By Senator Rouson

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16-01278-25 20251434

A bill to be entitled An act relating to public records; amending s. 119.011, F.S.; revising the definition of the term "actual cost of duplication"; amending s. 119.07, F.S.; providing that it is a violation of ch. 119, F.S., to fail to acknowledge a public record request promptly and in good faith; requiring that custodians of public records perform specified actions within a specified timeframe; prohibiting the agency from imposing costs or fees if the custodian fails to take such actions in the required timeframe; requiring custodians to state in writing certain justifications and citations; prohibiting an agency from asserting that a record was exempt or confidential and exempt under specified circumstances; providing that an agency may not assert certain justifications under specified circumstances; deleting provisions authorizing a fee for accessing a public record electronically under a contractual agreement; prohibiting agencies from charging for specified public records requests; defining the term "any electronic medium stored, maintained, or used by an agency"; requiring agencies to provide public records requests in specified formats; authorizing agencies to charge a fee for such provision; providing for the reduction or waiver of fees under specified conditions; requiring that such reductions and waivers be applied uniformly; prohibiting an agency from charging for a certain timeframe under specified

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conditions; requiring that a written, detailed cost estimate be provided upon request to persons seeking to inspect or copy a public record; declaring that an agency is not authorized to charge fees for redaction of certain records; amending s. 119.10, F.S.; providing that violations of any law providing access to public records is a violation of ch. 119, F.S.; providing a civil penalty for persons who violate provisions related to accessing public records; providing criminal penalties for persons outside this state who knowingly violate specified provisions; requiring courts to assess specified penalties if the court makes certain determinations; amending s. 119.12, F.S.; requiring that the court assess and award against agencies certain costs and fees; requiring that certain fees be assessed against an agency under certain conditions; authorizing agency reimbursement of attorney fees and costs under specified conditions; amending s. 119.15, F.S.; requiring that certain provisions authorizing a public records exemption be repealed after a specified timeframe unless the Legislature reenacts the exemption; amending s. 921.0022, F.S.; conforming provisions to changes made by the act; providing an effective date.

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Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:

565758

Section 1. Subsection (1) of section 119.011, Florida

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Statutes, is amended to read:

119.011 Definitions.—As used in this chapter, the term:

(1) "Actual cost of duplication" means the cost of the material and supplies used to duplicate the public record, but does not include labor cost or overhead cost associated with such duplication. The term includes the cost of agency resources, including the cost of clerical and supervisory assistance and costs incurred for the use of agency information technology associated with such duplication which are incurred by the agency in complying with a request for public records. The cost of clerical or supervisory assistance may not be greater than the base hourly rate of the lowest paid personnel capable of providing such clerical or supervisory assistance. The term does not include overhead costs associated with duplication of a public record.

Section 2. Section 119.07, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

- 119.07 Inspection and copying of records; photographing public records; fees; exemptions.—
- (1) (a) Every person who has custody of a public record shall permit the record to be inspected and copied by any person desiring to do so, at any reasonable time, under reasonable conditions, and under supervision by the custodian of the public records.
- (b) A custodian of public records or a person having custody of public records may designate another officer or employee of the agency to permit the inspection and copying of public records, but must disclose the identity of the designee to the person requesting to inspect or copy public records.

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(c) 1. A custodian of public records and his or her designee must acknowledge requests to inspect or copy records promptly and respond to such requests in good faith. A good faith response includes making reasonable efforts to determine from other officers or employees within the agency whether such a record exists and, if so, the location at which the record can be accessed. Failure to acknowledge a public record request promptly and in good faith is a violation of this chapter.

- 2.a. No later than 3 business days after receiving a public record request, a custodian of a public record or his or her designee must:
 - (I) Provide the requested records;
- (II) Provide the requester a good faith estimate of a reasonable amount of time in which the custodian will provide the records, along with a good faith estimate of costs, if any, that will be assessed for complying with the request; or
- (III) Deny the request and cite the statutory exemption authorizing the denial as provided in paragraphs (e) and (f).
- b. If the custodian of a public record fails to take any of the actions described in sub-subparagraph a. within 3 business days after receiving the public record request, the agency may not impose costs or fees for providing the requested public record.
- c. Notwithstanding sub-subparagraph a., there is no presumption in any civil action brought to enforce a requester's right to public records that a request was not unlawfully delayed because an agency complied with sub-subparagraph a.
- (d) A person who has custody of a public record who asserts that an exemption applies to a part of such record shall redact

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that portion of the record to which an exemption has been asserted and validly applies, and such person shall produce the remainder of such record for inspection and copying.

- (e) If the person who has custody of a public record contends that all or part of the record is exempt from inspection and copying, he or she shall state the basis of the exemption that he or she contends is applicable to the record, including the statutory citation to an exemption created or afforded by statute.
- (f) If requested by the person seeking to inspect or copy the record, the custodian of public records shall state in writing and with particularity: the reasons
- 1. The reasons that justify taking more than 15 days to provide the requested records; or
- <u>2. The reasons</u> for the conclusion that the record is exempt or confidential, including all statutory citations relied upon in determining the record is exempt or confidential.
- (g) 1. In any civil action in which an exemption to this section is asserted, if the exemption is alleged to exist under or by virtue of s. 119.071(1)(d) or (f), (2)(d), (e), or (f), or (4)(c), the public record or part thereof in question shall be submitted to the court for an inspection in camera. If an exemption is alleged to exist under or by virtue of s. 119.071(2)(c), an inspection in camera is discretionary with the court. If the court finds that the asserted exemption is not applicable, it shall order the public record or part thereof in question to be immediately produced for inspection or copying as requested by the person seeking such access.
 - 2. In any civil action brought by a requester to enforce

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the right to public records, an agency may not assert any exemption or justification for not providing the public records sought which it has not previously raised before the civil action was filed, to justify the agency's nondisclosure or delay in providing the public records sought.

- 3. In any civil action brought by a requester alleging that an agency unlawfully delayed providing public records, a public records request backlog or other unfulfilled public records requests at the agency may not be deemed a justification, in whole or in part, for the alleged delay.
- (h) Even if an assertion is made by the custodian of public records that a requested record is not a public record subject to public inspection or copying under this subsection, the requested record shall, nevertheless, not be disposed of for a period of 30 days after the date on which a written request to inspect or copy the record was served on or otherwise made to the custodian of public records by the person seeking access to the record. If a civil action is instituted within the 30-day period to enforce the provisions of this section with respect to the requested record, the custodian of public records may not dispose of the record except by order of a court of competent jurisdiction after notice to all affected parties.
- (i) The absence of a civil action instituted for the purpose stated in paragraph (g) does not relieve the custodian of public records of the duty to maintain the record as a public record if the record is in fact a public record subject to public inspection and copying under this subsection and does not otherwise excuse or exonerate the custodian of public records from any unauthorized or unlawful disposition of such record.

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(2) (a) As an additional means of inspecting or copying public records, a custodian of public records may provide access to public records by remote electronic means, provided exempt or confidential information is not disclosed.

- (b) The custodian of public records shall provide safeguards to protect the contents of public records from unauthorized remote electronic access or alteration and to prevent the disclosure or modification of those portions of public records which are exempt or confidential from subsection (1) or s. 24, Art. I of the State Constitution.
- (c) Unless otherwise required by law, the custodian of public records may charge a fee for remote electronic access, granted under a contractual arrangement with a user, which fee may include the direct and indirect costs of providing such access. Fees for remote electronic access provided to the general public shall be in accordance with the provisions of this section.
- (3)(a) Any person shall have the right of access to public records for the purpose of making photographs of the record while such record is in the possession, custody, and control of the custodian of public records.
- (b) This subsection applies to the making of photographs in the conventional sense by use of a camera device to capture images of public records but excludes the duplication of microfilm in the possession of the clerk of the circuit court where a copy of the microfilm may be made available by the clerk.
- (c) Photographing public records shall be done under the supervision of the custodian of public records, who may adopt

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and enforce reasonable rules governing the photographing of such records.

- (d) Photographing of public records shall be done in the room where the public records are kept. If, in the judgment of the custodian of public records, this is impossible or impracticable, photographing shall be done in another room or place, as nearly adjacent as possible to the room where the public records are kept, to be determined by the custodian of public records. Where provision of another room or place for photographing is required, the expense of providing the same shall be paid by the person desiring to photograph the public record pursuant to paragraph (4)(h) (4)(e).
- (4) The custodian of public records shall furnish a copy or a certified copy of the record upon payment of the fee prescribed by law. If a fee is not prescribed by law, the following fees are authorized:
- (a) If a fee is not prescribed by law, the following fees are authorized:
- 1. Up to 15 cents per one-sided copy for duplicated copies of not more than 14 inches by 8 1/2 inches;
- 2. No more than an additional 5 cents for each two-sided copy; and
- 3. For all other copies, the actual cost of duplication of the public record.

If the nature or volume of the public records requested to be inspected or copied is such that they require less than 30 minutes to prepare, the agency may not charge the actual cost of duplication or any other costs or fees to the requester.

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(b) 1. For the purposes of this paragraph, the term "any electronic medium stored, maintained, or used by an agency" means any electronic format that the agency can reasonably provide as part of the standard operation of its electronic recordkeeping system. If an agency is able to convert the record into the electronic format requested as a step in the process of copying or exporting the requested record, the agency must provide the record in the format requested and may charge a fee authorized by this subsection.

- 2. For a copy of a public record in any electronic medium stored, maintained, or used by an agency, the actual cost of duplication. However, if the nature or volume of the public records requested to be copied is such that they require less than 30 minutes to prepare, the agency may not charge the actual cost of duplication or any other costs or fees to the requester.
- 3. An agency may not charge a requester the actual cost of duplication or any other cost or fee for providing any public record that has been previously disclosed pursuant to another public records request made to that agency.
- (c) The charge for copies of county maps or aerial photographs supplied by county constitutional officers may also include a reasonable charge for the labor and overhead associated with their duplication.
- $\underline{\text{(d)}}$ (e) An agency may charge up to \$1 per copy for a certified copy of a public record.
- (e) (d) All fees allowed under this subsection may be reduced or waived in full for a public purpose, including public agency program support, nonprofit activities, journalistic activities, and academic or other research. Fee reductions and

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waivers must be uniformly applied among persons similarly situated. For a public records request meeting the public purposes noted in this paragraph, an agency may not charge the requester any cost or fee for the first 10 hours of time the agency estimates it would take to comply with the request If the nature or volume of public records requested to be inspected or copied pursuant to this subsection is such as to require extensive use of information technology resources or extensive clerical or supervisory assistance by personnel of the agency involved, or both, the agency may charge, in addition to the actual cost of duplication, a special service charge, which shall be reasonable and shall be based on the cost incurred for such extensive use of information technology resources or the labor cost of the personnel providing the service that is actually incurred by the agency or attributable to the agency for the clerical and supervisory assistance required, or both.

- (f) If requested by the person seeking to inspect or copy the record, the custodian of public records must provide that person a written detailed estimate of all costs associated with the request.
- (g) An agency is not authorized to charge a fee for costs associated with redaction of exempt or confidential and exempt information from a public record that has been requested to be inspected or copied.
- $\underline{\text{(h)1.}}$ (e)1. Where provision of another room or place is necessary to photograph public records, the expense of providing the same $\underline{\text{must}}$ shall be paid by the person desiring to photograph the public records.
 - 2. The custodian of public records may charge the person

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making the photographs for supervision services at a rate of compensation to be agreed upon by the person desiring to make the photographs and the custodian of public records. If they fail to agree as to the appropriate charge, the charge shall be determined by the custodian of public records.

- (5) When ballots are produced under this section for inspection or examination, no persons other than the supervisor of elections or the supervisor's employees shall touch the ballots. If the ballots are being examined before the end of the contest period in s. 102.168, the supervisor of elections shall make a reasonable effort to notify all candidates by telephone or otherwise of the time and place of the inspection or examination. All such candidates, or their representatives, shall be allowed to be present during the inspection or examination.
- (6) An exemption contained in this chapter or in any other general or special law shall not limit the access of the Auditor General, the Office of Program Policy Analysis and Government Accountability, or any state, county, municipal, university, board of community college, school district, or special district internal auditor to public records when such person states in writing that such records are needed for a properly authorized audit, examination, or investigation. Such person shall maintain the exempt or confidential status of that public record and shall be subject to the same penalties as the custodian of that record for public disclosure of such record.
- (7) An exemption from this section does not imply an exemption from s. 286.011. The exemption from s. 286.011 must be expressly provided.

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(8) The provisions of this section are not intended to expand or limit the provisions of Rule 3.220, Florida Rules of Criminal Procedure, regarding the right and extent of discovery by the state or by a defendant in a criminal prosecution or in collateral postconviction proceedings. This section may not be used by any inmate as the basis for failing to timely litigate any postconviction action.

- (9) After receiving a request to inspect or copy a record, an agency may not respond to that request by filing an action for declaratory relief against the requester to determine whether the record is a public record as defined by s. 119.011, or the status of the record as confidential or exempt from the provisions of subsection (1).
- Section 3. Section 119.10, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
 - 119.10 Violation of chapter; penalties.-
- (1) A violation of any law that provides access to public records, including those laws that limit public access to such records, is considered a violation of this chapter Any public officer who:
- (a) Violates any provision of this chapter commits a noncriminal infraction, punishable by fine not exceeding \$500.
- (b) Knowingly violates the provisions of s. 119.07(1) is subject to suspension and removal or impeachment and, in addition, commits a misdemeanor of the first degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082 or s. 775.083.
- (2) A person who violates this section commits a noncriminal infraction, punishable by a fine that may not exceed \$500.

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349 (3) A Any person who willfully and knowingly violates:
350 (a) any of the provisions of this chapter commits a
351 misdemeanor of the first degree, punishable as provided in s.
352 775.082 or s. 775.083.

- (b) Section 119.105 commits a felony of the third degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082, s. 775.083, or s. 775.084.
- (4) A person outside this state who knowingly violates this chapter commits a misdemeanor of the first degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082 or s. 775.083.
- (5) A court must assess a penalty against the agency equal to twice the amount awarded pursuant to s. 119.12, in addition to a penalty of \$200 for each day the agency unlawfully denied the right to inspect or copy the public records, if the court determines that an agency has:
 - (a) Violated s. 119.07(1); and
- (b) Showed intentional disregard for the public's constitutional right of access as guaranteed by s. 24(a), Art. I of the State Constitution; or
- (c) The court finds a pattern of abuse of the requirements of this chapter.
- Section 4. Section 119.12, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
 - 119.12 Attorney fees.-
- (1) The court must assess and award, against the agency responsible, the reasonable costs of enforcement, including reasonable attorney fees and those fees incurred litigating the entitlement and amount of fees awarded if:
- (a) A civil action is filed against an agency to enforce the provisions of this chapter; or any other law that relates to

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access to public records, including those laws that limit public access to such records, the court shall assess and award the reasonable costs of enforcement, including reasonable attorney fees, against the responsible agency if the court determines that:

- (a) The agency unlawfully refused to permit a public record to be inspected or copied; and
- The complainant provided written notice identifying the public record request to the agency's custodian of public records at least 5 business days before filing the civil action, except as provided under subsection (2). The notice period begins on the day the written notice of the request is received by the custodian of public records, excluding Saturday, Sunday, and legal holidays, and runs until 5 business days have elapsed.
- (2) Fees assessed pursuant to this section may not be assessed on an individual acting on the advice of an agency attorney but must be assessed against the agency.
- (3)(2) The complainant is not required to provide written notice of the public record request to the agency's custodian of public records as provided in paragraph (1)(b) if the agency does not prominently post the contact information for the agency's custodian of public records in the agency's primary administrative building in which public records are routinely created, sent, received, maintained, and requested and on the agency's website, if the agency has a website.
- $\underline{(4)}$ (3) The court shall determine whether the complainant requested to inspect or copy a public record or participated in the civil action for an improper purpose. If the court

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determines there was an improper purpose, the court may not assess and award the reasonable costs of enforcement, including reasonable attorney fees, to the complainant, and shall assess and award against the complainant and to the agency the reasonable costs, including reasonable attorney fees, incurred by the agency in responding to the civil action. For purposes of this subsection, the term "improper purpose" means a request to inspect or copy a public record or to participate in the civil action primarily to cause a violation of this chapter or for a frivolous purpose.

- (5)(4) This section does not create a private right of action authorizing the award of monetary damages for a person who brings an action to enforce the provisions of this chapter. Payments by the responsible agency may include only the reasonable costs of enforcement, including reasonable attorney fees, directly attributable to a civil action brought to enforce the provisions of this chapter.
- (6) If an individual is charged with a violation of this chapter and is subsequently acquitted, the agency is authorized to reimburse the individual for any portion of his or her reasonable attorney fees.
- Section 5. Subsections (3) and (4) of section 119.15, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:
- 119.15 Legislative review of exemptions from public meeting and public records requirements.—
- (3) (a) In the 5th year after enactment of a new exemption or substantial amendment of an existing exemption, the exemption shall be repealed on October $\underline{2}$ 2nd of the 5th year, unless the Legislature acts to reenact the exemption.

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(b) In the 10th year after reenactment, the exemption must be repealed on October 2 of the 10th year, unless the Legislature acts to reenact the exemption.

- (4)(a) A law that enacts a new exemption or substantially amends an existing exemption must state that the record or meeting is:
 - 1. Exempt from s. 24, Art. I of the State Constitution;
 - 2. Exempt from s. 119.07(1) or s. 286.011; and
- 3. Repealed at the end of 5 years and that the exemption must be reviewed by the Legislature before the scheduled repeal date, and every 10 years thereafter.
- (b) For purposes of this section, an exemption is substantially amended if the amendment expands the scope of the exemption to include more records or information or to include meetings as well as records. An exemption is not substantially amended if the amendment narrows the scope of the exemption.
- (c) This section is not intended to repeal an exemption that has been amended following legislative review before the scheduled repeal of the exemption if the exemption is not substantially amended as a result of the review.
- Section 6. Paragraph (c) of subsection (3) of section 921.0022, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
- 921.0022 Criminal Punishment Code; offense severity ranking chart.—
 - (3) OFFENSE SEVERITY RANKING CHART
 - (c) LEVEL 3

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Florida Felony
Statute Degree

Description

1	16-01278-25		20251434
463			
	119.10(2)(b)	3rd	Unlawful use of
			confidential information
			from police reports.
464			
	316.066	3rd	Unlawfully obtaining or
	(3) (b) - (d)		using confidential crash
			reports.
465			
	316.193(2)(b)	3rd	Felony DUI, 3rd conviction.
466			
	316.1935(2)	3rd	Fleeing or attempting to
			elude law enforcement
			officer in patrol vehicle
			with siren and lights
1.67			activated.
467	319.30(4)	3rd	Possession by junkyard of
	319.30 (4)	SIU	motor vehicle with
			identification number plate removed.
468			Temovea.
400	319.33(1)(a)	3rd	Alter or forge any
	319 . 33 (1) (a)	JIU	certificate of title to a
			motor vehicle or mobile
			home.
469			•
	319.33(1)(c)	3rd	Procure or pass title on
		010	stolen vehicle.
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470	16-01278-25		20251434
470	319.33(4)	3rd	With intent to defraud, possess, sell, etc., a blank, forged, or unlawfully obtained title or registration.
	327.35(2)(b)	3rd	Felony BUI.
472	328.05(2)	3rd	Possess, sell, or counterfeit fictitious, stolen, or fraudulent titles or bills of sale of vessels.
474	328.07(4)	3rd	Manufacture, exchange, or possess vessel with counterfeit or wrong ID number.
	376.302(5)	3rd	Fraud related to reimbursement for cleanup expenses under the Inland Protection Trust Fund.
475	379.2431 (1)(e)5.	3rd	Taking, disturbing, mutilating, destroying, causing to be destroyed, transferring, selling,

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			offering to sell,
			molesting, or harassing
			marine turtles, marine
			turtle eggs, or marine
			turtle nests in violation
			of the Marine Turtle
			Protection Act.
476			
	379.2431	3rd	Possessing any marine
	(1) (e) 6.		turtle species or
			hatchling, or parts
			thereof, or the nest of any
			marine turtle species
			described in the Marine
			Turtle Protection Act.
477			
	379.2431	3rd	Soliciting to commit or
	(1) (e) 7.		conspiring to commit a
			violation of the Marine
			Turtle Protection Act.
478			
	400.9935(4)(a)	3rd	Operating a clinic, or
	or (b)		offering services requiring
			licensure, without a
			license.
479			
	400.9935(4)(e)	3rd	Filing a false license
			application or other
			required information or

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			failing to report
			information.
480			
	440.1051(3)	3rd	False report of workers'
			compensation fraud or
			retaliation for making such
			a report.
481			
	501.001(2)(b)	2nd	Tampers with a consumer
			product or the container
			using materially
			false/misleading
			information.
482			
	624.401(4)(a)	3rd	Transacting insurance
			without a certificate of
			authority.
483			
	624.401(4)(b)1.	3rd	Transacting insurance
			without a certificate of
			authority; premium
			collected less than
			\$20,000.
484			
	626.902(1)(a) &	3rd	Representing an
	(b)		unauthorized insurer.
485			
	697.08	3rd	Equity skimming.
486			

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	790.15(3)	3rd	Person directs another to
			discharge firearm from a
487			vehicle.
407	794.053	3rd	Lewd or lascivious written
			solicitation of a person 16
			or 17 years of age by a
			person 24 years of age or
4.0.0			older.
488	806.10(1)	3rd	Maliciously injure,
		0 2 6	destroy, or interfere with
			vehicles or equipment used
			in firefighting.
489			
	806.10(2)	3rd	Interferes with or assaults
			firefighter in performance of duty.
490			or ducy.
	810.09(2)(b)	3rd	Trespass on property other
			than structure or
			conveyance armed with
			firearm or dangerous
101			weapon.
491	810.145(2)(c)	3rd	Digital voyeurism; 19 years
	010.110(2)(0)	510	of age or older.
492			J
	812.014(2)(c)2.	3rd	Grand theft; \$5,000 or more
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 ${\bf CODING:}$ Words ${\bf stricken}$ are deletions; words ${\bf \underline{underlined}}$ are additions.

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			but less than \$10,000.
493			,
493	812.0145(2)(c)	3rd	Theft from person 65 years
			of age or older; \$300 or
			more but less than \$10,000.
101			more but loss than 410,000.
494			
	812.015(8)(b)	3rd	Retail theft with intent to
			sell; conspires with
			others.
495			
	812.081(2)	3rd	Theft of a trade secret.
496	012.001(2)	014	inere of a crade beeree.
490			
	815.04(4)(b)	2nd	Computer offense devised to
			defraud or obtain property.
497			
	817.034(4)(a)3.	3rd	Engages in scheme to
			defraud (Florida
			Communications Fraud Act),
			property valued at less
			than \$20,000.
498			
	817.233	3rd	Burning to defraud insurer.
499			
	817.234	3rd	Unlawful solicitation of
		014	
	(8)(b) & (c)		persons involved in motor
			vehicle accidents.
500			
	817.234(11)(a)	3rd	Insurance fraud; property
			value less than \$20,000.
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501	817.236	3rd	Filing a false motor vehicle insurance application.
	817.2361	3rd	Creating, marketing, or presenting a false or fraudulent motor vehicle insurance card.
503	817.413(2)	3rd	Sale of used goods of \$1,000 or more as new.
505	817.49(2)(b)1.	3rd	Willful making of a false report of a crime causing great bodily harm, permanent disfigurement, or permanent disability.
506	831.28(2)(a)	3rd	Counterfeiting a payment instrument with intent to defraud or possessing a counterfeit payment instrument with intent to defraud.
	831.29	2nd	Possession of instruments for counterfeiting driver licenses or identification

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 ${\bf CODING:}$ Words ${\bf stricken}$ are deletions; words ${\bf \underline{underlined}}$ are additions.

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			cards.
507	836.13(2)	3rd	Person who promotes an altered sexual depiction of
508			an identifiable person without consent.
	838.021(3)(b)	3rd	Threatens unlawful harm to public servant.
509			
	847.01385	3rd	Harmful communication to a minor.
510	860.15(3)	3rd	Overcharging for repairs and parts.
511			
	870.01(2)	3rd	Riot.
512513	870.01(4)	3rd	Inciting a riot.
	893.13(1)(a)2.	3rd	Sell, manufacture, or deliver cannabis (or other s. 893.03(1)(c), (2)(c)1., (2)(c)2., (2)(c)3., (2)(c)6., (2)(c)7., (2)(c)8., (2)(c)9., (2)(c)10., (3), or (4) drugs).
514			

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	893.13(1)(d)2.	2nd	Sell, manufacture, or
			deliver s. 893.03(1)(c),
			(2)(c)1., (2)(c)2.,
			(2)(c)3., (2)(c)6.,
			(2)(c)7., (2)(c)8.,
			(2)(c)9., (2)(c)10., (3),
			or (4) drugs within 1,000
			feet of university.
515			
	893.13(1)(f)2.	2nd	Sell, manufacture, or
			deliver s. 893.03(1)(c),
			(2)(c)1., (2)(c)2.,
			(2)(c)3., (2)(c)6.,
			(2)(c)7., (2)(c)8.,
			(2)(c)9., (2)(c)10., (3),
			or (4) drugs within 1,000
			feet of public housing
			facility.
516			
	893.13(4)(c)	3rd	Use or hire of minor;
			deliver to minor other
			controlled substances.
517			
	893.13(6)(a)	3rd	Possession of any
			controlled substance other
			than felony possession of
			cannabis.
518			
	893.13(7)(a)8.	3rd	Withhold information from

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			practitioner regarding
			previous receipt of or
			prescription for a
			controlled substance.
519			
	893.13(7)(a)9.	3rd	Obtain or attempt to obtain
			controlled substance by
			fraud, forgery,
			misrepresentation, etc.
520			
	893.13(7)(a)10.	3rd	Affix false or forged label
			to package of controlled
			substance.
521			
	893.13(7)(a)11.	3rd	Furnish false or fraudulent
			material information on any
			document or record required
522			by chapter 893.
J Z Z	893.13(8)(a)1.	3rd	Knowingly assist a patient,
	033.13(0)(0)1.	Jiu	other person, or owner of
			an animal in obtaining a
			controlled substance
			through deceptive, untrue,
			or fraudulent
			representations in or
			related to the
			practitioner's practice.
523			
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	893.13(8)(a)2.	3rd	Employ a trick or scheme in
			the practitioner's practice
			to assist a patient, other
			person, or owner of an
			animal in obtaining a
			controlled substance.
524			
	893.13(8)(a)3.	3rd	Knowingly write a
			prescription for a
			controlled substance for a
			fictitious person.
525			
	893.13(8)(a)4.	3rd	Write a prescription for a
			controlled substance for a
			patient, other person, or
			an animal if the sole
			purpose of writing the
			prescription is a monetary
			benefit for the
			practitioner.
526			
	918.13(1)	3rd	Tampering with or
			fabricating physical
			evidence.
527			
	944.47	3rd	Introduce contraband to
	(1) (a) 1. & 2.		correctional facility.
528			
	944.47(1)(c)	2nd	Possess contraband while
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ı	16-01278-25		20251434
			upon the grounds of a
			correctional institution.
529			
	985.721	3rd	Escapes from a juvenile
			facility (secure detention
			or residential commitment
			facility).
530			
531	Section 7.	This act shall take	effect July 1, 2025.