1	A bill to be entitled
2	An act relating to juvenile justice; renaming chapter
3	984, F.S.; amending s. 984.01, F.S.; revising the
4	purpose and intent of ch. 984, F.S.; amending s.
5	984.02, F.S.; revising the legislative intent for
6	prevention and intervention; amending s. 984.03, F.S.;
7	providing and revising definitions; amending s.
8	984.04, F.S.; providing for early truancy
9	intervention; amending s. 984.06, F.S.; revising
10	provisions concerning preservation of records and
11	confidential information; amending s. 984.07, F.S.;
12	providing for appointment of counsel in certain
13	circumstances; providing for payment of counsel;
14	providing for imposition of costs of appointed counsel
15	on nonindigent parents in certain circumstances;
16	providing for appointment of counsel to represent a
17	parent or guardian in certain circumstances; amending
18	s. 984.071, F.S.; revising provisions concerning
19	production of an information guide concerning juvenile
20	procedures; requiring specified departments to make
21	information available on their websites; repealing s.
22	984.08, F.S., relating to attorney fees; repealing s.
23	984.085, F.S., relating to sheltering and aiding
24	unmarried minors; creating s. 984.0861, F.S.;
25	prohibiting the use of detention for specified
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26 purposes; amending s. 984.09, F.S.; revising 27 provisions for punishment for contempt of court; 28 limiting periods for placement for direct contempt or 29 indirect contempt; revising procedures for procedure 30 and due process; amending s. 984.10, F.S.; authorizing 31 an authorized agent of the Department of Juvenile 32 Justice to perform intake; revising provisions 33 concerning referrals for service; requiring the abuse hotline to be contacted in certain circumstances; 34 35 authorizing a child to remain in custody in certain 36 circumstances; amending s. 984.11, F.S.; requiring 37 that an array of voluntary family services be available to remediate specified problems; providing 38 39 that certain families are not eligible for voluntary family services; providing eligibility for children in 40 41 certain circumstances if the Department of Children 42 and Families agrees; providing for an interagency 43 agreement to govern such referrals; amending s. 984.12, F.S.; requiring parents to use health care 44 insurance to the extent that it is available; deleting 45 provisions concerning collection of fees; amending s. 46 47 984.13, F.S.; authorizing a child to be taken into 48 custody pursuant to a finding of contempt; specifying 49 placement a child taken into custody in specified 50 circumstances; revising the duties of a person taking

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51	a child into custody; amending s. 984.14, F.S.;
52	revising provisions concerning voluntary shelter
53	services and placement of children in such services;
54	deleting provisions concerning involuntary placement
55	in a shelter; amending s. 984.15, F.S.; revising
56	requirements for petitions for a child in need of
57	services; amending s. 984.151, F.S.; providing for
58	early truancy intervention; providing for additional
59	services to be ordered if a student is found to be a
60	truant status offender; revising provisions concerning
61	compliance; providing for applicability in cases in
62	which a student is found to be a child in need of
63	services; providing for retention of jurisdiction by
64	courts; providing an exception; providing for service
65	of court orders on specified entities; amending s.
66	984.16, F.S.; requiring that a student's school
67	receive notice of certain actions by courts; amending
68	s. 984.17, F.S.; specifying when a guardian ad litem
69	may be appointed; revising provisions concerning
70	representation of the Department of Juvenile Justice
71	in cases in which a child is alleged to be in need of
72	services; repealing s. 984.18, F.S., relating to
73	referral of child-in-need-of-services cases to
74	mediation; amending s. 984.19, F.S.; providing that an
75	authorized agent of the department may have a medical
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76 screening performed on a child placed in shelter care; 77 revising provisions concerning consent for medical 78 care for a child in the care of the department; amending s. 984.20, F.S.; revising provisions for 79 80 hearings in child in need of services cases; providing 81 that the failure of a person served with notice to 82 appear at the arraignment hearing constitutes the 83 person's consent to the child in need of services petition; requiring a specified notice in such 84 85 petitions; amending s. 984.21, F.S.; specifying that 86 an order of adjudication by a court that a child is a 87 child in need of services is a civil adjudication and not a conviction; deleting provisions allowing a court 88 89 to withhold an adjudication that a is child in need of 90 services in certain cases; amending s. 984.22, F.S.; 91 conforming provisions to changes made by the act; 92 deleting provisions on the deposit of fees received; 93 amending s. 984.225, F.S.; revising when a child in need of services may be placed in a shelter; revising 94 95 placement procedures; providing for counseling orders; 96 specifying the effect of a placement the legal 97 responsibilities of a parent, guardian, or custodian; 98 providing limits for shelter stays; deleting provisions concerning exhaustion of less restrictive 99 alternatives; providing for periodic review of 100

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101 placements; providing for transfer of a child to the 102 Department of Children and Families in certain 103 circumstances; authorizing transfer to the custody of 104 the Agency for Persons with Disabilities in certain 105 circumstances; amending s. 984.226, F.S.; authorizing 106 contracting for physically secure shelters; deleting 107 provisions on representation in certain proceedings; 108 requiring exhaustion of less restrictive placements before a child may be placed in a physically secure 109 110 shelter; providing a time limit on secure shelter 111 orders; proving legislative intent; revising 112 provisions concerning review of secure shelter 113 placements; providing for transfer to shelter 114 placements in certain circumstances; requiring a child 115 to be transferred to the Department of Children and 116 Families in certain circumstances; providing for the 117 transfer of a child to the Agency for Persons with 118 Disabilities in certain circumstances; transferring and renumbering s. 985.731, F.S. as s. 787.035, F.S., 119 relating to offenses concerning providing sheltering 120 121 unmarried minors and aiding unmarried minor runaways; 122 providing criminal penalties; amending s. 985.03, 123 F.S.; revising the definition of the term "child who 124 has been found to have committed a delinquent act"; 125 amending s. 985.24, F.S.; prohibiting placement of a

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126 child subject to certain proceedings into secure 127 detention care; amending s. 1003.26, F.S.; authorizing 128 that certain meetings with parents may be conducted virtually or by telephone; providing for child study 129 130 team meetings in the absence of a parent, legal 131 guardian, or custodian or child; revising 132 interventions by such team; providing for promotion of 133 a child who is responsive to intervention and meets specified requirements; revising provisions concerning 134 135 required notice of a child's enrollment or attendance 136 issues; revising provisions concerning returning a 137 student to a parent or other party in certain 138 circumstances; amending s. 1003.27, F.S.; revising 139 reporting requirements for reports by school 140 principals to school boards concerning minor students 141 who accumulate more than a specified number of 142 absences; requiring actions by schools boards; 143 providing for remedial actions for failure to comply; 144 revising provisions concerning habitual truancy cases; revising provisions concerning cooperative agreements; 145 146 revising who may begin certain proceedings and prosecutions; deleting a provision concerning a civil 147 penalty for students; revising provisions concerning 148 truant students; amending s. 381.02035, F.S.; 149 150 authorizing pharmacists employed by the Department of

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151 Juvenile Justice to import drugs from Canada under a 152 specified program; amending s. 790.22, F.S.; revising 153 provisions concerning the treatment of a finding that a minor violated specified provisions, regardless of 154 155 whether adjudication was withheld, for the purposes of 156 determining whether a prior offense was committed; 157 amending s. 985.12, F.S.; deleting a requirement that 158 the Department of Juvenile Justice annually develop and produce best practice models for prearrest 159 160 delinquency citation programs; amending s. 985.126, 161 F.S.; revising the requirements for a quarterly report 162 on prearrest citation programs; amending s. 985.25, 163 F.S.; providing for supervised release or detention of 164 a child despite the child's risk assessment score in 165 certain circumstances; limiting the number of 166 categories that a child may be moved; amending s. 167 985.433, F.S.; requiring that a child be placed on 168 conditional release rather than probation following 169 discharge from commitment; repealing s. 985.625, F.S., relating to literacy programs for juvenile offenders; 170 171 amending s. 985.632, F.S.; deleting provision for 172 development of a cost-effectiveness model and 173 application of the model to each commitment program; amending ss. 95.11, 409.2564, 419.001, 744.309, 174 175 784.075, 985.618, F.S.; conforming provisions to

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176	changes made by the act; providing an effective date.
177	
178	Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:
179	
180	Section 1. Chapter 984, Florida Statutes, entitled
181	"Children and Families in Need of Services," is renamed
182	"Children and Families in Need of Services; Prevention and
183	Intervention for School Truancy and Ungovernable and Runaway
184	Children."
185	Section 2. Section 984.01, Florida Statutes, is amended to
186	read:
187	984.01 Purposes and intent; personnel standards and
188	screening
189	(1) The purposes of this chapter are:
190	(a) To provide judicial, nonjudicial, and other procedures
191	to address the status offenses of children who are truant from
192	school, run away from their caregivers, or exhibit ungovernable
193	behavior by refusing to follow the household rules of their
194	caregivers and engage in behavior that places the child at risk
195	of harm; and to ensure assure due process through which children
196	and other interested parties are assured fair hearings by a
197	respectful and respected court <del>or other tribunal</del> and the
198	recognition, protection, and enforcement of their constitutional
199	and other legal rights <del>, while ensuring that public safety</del>
200	interests and the authority and dignity of the courts are

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201	adequately protected.
202	(b) To provide for the care, safety, and protection of
203	children in an environment that <u>cultivates</u> <del>fosters</del> healthy
204	social, emotional, intellectual, and physical development; to
205	ensure the safety of children secure and safe custody; and to
206	promote the <u>education,</u> health <u>,</u> and well-being of all children
207	under the state's care.
208	(c) To provide ensure the protection of society, by
209	<del>providing</del> for a <u>needs</u> <del>comprehensive standardized</del> assessment of
210	the child's needs, strengths, and family dynamics so that the
211	most appropriate services control, discipline, punishment, and
212	treatment can be provided in the most appropriate environment
213	administered consistent with the seriousness of the act
214	committed, the community's long-term need for public safety <u>and</u>
215	the safety of the individual child, with consideration given to
216	the education and overall well-being, the prior record of the
217	child, and the specific rehabilitation needs of the child, while
218	also providing restitution, whenever possible, to the victim of
219	the offense.
220	(d) To preserve and strengthen the child's family ties
221	whenever possible; provide for temporary shelter placement of
222	the child only when necessary for the child's education, safety,
223	and welfare and when other less restrictive alternatives have
224	been exhausted; provide, by providing for removal of the child
225	from parental custody only when his or her welfare or the safety
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226 and protection of the public cannot be adequately safeguarded 227 without such removal; and, when the child is removed from his or 228 her own family, to secure custody, care, and education; 229 encourage self-discipline; and increase protective factors when 230 the child is in temporary shelter placement discipline for the 231 child as nearly as possible equivalent to that which should have been given by the parents; and to assure, in all cases in which 232 a child must be permanently removed from parental custody, that 233 234 the child be placed in an approved family home, adoptive home, independent living program, or other placement that provides the 235 236 most stable and permanent living arrangement for the child, as 237 determined by the court.

238 (e) 1. To ensure assure that the adjudication and 239 disposition of a child alleged or found to be a child in need of 240 services have committed a violation of Florida law be exercised 241 with appropriate discretion and in keeping with the seriousness 242 of the misconduct offense and the need for treatment services, 243 and that all findings made under this chapter be based upon 244 facts presented at a hearing that meets the constitutional 245 standards of fundamental fairness and due process.

246 2. To assure that the sentencing and placement of a child 247 tried as an adult be appropriate and in keeping with the 248 seriousness of the offense and the child's need for 249 rehabilitative services, and that the proceedings and procedures 250 applicable to such sentencing and placement be applied within

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2.51 the full framework of constitutional standards of fundamental 252 fairness and due process. 253 To provide a court process through which school boards (f) 254 are able to access the court for the limited purpose of early truancy intervention for children, subject to compulsory 255 256 education, who are not engaging in regular school attendance, 257 and encourage school attendance by educating children and their 258 families on the importance of regular school attendance and 259 provide services to families to prevent the child's pattern of 260 truancy from becoming habitual children committed to the 261 Department of Juvenile Justice with training in life skills, 262 including career education.

(2) The department of Juvenile Justice or the Department of Children and Families, as appropriate, may contract with the Federal Government, other state departments and agencies, county and municipal governments and agencies, public and private agencies, and private individuals and corporations in carrying out the purposes of, and the responsibilities established in, this chapter.

(a) If the department contracts with a provider for any
program for children, all personnel, including owners,
operators, employees, and volunteers, in the facility must be of
good moral character. <u>The Each contract entered into by either</u>
department <u>and any agency providing services for the department</u>
must require that each contract entered into for services

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276 delivered on an appointment or intermittent basis by a provider 277 that does or does not have regular custodial responsibility for 278 children and each contract with a school for before or aftercare services must ensure that the owners, operators, and all 279 280 personnel who have direct contact with children are of good 281 moral character and must meet level 2 screening requirements as 282 described in s. 435.04. A volunteer who assists on an 283 intermittent basis for less than 10 hours per month need not be screened if a person who meets the screening requirement of this 284 285 section is always present and has the volunteer in his or her 286 line of sight.

(b) The department of Juvenile Justice and the Department of Children and Families shall require employment screening pursuant to chapter 435, using the level 2 standards set forth in that chapter for personnel in programs for children or youths.

292 <u>(b) (c)</u> The department of Juvenile Justice or the 293 Department of Children and Families may grant exemptions from 294 disqualification from working with children as provided in s. 295 435.07.

296 (c) Any shelter used for the placement of children under 297 this chapter must be licensed by the Department of Children and 298 Families.

(3) It is the intent of the Legislature that This chapter
 300 is to be liberally interpreted and construed in conformity with

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301	its declared purposes.
302	Section 3. Section 984.02, Florida Statutes, is amended to
303	read:
304	984.02 Legislative intent for prevention and intervention
305	under chapter 984 the juvenile justice system
306	(1) GENERAL PROTECTIONS FOR CHILDRENIt is a purpose of
307	the Legislature that the children of this state be provided with
308	the following protections:
309	(a) Protection from abuse, neglect, and exploitation.
310	(b) A permanent and stable home.
311	(c) A safe and nurturing environment which will preserve a
312	sense of personal dignity and integrity.
313	(d) Adequate nutrition, shelter, and clothing.
314	(e) Effective services or treatment to address physical,
315	social, and emotional needs, regardless of geographical
316	location.
317	(f) Equal opportunity and access to quality and effective
318	education which will meet the individual needs of each child <u>and</u>
319	prepare the child for future employment, and to recreation and
320	other community resources to develop individual abilities.
321	(g) Access to preventive services to provide the child and
322	family with the support of community resources to address the
323	needs of the child and reduce the risk of harm or risk of the
324	child engaging in delinquent behavior.
325	(h) <u>Court</u> An independent, trained advocate when
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326 intervention only when is necessary to address at-risk behavior 327 before the behavior escalates into harm to the child or to the 328 community through delinquent behavior. 329 Access to representation by a trained advocate when (i) 330 court proceedings are initiated under this chapter. 331 Supervision and services by skilled staff when (j) 332 temporary out of home placement is necessary and a skilled quardian or caretaker in a safe environment when alternative 333 334 placement is necessary. 335 (2) SUBSTANCE ABUSE SERVICES.-The Legislature finds that 336 children in the care of the state's juvenile justice and 337 intervention dependency and delinquency systems need appropriate 338 health care services and  $\tau$  that the impact of substance abuse on 339 health requires indicates the need for health care services to 340 include substance abuse services when where appropriate., and 341 that It is in the state's best interest that such children be provided the services they need to enable them to become and 342 343 remain independent of state care. In order to provide these 344 services, the state's juvenile justice and intervention 345 dependency and delinquency systems must have the ability to 346 identify and make referrals to experts capable of providing 347 provide appropriate intervention and treatment for children with 348 personal or family-related substance abuse problems. It is therefore the purpose of the Legislature to provide authority 349

350 for the state to contract with community substance abuse

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351 treatment providers for the development and operation of 352 specialized support and overlay services for the juvenile 353 justice and intervention dependency and delinquency systems, 354 subject to legislative appropriation, which will be fully 355 implemented and utilized as resources permit. This section does 356 not prevent agencies from referring children and families to privately operated community service providers to the extent the 357 358 families have funding or insurance to provide care.

(3) JUVENILE JUSTICE AND <u>INTERVENTION</u> <u>DELINQUENCY</u>
PREVENTION.-It is the policy of the state <u>regarding</u> with respect
to juvenile justice and <u>intervention</u> delinquency prevention to
first protect the public from acts of delinquency. In addition,
it is the policy of the state to:

(a) Develop and implement effective methods of preventing
and reducing acts of delinquency, with a focus on maintaining
and strengthening the family as a whole so that children may
remain in their homes or communities.

(b) Develop and implement effective programs to prevent delinquency, to divert children from the traditional juvenile justice system, to intervene at an early stage of delinquency, and to provide critically needed alternatives to institutionalization and deep-end commitment.

373 (c) Provide well-trained personnel, high-quality services,
374 and cost-effective programs within the juvenile justice system.
375 (d) Increase the capacity of local governments and public

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376 and private agencies to conduct rehabilitative treatment 377 programs and to provide research, evaluation, and training 378 services for in the field of juvenile delinquency prevention. 379 Develop and implement effective early prevention (e) programs to address truancy and ungovernable and runaway 380 behavior of children which places the child at risk of harm, and 381 382 allow for intervention before the child commits a delinquent 383 act. 384 385 The Legislature intends that temporary shelter detention care, 386 in addition to providing safe care secure and safe custody, will 387 promote the health and well-being of the children placed therein 388 committed thereto and provide an environment that fosters their 389 social, emotional, intellectual, and physical development. 390 (4) PARENTAL, CUSTODIAL, AND GUARDIAN RESPONSIBILITIES.-

391 Parents, custodians, and guardians are deemed by the state to be 392 responsible for providing their children with sufficient 393 support, guidance, and supervision to deter their participation 394 in delinquent acts, and ensure their children attend school and 395 engage in education to prepare their children for their futures. 396 The state further recognizes that the ability of parents, 397 custodians, and quardians to fulfill those responsibilities can be greatly impaired by economic, social, behavioral, emotional, 398 and related problems. It is therefore the policy of the 399 400 Legislature that it is the state's responsibility to ensure that

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401 factors impeding the ability of caretakers to fulfill their 402 responsibilities are identified and appropriate recommendations 403 are provided to address those impediments through the provision 404 of nonjudicial voluntary family services for families in need of 405 services and through the child in need of services court 406 processes delinquency intake process and that appropriate recommendations to address those problems are considered 407 408 judicial or nonjudicial proceeding. 409 (5) PROVISION OF SERVICES.-Services to families shall be 410 provided on a continuum of increasing intensity and 411 participation by the parent, legal guardian, or custodian and 412 child. Judicial intervention to resolve the problems and 413 conflicts that exist within a family shall be limited to situations in which a resolution to the problem or conflict has 414 415 not been achieved through individual and family services after 416 all available less restrictive resources have been exhausted. In 417 creating this chapter, the Legislature recognizes the need to 418 distinguish the problems of truants, runaways, and children 419 beyond the control of their parents, and the services provided 420 to these children, from the problems and services designed to meet the needs of abandoned, abused, neglected, and delinguent 421 422 children. In achieving this distinction, it is the policy of the 423 state to develop short-term services using the least restrictive 424 method for children and families, early truancy intervention, 425 and children in need of services.

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426	Section 4. Section 984.03, Florida Statutes, is amended to
427	read:
428	984.03 DefinitionsWhen used in this chapter, the term:
429	(1) "Abandoned" <u>or "abandonment" have the same meaning as</u>
430	in s. 39.01(1) means a situation in which the parent or legal
431	custodian of a child or, in the absence of a parent or legal
432	custodian, the person responsible for the child's welfare, while
433	being able, makes no provision for the child's support and makes
434	no effort to communicate with the child, which situation is
435	sufficient to evince a willful rejection of parental
436	obligations. If the efforts of such parent or legal custodian,
437	or person primarily responsible for the child's welfare to
438	support and communicate with the child are, in the opinion of
439	the court, only marginal efforts that do not evince a settled
440	purpose to assume all parental duties, the court may declare the
441	child to be abandoned. The term "abandoned" does not include a
442	"child in need of services" as defined in subsection (9) or a
443	"family in need of services" as defined in subsection (25). The
444	incarceration of a parent, legal custodian, or person
445	responsible for a child's welfare does not constitute a bar to a
446	finding of abandonment.
447	(2) "Abuse" has the same meaning as in s. 39.01(2) means
448	any willful act that results in any physical, mental, or sexual
449	injury that causes or is likely to cause the child's physical,
450	mental, or emotional health to be significantly impaired.

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451 Corporal discipline of a child by a parent or quardian for 452 disciplinary purposes does not in itself constitute abuse when 453 it does not result in harm to the child as defined in s. 39.01. 454 (3) "Addictions receiving facility" means a substance abuse service provider as defined in chapter 397. 455 456 (3) (4) "Adjudicatory hearing" means a hearing for the 457 court to determine whether or not the facts support the 458 allegations stated in the petition as is provided for under s.

459 984.20(2) in child in need of services child-in-need-of-services 460 cases.

461 <u>(4)-(5)</u> "Adult" means any natural person other than a 462 child.

463 (5) (6) "Authorized agent" or "designee" of the department 464 means a person or agency assigned or designated by the 465 Department of Juvenile Justice or the Department of Children and 466 Families, as appropriate, to perform duties or exercise powers 467 pursuant to this chapter and includes contract providers and 468 subcontracted providers and their employees for purposes of 469 providing voluntary family services, and providing court-ordered 470 services to and managing cases of children in need of services 471 and families in need of services.

472 (7) "Caretaker/homemaker" means an authorized agent of the 473 Department of Children and Families who shall remain in the 474 child's home with the child until a parent, legal guardian, or 475 relative of the child enters the home and is capable of assuming

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476	and agrees to assume charge of the child.
477	<u>(6)</u> "Child" or "juvenile" or "youth" means any
478	unmarried person under the age of 18 who has not been
479	emancipated by order of the court a <del>nd who has been found or</del>
480	alleged to be dependent, in need of services, or from a family
481	in need of services; or any married or unmarried person who is
482	charged with a violation of law occurring prior to the time that
483	person reached the age of 18 years.
484	(7)-(9) "Child in need of services" means a child for whom
485	there is no pending <u>petition filed with the court</u> investigation
486	into an allegation or suspicion of abuse, neglect, or
487	abandonment; no pending referral alleging the child is
488	delinquent $ m  au$ or no current <u>court ordered</u> supervision by the
489	department for delinquency under chapter 985 of Juvenile Justice
490	or <u>court-ordered supervision by</u> the Department of Children and
491	Families <u>under chapter 39</u> for an adjudication of dependency or
492	delinquency. The child must also, pursuant to this chapter, be
493	found by the court:
494	(a) To have persistently run away from the child's
495	parents <u>,</u> <del>or</del> legal <u>guardians, or</u> custodians despite reasonable
496	efforts of <del>the child</del> , the parents <u>,</u> <del>or</del> legal <u>guardians, or</u>
497	custodians, and appropriate agencies to remedy the conditions
100	
498	contributing to the behavior. Reasonable efforts shall include

500 guardians, or custodians and the child in family mediation,

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501 <u>voluntary</u> services, and treatment offered by the department <u>or</u> 502 <u>through its authorized agent</u> <del>of Juvenile Justice or the</del> 503 <del>Department of Children and Families</del>;

504 To be a habitual habitually truant from school, while (b) 505 subject to compulsory school attendance, despite reasonable 506 efforts to remedy the situation pursuant to ss. 1003.26 and 507 1003.27 and through voluntary participation by the child's parents or legal custodians and by the child in family 508 509 mediation, services, and treatment offered by the department or 510 its authorized agent of Juvenile Justice or the Department of 511 Children and Families; or

512 To be ungovernable by having have persistently (C) 513 disobeyed the reasonable and lawful rules and demands of the 514 child's parents, or legal guardians, or custodians, and to be 515 beyond their control despite the child having the mental and 516 physical capacity to understand and obey lawful rules and 517 demands, and despite efforts by the child's parents, or legal 518 guardians, or custodians and appropriate agencies to remedy the 519 conditions contributing to the behavior. Reasonable efforts may 520 include such things as good faith participation in voluntary 521 family services or individual services counseling.

522 (10) "Child support" means a court-ordered obligation, 523 enforced under chapter 61 and ss. 409.2551-409.2597, for 524 monetary support for the care, maintenance, training, and 525 education of a child.

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526	(11) "Child who has been found to have committed a
527	delinquent act" means a child who, pursuant to the provisions of
528	chapter 985, is found by a court to have committed a violation
529	of law or to be in direct or indirect contempt of court, except
530	that this definition shall not include an act constituting
531	contempt of court arising out of a dependency proceeding or a
532	proceeding pursuant to this chapter.
533	(12) "Child who is found to be dependent" or "dependent
534	child" means a child who, pursuant to this chapter, is found by
535	the court:
536	(a) To have been abandoned, abused, or neglected by the
537	child's parents or other custodians.
538	(b) To have been surrendered to the former Department of
539	Health and Rehabilitative Services, the Department of Children
540	and Families, or a licensed child-placing agency for purpose of
541	adoption.
542	(c) To have been voluntarily placed with a licensed child-
543	caring agency, a licensed child-placing agency, an adult
544	relative, the former Department of Health and Rehabilitative
545	Services, or the Department of Children and Families, after
546	which placement, under the requirements of this chapter, a case
547	plan has expired and the parent or parents have failed to
548	substantially comply with the requirements of the plan.
549	(d) To have been voluntarily placed with a licensed child-
550	placing agency for the purposes of subsequent adoption and a
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551	natural parent or parents signed a consent pursuant to the
552	Florida Rules of Juvenile Procedure.
553	(c) To have no parent, legal custodian, or responsible
554	adult relative to provide supervision and care.
555	(f) To be at substantial risk of imminent abuse or neglect
556	by the parent or parents or the custodian.
557	<u>(8)</u> "Circuit" means any of the <del>20</del> judicial circuits as
558	set forth in s. 26.021.
559	(14) "Comprehensive assessment" or "assessment" means the
560	gathering of information for the evaluation of a juvenile
561	offender's or a child's physical, psychological, educational,
562	vocational, and social condition and family environment as they
563	relate to the child's need for rehabilitative and treatment
564	services, including substance abuse treatment services, mental
565	health services, developmental services, literacy services,
566	medical services, family services, and other specialized
567	services, as appropriate.
568	(9) <del>(15)</del> "Court," unless otherwise expressly stated, means
569	the circuit court assigned to exercise jurisdiction under this
570	chapter.
571	(10) "Custodian" means any adult person who is exercising
572	actual physical custody of the child and is providing food,
573	clothing, and care for the child in the absence of a parent or
574	legal guardian.
575	(16) "Delinquency program" means any intake, community
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576 control, or similar program; regional detention center or 577 facility; or community-based program, whether owned and operated 578 by or contracted by the Department of Juvenile Justice, or 579 institution owned and operated by or contracted by the 580 Department of Juvenile Justice, which provides intake, supervision, or custody and care of children who are alleged to 581 be or who have been found to be delinquent pursuant to chapter 582 <u>985.</u> 583 584 (11) (17) "Department" means the Department of Juvenile 585 Justice. 586 (18) "Detention care" means the temporary care of a child 587 in secure, nonsecure, or home detention, pending a court 588 adjudication or disposition or execution of a court order. There 589 are three types of detention care, as follows: (a) "Secure detention" means temporary custody of the 590 591 child while the child is under the physical restriction of a 592 detention center or facility pending adjudication, disposition, 593 or placement. 594 (b) "Nonsecure detention" means temporary custody of the 595 child while the child is in a residential home in the community 596 in a physically nonrestrictive environment under the supervision 597 of the Department of Juvenile Justice pending adjudication, disposition, or placement. 598 599 (c) "Home detention" means temporary custody of the child 600 while the child is released to the custody of the parent,

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601 guardian, or custodian in a physically nonrestrictive 602 environment under the supervision of the Department of Juvenile 603 Justice staff pending adjudication, disposition, or placement. 604 (19) "Detention center or facility" means a facility used 605 pending court adjudication or disposition or execution of court 606 order for the temporary care of a child alleged or found to have committed a violation of law. A detention center or facility may 607 provide secure or nonsecure custody. A facility used for the 608 609 commitment of adjudicated delinquents shall not be considered a detention center or facility. 610 (20) "Detention hearing" means a hearing for the court to 611 612 determine if a child should be placed in temporary custody, as 613 provided for under s. 39.402, in dependency cases. 614 (21) "Diligent efforts of social service agency" means 615 reasonable efforts to provide social services or reunification 616 services made by any social service agency as defined in this 617 section that is a party to a case plan. (22) "Diligent search" means the efforts of a social 618 619 service agency to locate a parent or prospective parent whose 620

620 identity or location is unknown, or a relative made known to the 621 social services agency by the parent or custodian of a child. 622 When the search is for a parent, prospective parent, or relative 623 of a child in the custody of the department, this search must be 624 initiated as soon as the agency is made aware of the existence 625 of such parent, prospective parent, or relative. A diligent

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626 search shall include interviews with persons who are likely to 627 have information about the identity or location of the person 628 being sought, comprehensive database searches, and records 629 searches, including searches of employment, residence, 630 utilities, Armed Forces, vehicle registration, child support enforcement, law enforcement, and corrections records, and any 631 other records likely to result in identifying and locating the 632 633 person being sought. The initial diligent search must be 634 completed within 90 days after a child is taken into custody. After the completion of the initial diligent search, the 635 636 department, unless excused by the court, shall have a continuing 637 duty to search for relatives with whom it may be appropriate to place the child, until such relatives are found or until the 638 639 child is placed for adoption. 640 (12) (23) "Disposition hearing" means a hearing in which 641 the court determines the most appropriate dispositional services 642 in the least restrictive available setting provided for under s. 643 984.20(3), in child in need of services child-in-need-of-644 services cases. (13) "Early truancy intervention" means action taken by a 645 646 school or school district pursuant to s. 1003.26 to identify a 647 pattern of nonattendance by a student subject to compulsory 648 school attendance at the earliest opportunity to address the

649 reasons for the student's nonattendance, and includes services

650 provided by the school or school district, or the department or

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651 its authorized agent pursuant to s. 984.11, and may include 652 judicial action pursuant to s. 984.151 or s. 1003.27. 653 (14) (24) "Family" means a collective body of persons, 654 consisting of a child and a parent, legal guardian, adult 655 custodian, or adult relative, in which: 656 The persons reside in the same house or living unit; (a) 657 or 658 The parent, legal guardian, adult custodian, or adult (b) 659 relative has a legal responsibility by blood, marriage, or court 660 order to support or care for the child. (15) (25) "Family in need of services" means a family that 661 662 has a child who is running away; who is ungovernable and 663 persistently disobeying reasonable and lawful demands of the 664 parent or legal custodian and is beyond the control of the 665 parent or legal custodian; or who is a habitual habitually 666 truant from school or engaging in other serious behaviors that 667 place the child at risk of future abuse, neglect, or abandonment 668 or at risk of entering the juvenile justice system. The child 669 must be referred to a law enforcement agency, the department of 670 Juvenile Justice, or an agency contracted to provide services to 671 children in need of services. A family is not eligible to 672 receive voluntary family services if, at the time of the 673 referral, there is an open investigation into an allegation of 674 abuse, neglect, or abandonment or if the child is currently 675 under court-ordered supervision by the department for

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676 delinquency under chapter 985 or under court-ordered supervision 677 by of Juvenile Justice or the Department of Children and 678 Families under chapter 39 due to an adjudication of dependency 679 or delinquency. 680 (26) "Foster care" means care provided a child in a foster 681 family or boarding home, group home, agency boarding home, child 682 care institution, or any combination thereof. 683 (16) (27) "Habitual Habitually truant" has the same meaning 684 as in s. 1003.01(12). means that: (a) The child has 15 unexcused absences within 90 calendar 685 686 days with or without the knowledge or justifiable consent of the 687 child's parent or legal quardian, is subject to compulsory 688 school attendance under s. 1003.21(1) and (2)(a), and is not 689 exempt under s. 1003.21(3), s. 1003.24, or any other exemptions 690 specified by law or the rules of the State Board of Education. 691 (b) Activities to determine the cause, and to attempt the 692 remediation, of the child's truant behavior under ss. 1003.26 and 1003.27(3), have been completed. 693 694 695 If a child who is subject to compulsory school attendance is 696 responsive to the interventions described in ss. 1003.26 and 697 1003.27(3) and has completed the necessary requirements to pass 698 the current grade as indicated in the district pupil progression 699 plan, the child shall not be determined to be habitually truant and shall be passed. If a child within the compulsory school 700

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701 attendance age has 15 unexcused absences within 90 calendar days 702 or fails to enroll in school, the State Attorney may, or the 703 appropriate jurisdictional agency shall, file a child-in-need-704 of-services petition if recommended by the case staffing 705 committee, unless it is determined that another alternative 706 action is preferable. The failure or refusal of the parent or legal quardian or the child to participate, or make a good faith 707 effort to participate, in the activities prescribed to remedy 708 709 the truant behavior, or the failure or refusal of the child to 710 return to school after participation in activities required by 711 this subsection, or the failure of the child to stop the truant 712 behavior after the school administration and the Department of 713 Juvenile Justice have worked with the child as described in ss. 714 1003.26 and 1003.27(3) shall be handled as prescribed in s. 1003.27. 715

716 (17) (28) "Intake" means the initial acceptance and 717 screening by the department or its authorized agent of a 718 referral from an early truancy intervention court, a school 719 board, or a school requesting services; a request for assistance 720 from a parent or child; or a complaint, of Juvenile Justice of a 721 complaint or a law enforcement report, or probable cause 722 affidavit of a child's truancy, ungovernable behavior, or running away, on behalf of a family delinquency, family in need 723 724 of services, or child in need of services to determine the most 725 appropriate course of action recommendation to be taken in the

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best interests of the child, the family, and the community. The emphasis of intake is on diversion and the least restrictive available services. Consequently, intake includes such alternatives as:

(a) The disposition of the <u>request for services</u>,
complaint, report, or probable cause affidavit without court or
public agency action or judicial handling when appropriate.

(b) The referral of the child to another public or privateagency when appropriate.

(c) The recommendation by the <u>assigned intake case manager</u>
 <del>juvenile probation officer</del> of judicial handling when appropriate
 and warranted.

738 <u>(18) (29)</u> "Judge" means the circuit judge exercising 739 jurisdiction pursuant to this chapter.

740 (30) "Juvenile justice continuum" includes, but is not 741 limited to, delinquency prevention programs and services 742 designed for the purpose of preventing or reducing delinquent acts, including criminal activity by criminal gangs and juvenile 743 744 arrests, as well as programs and services targeted at children 745 who have committed delinquent acts, and children who have 746 previously been committed to residential treatment programs for 747 delinquents. The term includes children-in-need-of-services and families-in-need-of-services programs; conditional release; 748 749 substance abuse and mental health programs; educational and 750 vocational programs; recreational programs; community services

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751 programs; community service work programs; and alternative 752 dispute resolution programs serving children at risk of 753 delinquency and their families, whether offered or delivered by 754 state or local governmental entities, public or private for-755 profit or not-for-profit organizations, or religious or 756 charitable organizations.

757 (31) "Juvenile probation officer" means the authorized agent of the department who performs and directs intake, assessment, probation, or conditional release, and other related services.

761 (19)(32) "Legal custody" means a legal status created by 762 court order or letter of guardianship which vests in a custodian 763 of the person or guardian, whether an agency or an individual, 764 the right to have physical custody of the child and the right 765 and duty to protect, train, and discipline the child and to 766 provide him or her with food, shelter, education, and ordinary 767 medical, dental, psychiatric, and psychological care.

768 <u>(20)(33)</u> "Licensed child-caring agency" means <u>an agency</u> 769 <u>licensed by the Department of Children and Families pursuant to</u> 770 <u>s. 409.175</u> <del>a person, society, association, or agency licensed by</del> 771 <del>the Department of Children and Families to care for, receive,</del> 772 <del>and board children</del>.

773 <u>(21)(34)</u> "Licensed health care professional" means a 774 physician licensed under chapter 458, an osteopathic physician 775 licensed under chapter 459, a nurse licensed under part I of

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776 chapter 464, a physician assistant licensed under chapter 458 or 777 chapter 459, or a dentist licensed under chapter 466.

778 (35) "Mediation" means a process whereby a neutral third 779 person called a mediator acts to encourage and facilitate the 780 resolution of a dispute between two or more parties. It is an 781 informal and nonadversarial process with the objective of 782 helping the disputing parties reach a mutually acceptable and voluntary agreement. In mediation, decisionmaking authority 783 784 rests with the parties. The role of the mediator includes, but 785 is not limited to, assisting the parties in identifying issues, 786 fostering joint problem solving, and exploring settlement 787 alternatives.

788 <u>(22)(36)</u> "Necessary medical treatment" means care that is 789 necessary within a reasonable degree of medical certainty to 790 prevent the deterioration of a child's condition or to alleviate 791 immediate pain of a child.

792 (23) "Needs assessment" means the gathering of information 793 for the evaluation of a child's physical, psychological, 794 educational, vocational, and social condition and family environment related to the child's need for services, including 795 796 substance abuse treatment services, mental health services, 797 developmental services, literacy services, medical services, 798 family services, individual and family counseling, education services, and other specialized services, as appropriate. 799 800 (24) (37) "Neglect" has the same meaning as in s.

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801 39.01(53). occurs when the parent or legal custodian of a child 802 or, in the absence of a parent or legal custodian, the person 803 primarily responsible for the child's welfare deprives a child 804 of, or allows a child to be deprived of, necessary food, 805 clothing, shelter, or medical treatment or permits a child to 806 live in an environment when such deprivation or environment 807 causes the child's physical, mental, or emotional health to be significantly impaired or to be in danger of being significantly 808 809 impaired. The foregoing circumstances shall not be considered neglect if caused primarily by financial inability unless actual 810 services for relief have been offered to and rejected by such 811 812 person. A parent or guardian legitimately practicing religious 813 beliefs in accordance with a recognized church or religious 814 organization who thereby does not provide specific medical 815 treatment for a child shall not, for that reason alone, be 816 considered a negligent parent or guardian; however, such an 817 exception does not preclude a court from ordering the following 818 services to be provided, when the health of the child so 819 requires: 820 (a) Medical services from a licensed physician, dentist, 821 optometrist, podiatric physician, or other qualified health care 822 provider; or

823 (b) Treatment by a duly accredited practitioner who relies
 824 solely on spiritual means for healing in accordance with the
 825 tenets and practices of a well-recognized church or religious

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826 organization.

827 (38) "Next of kin" means an adult relative of a child who 828 is the child's brother, sister, grandparent, aunt, uncle, or 829 first cousin.

830 (25) (39) "Parent" means a woman who gives birth to a child and a man whose consent to the adoption of the child would be 831 832 required under s. 63.062(1). If a child has been legally 833 adopted, the term "parent" means the adoptive mother or father 834 of the child. The term does not include an individual whose 835 parental relationship to the child has been legally terminated, 836 or an alleged or prospective parent, unless the parental status 837 falls within the terms of either s. 39.503(1) or s. 63.062(1).

(26) (40) "Participant," for purposes of a shelter 838 839 proceeding under this chapter, means any person who is not a 840 party but who should receive notice of hearings involving the 841 child, including foster parents, identified prospective parents, 842 grandparents entitled to priority for adoption consideration 843 under s. 63.0425, actual custodians of the child, and any other 844 person whose participation may be in the best interest of the 845 child. Participants may be granted leave by the court to be 846 heard without the necessity of filing a motion to intervene.

847 <u>(27)</u> (41) "Party," for purposes of a shelter proceeding 848 <u>under this chapter</u>, means the parent, legal guardian, or actual 849 <u>custodian</u> of the child, the petitioner, the department, the 850 guardian ad litem when one has been appointed, and the child.

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The presence of the child may be excused by order of the court when presence would not be in the child's best interest <u>or the</u> child has failed to appear for a proceeding after having been <u>noticed</u>. Notice to the child may be excused by order of the court when the age, capacity, or other condition of the child is such that the notice would be meaningless or detrimental to the child.

"Physically secure shelter" means a department-858 (28) 859 approved locked facility or locked unit within a facility for 860 the care of a child adjudicated a child in need of services who 861 is court ordered to be held pursuant to s. 984.226. A physically 862 secure shelter unit shall provide 24-hour, continuous 863 supervision. A physically secure shelter must be licensed by the 864 Department of Children and Families as a licensed child-caring 865 agency.

866 (42) "Preliminary screening" means the gathering of 867 preliminary information to be used in determining a child's need 868 for further evaluation or assessment or for referral for other 869 substance abuse services through means such as psychosocial 870 interviews; urine and breathalyzer screenings; and reviews of 871 available educational, delinquency, and dependency records of 872 the child.

873 <u>(29)</u> <del>(43)</del> "Preventive services" means social services and 874 other supportive and <u>evaluation and intervention</u> <del>rehabilitative</del> 875 services provided to the <u>child or the</u> parent<u></u>, <del>of the child</del></u>, the

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876 legal guardian of the child, or the custodian of the child and 877 to the child for the purpose of averting the removal of the 878 child from the home or disruption of a family which will or could result in an adjudication that orders the placement of a 879 880 child under dependency supervision into foster care or into the 881 delinquency system or that will or could result in the child 882 living on the street. Social services and other supportive and 883 rehabilitative services may include the provision of assessment 884 and screening services; individual, group, or family counseling; 885 specialized educational and vocational services; temporary 886 voluntary shelter for the child; outreach services for children 887 living on the street; independent living services to assist 888 adolescents in achieving a successful transition to adulthood; 889 and other specialized services.

890 (44) "Protective supervision" means a legal status in 891 child-in-need-of-services cases or family-in-need-of-services 892 cases which permits the child to remain in his or her own home 893 or other placement under the supervision of an agent of the 894 Department of Juvenile Justice or the Department of Children and 895 Families, subject to being returned to the court during the 896 period of supervision.

897 <u>(30) (45)</u> "Relative" means a grandparent, great-898 grandparent, sibling, first cousin, aunt, uncle, great-aunt, 899 great-uncle, niece, or nephew, whether related by the whole or 900 half blood, by affinity, or by adoption. The term does not

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901 include a stepparent.

902 (31) (46) "Reunification services" means social services 903 and other supportive and rehabilitative services provided to the 904 child and the parent of the child, the legal guardian of the 905 child, or the custodian of the child, whichever is applicable, + 906 the child; and, where appropriate, the foster parents of the 907 child for the purpose of assisting enabling a child who has been 908 placed in temporary shelter care to return to his or her family 909 at the most appropriate and effective earliest possible time 910 based on the presenting concerns at intake. Social services and 911 other supportive and rehabilitative services shall be consistent 912 with the child's need for a safe, continuous, and stable living 913 environment and shall promote the strengthening of family life 914 whenever possible.

915 <u>(32)</u> (47) "Secure detention center or facility" means a 916 physically restricting facility for the temporary care of 917 children, pending adjudication, disposition, or placement <u>under</u> 918 chapter 985.

919 <u>(33) (48)</u> "Shelter" means <u>a department-approved facility</u> 920 <u>for the temporary care of runaway children; children placed for</u> 921 <u>voluntary shelter respite upon request of the child or the</u> 922 <u>child's parent, legal guardian, or custodian; or for placement</u> 923 <u>of a child who has been adjudicated a child in need of services</u> 924 <u>or who has been found in contempt of court under s. 984.09.</u> 925 <u>Shelters must provide 24-hour continual supervision. A shelter</u>

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926 must be licensed by the Department of Children and Families as a 927 licensed child-caring agency a place for the temporary care of a 928 child who is alleged to be or who has been found to be 929 dependent, a child from a family in need of services, or a child 930 in need of services, pending court disposition before or after 931 adjudication or after execution of a court order. "Shelter" may include a facility which provides 24-hour continual supervision 932 933 for the temporary care of a child who is placed pursuant to s. 934 984.14.

935 (49) "Shelter hearing" means a hearing provided for under 936 s. 984.14 in family-in-need-of-services cases or child-in-need-937 of-services cases.

(50) "Staff-secure shelter" means a facility in which a 938 939 child is supervised 24 hours a day by staff members who are 940 awake while on duty. The facility is for the temporary care and 941 assessment of a child who has been found to be dependent, who 942 has violated a court order and been found in contempt of court, 943 or whom the Department of Children and Families is unable to 944 properly assess or place for assistance within the continuum of 945 services provided for dependent children.

946 <u>(34) (51)</u> "Substance abuse" means using, without medical 947 reason, any psychoactive or mood-altering drug, including 948 alcohol, in such a manner as to induce impairment resulting in 949 dysfunctional social behavior.

950

(35) (52) "Taken into custody" means the status of a child

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951 immediately when temporary physical control over the child is 952 attained by a person authorized by law, pending the child's 953 release, <u>shelter</u> detention, placement, or other disposition as 954 authorized by law.

955 (36) (53) "Temporary legal custody" means the relationship 956 that a juvenile court creates between a child and an adult 957 relative of the child, adult nonrelative approved by the court, 958 or other person until a more permanent arrangement is ordered. 959 Temporary legal custody confers upon the custodian the right to 960 have temporary physical custody of the child and the right and 961 duty to protect, train, and discipline the child and to provide 962 the child with food, shelter, and education, and ordinary 963 medical, dental, psychiatric, and psychological care, unless 964 these rights and duties are otherwise enlarged or limited by the 965 court order establishing the temporary legal custody 966 relationship.

967 (37) <del>(54)</del> "Truancy petition" means a petition filed by the 968 superintendent of schools under s. 984.151 for the purpose of 969 early truancy intervention alleging that a student subject to 970 compulsory school attendance has had at least five unexcused 971 absences, or absences for which the reasons are unknown, within 972 a calendar month or 10 unexcused absences, or absences for which the reasons are unknown, within a 90-calendar-day period, or has 973 974 had more than 15 unexcused absences in a 90-calendar-day period. 975 A truancy petition is filed and processed under s. 984.151.

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976 "Truant status offender" means a child subject to the (38) 977 jurisdiction of the court under s. 984.151 who has been found by 978 the court to be truant while subject to compulsory education. 979 The court's jurisdiction is limited to entering orders to 980 require the child to attend school and participate in services 981 to encourage regular school attendance. A truant status offender 982 is not a delinquent child and may not be deemed to have 983 committed a criminal or delinquent act solely due to failure to 984 attend school. 985 (39) (55) "Violation of law" or "delinquent act" means a 986 violation of any law of this state, the United States, or any 987 other state which is a misdemeanor or a felony or a violation of 988 a county or municipal ordinance which would be punishable by 989 incarceration if the violation were committed by an adult. 990 "Voluntary family services" means voluntary services (40) 991 provided by the department or an agency designated by the 992 department to a family that has a child who is running away; who 993 is ungovernable by persistently disobeying reasonable and lawful 994 demands of the parent, legal guardian, or custodian and is 995 beyond the control of the parent, legal guardian, or custodian; 996 or who is a habitual truant or engaging in other serious 997 behaviors that place the child at risk of future abuse, neglect, 998 abandonment, or entering the juvenile justice system. The child 999 must be referred to the Department of Juvenile Justice or an 1000 agency designated by the department to provide voluntary

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1001 services to families and children. 1002 Section 5. Section 984.04, Florida Statutes, is amended to 1003 read: 1004 984.04 Early truancy intervention; families in need of 1005 services and children in need of services; procedures and 1006 jurisdiction.-1007 (1) It is the intent of the Legislature to address the problems of families in need of services by providing them with 1008 1009 an array of services designed to preserve the unity and 1010 integrity of the family and to emphasize parental responsibility for the behavior of their children. Services to families in need 1011 1012 of services and children in need of services shall be provided on a continuum of increasing intensity and participation by the 1013 1014 parent and child. Judicial intervention to resolve the problems 1015 and conflicts that exist within a family shall be limited to 1016 situations in which a resolution to the problem or conflict has 1017 not been achieved through service, treatment, and family intervention after all available less restrictive resources have 1018 1019 been exhausted. In creating this chapter, the Legislature 1020 recognizes the need to distinguish the problems of truants, 1021 runaways, and children beyond the control of their parents, and 1022 the services provided to these children, from the problems and 1023 services designed to meet the needs of abandoned, abused, neglected, and delinquent children. In achieving this 1024 recognition, it shall be the policy of the state to develop 1025

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1026 short-term, temporary services and programs utilizing the least restrictive method for families in need of services and children 1027 1028 in need of services. 1029 (1) (2) The department of Juvenile Justice shall be 1030 responsible for all nonjudicial proceedings involving voluntary 1031 a family in need of services for a family identified as a family 1032 in need of services. 1033 (3) All nonjudicial procedures in family-in-need-ofservices cases shall be according to rules established by the 1034 1035 department of Juvenile Justice under chapter 120. 1036 (2) (4) The circuit court shall have exclusive original 1037 jurisdiction of judicial proceedings involving early truancy 1038 intervention. When the jurisdiction of any child found to be 1039 truant under s. 984.151 is obtained, the court may retain 1040 jurisdiction for up to 180 days. The court must terminate 1041 supervision and relinquish jurisdiction if the child has 1042 substantially complied with the requirements of early truancy 1043 intervention, is no longer subject to compulsory education, or 1044 is adjudicated a child in need of services under s. 984.21 1045 continued placement of a child from a family in need of services 1046 in shelter. 1047 (3) (3) (5) The circuit court shall have exclusive original

1047 <u>(3)</u> (3) 1048 jurisdiction of proceedings in which a child is alleged to be a 1049 child in need of services. When the jurisdiction of any child 1050 who has been found to be a child in need of services or the

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1051 parent, custodian, or legal guardian of such a child is 1052 obtained, the court shall retain jurisdiction, unless 1053 relinquished by its order or unless the department withdraws its petition because the child no longer meets the definition of a 1054 1055 child in need of services as defined in s. 984.03, until the 1056 child reaches 18 years of age. This subsection does shall not be 1057 construed to prevent the exercise of jurisdiction by any other 1058 court having jurisdiction of the child if the child commits a 1059 violation of law, is the subject of the dependency provisions 1060 under this chapter, or is the subject of a pending investigation 1061 into an allegation or suspicion of abuse, neglect, or 1062 abandonment.

1063 (4) Jurisdiction of the circuit court shall attach to the 1064 case and parties to proceedings filed under s. 984.15 or under 1065 s. 984.151 when the summons is served upon the child and a 1066 parent, legal guardian, or custodian, or when the parties 1067 personally appear before the court.

1068 <u>(5) (6)</u> All procedures, including petitions, pleadings, 1069 subpoenas, summonses, and hearings, in proceedings under this 1070 <u>chapter family-in-need-of-services cases and child-in-need-of-</u> 1071 <u>services cases</u> shall be according to the Florida Rules of 1072 Juvenile Procedure unless otherwise provided by law.

1073 (7) The department may contract with a provider to provide 1074 services and programs for families in need of services and 1075 children in need of services.

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Section 6. Subsections (2) and (4) of section 984.06,
Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

984.06 Oaths, records, and confidential information.-

1079 The court shall make and keep records of all cases (2)1080 brought before it pursuant to this chapter and shall preserve 1081 the records pertaining to a child in need of services until 10 1082 years after the last entry was made or until the child is 18 1083 years of age, whichever date is first reached, and may then destroy them. The court shall make official records, consisting 1084 1085 of all petitions and orders filed in a case arising pursuant to 1086 this chapter and any other pleadings, certificates, proofs of 1087 publication, summonses, warrants, and other writs which are 1088 filed in the case.

1089 Except as provided in subsection (3), all information (4) 1090 obtained pursuant to this chapter in the discharge of official 1091 duty by any judge, employee of the court, authorized agent of 1092 the department, school employee, district superintendent, school 1093 board employee, or law enforcement agent is confidential and may 1094 not be disclosed to anyone other than the authorized personnel 1095 of the court, the department and its designees, school or school 1096 board personnel, law enforcement agencies, and others entitled 1097 under this chapter to receive that information, except upon order of the court. 1098

# 1099 Section 7. Section 984.07, Florida Statutes, is amended to 1100 read:

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1101 984.07 Right to counsel; waiver; appointed counsel; 1102 compensation.-1103 When a petition is filed alleging that a child is a (1) child in need of services or if the child is subject to contempt 1104 proceedings under s. 984.09, the child must be represented by 1105 counsel at each court appearance. The court must appoint counsel 1106 1107 unless the child is not indigent and has counsel present to 1108 represent the child or the record in that proceeding 1109 affirmatively demonstrates by clear and convincing evidence that 1110 the child knowingly and intelligently waived the right to 1111 counsel after being fully advised by the court of the nature of 1112 the proceedings and the dispositional alternatives available to the court. If the child waives counsel at any proceeding, the 1113 1114 court shall advise the child with respect to the right to counsel at every subsequent hearing. 1115 1116 (2) A child in proceedings under s. 984.151 may have 1117 counsel appointed by the court if the court determines it is in 1118 the best interest of the child. 1119 If the court appoints counsel for a child, and if the (3) 1120 child and his or her parents or legal guardians are indigent and unable to employ counsel, the court must appoint an attorney to 1121 1122 represent the child under s. 27.511. Determination of indigence 1123 and costs of representation shall be as provided by s. 57.082. Legal counsel representing a child who exercises the right to 1124

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counsel may provide advice and counsel to the child at any time

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1126 after appointment. 1127 If the parents or legal guardians of an indigent child (4) 1128 are not indigent but refuse to employ counsel, the court shall 1129 appoint counsel pursuant to s. 27.511 to represent the child until counsel is provided. Costs of representation must be 1130 imposed as provided by s. 57.082. Thereafter, the court may not 1131 1132 appoint counsel for an indigent child with nonindigent parents 1133 or legal guardians but shall order the parents or legal 1134 guardians to obtain private counsel. (a) A parent or legal guardian of an indigent child who 1135 has been ordered to obtain private counsel for the child and who 1136 1137 willfully fails to follow the court order shall be punished by 1138 the court in civil contempt proceedings. 1139 (b) An indigent child may have counsel appointed pursuant to ss. 27.511 and 57.082 if the parents or legal guardians have 1140 1141 willfully refused to obey the court order to obtain counsel for 1142 the child and have been punished by civil contempt. Costs of 1143 representation must be imposed as provided by s. 57.082. 1144 If the court makes a finding that nonindigent parents (5) 1145 have made a good faith effort to participate in services and remediate the child's behavior, but despite their good faith 1146 1147 efforts, the child's truancy, ungovernable behavior, or runaway 1148 behavior has persisted, the court may appoint counsel to 1149 represent the child as provided in s. 27.511. 1150 (6) If counsel is entitled to receive compensation for

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1151 representation pursuant to court appointment in a child in need 1152 of services proceeding, such compensation may not exceed \$1,000 1153 at the trial level and \$2,500 at the appellate level. 1154 This section does not preclude the court from (7) 1155 requesting reimbursement of attorney fees and costs from the 1156 nonindigent parent or legal guardian. 1157 (8) The court may appoint an attorney to represent a 1158 parent or legal guardian under this chapter only upon a finding 1159 that the parent or legal guardian is indigent pursuant to s. 1160 57.082. If an attorney is appointed, the parent or legal 1161 guardian shall be enrolled in a payment plan pursuant to s. 1162 28.246 If counsel is entitled to receive compensation for 1163 representation pursuant to court appointment in a child-in-need-1164 of-services proceeding, such compensation shall not exceed 1165 \$1,000 at the trial level and \$2,500 at the appellate level. 1166 Section 8. Subsection (1) of section 984.071, Florida 1167 Statutes, is amended, and subsection (3) is added to that 1168 section, to read: 1169 984.071 Resources and information.-1170 The department of Juvenile Justice, in collaboration (1)1171 with the Department of Children and Families and the Department 1172 of Education, shall develop and publish an information quide packet that explains the current process under this chapter for 1173 obtaining assistance for a child in need of services or a family 1174 in need of services and the community services and resources 1175

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1176 available to parents. The information guide shall be published 1177 in a written format for distribution and shall also be published 1178 on the department's website of troubled or runaway children. In 1179 preparing the information packet, the Department of Juvenile 1180 Justice shall work with school district superintendents, 1181 juvenile court judges, county sheriffs, and other local law 1182 enforcement officials in order to ensure that the information 1183 packet lists services and resources that are currently available within the county in which the packet is distributed. Each 1184 1185 information guide packet shall be reviewed annually and updated 1186 as appropriate. The school district shall distribute this 1187 information guide packet to parents of truant children, and to 1188 other parents upon request or as deemed appropriate by the 1189 school district. In addition, the department of Juvenile Justice 1190 shall distribute the information guide packet to state and local 1191 law enforcement agencies. Any law enforcement officer who has 1192 contact with the parent of a child who is locked out of the 1193 home, who is ungovernable, or who runs away from home shall make 1194 the information guide available to the parent. The Department of Education and the Department of 1195 (3) 1196 Children and Families must each post the department's information guide on their respective websites. 1197 1198 Section 9. Sections 984.08 and 984.085, Florida Statutes, 1199 are repealed. 1200 Section 10. Section 984.0861, Florida Statutes, is created Page 48 of 137

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1201	to read:
1202	984.0861 Prohibited use of detentionA child under the
1203	jurisdiction of the court solely pursuant to this chapter may
1204	not be placed in:
1205	(1) Any form of detention care intended for the use of
1206	alleged juvenile delinquents as authorized under chapter 985 for
1207	any purpose.
1208	(2) A secure detention facility authorized for use under
1209	chapter 985 for any purpose.
1210	(3) Any jail or other similar facility used for the
1211	purpose of detention or confinement of adults for any purpose.
1212	Section 11. Section 984.09, Florida Statutes, is amended
1213	to read:
1214	984.09 Punishment for contempt of court; alternative
1215	sanctions
1216	(1) CONTEMPT OF COURT; LEGISLATIVE INTENTThe court may
1217	punish any child for contempt for interfering with the court or
1218	with court administration, or for violating any provision of
1219	this chapter or order of the court relative thereto. It is the
1220	intent of the Legislature that the court restrict and limit the
1221	use of contempt powers and prohibit the use of detention care
1222	and secure detention facilities as provided in s. 984.0861 with
1223	respect to commitment of a child to a secure facility. A child
1224	who commits direct contempt of court or indirect contempt of a
1225	valid court order may be taken into custody and ordered to serve
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1226 an alternative sanction or placed in a <u>shelter</u> <del>secure</del> facility, 1227 as authorized in this section, by order of the court.

(2) PLACEMENT IN A <u>SHELTER</u> <u>SECURE FACILITY</u>. A child
adjudicated as a child in need of services may only be placed in
a <u>shelter</u> <del>secure facility</del> for purposes of punishment for
contempt of court if alternative sanctions are unavailable or
inappropriate, or if the child has already been ordered to serve
an alternative sanction but failed to comply with the sanction.

1234 (a) A delinquent child who has been held in direct or 1235 indirect contempt may be placed in a secure detention facility 1236 for 5 days for a first offense or 15 days for a second or 1237 subsequent offense, or in a secure residential commitment 1238 facility.

1239 (a) (b) A child in need of services who has been held in 1240 direct contempt or indirect contempt may be placed, for 5 days 1241 for a first offense or 15 days for a second or subsequent 1242 offense, in a staff-secure shelter operated by or contracted 1243 with the department to provide such services or a staff-secure 1244 residential facility solely for children in need of services if 1245 such placement is available, or, if such placement <del>is not</del> 1246 available, the child may be placed in an appropriate mental 1247 health facility or substance abuse facility for assessment. In 1248 addition to disposition under this paragraph, a child in need of services who is held in direct contempt or indirect contempt may 1249 be placed in a physically secure shelter setting as provided 1250

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1251 under s. 984.226 if conditions of eligibility are met. 1252 A child subject to proceedings under s. 984.151 who (b) 1253 has been held in direct contempt or indirect contempt may only 1254 be placed, for 5 days for a first offense or 15 days for a second or subsequent offense, in a shelter operated by or 1255 1256 contracted with the department for such services if a shelter 1257 bed is available. Upon a second or subsequent finding of 1258 contempt under this section, the court must refer the child to 1259 the case staffing committee with a recommendation to file a 1260 child in need of services petition. (c) Any shelter placement ordered under this section must 1261 1262 be given as a cumulative sanction. Separate sanctions for the 1263 same act or series of acts within the same episode may not be 1264 imposed. 1265 (3) ALTERNATIVE SANCTIONS. - Each judicial circuit shall 1266 have an alternative sanctions coordinator who shall serve under 1267 the chief administrative judge of the juvenile division of the circuit court, and who shall coordinate and maintain a spectrum 1268 1269 contempt sanction alternatives in conjunction with the of 1270 circuit plan implemented in accordance with s. 790.22(4)(c). 1271 Upon determining that a child has committed direct contempt of 1272 court or indirect contempt of a valid court order, the court may immediately request the circuit alternative sanctions 1273 1274 coordinator to recommend the most appropriate available alternative sanction and shall order the child to perform up to 1275

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1276 50 hours of community-service manual labor or a similar 1277 alternative sanction, unless an alternative sanction is 1278 unavailable or inappropriate, or unless the child has failed to comply with a prior alternative sanction. Alternative contempt 1279 1280 sanctions may be provided by local industry or by any nonprofit 1281 organization or any public or private business or service entity 1282 that has entered into a contract with the department of Juvenile 1283 Justice to act as an agent of the state to provide voluntary supervision of children on behalf of the state in exchange for 1284 1285 the manual labor of children and limited immunity in accordance 1286 with s. 768.28(11).

1287 (4) CONTEMPT OF COURT SANCTIONS; PROCEDURE AND DUE 1288 PROCESS.-

(a) If a child <u>subject to proceedings under this chapter</u>
 is charged with direct contempt of court, <u>including traffic</u>
 <del>court,</del> the court may impose an authorized sanction immediately.

1292 If a child subject to proceedings under this chapter (b) 1293 is charged with indirect contempt of court, the court must issue 1294 an order to show cause and schedule hold a hearing within 24 1295 hours to determine whether the child committed indirect contempt 1296 of a valid court order. The child must be served with the order 1297 to show cause and notice of hearing. At the hearing, the 1298 following due process rights must be provided to the child: 1299 1. Right to a copy of the order to show cause alleging

1300 facts supporting the contempt charge.

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1301 2. Right to an explanation of the nature and the 1302 consequences of the proceedings. 1303 3. Right to legal counsel and the right to have legal counsel appointed by the court if the juvenile is indigent, 1304 1305 pursuant to s. 984.07 s. 985.033. 1306 Right to confront witnesses. 4. 1307 5. Right to present witnesses. 1308 6. Right to have a transcript or record of the proceeding. 1309 7. Right to appeal to an appropriate court. 1310 1311 The child's parent, legal or guardian, or custodian may address 1312 the court regarding the due process rights of the child. If after the hearing, the court determines the child has committed 1313 1314 indirect contempt of a valid court order, the court may impose 1315 an alternative sanction or may proceed under subsection (2). If 1316 the court orders shelter placement of a child found in contempt 1317 of court, the court shall review the matter placement of the 1.318 child every 72 hours to determine whether it is appropriate for 1319 the child to remain in the facility. 1320 The court may not order that a child be placed in a (C) 1321 shelter secure facility for punishment for contempt unless the 1322 court determines that an alternative sanction is inappropriate 1323 or unavailable or that the child was initially ordered to an alternative sanction and did not comply with the alternative 1324 sanction. The court is encouraged to order a child to perform 1325

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1326 community service, up to the maximum number of hours, where 1327 appropriate before ordering that the child be placed in a 1328 shelter secure facility as punishment for contempt of court. 1329 In addition to any other sanction imposed under <del>(d)</del> <del>this</del> 1330 section, the court may direct the Department of Highway Safety 1331 and Motor Vehicles to withhold issuance of, or suspend, a 1332 child's driver license or driving privilege. The court may order 1333 that a child's driver license or driving privilege be withheld 1334 or suspended for up to 1 year for a first offense of contempt 1335 and up to 2 years for a second or subsequent offense. If the 1336 child's driver license or driving privilege is suspended or 1337 revoked for any reason at the time the sanction for contempt is imposed, the court shall extend the period of suspension or 1338 1339 revocation by the additional period ordered under this 1340 paragraph. If the child's driver license is being withheld at 1341 the time the sanction for contempt is imposed, the period of 1342 suspension or revocation ordered under this paragraph shall 1343 begin on the date on which the child is otherwise eligible to 1344 drive. For a child in need of services whose driver license 1345 driving privilege is suspended under this paragraph, the court 1346 may direct the Department of Highway Safety and Motor Vehicles 1347 to issue the child a license for driving privileges restricted 1348 to business or employment purposes only, as defined in s. 322.271, or for the purpose of completing court-ordered 1349 community service, if the child is otherwise qualified for a 1350

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1351 license. However, the department may not issue a restricted 1352 license unless specifically ordered to do so by the court. 1353 ALTERNATIVE SANCTIONS COORDINATOR.-There is created (5) 1354 the position of alternative sanctions coordinator within each 1355 judicial circuit, pursuant to subsection (3). Each alternative sanctions coordinator shall serve under the direction of the 1356 1357 chief administrative judge of the juvenile division as directed 1358 by the chief judge of the circuit. The alternative sanctions coordinator shall act as the liaison between the judiciary, 1359 1360 local department officials, district school board employees, and 1361 local law enforcement agencies. The alternative sanctions 1362 coordinator shall coordinate within the circuit community-based 1363 alternative sanctions, including nonsecure detention programs, 1364 community service projects, and other juvenile sanctions, in conjunction with the circuit plan implemented in accordance with 1365 1366 <del>s. 790.22(4)(c)</del>.

# 1367 Section 12. Section 984.10, Florida Statutes, is amended 1368 to read:

1369

(1) Intake shall be performed by the department <u>or the</u> department's authorized agent. A report <del>or complaint</del> alleging that a child is from a family in need of services shall be made to the intake office operating in the county in which the child is found or in which the case arose. Any person or agency, including, but not limited to, the parent, <del>or</del> legal <u>guardian</u>, or

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<sup>984.10</sup> Intake.-

1376 custodian, the local school district, a law enforcement agency, 1377 or the Department of Children and Families, having knowledge of 1378 the facts may make a report or complaint.

A representative of the department shall make a 1379 (2) preliminary determination as to whether the report or complaint 1380 1381 is complete. The criteria for the completeness of a report or 1382 complaint with respect to a child alleged to be from a family in 1383 need of services while subject to compulsory school attendance shall be governed by s.  $984.03 \frac{984.03(27)}{100}$ . In any case in 1384 1385 which the representative of the department finds that the report 1386 or complaint is incomplete, the representative of the department 1387 shall return the report or complaint without delay to the person 1388 or agency originating the report or complaint or having 1389 knowledge of the facts or to the appropriate law enforcement 1390 agency having investigative jurisdiction and request additional 1391 information in order to complete the report or complaint.

1392 If the representative of the department determines (3) 1393 that in his or her judgment the interests of the family, the 1394 child, and the public will be best served by providing the 1395 family and child services and treatment voluntarily accepted by 1396 the child and the parents, or legal guardians, or custodians, the department's departmental representative may refer the 1397 1398 family or child to an appropriate service and treatment provider. As part of the intake procedure, the department's 1399 departmental representative shall inform the parent, or legal 1400

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1401	guardian, or custodian, in writing, of the services currently
1402	and treatment available to the child and family by department
1403	providers <u>and other</u> <del>or</del> community agencies <u>in the county in which</u>
1404	the family is located, and the rights and responsibilities of
1405	the parent <u>,</u> <del>or</del> legal guardian, or custodian under this chapter.
1406	Upon admission, and depending on services, a staff member may be
1407	assigned to the family as deemed appropriate.
1408	(4) If the department <u>reasonably believes</u> has reasonable
1409	<del>grounds to believe</del> that the child has been abandoned, abused, or
1410	neglected, it shall proceed pursuant to <del>the provisions of</del>
1411	chapter 39 and report immediately to the central abuse hotline.
1412	Section 13. Section 984.11, Florida Statutes, is amended
1413	to read:
1414	984.11 Services to families in need of services
1415	(1) The department or its authorized agent shall provide
1416	an array of voluntary family services aimed at remediating
1417	school truancy, homelessness, and runaway and ungovernable
1418	behavior by children. Services and treatment to families in need
1419	of services shall be by voluntary agreement of the parent <u>,</u> <del>or</del>
1420	legal guardian, or custodian and the child <del>or as directed by a</del>
1421	court order pursuant to s. 984.22.
1422	(2) A family is not eligible to receive voluntary family
1423	services, if, at the time of the referral, the child is under
1424	court-ordered supervision by the department for delinquency
1425	under chapter 985 or court-ordered supervision by the Department

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1426 of Children and Families under chapter 39. A child who has 1427 received a prearrest delinquency citation, or is receiving 1428 delinquency diversion services, may receive voluntary family 1429 services. 1430 (3) If there is a pending investigation into an allegation of abuse, neglect, or abandonment, the child may be eligible for 1431 1432 voluntary family services if the Department of Children and 1433 Families agrees to the provision of services and makes a 1434 referral. An interagency agreement between the department and 1435 the Department of Children and Families shall govern this 1436 referral process, which is contingent on available funding. The 1437 department must notify the Department of Children and Families 1438 if a referral is declined. (4) (2) These services may include, but need not be limited 1439 1440 to: (a) Homemaker or Parent aide services. 1441 1442 (b) Intensive crisis counseling. 1443 Parent training. (C) 1444 Individual, group, or family counseling. (d) Referral to community mental health services. 1445 (e) 1446 (f) Prevention and diversion services. 1447 Services provided by voluntary or community agencies. (g) 1448 (h) Runaway center services. 1449 (i) Runaway shelter Housekeeper services. 1450 (j) Referral for special educational, tutorial, or

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1451 remedial services. 1452 Referral to vocational, career development job (k) 1453 training, or employment services. Recreational services. 1454 (1)1455 (m) Assessment. 1456 (n) Case management. 1457 (o) Referral for or provision of substance abuse 1458 assessment or treatment. (5) (3) The department shall advise the parents, or legal 1459 1460 guardian, or custodian that they are responsible for 1461 contributing to the cost of the child or family services and 1462 treatment to the extent of their ability to pay. The parent is 1463 responsible for using health care insurance to the extent it is 1464 available for the provision of health services The department 1465 shall set and charge fees for services and treatment provided to 1466 clients. The department may employ a collection agency for the 1467 purpose of receiving, collecting, and managing the payment of 1468 unpaid and delinguent fees. The collection agency must be 1469 registered and in good standing under chapter 559. The 1470 department may pay to the collection agency a fee from the 1471 amount collected under the claim or may authorize the agency to 1472 deduct the fee from the amount collected. 1473 (4) The department may file a petition with the circuit court to enforce the collection of fees for services and 1474 1475 treatment rendered to the child or the parent and other legal

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1476 <del>custodians.</del>

1477 Section 14. Section 984.12, Florida Statutes, is amended 1478 to read:

1479 984.12 Case staffing; services and treatment <u>related</u> to a 1480 family in need of services.—

(1) The appropriate representative of the department shall request a meeting of the family and child with a case staffing committee to review the case of any family or child who the department determines is in need of services or treatment if:

1485 (a) The family or child is not in agreement with the 1486 services or treatment offered;

1487 (b) The family or child will not participate in the1488 services or treatment selected; or

(c) The representative of the department needs assistance in developing an appropriate plan for services. The time and place selected for the meeting shall be convenient for the child and family.

1493 The composition of the case staffing committee shall (2) 1494 be based on the needs of the family and child. It shall include 1495 a representative from the child's school district and a 1496 representative of the department of Juvenile Justice, and may include the department's authorized agent and a supervisor of 1497 the department's contracted provider; a representative from the 1498 1499 area of health, mental health, substance abuse, or social, or 1500 educational services; a representative of the state attorney; a

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FLORIDA HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES	F	L	0	R		D	А	Н	0	U	S	Е	0	F	R	Е	Ρ	R	Е	S	Е	N	Т	Α	Т		V	Е	S
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1501	representative of law enforcement the alternative sanctions
1502	<del>coordinator</del> ; and any person recommended by the child, family, or
1503	department. The child and the child's parent, legal guardian, or
1504	custodian must be invited to attend the committee meeting.
1505	(3) The case staffing committee shall:
1506	(a) Identify the family's concerns and contributing
1507	factors.
1508	(b) Request the family and child to identify their needs
1509	and concerns.
1510	(c) Seek input from the school district and any other
1511	persons in attendance with knowledge of the family or child's
1512	situation and concerns.
1513	(d) Consider the voluntary family services or other
1514	community services that have been offered and the results of
1515	those services.
1516	(e) Identify whether truancy is a concern and evaluate
1517	compliance with the remedial strategies provided pursuant to s.
1518	1003.26.
1519	(f) Reach a timely decision to provide the child or family
1520	with <del>needed</del> services <u>and recommend any appropriate</u> <del>and</del> treatment
1521	through the development of a plan for services.
1522	(4) The plan for services shall contain the following:
1523	(a) Statement of the <u>concerns</u> <del>problems</del> .
1524	(b) Needs of the child.
1525	(c) Needs of the parents, <u>legal</u> guardian, or <del>legal</del>
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1526	custodian.
1527	(d) Measurable objectives that address the identified
1528	problems and needs.
1529	(e) Services and treatment to be provided, to include:
1530	1. Type of services or treatment.
1531	2. Frequency of services or treatment.
1532	3. Location.
1533	4. Accountable service providers or staff.
1534	(f) Timeframes for achieving objectives.
1535	(5) Upon receipt of the plan, the child and family shall
1536	acknowledge their position by accepting or rejecting the
1537	services and provisions in writing. If the plan is accepted, it
1538	shall be implemented as soon as is practicable.
1539	(6) The assigned case manager shall have responsibility $A$
1540	case manager shall be designated by the case staffing committee
1541	to be responsible for implementing the plan. The <u>department's</u>
1542	authorized agent case manager shall periodically review the
1543	progress towards achieving the objectives of the plan in order
1544	to:
1545	(a) Advise the case staffing committee of the need to make
1546	adjustments to the plan; <del>or</del>
1547	(b) Recommend a child in need of services petition be
1548	filed by the department; or
1 = 4 0	
1549	<u>(c)</u> (b) Terminate the case as indicated by successful or
1549 1550	(C)(D) Terminate the case as indicated by successful or substantial achievement of the objectives of the plan.

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1551 The parent, legal guardian, or legal custodian may (7)1552 convene a meeting of the case staffing committee, and any other 1553 member of the committee may convene a meeting if the member 1554 finds that doing so is in the best interest of the family or 1555 child. A case staffing committee meeting requested by a parent, legal guardian, or legal custodian must be convened within 7 1556 1557 days, excluding weekends and legal holidays, after the date the 1558 department's representative receives the request in writing. 1559 (8) Any other member of the committee may convene a 1560 meeting if voluntary family services have been offered and the 1561 services have been rejected by the child or family, or the child 1562 has not made measurable progress toward achieving the service plan goals, and the member finds that doing so is in the best 1563 1564 interest of the family or child. 1565 (9) A case staffing committee meeting must be convened 1566 within 30 days after the date the case is referred by the court 1567 pursuant to s. 984.151. (10) (8) Within 7 days after meeting, the case staffing 1568 1569 committee shall provide the parent, legal quardian, or legal 1570 custodian with a written report that details the reasons for the 1571 committee's decision to recommend, or decline to recommend, that 1572 the department file a petition alleging that the child is a child in need of services. 1573 1574 (11) The case staffing committee may reconvene from time 1575 to time as may be necessary to make adjustments to the plan.

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1576 Section 15. Section 984.13, Florida Statutes, is amended 1577 to read: 1578 984.13 Taking a child into custody a child alleged to be 1579 from a family in need of services or to be a child in need of 1580 services.-1581 (1) A child may be taken into custody: 1582 (a) By a law enforcement officer when the officer 1583 reasonably believes has reasonable grounds to believe that the 1584 child has run away from his or her parents, legal guardian, or other legal custodian. 1585 1586 (b) By a designated school representative pursuant to s. 1587 1003.26(3) or a law enforcement officer when the officer 1588 reasonably believes has reasonable grounds to believe that the child is absent from school without authorization or is 1589 1590 suspended or expelled and is not in the presence of his or her 1591 parent, or legal guardian, or custodian, for the purpose of 1592 delivering the child without unreasonable delay to the 1593 appropriate school system site. For the purpose of this 1594 paragraph, "school system site" includes, but is not limited to, 1595 a center approved by the superintendent of schools for the 1596 purpose of counseling students and referring them back to the 1597 school system or an approved alternative to a suspension or 1598 expulsion program. If a student is suspended or expelled from 1599 school without assignment to an alternative school placement, the law enforcement officer or designated school representative 1600

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1601 <u>pursuant to s. 1003.26(3)</u> shall deliver the child to the parent, 1602 or legal guardian, or custodian, to a location determined by the 1603 parent, <u>legal</u> or guardian, or custodian, or to a designated 1604 truancy interdiction site until the parent, <u>legal</u> or guardian, 1605 or custodian can be located.

1606 (c) Pursuant to an order of the circuit court based upon 1607 sworn testimony <del>before or</del> after a <u>child in need of services</u> 1608 petition is filed under s. 984.15.

1609 (d) Pursuant to an order of the circuit court based upon a
1610 finding of contempt under this chapter for the purpose of
1611 delivering the child to a designated shelter facility.

1612 <u>(e) (d)</u> By a law enforcement officer when the child 1613 voluntarily agrees to or requests services pursuant to this 1614 chapter or placement in a shelter.

1615

(2) The person taking the child into custody shall:

1616 (a) Release the child to a parent, legal guardian, legal 1617 custodian, or responsible adult relative and make a full written 1618 report to the department's authorized agent for families in need 1619 of services within 3 days after release or to a department-1620 approved family-in-need-of-services and child-in-need-of-1621 services provider if the person taking the child into custody 1622 reasonably believes has reasonable grounds to believe the child has run away from a parent, legal guardian, or legal custodian; 1623 is truant; or is ungovernable and beyond the control of the 1624 parent, legal guardian, or legal custodian; following such 1625

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1626	release, the person taking the child into custody shall make a
1627	full written report to the intake office of the department
1628	within 3 days; or
1629	(b) Deliver the child to <u>a shelter when:</u> the department,
1630	stating the facts by reason of which the child was taken into
1631	custody and sufficient information to establish probable cause
1632	that the child is from a family in need of services.
1633	1. The parent, legal guardian, or custodian is unavailable
1634	to take immediate custody of the child;
1635	2. The child requested voluntary family services and
1636	shelter placement;
1637	3. A court order under this chapter for shelter placement
1638	has been issued; or
1639	4. The child and the parent, legal guardian, or custodian
1640	voluntarily agree the child is in need of temporary shelter
1641	placement and such placement is necessary to provide a safe
1642	place for the child to remain until the parents, legal
1643	guardians, or custodians and the child can agree on conditions
1644	for the child's safe return home.
1645	(c) Deliver the child to a hospital for necessary
1646	evaluation and treatment if the child is reasonably believed to
1647	be suffering from a serious physical condition which requires
1648	either prompt diagnosis or treatment.
1649	(d) Deliver the child to a designated public receiving
1650	facility as defined in s. 394.455 for examination under s.

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1651	394.463 if the child is reasonably believed to be mentally ill,
1652	including immediate threat of suicide as provided in s.
1653	394.463(1).
1654	(e) Deliver the child to a hospital, addictions receiving
1655	facility, or treatment resource if the child is reasonably
1656	believed to be intoxicated and has threatened, attempted, or
1657	inflicted physical harm on himself or herself or another, or is
1658	incapacitated by substance abuse.
1659	(3) If the child is taken into custody <u>and</u> <del>by, or</del> is
1660	delivered to <u>a shelter, the department</u> , the <u>department's</u>
1661	authorized agent appropriate representative of the department
1662	shall review the facts and make such further inquiry as
1663	necessary to determine whether the child shall remain in
1664	shelter, receive voluntary family services that would allow the
1665	child alleged to be from a family in need of services to remain
1666	at home, custody or be released. Unless shelter is required as
1667	provided in s. 984.14(1), the department shall:
1668	(a) Release the child to his or her parent, guardian, or
1669	legal custodian, to a responsible adult relative, to a
1670	responsible adult approved by the department, or to a
1671	department-approved family-in-need-of-services and child-in-
1672	need-of-services provider; or
1673	(b) Authorize temporary services and treatment that would
1674	allow the child alleged to be from a family in need of services
1675	to remain at home.
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1676	Section 16. Section 984.14, Florida Statutes, is amended
1677	to read:
1678	984.14 <u>Voluntary</u> shelter <u>services</u> <del>placement; hearing</del>
1679	(1) <u>Temporary voluntary shelter services provided by the</u>
1680	department shall provide a safe environment with 24-hour care
1681	and supervision, referrals for services as needed, and education
1682	at the center or offsite and counseling services for children.
1683	Unless ordered by the court pursuant to the provisions of this
1684	chapter, or upon voluntary consent to placement by the child and
1685	the child's parent, legal guardian, or custodian, a child taken
1686	into custody shall not be placed in a shelter prior to a court
1687	hearing unless a determination has been made that the provision
1688	of appropriate and available services will not eliminate the
1689	need for placement and that such placement is required:
1690	(a) To provide an opportunity for the child and family to
1691	agree upon conditions for the child's return home, when
1692	immediate placement in the home would result in a substantial
1693	likelihood that the child and family would not reach an
1694	agreement; or
1695	(b) Because a parent, custodian, or guardian is
1696	unavailable to take immediate custody of the child.
1697	(2) If a child is sheltered due to being a runaway, or a
1698	parent, legal guardian, or custodian is unavailable, the shelter
1699	shall immediately attempt to make contact with the parent, legal
1700	guardian, or custodian to advise the family of the child's
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1701 whereabouts, determine whether the child can safely return home, 1702 or determine whether the family is seeking temporary voluntary 1703 shelter services until they can arrange to take the child home. 1704 If the parent, legal guardian, or custodian cannot be located 1705 within 24 hours, the Department of Children and Families shall 1706 be contacted If the department determines that placement in a 1707 shelter is necessary according to the provisions of subsection 1708 (1), the departmental representative shall authorize placement 1709 of the child in a shelter provided by the community specifically 1710 for runaways and troubled youth who are children in need of services or members of families in need of services and shall 1711 1712 immediately notify the parents or legal custodians that the 1713 child was taken into custody.

1714 (3) A child who is involuntarily placed in a shelter shall 1715 be given a shelter hearing within 24 hours after being taken 1716 into custody to determine whether shelter placement is required. 1717 The shelter petition filed with the court shall address each 1718 condition required to be determined in subsection (1).

1719 (4) A child may not be held involuntarily in a shelter
1720 longer than 24 hours unless an order so directing is made by the
1721 court after a shelter hearing finding that placement in a
1722 shelter is necessary based on the criteria in subsection (1) and
1723 that the department has made reasonable efforts to prevent or
1724 eliminate the need for removal of the child from the home.
1725 (5) Except as provided under s. 984.225, a child in need

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1726	of services or a child from a family in need of services may not
1727	be placed in a shelter for longer than 35 days.
1728	(6) When any child is placed in a shelter pursuant to
1729	court order following a shelter hearing, the court shall order
1730	the natural or adoptive parents of such child, the natural
1731	father of such child born out of wedlock who has acknowledged
1732	his paternity in writing before the court, or the guardian of
1733	such child's estate, if possessed of assets which under law may
1734	be disbursed for the care, support, and maintenance of the
1735	child, to pay, to the department, fees as established by the
1736	department. When the order affects the guardianship estate, a
1737	certified copy of the order shall be delivered to the judge
1738	having jurisdiction of the guardianship estate.
1739	(7) A child who is adjudicated a child in need of services
1740	or alleged to be from a family in need of services or a child in
1741	need of services may not be placed in a secure detention
1742	facility or jail or any other commitment program for delinquent
1743	children under any circumstances.
1744	(8) The court may order the placement of a child in need
1745	of services into a staff-secure facility for no longer than 5
1746	days for the purpose of evaluation and assessment.
1747	Section 17. Section 984.15, Florida Statutes, is amended
1748	to read:
1749	984.15 Petition for a child in need of services
1750	(1) All proceedings seeking an adjudication that a child
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1751 is a child in need of services shall be initiated by the filing 1752 of a petition by an attorney representing the department or by 1753 the child's parent, <u>legal</u> guardian, or <del>legal</del> custodian. <del>If a</del> 1754 child in need of services has been placed in a shelter pursuant 1755 to s. 984.14, the department shall file the petition 1756 immediately, including in the petition notice of arraignment 1757 pursuant to s. 984.20.

(2) (a) The department shall file a petition for a child in
need of services if the child meets the definition of a child in
<u>need of services</u>, the case manager or staffing committee
recommends requests that a petition be filed, and:

The family and child have in good faith, but
 unsuccessfully, used the services and process described in ss.
 984.11 and 984.12; or

1765 2. The family or child have refused all services described 1766 in ss. 984.11 and 984.12 after reasonable efforts by the 1767 department to involve the family and child in <u>voluntary family</u> 1768 services and treatment.

(b) Once the requirements in paragraph (a) have been met, the department shall file a petition for a child in need of services <u>as soon as practicable</u> within 45 days.

(c) The petition shall be in writing, shall state the specific grounds under s. 984.03(9) by which the child is designated a child in need of services, and shall certify that the conditions prescribed in paragraph (a) have been met. The

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1776 petition shall be signed by the petitioner under oath stating 1777 good faith in filing the petition and shall be signed by an 1778 attorney for the department.

(3) (a) The parent, <u>legal</u> guardian, or <del>legal</del> custodian may file a petition alleging that a child is a child in need of services if:

The department waives the requirement for a case
 staffing committee.

2. The department fails to convene a meeting of the case staffing committee within 7 days, excluding weekends and legal holidays, after receiving a written request for such a meeting from the child's parent, legal guardian, or <del>legal</del> custodian.

1788 3. The parent, <u>legal</u> guardian, or <del>legal</del> custodian does not 1789 agree with the plan for services offered by the case staffing 1790 committee.

1791 4. The department fails to provide a written report within
1792 7 days after the case staffing committee meets, as required
1793 under s. 984.12(10) s. 984.12(8).

(b) The parent, <u>legal</u> guardian, or <del>legal</del> custodian must give the department prior written notice of intent to file the petition. If, at the arraignment hearing, the court finds that such written notice of intent to file the petition was not provided to the department, the court shall dismiss the petition, postpone the hearing until such written notice is given, or, if the department agrees, proceed with the

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1801 arraignment hearing. The petition must be served on the 1802 department's office of general counsel.

(c) The petition must be in writing and must set forth specific facts alleging that the child is a child in need of services as defined in s. 984.03(9). The petition must also demonstrate that the parent, <u>legal</u> guardian, or <del>legal</del> custodian has in good faith, but unsuccessfully, participated in the services and processes described in ss. 984.11 and 984.12.

1809 <u>(4) (d)</u> The petition must be signed by the petitioner under 1810 oath.

1811 <u>(5) (e)</u> The court, on its own motion or the motion of any 1812 party or the department, shall determine the legal sufficiency 1813 of a petition filed under this subsection <u>(3)</u> and may dismiss 1814 any petition that lacks sufficient grounds. In addition, the 1815 court shall verify that the child is not:

1816(a)1.The subject of a pending investigation into an1817allegation or suspicion of abuse, neglect, or abandonment;

1818 (b)<sup>2</sup>. The subject of a pending <u>petition</u> <del>referral</del> alleging 1819 that the child is delinquent; or

1820 (c)<sup>3.</sup> Under the current supervision of the department or 1821 the Department of Children and Families for an adjudication or 1822 withholding of adjudication of delinquency or dependency.

1823 (6) (4) The form of the petition and any additional 1824 contents shall be determined by rules of procedure adopted by 1825 the Supreme Court.

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1826 <u>(7) (5)</u> The <u>petitioner</u> department or the parent, guardian, 1827 or legal custodian may withdraw a petition at any time <u>before</u> 1828 prior to the child <u>is being</u> adjudicated a child in need of 1829 services.

1830 Section 18. Section 984.151, Florida Statutes, is amended 1831 to read:

1832 984.151 Early truancy intervention; truancy petition; 1833 judgment prosecution; disposition.-

If the school determines that a student subject to 1834 (1)1835 compulsory school attendance has had at least five unexcused 1836 absences, or absences for which the reasons are unknown, within 1837 a calendar month or 10 unexcused absences, or absences for which 1838 the reasons are unknown, within a 90-calendar-day period 1839 pursuant to s. 1003.26(1)(b), or has had more than 15 unexcused absences in a 90-calendar-day period, the superintendent of 1840 1841 schools or his or her designee may file a truancy petition 1842 seeking early truancy intervention.

1843 (2) The petition shall be filed in the circuit in which1844 the student is enrolled in school.

(3) Original jurisdiction to hear a truancy petition shall be in the circuit court; however, the circuit court may use a general or special <u>magistrate</u> master pursuant to Supreme Court rules. Upon the filing of the petition, the clerk shall issue a summons to the parent, <u>legal</u> guardian, or <del>legal</del> custodian of the student, directing that person and the student to appear for a

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1851 hearing at a time and place specified.

1852 The petition must contain the following: the name, (4) 1853 age, and address of the student; the name and address of the 1854 student's parent or guardian; the school where the student is 1855 enrolled; the efforts the school has made to get the student to attend school in compliance with s. 1003.26; the number of out-1856 1857 of-school contacts between the school system and student's 1858 parent or guardian; and the number of days and dates of days the 1859 student has missed school. The petition shall be sworn to by the 1860 superintendent or his or her designee.

1861 (5) Once the petition is filed, the court shall hear the 1862 petition within 30 days.

1863 (6) The student and the student's parent or guardian shall1864 attend the hearing.

1865 If the court determines that the student did miss any (7)1866 of the alleged days, the court shall enter an order finding the 1867 child to be a truant status offender and the court shall order 1868 the student to attend school and order the parent, legal 1869 guardian, or custodian to ensure that the student attends 1870 school. The court's power under this subsection is limited to 1871 entering orders to require the student to attend school and 1872 require the student and family to participate in services to encourage regular school attendance. The court, and may order 1873 1874 any of the following services:

1875

(a) The student to participate in alternative sanctions to

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1876 include mandatory attendance at alternative classes; to be 1877 followed by mandatory community services hours for a period up 1878 to 6 months; the student and The student's parent, legal or guardian, or custodian 1879 (b) 1880 to participate in parenting classes homemaker or parent aide 1881 services; 1882 (C) The student or the student's parent, legal or guardian 1883 or custodian to participate in individual, group, or family intensive crisis counseling; 1884 1885 The student or the student's parent, legal or guardian (d) or custodian to participate in community mental health services 1886 1887 or substance abuse treatment services if available and 1888 applicable; 1889 The student and the student's parent, legal or (e) 1890 guardian, or custodian to participate in services service 1891 provided by state or community voluntary or community agencies, if appropriate, including services for families in need of 1892 1893 services as provided in s. 984.11 as available; 1894 The student and the student's parent, legal guardian, (f) 1895 or custodian to attend meetings with school officials to address 1896 the child's educational needs, classroom assignment, class 1897 schedule, and other barriers to school attendance identified by the child's school, the child, or his or her family; 1898 1899 (g) The student and the student's parent, legal guardian, 1900 or custodian to engage in learning activities provided by the

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1901 school board as to why education is important and the potential 1902 impact on the child's future employment and education options if 1903 the attendance problem persists; or (h) and The student or the student's parent, legal or 1904 1905 quardian, or custodian to participate in vocational or<sub> $\tau$ </sub> job 1906 training, or employment services. 1907 (8) If the student does not substantially comply with 1908 compulsory school attendance and court-ordered services required 1909 under successfully complete the sanctions ordered in subsection 1910 (7), and the child meets the definition of a child in need of 1911 services, the case shall be referred by the court to the 1912 department's authorized agent for review by the case staffing committee under s. 984.12 with a recommendation to file a 1913 1914 petition for child in need of services child-in-need-of-services 1915 petition under s. 984.15. The court shall review the case not 1916 less than every 45 days to determine whether the child is in 1917 substantial compliance with compulsory education or if the case 1918 should be referred to the case staffing committee in accord with 1919 this subsection. 1920 (9) If the student substantially complies with compulsory 1921 school attendance the court shall close the truancy case. 1922 (10) If the child is adjudicated a child in need of services pursuant to s. 984.21, the truancy case shall be closed 1923 1924 and jurisdiction relinquished in accordance with s. 984.04. 1925 (11) The court may retain jurisdiction of any case in

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1926 which the child is noncompliant with compulsory education and 1927 the child does not meet the definition of a child in need of 1928 services under this chapter until jurisdiction lapses pursuant 1929 to s. 984.04. 1930 (12) The court may not order a child placed in shelter 1931 pursuant to this section unless the court has found the child to 1932 be in contempt for violation of a court order under s. 984.09. 1933 (13) (9) The parent, legal guardian, or legal custodian and the student shall participate, as required by court order, in 1934 1935 any sanctions or services required by the court under this 1936 section, and the court shall enforce such participation through 1937 its contempt power. (14) Any truant student that meets the definition of a 1938 1939 child in need of services and who has been found in contempt for 1940 violation of a court order under s. 984.09 two or more times 1941 shall be referred to the case staffing committee under s. 984.12 1942 with a recommendation to file a petition for a child in need of 1943 services. 1944 (15)The clerk of court must serve any court order 1945 referring the case to voluntary family services or the case 1946 staffing committee to the department's office of general counsel 1947 and to the department's authorized agent. 1948 Section 19. Subsections (3) and (5) of section 984.16, 1949 Florida Statutes, are amended, and subsection (11) is added to 1950 that section, to read:

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1951	984.16 Process and service for child in need of services
1952	petitions
1953	(3) The summons shall require the person on whom it is
1954	served to appear for a hearing at a time, and place, and manner
1955	specified. Except in cases of medical emergency, the time shall
1956	not be less than 24 hours after service of the summons. The
1957	summons must may require the custodian to bring the child to
1958	court if the court determines that the child's presence is
1959	necessary. A copy of the petition shall be attached to the
1960	summons.
1961	(5) The jurisdiction of the court shall attach to the
1962	child and the parent, <u>legal guardian, or</u> custodian <del>, or legal</del>
1963	<del>guardian</del> of the child and the case when the summons is served
1964	upon the child or a parent <u>,</u> <del>or</del> legal <u>guardian,</u> or <del>actual</del>
1965	custodian of the child $\underline{;}$ or when the child is taken into custody
1966	with or without service of summons and after filing of a
1967	petition for a child in need of services; or when a party
1968	personally appears before the court whichever occurs first, and
1969	thereafter the court may control the child and case in
1970	accordance with this chapter.
1971	(11) If a court takes action that directly involves a
1972	student's school, including, but not limited to, an order that a
1973	student attend school, attend school with his or her parent,
1974	legal guardian, or custodian, requiring the parent, legal
1975	guardian, or custodian to participate in meetings, including
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1976 parent-teacher conferences, Section 504 plan meetings or 1977 individualized education plan meetings to address the student's 1978 disability, the office of the clerk of the court shall provide 1979 notice to the school of the court's order. Section 20. Section 984.17, Florida Statutes, is amended 1980 1981 to read: 1982 984.17 Response to petition and representation of 1983 parties.-1984 At the time a child in need of services petition is (1)1985 filed, the court may appoint a guardian ad litem for the child. 1986 No answer to the petition or any other pleading need (2) 1987 be filed by any child, parent, or legal guardian, or custodian, but any matters which might be set forth in an answer or other 1988 1989 pleading may be pleaded orally before the court or filed in 1990 writing as any such person may choose. Notwithstanding the filing of an answer or any pleading, the child and or parent, 1991 1992 legal guardian, or custodian shall, before prior to an 1993 adjudicatory hearing, be advised by the court of the right to 1994 counsel. 1995 When a petition for a child in need of services has (3) 1996 been filed and the parents, legal guardian, or legal custodian 1997 of the child and the child have advised the department that the truth of the allegations is acknowledged and that no contest is 1998 to be made of the adjudication, the attorney representing the 1999 2000 department may set the case before the court for a disposition

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2001 hearing. If there is a change in the plea at this hearing, the 2002 court shall continue the hearing to permit the attorney 2003 representing the department to prepare and present the case.

(4) An attorney representing the department shall represent the state in any proceeding in which the petition alleges that a child is a child in need of services and in which a party denies the allegations of the petition and contests the adjudication.

2009Section 21.Section 984.18, Florida Statutes, is repealed.2010Section 22.Section 984.19, Florida Statutes, is amended2011to read:

2012 984.19 Medical screening and treatment of child;
2013 examination of parent, <u>legal</u> guardian, or person requesting
2014 custody.-

2015 When any child is to be placed in shelter care, the (1)2016 department or its authorized agent may is authorized to have a 2017 medical screening provided for performed on the child without 2018 authorization from the court and without consent from a parent, 2019 legal or guardian, or custodian. Such medical screening shall be 2020 provided performed by a licensed health care professional and 2021 shall be to screen examine the child for injury, illness, and 2022 communicable diseases. In no case does this subsection authorize 2023 the department to consent to medical treatment for such children. 2024

2025

(2) When the department has performed the medical

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2026 screening authorized by subsection (1) or when it is otherwise 2027 determined by a licensed health care professional that a child 2028 is in need of medical treatment, consent for medical treatment 2029 shall be obtained in the following manner:

2030 (a)1. Consent to medical treatment shall be obtained from
2031 a parent, legal or guardian, or custodian of the child; or

2032

2. A court order for such treatment shall be obtained.

2033 (b) If a parent, legal <del>or</del> guardian, or custodian of the child is unavailable and his or her whereabouts cannot be 2034 2035 reasonably ascertained, and it is after normal working hours so 2036 that a court order cannot reasonably be obtained, an authorized 2037 agent of the department or its provider has the authority to 2038 consent to necessary medical treatment for the child. The 2039 authority of the department to consent to medical treatment in this circumstance is limited to the time reasonably necessary to 2040 2041 obtain court authorization.

2042 If a parent, legal or guardian, or custodian of the (C) 2043 child is available but refuses to consent to the necessary 2044 treatment, a court order is required, unless the situation meets 2045 the definition of an emergency in s. 743.064 or the treatment 2046 needed is related to suspected abuse or neglect of the child by 2047 the parent or guardian. In such case, the department's 2048 authorized agent may department has the authority to consent to 2049 necessary medical treatment. This authority is limited to the 2050 time reasonably necessary to obtain court authorization.

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2051 2052 In no case may the department consent to sterilization, 2053 abortion, or termination of life support. 2054 A judge may order that a child alleged to be or (3) 2055 adjudicated a child in need of services be examined by a 2056 licensed health care professional. The judge may also order such 2057 child to be evaluated by a psychiatrist or a psychologist, by a 2058 district school board educational needs assessment team, or, if 2059 a developmental disability is suspected or alleged, by the 2060 developmental disability diagnostic and evaluation team of the 2061 Department of Children and Families or Agency for Persons with 2062 Disabilities. The judge may order a family assessment if that 2063 assessment was not completed at an earlier time. If it is 2064 necessary to place a child in a residential facility for such 2065 evaluation, then the criteria and procedure established in s. 2066 394.463(2) or chapter 393 shall be used, whichever is 2067 applicable. The educational needs assessment provided by the 2068 district school board educational needs assessment team shall 2069 include, but not be limited to, reports of intelligence and 2070 achievement tests, screening for learning disabilities and other 2071 handicaps, and screening for the need for alternative education 2072 pursuant to s. 1003.53.

2073 (4) A judge may order that a child alleged to be or
2074 adjudicated a child in need of services be treated by a licensed
2075 health care professional. The judge may also order such child to

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2076 receive mental health or intellectual disability services from a 2077 psychiatrist, psychologist, or other appropriate service 2078 provider. If it is necessary to place the child in a residential 2079 facility for such services, the procedures and criteria 2080 established in s. 394.467 or chapter 393 shall be used, as 2081 applicable. A child may be provided services in emergency 2082 situations pursuant to the procedures and criteria contained in 2083 s. 394.463(1) or chapter 393, as applicable.

(5) When there are indications of physical injury or illness, a licensed health care professional shall be immediately <u>contacted</u> <del>called</del> or the child shall be taken to the nearest available hospital for emergency care.

(6) Except as otherwise provided herein, nothing in this section <u>does not</u> shall be deemed to eliminate the right of a parent, <u>legal</u> a guardian, or custodian, or the child to consent to examination or treatment for the child.

2092 (7) Except as otherwise provided herein, nothing in this 2093 section does not shall be deemed to alter the provisions of s. 2094 743.064.

(8) A court <u>may order</u> shall not be precluded from ordering services or treatment to be provided to the child by a duly accredited practitioner who relies solely on spiritual means for healing in accordance with the tenets and practices of a church or religious organization, when required by the child's health and when requested by the child.

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(9) Nothing in This section does not shall be construed to authorize the permanent sterilization of the child, unless such sterilization is the result of or incidental to medically necessary treatment to protect or preserve the life of the child.

(10) For the purpose of obtaining an evaluation or examination or receiving treatment as authorized pursuant to this section, no child alleged to be or found to be a child from a family in need of services or a child in need of services shall be placed in a detention facility or other program used primarily for the care and custody of children alleged or found to have committed delinquent acts.

The parents, legal guardian, or custodian guardian of 2113 (11)2114 a child alleged to be or adjudicated a child in need of services 2115 remain financially responsible for the cost of medical treatment provided to the child even if one or both of the parents or if 2116 2117 the legal guardian, or custodian did not consent to the medical 2118 treatment. After a hearing, the court may order the parents, 2119 legal or quardian, or custodian, if found able to do so, to 2120 reimburse the department or other provider of medical services 2121 for treatment provided.

(12) <u>A judge may order a child under its jurisdiction to</u> submit to substance abuse evaluation, testing, and treatment in accordance with s. 397.706 Nothing in this section alters the authority of the department to consent to medical treatment for

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2126 a child who has been committed to the department pursuant to s. 2127 984.22(3) and of whom the department has become the legal 2128 custodian. 2129 At any time after the filing of a petition for a (13)2130 child in need of services, when the mental or physical 2131 condition, including the blood group, of a parent, guardian, or 2132 other person requesting custody of a child is in controversy, 2133 the court may order the person to submit to a physical or mental examination by a qualified professional. The order may be made 2134 2135 only upon good cause shown and pursuant to notice and procedures 2136 as set forth by the Florida Rules of Juvenile Procedure. 2137 Section 23. Section 984.20, Florida Statutes, is amended 2138 to read: 2139 984.20 Hearings for child in need of services child-in-2140 need-of-services cases.-2141 (1)ARRAIGNMENT HEARING.-2142 The clerk shall set a date for an arraignment hearing (a) 2143 within a reasonable time after the date of the filing of the 2144 child in need of services petition. The court shall advise the 2145 child and the parent, legal guardian, or custodian of the right 2146 to counsel as provided in s. 984.07. When a child has been taken 2147 into custody by order of the court, an arraignment hearing shall 2148 be held within 7 days after the date the child is taken into 2149 custody. The hearing shall be held for the child and the parent, 2150 legal guardian, or custodian to admit, deny, or consent to

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2151 findings that a child is in need of services as alleged in the 2152 petition. If the child and the parent, legal guardian, or 2153 custodian admit or consent to the findings in the petition, the court shall adjudicate the child a child in need of services and 2154 2155 proceed as set forth in the Florida Rules of Juvenile Procedure. 2156 However, if either the child or the parent, legal guardian, or 2157 custodian denies any of the allegations of the petition, the 2158 court shall hold an adjudicatory hearing within a reasonable 2159 time after the date of the arraignment hearing 7 days after the 2160 date of the arraignment hearing.

2161 The court may grant a continuance of the arraignment (b) 2162 hearing When a child is in the custody of the parent, guardian, 2163 or custodian, upon the filing of a petition, the clerk shall set 2164 a date for an arraignment hearing within a reasonable time from the date of the filing of the petition. if the child or and the 2165 2166 parent, legal guardian, or custodian request a continuance to 2167 obtain an attorney. The case shall be rescheduled for an 2168 arraignment hearing within a reasonable period of time to allow 2169 for consultation admit or consent to an adjudication, the court 2170 shall proceed as set forth in the Florida Rules of Juvenile 2171 Procedure. However, if either the child or the parent, quardian, 2172 or custodian denies any of the allegations of child in need of 2173 services, the court shall hold an adjudicatory hearing within a reasonable time from the date of the arraignment hearing. 2174 2175 (C) If at the arraignment hearing the child and the

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2176 parent, legal guardian, or custodian consents or admits to the 2177 allegations in the petition and the court determines that the 2178 petition meets the requirements of s.  $984.15(5) = \frac{984.15(3)(c)}{c}$ the court shall proceed to hold a disposition hearing at the 2179 2180 earliest practicable time that will allow for the completion of 2181 a predisposition study. 2182 (d) Failure of a person served with notice to appear at 2183 the arraignment hearing constitutes the person's consent to the 2184 adjudication of the child as a child in need of services. The 2185 document containing the notice to respond or appear must 2186 contain, in type as large as the balance of the document, the 2187 following or substantially similar language: 2188 2189 FAILURE TO APPEAR AT THE ARRAIGNMENT HEARING 2190 CONSTITUTES CONSENT TO THE ADJUDICATION OF THIS CHILD 2191 AS A CHILD IN NEED OF SERVICES AND MAY RESULT IN THE 2192 COURT ENTERING AN ORDER OF DISPOSITION AND PLACING THE 2193 CHILD INTO SHELTER. 2194 2195 If a person appears for the arraignment hearing and the court 2196 orders that person to appear, either physically or through 2197 audio-video communication technology, at the adjudicatory 2198 hearing for the child in need of services case, stating the date, time, place, and, if applicable, the instructions for 2199 2200 appearance through audio-video communication technology, of the

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2201 adjudicatory hearing, that person's failure to appear for the 2202 scheduled adjudicatory hearing constitutes consent to 2203 adjudication of the child as a child in need of services. 2204 ADJUDICATORY HEARING.-(2) 2205 (a) The adjudicatory hearing shall be held as soon as 2206 practicable after the petition for a child in need of services 2207 is filed and in accordance with the Florida Rules of Juvenile 2208 Procedure, but reasonable delay for the purpose of 2209 investigation, discovery, or procuring counsel or witnesses 2210 shall, whenever practicable, be granted. If the child is in 2211 custody, the adjudicatory hearing shall be held within 14 days 2212 after the date the child was taken into custody. 2213 Adjudicatory hearings shall be conducted by the judge (b) 2214 without a jury, applying the rules of evidence in use in civil 2215 cases and adjourning the hearings from time to time as 2216 necessary. In an adjudicatory a hearing on a petition in which 2217 it is alleged that the child is a child in need of services, a 2218 preponderance of evidence shall be required to establish that 2219 the child is in need of services. If the court finds the 2220 allegations are proven by a preponderance of evidence and the 2221 child is a child in need of services, the court shall enter an 2222 order of adjudication. All hearings, except as hereinafter provided, shall be 2223 (C) 2224 open to the public, and no person shall be excluded therefrom

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except on special order of the judge who, in his or her

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discretion, may close any hearing to the public when the public interest or the welfare of the child, in his or her opinion, is best served by so doing. Hearings involving more than one child may be held simultaneously when the several children involved are related to each other or were involved in the same case. The child and the parent, <u>legal</u> guardian, or custodian of the child may be examined separately and apart from each other.

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(3) DISPOSITION HEARING.-

2234 (a) At the disposition hearing, if the court finds that 2235 the facts alleged in the petition of a child in need of services 2236 were proven in the adjudicatory hearing, the court shall receive 2237 and consider a predisposition study, which shall be in writing 2238 and be presented by an authorized agent of the department or its 2239 provider.

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(a) The predisposition study shall cover:

All treatment and services that the parent, <u>legal</u>
 guardian, or custodian and child received.

2243 2. The love, affection, and other emotional ties existing 2244 between the family <del>parents</del> and the child.

3. The capacity and disposition of the parents, legal guardian, or custodian to provide the child with food, clothing, medical care or other remedial care recognized and permitted under the laws of this state in lieu of medical care, and other material needs.

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4. The length of time that the child has lived in a

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2251 stable, satisfactory environment and the desirability of 2252 maintaining continuity.

5. The permanence, as a family unit, of the existing or proposed custodial home.

2255 6. The moral fitness of the parents, legal guardian, or
2256 <u>custodian</u>.

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7. The mental and physical health of the family.

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8. The home, school, and community record of the child.

9. The reasonable preference of the child, if the court
deems the child to be of sufficient intelligence, understanding,
and experience to express a preference.

2262 10. Any other factor considered by the court to be 2263 relevant.

(b) The predisposition study also shall provide the court with documentation regarding:

1. The availability of appropriate prevention, services, and treatment for the parent, <u>legal</u> guardian, custodian, and child to prevent the removal of the child from the home or to reunify the child with the parent, <u>legal</u> guardian, or custodian after removal or to reconcile the problems between the <u>family</u> parent, guardian, or custodian and the child.;

2272 2. The inappropriateness of other prevention, treatment,
2273 and services that were available.;

3. The efforts by the department to prevent <u>shelter</u> <del>out</del>
 of-home placement of the child or, when applicable, to reunify

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2276 the parent, <u>legal</u> guardian, or custodian if appropriate services 2277 were available.;

4. Whether voluntary family the services were provided.+

5. If the <u>voluntary family</u> services and treatment were provided, whether they were sufficient to meet the needs of the child and the family and to enable the child to remain at home or to be returned home.<del>;</del>

2283 6. If the <u>voluntary family</u> services and treatment were not 2284 provided, the reasons for such lack of provision<u>.;</u> and

7. The need for, or appropriateness of, continuing such treatment and services if the child remains in the custody of the parent, <u>legal</u> guardian, or custodian or if the child is placed outside the home.

(c) If placement of the child with anyone other than the child's parent, <u>legal</u> guardian, or custodian is being considered, the study shall include the designation of a specific length of time as to when custody by the parent, <u>legal</u> guardian, or custodian shall be reconsidered.

(d) A copy of this predisposition study shall be furnished
to the person having custody of the child at the time such
person is notified of the disposition hearing.

(e) After review of the predisposition study and other relevant materials, the court shall hear from the parties and consider all recommendations for court-ordered services, evaluations, treatment and required actions designed to remedy

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the child's truancy, ungovernable behavior, or running away. The court shall enter an order of disposition. Any other relevant and material evidence, including other written or oral reports, may be received by the court in its

effort to determine the action to be taken with regard to the child and may be relied upon to the extent of its probative value, even though not competent in an adjudicatory hearing. Except as provided in paragraph (2)(c), nothing in this section does not shall prohibit the publication of proceedings in a hearing.

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(4) REVIEW HEARINGS.-

(a) The court shall hold a review hearing within 45 days
after the disposition hearing. Additional review hearings may be
held as necessary, allowing sufficient time for the child and
family to work toward compliance with the court orders and
monitoring by the case manager. No longer than 90 days may
elapse between judicial review hearings but no less than 45 days
after the date of the last review hearing.

(b) The parent, legal guardian, or custodian and the child shall be noticed to appear for the review hearing. The department must appear at the review hearing. If the parent, legal guardian, or custodian does not appear at a review hearing, or if the court finds good cause to waive the child's presence, the court may proceed with the hearing and enter

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orders that affect the child and family accordingly.
(c) (b) At the review hearings, the court shall consider
the department's judicial review summary. The court shall close
the case if the child has substantially complied with the case
plans and court orders and no longer requires continued court
supervision, subject to the case being reopened. <u>Upon request of</u>
the petitioner, the court may close the case and relinquish
jurisdiction. If the child has significantly failed to comply
with the case plan or court orders, the child shall continue to
be a child in need of services <u>and</u> reviewed by the court as
needed. At review hearings, the court may enter further orders
to adjust the services case plan to address the family needs and
compliance with court orders, including, but not limited to,
ordering the child placed in shelter, but no less than 45 days
after the date of the last review hearing.
Section 24. Section 984.21, Florida Statutes, is amended
to read:
984.21 Orders of adjudication
<u>(1)</u> An order of adjudication by a court that a child is
a child in need of services is a civil adjudication, and is
services shall not be deemed a conviction, nor shall the child
be deemed to have been found guilty or to be a <u>delinquent or</u>
criminal by reason of <del>that</del> adjudication, nor shall that
adjudication operate to impose upon the child any of the civil
disabilities ordinarily imposed by or resulting from conviction

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2351 or disqualify or prejudice the child in any civil service 2352 application or appointment.

2353 (2)(1) If the court finds that the child named in a 2354 petition is not a child in need of services, it shall enter an 2355 order so finding and dismiss dismissing the case.

(2) If the court finds that the child named in the 2356 2357 petition is a child in need of services, but finds that no 2358 action other than supervision in the home is required, it may 2359 enter an order briefly stating the facts upon which its finding 2360 is based, but withholding an order of adjudication and placing 2361 the child and family under the supervision of the department. If 2362 the court later finds that the parent, guardian, or custodian of the child have not complied with the conditions of supervision 2363 2364 imposed, the court may, after a hearing to establish the 2365 noncompliance, but without further evidence of the state of the 2366 child in need of services, enter an order of adjudication and 2367 shall thereafter have full authority under this chapter to provide for the child as adjudicated. 2368

(3) If the court finds by a preponderance of evidence that the child named in a petition is a child in need of services, but elects not to proceed under subsection (2), it shall incorporate that finding in an order of adjudication entered in the case, briefly stating the facts upon which the finding is made, and the court shall thereafter have full authority under this chapter to provide for the child as adjudicated.

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2376 Section 25. Section 984.22, Florida Statutes, is amended 2377 to read: 2378 984.22 Powers of disposition.-2379 If the court finds that services and treatment have (1)2380 not been provided or used utilized by a child or family, the 2381 court having jurisdiction of the child in need of services shall 2382 have the power to direct the least intrusive and least 2383 restrictive disposition, as follows: 2384 (a) Order the parent, legal guardian, or custodian and the 2385 child to participate in treatment, services, and any other 2386 alternative identified as necessary. 2387 Order the parent, legal guardian, or custodian to pay (b) 2388 a fine or fee based on the recommendations of the department. 2389 When any child is adjudicated by the court to be a (2) child in need of services, the court having jurisdiction of the 2390 2391 child and parent, legal guardian, or custodian shall have the 2392 power, by order, to: 2393 Place the child under the supervision of the (a) 2394 department's authorized agent contracted provider of programs and services for children in need of services and families in 2395 2396 need of services. The term "supervision," for the purposes of 2397 this section, means services as defined by the contract between 2398 the department and the provider. Place the child in the temporary legal custody of an 2399 (b) 2400 adult willing to care for the child.

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2401 Commit the child to a licensed child-caring agency (C)2402 willing to receive the child and to provide services without 2403 compensation from the department. 2404 Order the child, and, if the court finds it (d) 2405 appropriate, the parent, legal guardian, or custodian of the 2406 child, to render community service in a public service program. 2407 (e) Order the child placed in shelter pursuant to s. 2408 984.225 or s. 984.226. 2409 When any child is adjudicated by the court to be a (3) 2410 child in need of services and temporary legal custody of the 2411 child has been placed with an adult willing to care for the 2412 child, or a licensed child-caring agency, the Department of Juvenile Justice, or the Department of Children and Families, 2413 2414 the court shall order the natural or adoptive parents of such 2415 child, including the natural father of such child born out of 2416 wedlock who has acknowledged his paternity in writing before the 2417 court, or the guardian of such child's estate if possessed of 2418 assets which under law may be disbursed for the care, support, 2419 and maintenance of such child, to pay child support to the adult 2420 relative caring for the child, the licensed child-caring agency, 2421 the department of Juvenile Justice, or the Department of 2422 Children and Families. When such order affects the quardianship 2423 estate, a certified copy of such order shall be delivered to the judge having jurisdiction of such guardianship estate. If the 2424 court determines that the parent is unable to pay support, 2425

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2426 placement of the child shall not be contingent upon issuance of 2427 a support order. The department may employ a collection agency to receive, collect, and manage for the purpose of receiving, 2428 collecting, and managing the payment of unpaid and delinquent 2429 2430 fees. The collection agency must be registered and in good 2431 standing under chapter 559. The department may pay to the 2432 collection agency a fee from the amount collected under the 2433 claim or may authorize the agency to deduct the fee from the 2434 amount collected.

2435 (4) All payments of fees made to the department under this 2436 chapter, or child support payments made to the department 2437 pursuant to subsection (3), shall be deposited in the General 2438 Revenue Fund.

2439 <u>(4) (5)</u> In carrying out the provisions of this chapter, the 2440 court shall order the child, family, parent, <u>legal</u> guardian, or 2441 custodian of a child who is found to be a child in need of 2442 services to participate in family counseling and other 2443 professional counseling activities or other alternatives deemed 2444 necessary <u>to address the needs</u> for the rehabilitation of the 2445 child <u>and family</u>.

2446 <u>(5)</u> (6) The participation and cooperation of the family, 2447 parent, <u>legal</u> guardian, or custodian, and the child with court-2448 ordered services, treatment, or community service are mandatory, 2449 not merely voluntary. The court may use its contempt powers to 2450 enforce its orders <del>order</del>.

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2451 Section 26. Section 984.225, Florida Statutes, is amended 2452 to read: 2453 984.225 Powers of disposition; placement in a staff-secure 2454 shelter.-2455 (1)Subject to specific legislative appropriation, The court may order that a child adjudicated as a child in need of 2456 2457 services be placed in shelter to enforce the court's orders, to ensure the child attends school, to ensure the child receives 2458 2459 needed counseling, and to ensure the child adheres to a service 2460 plan. While a child is in a shelter, the child shall receive 2461 education commensurate with his or her grade level and 2462 educational ability. The department, or the department's 2463 authorized agent, must verify to the court that a shelter bed is 2464 available for the child. If the department or the department's 2465 authorized agent verifies that a bed is not available, the 2466 department shall place the child's name on a waiting list. The 2467 child who has been on the waiting list the longest shall get the 2468 next available bed. for up to 90 days in a staff-secure shelter 2469 <del>if:</del> 2470 (2) The court shall order the parent, legal guardian, or 2471 custodian to cooperate with reunification efforts and 2472 participate in counseling. If a parent, legal guardian, or 2473 custodian prefers to arrange counseling or other services with a 2474 private provider in lieu of using services provided by the department, the family shall pay all costs associated with those 2475

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2476 services.

2477 (3) Placement of a child under this section is designed to 2478 provide residential care on a temporary basis. Such placement 2479 does not abrogate the legal responsibilities of the parent, legal guardian, or custodian with respect to the child, except 2480 2481 to the extent that those responsibilities are temporarily 2482 altered by court order. 2483 The court may order any child adjudicated a child in (a) 2484 need of services to be placed in shelter for up to 35 days. 2485 (b) After other alternative, less restrictive, remedies 2486 have been exhausted, the child may be placed in shelter for up 2487 to 90 days if: 1.(a) The child's parent, legal guardian, or legal 2488 2489 custodian refuses to provide food, clothing, shelter, and 2490 necessary parental support for the child and the refusal is a 2491 direct result of an established pattern of significant 2492 disruptive behavior of the child in the home of the parent, 2493 legal guardian, or legal custodian;

2494 <u>2.(b)</u> The child refuses to remain under the reasonable 2495 care and custody of <u>the</u> his or her parent, <u>legal</u> guardian, or 2496 <del>legal</del> custodian, as evidenced by repeatedly running away and 2497 failing to comply with a court order; or

24983.(c)The child has failed to successfully complete an2499alternative treatment program or to comply with a court-ordered2500services sanction and the child has been placed in a shelter

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2501 residential program on at least one prior occasion pursuant to a 2502 court order after the child has been adjudicated a child in need 2503 of services under this chapter. 2504 The court shall review the child's 90-day shelter (4) 2505 placement within 45 days after the child's placement and 2506 determine whether continued shelter is deemed necessary. The 2507 court shall also determine whether the parent, legal guardian, 2508 or custodian has reasonably participated in the child's 2509 counseling and treatment program, and is following the 2510 recommendations of the program to work toward reunification. The 2511 court shall also determine whether the department's 2512 reunification efforts have been reasonable. If the court finds 2513 an inadequate level of support or participation by the parent, 2514 legal guardian, or custodian before the end of the shelter 2515 commitment period, the court shall direct a staffing to take 2516 place with the Department of Children and Families. 2517 (2) This section applies after other alternative, less-2518 restrictive remedies have been exhausted. The court may order 2519 that a child be placed in a staff-secure shelter. The 2520 an authorized representative of the department, department, or 2521 must verify to the court that a bed is available for the child. 2522 If the department or an authorized representative of the 2523 department verifies that a bed is not available, the department 2524 will place the child's name on a waiting list. The child who has 2525 been on the waiting list the longest will get the next available

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2526	bed.
2527	(3) The court shall order the parent, guardian, or legal
2528	custodian to cooperate with efforts to reunite the child with
2529	the family, participate in counseling, and pay all costs
2530	associated with the care and counseling provided to the child
2531	and family, in accordance with the family's ability to pay as
2532	determined by the court. Commitment of a child under this
2533	section is designed to provide residential care on a temporary
2534	basis. Such commitment does not abrogate the legal
2535	responsibilities of the parent, guardian, or legal custodian
2536	with respect to the child, except to the extent that those
2537	responsibilities are temporarily altered by court order.
2538	(4) While a child is in a staff-secure shelter, the child
2539	shall receive education commensurate with his or her grade level
2540	and educational ability.
2541	(5) If a child has not been reunited with his or her
2542	parent, <u>legal</u> guardian, or <del>legal</del> custodian at the expiration of
2543	the 90-day commitment period, the court may order that the child
2544	remain in the <del>staff-secure</del> shelter for an additional 30 days if
2545	the court finds that reunification could be achieved within that
2546	period.
2547	(6) The department is deemed to have exhausted the
2548	reasonable remedies offered under this chapter if, at the end of
2549	the <u>90-day shelter</u> <del>commitment</del> period, the parent, <u>legal</u>
2550	guardian, or <del>legal</del> custodian continues to refuse to allow the
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2551 child to remain at home or creates unreasonable conditions for 2552 the child's return. If, at the end of the 90-day shelter 2553 commitment period, the child is not reunited with his or her 2554 parent, legal guardian, or custodian due solely to the continued 2555 refusal of the parent, legal guardian, or custodian to provide 2556 food, clothing, shelter, and parental support, the child is 2557 considered to be threatened with harm as a result of such acts 2558 or omissions, and the court shall direct that the child be 2559 handled in every respect as a dependent child. Jurisdiction 2560 shall be transferred to the custody of the Department of 2561 Children and Families, and the child's care shall be governed 2562 under the relevant provisions of chapter 39. The department 2563 shall coordinate with the Department of Children and Families as 2564 provided in s. 984.086. The clerk of court shall serve the 2565 Department of Children and Families with any court order of 2566 referral. 2567 (7) The court shall review the child's commitment once 2568 every 45 days as provided in s. 984.20. The court shall 2569 determine whether the parent, guardian, or custodian has 2570 reasonably participated in and financially contributed to the 2571 child's counseling and treatment program. The court shall also 2572 determine whether the department's efforts to reunite the family 2573 have been reasonable. If the court finds an inadequate level of 2574 support or participation by the parent, guardian, or custodian 2575 prior to the end of the commitment period, the court shall

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2576 direct that the child be handled in every respect as a dependent 2577 child. Jurisdiction shall be transferred to the Department of 2578 Children and Families, and the child's care shall be governed 2579 under the relevant provisions of chapter 39.

2580 (6) (8) If the child requires residential mental health 2581 treatment or residential care for a developmental disability, 2582 the court shall refer the child to the Agency for Persons with 2583 <u>Disabilities or</u> to the Department of Children and Families for 2584 the provision of necessary services.

2585 Section 27. Section 984.226, Florida Statutes, is amended 2586 to read:

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984.226 Physically secure shelter setting.-

(1) Subject to specific legislative appropriation, the department of Juvenile Justice shall establish or contract for physically secure <u>shelters</u> settings designated exclusively for the placement of children in need of services who meet the criteria provided in this section.

(2) When a petition is filed alleging that a child 2593 2594 child in need of services, the child must be represented by 2595 counsel at each court appearance unless the record in that 2596 proceeding affirmatively demonstrates by clear and convincing 2597 evidence that the child knowingly and intelligently waived the 2598 right to counsel after being fully advised by the court of the nature of the proceedings and the dispositional alternatives 2599 2600 available to the court under this section. If the court decides

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to appoint counsel for the child and if the child is indigent, the court shall appoint an attorney to represent the child as provided under s. 985.033. Nothing precludes the court from requesting reimbursement of attorney's fees and costs from the nonindigent parent or legal guardian.

2606 (2)-(3) When a child is adjudicated as a child in need of 2607 services by a court <u>and all other less restrictive placements</u> 2608 <u>have been exhausted</u>, the court may order the child to be placed 2609 in a physically secure <u>shelter</u> <del>setting authorized in this</del> 2610 <del>section</del> if the child has:

(a) Failed to appear for placement in a staff-secure shelter for up to 90 days as ordered under s. 984.225, or failed to comply with any other provision of a valid court order relating to such placement and, as a result of such failure, has been found to be in direct or indirect contempt of court; or

(b) Run away from a <u>90-day</u> staff-secure shelter following
placement under s. 984.225 or s. <u>984.09</u>.

The department or an authorized <u>agent</u> representative of the department must verify to the court that a bed is available for the child <u>in a physically secure shelter</u>. If a bed is not available <u>in a physically secure shelter</u>, the court must stay the placement until <u>such</u> a bed is available, and the department must place the child's name on a waiting list. The child who has been on the waiting list the longest has first priority for

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2626 placement in the physically secure shelter. Physically secure 2627 shelter placement may only be used when the child cannot receive 2628 appropriate and available services due to the child running away 2629 or refusing to cooperate with attempts to provide services in other less restrictive placements setting. 2630

2631 (3) (4) A child may be placed in a physically secure 2632 shelter setting for up to 90 days by order of the court. If a 2633 child has not been reunited with his or her parent, legal quardian, or legal custodian at the expiration of the placement 2634 2635 in a physically secure shelter setting, the court may order that 2636 the child remain in the physically secure shelter setting for an 2637 additional 30 days if the court finds that reunification could 2638 be achieved within that period.

2639 The court shall review the child's placement (4)<del>(5)</del>(a) once within every 45 days to determine whether the child can be 2640 2641 returned home with the provision of ongoing services as provided 2642 in s. 984.20.

2643 (b) At any time during the placement of a child in need of 2644 services in a physically secure shelter setting, the department 2645 or an authorized agent representative of the department may 2646 submit to the court a report that recommends:

2647 That the child has received all of the services 1. 2648 available from the physically secure shelter setting and is ready for reunification with a parent or guardian; or 2649 2. That the child is unlikely to benefit from continued

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2651 placement in the physically secure shelter setting and is more 2652 likely to have his or her needs met in a different type of 2653 placement. The court may order that the child be transitioned 2654 from a physically secure shelter to a shelter placement as 2655 provided in s. 984.225 upon a finding that the physically secure 2656 shelter is no longer necessary for the child's safety and to 2657 provide needed services. 2658 The court shall determine if the parent, legal (C) 2659 quardian, or custodian has reasonably participated in and has 2660 financially contributed to or participated in the child's 2661 counseling and treatment program. 2662 If the court finds an inadequate level of support or (d) 2663 participation by the parent, legal guardian, or custodian before the end of the placement, the court shall direct a staffing to 2664 2665 take place with the Department of Children and Families that the 2666 child be handled as a dependent child, jurisdiction shall be 2667 transferred to the Department of Children and Families, and the 2668 child's care shall be governed by chapter 39.

(e) If the child requires <u>long-term</u> residential mental
health treatment or residential care for a developmental
disability, the court shall refer the child to the Department of
Children and Families <u>or the Agency for Persons with</u>
<u>Disabilities</u> for the provision of necessary services. <u>The clerk</u>
<u>of court shall serve the Agency for Persons with Disabilities or</u>
the Department of Children and Families with any court order of

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2025

2676 referral.

2677 <u>(5)</u> (6) Prior to being ordered to a physically secure 2678 <u>shelter</u> setting, the child must be afforded all rights of due 2679 process required under s. 984.07 <u>985.037</u>.

2680 (6) While in the physically secure <u>shelter</u> setting, the 2681 child shall receive appropriate assessment, <u>intervention</u>, 2682 treatment, and educational services that are designed to 2683 eliminate or reduce the child's truant, ungovernable, or runaway 2684 behavior. The child and family shall be provided with <u>individual</u> 2685 <u>and</u> family counseling and other support services necessary for 2686 reunification.

2687 (7) The court shall order the parent, legal guardian, or 2688 legal custodian to cooperate with efforts to reunite the child 2689 with the family, participate in counseling, and pay all costs associated with the care and counseling provided to the child 2690 2691 and family, in accordance with the child's insurance and the 2692 family's ability to pay as determined by the court. Placement of 2693 a child under this section is designed to provide residential 2694 care on a temporary basis. Such placement does not abrogate the 2695 legal responsibilities of the parent, legal guardian, or legal 2696 custodian with respect to the child, except to the extent that 2697 those responsibilities are temporarily altered by court order.

2698 Section 28. Section 985.731, Florida Statutes, is 2699 transferred and renumbered as section 787.035, Florida Statutes. 2700 Section 29. Subsection (9) of section 985.03, Florida

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2701	Statutes, is amended to read:
2702	985.03 DefinitionsAs used in this chapter, the term:
2703	(9) "Child who has been found to have committed a
2704	delinquent act" means a child who, under this chapter, is found
2705	by a court to have committed a violation of law or to be in
2706	direct or indirect contempt of court, except that this
2707	definition does not include an act constituting contempt of
2708	court arising out of a <del>dependency</del> proceeding <u>under chapter 39 or</u>
2709	<u>chapter 984</u> or a proceeding concerning a child or family in need
2710	of services.
2711	Section 30. Subsection (4) of section 985.24, Florida
2712	Statutes, is amended to read:
2713	985.24 Use of detention; prohibitions
2714	(4) A child who is alleged to be dependent under chapter
2715	39, <u>or any child subject to proceedings under chapter 984, <del>but</del></u>
2716	who is not alleged to have committed a delinquent act or
2717	violation of law, may not, under any circumstances, be placed
2718	into secure detention care.
2719	Section 31. Section 1003.26, Florida Statutes, is amended
2720	to read:
2721	1003.26 Enforcement of school attendanceThe Legislature
2722	finds that poor academic performance is associated with
2723	nonattendance and that school districts must take an active role
2724	in promoting and enforcing attendance as a means of improving
2725	student performance. It is the policy of the state that each
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2726 district school superintendent be responsible for enforcing 2727 school attendance of all students subject to the compulsory 2728 school age in the school district and supporting enforcement of 2729 school attendance by local law enforcement agencies. The 2730 responsibility includes recommending policies and procedures to 2731 the district school board that require public schools to respond 2732 in a timely manner to every unexcused absence, and every absence 2733 for which the reason is unknown, of students enrolled in the schools. District school board policies shall require the parent 2734 2735 of a student to justify each absence of the student, and that 2736 justification will be evaluated based on adopted district school 2737 board policies that define excused and unexcused absences. The 2738 policies must provide that public schools track excused and 2739 unexcused absences and contact the home in the case of an 2740 unexcused absence from school, or an absence from school for 2741 which the reason is unknown, to prevent the development of 2742 patterns of nonattendance. The Legislature finds that early 2743 intervention in school attendance is the most effective way of 2744 producing good attendance habits that will lead to improved 2745 student learning and achievement. Each public school is required 2746 to shall implement the following steps to promote and enforce 2747 regular school attendance:

2748

(1) CONTACT, REFER, AND ENFORCE.-

(a) Upon each unexcused absence, or absence for which thereason is unknown, the school principal or his or her designee

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2751 <u>must shall</u> contact the student's parent to determine the reason 2752 for the absence. If the absence is an excused absence, as 2753 defined by district school board policy, the school shall 2754 provide opportunities for the student to make up assigned work 2755 and not receive an academic penalty unless the work is not made 2756 up within a reasonable time.

2757 (b) If a student has had at least five unexcused absences, 2758 or absences for which the reasons are unknown, within a calendar 2759 month or 10 unexcused absences, or absences for which the 2760 reasons are unknown, within a 90-calendar-day period, the 2761 student's primary teacher must shall report to the school 2762 principal or his or her designee that the student may be 2763 exhibiting a pattern of nonattendance. The principal shall, 2764 Unless there is clear evidence that the absences are not a 2765 pattern of nonattendance, the principal must refer the case to 2766 the school's child study team to determine if early patterns of 2767 truancy are developing. If the child study team finds that a 2768 pattern of nonattendance is developing, whether the absences are 2769 excused or not, a meeting with the parent must be scheduled to 2770 identify potential remedies, and the principal must shall notify 2771 the district school superintendent and the school district 2772 contact for home education programs that the referred student is 2773 exhibiting a pattern of nonattendance. The child study team may 2774 allow the parent to attend the meeting virtually or by telephone if the parent is unable to attend the meeting in person. 2775

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2776 If the parent or child fails to attend the child study (C) 2777 team meeting, the meeting shall be held in his or her absence, 2778 and the child study team shall make written recommendations to 2779 remediate the truancy based upon the information available to the school. The recommendations shall be provided to the parent 2780 2781 within 7 days after the child study team meeting. If the an 2782 initial meeting does not resolve the problem, the child study 2783 team shall implement the following: 2784 1. Frequent attempts at communication between the teacher 2785 and the family. 2786 Attempt to determine the reasons the child is truant 2. 2787 from school and provide remedies if available or refer the family to services, including referring the family for available 2788 2789 scholarship options if the learning environment is an issue of 2790 concern. 2791 3.2. Evaluation for alternative education programs. 2792 4.<del>3.</del> Attendance contracts. 2793 2794 The child study team may, but is not required to, implement 2795 other interventions, including referral to the Department of 2796 Juvenile Justice's designated provider for voluntary family 2797 services, or to other agencies for family services or recommend 2798 recommendation for filing a truancy petition pursuant to s. 984.151. 2799 2800 The child study team must shall be diligent in (d)

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2801 facilitating intervention services and shall report the case to 2802 the district school superintendent only when all reasonable 2803 efforts to resolve the nonattendance behavior are exhausted.

If the parent refuses to participate in the remedial 2804 (e) 2805 strategies because he or she believes that those strategies are 2806 unnecessary or inappropriate, the parent may appeal to the 2807 district school board. The district school board may provide a 2808 hearing officer, and the hearing officer shall make a 2809 recommendation for final action to the district school board. If the district school board's final determination is that the 2810 2811 strategies of the child study team are appropriate, and the 2812 parent still refuses to participate or cooperate, the district 2813 school superintendent may seek criminal prosecution for 2814 noncompliance with compulsory school attendance.

2815 (f)1. If the parent of a child who has been identified as 2816 exhibiting a pattern of nonattendance enrolls the child in a 2817 home education program pursuant to chapter 1002, the district 2818 school superintendent shall provide the parent a copy of s. 2819 1002.41 and the accountability requirements of this paragraph. 2820 The district school superintendent shall also refer the parent 2821 to a home education review committee composed of the district 2822 contact for home education programs and at least two home 2823 educators selected by the parent from a district list of all 2824 home educators who have conducted a home education program for 2825 at least 3 years and who have indicated a willingness to serve

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2826 on the committee. The home education review committee shall 2827 review the portfolio of the student, as defined by s. 1002.41, 2828 every 30 days during the district's regular school terms until 2829 the committee is satisfied that the home education program is in 2830 compliance with s. 1002.41(1)(d). The first portfolio review 2831 must occur within the first 30 calendar days after of the 2832 establishment of the program. The provisions of subparagraph 2. 2833 do not apply once the committee determines the home education 2834 program is in compliance with s. 1002.41(1)(d).

2835 2. If the parent fails to provide a portfolio to the 2836 committee, the committee shall notify the district school 2837 superintendent. The district school superintendent shall then 2838 terminate the home education program and require the parent to 2839 enroll the child in an attendance option that meets the 2840 definition of the term "regular school attendance" under s. 2841 1003.01(16)(a), (b), (c), or (e), within 3 days. Upon 2842 termination of a home education program pursuant to this 2843 subparagraph, the parent shall not be eligible to reenroll the 2844 child in a home education program for 180 calendar days. Failure 2845 of a parent to enroll the child in an attendance option as 2846 required by this subparagraph after termination of the home 2847 education program pursuant to this subparagraph shall constitute 2848 noncompliance with the compulsory attendance requirements of s. 2849 1003.21 and may result in criminal prosecution under s. 1003.27(2). Nothing contained herein shall restrict the ability 2850

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2851 of the district school superintendent, or the ability of his or 2852 her designee, to review the portfolio pursuant to s. 2853 1002.41(1)(e).

2854 If a student subject to compulsory school attendance (q) 2855 will not comply with attempts to enforce school attendance, the 2856 parent or the district school superintendent or his or her 2857 designee must shall refer the case to the Department of Juvenile 2858 Justice's authorized agent, which shall then offer voluntary 2859 family services, and schedule a meeting of the case staffing 2860 committee pursuant to s. 984.12 if the services do not remediate 2861 the child's truancy, and the district school superintendent or 2862 his or her designee may file a truancy petition pursuant to the 2863 procedures in s. 984.151.

(h) If a student subject to compulsory school attendance is responsive to the interventions described in this section and has completed the necessary requirements to pass the current grade as indicated in the district pupil progression plan, the student may not be determined to be a habitual truant and shall be promoted.

2870

(2) GIVE WRITTEN NOTICE.-

(a) Under the direction of the district school
superintendent, a designated school representative <u>must provide</u>
shall give written notice <u>in person or by return-receipt mail to</u>
the parent, requiring the child's that requires enrollment or
attendance within 3 days after the date of notice, <u>in person or</u>

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2876 by return-receipt mail, to the parent when no valid reason is 2877 found for a student's nonenrollment in school if the child is 2878 under compulsory education requirements, and is not exempt. If 2879 the child is not enrolled or in attendance in school within 3 2880 days after the notice being provided and requirement are 2881 ignored, the designated school representative must shall report 2882 the case to the district school superintendent, who must may 2883 refer the case to the child study team in paragraph (1)(b) at the school the student would be assigned according to district 2884 2885 school board attendance area policies. In addition, the 2886 designated school representative may refer the case to the 2887 Department of Juvenile Justice's authorized agent for families in need of services or to the case staffing committee, 2888 2889 established pursuant to s. 984.12. The child study team must 2890 shall diligently facilitate intervention services and shall 2891 report the case back to the district school superintendent 2892 within 15 days after referral of the case if only when all 2893 reasonable efforts to resolve the nonenrollment behavior have 2894 been made and the child is still not attending school are 2895 exhausted. If the parent still refuses to cooperate or enroll 2896 the child in school within 15 days after referral of the case to 2897 the child study team, the district school superintendent must 2898 make a report to law enforcement and refer the case to the 2899 Office of the State Attorney shall take such steps as are 2900 necessary to bring criminal prosecution against the parent.

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2901 Subsequent to referring the case to the Office of the (b) 2902 State Attorney the activities required under subsection (1), the 2903 district school superintendent or his or her designee must shall 2904 give written notice in person or by return-receipt mail to the 2905 parent that criminal prosecution is being sought for 2906 nonattendance. The district school superintendent may file a 2907 truancy petition, as defined in s. 984.03, following the 2908 procedures outlined in s. 984.151.

2909 RETURN STUDENT TO PARENT. - A designated school (3)2910 representative may visit the home or place of residence of a 2911 student and any other place in which he or she is likely to find 2912 any student who is required to attend school when the student is 2913 not enrolled or is absent from school during school hours 2914 without an excuse, and, when the student is found, shall return 2915 the student to his or her parent or to the principal or teacher 2916 in charge of the school, or to the private tutor from whom 2917 absent. If the parent cannot be located or is unavailable to 2918 take custody of the child, and the child is not to be presented 2919 to the child's school or tutor, the youth shall be referred to 2920 the Department of Juvenile Justice's shelter, to another 2921 facility, or to the juvenile assessment center or other location 2922 established by the district school board to receive students who 2923 are absent from school. Upon receipt of the student, the parent shall be immediately notified. 2924

2925

(4) REPORT TO APPROPRIATE AUTHORITY.-A designated school

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2926 representative shall report to the appropriate authority 2927 designated by law to receive such notices, all violations of the 2928 Child Labor Law that may come to his or her knowledge. 2929 RIGHT TO INSPECT.-A designated school representative (5) 2930 shall have the right of access to, and inspection of, 2931 establishments where minors may be employed or detained only for 2932 the purpose of ascertaining whether students of compulsory 2933 school age are actually employed there and are actually working 2934 there regularly. The designated school representative shall, if 2935 he or she finds unsatisfactory working conditions or violations of the Child Labor Law, report his or her findings to the 2936 2937 appropriate authority. 2938 Section 32. Subsections (2), (3), (4), (6), and (7) of 2939 section 1003.27, Florida Statutes, are amended to read: 2940 1003.27 Court procedure and penalties.-The court procedure 2941 and penalties for the enforcement of the provisions of this 2942 part, relating to compulsory school attendance, shall be as 2943 follows: 2944 (2) NONENROLLMENT AND NONATTENDANCE CASES.-2945 (a) In each case of nonenrollment or of nonattendance upon 2946 the part of a student who is required to attend some school, 2947 when no valid reason for such nonenrollment or nonattendance is 2948 found, The district school superintendent shall institute a 2949 criminal prosecution against the student's parent, in each case of nonenrollment or of nonattendance of a student who is 2950

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2951 required to attend school, when no valid reason for the 2952 nonenrollment or nonattendance is found. However, Criminal 2953 prosecution may not be instituted against the student's parent 2954 until the school and school district have complied with s. 2955 1003.26.

2956 Each public school principal or the principal's (b) 2957 designee must shall notify the district school board of each 2958 minor student under its jurisdiction who accumulates 15 2959 unexcused absences in a period of 90 calendar days. Reports 2960 shall be made to the district school board at the end of each 2961 school quarter. The calculation of 15 absences within 90 days 2962 are determined based on calendar days and are not limited to the 2963 span of one school quarter during which the nonattendance begins 2964 or ends. The district school board shall verify the schools 2965 reporting 15 or more unexcused absences within a 90-day period 2966 have complied with the requirements of remediating truancy at 2967 the school level or pursuing appropriate court intervention as 2968 provided in this section. Any school not meeting the 2969 requirements in this paragraph shall provide a remedial action 2970 plan to the school board within 30 days, and followup within 90 2971 days to confirm all truancy cases have been addressed either 2972 through the child's enrollment and regular attendance or 2973 referral of the case to the appropriate court or agency to 2974 pursue court intervention. 2975 The district school superintendent must provide the (C)

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2976 Department of Highway Safety and Motor Vehicles the legal name, 2977 sex, date of birth, and social security number of each minor 2978 student who has been reported under this paragraph (b) and who fails to otherwise satisfy the requirements of s. 322.091. The 2979 Department of Highway Safety and Motor Vehicles may not issue a 2980 2981 driver license or learner's driver license to, and shall suspend 2982 any previously issued driver license or learner's driver license 2983 of, any such minor student, pursuant to the provisions of s. 2984 322.091.

2985 (d) (c) Each designee of the governing body of each private 2986 school and each parent whose child is enrolled in a home 2987 education program or personalized education program may provide 2988 the Department of Highway Safety and Motor Vehicles with the 2989 legal name, sex, date of birth, and social security number of each minor student under his or her jurisdiction who fails to 2990 2991 satisfy relevant attendance requirements and who fails to 2992 otherwise satisfy the requirements of s. 322.091. The Department 2993 of Highway Safety and Motor Vehicles may not issue a driver 2994 license or learner's driver license to, and shall suspend any 2995 previously issued driver license or learner's driver license of, 2996 any such minor student pursuant to s. 322.091.

(3) HABITUAL TRUANCY CASES. – The district school
 superintendent <u>may</u> is authorized to file a truancy petition
 <u>seeking early truancy intervention</u>, as defined in s. 984.03,
 following the procedures outlined in s. 984.151. If the district

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3001 school superintendent chooses not to file a truancy petition, 3002 the case must be referred to the Department of Juvenile 3003 Justice's authorized agent for families in need of services. The 3004 procedures for filing a child in need of services child-in-need-3005 of-services petition must shall be commenced pursuant to this 3006 subsection and chapter 984 if voluntary family services do not 3007 remediate the child's truancy. The. In accordance with 3008 procedures established by the district school board, the 3009 designated school representative must shall refer a student who 3010 is a habitual habitually truant and the student's family to the 3011 Department of Juvenile Justice's designated children in need of 3012 services provider for provision of voluntary services, and may refer the case to children-in-need-of-services and families-in-3013 3014 need-of-services provider or the case staffing committee, 3015 established pursuant to s. 984.12, following the referral 3016 process established by the cooperative interagency agreement as 3017 determined by the cooperative agreement required in this 3018 section. The case staffing committee may request the Department 3019 of Juvenile Justice or its designee to file a petition for child 3020 in need of services child-in-need-of-services petition based 3021 upon the report and efforts of the district school board or 3022 other community agency, and early truancy intervention by the circuit court, after review and an initial meeting, or may seek 3023 3024 to resolve the truant behavior through the school or communitybased organizations or other state or local agencies. Prior to 3025

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3026 and subsequent to the filing of a child-in-need-of-services 3027 petition for a child in need of services due to habitual 3028 truancy, the appropriate governmental agencies must allow a 3029 reasonable time to complete actions required by this section and 3030 ss. 984.11 and s. 1003.26 to remedy the conditions leading to 3031 the truant behavior. Prior to the filing of a petition, the 3032 district school board must have complied with the requirements 3033 of s. 1003.26, and those efforts must have been unsuccessful.

(4) COOPERATIVE AGREEMENTS. - The circuit manager of the
 Department of Juvenile Justice's authorized agent Justice or his
 or her designee, the circuit manager's designee, the district
 administrator of the Department of Children and Families or the
 district administrator's designee, and the district school
 superintendent or his or her the superintendent's designee must
 develop a cooperative interagency agreement that:

3041 (a) Clearly defines each department's role,
3042 responsibility, and function in working with habitual truants
3043 and their families.

3044 (b) Identifies and implements measures to <u>quickly</u> resolve 3045 and reduce truant behavior.

3046 (c) Addresses issues of streamlining service delivery, the 3047 appropriateness of legal intervention, case management, the role 3048 and responsibility of the case staffing committee, student and 3049 parental intervention and involvement, and community action 3050 plans.

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3051 Delineates timeframes for implementation and (d) 3052 identifies a mechanism for reporting results by the Department 3053 of Juvenile Justice or its authorized agent circuit juvenile justice manager or the circuit manager's designee and the 3054 3055 district school superintendent or the superintendent's designee 3056 to the Department of Juvenile Justice and the Department of 3057 Education and other governmental entities as needed. 3058 Designates which agency is responsible for each of the (e) 3059 intervention steps in this section, to yield more effective and efficient intervention services. 3060 3061 PROCEEDINGS AND PROSECUTIONS; WHO MAY BEGIN.-(6)3062 Proceedings or prosecutions under this chapter may be commenced 3063 by the district school superintendent or his or her designee, by 3064 a designated school representative, by the probation officer of 3065 the county, by the executive officer of any court of competent 3066 jurisdiction, by an officer of any court of competent 3067 jurisdiction, or by a duly authorized agent of the Department of 3068 Education or the Department of Juvenile Justice, by a parent, or 3069 in the case of a criminal prosecution, by the Office of the 3070 State Attorney. If a proceeding has been commenced against both 3071 a parent and a child pursuant to this chapter, the presiding 3072 courts shall make every effort to coordinate services or sanctions against the child and parent, including ordering the 3073 child and parent to perform community service hours or attend 3074 counseling together. 3075

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3076 (7) PENALTIES.—The penalties for refusing or failing to 3077 comply with this chapter shall be as follows:

3078

(a) The parent.-

3079 1. A parent who refuses or fails to have a minor student 3080 who is under his or her control attend school regularly, or who 3081 refuses or fails to comply with the requirements in subsection 3082 (3), commits a misdemeanor of the second degree, punishable as 3083 provided in s. 775.082 or s. 775.083.

3084 The continued or habitual absence of a minor student 2. 3085 without the consent of the principal or teacher in charge of the 3086 school he or she attends or should attend, or of the tutor who 3087 instructs or should instruct him or her, is prima facie evidence 3088 of a violation of this chapter; however, a showing that the 3089 parent has made a bona fide and diligent effort to control and 3090 keep the student in school shall be an affirmative defense to any criminal or other liability under this subsection and the 3091 court shall refer the parent and child for counseling, guidance, 3092 3093 or other needed services.

3094 3. In addition to any other <u>sanctions authorized under s.</u> 3095 <u>984.151</u> <del>punishment</del>, the court shall order a parent who has 3096 violated this section to send the minor student to school, and 3097 may also order the parent to participate in an approved parent 3098 training class, attend school with the student unless this would 3099 cause undue hardship <u>or is prohibited by rules or policy of the</u> 3100 <u>school board</u>, perform community service hours <del>at the school</del>, or

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3101 participate in counseling or other services, as appropriate. If 3102 a parent is ordered to attend school with a student, the school 3103 shall provide for programming to educate the parent and student 3104 on the importance of school attendance. It shall be unlawful to 3105 terminate any employee solely because he or she is attending 3106 school with his or her child pursuant to a court order.

(b) The principal or teacher.—A principal or teacher in any public, parochial, religious, denominational, or private school, or a private tutor who willfully violates any provision of this chapter may, upon satisfactory proof of such violation, have his or her certificate revoked by the Department of Education.

3113

(c) The employer.-

3114 1. An employer who fails to notify the district school 3115 superintendent when he or she ceases to employ a student commits 3116 a misdemeanor of the second degree, punishable as provided in s. 3117 775.082 or s. 775.083.

3118 2. An employer who terminates any employee solely because 3119 he or she is attending school with a student pursuant to court 3120 order commits a misdemeanor of the second degree, punishable as 3121 provided in s. 775.082 or s. 775.083.

3122 (d) The student.-

3123 1. In addition to any other <u>sanctions</u> authorized <u>under s.</u>
 3124 <u>984.151</u> sanctions, the court shall order a student found to be a
 3125 habitual truant to make up all school work missed <u>and attend</u>

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3126 school daily with no unexcused absences or tardiness, and may 3127 order the child to and may order the student to pay a civil 3128 penalty of up to \$2, based on the student's ability to pay, for each day of school missed, perform up to 25 community service 3129 3130 hours at the school, or participate in counseling or other 3131 services, as appropriate. 3132 2. Upon a second or subsequent finding that a student is a habitual truant, the court, in addition to any other authorized 3133 sanctions, shall order the student to make up all school work 3134 3135 missed and may order the student to pay a civil penalty of up to 3136 \$5, based on the student's ability to pay, for each day of 3137 school missed, perform up to 50 community service hours at the school, or participate in counseling or other services, as 3138 3139 appropriate. 3140 Section 33. Paragraph (g) is added to subsection (7) of 3141 section 381.02035, Florida Statutes, to read: 3142 381.02035 Canadian Prescription Drug Importation Program.-3143 ELIGIBLE IMPORTERS.-The following entities may import (7)3144 prescription drugs from an eligible Canadian supplier under the 3145 program: 3146 (g) A pharmacist or wholesaler employed by or under contract with the Department of Juvenile Justice, for dispensing 3147 3148 to juveniles in the custody of the Department of Juvenile 3149 Justice. 3150 Section 34. Paragraph (a) of subsection (5) of section Page 126 of 137

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3151

3155

790.22, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

3152 790.22 Use of BB guns, air or gas-operated guns, or 3153 electric weapons or devices by minor under 16; limitation; 3154 possession of firearms by minor under 18 prohibited; penalties.-

(5)(a) A minor who violates subsection (3):

3156 1. For a first offense, commits a misdemeanor of the first 3157 degree; shall serve a period of detention of up to 5 days in a 3158 secure detention facility, with credit for time served in secure 3159 detention prior to disposition; and shall be required to perform 3160 100 hours of community service or paid work as determined by the 3161 department.

3162 2. For a second or subsequent offense, commits a felony of 3163 the third degree. For a second offense, the minor shall serve a 3164 period of detention of up to 21 days in a secure detention facility, with credit for time served in secure detention prior 3165 3166 to disposition, and shall be required to perform not less than 3167 100 nor more than 250 hours of community service or paid work as 3168 determined by the department. For a third or subsequent offense, 3169 the minor shall be adjudicated delinquent and committed to a 3170 residential program. A finding by a court that a minor committed 3171 a violation of this section, regardless of whether the court 3172 adjudicates the minor delinquent or withholds adjudication of 3173 delinquency, withhold of adjudication of delinquency shall be 3174 considered a prior offense for the purpose of determining a 3175 second, third, or subsequent offense.

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3176	
3177	For the purposes of this subsection, community service shall be
3178	performed, if possible, in a manner involving a hospital
3179	emergency room or other medical environment that deals on a
3180	regular basis with trauma patients and gunshot wounds.
3181	Section 35. Paragraph (a) of subsection (2) of section
3182	985.12, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
3183	985.12 Prearrest delinquency citation programs
3184	(2) JUDICIAL CIRCUIT DELINQUENCY CITATION PROGRAM
3185	DEVELOPMENT, IMPLEMENTATION, AND OPERATION
3186	(a) A prearrest delinquency citation program for
3187	misdemeanor offenses shall be established in each judicial
3188	circuit in the state. The state attorney and public defender of
3189	each circuit, the clerk of the court for each county in the
3190	circuit, and representatives of participating law enforcement
3191	agencies in the circuit shall create a prearrest delinquency
3192	citation program and develop its policies and procedures. In
3193	developing the program's policies and procedures, input from
3194	other interested stakeholders may be solicited. <del>The department</del>
3195	shall annually develop and provide guidelines on best practice
3196	models for prearrest delinquency citation programs to the
3197	judicial circuits as a resource.
3198	Section 36. Subsection (5) of section 985.126, Florida
3199	Statutes, is amended to read:
3200	985.126 Prearrest and postarrest diversion programs; data
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3201 collection; denial of participation or expunded record.-3202 The department shall provide a quarterly report to be (5) 3203 published on its website and distributed to the Governor, 3204 President of the Senate, and Speaker of the House of 3205 Representatives listing the entities that use prearrest 3206 delinquency citations for less than 80 70 percent of first-time 3207 misdemeanor offenses. 3208 Section 37. Paragraph (c) of subsection (1) of section 3209 985.25, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 3210 985.25 Detention intake.-3211 (1) The department shall receive custody of a child who 3212 has been taken into custody from the law enforcement agency or 3213 court and shall review the facts in the law enforcement report 3214 or probable cause affidavit and make such further inquiry as may 3215 be necessary to determine whether detention care is appropriate. If the final score on the child's risk assessment 3216 (C) 3217 instrument indicates detention care is appropriate, but the 3218 department otherwise determines the child should be released, 3219 the department shall contact the state attorney, who may 3220 authorize release. If the final score on the child's risk 3221 assessment instrument indicates release or supervised release is 3222 appropriate, but the department otherwise determines that there 3223 should be supervised release or detention, the department shall 3224 contact the state attorney, who may authorize an upward departure. Notwithstanding any other provision of this 3225

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paragraph, a child may only be moved one category in either direction within the risk assessment instrument and release is not authorized if it would cause the child to be moved more than

- 3229 one category.
- 3230

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3231 Under no circumstances shall the department or the state 3232 attorney or law enforcement officer authorize the detention of 3233 any child in a jail or other facility intended or used for the 3234 detention of adults, without an order of the court.

3235 Section 38. Paragraph (c) of subsection (7) of section 3236 985.433, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

3237 985.433 Disposition hearings in delinquency cases.—When a 3238 child has been found to have committed a delinquent act, the 3239 following procedures shall be applicable to the disposition of 3240 the case:

If the court determines that the child should be 3241 (7) 3242 adjudicated as having committed a delinquent act and should be 3243 committed to the department, such determination shall be in 3244 writing or on the record of the hearing. The determination shall 3245 include a specific finding of the reasons for the decision to 3246 adjudicate and to commit the child to the department, including 3247 any determination that the child was a member of a criminal 3248 gang.

3249 (c) The court may also require that the child be placed <u>on</u> 3250 <u>conditional release</u> in a probation program following the child's

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3251 discharge from commitment. Community-based sanctions under 3252 subsection (8) may be imposed by the court at the disposition 3253 hearing or at any time prior to the child's release from 3254 commitment. 3255 Section 39. Section 985.625, Florida Statutes, is 3256 repealed. 3257 Section 40. Subsection (4) of section 985.632, Florida 3258 Statutes, is amended to read: 3259 985.632 Quality improvement and cost-effectiveness; 3260 Comprehensive Accountability Report.-3261 (4) COST-EFFECTIVENESS MODEL.-The department, in 3262 consultation with the Office of Economic and Demographic Research and contract service providers, shall develop a cost-3263 3264 effectiveness model and apply the model to each commitment 3265 program. 3266 (a) The cost-effectiveness model shall compare program 3267 costs to expected and actual child recidivism rates. It is the 32.68 intent of the Legislature that continual development efforts 3269 take place to improve the validity and reliability of the cost-3270 effectiveness model. 3271 (b) The department shall rank commitment programs based on 3272 the cost-effectiveness model, performance measures, and adherence to quality improvement standards and shall report this 3273 3274 data in the annual Comprehensive Accountability Report. 3275 (c) Based on reports of the department on child outcomes

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3276	and program outputs and on the department's most recent cost-
3277	effectiveness rankings, the department may terminate a program
3278	operated by the department or a provider if the program has
3279	failed to achieve a minimum standard of program effectiveness.
3280	This paragraph does not preclude the department from terminating
3281	a contract as provided under this section or as otherwise
3282	provided by law or contract, and does not limit the department's
3283	authority to enter into or terminate a contract.
3284	(d) In collaboration with the Office of Economic and
3285	Demographic Research, and contract service providers, the
3286	department shall develop a work plan to refine the cost-
3287	effectiveness model so that the model is consistent with the
3288	performance-based program budgeting measures approved by the
3289	Legislature to the extent the department deems appropriate. The
3290	department shall notify the Office of Program Policy Analysis
3291	and Government Accountability of any meetings to refine the
3292	model.
3293	(e) Contingent upon specific appropriation, the
3294	department, in consultation with the Office of Economic and
3295	Demographic Research, and contract service providers, shall:
3296	1. Construct a profile of each commitment program that
3297	uses the results of the quality improvement data portion of the
3298	Comprehensive Accountability Report required by this section,
3299	the cost-effectiveness data portion of the Comprehensive
3300	Accountability Report required in this subsection, and other
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3301	reports available to the department.
3302	2. Target, for a more comprehensive evaluation, any
3303	commitment program that has achieved consistently high, low, or
3304	disparate ratings in the reports required under subparagraph 1.
3305	and target, for technical assistance, any commitment program
3306	that has achieved low or disparate ratings in the reports
3307	required under subparagraph 1.
3308	3. Identify the essential factors that contribute to the
3309	high, low, or disparate program ratings.
3310	4. Use the results of these evaluations in developing or
3311	refining juvenile justice programs or program models, child
3312	outcomes and program outputs, provider contracts, quality
3313	improvement standards, and the cost-effectiveness model.
3314	Section 41. Subsection (8) of section 95.11, Florida
3314 3315	Section 41. Subsection (8) of section 95.11, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
3315	Statutes, is amended to read:
3315 3316	Statutes, is amended to read: 95.11 Limitations other than for the recovery of real
3315 3316 3317	Statutes, is amended to read: 95.11 Limitations other than for the recovery of real propertyActions other than for recovery of real property shall
3315 3316 3317 3318	Statutes, is amended to read: 95.11 Limitations other than for the recovery of real propertyActions other than for recovery of real property shall be commenced as follows:
3315 3316 3317 3318 3319	<pre>Statutes, is amended to read: 95.11 Limitations other than for the recovery of real propertyActions other than for recovery of real property shall be commenced as follows: (8) FOR INTENTIONAL TORTS BASED ON ABUSEAn action</pre>
<ul> <li>3315</li> <li>3316</li> <li>3317</li> <li>3318</li> <li>3319</li> <li>3320</li> </ul>	<pre>Statutes, is amended to read: 95.11 Limitations other than for the recovery of real propertyActions other than for recovery of real property shall be commenced as follows: (8) FOR INTENTIONAL TORTS BASED ON ABUSEAn action founded on alleged abuse, as defined in s. 39.01 <u>or</u>, s. 415.102,</pre>
<ul> <li>3315</li> <li>3316</li> <li>3317</li> <li>3318</li> <li>3319</li> <li>3320</li> <li>3321</li> </ul>	<pre>Statutes, is amended to read: 95.11 Limitations other than for the recovery of real propertyActions other than for recovery of real property shall be commenced as follows: (8) FOR INTENTIONAL TORTS BASED ON ABUSEAn action founded on alleged abuse, as defined in s. 39.01 <u>or</u>, s. 415.102, <del>or s. 984.03</del>; incest, as defined in s. 826.04; or an action</pre>
<ul> <li>3315</li> <li>3316</li> <li>3317</li> <li>3318</li> <li>3319</li> <li>3320</li> <li>3321</li> <li>3322</li> </ul>	<pre>Statutes, is amended to read: 95.11 Limitations other than for the recovery of real propertyActions other than for recovery of real property shall be commenced as follows: (8) FOR INTENTIONAL TORTS BASED ON ABUSEAn action founded on alleged abuse, as defined in s. 39.01 or, s. 415.102, or s. 984.03; incest, as defined in s. 826.04; or an action brought pursuant to s. 787.061 may be commenced at any time</pre>
<ul> <li>3315</li> <li>3316</li> <li>3317</li> <li>3318</li> <li>3319</li> <li>3320</li> <li>3321</li> <li>3322</li> <li>3323</li> </ul>	<pre>Statutes, is amended to read: 95.11 Limitations other than for the recovery of real propertyActions other than for recovery of real property shall be commenced as follows: (8) FOR INTENTIONAL TORTS BASED ON ABUSEAn action founded on alleged abuse, as defined in s. 39.01 or, s. 415.102, or s. 984.03; incest, as defined in s. 826.04; or an action brought pursuant to s. 787.061 may be commenced at any time within 7 years after the age of majority, or within 4 years</pre>

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3326 of both the injury and the causal relationship between the 3327 injury and the abuse, whichever occurs later.

3328 Section 42. Subsection (1) of section 409.2564, Florida 3329 Statutes, is amended to read:

3330

409.2564 Actions for support.-

3331 In each case in which regular support payments are not (1)3332 being made as provided herein, the department shall institute, 3333 within 30 days after determination of the obligor's reasonable ability to pay, action as is necessary to secure the obligor's 3334 3335 payment of current support, any arrearage that may have accrued 3336 under an existing order of support, and, if a parenting time 3337 plan was not incorporated into the existing order of support, 3338 include either a signed, agreed-upon parenting time plan or a 3339 signed Title IV-D Standard Parenting Time Plan, if appropriate. 3340 The department shall notify the program attorney in the judicial circuit in which the recipient resides setting forth the facts 3341 3342 in the case, including the obligor's address, if known, and the 3343 public assistance case number. Whenever applicable, the 3344 procedures established under chapter 88, Uniform Interstate 3345 Family Support Act, chapter 61, Dissolution of Marriage; 3346 Support; Time-sharing, chapter 39, Proceedings Relating to Children, chapter 984, Children and Families in Need of 3347 3348 Services; Prevention and Intervention for School Truancy and Ungovernable and Runaway Children, and chapter 985, Delinquency; 3349 Interstate Compact on Juveniles, may govern actions instituted 3350

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3351 under this act, except that actions for support under chapter 3352 39, chapter 984, or chapter 985 brought pursuant to this act 3353 shall not require any additional investigation or supervision by 3354 the department.

3355 Section 43. Paragraph (e) of subsection (1) of section 3356 419.001, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

- 419.001 Site selection of community residential homes.-
- 3357 3358

(1) For the purposes of this section, the term:

(e) "Resident" means any of the following: a frail elder as defined in s. 429.65; a person who has a disability as defined in s. 760.22(3)(a); a person who has a developmental disability as defined in s. 393.063; a nondangerous person who has a mental illness as defined in s. 394.455; or a child who is found to be dependent as defined in s. 39.01 or s. 984.03, or a child in need of services as defined in s. 984.03 or s. 985.03.

3366 Section 44. Subsection (3) of section 744.309, Florida 3367 Statutes, is amended to read:

3368 744.309 Who may be appointed guardian of a resident ward.-3369 DISQUALIFIED PERSONS.-No person who has been convicted (3) 3370 of a felony or who, from any incapacity or illness, is incapable 3371 of discharging the duties of a guardian, or who is otherwise 3372 unsuitable to perform the duties of a guardian, shall be 3373 appointed to act as guardian. Further, no person who has been judicially determined to have committed abuse, abandonment, or 3374 neglect against a child as defined in s. 39.01 or s. 984.03(1), 3375

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3376 (2), and (24) (37), or who has been found guilty of, regardless 3377 of adjudication, or entered a plea of nolo contendere or guilty 3378 to, any offense prohibited under s. 435.04 or similar statute of 3379 another jurisdiction, shall be appointed to act as a guardian. Except as provided in subsection (5) or subsection (6), a person 3380 3381 who provides substantial services to the proposed ward in a 3382 professional or business capacity, or a creditor of the proposed 3383 ward, may not be appointed guardian and retain that previous professional or business relationship. A person may not be 3384 3385 appointed a guardian if he or she is in the employ of any 3386 person, agency, government, or corporation that provides service 3387 to the proposed ward in a professional or business capacity, 3388 except that a person so employed may be appointed if he or she 3389 is the spouse, adult child, parent, or sibling of the proposed 3390 ward or the court determines that the potential conflict of 3391 interest is insubstantial and that the appointment would clearly 3392 be in the proposed ward's best interest. The court may not 3393 appoint a guardian in any other circumstance in which a conflict 3394 of interest may occur.

3395 Section 45. Section 784.075, Florida Statutes, is amended 3396 to read:

3397 784.075 Battery on detention or commitment facility staff 3398 or a juvenile probation officer.—A person who commits a battery 3399 on a juvenile probation officer, as defined in <del>s. 984.03 or</del> s. 3400 985.03, on other staff of a detention center or facility as

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3401 defined in s. 984.03 s. 984.03(19) or s. 985.03, or on a staff 3402 member of a commitment facility as defined in s. 985.03, commits 3403 a felony of the third degree, punishable as provided in s. 3404 775.082, s. 775.083, or s. 775.084. For purposes of this 3405 section, a staff member of the facilities listed includes 3406 persons employed by the Department of Juvenile Justice, persons 3407 employed at facilities licensed by the Department of Juvenile 3408 Justice, and persons employed at facilities operated under a 3409 contract with the Department of Juvenile Justice. 3410 Section 46. Paragraph (b) of subsection (4) of section 3411 985.618, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 3412 985.618 Educational and career-related programs.-3413 (4) 3414 Evaluations of juvenile educational and career-related (b) 3415 programs shall be conducted according to the following guidelines: 3416 3417 Systematic evaluations and quality assurance monitoring 1. 3418 shall be implemented, in accordance with s. 985.632(1), (2), and 3419 (4) (5), to determine whether the programs are related to 3420 successful postrelease adjustments. 3421 Operations and policies of the programs shall be 2. 3422 reevaluated to determine if they are consistent with their 3423 primary objectives. 3424 Section 47. This act shall take effect July 1, 2025.

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