By Senator Grall

	29-00954-25 20251650
1	A bill to be entitled
2	An act relating to vexatious litigants; amending s.
3	68.093, F.S.; revising definitions; expanding actions
4	subject to the Florida Vexatious Litigant Law;
5	revising eligibility for designation as a vexatious
6	litigant; revising sanctions and remedies for
7	vexatious litigation; prohibiting clerks of the court
8	from accepting certain filings from a vexatious
9	litigant; specifying the duration of an automatic stay
10	imposed against vexatious litigation; providing an
11	effective date.
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13	Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:
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15	Section 1. Section 68.093, Florida Statutes, is amended to
16	read:
17	68.093 Florida Vexatious Litigant Law.—
18	(1) This section may be cited as the "Florida Vexatious
19	Litigant Law."
20	(2) As used in section, the term:
21	(a) "Action" means <u>an</u> a civil action <u>:</u>
22	1. Governed by the Florida Family Law Rules of Procedure,
23	<u>the</u> Florida Rules of Civil Procedure <u>, rule 5.025 of</u> and
24	proceedings governed by the Florida Probate Rules, <u>the Florida</u>
25	Small Claims Rules; or
26	2. In another state court or federal court governed by
27	rules of procedure that are comparable to the rules of procedure
28	<u>specified in subparagraph 1</u> but does not include actions
29	concerning family law matters governed by the Florida Family Law
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30	Rules of Procedure or any action in which the Florida Small
31	Claims Rules apply.
32	(b) "Defendant" means any person or entity, including a
33	corporation, association, partnership, firm, or governmental
34	entity, against whom an action is or was commenced or is sought
35	to be commenced.
36	<u>(b)</u> "Security" means an undertaking by a vexatious
37	litigant to ensure payment to a <u>party</u> defendant in an amount
38	reasonably sufficient to cover the <u>party's</u> defendant's
39	anticipated, reasonable expenses of litigation, including
40	attorney attorney's fees and taxable costs.
41	<u>(c)</u> "Vexatious litigant" means <u>a person, as defined in</u>
42	s. 1.01(3), proceeding pro se, who:
43	1. A person as defined in s. 1.01(3) who, In the
44	immediately preceding $\underline{7-year}$ $\underline{5-year}$ period, has commenced,
45	prosecuted, or maintained, pro se, <u>three</u> five or more civil
46	actions in any court that in this state, except an action
47	governed by the Florida Small Claims Rules, which actions have
48	been finally and adversely determined against such person <u>,</u>
49	except that an action may not be included for purposes of this
50	subparagraph if the court finds that the action was commenced,
51	prosecuted, or maintained in good faith; or entity; or
52	2. After an action has been finally and adversely
53	determined against the person, repeatedly relitigates or
54	attempts to relitigate either the validity of the determination
55	against the same party as to whom the action was finally
56	determined or the cause of action, claim, controversy, or any of
57	the issues of fact or law determined by the final and adverse
58	determination against the same party as to whom the action was
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59	finally determined;
60	3. Repeatedly files pleadings, requests for relief, or
61	other documents that have been the subject of previous rulings
62	by the court in the same action;
63	4. Repeatedly files unmeritorious pleadings, requests for
64	relief, or other documents; conducts unnecessary discovery; or
65	engages in other tactics that are frivolous or solely intended
66	to cause unnecessary delay in any action; or
67	5.2. Has been Any person or entity previously found to be a
68	vexatious litigant pursuant to this section or by another state
69	court or a federal court.
70	
71	An action is not deemed to be "finally and adversely determined"
72	if an appeal in that action is pending. If an action has been
73	commenced on behalf of a party by an attorney licensed to
74	practice law in this state, that action is not deemed to be pro
75	se even if the attorney later withdraws from the representation
76	and the party does not retain new counsel.
77	(3)(a) In any action pending in any court of this state $_{m au}$
78	including actions governed by the Florida Small Claims Rules,
79	any <u>party</u> defendant may move the court, upon notice and hearing,
80	for an order requiring <u>an opposing party</u> the plaintiff to
81	furnish security. The motion shall be based on the grounds, and
82	supported by a showing, that the opposing party subject to the
83	motion plaintiff is a vexatious litigant and is not reasonably
84	likely to prevail on the merits of the action against the moving
85	party defendant.
86	(b) At the hearing upon any defendant's motion for an order
87	to post security, the court shall consider any evidence, written
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88	or oral, by witness or affidavit, which may be relevant to the
89	consideration of the motion. No determination made by the court
90	in such a hearing shall be admissible on the merits of the
91	action or deemed to be a determination of any issue in the
92	action. If, after hearing the evidence, the court determines
93	that the <u>opposing party subject to the motion</u> plaintiff is a
94	vexatious litigant and is not reasonably likely to prevail on
95	the merits of the action against the moving <u>party</u> defendant , the
96	court shall order the <u>vexatious litigant</u> plaintiff to furnish
97	security to the moving <u>party</u> defendant in an amount and within
98	such time as the court deems appropriate.
99	(c) If the <u>vexatious litigant</u> plaintiff fails to post
100	security required by an order of the court under this section
101	and the vexatious litigant is: $ au$
102	1. A plaintiff or petitioner, the court shall immediately
103	issue an order dismissing the action with prejudice as to the
104	moving party defendant for whose benefit the security was
105	ordered; or
106	2. A defendant or respondent, the court may immediately
107	issue an order imposing one or more of the following sanctions,
108	as appropriate:
109	a. Denial of the vexatious litigant's request for relief;
110	b. Striking of the vexatious litigant's pleading or other
111	document or part thereof; or
112	c. Rendition of a judgment by default against the vexatious
113	litigant.
114	(d) If the a motion for an order to post security is filed
115	before prior to the trial in an action, the action shall be
116	automatically stayed and the moving party defendant need not

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117	plead or otherwise respond to the <u>vexatious litigant's</u>
118	complaint, pleading, request for relief, or other document until
119	10 days after the motion <u>for an order to post security</u> is
120	denied. If the motion <u>for an order to post security</u> is granted,
121	the moving <u>party</u> defendant shall respond or plead no later than
122	10 days after the required security has been furnished.
123	(4) In addition to any other relief provided in this
124	section, the court in any judicial circuit may, on its own
125	motion or on the motion of any party, enter a prefiling order
126	prohibiting a vexatious litigant from commencing, pro se, any
127	new action in the courts of that circuit or from filing, pro se,
128	any pleading, request for relief, or other document in an action
129	in the courts of that circuit without first obtaining leave of
130	the <u>court</u> administrative judge of that circuit . Disobedience of
131	such an order may be punished as contempt of court by the
132	administrative judge of that circuit. Leave of court shall be
133	granted by the <u>court</u> administrative judge only upon a showing
134	that the proposed action, pleading, request for relief, or other
135	document is meritorious and is not being filed for the purpose
136	of delay or harassment. The <u>court</u> administrative judge may
137	condition the filing of the proposed action, pleading, request
138	for relief, or other document upon the furnishing of security as
139	provided in this section.
140	(5) The clerk of the court <u>may</u> shall not file any new
141	action, pleading, request for relief, or other document in an
142	<u>action on behalf of a pro se</u> by a vexatious litigant <u>against</u>
143	whom a prefiling order has been entered pro se unless the

144 vexatious litigant has obtained an order from the <u>court allowing</u> 145 administrative judge permitting such filing. If the clerk of the

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29-00954-25 20251650 146 court mistakenly allows a pro se permits a vexatious litigant to 147 file any new an action, or any pleading, request for relief, or other document in an action pro se in contravention of a 148 149 prefiling order, any party to that action may file with the 150 clerk and serve on the vexatious litigant plaintiff and all 151 other parties defendants a notice stating that the plaintiff is 152 a pro-se vexatious litigant is subject to a prefiling order. The filing of such a notice shall automatically stay the litigation 153 154 against all parties defendants to the action. The court administrative judge shall automatically dismiss the action or 155 156 deny the pleading, request for relief, or other document filed 157 by the vexatious litigant in an action with prejudice within 10 158 days after the filing of such notice unless the vexatious litigant plaintiff files a motion for leave to file the new 159 action or the pleading, request for relief, or other document. 160 161 If the court administrative judge issues an order granting 162 leave, the pleadings, or other responses permitting the action to be filed, the defendants need not plead or otherwise respond 163 164 to the complaint or the pleading, request for relief, or other 165 document need not be filed until 10 days after the date of 166 service by the vexatious litigant plaintiff, by United States 167 mail, of a copy of the order granting leave to file the action. 168 (6) The clerk of a court shall provide copies of all 169 prefiling orders to the Clerk of the Florida Supreme Court, who shall maintain a registry of all vexatious litigants. 170 (7) An automatic stay imposed under this section remains in 171 172 effect until the court: 173 (a) In its discretion, vacates the stay; (b) Rules, as applicable, on the motion for an order to 174

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CODING: Words stricken are deletions; words underlined are additions.

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175	post security under paragraph (3)(d) or the motion for leave
176	under subsection (5); or
177	(c) Dismisses the action or denies the pleading, request
178	for relief, or other document under subsection (5).
179	(8) (7) The relief provided under this section shall be
180	cumulative to any other relief or remedy available to a
181	defendant under the laws of this state <u>or the rules of court</u> and
182	the Florida Rules of Civil Procedure, including, but not limited
183	to, the relief provided under s. 57.105.
184	Section 2. This act shall take effect July 1, 2025.