2

3

4 5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

A bill to be entitled An act relating to improving screening for and treatment of blood clots; providing a short title; amending s. 385.102, F.S.; revising legislative findings under the Chronic Diseases Act; amending s. 395.1012, F.S.; requiring hospitals with emergency departments to develop and implement policies and procedures and conduct training for the rendering of appropriate medical attention for persons at risk of forming venous thromboembolisms; creating s. 395.3042, F.S., requiring the Department of Health to contract with a private entity to establish a statewide venous thromboembolism registry at no cost to the state; providing requirements for the private entity; requiring hospitals with an emergency department, beginning on a date certain, to regularly report certain information; requiring the department to require the private entity to use a nationally recognized platform to collect certain data; requiring the private entity to provide regular reports to the department on such data; requiring the agency, by a date certain, to provide to the Governor and the Legislature a specified report; providing requirements for such report; providing applicability; amending s. 400.211, F.S.; revising requirements for certain

Page 1 of 12

annual inservice training for certified nursing assistants employed by nursing home facilities; revising training requirements for certain certified nursing assistants who may be delegated tasks in nursing home facilities; amending s. 429.55, F.S.; providing legislative findings; defining terms; requiring assisted living facilities to provide a consumer information pamphlet containing specified information to residents; providing an effective date.

Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:

Section 1. This act may be cited as the "Emily Adkins Family Protection Act."

Family Protection Act."

Section 2. Subsection

Section 2. Subsection (1) of section 385.102, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

385.102 Legislative intent.—It is the finding of the Legislature that:

(1) Chronic diseases exist in high proportions among the people of this state. These chronic diseases include, but are not limited to, heart disease, hypertension, diabetes, renal disease, chronic obstructive pulmonary disease, cancer, chronic critical illness, and genetic predisposition for developing venous thromboembolisms chronic obstructive lung disease. These diseases are often interrelated, and they directly and

Page 2 of 12

51	indirectly account for a high rate of death and illness.
52	Section 3. Subsection (5) is added to section 395.1012,
53	Florida Statutes, to read:
54	395.1012 Patient safety
55	(5) Each hospital with an emergency department and each
56	ambulatory surgical center must:
57	(a) Develop and implement policies and procedures for the
58	rendering of appropriate medical attention for persons at risk
59	of forming venous thromboembolisms which reflect evidence-based
60	best practices relating to, at a minimum:
61	1. Assessing patients for risk of venous thromboembolism
62	using a nationally recognized risk assessment tool.
63	2. Treatment options for a patient diagnosed with venous
64	thromboembolism.
65	(b) Train all nonphysician personnel at least annually on
66	the policies and procedures developed under this subsection. For
67	purposes of this subsection, "nonphysician personnel" means all
68	personnel of the licensed facility working in clinical areas and
69	providing patient care, except those persons licensed as health
70	care practitioners.
71	Section 4. Section 395.3042, Florida Statutes, is created
72	to read:
73	395.3042 Statewide venous thromboembolism registry.—
74	(1)(a) The department shall contract with a private
75	entity, that meets all of the conditions of paragraph (b), to

Page 3 of 12

establish and maintain, at no cost to the state, a statewide venous thromboembolism registry to ensure that the performance measures required to be submitted under subsection (2) are maintained and available for use to improve or modify the venous thromboembolism care system, ensure compliance with nationally recognized guidelines, and monitor venous thromboembolism patient outcomes.

- (b) The private entity must:
- 1. Be a not-for-profit corporation qualified as tax-exempt under s. 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code.
- 2. Have existed for at least 15 consecutive years with a mission of advancing the prevention, early diagnosis, and successful treatment of blood clots.
- 3. Have experience operating a medical registry with at least 25,000 participants.
- 4. Have experience in providing continuing education on venous thromboembolism to medical professionals.
- 5. Have sponsored a public health education campaign on venous thromboembolism.
- 6. Be affiliated with a medical and scientific advisory board.
- (2) Beginning July 1, 2026, each hospital with an emergency department shall regularly report to the statewide venous thromboembolism registry information containing nationally recognized venous thromboembolism measures and data

Page 4 of 12

101	on the incidence and prevalence of venous thromboembolisms. Such
102	data must include the following information:
103	(a) The number of venous thromboembolisms identified and
104	diagnosed.
105	(b) The age of the patient.
106	(c) The zip code of the patient.
107	(d) The sex of the patient.
108	(e) The race and ethnicity of the patient.
109	(f) Whether the patient is a resident of a licensed
110	nursing home or assisted living facility.
111	(g) Whether the venous thromboembolism was fatal.
112	(h) How the diagnosis was made, such as by using imaging
113	modalities.
114	(i) The treatment that was recommended for the venous
115	thromboembolism.
116	(3) The department shall require the contracted private
117	entity to use a nationally recognized platform to collect data
118	from each hospital with an emergency department on the
119	performance measures required under subsection (2). The
120	contracted private entity shall provide regular reports to the
121	department on the data collected.
122	(4) By June 1, 2026, the agency must submit to the
123	Governor, the President of the Senate, and the Speaker of the
124	House of Representatives a detailed report on the incidence of

Page 5 of 12

venous thromboembolism using inpatient and outpatient data for

126	services provided between July 1, 2024, and June 30, 2025. The
127	report shall provide analyses of all of the following:
128	(a) Age category, initial primary diagnosis and procedure,
129	and secondary diagnoses, readmission rates for inpatients,
130	admission rates for venous thromboembolism for which the patient
131	had an ambulatory surgery procedure, and emergency department
132	visits for venous thromboembolism linked to any previous
133	admission.
134	(b) Whether the venous thromboembolism was present upon
135	admission.
136	(c) The incidence of venous thromboembolism procedures
137	reported on the agency's Florida Health Finder website.
138	(d) The principal payor, the sex of the patient, and the
139	<pre>patient's discharge status.</pre>
140	(5) The contracted private entity operating the registry
141	may only use or publish information from the registry for the
142	purposes of advancing medical research or medical education in
143	the interest of reducing morbidity or mortality.
144	Section 5. Subsection (4) and paragraph (a) of subsection
145	(5) of section 400.211, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:
146	400.211 Persons employed as nursing assistants;
147	certification requirement; qualified medication aide designation
148	and requirements.—
149	(4) When employed by a nursing home facility for a 12-
150	month period or longer, a nursing assistant, to maintain

Page 6 of 12

CODING: Words stricken are deletions; words underlined are additions.

150

155

156

157

158

159

160

161

162

163

164

165

166

167

168

169

170

171

172

173174

175

151	certification, shall submit to a performance review every 12
152	months and must receive regular inservice education based on the
153	outcome of such reviews. The inservice training must:

- (a) Be sufficient to ensure the continuing competence of nursing assistants and must meet the standard specified in s. 464.203(7);
  - (b) Include, at a minimum:
- 1. Techniques for assisting with eating and proper feeding;
  - 2. Principles of adequate nutrition and hydration;
- 3. Techniques for assisting and responding to the cognitively impaired resident or the resident with difficult behaviors;
- 4. Techniques for caring for the resident at the end-of-life; and
- 5. Recognizing changes that place a resident at risk for pressure ulcers and falls; and
- 6. Recognizing signs and symptoms of venous thromboembolism and techniques for providing an emergency response; and
- (c) Address areas of weakness as determined in nursing assistant performance reviews and may address the special needs of residents as determined by the nursing home facility staff.
- Costs associated with this training may not be reimbursed from

Page 7 of 12

176 additional Medicaid funding through interim rate adjustments.

- (5) A nursing home, in accordance with chapter 464 and rules adopted pursuant to this section, may authorize a registered nurse to delegate tasks, including medication administration, to a certified nursing assistant who meets the requirements of this subsection.
- (a) In addition to the initial 6-hour training course and determination of competency required under s. 464.2035, to be eligible to administer medication to a resident of a nursing home facility, a certified nursing assistant must:
- 1. Hold a clear and active certification from the Department of Health for a minimum of 1 year immediately preceding the delegation;
- 2. Complete an additional 34-hour training course approved by the Board of Nursing in medication administration and associated tasks, including, but not limited to, blood glucose level checks, dialing oxygen flow meters to prescribed settings, and assisting with continuous positive airway pressure devices, and identification of signs and symptoms of venous thromboembolism and how to assist with a response protocol; and
- 3. Demonstrate clinical competency by successfully completing a supervised clinical practice in medication administration and associated tasks conducted in the facility.
- Section 6. Section 429.55, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

Page 8 of 12

201	429.55 Consumer information website
202	(1) CONSUMER INFORMATION WEBSITE.—The Legislature finds
203	that consumers need additional information on the quality of
204	care and service in assisted living facilities in order to
205	select the best facility for themselves or their loved ones.
206	Therefore, the Agency for Health Care Administration shall
207	create content that is easily accessible through the home page
208	of the agency's website either directly or indirectly through
209	links to one or more other established websites of the agency's
210	choosing. The website must be searchable by facility name,
211	license type, city, or zip code. By November 1, 2015, the agency
212	shall include all content in its possession on the website and
213	add content when received from facilities. At a minimum, the
214	content must include:
215	(a)(1) Information on each licensed assisted living
216	facility, including, but not limited to:
217	1.(a) The name and address of the facility.
218	2.(b) The name of the owner or operator of the facility.
219	3.(e) The number and type of licensed beds in the
220	facility.
221	4.(d) The types of licenses held by the facility.
222	5.(e) The facility's license expiration date and status.
223	6.(f) The total number of clients that the facility is
224	licensed to serve and the most recently available occupancy
225	levels.

Page 9 of 12

250

226	7.(g) The number of private and semiprivate rooms offered.
227	8.(h) The bed-hold policy.
228	9.(i) The religious affiliation, if any, of the assisted
229	living facility.
230	10.(j) The languages spoken by the staff.
231	11.(k) Availability of nurses.
232	12.(1) Forms of payment accepted, including, but not
233	limited to, Medicaid, Medicaid long-term managed care, private
234	insurance, health maintenance organization, United States
235	Department of Veterans Affairs, CHAMPUS program, or workers'
236	compensation coverage.
237	13. (m) Indication if the licensee is operating under
238	bankruptcy protection.
239	14.(n) Recreational and other programs available.
240	15.(0) Special care units or programs offered.
241	16.(p) Whether the facility is a part of a retirement
242	community that offers other services pursuant to this part or
243	part III of this chapter, part II or part III of chapter 400, or
244	chapter 651.
245	17.(q) Links to the State Long-Term Care Ombudsman Program
246	website and the program's statewide toll-free telephone number.
247	18.(r) Links to the websites of the providers.
248	19.(s) Other relevant information that the agency
249	currently collects.

Page 10 of 12

Survey and violation information for the facility,

including a list of the facility's violations committed during
the previous 60 months, which on July 1, 2015, may include
violations committed on or after July 1, 2010. The list shall be
updated monthly and include for each violation:

- $\frac{1.(a)}{a}$  A summary of the violation, including all licensure, revisit, and complaint survey information, presented in a manner understandable by the general public.
  - 2.<del>(b)</del> Any sanctions imposed by final order.
- 3.(c) The date the corrective action was confirmed by the agency.
- $\underline{\text{(c)}}$  Links to inspection reports that the agency has on file.
  - (2) VTE CONSUMER INFORMATION.—
- (a) The Legislature finds that many PEs are preventable and that information about the prevalence of the disease could save lives.
- (b) The term "pulmonary embolism" means a condition in which part of the clot breaks off and travels to the lungs, possibly causing death.
- (c) The term "venous thromboembolism" means deep vein thrombosis, which is a blood clot located in a deep vein, usually in the leg or arm. The term can be used to refer to deep vein thrombosis, pulmonary embolism, or both.
- (d) Assisted living facilities must provide a consumer information pamphlet to residents upon admission. The pamphlet

Page 11 of 12

CS/CS/CS/HB1421, Engrossed 1

2025

276	must contain information about venous thromboembolism, including
277	risk factors and how residents can recognize the signs and
278	symptoms of venous thromboembolism.
279	
280	The agency may adopt rules to administer this section.
281	Section 7. This act shall take effect July 1, 2025.

Page 12 of 12