House

Florida Senate - 2025 Bill No. CS for SB 1650

LEGISLATIVE ACTION

Senate Comm: RCS 04/11/2025

The Appropriations Committee on Criminal and Civil Justice (Grall) recommended the following:

Senate Amendment (with title amendment)

Delete everything after the enacting clause and insert:

Section 1. Present subsection (7) of section 68.093, Florida Statutes, is redesignated as subsection (8) and amended, a new subsection (7) is added to that section, and subsections (2) through (5) of that section are amended, to read: 68.093 Florida Vexatious Litigant Law.-

(2) As used in this section, the term:

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COMMITTEE AMENDMENT

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11	(a) "Action" means <u>an</u> a civil action <u>:</u>
12	1. Governed by the Florida Rules of Civil Procedure, rule
13	5.025 of and proceedings governed by the Florida Probate Rules,
14	or the Florida Small Claims Rules, but does not include actions
15	concerning family law matters governed by the Florida Family Law
16	Rules of Procedure <u>; or</u>
17	2. In another state court or federal court governed by
18	rules of procedure comparable to the rules of procedure
19	specified in subparagraph 1. or any action in which the Florida
20	Small Claims Rules apply.
21	(b) "Defendant" means any person or entity, including a
22	corporation, association, partnership, firm, or governmental
23	entity, against whom an action is or was commenced or is sought
24	to be commenced.
25	(c) "Security" means an undertaking by a vexatious litigant
26	to ensure payment to a <u>party</u> defendant in an amount reasonably
27	sufficient to cover the <u>party's</u> defendant's anticipated,
28	reasonable expenses of litigation, including <u>attorney attorney's</u>
29	fees and taxable costs.
30	<u>(c)</u> "Vexatious litigant" means <u>a person, as defined in</u>
31	s. 1.01(3), proceeding pro se, who:
32	1. A person as defined in s. 1.01(3) who, In the
33	immediately preceding <u>7-year</u> 5-year period, has commenced,
34	prosecuted, or maintained, pro se, five or more civil actions in
35	any court which in this state, except an action governed by the
36	Florida Small Claims Rules, which actions have been finally and
37	adversely determined against such person, except an action may
38	not be included for purposes of this subparagraph if the court
39	finds that the action was commenced, prosecuted, or maintained
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40	in good faith or entity; or
41	2. After an action has been finally and adversely
42	determined against the person, repeatedly relitigates or
43	attempts to relitigate either:
44	a. The validity of the determination against the same party
45	in an action that was finally determined; or
46	b. The cause of action, claim, controversy, or any of the
47	issues of fact or law determined by the final and adverse
48	determination against the same party in an action that was
49	finally determined;
50	3. Repeatedly files pleadings, requests for relief, or
51	other documents that have been the subject of previous rulings
52	by the court in the same action;
53	4. Repeatedly files unmeritorious pleadings, requests for
54	relief, or other documents;
55	5. Repeatedly conducts unnecessary discovery;
56	6. Repeatedly engages in other tactics that are frivolous
57	or solely intended to cause unnecessary delay in any action; or
58	7.2. Has been Any person or entity previously found to be a
59	vexatious litigant pursuant to this section or by another state
60	court or a federal court.
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62	An action is not deemed to be "finally and adversely determined"
63	if an appeal in that action is pending. If an action has been
64	commenced on behalf of a party by an attorney licensed to
65	practice law in this state, that action is not deemed to be pro
66	se even if the attorney later withdraws from the representation
67	and the party does not retain new counsel.
68	(3)(a) In any action pending in any court of this state,

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69 including actions governed by the Florida Small Claims Rules, 70 any party defendant may move the court, upon notice and hearing, 71 for an order requiring an opposing party the plaintiff to 72 furnish security. The motion must shall be based on the grounds, 73 and supported by a showing, that the opposing party subject to 74 the motion plaintiff is a vexatious litigant and is not 75 reasonably likely to prevail on the merits of the action against 76 the moving party defendant.

77 (b) At the hearing upon any defendant's motion for an order to post security, the court shall consider any evidence, written 78 79 or oral, by witness or affidavit, which may be relevant to the 80 consideration of the motion. A No determination made by the court in such a hearing is not shall be admissible on the merits 81 82 of the action nor or deemed to be a determination of any issue in the action. If, after hearing the evidence, the court 83 84 determines that the opposing party subject to the motion 85 plaintiff is a vexatious litigant and is not reasonably likely 86 to prevail on the merits of the action against the moving party 87 defendant, the court must shall order the vexatious litigant plaintiff to furnish security to the moving party defendant in 88 89 an amount and within such time as the court deems appropriate.

90 (c) If the <u>vexatious litigant</u> plaintiff fails to post 91 security required by an order of the court under this section 92 <u>and the vexatious litigant is:</u>

<u>1. A plaintiff or petitioner</u>, the court <u>must</u> shall immediately issue an order dismissing the action with prejudice as to the <u>moving party</u> defendant for whose benefit the security was ordered; or

2. A defendant or respondent, the court may immediately

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98	issue an order imposing one or more of the following sanctions,
99	as appropriate:
100	a. Denial of the vexatious litigant's request for relief;
101	b. Striking of the vexatious litigant's pleading or other
102	document or part thereof; or
103	c. Rendition of a judgment by default against the vexatious
104	litigant.
105	(d) If the a motion for an order to post security is filed
106	before prior to the trial in an action, the action is shall be
107	automatically stayed and the moving party defendant need not
108	plead or otherwise respond to the vexatious litigant's
109	complaint, pleading, request for relief, or other document until
110	10 days after the motion for an order to post security is
111	denied. If the motion for an order to post security is granted,
112	the moving <u>party must</u> defendant shall respond or plead no later
113	than 10 days after the required security has been furnished.
114	(4) In addition to any other relief provided in this
115	section, the court in any judicial circuit may, on its own
116	motion or on the motion of any party, enter a prefiling order
117	prohibiting a vexatious litigant from commencing, pro se, any
118	new action in the courts of that circuit without first obtaining
119	leave of the court administrative judge of that circuit.
120	Disobedience of such an order may be punished as contempt of
121	court by the administrative judge of that circuit. Leave of
122	court shall be granted by the <u>court</u> administrative judge only
123	upon a showing that the proposed action is meritorious and is
124	not being filed for the purpose of delay or harassment. The
125	court administrative judge may condition the filing of the
126	proposed action upon the furnishing of security as provided in



127 this section.

(5) The clerk of the court may shall not file any new 128 129 action by a pro se vexatious litigant against whom a prefiling 130 order has been entered pro se unless the vexatious litigant has 131 obtained an order from the court allowing administrative judge 132 permitting such filing. If the clerk of the court mistakenly 133 allows a pro se permits a vexatious litigant to file any new an action pro se in contravention of a prefiling order, any party 134 135 to that action may file with the clerk and serve on the 136 vexatious litigant plaintiff and all other parties defendants a 137 notice stating that the plaintiff is a pro-se vexatious litigant 138 is subject to a prefiling order. The filing of such a notice 139 shall automatically stays stay the litigation against all 140 parties defendants to the action. The court administrative judge 141 shall automatically dismiss the action with prejudice within 10 142 days after the filing of such notice unless the vexatious 143 litigant plaintiff files a motion for leave to file the new action. If the court administrative judge issues an order 144 granting leave, the pleadings or other responses permitting the 145 146 action to be filed, the defendants need not plead or otherwise 147 respond to the complaint need not be filed until 10 days after the date of service by the vexatious litigant plaintiff, by 148 149 United States mail, of a copy of the order granting leave to file the action.

(7) An automatic stay imposed under this section remains in effect until the court:

(a) In its discretion, vacates the stay;

154(b) Rules, as applicable, on the motion for an order to155post security under paragraph (3) (d) or the motion for leave

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156	under subsection (5); or
157	(c) Dismisses the action under subsection (5).
158	<u>(8)</u> The relief provided under this section <u>is</u> shall be
159	cumulative to any other relief or remedy available to a
160	defendant under the laws of this state or the rules of court and
161	the Florida Rules of Civil Procedure, including, but not limited
162	to, the relief provided under s. 57.105.
163	Section 2. This act shall take effect July 1, 2025.
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165	========== T I T L E A M E N D M E N T =================================
166	And the title is amended as follows:
167	Delete everything before the enacting clause
168	and insert:
169	A bill to be entitled
170	An act relating to vexatious litigants; amending s.
171	68.093, F.S.; revising definitions; expanding actions
172	subject to the Florida Vexatious Litigant Law;
173	revising eligibility for designation as a vexatious
174	litigant; revising sanctions and remedies for
175	vexatious litigation; prohibiting clerks of the court
176	from accepting certain filings from a vexatious
177	litigant; specifying the duration of an automatic stay
178	imposed against vexatious litigation; providing an
179	effective date.