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A bill to be entitled An act relating to utility services; amending s. 180.19, F.S.; requiring certain public meetings as a condition precedent to the effectiveness of a new or an extended agreement under which a municipality will provide specified utility services in other municipalities or unincorporated areas; specifying the matters to be addressed at such public meetings; requiring such agreements to be written; requiring annual public customer meetings; defining the terms "appointed representative" and "governing body"; limiting the portion of certain utility revenues that a municipality may use to fund or finance general government functions; requiring excess revenues to be reinvested into the municipal utility or returned to customers; requiring municipalities that provide specified utility services to report certain information by a specified date to the Florida Public Service Commission on an annual basis; requiring the commission to compile certain information and submit a report containing such information to the Governor and the Legislature by a specified date; providing construction; amending s. 180.191, F.S.; revising provisions relating to permissible rates, fees, and charges imposed by municipal water and sewer utilities

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on customers located outside the municipal boundaries; amending s. 366.032, F.S.; prohibiting boards, agencies, commissions, and authorities of any county, municipal corporation, or political subdivision from restricting or prohibiting fuel sources and appliances used to provide energy to consumers; revising retroactive applicability to include such boards, agencies, commissions, and authorities; providing an effective date.

Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:

Section 1. Section 180.19, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

180.19 Use by other municipalities and by individuals outside corporate limits.—

(1) A municipality which constructs any works as are authorized by this chapter, may permit any other municipality and the owners or association of owners of lots or lands outside of its corporate limits or within the limits of any other municipality, to connect with or use the utilities mentioned in this chapter upon such terms and conditions as may be agreed between such municipalities, and the owners or association of owners of such outside lots or lands.

(2) Any private company or corporation organized to

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accomplish the purposes set forth in this chapter, which has been granted a privilege or franchise by a municipality, may permit the owners or association of owners of lots or lands outside of the boundaries of said municipality granting said privilege or franchise, or other municipality, to connect with and use the utility operated by the said private company or corporation upon such terms as may be agreed between the said private company or corporation and the owners or association of owners of said lots or lands or the said municipality.

- (3) (a) A new agreement, or an extension, renewal, or material amendment of an existing agreement, to provide electric, natural gas, water, or sewer utility service at retail pursuant to subsection (1) must be written and may not become effective before an appointed representative of the municipality that provides service or intends to provide the service, in conjunction with the governing body of each municipality and unincorporated area served or to be served, has participated in a public meeting, which is not required to be a separate public meeting, within each municipality and unincorporated area served or to be served for purposes of providing information and soliciting public input on:
- 1. The nature of the services to be provided or changes to the services being provided;
- 2. The rates, fees, and charges to be imposed for the services provided or intended to be provided, including any

differential with the rates, fees, and charges imposed for the same services on customers located within the boundaries of the serving municipality, the basis for the differential, and the length of time that the differential is expected to exist;

3. The extent to which revenues generated from the provision of the services will be used to fund or finance nonutility government functions or services; and

- 4. Any other matters deemed relevant by the parties to the agreement.
- (b) Rates, fees, and charges imposed for water or sewer utility services provided pursuant to subsection (1) shall comply with s. 180.191.
- (c) A representative of each municipality that provides electric, natural gas, water, or sewer utility services pursuant to subsection (1), in conjunction with the governing body of each municipality and unincorporated area in which it provides services, must annually conduct a public customer meeting, which is not required to be a separate public meeting, within each municipality and unincorporated area for purposes of soliciting public input on utility-related matters, including fees, rates, charges, and services.
 - (d) For purposes of this subsection, the term:
- 1. "Appointed representative" means an executive-level leadership employee of a municipality, or such municipality's related and separate utility authority, board, or commission,

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specifically appointed by the governing body to serve as its representative for purposes of this subsection.

2. "Governing body" means a:

- a. Governing body of a municipality in which services are provided or proposed to be extended.
- b. Board of county commissioners of a county in which services are provided or proposed to be extended, if services are provided or proposed to be extended in an unincorporated area within the county.
- (4) A municipality that generates revenue from the provision of electric, natural gas, water, or sewer utility services to locations beyond its corporate limits may not use more than 10 percent of the gross revenues generated from such services to fund or finance general government functions. After the transfer of such revenues to fund or finance general government functions, if any revenues generated from such services remain after payment of the municipal utility's costs to provide services, these excess revenues must be reinvested into the municipal utility or returned to customers who received service at locations beyond the municipality's corporate limits.
- (5) (a) By November 1, 2025, and annually thereafter, each municipality that provides electric, natural gas, water, or sewer utility services pursuant to subsection (1) must provide a report to the Florida Public Service Commission that identifies, for each type of utility service provided by the municipality:

<u>1.</u>	The number and percentage of customers that receive
utility	services provided by the municipality at a location
outside	the boundaries of the municipality;
<u>2.</u>	The volume and percentage of sales made to such
custome	ers, and the gross revenues generated from such sales; and

- 3. Whether the rates, fees, and charges imposed on customers that receive services at a location outside the municipality's boundaries are different than the rates, fees, and charges imposed on customers within the boundaries of the municipality, and, if so, the amount and percentage of the differential.
- (b) The commission shall compile the information provided pursuant to paragraph (a) and submit a report containing this information to the Governor, the President of the Senate, and the Speaker of the House of Representatives by January 31, 2026, and annually thereafter.
- (c) This subsection does not modify or extend the authority of the commission otherwise provided by law with respect to any municipal utility that is required to comply with paragraph (a).

Section 2. Subsection (1) of section 180.191, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

- 180.191 Limitation on rates charged consumer outside city limits.—
 - (1) Any municipality within the state operating a water or

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sewer utility outside of the boundaries of such municipality shall charge consumers outside the boundaries rates, fees, and charges determined in one of the following manners:

- (a) It may charge the same rates, fees, and charges as consumers inside the municipal boundaries. However, in addition thereto, the municipality may add a surcharge of not more than 25 percent of such rates, fees, and charges to consumers outside the boundaries. Fixing of such rates, fees, and charges in this manner shall not require a public hearing except as may be provided for service to consumers inside the municipality.
- (b) 1. It may charge rates, fees, and charges that are just and equitable and which are based on the same factors used in fixing the rates, fees, and charges for consumers inside the municipal boundaries. In addition thereto, the municipality may add a surcharge not to exceed 25 percent of such rates, fees, and charges for said services to consumers outside the boundaries. However, the total of all Such rates, fees, and charges for the services to consumers outside the boundaries may shall not exceed 25 be more than 50 percent in excess of the total amount the municipality charges consumers served within the municipality for corresponding service. No such rates, fees, and charges shall be fixed until after a public hearing at which all of the users of the water or sewer systems; owners, tenants, or occupants of property served or to be served thereby; and all others interested shall have an opportunity to be heard

concerning the proposed rates, fees, and charges. Any change or revision of such rates, fees, or charges may be made in the same manner as such rates, fees, or charges were originally established, but if such change or revision is to be made substantially pro rata as to all classes of service, both inside and outside the municipality, no hearing or notice shall be required.

- 2. Any municipality within this state operating a water or sewer utility that provides services to consumers within the boundaries of a separate municipality through the use of a water treatment plant or sewer treatment plant located within the boundaries of that separate municipality may charge consumers in the separate municipality no more than the rates, fees, and charges imposed on consumers inside its own municipal boundaries.
- Section 3. Subsections (1), (2), and (5) of section 366.032, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:
 - 366.032 Preemption over utility service restrictions.-
- (1) A municipality, county, <u>board</u>, <u>agency</u>, <u>commission</u>, <u>or authority of any county</u>, <u>municipal corporation</u>, <u>or political subdivision</u>, special district, community development district created pursuant to chapter 190, or other political subdivision of the state may not enact or enforce a resolution, ordinance, rule, code, or policy or take any action that restricts or prohibits or has the effect of restricting or prohibiting the

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types or fuel sources of energy production which may be used, delivered, converted, or supplied by the following entities to serve customers that such entities are authorized to serve:

- (a) A public utility or an electric utility as defined in this chapter;
- (b) An entity formed under s. 163.01 that generates, sells, or transmits electrical energy;
 - (c) A natural gas utility as defined in s. 366.04(3)(c);
- (d) A natural gas transmission company as defined in s. 368.103; or
- (e) A Category I liquefied petroleum gas dealer or Category II liquefied petroleum gas dispenser or Category III liquefied petroleum gas cylinder exchange operator as defined in s. 527.01.
- (2) Except to the extent necessary to enforce the Florida Building Code adopted pursuant to s. 553.73 or the Florida Fire Prevention Code adopted pursuant to s. 633.202, a municipality, county, board, agency, commission, or authority of any county, municipal corporation, or political subdivision, special district, community development district created pursuant to chapter 190, or other political subdivision of the state may not enact or enforce a resolution, an ordinance, a rule, a code, or a policy or take any action that restricts or prohibits or has the effect of restricting or prohibiting the use of an appliance, including a stove or grill, which uses the types or

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fuel sources of energy production which may be used, delivered, converted, or supplied by the entities listed in subsection (1). As used in this subsection, the term "appliance" means a device or apparatus manufactured and designed to use energy and for which the Florida Building Code or the Florida Fire Prevention Code provides specific requirements.

- (5) Any municipality, county, <u>board</u>, <u>agency</u>, <u>commission</u>, <u>or authority of any county</u>, <u>municipal corporation</u>, <u>or political subdivision</u>, special district, community development district created pursuant to chapter 190, or political subdivision charter, resolution, ordinance, rule, code, policy, or action that is preempted by this act that existed before or on July 1, 2021, is void.
 - Section 4. This act shall take effect July 1, 2026.

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