570 child in need of services. 1571 (11) The case staffing committee may reconvene from time 1572 to time as may be necessary to make adjustments to the plan. 1573 Section 15. Section 984.13, Florida Statutes, is amended 1574 to read: 1575 984.13 Taking a child into custody a child alleged to be Page 63 of 138

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from a family in need of services or to be a child in need of

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1577 services.-1578 (1) A child may be taken into custody: 1579 By a law enforcement officer when the officer (a) 1580 reasonably believes has reasonable grounds to believe that the 1581 child has run away from his or her parents, legal guardian, or 1582 other legal custodian. 1583 (b) By a designated school representative pursuant to s. 1584 1003.26(3) or a law enforcement officer when the officer 1585 reasonably believes has reasonable grounds to believe that the 1586 child is absent from school without authorization or is 1587 suspended or expelled and is not in the presence of his or her parent, or legal guardian, or custodian, for the purpose of 1588 1589 delivering the child without unreasonable delay to the 1590 appropriate school system site. For the purpose of this 1591 paragraph, "school system site" includes, but is not limited to, 1592 a center approved by the superintendent of schools for the 1593 purpose of counseling students and referring them back to the 1594 school system or an approved alternative to a suspension or 1595 expulsion program. If a student is suspended or expelled from 1596 school without assignment to an alternative school placement, 1597 the law enforcement officer or designated school representative 1598 pursuant to s. 1003.26(3) shall deliver the child to the parent, or legal guardian, or custodian, to a location determined by the 1599 parent, legal or guardian, or custodian, or to a designated 1600

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1601 truancy interdiction site until the parent or guardian can be 1602 located.

1603 (c) Pursuant to an order of the circuit court based upon 1604 sworn testimony before or after a child in need of services 1605 petition is filed under s. 984.15.

1606 (d) Pursuant to an order of the circuit court based upon a 1607 finding of contempt under this chapter for the purpose of 1608 delivering the child to a designated shelter facility.

1609 <u>(e) (d)</u> By a law enforcement officer when the child 1610 voluntarily agrees to or requests services pursuant to this 1611 chapter or placement in a shelter.

1612

(2) The person taking the child into custody shall:

1613 Release the child to a parent, legal guardian, legal (a) 1614 custodian, or responsible adult relative and make a full written 1615 report to the department's authorized agent for families in need 1616 of services within 3 days after release or to a department-1617 approved family-in-need-of-services and child-in-need-of-1618 services provider if the person taking the child into custody 1619 reasonably believes has reasonable grounds to believe the child 1620 has run away from a parent, legal guardian, or legal custodian; 1621 is truant; or is ungovernable and beyond the control of the 1622 parent, quardian, or legal custodian; following such release, 1623 the person taking the child into custody shall make a full written report to the intake office of the department within 3 1624 1625 days; or

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1626	(b) Deliver the child to <u>a shelter when:</u> the department,
1627	stating the facts by reason of which the child was taken into
1628	custody and sufficient information to establish probable cause
1629	that the child is from a family in need of services.
1630	1. The parent, legal guardian, or custodian is unavailable
1631	to take immediate custody of the child;
1632	2. The child requested voluntary family services and
1633	shelter placement;
1634	3. A court order under this chapter for shelter placement
1635	has been issued; or
1636	4. The child and parent, legal guardian, or custodian
1637	voluntarily agree the child is in need of temporary shelter
1638	placement and such placement is necessary to provide a safe
1639	place for the child to remain until the parents and child can
1640	agree on conditions for the child's safe return home.
1641	(c) Deliver the child to a hospital for necessary
1642	evaluation and treatment if the child is reasonably believed to
1643	be suffering from a serious physical condition which requires
1644	either prompt diagnosis or treatment.
1645	(d) Deliver the child to a designated public receiving
1646	facility as defined in s. 394.455 for examination under s.
1647	394.463 if the child is reasonably believed to be mentally ill,
1648	including immediate threat of suicide as provided in s.
1649	394.463(1).
1650	(e) Deliver the child to a hospital, addictions receiving
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1651 facility, or treatment resource if the child is reasonably 1652 believed to be intoxicated and has threatened, attempted, or 1653 inflicted physical harm on himself or herself or another, or is 1654 incapacitated by substance abuse. 1655 (3) If the child is taken into custody and by, or is 1656 delivered to a shelter, the department, the department's 1657 authorized agent appropriate representative of the department 1658 shall review the facts and make such further inquiry as 1659 necessary to determine whether the child shall remain in 1660 shelter, receive voluntary family services that would allow the 1661 child alleged to be from a family in need of services to remain 1662 at home, custody or be released. Unless shelter is required as provided in s. 984.14(1), the department shall: 1663 1664 (a) Release the child to his or her parent, quardian, or 1665 legal custodian, to a responsible adult relative, to a 1666 responsible adult approved by the department, or to a 1667 department-approved family-in-need-of-services and child-in-1668 need-of-services provider; or 1669 (b) Authorize temporary services and treatment that would 1670 allow the child alleged to be from a family in need of services 1671 to remain at home. 1672 Section 16. Section 984.14, Florida Statutes, is amended 1673 to read: 1674 Voluntary shelter services placement; hearing.-984.14 1675 (1)Temporary voluntary shelter services provided by the

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2025

1676	department shall provide a safe environment with 24-hour care
1677	and supervision, referrals for services as needed, and education
1678	at the center or offsite and counseling services for children.
1679	Unless ordered by the court pursuant to the provisions of this
1680	chapter, or upon voluntary consent to placement by the child and
1681	the child's parent, legal guardian, or custodian, a child taken
1682	into custody shall not be placed in a shelter prior to a court
1683	hearing unless a determination has been made that the provision
1684	of appropriate and available services will not eliminate the
1685	need for placement and that such placement is required:
1686	(a) To provide an opportunity for the child and family to
1687	agree upon conditions for the child's return home, when
1688	immediate placement in the home would result in a substantial
1689	likelihood that the child and family would not reach an
1690	agreement; or
1691	(b) Because a parent, custodian, or guardian is
1692	unavailable to take immediate custody of the child.
1693	(2) If a child is sheltered due to being a runaway or a
1694	parent, legal guardian, or custodian is unavailable, the shelter
1695	shall immediately attempt to make contact with the parent, legal
1696	guardian, or custodian to advise the family of the child's
1697	whereabouts, determine if the child can safely return home, or
1698	determine if the family is seeking temporary voluntary shelter
1699	services until they can arrange to take the child home. If the
1700	parent, legal guardian, or custodian cannot be located within 24
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1701 hours, the Department of Children and Families shall be 1702 contacted to assume custody of the child If the department determines that placement in a shelter is necessary according to 1703 1704 the provisions of subsection (1), the departmental 1705 representative shall authorize placement of the child in a 1706 shelter provided by the community specifically for runaways and 1707 troubled youth who are children in need of services or members of families in need of services and shall immediately notify the 1708 1709 parents or legal custodians that the child was taken into 1710 custody. 1711 (3) A child who is involuntarily placed in a shelter shall 1712 be given a shelter hearing within 24 hours after being taken into custody to determine whether shelter placement is required. 1713 1714 The shelter petition filed with the court shall address each 1715 condition required to be determined in subsection (1). 1716 (4) A child may not be held involuntarily in a shelter 1717 longer than 24 hours unless an order so directing is made by the 1718 court after a shelter hearing finding that placement in a 1719 shelter is necessary based on the criteria in subsection (1) and 1720 that the department has made reasonable efforts to prevent or 1721 eliminate the need for removal of the child from the home. 1722 (5) Except as provided under s. 984.225, a child in need 1723 of services or a child from a family in need of services may not be placed in a shelter for longer than 35 days. 1724 1725 (6) When any child is placed in a shelter pursuant to

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1726 court order following a shelter hearing, the court shall order 1727 the natural or adoptive parents of such child, the natural 1728 father of such child born out of wedlock who has acknowledged 1729 his paternity in writing before the court, or the guardian of 1730 such child's estate, if possessed of assets which under law may 1731 be disbursed for the care, support, and maintenance of the 1732 child, to pay, to the department, fees as established by the 1733 department. When the order affects the guardianship estate, a certified copy of the order shall be delivered to the judge 1734 1735 having jurisdiction of the guardianship estate. 1736 (7) A child who is adjudicated a child in need of services 1737 or alleged to be from a family in need of services or a child in 1738 need of services may not be placed in a secure detention 1739 facility or jail or any other commitment program for delinquent 1740 children under any circumstances. 1741 (8) The court may order the placement of a child in need 1742 of services into a staff-secure facility for no longer than 5 days for the purpose of evaluation and assessment. 1743 1744 Section 17. Section 984.15, Florida Statutes, is amended 1745 to read: 1746 984.15 Petition for a child in need of services.-1747 All proceedings seeking an adjudication that a child (1)1748 is a child in need of services shall be initiated by the filing 1749 of a petition by an attorney representing the department or by the child's parent, legal guardian, or legal custodian. If a 1750

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1751 child in need of services has been placed in a shelter pursuant 1752 to s. 984.14, the department shall file the petition 1753 immediately, including in the petition notice of arraignment pursuant to s. 984.20. 1754 1755 The department shall file a petition for a child in (2) (a) 1756 need of services if the child meets the definition of a child in 1757 need of services, and the case manager or staffing committee 1758 recommends requests that a petition be filed and: 1759 1. The family and child have in good faith, but 1760 unsuccessfully, used the services and process described in ss. 984.11 and 984.12; or 1761 1762 2. The family or child have refused all services described 1763 in ss. 984.11 and 984.12 after reasonable efforts by the 1764 department to involve the family and child in voluntary family 1765 services and treatment. 1766 (b) Once the requirements in paragraph (a) have been met, 1767 the department shall file a petition for a child in need of 1768 services as soon as practicable within 45 days. 1769 The petition shall be in writing, shall state the (C) 1770 specific grounds under s. 984.03(9) by which the child is 1771 designated a child in need of services, and shall certify that the conditions prescribed in paragraph (a) have been met. The 1772 petition shall be signed by the petitioner under oath stating 1773 good faith in filing the petition and shall be signed by an 1774 1775 attorney for the department.

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(3) (a) The parent, <u>legal</u> guardian, or legal custodian may file a petition alleging that a child is a child in need of services if:

1779 1. The department waives the requirement for a case 1780 staffing committee.

2. The department fails to convene a meeting of the case staffing committee within 7 days, excluding weekends and legal holidays, after receiving a written request for such a meeting from the child's parent, <u>legal</u> guardian, or legal custodian.

3. The parent, <u>legal</u> guardian, or legal custodian does not
agree with the plan for services offered by the case staffing
committee.

1788 4. The department fails to provide a written report within
1789 7 days after the case staffing committee meets, as required
1790 under s. 984.12(10) s. 984.12(8).

1791 (b) The parent, legal guardian, or legal custodian must 1792 give the department prior written notice of intent to file the 1793 petition. If, at the arraignment hearing, the court finds that 1794 such written notice of intent to file the petition was not 1795 provided to the department, the court shall dismiss the 1796 petition, postpone the hearing until such written notice is 1797 given, or, if the department agrees, proceed with the 1798 arraignment hearing. The petition must be served on the department's office of general counsel. 1799

1800

(c) The petition must be in writing and must set forth

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1801 specific facts alleging that the child is a child in need of 1802 services as defined in s. 984.03(9). The petition must also 1803 demonstrate that the parent, <u>legal</u> guardian, or legal custodian 1804 has in good faith, but unsuccessfully, participated in the 1805 services and processes described in ss. 984.11 and 984.12.

1806 <u>(4)</u> (d) The petition must be signed by the petitioner under 1807 oath.

1808 <u>(5) (e)</u> The court, on its own motion or the motion of any 1809 party or the department, shall determine the legal sufficiency 1810 of a petition filed under this subsection and may dismiss any 1811 petition that lacks sufficient grounds. In addition, the court 1812 shall verify that the child is not:

1813(a)1.The subject of a pending investigation into an1814allegation or suspicion of abuse, neglect, or abandonment;

1815 (b)^{2.} The subject of a pending <u>petition</u> referral alleging 1816 that the child is delinquent; or

1817 (c)^{3.} Under the current supervision of the department or 1818 the Department of Children and Families for an adjudication or 1819 withholding of adjudication of delinquency or dependency.

1820 (6) (4) The form of the petition and any additional 1821 contents shall be determined by rules of procedure adopted by 1822 the Supreme Court.

1823 <u>(7) (5)</u> The <u>petitioner</u> department or the parent, guardian, 1824 or legal custodian may withdraw a petition at any time <u>before</u> 1825 <u>prior to</u> the child <u>is</u> <u>being</u> adjudicated a child in need of

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1826 services.

1827 Section 18. Section 984.151, Florida Statutes, is amended 1828 to read:

1829 984.151 Early truancy intervention; truancy petition; 1830 judgment prosecution; disposition.-

1831 (1)If the school determines that a student subject to 1832 compulsory school attendance has had at least five unexcused 1833 absences, or absences for which the reasons are unknown, within 1834 a calendar month or 10 unexcused absences, or absences for which 1835 the reasons are unknown, within a 90-calendar-day period 1836 pursuant to s. 1003.26(1)(b), or has had more than 15 unexcused 1837 absences in a 90-calendar-day period, the superintendent of 1838 schools or his or her designee may file a truancy petition 1839 seeking early truancy intervention.

1840 (2) The petition shall be filed in the circuit in which1841 the student is enrolled in school.

(3) Original jurisdiction to hear a truancy petition shall be in the circuit court; however, the circuit court may use a general or special <u>magistrate</u> master pursuant to Supreme Court rules. Upon the filing of the petition, the clerk shall issue a summons to the parent, <u>legal</u> guardian, or legal custodian of the student, directing that person and the student to appear for a hearing at a time and place specified.

1849 (4) The petition must contain the following: the name,1850 age, and address of the student; the name and address of the

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1851 student's parent or guardian; the school where the student is 1852 enrolled; the efforts the school has made to get the student to 1853 attend school <u>in compliance with s. 1003.26</u>; the number of out-1854 of-school contacts between the school system and student's 1855 parent or guardian; and the number of days and dates of days the 1856 student has missed school. The petition shall be sworn to by the 1857 superintendent or his or her designee.

1858 (5) Once the petition is filed, the court shall hear the 1859 petition within 30 days.

1860 (6) The student and the student's parent or guardian shall1861 attend the hearing.

1862 If the court determines that the student did miss any (7)1863 of the alleged days, the court shall enter an order finding the 1864 child to be a truant status offender and the court shall order 1865 the student to attend school and order the parent, legal 1866 guardian, or custodian to ensure that the student attends 1867 school. The court's power under this subsection is limited to 1868 entering orders to require the student to attend school and 1869 require the student and family to participate in services to 1870 encourage regular school attendance. The court $_{ au}$ and may order 1871 any of the following services:

1872 (a) The student to participate in alternative sanctions to 1873 include mandatory attendance at alternative classes; to be 1874 followed by mandatory community services hours for a period up 1875 to 6 months; the student and

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1876 The student's parent, legal or guardian, or custodian (b) 1877 to participate in parenting classes homemaker or parent aide 1878 services; 1879 The student or the student's parent, legal or guardian (C) 1880 or custodian to participate in individual, group, or family 1881 intensive crisis counseling; 1882 (d) The student or the student's parent, legal or guardian 1883 or custodian to participate in community mental health services or substance abuse treatment services if available and 1884 1885 applicable; The student and the student's parent, legal or 1886 (e) 1887 guardian, or custodian to participate in services service provided by state or community voluntary or community agencies, 1888 1889 if appropriate as available, including services for families in 1890 need of services as provided in s. 984.11; 1891 (f) The student and the student's parent, legal guardian, 1892 or custodian to attend meetings with school officials to address the child's educational needs, classroom assignment, class 1893 1894 schedule, and other barriers to school attendance identified by 1895 the child's school, child or family; (g) The student and the student's parent, legal guardian, 1896 1897 or custodian to engage in learning activities provided by the 1898 school board as to why education is important and the potential 1899 impact on the child's future employment and education options if the attendance problem persists; or 1900

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1901 (h) and The student or the student's parent, legal or 1902 guardian, or custodian to participate in vocational or_{τ} job 1903 training, or employment services. If the student does not substantially comply with 1904 (8) 1905 compulsory school attendance and court ordered services required 1906 under successfully complete the sanctions ordered in subsection 1907 (7), and the child meets the definition of a child in need of 1908 services, the case shall be referred by the court to the 1909 department's authorized agent for review by the case staffing committee under s. 984.12 with a recommendation to file a 1910 1911 petition for child in need of services child-in-need-of-services 1912 petition under s. 984.15. The court shall review the case not less than every 45 days to determine if the child is in 1913 1914 substantial compliance with compulsory education or if the case 1915 should be referred to the case staffing committee in accord with 1916 this subsection. 1917 (9) If the student substantially complies with compulsory 1918 school attendance the court shall close the truancy case. 1919 (10) If the child is adjudicated a child in need of 1920 services pursuant to s. 984.21, the truancy case shall be closed 1921 and jurisdiction relinquished in accordance with s. 984.04. 1922 (11) The court may retain jurisdiction of any case in which the child is noncompliant with compulsory education and 1923 1924 the child does not meet the definition of a child in need of services under this chapter until jurisdiction lapses pursuant 1925

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2025

1926	to s. 984.04.
1927	(12) The court may not order a child placed in shelter
1928	pursuant to this section unless the court has found the child to
1929	be in contempt for violation of a court order under s. 984.09.
1930	<u>(13)</u> The parent, <u>legal</u> guardian, or legal custodian and
1931	the student shall participate, as required by court order, in
1932	any sanctions or services required by the court under this
1933	section, and the court shall enforce such participation through
1934	its contempt power.
1935	(14) Any truant student that meets the definition of a
1936	child in need of services and who has been found in contempt for
1937	violation of a court order under s. 984.09 two or more times
1938	shall be referred to the case staffing committee under s. 984.12
1939	with a recommendation to file a petition for a child in need of
1940	services.
1941	(15) The clerk of court must serve any court order
1942	referring the case to voluntary family services or the case
1943	staffing committee to the department's office of general counsel
1944	and to the department's authorized agent.
1945	Section 19. Subsections (3) and (5) of section 984.16,
1946	Florida Statutes, are amended, and subsection (11) is added to
1947	that section, to read:
1948	984.16 Process and service for child in need of services
1949	petitions
1950	(3) The summons shall require the person on whom it is
I	Page 78 of 138

1951 served to appear for a hearing at a time, and place, and manner 1952 specified. Except in cases of medical emergency, the time shall 1953 not be less than 24 hours after service of the summons. The 1954 summons <u>must</u> may require the custodian to bring the child to 1955 court if the court determines that the child's presence is 1956 necessary. A copy of the petition shall be attached to the 1957 summons.

1958 (5) The jurisdiction of the court shall attach to the 1959 child and the parent, legal guardian, or custodian, or legal 1960 quardian of the child and the case when the summons is served upon the child or a parent, or legal guardian, or actual 1961 1962 custodian of the child; or when the child is taken into custody with or without service of summons and after filing of a 1963 1964 petition for a child in need of services; or when a party 1965 personally appears before the court whichever occurs first, and 1966 thereafter the court may control the child and case in 1967 accordance with this chapter.

1968 (11) If a court takes action that directly involves a 1969 student's school, including, but not limited to, an order that a 1970 student attend school, attend school with his or her parent, 1971 requiring the parent to participate in meetings, including 1972 parent-teacher conferences, Section 504 plan meetings or 1973 individualized education plan meetings to address the student's disability, the office of the clerk of the court shall provide 1974 1975 notice to the school of the court's order.

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1976 Section 20. Section 984.17, Florida Statutes, is amended 1977 to read: 1978 984.17 Response to petition and representation of 1979 parties.-1980 At the time a child in need of services petition is (1) filed, the court may appoint a guardian ad litem for the child. 1981 1982 (2) No answer to the petition or any other pleading need 1983 be filed by any child, parent, or legal guardian, or custodian, but any matters which might be set forth in an answer or other 1984 1985 pleading may be pleaded orally before the court or filed in 1986 writing as any such person may choose. Notwithstanding the 1987 filing of an answer or any pleading, the child and or parent, legal guardian, or custodian shall, before prior to an 1988 1989 adjudicatory hearing, be advised by the court of the right to 1990 counsel. When a petition for a child in need of services has 1991 (3) 1992 been filed and the parents, legal guardian, or legal custodian 1993 of the child and the child have advised the department that the 1994 truth of the allegations is acknowledged and that no contest is 1995 to be made of the adjudication, the attorney representing the 1996 department may set the case before the court for a disposition 1997 hearing. If there is a change in the plea at this hearing, the court shall continue the hearing to permit the attorney 1998 representing the department to prepare and present the case. 1999

2000

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(4) An attorney representing the department shall

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2001 represent the state in any proceeding in which the petition 2002 alleges that a child is a child in need of services and in which 2003 a party denies the allegations of the petition and contests the 2004 adjudication.

2005Section 21.Section 984.18, Florida Statutes, is repealed.2006Section 22.Section 984.19, Florida Statutes, is amended2007to read:

2008 984.19 Medical screening and treatment of child;
2009 examination of parent, <u>legal</u> guardian, or person requesting
2010 custody.-

2011 When any child is to be placed in shelter care, the (1) 2012 department or its authorized agent may is authorized to have a medical screening provided for performed on the child without 2013 2014 authorization from the court and without consent from a parent, 2015 legal or guardian, or custodian. Such medical screening shall be 2016 provided performed by a licensed health care professional and 2017 shall be to screen examine the child for injury, illness, and 2018 communicable diseases. In no case does this subsection authorize 2019 the department to consent to medical treatment for such 2020 children.

(2) When the department has performed the medical screening authorized by subsection (1) or when it is otherwise determined by a licensed health care professional that a child is in need of medical treatment, consent for medical treatment shall be obtained in the following manner:

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2026	(a)1. Consent to medical treatment shall be obtained from
2027	a parent, legal or guardian, or custodian of the child; or
2028	2. A court order for such treatment shall be obtained.
2029	(b) If a parent, legal or guardian, or custodian of the
2030	child is unavailable and his or her whereabouts cannot be
2031	reasonably ascertained, and it is after normal working hours so
2032	that a court order cannot reasonably be obtained, an authorized
2033	agent of the department or its provider has the authority to
2034	consent to necessary medical treatment for the child. The
2035	authority of the department to consent to medical treatment in
2036	this circumstance is limited to the time reasonably necessary to
2037	obtain court authorization.
2038	(c) If a parent, legal or guardian, or custodian of the
2039	child is available but refuses to consent to the necessary
2040	treatment, a court order is required, unless the situation meets
2041	the definition of an emergency in s. 743.064 or the treatment
2042	needed is related to suspected abuse or neglect of the child by
2043	the parent or guardian. In such case, the department's
2044	authorized agent may department has the authority to consent to
2045	necessary medical treatment. This authority is limited to the
2046	time reasonably necessary to obtain court authorization.
2047	
2048	In no case may the department consent to sterilization,
2049	abortion, or termination of life support.
2050	(3) A judge may order that a child alleged to be or
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2051 adjudicated a child in need of services be examined by a 2052 licensed health care professional. The judge may also order such 2053 child to be evaluated by a psychiatrist or a psychologist, by a 2054 district school board educational needs assessment team, or, if 2055 a developmental disability is suspected or alleged, by the 2056 developmental disability diagnostic and evaluation team of the 2057 Department of Children and Families or Agency for Persons with 2058 Disabilities. The judge may order a family assessment if that assessment was not completed at an earlier time. If it is 2059 2060 necessary to place a child in a residential facility for such 2061 evaluation, then the criteria and procedure established in s. 2062 394.463(2) or chapter 393 shall be used, whichever is 2063 applicable. The educational needs assessment provided by the 2064 district school board educational needs assessment team shall 2065 include, but not be limited to, reports of intelligence and 2066 achievement tests, screening for learning disabilities and other 2067 handicaps, and screening for the need for alternative education 2068 pursuant to s. 1003.53.

(4) A judge may order that a child alleged to be or adjudicated a child in need of services be treated by a licensed health care professional. The judge may also order such child to receive mental health or intellectual disability services from a psychiatrist, psychologist, or other appropriate service provider. If it is necessary to place the child in a residential facility for such services, the procedures and criteria

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2076 established in s. 394.467 or chapter 393 shall be used, as 2077 applicable. A child may be provided services in emergency 2078 situations pursuant to the procedures and criteria contained in 2079 s. 394.463(1) or chapter 393, as applicable.

(5) When there are indications of physical injury or illness, a licensed health care professional shall be immediately <u>contacted</u> called or the child shall be taken to the nearest available hospital for emergency care.

(6) Except as otherwise provided herein, nothing in this section <u>does not</u> shall be deemed to eliminate the right of a parent, <u>legal</u> a guardian, or custodian, or the child to consent to examination or treatment for the child.

2088 (7) Except as otherwise provided herein, nothing in this 2089 section does not shall be deemed to alter the provisions of s. 2090 743.064.

(8) A court <u>may order</u> shall not be precluded from ordering services or treatment to be provided to the child by a duly accredited practitioner who relies solely on spiritual means for healing in accordance with the tenets and practices of a church or religious organization, when required by the child's health and when requested by the child.

(9) Nothing in This section does not shall be construed to authorize the permanent sterilization of the child, unless such sterilization is the result of or incidental to medically necessary treatment to protect or preserve the life of the

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2101 child.

(10) For the purpose of obtaining an evaluation or examination or receiving treatment as authorized pursuant to this section, no child alleged to be or found to be a child from a family in need of services or a child in need of services shall be placed in a detention facility or other program used primarily for the care and custody of children alleged or found to have committed delinquent acts.

The parents, legal guardian, or custodian guardian of 2109 (11)2110 a child alleged to be or adjudicated a child in need of services 2111 remain financially responsible for the cost of medical treatment 2112 provided to the child even if one or both of the parents or if 2113 the legal guardian, or custodian did not consent to the medical 2114 treatment. After a hearing, the court may order the parents, 2115 legal or guardian, or custodian, if found able to do so, to 2116 reimburse the department or other provider of medical services 2117 for treatment provided.

(12) <u>A judge may order a child under its jurisdiction to</u> submit to substance abuse evaluation, testing, and treatment in accordance with s. 397.706 Nothing in this section alters the authority of the department to consent to medical treatment for a child who has been committed to the department pursuant to s. 984.22(3) and of whom the department has become the legal custodian.

2125

(13) At any time after the filing of a petition for a

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child in need of services, when the mental or physical condition, including the blood group, of a parent, guardian, or other person requesting custody of a child is in controversy, the court may order the person to submit to a physical or mental examination by a qualified professional. The order may be made only upon good cause shown and pursuant to notice and procedures as set forth by the Florida Rules of Juvenile Procedure.

2133Section 23.Section 984.20, Florida Statutes, is amended2134to read:

2135 984.20 Hearings for <u>child in need of services</u> child-in- 2136 need-of-services cases.-

- 2137
- (1) ARRAIGNMENT HEARING.-

2138 The clerk shall set a date for an arraignment hearing (a) 2139 within a reasonable time after the date of the filing of the 2140 child in need of services petition. The court shall advise the 2141 child and the parent, legal guardian, or custodian of the right 2142 to counsel as provided in s. 984.07. When a child has been taken 2143 into custody by order of the court, an arraignment hearing shall 2144 be held within 7 days after the date the child is taken into 2145 custody. The hearing shall be held for the child and the parent, 2146 legal guardian, or custodian to admit, deny, or consent to findings that a child is in need of services as alleged in the 2147 petition. If the child and the parent, legal guardian, or 2148 2149 custodian admit or consent to the findings in the petition, the court shall adjudicate the child a child in need of services and 2150

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2151 proceed as set forth in the Florida Rules of Juvenile Procedure.
2152 However, if either the child or the parent, <u>legal</u> guardian, or
2153 custodian denies any of the allegations of the petition, the
2154 court shall hold an adjudicatory hearing within <u>a reasonable</u>
2155 <u>time after the date of the arraignment hearing</u> 7 days after the
2156 date of the arraignment hearing.

2157 (b) The court may grant a continuance of the arraignment 2158 hearing When a child is in the custody of the parent, guardian, 2159 or custodian, upon the filing of a petition, the clerk shall 2160 a date for an arraignment hearing within a reasonable time from 2161 the date of the filing of the petition. if the child or and the 2162 parent, legal guardian, or custodian request a continuance to 2163 obtain an attorney. The case shall be rescheduled for an 2164 arraignment hearing within a reasonable period of time to allow 2165 for consultation admit or consent to an adjudication, the court 2166 shall proceed as set forth in the Florida Rules of Juvenile 2167 Procedure. However, if either the child or the parent, guardian, 2168 custodian denies any of the allegations of child in need of 2169 the court shall hold an adjudicatory hearing within a services, 2170 reasonable time from the date of the arraignment hearing.

(c) If at the arraignment hearing the child and the parent, <u>legal</u> guardian, or custodian consents or admits to the allegations in the petition and the court determines that the petition meets the requirements of <u>s. 984.15(5)</u> s. 984.15(3)(c), the court shall proceed to hold a disposition hearing at the

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2176	earliest practicable time that will allow for the completion of
2177	a predisposition study.
2178	(d) Failure of a person served with notice to appear at
2179	the arraignment hearing constitutes the person's consent to the
2180	adjudication of the child as a child in need of services. The
2181	document containing the notice to respond or appear must
2182	contain, in type as large as the balance of the document, the
2183	following or substantially similar language:
2184	
2185	FAILURE TO APPEAR AT THE ARRAIGNMENT HEARING CONSTITUTES
2186	CONSENT TO THE ADJUDICATION OF THIS CHILD AS A CHILD IN
2187	NEED OF SERVICES AND MAY RESULT IN THE COURT ENTERING AN
2188	ORDER OF DISPOSITION AND PLACE THE CHILD INTO SHELTER.
2189	
2190	If a person appears for the arraignment hearing and the court
2191	orders that person to appear, either physically or through
2192	audio-video communication technology, at the adjudicatory
2193	hearing for the child in need of services case, stating the
2194	date, time, place, and, if applicable, the instructions for
2195	appearance through audio-video communication technology, of the
2196	adjudicatory hearing, then that person's failure to appear for
2197	the scheduled adjudicatory hearing constitutes consent to
2198	adjudication of the child as a child in need of services.
2199	(2) ADJUDICATORY HEARING
2200	(a) The adjudicatory hearing shall be held as soon as
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2201 practicable after the petition for a child in need of services 2202 is filed and in accordance with the Florida Rules of Juvenile 2203 Procedure, but reasonable delay for the purpose of 2204 investigation, discovery, or procuring counsel or witnesses 2205 shall, whenever practicable, be granted. If the child is in 2206 custody, the adjudicatory hearing shall be held within 14 days 2207 after the date the child was taken into custody.

2208 Adjudicatory hearings shall be conducted by the judge (b) 2209 without a jury, applying the rules of evidence in use in civil 2210 cases and adjourning the hearings from time to time as 2211 necessary. In an adjudicatory hearing on a petition in which it 2212 is alleged that the child is a child in need of services, a 2213 preponderance of evidence shall be required to establish that 2214 the child is in need of services. If the court finds the 2215 allegations are proven by a preponderance of evidence and the 2216 child is a child in need of services, the court shall enter an 2217 order of adjudication.

2218 All hearings, except as hereinafter provided, shall be (C) 2219 open to the public, and no person shall be excluded therefrom 2220 except on special order of the judge who, in his or her 2221 discretion, may close any hearing to the public when the public 2222 interest or the welfare of the child, in his or her opinion, is 2223 best served by so doing. Hearings involving more than one child 2224 may be held simultaneously when the several children involved are related to each other or were involved in the same case. The 2225

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2226 child and the parent, <u>legal</u> guardian, or custodian of the child 2227 may be examined separately and apart from each other.

(3) DISPOSITION HEARING.-

2229 <u>(a)</u> At the disposition hearing, if the court finds that 2230 the facts alleged in the petition of a child in need of services 2231 were proven in the adjudicatory hearing, the court shall receive 2232 and consider a predisposition study, which shall be in writing 2233 and be presented by an authorized agent of the department or its 2234 provider.

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2228

(a) The predisposition study shall cover:

All treatment and services that the parent, <u>legal</u>
 guardian, or custodian and child received.

2238 2. The love, affection, and other emotional ties existing 2239 between the <u>family parents</u> and the child.

3. The capacity and disposition of the parents, <u>legal</u> <u>guardian</u>, <u>or custodian</u> to provide the child with food, clothing, medical care or other remedial care recognized and permitted under the laws of this state in lieu of medical care, and other material needs.

4. The length of time that the child has lived in a stable, satisfactory environment and the desirability of maintaining continuity.

5. The permanence, as a family unit, of the existing or proposed custodial home.

2250

6. The moral fitness of the parents, legal guardian, or

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2251	custodian.
2252	7. The mental and physical health of the family.
2253	8. The home, school, and community record of the child.
2254	9. The reasonable preference of the child, if the court
2255	deems the child to be of sufficient intelligence, understanding,
2256	and experience to express a preference.
2257	10. Any other factor considered by the court to be
2258	relevant.
2259	(b) The predisposition study also shall provide the court
2260	with documentation regarding:
2261	1. The availability of appropriate prevention, services,
2262	and treatment for the parent, <u>legal</u> guardian, custodian, and
2263	child to prevent the removal of the child from the home or to
2264	reunify the child with the parent, <u>legal</u> guardian, or custodian
2265	after removal or to reconcile the problems between the \underline{family}
2266	parent, guardian, or custodian and the child. \cdot
2267	2. The inappropriateness of other prevention, treatment,
2268	and services that were available.+
2269	3. The efforts by the department to prevent shelter $\frac{1}{10000000000000000000000000000000000$
2270	of-home placement of the child or, when applicable, to reunify
2271	the parent, <u>legal</u> guardian, or custodian if appropriate services
2272	were available <u>.</u> +
2273	4. Whether voluntary family the services were provided.;
2274	5. If the voluntary family services and treatment were
2275	provided, whether they were sufficient to meet the needs of the
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2276 child and the family and to enable the child to remain at home 2277 or to be returned home.+ 2278 6. If the voluntary family services and treatment were not provided, the reasons for such lack of provision.; and 2279 2280 7. The need for, or appropriateness of, continuing such 2281 treatment and services if the child remains in the custody of 2282 the parent, legal guardian, or custodian or if the child is 2283 placed outside the home. 2284 If placement of the child with anyone other than the (C) 2285 child's parent, guardian, or custodian is being considered, the 2286 study shall include the designation of a specific length of time 2287 as to when custody by the parent, guardian, or custodian shall be reconsidered. 2288 2289 (d) A copy of this predisposition study shall be furnished 2290 to the person having custody of the child at the time such 2291 person is notified of the disposition hearing. 2292 After review of the predisposition study and other (e) 2293 relevant materials, the court shall hear from the parties and 2294 consider all recommendations for court-ordered services, 2295 evaluations, treatment and required actions designed to remedy the child's truancy, ungovernable behavior, or running away. The 2296 2297 court shall enter an order of disposition. 2298 2299 Any other relevant and material evidence, including other written or oral reports, may be received by the court in its 2300

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effort to determine the action to be taken with regard to the child and may be relied upon to the extent of its probative value, even though not competent in an adjudicatory hearing. Except as provided in paragraph (2)(c), nothing in this section does not shall prohibit the publication of proceedings in a hearing.

2307

(4) REVIEW HEARINGS.-

(a) The court shall hold a review hearing within 45 days
after the disposition hearing. Additional review hearings may be
held as necessary, allowing sufficient time for the child and
<u>family to work toward compliance with the court orders and</u>
<u>monitoring by the case manager. No longer than 90 days may</u>
<u>elapse between judicial review hearings but no less than 45 days</u>
after the date of the last review hearing.

(b) The parent, legal guardian, or custodian and the child
shall be noticed to appear for the review hearing. The
department must appear at the review hearing. If the parent,
legal guardian, or custodian does not appear at a review
hearing, or if the court finds good cause to waive the child's
presence, the court may proceed with the hearing and enter
orders that affect the child and family accordingly.

2322 <u>(c)(b)</u> At the review hearings, <u>the court shall consider</u> 2323 <u>the department's judicial review summary.</u> The court shall close 2324 the case if the child has substantially complied with the case 2325 plans and court orders and no longer requires continued court

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2326 supervision, subject to the case being reopened. Upon request of 2327 the petitioner, the court may close the case and relinquish 2328 jurisdiction. If the child has significantly failed to comply 2329 with the case plan or court orders, the child shall continue to 2330 be a child in need of services and reviewed by the court as 2331 needed. At review hearings, the court may enter further orders 2332 to adjust the services case plan to address the family needs and compliance with court orders, including, but not limited to, 2333 2334 ordering the child placed in shelter, but no less than 45 days 2335 after the date of the last review hearing.

2336 Section 24. Section 984.21, Florida Statutes, is amended 2337 to read:

2338

984.21 Orders of adjudication.-

2339 (1) (1) (4) An order of adjudication by a court that a child is 2340 a child in need of services is a civil adjudication, and is 2341 services shall not be deemed a conviction, nor shall the child 2342 be deemed to have been found guilty or to be a delinguent or 2343 criminal by reason of that adjudication, nor shall that 2344 adjudication operate to impose upon the child any of the civil 2345 disabilities ordinarily imposed by or resulting from conviction 2346 or disqualify or prejudice the child in any civil service 2347 application or appointment.

2348 (2)(1) If the court finds that the child named in a 2349 petition is not a child in need of services, it shall enter an 2350 order so finding and <u>dismiss</u> <u>dismissing</u> the case.

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2351 (2) If the court finds that the child named in the 2352 petition is a child in need of services, but finds that no 2353 action other than supervision in the home is required, it may 2354 an order briefly stating the facts upon which its finding enter-2355 is based, but withholding an order of adjudication and placing 2356 the child and family under the supervision of the department. If 2357 the court later finds that the parent, guardian, or custodian of 2358 the child have not complied with the conditions of supervision 2359 imposed, the court may, after a hearing to establish the 2360 noncompliance, but without further evidence of the state of the 2361 child in need of services, enter an order of adjudication and 2362 shall thereafter have full authority under this chapter to provide for the child as adjudicated. 2363

(3) If the court finds by a preponderance of evidence that
the child named in a petition is a child in need of services,
but elects not to proceed under subsection (2), it shall
incorporate that finding in an order of adjudication entered in
the case, briefly stating the facts upon which the finding is
made, and the court shall thereafter have full authority under
this chapter to provide for the child as adjudicated.

2371Section 25.Section 984.22, Florida Statutes, is amended2372to read:

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984.22 Powers of disposition.-

(1) If the court finds that services and treatment havenot been provided or used utilized by a child or family, the

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2376 court having jurisdiction of the child <u>in need of services</u> shall 2377 have the power to direct the least intrusive and least 2378 restrictive disposition, as follows:

(a) Order the parent, <u>legal</u> guardian, or custodian and the
child to participate in treatment, services, and any other
alternative identified as necessary.

(b) Order the parent, <u>legal</u> guardian, or custodian to pay
a fine or fee based on the recommendations of the department.

(2) When any child is adjudicated by the court to be a child in need of services, the court having jurisdiction of the child and parent, <u>legal</u> guardian, or custodian shall have the power, by order, to:

(a) Place the child under the supervision of the
department's <u>authorized agent</u> contracted provider of programs
and services for children in need of services and families in
need of services. "Supervision," for the purposes of this
section, means services as defined by the contract between the
department and the provider.

(b) Place the child in the temporary legal custody of anadult willing to care for the child.

(c) Commit the child to a licensed child-caring agency willing to receive the child and to provide services without compensation from the department.

(d) Order the child, and, if the court finds it
appropriate, the parent, <u>legal</u> guardian, or custodian of the

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2401 child, to render community service in a public service program. 2402 (e) Order the child placed in shelter pursuant to s. 2403 984.225 or s. 984.226. 2404 When any child is adjudicated by the court to be a (3) 2405 child in need of services and temporary legal custody of the 2406 child has been placed with an adult willing to care for the 2407 child, or a licensed child-caring agency, the Department of 2408 Juvenile Justice, or the Department of Children and Families, 2409 the court shall order the natural or adoptive parents of such 2410 child, including the natural father of such child born out of 2411 wedlock who has acknowledged his paternity in writing before the 2412 court, or the guardian of such child's estate if possessed of 2413 assets which under law may be disbursed for the care, support, 2414 and maintenance of such child, to pay child support to the adult 2415 relative caring for the child, the licensed child-caring agency, 2416 the department of Juvenile Justice, or the Department of 2417 Children and Families. When such order affects the guardianship 2418 estate, a certified copy of such order shall be delivered to the 2419 judge having jurisdiction of such quardianship estate. If the 2420 court determines that the parent is unable to pay support, 2421 placement of the child shall not be contingent upon issuance of 2422 a support order. The department may employ a collection agency to receive, collect, and manage for the purpose of receiving, 2423 collecting, and managing the payment of unpaid and delinquent 2424 fees. The collection agency must be registered and in good 2425

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2426 standing under chapter 559. The department may pay to the 2427 collection agency a fee from the amount collected under the 2428 claim or may authorize the agency to deduct the fee from the 2429 amount collected.

2430 (4) All payments of fees made to the department under this
2431 chapter, or child support payments made to the department
2432 pursuant to subsection (3), shall be deposited in the General
2433 Revenue Fund.

2434 <u>(4) (5)</u> In carrying out the provisions of this chapter, the 2435 court shall order the child, family, parent, <u>legal</u> guardian, or 2436 custodian of a child who is found to be a child in need of 2437 services to participate in family counseling and other 2438 professional counseling activities or other alternatives deemed 2439 necessary <u>to address the needs</u> for the rehabilitation of the 2440 child and family.

2441 <u>(5)(6)</u> The participation and cooperation of the family, 2442 parent, <u>legal</u> guardian, or custodian, and the child with court-2443 ordered services, treatment, or community service are mandatory, 2444 not merely voluntary. The court may use its contempt powers to 2445 enforce its orders order.

2446Section 26.Section 984.225, Florida Statutes, is amended2447to read:

2448 984.225 Powers of disposition; placement in a staff-secure 2449 shelter.-

2450

(1) Subject to specific legislative appropriation, The

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2451 court may order that a child adjudicated as a child in need of 2452 services be placed in shelter to enforce the court's orders, to 2453 ensure the child attends school, to ensure the child receives 2454 needed counseling, and to ensure the child adheres to a service 2455 plan. While a child is in a shelter, the child shall receive 2456 education commensurate with his or her grade level and 2457 educational ability. The department, or the department's 2458 authorized agent, must verify to the court that a shelter bed is 2459 available for the child. If the department or the department's 2460 authorized agent verifies that a bed is not available, the 2461 department shall place the child's name on a waiting list. The 2462 child who has been on the waiting list the longest shall get the 2463 next available bed. for up to 90 days in a staff-secure shelter 2464 if: 2465 (2) The court shall order the parent, legal guardian, or 2466 custodian to cooperate with reunification efforts and 2467 participate in counseling. If a parent, legal guardian, or custodian prefers to arrange counseling or other services with a 2468 2469 private provider in lieu of using services provided by the 2470 department, the family shall pay all costs associated with those 2471 services. 2472 (3) Placement of a child under this section is designed to 2473 provide residential care on a temporary basis. Such placement 2474 does not abrogate the legal responsibilities of the parent, 2475 legal guardian, or custodian with respect to the child, except

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2476	to the extent that those responsibilities are temporarily
2477	altered by court order.
2478	(a) The court may order any child adjudicated a child in
2479	need of services to be placed in shelter for up to 35 days.
2480	(b) After other alternative, less restrictive remedies
2481	have been exhausted, the child may be placed in shelter for up
2482	to 90 days if:
2483	<u>1.(a)</u> The child's parent, <u>legal</u> guardian, or legal
2484	custodian refuses to provide food, clothing, shelter, and
2485	necessary parental support for the child and the refusal is a
2486	direct result of an established pattern of significant
2487	disruptive behavior of the child in the home of the parent,
2488	<u>legal</u> guardian, or legal custodian;
2489	2.(b) The child refuses to remain under the reasonable
2490	care and custody of <u>the</u> his or her parent, <u>legal</u> guardian, or
2491	legal custodian, as evidenced by repeatedly running away and
2492	failing to comply with a court order; or
2493	3.(c) The child has failed to successfully complete an
2494	alternative treatment program or to comply with a court-ordered
2495	services sanction and the child has been placed in a shelter
2496	residential program on at least one prior occasion pursuant to a
2497	court order after the child has been adjudicated a child in need
2498	of services under this chapter.
2499	(4) The court shall review the child's 90-day shelter
2500	placement within 45 days after the child's placement and
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2501	determine if continued shelter is deemed necessary. The court
2502	also shall determine whether the parent, legal guardian, or
2503	custodian has reasonably participated in the child's counseling
2504	and treatment program, and is following the recommendations of
2505	the program to work toward reunification. The court shall also
2506	determine whether the department's reunification efforts have
2507	been reasonable. If the court finds an inadequate level of
2508	support or participation by the parent, legal guardian, or
2509	custodian before the end of the shelter commitment period, the
2510	court shall direct that the child be handled in every respect as
2511	a dependent child. Jurisdiction shall be transferred to the
2512	Department of Children and Families, and the child's care shall
2513	be governed under the relevant provisions of chapter 39. The
2514	department shall notify and coordinate with the Department of
2515	Children and Families for the transfer of jurisdiction. The
2516	clerk of court shall serve the Department of Children and
2517	Families with any court order of referral.
2518	(2) This section applies after other alternative, less-
2519	restrictive remedies have been exhausted. The court may order
2520	that a child be placed in a staff-secure shelter. The
2521	department, or an authorized representative of the department,
2522	must verify to the court that a bed is available for the child.
2523	If the department or an authorized representative of the
2524	department verifies that a bed is not available, the department
2525	will place the child's name on a waiting list. The child who has
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2533

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2535

been on the waiting list the longest will get the next available bed.
(3) The court shall order the parent, guardian, or legal custodian to cooperate with efforts to reunite the child with the family, participate in counseling, and pay all costs associated with the care and counseling provided to the child and family, in accordance with the family's ability to pay as

determined by the court. Commitment of a child under this

basis. Such commitment does not abrogate the legal

section is designed to provide residential care on a temporary

2536 responsibilities of the parent, guardian, or legal custodian 2537 with respect to the child, except to the extent that those 2538 responsibilities are temporarily altered by court order. 2539 (4) While a child is in a staff-secure shelter, the child 2540 shall receive education commensurate with his or her grade level 2541 and educational ability.

(5) If a child has not been reunited with his or her parent, <u>legal</u> guardian, or legal custodian at the expiration of the 90-day commitment period, the court may order that the child remain in the staff-secure shelter for an additional 30 days if the court finds that reunification could be achieved within that period.

2548 (6) The department is deemed to have exhausted the 2549 reasonable remedies offered under this chapter if, at the end of 2550 the <u>90-day shelter</u> commitment period, the parent, <u>legal</u>

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2025

2551 guardian, or legal custodian continues to refuse to allow the 2552 child to remain at home or creates unreasonable conditions for 2553 the child's return. If, at the end of the 90-day shelter 2554 commitment period, the child is not reunited with his or her 2555 parent, legal guardian, or custodian due solely to the continued 2556 refusal of the parent, legal guardian, or custodian to provide 2557 food, clothing, shelter, and parental support, the child is 2558 considered to be threatened with harm as a result of such acts 2559 or omissions, and the court shall direct that the child be 2560 handled in every respect as a dependent child. Jurisdiction 2561 shall be transferred to the custody of the Department of 2562 Children and Families, and the child's care shall be governed 2563 under the relevant provisions of chapter 39. The department 2564 shall coordinate with the Department of Children and Families as 2565 provided in s. 984.086. The clerk of court shall serve the 2566 Department of Children and Families with any court order of 2567 referral. (7) The court shall review the child's commitment 2568

2568 (7) The court shall review the child's commitment once every 45 days as provided in s. 984.20. The court shall determine whether the parent, guardian, or custodian has reasonably participated in and financially contributed to the child's counseling and treatment program. The court shall also determine whether the department's efforts to reunite the family have been reasonable. If the court finds an inadequate level of support or participation by the parent, guardian, or custodian

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2576	prior to the end of the commitment period, the court shall
2577	direct that the child be handled in every respect as a dependent
2578	child. Jurisdiction shall be transferred to the Department of
2579	Children and Families, and the child's care shall be governed
2580	under the relevant provisions of chapter 39.
2581	<u>(6)</u> If the child requires residential mental health
2582	treatment or residential care for a developmental disability,
2583	the court shall <u>order</u> refer the child <u>transferred to the custody</u>
2584	of the Agency for Persons with Disabilities or to the Department
2585	of Children and Families for the provision of necessary
2586	services. The clerk of court shall serve the Agency for Persons
2587	with Disabilities or the Department of Children and Families
2588	with any court order of referral.
2589	Section 27. Section 984.226, Florida Statutes, is amended
2589 2590	Section 27. Section 984.226, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
2590	to read:
2590 2591	to read: 984.226 Physically secure <u>shelter</u> setting
2590 2591 2592	<pre>to read: 984.226 Physically secure <u>shelter</u> setting (1) Subject to specific legislative appropriation, the</pre>
2590 2591 2592 2593	<pre>to read: 984.226 Physically secure shelter setting (1) Subject to specific legislative appropriation, the department of Juvenile Justice shall establish or contract for</pre>
2590 2591 2592 2593 2594	<pre>to read: 984.226 Physically secure <u>shelter</u> setting (1) Subject to specific legislative appropriation, the department of Juvenile Justice shall establish <u>or contract for</u> physically secure <u>shelters</u> settings designated exclusively for</pre>
2590 2591 2592 2593 2594 2595	<pre>to read: 984.226 Physically secure <u>shelter</u> setting (1) Subject to specific legislative appropriation, the department of <u>Juvenile Justice</u> shall establish <u>or contract for</u> physically secure <u>shelters</u> settings designated exclusively for the placement of children in need of services who meet the</pre>
2590 2591 2592 2593 2594 2595 2596	to read: 984.226 Physically secure <u>shelter</u> setting (1) Subject to specific legislative appropriation, the department of Juvenile Justice shall establish <u>or contract for</u> physically secure <u>shelters</u> settings designated exclusively for the placement of children in need of services who meet the criteria provided in this section.
2590 2591 2592 2593 2594 2595 2596 2597	<pre>to read: 984.226 Physically secure <u>shelter</u> setting (1) Subject to specific legislative appropriation, the department of <u>Juvenile Justice</u> shall establish <u>or contract for</u> physically secure <u>shelters</u> settings designated exclusively for the placement of children in need of services who meet the criteria provided in this section. <u>(2) When a petition is filed alleging that a child is a</u></pre>
2590 2591 2592 2593 2594 2595 2596 2597 2598	<pre>to read: 984.226 Physically secure <u>shelter</u> setting (1) Subject to specific legislative appropriation, the department of <u>Juvenile Justice</u> shall establish <u>or contract for</u> physically secure <u>shelters</u> settings designated exclusively for the placement of children in need of services who meet the criteria provided in this section. (2) When a petition is filed alleging that a child is a child in need of services, the child must be represented by</pre>

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2601 evidence that the child knowingly and intelligently waived the 2602 right to counsel after being fully advised by the court of the 2603 nature of the proceedings and the dispositional alternatives 2604 available to the court under this section. If the court decides 2605 to appoint counsel for the child and if the child is indigent, 2606 the court shall appoint an attorney to represent the child as 2607 provided under s. 985.033. Nothing precludes the court from 2608 requesting reimbursement of attorney's fees and costs from the 2609 nonindigent parent or legal guardian.

2610 <u>(2)(3)</u> When a child is adjudicated as a child in need of 2611 services by a court <u>and all other less restrictive placements</u> 2612 <u>have been exhausted</u>, the court may order the child to be placed 2613 in a physically secure <u>shelter</u> setting authorized in this 2614 section if the child has:

(a) Failed to appear for placement in a staff-secure shelter for up to 90 days ordered under s. 984.225, or failed to comply with any other provision of a valid court order relating to such placement and, as a result of such failure, has been found to be in direct or indirect contempt of court; or

2620 (b) Run away from a <u>90-day</u> staff-secure shelter following 2621 placement under s. 984.225 or s. 984.09.

2623 The department or an authorized <u>agent</u> representative of the 2624 department must verify to the court that a bed is available for 2625 the child <u>in a physically secure shelter</u>. If a bed is not

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2626 available in a physically secure shelter, the court must stay 2627 the placement until such a bed is available, and the department 2628 must place the child's name on a waiting list. The child who has 2629 been on the waiting list the longest has first priority for 2630 placement in the physically secure shelter. Physically secure shelter placement may only be used when the child cannot receive 2631 2632 appropriate and available services due to the child running away 2633 or refusing to cooperate with attempts to provide services in 2634 other less restrictive placements setting.

2635 (3) (4) A child may be placed in a physically secure 2636 shelter setting for up to 90 days by order of the court. If a 2637 child has not been reunited with his or her parent, guardian, or 2638 legal custodian at the expiration of the placement in a 2639 physically secure shelter setting, the court may order that the 2640 child remain in the physically secure shelter setting for an 2641 additional 30 days if the court finds that reunification could 2642 be achieved within that period.

2643 <u>(4) (5)</u> (a) The court shall review the child's placement 2644 once within every 45 days to determine if the child can be 2645 returned home with the provision of ongoing services as provided 2646 in s. 984.20.

(b) At any time during the placement of a child in need of services in a physically secure <u>shelter</u> setting, the department or an authorized <u>agent</u> representative of the department may submit to the court a report that recommends:

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2651 That the child has received all of the services 1. 2652 available from the physically secure shelter setting and is 2653 ready for reunification with a parent or guardian; or 2654 That the child is unlikely to benefit from continued 2. 2655 placement in the physically secure shelter setting and is more 2656 likely to have his or her needs met in a different type of 2657 placement. The court may order that the child be transitioned 2658 from a physically secure shelter to a shelter placement as 2659 provided in s. 984.225 upon a finding that the physically secure 2660 shelter is no longer necessary for the child's safety and to 2661 provide needed services.

(c) The court shall determine if the parent, <u>legal</u> guardian, or custodian has reasonably participated in and has financially contributed to <u>or participated in</u> the child's counseling and treatment program.

2666 If the court finds an inadequate level of support or (d) 2667 participation by the parent, legal guardian, or custodian before 2668 the end of the placement, the court shall direct that the child 2669 be handled as a dependent child, jurisdiction shall be 2670 transferred to the Department of Children and Families, and the 2671 child's care shall be governed by chapter 39. The department 2672 shall notify and coordinate with the Department of Children and Families for provision of services to the child. The clerk of 2673 2674 court shall serve the Department of Children and Families with 2675 any court order of referral.

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2676 If the child requires long-term residential mental (e) 2677 health treatment or residential care for a developmental 2678 disability, the court shall transfer custody of refer the child 2679 to the Department of Children and Families or the Agency for 2680 Persons with Disabilities for the provision of necessary services. The clerk of court shall serve the Agency for Persons 2681 2682 with Disabilities or the Department of Children and Families 2683 with any court order of referral.

2684 <u>(5)</u> (6) Prior to being ordered to a physically secure 2685 <u>shelter</u> setting, the child must be afforded all rights of due 2686 process required under s. 984.07 <u>985.037</u>.

2687 (6) While in the physically secure <u>shelter</u> setting, the
2688 child shall receive appropriate assessment, <u>intervention</u>,
2689 treatment, and educational services that are designed to
2690 eliminate or reduce the child's truant, ungovernable, or runaway
2691 behavior. The child and family shall be provided with <u>individual</u>
2692 <u>and</u> family counseling and other support services necessary for
2693 reunification.

(7) The court shall order the parent, <u>legal</u> guardian, or legal custodian to cooperate with efforts to reunite the child with the family, participate in counseling, and pay all costs associated with the care and counseling provided to the child and family, in accordance with the <u>child's insurance and the</u> family's ability to pay as determined by the court. Placement of a child under this section is designed to provide residential

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2701 care on a temporary basis. Such placement does not abrogate the 2702 legal responsibilities of the parent, legal guardian, or legal 2703 custodian with respect to the child, except to the extent that 2704 those responsibilities are temporarily altered by court order. 2705 Section 985.731, Florida Statutes, is Section 28. 2706 transferred and renumbered as section 787.035, Florida Statutes. 2707 Section 29. Subsection (9) of section 985.03, Florida 2708 Statutes, is amended to read: 2709 985.03 Definitions.-As used in this chapter, the term: 2710 (9) "Child who has been found to have committed a delinquent act" means a child who, under this chapter, is found 2711 2712 by a court to have committed a violation of law or to be in 2713 direct or indirect contempt of court, except that this 2714 definition does not include an act constituting contempt of 2715 court arising out of a dependency proceeding under chapter 39 or 2716 chapter 984 or a proceeding concerning a child or family in need 2717 of services. Subsection (4) of section 985.24, Florida 2718 Section 30. 2719 Statutes, is amended to read: 2720 985.24 Use of detention; prohibitions.-2721 (4) A child who is alleged to be dependent under chapter 2722 39, or any child subject to proceedings under chapter 984, but 2723 who is not alleged to have committed a delinquent act or 2724 violation of law, may not, under any circumstances, be placed into secure detention care. 2725 Page 109 of 138

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2726	Section 31. Section 1003.26, Florida Statutes, is amended
2727	to read:
2728	1003.26 Enforcement of school attendanceThe Legislature
2729	finds that poor academic performance is associated with
2730	nonattendance and that school districts must take an active role
2731	in promoting and enforcing attendance as a means of improving
2732	student performance. It is the policy of the state that each
2733	district school superintendent be responsible for enforcing
2734	school attendance of all students subject to the compulsory
2735	school age in the school district and supporting enforcement of
2736	school attendance by local law enforcement agencies. The
2737	responsibility includes recommending policies and procedures to
2738	the district school board that require public schools to respond
2739	in a timely manner to every unexcused absence, and every absence
2740	for which the reason is unknown, of students enrolled in the
2741	schools. District school board policies shall require the parent
2742	of a student to justify each absence of the student, and that
2743	justification will be evaluated based on adopted district school
2744	board policies that define excused and unexcused absences. The
2745	policies must provide that public schools track excused and
2746	unexcused absences and contact the home in the case of an
2747	unexcused absence from school, or an absence from school for
2748	which the reason is unknown, to prevent the development of
2749	patterns of nonattendance. The Legislature finds that early
2750	intervention in school attendance is the most effective way of

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2751 producing good attendance habits that will lead to improved 2752 student learning and achievement. Each public school <u>is required</u> 2753 <u>to shall</u> implement the following steps to promote and enforce 2754 regular school attendance:

2755

(1) CONTACT, REFER, AND ENFORCE.-

2756 Upon each unexcused absence, or absence for which the (a) 2757 reason is unknown, the school principal or his or her designee 2758 must shall contact the student's parent to determine the reason 2759 for the absence. If the absence is an excused absence, as 2760 defined by district school board policy, the school shall 2761 provide opportunities for the student to make up assigned work 2762 and not receive an academic penalty unless the work is not made 2763 up within a reasonable time.

2764 If a student has had at least five unexcused absences, (b) 2765 or absences for which the reasons are unknown, within a calendar 2766 month or 10 unexcused absences, or absences for which the 2767 reasons are unknown, within a 90-calendar-day period, the 2768 student's primary teacher must shall report to the school 2769 principal or his or her designee that the student may be 2770 exhibiting a pattern of nonattendance. The principal shall, 2771 Unless there is clear evidence that the absences are not a 2772 pattern of nonattendance, the principal must refer the case to the school's child study team to determine if early patterns of 2773 2774 truancy are developing. If the child study team finds that a pattern of nonattendance is developing, whether the absences are 2775

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tify potential remedies, and the principal <u>must</u> shall notify district school superintendent and the school district	
district school superintendent and the school district	
act for home education programs that the referred student is	
oiting a pattern of nonattendance. The child study team may	
w the parent to attend the meeting virtually or by telephone	
he parent is unable to attend the meeting in person.	
(c) If the parent or child fails to attend the child study	
meeting, the meeting shall be held in his or her absence,	
and the child study team shall make written recommendations to	
diate the truancy based upon the information available to	
school. The recommendations shall be provided to the parent	
in 7 days after the child study team meeting. If the an	
ial meeting does not resolve the problem, the child study	
shall implement the following:	
1. Frequent attempts at communication between the teacher	
the family.	
2. Attempt to determine the reasons the child is truant	
school and provide remedies if available or refer the	
ly to services, including referring the family for available	
larship options if the learning environment is an issue of	
ern.	
3.2. Evaluation for alternative education programs.	
<u>4.</u> 3. Attendance contracts.	
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2801 The child study team may, but is not required to, implement 2802 other interventions, including referral to <u>the Department of</u> 2803 <u>Juvenile Justice's designated provider for voluntary family</u> 2804 <u>services, or to</u> other agencies for family services or <u>recommend</u> 2805 <u>recommendation for</u> filing a truancy petition pursuant to s. 2806 984.151.

(d) The child study team <u>must</u> shall be diligent in facilitating intervention services and shall report the case to the district school superintendent only when all reasonable efforts to resolve the nonattendance behavior are exhausted.

2811 If the parent refuses to participate in the remedial (e) 2812 strategies because he or she believes that those strategies are 2813 unnecessary or inappropriate, the parent may appeal to the 2814 district school board. The district school board may provide a 2815 hearing officer, and the hearing officer shall make a recommendation for final action to the district school board. If 2816 2817 the district school board's final determination is that the 2818 strategies of the child study team are appropriate, and the 2819 parent still refuses to participate or cooperate, the district 2820 school superintendent may seek criminal prosecution for 2821 noncompliance with compulsory school attendance.

(f)1. If the parent of a child who has been identified as exhibiting a pattern of nonattendance enrolls the child in a home education program pursuant to chapter 1002, the district school superintendent shall provide the parent a copy of s.

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2826 1002.41 and the accountability requirements of this paragraph. 2827 The district school superintendent shall also refer the parent 2828 to a home education review committee composed of the district 2829 contact for home education programs and at least two home 2830 educators selected by the parent from a district list of all 2831 home educators who have conducted a home education program for 2832 at least 3 years and who have indicated a willingness to serve 2833 on the committee. The home education review committee shall review the portfolio of the student, as defined by s. 1002.41, 2834 2835 every 30 days during the district's regular school terms until 2836 the committee is satisfied that the home education program is in 2837 compliance with s. 1002.41(1)(d). The first portfolio review 2838 must occur within the first 30 calendar days after of the 2839 establishment of the program. The provisions of subparagraph 2. 2840 do not apply once the committee determines the home education 2841 program is in compliance with s. 1002.41(1)(d).

2842 If the parent fails to provide a portfolio to the 2. 2843 committee, the committee shall notify the district school 2844 superintendent. The district school superintendent shall then terminate the home education program and require the parent to 2845 2846 enroll the child in an attendance option that meets the 2847 definition of "regular school attendance" under s. 2848 1003.01(16)(a), (b), (c), or (e), within 3 days. Upon 2849 termination of a home education program pursuant to this 2850 subparagraph, the parent shall not be eligible to reenroll the

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2851 child in a home education program for 180 calendar days. Failure 2852 of a parent to enroll the child in an attendance option as 2853 required by this subparagraph after termination of the home 2854 education program pursuant to this subparagraph shall constitute noncompliance with the compulsory attendance requirements of s. 2855 2856 1003.21 and may result in criminal prosecution under s. 2857 1003.27(2). Nothing contained herein shall restrict the ability 2858 of the district school superintendent, or the ability of his or 2859 her designee, to review the portfolio pursuant to s. 2860 1002.41(1)(e).

If a student subject to compulsory school attendance 2861 (q) 2862 will not comply with attempts to enforce school attendance, the 2863 parent or the district school superintendent or his or her 2864 designee must shall refer the case to the Department of Juvenile 2865 Justice's authorized agent, which shall then offer voluntary 2866 family services, and schedule a meeting of the case staffing 2867 committee pursuant to s. 984.12 if the services do not remediate 2868 the child's truancy, and the district school superintendent or 2869 his or her designee may file a truancy petition pursuant to the 2870 procedures in s. 984.151.

(h) If a student subject to compulsory school attendance is responsive to the interventions described in this section and has completed the necessary requirements to pass the current grade as indicated in the district pupil progression plan, the student shall not be determined to be a habitual truant and

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2876	shall be promoted.	
2877	(2) GIVE WRITTEN NOTICE.—	
2878	(a) Under the direction of the district school	
2879	superintendent, a designated school representative must provide	
2880	shall give written notice in person or by return-receipt mail to	
2881	the parent, requiring the child's that requires enrollment or	
2882	attendance within 3 days after the date of notice, in person or	
2883	by return-receipt mail, to the parent when no valid reason is	
2884	found for a student's nonenrollment in school <u>if the child is</u>	
2885	under compulsory education requirements, and is not exempt. If	
2886	the child is not enrolled or in attendance in school within 3	
2887	days after the notice being provided and requirement are	
2888	ignored , the designated school representative <u>must</u> shall report	
2889	the case to the district school superintendent, who must may	
2890	refer the case to the child study team in paragraph (1)(b) at	
2891	the school the student would be assigned according to district	
2892	school board attendance area policies. In addition, the	
2893	designated school representative may refer the case to the	
2894	Department of Juvenile Justice's authorized agent for families	
2895	in need of services or to the case staffing committee,	
2896	established pursuant to s. 984.12. The child study team must	
2897	shall diligently facilitate intervention services and shall	
2898	report the case back to the district school superintendent	
2899	within 15 days after referral of the case if only when all	
2900	reasonable efforts to resolve the nonenrollment behavior <u>have</u>	

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2901 been made, and the child is still not attending school are 2902 exhausted. If the parent still refuses to cooperate or enroll 2903 the child in school within 15 days after referral of the case to 2904 the child study team, the district school superintendent must 2905 make a report to law enforcement and refer the case to the 2906 Office of the State Attorney shall take such steps as are 2907 necessary to bring criminal prosecution against the parent.

2908 Subsequent to referring the case to the Office of the (b) 2909 State Attorney the activities required under subsection (1), the 2910 district school superintendent or his or her designee must shall 2911 give written notice in person or by return-receipt mail to the 2912 parent that criminal prosecution is being sought for 2913 nonattendance. The district school superintendent may file a 2914 truancy petition, as defined in s. 984.03, following the 2915 procedures outlined in s. 984.151.

2916 RETURN STUDENT TO PARENT. - A designated school (3) 2917 representative may visit the home or place of residence of a 2918 student and any other place in which he or she is likely to find 2919 any student who is required to attend school when the student is 2920 not enrolled or is absent from school during school hours 2921 without an excuse, and, when the student is found, shall return 2922 the student to his or her parent or to the principal or teacher 2923 in charge of the school, or to the private tutor from whom absent. If the parent cannot be located or is unavailable to 2924 take custody of the child and the child is not to be presented 2925

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2926 <u>to the child's school or tutor, the youth shall be referred to</u> 2927 <u>the Department of Juvenile Justice's shelter, to another</u> 2928 <u>facility</u>, or to the juvenile assessment center or other location 2929 established by the district school board to receive students who 2930 are absent from school. Upon receipt of the student, the parent 2931 shall be immediately notified.

(4) REPORT TO APPROPRIATE AUTHORITY.—A designated school
representative shall report to the appropriate authority
designated by law to receive such notices, all violations of the
Child Labor Law that may come to his or her knowledge.

2936 (5) RIGHT TO INSPECT.-A designated school representative 2937 shall have the right of access to, and inspection of, 2938 establishments where minors may be employed or detained only for 2939 the purpose of ascertaining whether students of compulsory 2940 school age are actually employed there and are actually working 2941 there regularly. The designated school representative shall, if 2942 he or she finds unsatisfactory working conditions or violations 2943 of the Child Labor Law, report his or her findings to the 2944 appropriate authority.

 2945
 Section 32.
 Subsections (2), (3), (4), (6), and (7) of

 2946
 section 1003.27, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

2947 1003.27 Court procedure and penalties.—The court procedure 2948 and penalties for the enforcement of the provisions of this 2949 part, relating to compulsory school attendance, shall be as 2950 follows:

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2951	(2) NONENROLLMENT AND NONATTENDANCE CASES
2952	(a) In each case of nonenrollment or of nonattendance upon
2953	the part of a student who is required to attend some school,
2954	when no valid reason for such nonenrollment or nonattendance is
2955	found, The district school superintendent shall institute a
2956	criminal prosecution against the student's parent, in each case
2957	of nonenrollment or of nonattendance of a student who is
2958	required to attend school, when no valid reason for the
2959	nonenrollment or nonattendance is found. However, Criminal
2960	prosecution may not be instituted against the student's parent
2961	until the school and school district have complied with s.
2962	1003.26.
2963	(b) Each public school principal or the principal's
2964	designee <u>must</u> shall notify the district school board of each
2965	minor student under its jurisdiction who accumulates 15
2966	unexcused absences in a period of 90 calendar days. <u>Reports</u>
2967	shall be made to the district school board at the end of each
2968	school quarter. The calculation of 15 absences within 90 days
2969	are determined based on calendar days and are not limited to the
2970	span of one school quarter during which the nonattendance begins
2971	or ends. The district school board shall verify the schools
2972	reporting 15 or more unexcused absences within a 90-day period
2973	have complied with the requirements of remediating truancy at
2974	the school level or pursuing appropriate court intervention as
2975	provided in this section. Any school not meeting the

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2976 requirements in this paragraph shall provide a remedial action 2977 plan to the school board within 30 days, and follow up within 90 2978 days to confirm all truancy cases have been addressed either 2979 through the child's enrollment and regular attendance or 2980 referral of the case to the appropriate court or agency to 2981 pursue court intervention.

2982 (C) The district school superintendent must provide the 2983 Department of Highway Safety and Motor Vehicles the legal name, 2984 sex, date of birth, and social security number of each minor 2985 student who has been reported under this paragraph and who fails 2986 to otherwise satisfy the requirements of s. 322.091. The 2987 Department of Highway Safety and Motor Vehicles may not issue a 2988 driver license or learner's driver license to, and shall suspend 2989 any previously issued driver license or learner's driver license 2990 of, any such minor student, pursuant to the provisions of s. 2991 322.091.

2992 (d) (c) Each designee of the governing body of each private 2993 school and each parent whose child is enrolled in a home 2994 education program or personalized education program may provide 2995 the Department of Highway Safety and Motor Vehicles with the 2996 legal name, sex, date of birth, and social security number of 2997 each minor student under his or her jurisdiction who fails to 2998 satisfy relevant attendance requirements and who fails to 2999 otherwise satisfy the requirements of s. 322.091. The Department of Highway Safety and Motor Vehicles may not issue a driver 3000

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3001 license or learner's driver license to, and shall suspend any 3002 previously issued driver license or learner's driver license of, 3003 any such minor student pursuant to s. 322.091.

3004 HABITUAL TRUANCY CASES. - The district school (3) 3005 superintendent may is authorized to file a truancy petition 3006 seeking early truancy intervention, as defined in s. 984.03, 3007 following the procedures outlined in s. 984.151. If the district 3008 school superintendent chooses not to file a truancy petition, 3009 the case must be referred to the Department of Juvenile 3010 Justice's authorized agent for families in need of services. The 3011 procedures for filing a child in need of services child-in-need-3012 of-services petition must shall be commenced pursuant to this subsection and chapter 984 if voluntary family services do not 3013 3014 remediate the child's truancy. The. In accordance with 3015 procedures established by the district school board, the 3016 designated school representative must shall refer a student who 3017 is a habitual habitually truant and the student's family to the 3018 Department of Juvenile Justice's designated children in need of 3019 services provider for provision of voluntary services, and may 3020 refer the case to children-in-need-of-services and families-in-3021 need-of-services provider or the case staffing committee, 3022 established pursuant to s. 984.12, following the referral process established by the cooperative interagency agreement, as 3023 3024 determined by the cooperative agreement required in this section. The case staffing committee may request the Department 3025

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3026 of Juvenile Justice or its designee to file a petition for child 3027 in need of services child-in-need-of-services petition based 3028 upon the report and efforts of the district school board or 3029 other community agency, and early truancy intervention by the 3030 circuit court, after review and an initial meeting, or may seek 3031 to resolve the truant behavior through the school or community-3032 based organizations or other state or local agencies. Prior to 3033 and subsequent to the filing of a child-in-need-of-services petition for a child in need of services due to habitual 3034 truancy, the appropriate governmental agencies must allow a 3035 3036 reasonable time to complete actions required by this section and 3037 ss. 984.11 and s. 1003.26 to remedy the conditions leading to 3038 the truant behavior. Prior to the filing of a petition, the 3039 district school board must have complied with the requirements 3040 of s. 1003.26, and those efforts must have been unsuccessful. 3041 (4) COOPERATIVE AGREEMENTS. - The circuit manager of the 3042 Department of Juvenile Justice's authorized agent Justice or his

3043 <u>or her designee, the circuit manager's designee, the district</u> 3044 administrator of the Department of Children and Families or the 3045 district administrator's designee, and the district school 3046 superintendent or <u>his or her</u> the superintendent's designee must 3047 develop a cooperative interagency agreement that:

3048 (a) Clearly defines each department's role,
3049 responsibility, and function in working with habitual truants
3050 and their families.

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3051 (b) Identifies and implements measures to <u>quickly</u> resolve 3052 and reduce truant behavior.

3053 (c) Addresses issues of streamlining service delivery, the 3054 appropriateness of legal intervention, case management, the role 3055 and responsibility of the case staffing committee, student and 3056 parental intervention and involvement, and community action 3057 plans.

(d) Delineates timeframes for implementation and identifies a mechanism for reporting results by the <u>Department</u> of Juvenile Justice or its authorized agent circuit juvenile justice manager or the circuit manager's designee and the district school superintendent or the superintendent's designee to the Department of Juvenile Justice and the Department of Education and other governmental entities as needed.

3065 (e) Designates which agency is responsible for each of the 3066 intervention steps in this section, to yield more effective and 3067 efficient intervention services.

3068 PROCEEDINGS AND PROSECUTIONS; WHO MAY BEGIN.-(6) 3069 Proceedings or prosecutions under this chapter may be commenced 3070 by the district school superintendent or his or her designee, by 3071 a designated school representative, by the probation officer of 3072 the county, by the executive officer of any court of competent 3073 jurisdiction, by an officer of any court of competent 3074 jurisdiction, or by a duly authorized agent of the Department of Education or the Department of Juvenile Justice, by a parent, or 3075

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3076 <u>in the case of a criminal prosecution, by the Office of the</u> 3077 <u>State Attorney</u>. If a proceeding has been commenced against both 3078 a parent and a child pursuant to this chapter, the presiding 3079 courts shall make every effort to coordinate <u>services or</u> 3080 sanctions against the child and parent, including ordering the 3081 child and parent to perform community service hours or attend 3082 counseling together.

3083 (7) PENALTIES.—The penalties for refusing or failing to 3084 comply with this chapter shall be as follows:

(a) I

3085

) The parent.-

3086 1. A parent who refuses or fails to have a minor student 3087 who is under his or her control attend school regularly, or who 3088 refuses or fails to comply with the requirements in subsection 3089 (3), commits a misdemeanor of the second degree, punishable as 3090 provided in s. 775.082 or s. 775.083.

The continued or habitual absence of a minor student 3091 2. 3092 without the consent of the principal or teacher in charge of the 3093 school he or she attends or should attend, or of the tutor who 3094 instructs or should instruct him or her, is prima facie evidence of a violation of this chapter; however, a showing that the 3095 3096 parent has made a bona fide and diligent effort to control and 3097 keep the student in school shall be an affirmative defense to any criminal or other liability under this subsection and the 3098 court shall refer the parent and child for counseling, guidance, 3099 or other needed services. 3100

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3101 In addition to any other sanctions authorized under s. 3. 3102 984.151 punishment, the court shall order a parent who has 3103 violated this section to send the minor student to school, and 3104 may also order the parent to participate in an approved parent 3105 training class, attend school with the student unless this would 3106 cause undue hardship or is prohibited by rules or policy of the 3107 school board, perform community service hours at the school, or 3108 participate in counseling or other services, as appropriate. If a parent is ordered to attend school with a student, the school 3109 3110 shall provide for programming to educate the parent and student 3111 on the importance of school attendance. It shall be unlawful to 3112 terminate any employee solely because he or she is attending 3113 school with his or her child pursuant to a court order.

(b) The principal or teacher.—A principal or teacher in any public, parochial, religious, denominational, or private school, or a private tutor who willfully violates any provision of this chapter may, upon satisfactory proof of such violation, have his or her certificate revoked by the Department of Education.

3120 (c) The employer.-

3121 1. An employer who fails to notify the district school 3122 superintendent when he or she ceases to employ a student commits 3123 a misdemeanor of the second degree, punishable as provided in s. 3124 775.082 or s. 775.083.

3125

2. An employer who terminates any employee solely because

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3126 he or she is attending school with a student pursuant to court 3127 order commits a misdemeanor of the second degree, punishable as 3128 provided in s. 775.082 or s. 775.083.

3129

(d) The student.-

3130 In addition to any other sanctions authorized under s. 1. 3131 984.151 sanctions, the court shall order a student found to be a 3132 habitual truant to make up all school work missed and attend 3133 school daily with no unexcused absences or tardiness, and may order the child to and may order the student to pay a civil 3134 3135 penalty of up to \$2, based on the student's ability to pay, 3136 each day of school missed, perform up to 25 community service 3137 hours at the school, or participate in counseling or other 3138 services, as appropriate.

3139 2. Upon a second or subsequent finding that a student is a 3140 habitual truant, the court, in addition to any other authorized 3141 sanctions, shall order the student to make up all school work 3142 missed and may order the student to pay a civil penalty of up to \$5, based on the student's ability to pay, for each day of 3143 3144 school missed, perform up to 50 community service hours at the 3145 school, or participate in counseling or other services, as 3146 appropriate.

3147 Section 33. Paragraph (g) is added to subsection (7) of 3148 section 381.02035, Florida Statutes, to read:

3149 381.02035 Canadian Prescription Drug Importation Program. 3150 (7) ELIGIBLE IMPORTERS.-The following entities may import

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3151 prescription drugs from an eligible Canadian supplier under the 3152 program: 3153 (g) A pharmacist or wholesaler employed by or under 3154 contract with the Department of Juvenile Justice, for dispensing 3155 to juveniles in the custody of the Department of Juvenile 3156 Justice.

3157Section 34. Paragraph (a) of subsection (5) of section3158790.22, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

3159 790.22 Use of BB guns, air or gas-operated guns, or 3160 electric weapons or devices by minor under 16; limitation; 3161 possession of firearms by minor under 18 prohibited; penalties.-

3162

(5) (a) A minor who violates subsection (3):

1. For a first offense, commits a misdemeanor of the first degree; shall serve a period of detention of up to 5 days in a secure detention facility, with credit for time served in secure detention prior to disposition; and shall be required to perform 100 hours of community service or paid work as determined by the department.

2. For a second or subsequent offense, commits a felony of the third degree. For a second offense, the minor shall serve a period of detention of up to 21 days in a secure detention facility, with credit for time served in secure detention prior to disposition, and shall be required to perform not less than 100 nor more than 250 hours of community service or paid work as determined by the department. For a third or subsequent offense,

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3176 the minor shall be adjudicated delinquent and committed to a 3177 residential program. A finding by a court that a minor committed 3178 a violation of this section, regardless of whether the court 3179 adjudicates the minor delinquent or withholds adjudication of 3180 delinquency, withhold of adjudication of delinquency shall be 3181 considered a prior offense for the purpose of determining a 3182 second, third, or subsequent offense. 3183 For the purposes of this subsection, community service shall be 3184 3185 performed, if possible, in a manner involving a hospital 3186 emergency room or other medical environment that deals on a 3187 regular basis with trauma patients and gunshot wounds. Section 35. Paragraph (a) of subsection (2) of section 3188 3189 985.12, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 3190 985.12 Prearrest delinguency citation programs.-JUDICIAL CIRCUIT DELINQUENCY CITATION PROGRAM 3191 (2)3192 DEVELOPMENT, IMPLEMENTATION, AND OPERATION.-3193 A prearrest delinquency citation program for (a) 3194 misdemeanor offenses shall be established in each judicial 3195 circuit in the state. The state attorney and public defender of 3196 each circuit, the clerk of the court for each county in the 3197 circuit, and representatives of participating law enforcement 3198 agencies in the circuit shall create a prearrest delinquency 3199 citation program and develop its policies and procedures. In 3200 developing the program's policies and procedures, input from

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3201 other interested stakeholders may be solicited. The department 3202 shall annually develop and provide guidelines on best practice 3203 models for prearrest delinquency citation programs to the 3204 judicial circuits as a resource. 3205 Section 36. Subsection (5) of section 985.126, Florida 3206 Statutes, is amended to read: 3207 985.126 Prearrest and postarrest diversion programs; data 3208 collection; denial of participation or expunded record.-3209 The department shall provide a quarterly report to be (5)3210 published on its website and distributed to the Governor, President of the Senate, and Speaker of the House of 3211 3212 Representatives listing the entities that use prearrest 3213 delinquency citations for less than 80 70 percent of first-time 3214 misdemeanor offenses. 3215 Section 37. Paragraph (c) of subsection (1) of section 3216 985.25, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 3217 985.25 Detention intake.-3218 The department shall receive custody of a child who (1)3219 has been taken into custody from the law enforcement agency or 3220 court and shall review the facts in the law enforcement report 3221 or probable cause affidavit and make such further inquiry as may 3222 be necessary to determine whether detention care is appropriate. If the final score on the child's risk assessment 3223 (C) 3224 instrument indicates detention care is appropriate, but the 3225 department otherwise determines the child should be released,

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3226	the department shall contact the state attorney, who may	
3227	authorize release. If the final score on the child's risk	
3228	assessment instrument indicates release or supervised release is	
3229	appropriate, but the department otherwise determines that there	
3230	should be supervised release or detention, the department shall	
3231	contact the state attorney, who may authorize an upward	
3232	departure. Notwithstanding any other provision of this	
3233	paragraph, a child may only be moved one category in either	
3234	direction within the risk assessment instrument and release is	
3235	not authorized if it would cause the child to be moved more than	
3236	one category.	
3237		
3238	Under no circumstances shall the department or the state	
3239	attorney or law enforcement officer authorize the detention of	
3240	any child in a jail or other facility intended or used for the	
3241	detention of adults, without an order of the court.	
3242	Section 38. Paragraph (c) of subsection (7) of section	
3243	985.433, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:	
3244	985.433 Disposition hearings in delinquency casesWhen a	
3245	child has been found to have committed a delinquent act, the	
3246	following procedures shall be applicable to the disposition of	
3247	the case:	
3248	(7) If the court determines that the child should be	
3249	adjudicated as having committed a delinquent act and should be	
3250	committed to the department, such determination shall be in	
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writing or on the record of the hearing. The determination shall include a specific finding of the reasons for the decision to adjudicate and to commit the child to the department, including any determination that the child was a member of a criminal gang.

3256 (c) The court may also require that the child be placed <u>on</u> 3257 <u>conditional release</u> in a probation program following the child's 3258 discharge from commitment. Community-based sanctions under 3259 subsection (8) may be imposed by the court at the disposition 3260 hearing or at any time prior to the child's release from 3261 commitment.

3262 Section 39. Section 985.625, Florida Statutes, is 3263 repealed.

3264 Section 40. Subsection (4) of section 985.632, Florida 3265 Statutes, is amended to read:

3266 985.632 Quality improvement and cost-effectiveness; 3267 Comprehensive Accountability Report.-

3268 (4) COST-EFFECTIVENESS MODEL.-The department, in 3269 consultation with the Office of Economic and Demographic 3270 Research and contract service providers, shall develop a cost-3271 effectiveness model and apply the model to each commitment 3272 program. 3273 (a) The cost-effectiveness model shall compare program

3274 costs to expected and actual child recidivism rates. It is the 3275 intent of the Legislature that continual development efforts

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3276	take place to improve the validity and reliability of the cost-
3277	effectiveness model.
3278	(b) The department shall rank commitment programs based on
3279	the cost-effectiveness model, performance measures, and
3280	adherence to quality improvement standards and shall report this
3281	data in the annual Comprehensive Accountability Report.
3282	(c) Based on reports of the department on child outcomes
3283	and program outputs and on the department's most recent cost-
3284	effectiveness rankings, the department may terminate a program
3285	operated by the department or a provider if the program has
3286	failed to achieve a minimum standard of program effectiveness.
3287	This paragraph does not preclude the department from terminating
3288	a contract as provided under this section or as otherwise
3289	provided by law or contract, and does not limit the department's
3290	authority to enter into or terminate a contract.
3291	(d) In collaboration with the Office of Economic and
3292	Demographic Research, and contract service providers, the
3293	department shall develop a work plan to refine the cost-
3294	effectiveness model so that the model is consistent with the
3295	performance-based program budgeting measures approved by the
3296	Legislature to the extent the department deems appropriate. The
3297	department shall notify the Office of Program Policy Analysis
3298	and Government Accountability of any meetings to refine the
3299	model.
3300	(e) Contingent upon specific appropriation, the
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3301	department, in consultation with the Office of Economic and
3302	Demographic Research, and contract service providers, shall:
3303	1. Construct a profile of each commitment program that
3304	uses the results of the quality improvement data portion of the
3305	Comprehensive Accountability Report required by this section,
3306	the cost-effectiveness data portion of the Comprehensive
3307	Accountability Report required in this subsection, and other
3308	reports available to the department.
3309	2. Target, for a more comprehensive evaluation, any
3310	commitment program that has achieved consistently high, low, or
3311	disparate ratings in the reports required under subparagraph 1.
3312	and target, for technical assistance, any commitment program
3313	that has achieved low or disparate ratings in the reports
3314	required under subparagraph 1.
3315	3. Identify the essential factors that contribute to the
3316	high, low, or disparate program ratings.
3317	4. Use the results of these evaluations in developing or
3318	refining juvenile justice programs or program models, child
3319	outcomes and program outputs, provider contracts, quality
3320	improvement standards, and the cost-effectiveness model.
3321	Section 41. Subsection (1) of section 409.2564, Florida
3322	Statutes, is amended to read:
3323	409.2564 Actions for support
3324	(1) In each case in which regular support payments are not
3325	being made as provided herein, the department shall institute,
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3326 within 30 days after determination of the obligor's reasonable 3327 ability to pay, action as is necessary to secure the obligor's 3328 payment of current support, any arrearage that may have accrued 3329 under an existing order of support, and, if a parenting time 3330 plan was not incorporated into the existing order of support, 3331 include either a signed, agreed-upon parenting time plan or a 3332 signed Title IV-D Standard Parenting Time Plan, if appropriate. 3333 The department shall notify the program attorney in the judicial circuit in which the recipient resides setting forth the facts 3334 3335 in the case, including the obligor's address, if known, and the 3336 public assistance case number. Whenever applicable, the 3337 procedures established under chapter 88, Uniform Interstate 3338 Family Support Act, chapter 61, Dissolution of Marriage; 3339 Support; Time-sharing, chapter 39, Proceedings Relating to 3340 Children, chapter 984, Children and Families in Need of 3341 Services; Prevention and Intervention for School Truancy and 3342 Ungovernable and Runaway Children, and chapter 985, Delinquency; 3343 Interstate Compact on Juveniles, may govern actions instituted 3344 under this act, except that actions for support under chapter 3345 39, chapter 984, or chapter 985 brought pursuant to this act 3346 shall not require any additional investigation or supervision by 3347 the department.

3348Section 42.Subsection (8) of section 95.11, Florida3349Statutes, is amended to read:

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95.11 Limitations other than for the recovery of real

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3351 property.-Actions other than for recovery of real property shall 3352 be commenced as follows:

3353 (8) FOR INTENTIONAL TORTS BASED ON ABUSE. - An action 3354 founded on alleged abuse, as defined in s. 39.01 or τ s. 415.102 τ 3355 or s. 984.03; incest, as defined in s. 826.04; or an action 3356 brought pursuant to s. 787.061 may be commenced at any time 3357 within 7 years after the age of majority, or within 4 years 3358 after the injured person leaves the dependency of the abuser, or 3359 within 4 years from the time of discovery by the injured party 3360 of both the injury and the causal relationship between the 3361 injury and the abuse, whichever occurs later.

3362 Section 43. Paragraph (e) of subsection (1) of section
3363 419.001, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

419.001 Site selection of community residential homes.-(1) For the purposes of this section, the term:

(e) "Resident" means any of the following: a frail elder as defined in s. 429.65; a person who has a disability as defined in s. 760.22(3)(a); a person who has a developmental disability as defined in s. 393.063; a nondangerous person who has a mental illness as defined in s. 394.455; or a child who is found to be dependent as defined in s. 39.01 or s. 984.03, or a child in need of services as defined in s. 984.03 or s. 985.03.

3373 Section 44. Subsection (3) of section 744.309, Florida
3374 Statutes, is amended to read:

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744.309 Who may be appointed guardian of a resident ward.-

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3376 DISQUALIFIED PERSONS.-No person who has been convicted (3) 3377 of a felony or who, from any incapacity or illness, is incapable 3378 of discharging the duties of a guardian, or who is otherwise 3379 unsuitable to perform the duties of a guardian, shall be 3380 appointed to act as guardian. Further, no person who has been 3381 judicially determined to have committed abuse, abandonment, or 3382 neglect against a child as defined in s. 39.01 or s. 984.03(1), 3383 (2), and (23) (37), or who has been found guilty of, regardless 3384 of adjudication, or entered a plea of nolo contendere or quilty 3385 to, any offense prohibited under s. 435.04 or similar statute of 3386 another jurisdiction, shall be appointed to act as a guardian. 3387 Except as provided in subsection (5) or subsection (6), a person 3388 who provides substantial services to the proposed ward in a 3389 professional or business capacity, or a creditor of the proposed ward, may not be appointed guardian and retain that previous 3390 3391 professional or business relationship. A person may not be 3392 appointed a guardian if he or she is in the employ of any 3393 person, agency, government, or corporation that provides service 3394 to the proposed ward in a professional or business capacity, 3395 except that a person so employed may be appointed if he or she 3396 is the spouse, adult child, parent, or sibling of the proposed 3397 ward or the court determines that the potential conflict of 3398 interest is insubstantial and that the appointment would clearly be in the proposed ward's best interest. The court may not 3399 3400 appoint a guardian in any other circumstance in which a conflict

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3401 of interest may occur.

3402 Section 45. Section 784.075, Florida Statutes, is amended 3403 to read:

3404 784.075 Battery on detention or commitment facility staff or a juvenile probation officer.-A person who commits a battery 3405 on a juvenile probation officer, as defined in s. 984.03 or s. 3406 3407 985.03, on other staff of a detention center or facility as 3408 defined in s. 984.03 s. 984.03(19) or s. 985.03, or on a staff member of a commitment facility as defined in s. 985.03, commits 3409 3410 a felony of the third degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082, s. 775.083, or s. 775.084. For purposes of this 3411 3412 section, a staff member of the facilities listed includes 3413 persons employed by the Department of Juvenile Justice, persons 3414 employed at facilities licensed by the Department of Juvenile 3415 Justice, and persons employed at facilities operated under a 3416 contract with the Department of Juvenile Justice. Section 46. Paragraph (b) of subsection (4) of section 3417 3418 985.618, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

3419 985.618 Educational and career-related programs.-3420 (4)

(b) Evaluations of juvenile educational and career-related programs shall be conducted according to the following guidelines:

34241. Systematic evaluations and quality assurance monitoring3425shall be implemented, in accordance with s. 985.632(1), (2), and

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3426 (4) (5), to determine whether the programs are related to 3427 successful postrelease adjustments.

3428 2. Operations and policies of the programs shall be 3429 reevaluated to determine if they are consistent with their 3430 primary objectives.

Section 47. This act shall take effect July 1, 2025.

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