

By Senator Wright

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A bill to be entitled
An act relating to Medicaid pharmacy services;
amending s. 409.973, F.S.; deleting the requirement
that Medicaid managed care plans cover prescription
drug services; amending s. 409.908, F.S.; beginning on
a specified date, requiring the Agency for Health Care
Administration to reimburse Medicaid providers for
pharmacy services directly through a fee-for-service
delivery system, regardless of whether the Medicaid
recipient was previously enrolled in a managed care
plan; requiring the agency to establish reimbursement
rates, dispensing fees, and any supplemental rebates
for pharmacy services; requiring the agency to adopt
rules; amending s. 409.912, F.S.; beginning on a
specified date, requiring the agency to administer and
manage pharmacy services for all Medicaid recipients
through a fee-for-service delivery system, including a
Medicaid prescribed-drug spending-control program;
providing an effective date.

Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:

Section 1. Paragraph (x) of subsection (1) of section
409.973, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

409.973 Benefits.—

(1) MINIMUM BENEFITS.—Managed care plans shall cover, at a
minimum, the following services:

~~(x) Prescription drugs.~~

Section 2. Section 409.908, Florida Statutes, is amended to

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30 read:

31 409.908 Reimbursement of Medicaid providers.—Subject to
32 specific appropriations, the agency shall reimburse Medicaid
33 providers, in accordance with state and federal law, according
34 to methodologies set forth in the rules of the agency and in
35 policy manuals and handbooks incorporated by reference therein.
36 These methodologies may include fee schedules, reimbursement
37 methods based on cost reporting, negotiated fees, competitive
38 bidding pursuant to s. 287.057, and other mechanisms the agency
39 considers efficient and effective for purchasing services or
40 goods on behalf of recipients. Effective July 1, 2025, the
41 agency shall reimburse pharmacy services directly under a fee-
42 for-service delivery system, in accordance with state and
43 federal laws, regardless of whether the recipient was previously
44 enrolled in a managed care plan. The agency shall establish
45 reimbursement rates, dispensing fees, and any supplemental
46 rebates as authorized under s. 409.912 and by federal
47 guidelines. The agency shall adopt any rules necessary to
48 implement this section. If a provider is reimbursed based on
49 cost reporting and submits a cost report late and that cost
50 report would have been used to set a lower reimbursement rate
51 for a rate semester, then the provider's rate for that semester
52 shall be retroactively calculated using the new cost report, and
53 full payment at the recalculated rate shall be effected
54 retroactively. Medicare-granted extensions for filing cost
55 reports, if applicable, shall also apply to Medicaid cost
56 reports. Payment for Medicaid compensable services made on
57 behalf of Medicaid-eligible persons is subject to the
58 availability of moneys and any limitations or directions

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provided for in the General Appropriations Act or chapter 216. Further, nothing in this section shall be construed to prevent or limit the agency from adjusting fees, reimbursement rates, lengths of stay, number of visits, or number of services, or making any other adjustments necessary to comply with the availability of moneys and any limitations or directions provided for in the General Appropriations Act, provided the adjustment is consistent with legislative intent.

(1) Reimbursement to hospitals licensed under part I of chapter 395 must be made prospectively or on the basis of negotiation.

(a) Reimbursement for inpatient care is limited as provided in s. 409.905(5), except as otherwise provided in this subsection.

1. If authorized by the General Appropriations Act, the agency may modify reimbursement for specific types of services or diagnoses, recipient ages, and hospital provider types.

2. The agency may establish an alternative methodology to the DRG-based prospective payment system to set reimbursement rates for:

- a. State-owned psychiatric hospitals.
- b. Newborn hearing screening services.
- c. Transplant services for which the agency has established a global fee.
- d. Recipients who have tuberculosis that is resistant to therapy who are in need of long-term, hospital-based treatment pursuant to s. 392.62.

3. The agency shall modify reimbursement according to other methodologies recognized in the General Appropriations Act.

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89 The agency may receive funds from state entities, including, but
90 not limited to, the Department of Health, local governments, and
91 other local political subdivisions, for the purpose of making
92 special exception payments, including federal matching funds,
93 through the Medicaid inpatient reimbursement methodologies.
94 Funds received for this purpose shall be separately accounted
95 for and may not be commingled with other state or local funds in
96 any manner. The agency may certify all local governmental funds
97 used as state match under Title XIX of the Social Security Act,
98 to the extent and in the manner authorized under the General
99 Appropriations Act and pursuant to an agreement between the
100 agency and the local governmental entity. In order for the
101 agency to certify such local governmental funds, a local
102 governmental entity must submit a final, executed letter of
103 agreement to the agency, which must be received by October 1 of
104 each fiscal year and provide the total amount of local
105 governmental funds authorized by the entity for that fiscal year
106 under this paragraph, paragraph (b), or the General
107 Appropriations Act. The local governmental entity shall use a
108 certification form prescribed by the agency. At a minimum, the
109 certification form must identify the amount being certified and
110 describe the relationship between the certifying local
111 governmental entity and the local health care provider. The
112 agency shall prepare an annual statement of impact which
113 documents the specific activities undertaken during the previous
114 fiscal year pursuant to this paragraph, to be submitted to the
115 Legislature annually by January 1.

116 (b) Reimbursement for hospital outpatient care is limited

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to \$1,500 per state fiscal year per recipient, except for:

1. Such care provided to a Medicaid recipient under age 21, in which case the only limitation is medical necessity.

2. Renal dialysis services.

3. Other exceptions made by the agency.

The agency is authorized to receive funds from state entities, including, but not limited to, the Department of Health, the Board of Governors of the State University System, local governments, and other local political subdivisions, for the purpose of making payments, including federal matching funds, through the Medicaid outpatient reimbursement methodologies. Funds received from state entities and local governments for this purpose shall be separately accounted for and may ~~shall~~ not be commingled with other state or local funds in any manner.

(c) The agency may receive intergovernmental transfers of funds from governmental entities, including, but not limited to, the Department of Health, local governments, and other local political subdivisions, for the advancement of the Medicaid program and for enhancing or supplementing provider reimbursement under this part and part IV. The agency shall seek and maintain a low-income pool in a manner authorized by federal waiver and implemented under spending authority granted in the General Appropriations Act. The low-income pool must be used to support enhanced access to services by offsetting shortfalls in Medicaid reimbursement or paying for otherwise uncompensated care, and the agency shall seek waiver authority to encourage the donation of intergovernmental transfers and to utilize intergovernmental transfers as the state's share of Medicaid

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146 funding within the low-income pool.

147 (d) Hospitals that provide services to a disproportionate
148 share of low-income Medicaid recipients, or that participate in
149 the regional perinatal intensive care center program under
150 chapter 383, or that participate in the statutory teaching
151 hospital disproportionate share program may receive additional
152 reimbursement. The total amount of payment for disproportionate
153 share hospitals shall be fixed by the General Appropriations
154 Act. The computation of these payments must be made in
155 compliance with all federal regulations and the methodologies
156 described in ss. 409.911 and 409.9113.

157 (e) The agency is authorized to limit inflationary
158 increases for outpatient hospital services as directed by the
159 General Appropriations Act.

160 (f)1. Pursuant to chapter 120, the agency shall furnish to
161 providers written notice of the audited hospital cost-based per
162 diem reimbursement rate for inpatient and outpatient care
163 established by the agency. The written notice constitutes final
164 agency action. A substantially affected provider seeking to
165 correct or adjust the calculation of the audited hospital cost-
166 based per diem reimbursement rate for inpatient and outpatient
167 care, other than a challenge to the methodologies set forth in
168 the rules of the agency and in reimbursement plans incorporated
169 by reference therein used to calculate the reimbursement rate
170 for inpatient and outpatient care, may request an administrative
171 hearing to challenge the final agency action by filing a
172 petition with the agency within 180 days after receipt of the
173 written notice by the provider. The petition must include all
174 documentation supporting the challenge upon which the provider

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intends to rely at the administrative hearing and may not be amended or supplemented except as authorized under uniform rules adopted pursuant to s. 120.54(5). The failure to timely file a petition in compliance with this subparagraph is deemed conclusive acceptance of the audited hospital cost-based per diem reimbursement rate for inpatient and outpatient care established by the agency.

2. Any challenge to the methodologies set forth in the rules of the agency and in reimbursement plans incorporated by reference therein used to calculate the reimbursement rate for inpatient and outpatient care may not result in a correction or an adjustment of a reimbursement rate for a rate period that occurred more than 5 years before the date the petition initiating the proceeding was filed.

3. This paragraph applies to any challenge to final agency action which seeks the correction or adjustment of a provider's audited hospital cost-based per diem reimbursement rate for inpatient and outpatient care and to any challenge to the methodologies set forth in the rules of the agency and in reimbursement plans incorporated by reference therein used to calculate the reimbursement rate for inpatient and outpatient care, including any right to challenge which arose before July 1, 2015. A correction or adjustment of an audited hospital cost-based per diem reimbursement rate for inpatient and outpatient care which is required by an administrative order or appellate decision:

a. Must be reconciled in the first rate period after the order or decision becomes final.

b. May not be the basis for any challenge to correct or

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adjust hospital rates required to be paid by any Medicaid managed care provider pursuant to part IV of this chapter.

4. The agency may not be compelled by an administrative body or a court to pay additional compensation to a hospital relating to the establishment of audited hospital cost-based per diem reimbursement rates by the agency or for remedies relating to such rates, unless an appropriation has been made by law for the exclusive, specific purpose of paying such additional compensation. As used in this subparagraph, the term "appropriation made by law" has the same meaning as provided in s. 11.066.

5. Any period of time specified in this paragraph is not tolled by the pendency of any administrative or appellate proceeding.

6. The exclusive means to challenge a written notice of an audited hospital cost-based per diem reimbursement rate for inpatient and outpatient care for the purpose of correcting or adjusting such rate before, on, or after July 1, 2015, or to challenge the methodologies set forth in the rules of the agency and in reimbursement plans incorporated by reference therein used to calculate the reimbursement rate for inpatient and outpatient care is through an administrative proceeding pursuant to chapter 120.

(2)(a)1. Reimbursement to nursing homes licensed under part II of chapter 400 and state-owned-and-operated intermediate care facilities for the developmentally disabled licensed under part VIII of chapter 400 must be made prospectively.

2. Unless otherwise limited or directed in the General Appropriations Act, reimbursement to hospitals licensed under

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part I of chapter 395 for the provision of swing-bed nursing home services must be made on the basis of the average statewide nursing home payment, and reimbursement to a hospital licensed under part I of chapter 395 for the provision of skilled nursing services must be made on the basis of the average nursing home payment for those services in the county in which the hospital is located. When a hospital is located in a county that does not have any community nursing homes, reimbursement shall be determined by averaging the nursing home payments in counties that surround the county in which the hospital is located. Reimbursement to hospitals, including Medicaid payment of Medicare copayments, for skilled nursing services shall be limited to 30 days, unless a prior authorization has been obtained from the agency. Medicaid reimbursement may be extended by the agency beyond 30 days, and approval must be based upon verification by the patient's physician that the patient requires short-term rehabilitative and recuperative services only, in which case an extension of no more than 15 days may be approved. Reimbursement to a hospital licensed under part I of chapter 395 for the temporary provision of skilled nursing services to nursing home residents who have been displaced as the result of a natural disaster or other emergency may not exceed the average county nursing home payment for those services in the county in which the hospital is located and is limited to the period of time which the agency considers necessary for continued placement of the nursing home residents in the hospital.

(b) Subject to any limitations or directions in the General Appropriations Act, the agency shall establish and implement a

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state Title XIX Long-Term Care Reimbursement Plan for nursing home care in order to provide care and services in conformance with the applicable state and federal laws, rules, regulations, and quality and safety standards and to ensure that individuals eligible for medical assistance have reasonable geographic access to such care.

1. The agency shall amend the long-term care reimbursement plan and cost reporting system to create direct care and indirect care subcomponents of the patient care component of the per diem rate. These two subcomponents together shall equal the patient care component of the per diem rate. Separate prices shall be calculated for each patient care subcomponent, initially based on the September 2016 rate setting cost reports and subsequently based on the most recently audited cost report used during a rebasing year. The direct care subcomponent of the per diem rate for any providers still being reimbursed on a cost basis shall be limited by the cost-based class ceiling, and the indirect care subcomponent may be limited by the lower of the cost-based class ceiling, the target rate class ceiling, or the individual provider target. The ceilings and targets apply only to providers being reimbursed on a cost-based system. Effective October 1, 2018, a prospective payment methodology shall be implemented for rate setting purposes with the following parameters:

a. Peer Groups, including:

(I) North-SMMC Regions 1-9, less Palm Beach and Okeechobee Counties; and

(II) South-SMMC Regions 10-11, plus Palm Beach and Okeechobee Counties.

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b. Percentage of Median Costs based on the cost reports
used for September 2016 rate setting:

(I) Direct Care Costs100 percent.

(II) Indirect Care Costs92 percent.

(III) Operating Costs86 percent.

c. Floors:

(I) Direct Care Component95 percent.

(II) Indirect Care Component92.5 percent.

(III) Operating ComponentNone.

d. Pass-through PaymentsReal Estate and

.....Personal Property

.....Taxes and Property Insurance.

e. Quality Incentive Program Payment

Pool.....10 percent of September

.....2016 non-property related

.....payments of included facilities.

f. Quality Score Threshold to Quality for Quality Incentive
Payment.....20th

.....percentile of included facilities.

g. Fair Rental Value System Payment Parameters:

(I) Building Value per Square Foot based on 2018 RS Means.

(II) Land Valuation.....10 percent of Gross Building value.

(III) Facility Square Footage.....Actual Square Footage.

(IV) Movable Equipment Allowance.....\$8,000 per bed.

(V) Obsolescence Factor.....1.5 percent.

(VI) Fair Rental Rate of Return.....8 percent.

(VII) Minimum Occupancy.....90 percent.

(VIII) Maximum Facility Age.....40 years.

(IX) Minimum Square Footage per Bed.....350.

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(X) Maximum Square Footage for Bed.....500.

(XI) Minimum Cost of a renovation/replacements \$500 per bed.

h. Ventilator Supplemental payment of \$200 per Medicaid day of 40,000 ventilator Medicaid days per fiscal year.

2. The direct care subcomponent shall include salaries and benefits of direct care staff providing nursing services including registered nurses, licensed practical nurses, and certified nursing assistants who deliver care directly to residents in the nursing home facility, allowable therapy costs, and dietary costs. This excludes nursing administration, staff development, the staffing coordinator, and the administrative portion of the minimum data set and care plan coordinators. The direct care subcomponent also includes medically necessary dental care, vision care, hearing care, and podiatric care.

3. All other patient care costs shall be included in the indirect care cost subcomponent of the patient care per diem rate, including complex medical equipment, medical supplies, and other allowable ancillary costs. Costs may not be allocated directly or indirectly to the direct care subcomponent from a home office or management company.

4. On July 1 of each year, the agency shall report to the Legislature direct and indirect care costs, including average direct and indirect care costs per resident per facility and direct care and indirect care salaries and benefits per category of staff member per facility.

5. Every fourth year, the agency shall rebase nursing home prospective payment rates to reflect changes in cost based on the most recently audited cost report for each participating provider.

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349 6. A direct care supplemental payment may be made to
350 providers whose direct care hours per patient day are above the
351 80th percentile and who provide Medicaid services to a larger
352 percentage of Medicaid patients than the state average.

353 7. Pediatric, Florida Department of Veterans Affairs, and
354 government-owned facilities are exempt from the pricing model
355 established in this subsection and shall remain on a cost-based
356 prospective payment system. Effective October 1, 2018, the
357 agency shall set rates for all facilities remaining on a cost-
358 based prospective payment system using each facility's most
359 recently audited cost report, eliminating retroactive
360 settlements.

361
362 It is the intent of the Legislature that the reimbursement plan
363 achieve the goal of providing access to health care for nursing
364 home residents who require large amounts of care while
365 encouraging diversion services as an alternative to nursing home
366 care for residents who can be served within the community. The
367 agency shall base the establishment of any maximum rate of
368 payment, whether overall or component, on the available moneys
369 as provided for in the General Appropriations Act. The agency
370 may base the maximum rate of payment on the results of
371 scientifically valid analysis and conclusions derived from
372 objective statistical data pertinent to the particular maximum
373 rate of payment. The agency shall base the rates of payments in
374 accordance with the minimum wage requirements as provided in the
375 General Appropriations Act.

376 (3) Subject to any limitations or directions provided for
377 in the General Appropriations Act, the following Medicaid

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services and goods may be reimbursed on a fee-for-service basis. For each allowable service or goods furnished in accordance with Medicaid rules, policy manuals, handbooks, and state and federal law, the payment shall be the amount billed by the provider, the provider's usual and customary charge, or the maximum allowable fee established by the agency, whichever amount is less, with the exception of those services or goods for which the agency makes payment using a methodology based on capitation rates, average costs, or negotiated fees.

- (a) Advanced practice registered nurse services.
- (b) Birth center services.
- (c) Chiropractic services.
- (d) Community mental health services.
- (e) Dental services, including oral and maxillofacial surgery.
- (f) Donor human milk bank services.
- (g) Durable medical equipment.
- (h) Hearing services.
- (i) Occupational therapy for Medicaid recipients under age 21.
- (j) Optometric services.
- (k) Orthodontic services.
- (l) Personal care for Medicaid recipients under age 21.
- (m) Physical therapy for Medicaid recipients under age 21.
- (n) Physician assistant services.
- (o) Podiatric services.
- (p) Portable X-ray services.
- (q) Private-duty nursing for Medicaid recipients under age 21.

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(r) Registered nurse first assistant services.

(s) Respiratory therapy for Medicaid recipients under age 21.

(t) Speech therapy for Medicaid recipients under age 21.

(u) Visual services.

(4) Subject to any limitations or directions provided for in the General Appropriations Act, alternative health plans, health maintenance organizations, and prepaid health plans shall be reimbursed a fixed, prepaid amount negotiated, or competitively bid pursuant to s. 287.057, by the agency and prospectively paid to the provider monthly for each Medicaid recipient enrolled. The amount may not exceed the average amount the agency determines it would have paid, based on claims experience, for recipients in the same or similar category of eligibility. The agency shall calculate capitation rates on a regional basis and, beginning September 1, 1995, shall include age-band differentials in such calculations.

(5) Effective July 1, 2017, an ambulatory surgical center shall be reimbursed pursuant to a prospective payment methodology. The agency shall implement a prospective payment methodology for establishing reimbursement rates for ambulatory surgical centers. Rates shall be calculated annually and take effect July 1, 2017, and on July 1 each year thereafter. The methodology shall categorize the amount and type of services used in various ambulatory visits which group together procedures and medical visits that share similar characteristics and resource utilization.

(6) A provider of early and periodic screening, diagnosis, and treatment services to Medicaid recipients who are children

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under age 21 shall be reimbursed using an all-inclusive rate stipulated in a fee schedule established by the agency. A provider of the visual, dental, and hearing components of such services shall be reimbursed the lesser of the amount billed by the provider or the Medicaid maximum allowable fee established by the agency.

(7) A provider of family planning services shall be reimbursed the lesser of the amount billed by the provider or an all-inclusive amount per type of visit for physicians and advanced practice registered nurses, as established by the agency in a fee schedule.

(8) A provider of home-based or community-based services rendered pursuant to a federally approved waiver shall be reimbursed based on an established or negotiated rate for each service. These rates shall be established according to an analysis of the expenditure history and prospective budget developed by each contract provider participating in the waiver program, or under any other methodology adopted by the agency and approved by the Federal Government in accordance with the waiver. Privately owned and operated community-based residential facilities which meet agency requirements and which formerly received Medicaid reimbursement for the optional intermediate care facility for the intellectually disabled service may participate in the developmental services waiver as part of a home-and-community-based continuum of care for Medicaid recipients who receive waiver services.

(9) A provider of home health care services or of medical supplies and appliances shall be reimbursed on the basis of competitive bidding or for the lesser of the amount billed by

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the provider or the agency's established maximum allowable amount, except that, in the case of the rental of durable medical equipment, the total rental payments may not exceed the purchase price of the equipment over its expected useful life or the agency's established maximum allowable amount, whichever amount is less.

(10) A hospice shall be reimbursed through a prospective system for each Medicaid hospice patient at Medicaid rates using the methodology established for hospice reimbursement pursuant to Title XVIII of the federal Social Security Act.

(11) A provider of independent laboratory services shall be reimbursed on the basis of competitive bidding or for the least of the amount billed by the provider, the provider's usual and customary charge, or the Medicaid maximum allowable fee established by the agency.

(12)(a) A physician shall be reimbursed the lesser of the amount billed by the provider or the Medicaid maximum allowable fee established by the agency.

(b) The agency shall adopt a fee schedule, subject to any limitations or directions provided for in the General Appropriations Act, based on a resource-based relative value scale for pricing Medicaid physician services. Under this fee schedule, physicians shall be paid a dollar amount for each service based on the average resources required to provide the service, including, but not limited to, estimates of average physician time and effort, practice expense, and the costs of professional liability insurance. The fee schedule shall provide increased reimbursement for preventive and primary care services and lowered reimbursement for specialty services by using at

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least two conversion factors, one for cognitive services and another for procedural services. The fee schedule may ~~shall~~ not increase total Medicaid physician expenditures unless moneys are available. The Agency for Health Care Administration shall seek the advice of a 16-member advisory panel in formulating and adopting the fee schedule. The panel shall consist of Medicaid physicians licensed under chapters 458 and 459 and shall be composed of 50 percent primary care physicians and 50 percent specialty care physicians.

(c) Notwithstanding paragraph (b), reimbursement fees to physicians for providing total obstetrical services to Medicaid recipients, which include prenatal, delivery, and postpartum care, shall be at least \$1,500 per delivery for a pregnant woman with low medical risk and at least \$2,000 per delivery for a pregnant woman with high medical risk. However, reimbursement to physicians working in Regional Perinatal Intensive Care Centers designated pursuant to chapter 383, for services to certain pregnant Medicaid recipients with a high medical risk, may be made according to obstetrical care and neonatal care groupings and rates established by the agency. Nurse midwives licensed under part I of chapter 464 or midwives licensed under chapter 467 shall be reimbursed at no less than 80 percent of the low medical risk fee. The agency shall by rule determine, for the purpose of this paragraph, what constitutes a high or low medical risk pregnant woman and may ~~shall~~ not pay more based solely on the fact that a cesarean section was performed, rather than a vaginal delivery. The agency shall by rule determine a prorated payment for obstetrical services in cases where only part of the total prenatal, delivery, or postpartum care was

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performed. The Department of Health shall adopt rules for appropriate insurance coverage for midwives licensed under chapter 467. Prior to the issuance and renewal of an active license, or reactivation of an inactive license for midwives licensed under chapter 467, such licensees shall submit proof of coverage with each application.

(13) Medicare premiums for persons eligible for both Medicare and Medicaid coverage shall be paid at the rates established by Title XVIII of the Social Security Act. For Medicare services rendered to Medicaid-eligible persons, Medicaid shall pay Medicare deductibles and coinsurance as follows:

(a) Medicaid's financial obligation for deductibles and coinsurance payments shall be based on Medicare allowable fees, not on a provider's billed charges.

(b) Medicaid will pay no portion of Medicare deductibles and coinsurance when payment that Medicare has made for the service equals or exceeds what Medicaid would have paid if it had been the sole payor. The combined payment of Medicare and Medicaid may ~~shall~~ not exceed the amount Medicaid would have paid had it been the sole payor. The Legislature finds that there has been confusion regarding the reimbursement for services rendered to dually eligible Medicare beneficiaries. Accordingly, the Legislature clarifies that it has always been the intent of the Legislature before and after 1991 that, in reimbursing in accordance with fees established by Title XVIII for premiums, deductibles, and coinsurance for Medicare services rendered by physicians to Medicaid eligible persons, physicians be reimbursed at the lesser of the amount billed by the

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physician or the Medicaid maximum allowable fee established by the Agency for Health Care Administration, as is permitted by federal law. It has never been the intent of the Legislature with regard to such services rendered by physicians that Medicaid be required to provide any payment for deductibles, coinsurance, or copayments for Medicare cost sharing, or any expenses incurred relating thereto, in excess of the payment amount provided for under the State Medicaid plan for such service. This payment methodology is applicable even in those situations in which the payment for Medicare cost sharing for a qualified Medicare beneficiary with respect to an item or service is reduced or eliminated. This expression of the Legislature is in clarification of existing law and shall apply to payment for, and with respect to provider agreements with respect to, items or services furnished on or after the effective date of this act. This paragraph applies to payment by Medicaid for items and services furnished before the effective date of this act if such payment is the subject of a lawsuit that is based on the provisions of this section, and that is pending as of, or is initiated after, the effective date of this act.

(c) Notwithstanding paragraphs (a) and (b):

1. Medicaid payments for Nursing Home Medicare part A coinsurance are limited to the Medicaid nursing home per diem rate less any amounts paid by Medicare, but only up to the amount of Medicare coinsurance. The Medicaid per diem rate shall be the rate in effect for the dates of service of the crossover claims and may not be subsequently adjusted due to subsequent per diem rate adjustments.

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2. Medicaid shall pay all deductibles and coinsurance for Medicare-eligible recipients receiving freestanding end stage renal dialysis center services.

3. Medicaid payments for general and specialty hospital inpatient services are limited to the Medicare deductible and coinsurance per spell of illness. Medicaid payments for hospital Medicare Part A coinsurance shall be limited to the Medicaid hospital per diem rate less any amounts paid by Medicare, but only up to the amount of Medicare coinsurance. Medicaid payments for coinsurance shall be limited to the Medicaid per diem rate in effect for the dates of service of the crossover claims and may not be subsequently adjusted due to subsequent per diem adjustments.

4. Medicaid shall pay all deductibles and coinsurance for Medicare-covered services provided to Medicare-eligible recipients by ambulances licensed pursuant to chapter 401 according to the corresponding procedure codes for such services.

5. Medicaid shall pay all deductibles and coinsurance for portable X-ray Medicare Part B services provided in a nursing home, in an assisted living facility, or in the patient's home.

(14) A provider of prescribed drugs shall be reimbursed in an amount not to exceed the lesser of the actual acquisition cost based on the Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services National Average Drug Acquisition Cost pricing files plus a professional dispensing fee, the wholesale acquisition cost plus a professional dispensing fee, the state maximum allowable cost plus a professional dispensing fee, or the usual and customary charge billed by the provider.

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(a) Medicaid providers must dispense generic drugs if available at lower cost and the agency has not determined that the branded product is more cost-effective, unless the prescriber has requested and received approval to require the branded product.

(b) The agency may establish a supplemental pharmaceutical dispensing fee to be paid to providers returning unused unit-dose packaged medications to stock and crediting the Medicaid program for the ingredient cost of those medications if the ingredient costs to be credited exceed the value of the supplemental dispensing fee.

(c) The agency may limit reimbursement for prescribed medicine in order to comply with any limitations or directions provided in the General Appropriations Act, which may include implementing a prospective or concurrent utilization review program.

(15) A provider of primary care case management services rendered pursuant to a federally approved waiver shall be reimbursed by payment of a fixed, prepaid monthly sum for each Medicaid recipient enrolled with the provider.

(16) A provider of rural health clinic services and federally qualified health center services shall be reimbursed a rate per visit based on total reasonable costs of the clinic, as determined by the agency in accordance with federal regulations.

(17) A provider of targeted case management services shall be reimbursed pursuant to an established fee, except where the Federal Government requires a public provider be reimbursed on the basis of average actual costs.

(18) Unless otherwise provided for in the General

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Appropriations Act, a provider of transportation services shall be reimbursed the lesser of the amount billed by the provider or the Medicaid maximum allowable fee established by the agency, except when the agency has entered into a direct contract with the provider, or with a community transportation coordinator, for the provision of an all-inclusive service, or when services are provided pursuant to an agreement negotiated between the agency and the provider. The agency, as provided for in s. 427.0135, shall purchase transportation services through the community coordinated transportation system, if available, unless the agency, after consultation with the commission, determines that it cannot reach mutually acceptable contract terms with the commission. The agency may then contract for the same transportation services provided in a more cost-effective manner and of comparable or higher quality and standards. Nothing in this subsection shall be construed to limit or preclude the agency from contracting for services using a prepaid capitation rate or from establishing maximum fee schedules, individualized reimbursement policies by provider type, negotiated fees, prior authorization, competitive bidding, increased use of mass transit, or any other mechanism that the agency considers efficient and effective for the purchase of services on behalf of Medicaid clients, including implementing a transportation eligibility process. The agency is ~~shall~~ not be required to contract with any community transportation coordinator or transportation operator that has been determined by the agency, the Department of Legal Affairs Medicaid Fraud Control Unit, or any other state or federal agency to have engaged in any abusive or fraudulent billing activities. The

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668 agency is authorized to competitively procure transportation
669 services or make other changes necessary to secure approval of
670 federal waivers needed to permit federal financing of Medicaid
671 transportation services at the service matching rate rather than
672 the administrative matching rate. Notwithstanding chapter 427,
673 the agency is authorized to continue contracting for Medicaid
674 nonemergency transportation services in agency service area 11
675 with managed care plans that were under contract for those
676 services before July 1, 2004.

677 (19) County health department services shall be reimbursed
678 a rate per visit based on total reasonable costs of the clinic,
679 as determined by the agency in accordance with federal
680 regulations under the authority of 42 C.F.R. s. 431.615.

681 (20) A renal dialysis facility that provides dialysis
682 services under s. 409.906(9) must be reimbursed the lesser of
683 the amount billed by the provider, the provider's usual and
684 customary charge, or the maximum allowable fee established by
685 the agency, whichever amount is less.

686 (21) The agency shall reimburse school districts that
687 certify the state match pursuant to ss. 409.9071 and 1011.70 for
688 the federal portion of the school district's allowable costs to
689 deliver the services, based on the reimbursement schedule. The
690 school district shall determine the costs for delivering
691 services as authorized in ss. 409.9071 and 1011.70 for which the
692 state match will be certified. Reimbursement of school-based
693 providers is contingent on such providers being enrolled as
694 Medicaid providers and meeting the qualifications contained in
695 42 C.F.R. s. 440.110, unless otherwise waived by the United
696 States Department of Health and Human Services. Speech therapy

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697 providers who are certified through the Department of Education
698 pursuant to rule 6A-4.0176, Florida Administrative Code, are
699 eligible for reimbursement for services that are provided on
700 school premises. Any employee of the school district who has
701 been fingerprinted and has received a criminal background check
702 in accordance with Department of Education rules and guidelines
703 is exempt from any agency requirements relating to criminal
704 background checks.

705 (22) The agency shall request and implement Medicaid
706 waivers from the federal Health Care Financing Administration to
707 advance and treat a portion of the Medicaid nursing home per
708 diem as capital for creating and operating a risk-retention
709 group for self-insurance purposes, consistent with federal and
710 state laws and rules.

711 (23) (a) The agency shall establish rates at a level that
712 ensures no increase in statewide expenditures resulting from a
713 change in unit costs for county health departments effective
714 July 1, 2011. Reimbursement rates shall be as provided in the
715 General Appropriations Act.

716 (b) 1. Base rate reimbursement for inpatient services under
717 a diagnosis-related group payment methodology shall be provided
718 in the General Appropriations Act.

719 2. Base rate reimbursement for outpatient services under an
720 enhanced ambulatory payment group methodology shall be provided
721 in the General Appropriations Act.

722 3. Prospective payment system reimbursement for nursing
723 home services shall be as provided in subsection (2) and in the
724 General Appropriations Act.

725 (24) If a provider fails to notify the agency within 5

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business days after suspension or disenrollment from Medicare, sanctions may be imposed pursuant to this chapter, and the provider may be required to return funds paid to the provider during the period of time that the provider was suspended or disenrolled as a Medicare provider.

(25) In accordance with 42 C.F.R. s. 433.318(d), the agency may certify that a Medicaid provider is out of business and that any overpayments made to the provider cannot be collected under state law and procedures.

(26) The agency may receive funds from state entities, including, but not limited to, the Department of Health, local governments, and other local political subdivisions, for the purpose of making special exception payments and Low Income Pool Program payments, including federal matching funds. Funds received for this purpose shall be separately accounted for and may not be commingled with other state or local funds in any manner. The agency may certify all local governmental funds used as state match under Title XIX of the Social Security Act to the extent and in the manner authorized under the General Appropriations Act and pursuant to an agreement between the agency and the local governmental entity. In order for the agency to certify such local governmental funds, a local governmental entity must submit a final, executed letter of agreement to the agency, which must be received by October 1 of each fiscal year and provide the total amount of local governmental funds authorized by the entity for that fiscal year under the General Appropriations Act. The local governmental entity shall use a certification form prescribed by the agency. At a minimum, the certification form must identify the amount

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being certified and describe the relationship between the certifying local governmental entity and the local health care provider. Local governmental funds outlined in the letters of agreement must be received by the agency no later than October 31 of each fiscal year in which such funds are pledged, unless an alternative plan is specifically approved by the agency. To be eligible for low-income pool funding or other forms of supplemental payments funded by intergovernmental transfers, and in addition to any other applicable requirements, essential providers identified in s. 409.975(1)(a)2. must offer to contract with each managed care plan in their region and essential providers identified in s. 409.975(1)(b)1. and 3. must offer to contract with each managed care plan in the state. Before releasing such supplemental payments, in the event the parties have not executed network contracts, the agency shall evaluate the parties' efforts to complete negotiations. If such efforts continue to fail, the agency must withhold such supplemental payments beginning in the third quarter of the fiscal year if it determines that, based upon the totality of the circumstances, the essential provider has negotiated with the managed care plan in bad faith. If the agency determines that an essential provider has negotiated in bad faith, it must notify the essential provider at least 90 days in advance of the start of the third quarter of the fiscal year and afford the essential provider hearing rights in accordance with chapter 120.

Section 3. Paragraph (a) of subsection (5) of section 409.912, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

409.912 Cost-effective purchasing of health care.—The

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agency shall purchase goods and services for Medicaid recipients in the most cost-effective manner consistent with the delivery of quality medical care. To ensure that medical services are effectively utilized, the agency may, in any case, require a confirmation or second physician's opinion of the correct diagnosis for purposes of authorizing future services under the Medicaid program. This section does not restrict access to emergency services or poststabilization care services as defined in 42 C.F.R. s. 438.114. Such confirmation or second opinion shall be rendered in a manner approved by the agency. The agency shall maximize the use of prepaid per capita and prepaid aggregate fixed-sum basis services when appropriate and other alternative service delivery and reimbursement methodologies, including competitive bidding pursuant to s. 287.057, designed to facilitate the cost-effective purchase of a case-managed continuum of care. The agency shall also require providers to minimize the exposure of recipients to the need for acute inpatient, custodial, and other institutional care and the inappropriate or unnecessary use of high-cost services. The agency shall contract with a vendor to monitor and evaluate the clinical practice patterns of providers in order to identify trends that are outside the normal practice patterns of a provider's professional peers or the national guidelines of a provider's professional association. The vendor must be able to provide information and counseling to a provider whose practice patterns are outside the norms, in consultation with the agency, to improve patient care and reduce inappropriate utilization. The agency may mandate prior authorization, drug therapy management, or disease management participation for certain

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populations of Medicaid beneficiaries, certain drug classes, or particular drugs to prevent fraud, abuse, overuse, and possible dangerous drug interactions. The Pharmaceutical and Therapeutics Committee shall make recommendations to the agency on drugs for which prior authorization is required. The agency shall inform the Pharmaceutical and Therapeutics Committee of its decisions regarding drugs subject to prior authorization. The agency is authorized to limit the entities it contracts with or enrolls as Medicaid providers by developing a provider network through provider credentialing. The agency may competitively bid single-source-provider contracts if procurement of goods or services results in demonstrated cost savings to the state without limiting access to care. The agency may limit its network based on the assessment of beneficiary access to care, provider availability, provider quality standards, time and distance standards for access to care, the cultural competence of the provider network, demographic characteristics of Medicaid beneficiaries, practice and provider-to-beneficiary standards, appointment wait times, beneficiary use of services, provider turnover, provider profiling, provider licensure history, previous program integrity investigations and findings, peer review, provider Medicaid policy and billing compliance records, clinical and medical record audits, and other factors. Providers are not entitled to enrollment in the Medicaid provider network. The agency shall determine instances in which allowing Medicaid beneficiaries to purchase durable medical equipment and other goods is less expensive to the Medicaid program than long-term rental of the equipment or goods. The agency may establish rules to facilitate purchases in lieu of long-term rentals in order to

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protect against fraud and abuse in the Medicaid program as defined in s. 409.913. The agency may seek federal waivers necessary to administer these policies.

(5)(a) Notwithstanding any other law, effective July 1, 2025, the agency shall administer and manage pharmacy services for all Medicaid recipients through a fee-for-service delivery system, to include ~~implement~~ a Medicaid prescribed-drug spending-control program that includes the following components:

1. A Medicaid preferred drug list, which shall be a listing of cost-effective therapeutic options recommended by the Medicaid Pharmacy and Therapeutics Committee established pursuant to s. 409.91195 and adopted by the agency for each therapeutic class on the preferred drug list. At the discretion of the committee, and when feasible, the preferred drug list should include at least two products in a therapeutic class. The agency may post the preferred drug list and updates to the list on an Internet website without following the rulemaking procedures of chapter 120. Antiretroviral agents are excluded from the preferred drug list. The agency shall also limit the amount of a prescribed drug dispensed to no more than a 34-day supply unless the drug products' smallest marketed package is greater than a 34-day supply, or the drug is determined by the agency to be a maintenance drug in which case a 100-day maximum supply may be authorized. The agency may seek any federal waivers necessary to implement these cost-control programs and to continue participation in the federal Medicaid rebate program, or alternatively to negotiate state-only manufacturer rebates. The agency may adopt rules to administer this subparagraph. The agency shall continue to provide unlimited

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contraceptive drugs and items. The agency must establish procedures to ensure that:

a. There is a response to a request for prior authorization by telephone or other telecommunication device within 24 hours after receipt of a request for prior authorization; and

b. A 72-hour supply of the drug prescribed is provided in an emergency or when the agency does not provide a response within 24 hours as required by sub-subparagraph a.

2. A provider of prescribed drugs is reimbursed in an amount not to exceed the lesser of the actual acquisition cost based on the Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services National Average Drug Acquisition Cost pricing files plus a professional dispensing fee, the wholesale acquisition cost plus a professional dispensing fee, the state maximum allowable cost plus a professional dispensing fee, or the usual and customary charge billed by the provider.

3. The agency shall develop and implement a process for managing the drug therapies of Medicaid recipients who are using significant numbers of prescribed drugs each month. The management process may include, but is not limited to, comprehensive, physician-directed medical-record reviews, claims analyses, and case evaluations to determine the medical necessity and appropriateness of a patient's treatment plan and drug therapies. The agency may contract with a private organization to provide drug-program-management services. The Medicaid drug benefit management program shall include initiatives to manage drug therapies for HIV/AIDS patients, patients using 20 or more unique prescriptions in a 180-day period, and the top 1,000 patients in annual spending. The

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agency shall enroll any Medicaid recipient in the drug benefit management program if he or she meets the specifications of this provision and is not enrolled in a Medicaid health maintenance organization.

4. The agency may limit the size of its pharmacy network based on need, competitive bidding, price negotiations, credentialing, or similar criteria. The agency shall give special consideration to rural areas in determining the size and location of pharmacies included in the Medicaid pharmacy network. A pharmacy credentialing process may include criteria such as a pharmacy's full-service status, location, size, patient educational programs, patient consultation, disease management services, and other characteristics. The agency may impose a moratorium on Medicaid pharmacy enrollment if it is determined that it has a sufficient number of Medicaid-participating providers. The agency must allow dispensing practitioners to participate as a part of the Medicaid pharmacy network regardless of the practitioner's proximity to any other entity that is dispensing prescription drugs under the Medicaid program. A dispensing practitioner must meet all credentialing requirements applicable to his or her practice, as determined by the agency.

5. The agency shall develop and implement a program that requires Medicaid practitioners who issue written prescriptions for medicinal drugs to use a counterfeit-proof prescription pad for Medicaid prescriptions. The agency shall require the use of standardized counterfeit-proof prescription pads by prescribers who issue written prescriptions for Medicaid recipients. The agency may implement the program in targeted geographic areas or

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929 statewide.

930 6. The agency may enter into arrangements that require
931 manufacturers of generic drugs prescribed to Medicaid recipients
932 to provide rebates of at least 15.1 percent of the average
933 manufacturer price for the manufacturer's generic products.
934 These arrangements shall require that if a generic-drug
935 manufacturer pays federal rebates for Medicaid-reimbursed drugs
936 at a level below 15.1 percent, the manufacturer must provide a
937 supplemental rebate to the state in an amount necessary to
938 achieve a 15.1-percent rebate level.

939 7. The agency may establish a preferred drug list as
940 described in this subsection, and, pursuant to the establishment
941 of such preferred drug list, negotiate supplemental rebates from
942 manufacturers that are in addition to those required by Title
943 XIX of the Social Security Act and at no less than 14 percent of
944 the average manufacturer price as defined in 42 U.S.C. s. 1936
945 on the last day of a quarter unless the federal or supplemental
946 rebate, or both, equals or exceeds 29 percent. There is no upper
947 limit on the supplemental rebates the agency may negotiate. The
948 agency may determine that specific products, brand-name or
949 generic, are competitive at lower rebate percentages. Agreement
950 to pay the minimum supplemental rebate percentage guarantees a
951 manufacturer that the Medicaid Pharmaceutical and Therapeutics
952 Committee will consider a product for inclusion on the preferred
953 drug list. However, a pharmaceutical manufacturer is not
954 guaranteed placement on the preferred drug list by simply paying
955 the minimum supplemental rebate. Agency decisions will be made
956 on the clinical efficacy of a drug and recommendations of the
957 Medicaid Pharmaceutical and Therapeutics Committee, as well as

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the price of competing products minus federal and state rebates. The agency may contract with an outside agency or contractor to conduct negotiations for supplemental rebates. For the purposes of this section, the term "supplemental rebates" means cash rebates. Value-added programs as a substitution for supplemental rebates are prohibited. The agency may seek any federal waivers to implement this initiative.

8.a. The agency may implement a Medicaid behavioral drug management system. The agency may contract with a vendor that has experience in operating behavioral drug management systems to implement this program. The agency may seek federal waivers to implement this program.

b. The agency, in conjunction with the Department of Children and Families, may implement the Medicaid behavioral drug management system that is designed to improve the quality of care and behavioral health prescribing practices based on best practice guidelines, improve patient adherence to medication plans, reduce clinical risk, and lower prescribed drug costs and the rate of inappropriate spending on Medicaid behavioral drugs. The program may include the following elements:

(I) Provide for the development and adoption of best practice guidelines for behavioral health-related drugs such as antipsychotics, antidepressants, and medications for treating bipolar disorders and other behavioral conditions; translate them into practice; review behavioral health prescribers and compare their prescribing patterns to a number of indicators that are based on national standards; and determine deviations from best practice guidelines.

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(II) Implement processes for providing feedback to and educating prescribers using best practice educational materials and peer-to-peer consultation.

(III) Assess Medicaid beneficiaries who are outliers in their use of behavioral health drugs with regard to the numbers and types of drugs taken, drug dosages, combination drug therapies, and other indicators of improper use of behavioral health drugs.

(IV) Alert prescribers to patients who fail to refill prescriptions in a timely fashion, are prescribed multiple same-class behavioral health drugs, and may have other potential medication problems.

(V) Track spending trends for behavioral health drugs and deviation from best practice guidelines.

(VI) Use educational and technological approaches to promote best practices, educate consumers, and train prescribers in the use of practice guidelines.

(VII) Disseminate electronic and published materials.

(VIII) Hold statewide and regional conferences.

(IX) Implement a disease management program with a model quality-based medication component for severely mentally ill individuals and emotionally disturbed children who are high users of care.

9. The agency shall implement a Medicaid prescription drug management system.

a. The agency may contract with a vendor that has experience in operating prescription drug management systems in order to implement this system. Any management system that is implemented in accordance with this subparagraph must rely on

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1016 cooperation between physicians and pharmacists to determine
1017 appropriate practice patterns and clinical guidelines to improve
1018 the prescribing, dispensing, and use of drugs in the Medicaid
1019 program. The agency may seek federal waivers to implement this
1020 program.

1021 b. The drug management system must be designed to improve
1022 the quality of care and prescribing practices based on best
1023 practice guidelines, improve patient adherence to medication
1024 plans, reduce clinical risk, and lower prescribed drug costs and
1025 the rate of inappropriate spending on Medicaid prescription
1026 drugs. The program must:

1027 (I) Provide for the adoption of best practice guidelines
1028 for the prescribing and use of drugs in the Medicaid program,
1029 including translating best practice guidelines into practice;
1030 reviewing prescriber patterns and comparing them to indicators
1031 that are based on national standards and practice patterns of
1032 clinical peers in their community, statewide, and nationally;
1033 and determine deviations from best practice guidelines.

1034 (II) Implement processes for providing feedback to and
1035 educating prescribers using best practice educational materials
1036 and peer-to-peer consultation.

1037 (III) Assess Medicaid recipients who are outliers in their
1038 use of a single or multiple prescription drugs with regard to
1039 the numbers and types of drugs taken, drug dosages, combination
1040 drug therapies, and other indicators of improper use of
1041 prescription drugs.

1042 (IV) Alert prescribers to recipients who fail to refill
1043 prescriptions in a timely fashion, are prescribed multiple drugs
1044 that may be redundant or contraindicated, or may have other

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potential medication problems.

10. The agency may contract for drug rebate administration, including, but not limited to, calculating rebate amounts, invoicing manufacturers, negotiating disputes with manufacturers, and maintaining a database of rebate collections.

11. The agency may specify the preferred daily dosing form or strength for the purpose of promoting best practices with regard to the prescribing of certain drugs as specified in the General Appropriations Act and ensuring cost-effective prescribing practices.

12. The agency may require prior authorization for Medicaid-covered prescribed drugs. The agency may prior-authorize the use of a product:

- a. For an indication not approved in labeling;
- b. To comply with certain clinical guidelines; or
- c. If the product has the potential for overuse, misuse, or abuse.

The agency may require the prescribing professional to provide information about the rationale and supporting medical evidence for the use of a drug. The agency shall post prior authorization, step-edit criteria and protocol, and updates to the list of drugs that are subject to prior authorization on the agency's Internet website within 21 days after the prior authorization and step-edit criteria and protocol and updates are approved by the agency. For purposes of this subparagraph, the term "step-edit" means an automatic electronic review of certain medications subject to prior authorization.

13. The agency, in conjunction with the Pharmaceutical and

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Therapeutics Committee, may require age-related prior authorizations for certain prescribed drugs. The agency may preauthorize the use of a drug for a recipient who may not meet the age requirement or may exceed the length of therapy for use of this product as recommended by the manufacturer and approved by the Food and Drug Administration. Prior authorization may require the prescribing professional to provide information about the rationale and supporting medical evidence for the use of a drug.

14. The agency shall implement a step-therapy prior authorization approval process for medications excluded from the preferred drug list. Medications listed on the preferred drug list must be used within the previous 12 months before the alternative medications that are not listed. The step-therapy prior authorization may require the prescriber to use the medications of a similar drug class or for a similar medical indication unless contraindicated in the Food and Drug Administration labeling. The trial period between the specified steps may vary according to the medical indication. The step-therapy approval process shall be developed in accordance with the committee as stated in s. 409.91195(7) and (8). A drug product may be approved without meeting the step-therapy prior authorization criteria if the prescribing physician provides the agency with additional written medical or clinical documentation that the product is medically necessary because:

a. There is not a drug on the preferred drug list to treat the disease or medical condition which is an acceptable clinical alternative;

b. The alternatives have been ineffective in the treatment

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of the beneficiary's disease;

c. The drug product or medication of a similar drug class is prescribed for the treatment of schizophrenia or schizotypal or delusional disorders; prior authorization has been granted previously for the prescribed drug; and the medication was dispensed to the patient during the previous 12 months; or

d. Based on historical evidence and known characteristics of the patient and the drug, the drug is likely to be ineffective, or the number of doses has ~~have~~ been ineffective.

The agency shall work with the physician to determine the best alternative for the patient. The agency may adopt rules waiving the requirements for written clinical documentation for specific drugs in limited clinical situations.

15. The agency shall implement a return and reuse program for drugs dispensed by pharmacies to institutional recipients, which includes payment of a \$5 restocking fee for the implementation and operation of the program. The return and reuse program shall be implemented electronically and in a manner that promotes efficiency. The program must permit a pharmacy to exclude drugs from the program if it is not practical or cost-effective for the drug to be included and must provide for the return to inventory of drugs that cannot be credited or returned in a cost-effective manner. The agency shall determine if the program has reduced the amount of Medicaid prescription drugs which are destroyed on an annual basis and if there are additional ways to ensure more prescription drugs are not destroyed which could safely be reused.

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Section 4. This act shall take effect July 1, 2025.