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By the Committee on Criminal Justice; and Senator Bradley

591-02121A-25 2025168c1

A bill to be entitled An act relating to mental health; providing a short title; amending s. 394.658, F.S.; expanding the programs and diversion initiatives supported by implementation or expansion grants to include training for 911 public safety telecommunicators and emergency medical technicians for certain purposes and to include veterans treatment court programs; exempting certain fiscally constrained counties from local match requirements for specified grants; amending s. 916.105, F.S.; providing legislative intent; creating s. 916.135, F.S.; defining terms; encouraging communities to apply for specified grants to establish misdemeanor or ordinance violation mental health diversion programs; providing a model process for such mental health diversion programs; requiring adherence to specified provisions to the extent of available funds; authorizing specified entities to collaborate to establish certain policies and procedures and to develop a certain consent form; providing consent form requirements; requiring defendants to sign the consent form to participate in the diversion program; authorizing the screening of certain defendants and prompt evaluation for involuntary examination under certain circumstances; specifying procedures if the evaluation demonstrates that the defendant meets the criteria for involuntary examination; authorizing a court to consider releasing a defendant on his or her own recognizance under certain circumstances;

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591-02121A-25 2025168c1

requiring a court to order that a defendant be assessed for outpatient treatment under certain circumstances; authorizing the state attorney, the defense attorney, or the court to, at any stage of the criminal proceedings, request that such a defendant be screened pursuant to certain provisions; authorizing defendants out of custody to be evaluated pursuant to certain provisions; requiring the state attorney to consider dismissal of the charges upon a defendant's successful completion of all treatment recommendations from a mental health assessment; authorizing the court to exhaust therapeutic interventions aimed at improving compliance before a defendant is returned to jail; creating s. 916.136, F.S.; defining terms; encouraging communities to apply for specified grants to establish pretrial felony mental health diversion programs; providing a model process for such mental health diversion programs; authorizing specified entities to collaborate to establish certain policies and procedures and to develop a certain consent form; providing consent form requirements; requiring defendants to sign the consent form to participate in the diversion program; specifying criteria under which a defendant may be eligible for the mental health diversion program; specifying that the state attorney has the sole discretion to determine a defendant's pretrial felony mental health diversion eligibility; authorizing the state attorney to recommend that certain defendants be screened and offered pretrial

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591-02121A-25 2025168c1

felony mental health diversion; requiring defendants to sign the consent form to participate in the diversion program; requiring that a defendant be assessed for outpatient treatment upon his or her agreeing to participate in the mental health diversion program; requiring the state attorney to consider dismissal of the charges upon a defendant's successful completion of all treatment recommendations from a mental health assessment; authorizing the state attorney to revoke the defendant's participation in such mental health diversion program under specified circumstances; amending s. 916.185, F.S.; expanding eligibility for the Forensic Hospital Diversion Pilot Program to include Hillsborough County; creating s. 945.093, F.S.; requiring the Department of Corrections to evaluate the physical and mental health of each inmate eligible for work assignments and correctional work programs; requiring the department to document eligibility before the inmate receives orders for an assignment or program; creating s. 948.0395, F.S.; requiring mental health evaluations and the following of all recommendations as conditions of probation for specified defendants; amending s. 1004.649, F.S.; creating the Florida Behavioral Health Care Data Repository within the Northwest Regional Data Center; specifying the purposes of the data repository; requiring the Northwest Regional Data Center to develop a specified plan; requiring the Northwest Regional Data Center to submit, by a specified date, a 591-02121A-25 2025168c1

certain developed plan to the Governor and the Legislature; requiring the Florida Behavioral Health Care Data Repository to submit, by a specified date and annually thereafter, a specified report to the Governor and the Legislature; providing an effective date.

Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:

- Section 1. This act may be cited as the "Tristin Murphy Act."
- Section 2. Subsections (1) and (2) of section 394.658, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:
- 394.658 Criminal Justice, Mental Health, and Substance Abuse Reinvestment Grant Program requirements.—
- (1) The Criminal Justice, Mental Health, and Substance Abuse Statewide Grant Review Committee, in collaboration with the Department of Children and Families, the Department of Corrections, the Department of Juvenile Justice, the Department of Elderly Affairs, and the Office of the State Courts Administrator, shall establish criteria to be used to review submitted applications and to select the county that will be awarded a 1-year planning grant or a 3-year implementation or expansion grant. A planning, implementation, or expansion grant may not be awarded unless the application of the county meets the established criteria.
- (a) The application criteria for a 1-year planning grant must include a requirement that the applicant county or counties have a strategic plan to initiate systemic change to identify

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591-02121A-25 2025168c1

and treat individuals who have a mental illness, substance abuse disorder, or co-occurring mental health and substance abuse disorders who are in, or at risk of entering, the criminal or juvenile justice systems. The 1-year planning grant must be used to develop effective collaboration efforts among participants in affected governmental agencies, including the criminal, juvenile, and civil justice systems, mental health and substance abuse treatment service providers, transportation programs, and housing assistance programs. The collaboration efforts shall be the basis for developing a problem-solving model and strategic plan for treating adults and juveniles who are in, or at risk of entering, the criminal or juvenile justice system and doing so at the earliest point of contact, taking into consideration public safety. The planning grant shall include strategies to divert individuals from judicial commitment to community-based service programs offered by the Department of Children and Families in accordance with ss. 916.13 and 916.17.

- (b) The application criteria for a 3-year implementation or expansion grant shall require information from a county that demonstrates its completion of a well-established collaboration plan that includes public-private partnership models and the application of evidence-based practices. The implementation or expansion grants may support programs and diversion initiatives that include, but need not be limited to:
 - 1. Mental health courts.
 - 2. Diversion programs.
 - 3. Alternative prosecution and sentencing programs.
 - 4. Crisis intervention teams.
 - 5. Treatment accountability services.

591-02121A-25 2025168c1

6. Specialized training for criminal justice, juvenile justice, and treatment services professionals.

- 7. Specialized training for 911 public safety
 telecommunicators as defined in s. 401.465 and emergency medical
 technicians as defined in s. 112.1911 to assist in determining
 which response team is most appropriate under the circumstances.
 A response team may include, but is not limited to, a law
 enforcement agency, an emergency medical response team, a crisis
 intervention team, or a mobile crisis response service as
 defined in s. 394.455. Each affected agency must consider what
 resources are available in the community.
- $\underline{8.}$ Service delivery of collateral services such as housing, transitional housing, and supported employment.
- 9.8. Reentry services to create or expand mental health and substance abuse services and supports for affected persons.
 - 10.9. Coordinated specialty care programs.
 - 11. Veterans treatment court programs.
- (c) Each county application must include the following information:
- 1. An analysis of the current population of the jail and juvenile detention center in the county, which includes:
- a. The screening and assessment process that the county uses to identify an adult or juvenile who has a mental illness, substance abuse disorder, or co-occurring mental health and substance abuse disorders;
- b. The percentage of each category of persons admitted to the jail and juvenile detention center that represents people who have a mental illness, substance abuse disorder, or co-occurring mental health and substance abuse disorders; and

591-02121A-25 2025168c1

c. An analysis of observed contributing factors that affect population trends in the county jail and juvenile detention center.

- 2. A description of the strategies the county intends to use to serve one or more clearly defined subsets of the population of the jail and juvenile detention center who have a mental illness or to serve those at risk of arrest and incarceration. The proposed strategies may include identifying the population designated to receive the new interventions, a description of the services and supervision methods to be applied to that population, and the goals and measurable objectives of the new interventions. The interventions a county may use with the target population may include, but are not limited to:
- a. Specialized responses by emergency medical response
 teams, <a href="critical critical critic
- b. Centralized receiving facilities for individuals evidencing behavioral difficulties;
 - c. Postbooking alternatives to incarceration;
- d. New court programs, including pretrial services and specialized dockets;
 - e. Specialized diversion programs;
- f. Intensified transition services that are directed to the designated populations while they are in jail or juvenile detention to facilitate their transition to the community;
 - q. Specialized probation processes;
 - h. Day-reporting centers;
 - i. Linkages to community-based, evidence-based treatment

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591-02121A-25 2025168c1

programs for adults and juveniles who have mental illness or substance abuse disorders; and

- j. Community services and programs designed to prevent high-risk populations from becoming involved in the criminal or juvenile justice system.
- 3. The projected effect the proposed initiatives will have on the population and the budget of the jail and juvenile detention center. The information must include:
- a. The county's estimate of how the initiative will reduce the expenditures associated with the incarceration of adults and the detention of juveniles who have a mental illness;
- b. The methodology that the county intends to use to measure the defined outcomes and the corresponding savings or averted costs;
- c. The county's estimate of how the cost savings or averted costs will sustain or expand the mental health and substance abuse treatment services and supports needed in the community; and
- d. How the county's proposed initiative will reduce the number of individuals judicially committed to a state mental health treatment facility.
- 4. The proposed strategies that the county intends to use to preserve and enhance its community mental health and substance abuse system, which serves as the local behavioral health safety net for low-income and uninsured individuals.
- 5. The proposed strategies that the county intends to use to continue the implemented or expanded programs and initiatives that have resulted from the grant funding.
 - (2)(a) As used in this subsection, the term "available

591-02121A-25 2025168c1

resources" includes in-kind contributions from participating counties.

- (b) A 1-year planning grant may not be awarded unless the applicant county makes available resources in an amount equal to the total amount of the grant, except fiscally constrained counties that are awarded reinvestment grants to establish programs pursuant to this section may not be required to provide local matching funds. A planning grant may not be used to supplant funding for existing programs. For fiscally constrained counties, the available resources may be at 50 percent of the total amount of the grant.
- (c) A 3-year implementation or expansion grant may not be awarded unless the applicant county or consortium of counties makes available resources equal to the total amount of the grant. For fiscally constrained counties, the available resources may be at 50 percent of the total amount of the grant, except fiscally constrained counties that are awarded reinvestment grants to establish programs pursuant to this section may not be required to provide local matching funds. This match shall be used for expansion of services and may not supplant existing funds for services. An implementation or expansion grant must support the implementation of new services or the expansion of services and may not be used to supplant existing services.

Section 3. Present subsection (4) of section 916.105, Florida Statutes, is redesignated as subsection (5), and a new subsection (4) and subsection (6) are added to that section, to read:

916.105 Legislative intent.-

591-02121A-25 2025168c1

(4) It is the intent of the Legislature that a defendant who is charged with certain felonies, any misdemeanor, or any ordinance violation and who has a mental illness, intellectual disability, or autism be evaluated and provided services in a community setting, whenever this is a feasible alternative to incarceration.

- (6) It is the intent of the Legislature that law enforcement agencies in this state provide law enforcement officers with crisis intervention team training.
- Section 4. Section 916.135, Florida Statutes, is created to read:
- 916.135 Misdemeanor or ordinance violation mental health diversion program.—
 - (1) As used in this section, the term:
- (a) "Court" means a circuit court, a county court, or any court presiding over felony, misdemeanor, or ordinance violations under the laws of this state or any of its political subdivisions.
- (b) "Defendant" means a person who has been charged as an adult by a law enforcement agency or a state attorney solely with a misdemeanor offense or an ordinance violation under the laws of this state or any of its political subdivisions.
- (c) "Qualified mental health professional" means a physician, a physician assistant, a clinical psychologist, a psychiatric nurse, an advanced practice registered nurse registered under s. 464.0123, or a mental health counselor, a marriage and family therapist, or a clinical social worker, as those terms are defined in s. 394.455.
 - (d) "Receiving facility" has the same meaning as in s.

591-02121A-25 2025168c1

291 394.455.

ordinance violation mental health diversion program to divert clinically appropriate defendants from jails to treatment is encouraged to apply for the Criminal Justice, Mental Health, and Substance Abuse Reinvestment Grant Program under s. 394.656 for the purpose of obtaining funds to plan, implement, or expand such mental health diversion programs. This section provides a model process for diverting such defendants to treatment, but the process may be modified according to each community's particular resources. A community that obtains a grant pursuant to s. 394.658 must adhere to the processes in this section to the extent that local resources are available to do so.

- (a) The local sheriff's department, the state attorney, the public defender, the court, and local treatment providers may collaborate to establish policies and procedures to meet the specific needs of each community and to develop a form that a defendant must sign to consent to treatment.
- (b) A consent form must include the defendant's consent to treatment and to the release of any records necessary to demonstrate compliance with and completion of treatment.

 Additionally, the consent form must include that the defendant agrees to waive his or her right to a speedy trial by participating in the diversion program. A defendant must sign the consent form to participate in the diversion program.
- (3) Within 24 hours after a defendant is booked into a jail, the jail's corrections or medical staff may screen the defendant using a standardized, validated mental health screening instrument to determine if there is an indication of a

591-02121A-25 2025168c1

mental illness. If there is an indication of a mental illness, the defendant may be promptly evaluated for involuntary examination under chapter 394 by a qualified mental health professional. In conducting this evaluation, the qualified mental health professional may evaluate the defendant as if he or she is at liberty in the community and may not rely on the person's incarcerated status to defeat the involuntary examination criteria provided for in s. 394.463.

- (a) If the evaluation demonstrates that the defendant meets the criteria for involuntary examination under s. 394.463, the qualified mental health professional may issue a professional certificate referring the defendant to a receiving facility.
- (b) Upon the issuance of a professional certificate, the defendant must be transported within 72 hours to a receiving facility for further evaluation for involuntary examination under chapter 394. Such transport may be made with a hold for jail custody notation so that the receiving facility may only release the defendant back to jail custody. Alternatively, the court may request on the transport order that the defendant be transported back to appear before the court, depending upon the outcome of the evaluation at the receiving facility, the court's availability of other resources and diversion programs, and the willingness of the defendant to receive treatment.
- (c) Once at the receiving facility, the defendant may be assessed and evaluated to determine whether he or she meets the criteria for involuntary services under chapter 394. If the criteria are met, the receiving facility may forward the court a discharge plan when the defendant no longer meets criteria for inpatient treatment, or an outpatient treatment plan, as

591-02121A-25 2025168c1

appropriate, as soon as such a plan is developed. If the defendant does not meet the criteria for involuntary services, the receiving facility may issue an outpatient treatment plan and forward it to the court as soon as such plan is developed. If appropriate, the receiving facility may notify the court that no treatment is necessary.

- (d) Upon receipt of a discharge plan or an outpatient treatment plan, the court may consider releasing the defendant on his or her own recognizance on the condition that he or she comply fully with the discharge plan or outpatient treatment plan. The state attorney and the defense attorney must have an opportunity to be heard before the court releases the defendant.
- (e) If a professional certificate is not issued under paragraph (a), but the defendant has a mental illness, the court must order that the defendant be assessed for outpatient treatment by a local mental health treatment center. This assessment may be completed:
- 1. At the jail via telehealth assessment by the local mental health treatment center;
- 2. At the local mental health treatment center after the sheriff or jail authorities transport the defendant to and from the treatment center; or
- 3. By releasing the defendant on his or her own recognizance on the conditions that the assessment be completed at the local mental health treatment center within 48 hours after his or her release and that all treatment recommendations be followed.

If the assessment under this paragraph results in an outpatient

591-02121A-25 2025168c1

treatment plan, and the defendant has not already been released, the defendant may be released on his or her own recognizance on the condition that all treatment recommendations must be followed. The state attorney and the defense attorney must have an opportunity to be heard before the court releases the defendant.

- (f) If the defendant is released from the custody of the jail on pretrial release at any point before the completion of the process in this section, evaluation or assessment of the defendant under this section by a qualified mental health professional may be initiated at any time by order of the court at the request of the state attorney or the defense attorney, or on the court's own motion. If this process results in the creation of a discharge plan by a receiving facility or an outpatient treatment plan by the local mental health treatment center, the court may set as a condition of the defendant's continued pretrial release compliance with all of the terms of the discharge plan or outpatient treatment plan.
- (4) If a defendant has not been referred to the diversion program under this section, the state attorney, the defense attorney, or the court may, at any stage of the criminal proceedings, request that the defendant be screened pursuant to subsection (3) to determine if there is an indication of mental illness. If the defendant is no longer in custody, the defendant may be evaluated or assessed pursuant to paragraph (3)(f).
- (5) Upon the defendant's successful completion of all of the treatment recommendations from any mental health evaluation or assessment completed pursuant to this section, the state attorney must consider dismissal of the charges. If dismissal is

591-02121A-25 2025168c1

deemed inappropriate by the state attorney, the state attorney may consider referral of the defendant's case to mental health court or another available mental health diversion program.

- (6) If the defendant fails to comply with any aspect of his or her discharge or outpatient treatment plan under this section, the court may exhaust therapeutic interventions aimed at improving compliance before considering returning the defendant to the jail.
- Section 5. Section 916.136, Florida Statutes, is created to read:
 - 916.136 Pretrial felony mental health diversion program.-
 - (1) As used in this section, the term:
- (a) "Conviction" means a determination of guilt that is the result of a plea agreement, including a plea of nolo contendere, or trial. For purposes of this section, a conviction does not include an offense for which an adjudication of guilt was withheld.
- (b) "Court" means a circuit court or any court presiding over felony violations under the laws of this state or any of its political subdivisions.
- (c) "Defendant" means a person who has been charged as an adult by a law enforcement agency or a state attorney with a felony of the second degree or felony of the third degree, and who is eligible for the diversion program as provided in subsection (3).
- (d) "Qualified mental health professional" means a physician, a physician assistant, a clinical psychologist, a psychiatric nurse, an advanced practice registered nurse registered under s. 464.0123, or a mental health counselor, a

591-02121A-25 2025168c1

marriage and family therapist, or a clinical social worker, as those terms are defined in s. 394.455.

- (2) A community desiring to establish a pretrial felony mental health diversion program to divert clinically appropriate defendants from jails to treatment is encouraged to apply for the Criminal Justice, Mental Health, and Substance Abuse Reinvestment Grant Program under s. 394.656 for the purpose of obtaining funds to plan, implement, or expand such programs. This section provides a model process for diverting such defendants to treatment, but this process may be modified according to each community's particular resources.
- (a) The local sheriff's department, the state attorney, the public defender, the court, and local treatment providers may collaborate to establish policies and procedures to meet the specific needs of each community and to develop a form that a defendant must sign to consent to treatment.
- (b) A consent form must include the defendant's consent to treatment and to the release of any records necessary to demonstrate compliance with and completion of treatment.

 Additionally, such form must include that the defendant agrees to waive his or her right to a speedy trial by participating in the diversion program. A defendant must sign the consent form to participate in the diversion program.
- (3) A defendant may be eligible for the pretrial felony mental health diversion program under this section if he or she meets the following criteria:
 - (a) Has a mental illness;
- (b) Has no more than three prior felony convictions in the past 5 years;

591-02121A-25 2025168c1

- (c) Is not charged with a violent felony; and
- (d) Does not have a significant history of violence.

The state attorney has the sole discretion to determine a defendant's eligibility for the pretrial felony mental health diversion program. Meeting the criteria in this subsection does not guarantee eligibility. Additionally, the state attorney may, in extenuating circumstances, waive the criteria in this subsection if he or she finds that it is in the interest of justice.

- (4) At any stage in the pretrial process, the state attorney may recommend that a defendant be screened using a standardized, validated mental health screening instrument to determine if there is an indication of mental illness. Such screening may be completed by the jail's corrections or medical staff or by any qualified mental health professional. The results of such screening must be forwarded to the state attorney and the defense attorney.
- (5) If there is an indication of mental illness, the state attorney may consider an offer of pretrial felony mental health diversion under this section. Entry into the diversion program is voluntary, and the defendant must sign the consent form as described in subsection (2) before participating in the program.
- (6) Upon the defendant agreeing to participate in pretrial felony mental health diversion under this section, the defendant must be assessed for outpatient treatment by a local mental health treatment center. This assessment may be completed:
- (a) At the jail via telehealth assessment by the local mental health treatment center;

591-02121A-25 2025168c1

(b) At the local mental health treatment center after the sheriff or jail authorities transport the defendant to and from the treatment center; or

- (c) By releasing the defendant on his or her own recognizance on the conditions that the assessment be completed at the local mental health treatment center within 48 hours after his or her release and that all treatment recommendations be followed.
- If the assessment under this subsection results in an outpatient treatment plan, and the defendant has not already been released, the defendant may be released on his or her own recognizance on the condition that all treatment recommendations be followed.
- (7) Upon the defendant's successful completion of all treatment recommendations from the mental health evaluation or assessment completed pursuant to this section, the state attorney must consider dismissal of the charges.
- (8) If the defendant fails to comply with pretrial release or with any aspect of his or her treatment plan under this section, the state attorney may revoke the defendant's participation in the pretrial felony mental health diversion program.
- Section 6. Paragraph (a) of subsection (3) of section 916.185, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
 - 916.185 Forensic Hospital Diversion Pilot Program.-
- (3) CREATION.—There is authorized a Forensic Hospital Diversion Pilot Program to provide competency-restoration and community-reintegration services in either a locked residential treatment facility when appropriate or a community-based

591-02121A-25 2025168c1

facility based on considerations of public safety, the needs of the individual, and available resources.

(a) The department may implement a Forensic Hospital Diversion Pilot Program modeled after the Miami-Dade Forensic Alternative Center, taking into account local needs and resources in Okaloosa County, in conjunction with the First Judicial Circuit in Okaloosa County; in Duval County, in conjunction with the Fourth Judicial Circuit in Duval County; in Broward County, in conjunction with the Seventeenth Judicial Circuit in Broward County; and in Miami-Dade County, in conjunction with the Eleventh Judicial Circuit in Miami-Dade County; and in Hillsborough County, in conjunction with the Thirteenth Judicial Circuit in Hillsborough County.

Section 7. Section 945.093, Florida Statutes, is created to read:

945.093 Requirements for work assignments and programs.—The department shall evaluate, at a minimum, the physical and mental health of each inmate eligible for a work assignment or correctional work program and shall document approval of eligibility before the inmate receives orders for the assignment or program. The department may use discretion in determining whether an inmate is appropriate for an assignment.

Section 8. Section 948.0395, Florida Statutes, is created to read:

948.0395 Probation conditions for defendants with mental illness.—A defendant who was adjudicated incompetent to proceed due to a mental illness under chapter 916 and later regained competency, and who is sentenced to a term of probation, must have as a condition of such probation a mental health evaluation

591-02121A-25 2025168c1

and must follow all recommendations of the evaluation.

Section 9. Present subsection (4) of section 1004.649, Florida Statutes, is redesignated as subsection (5), and a new subsection (4) is added to that section, to read:

1004.649 Northwest Regional Data Center.-

- (4) The Florida Behavioral Health Care Data Repository is created within the Northwest Regional Data Center as the administrative manager of the state data center.
 - (a) The data repository is created for the purpose of:
- 1. Collecting and analyzing existing statewide behavioral health care data to:
- <u>a. Better understand the scope of and trends in behavioral</u>
 <u>health services, spending, and outcomes to improve patient care</u>
 <u>and enhance the efficiency and effectiveness of behavioral</u>
 health services;
- b. Better understand the scope of, trends in, and relationship between behavioral health, criminal justice, incarceration, and the use of behavioral health services as a diversion from incarceration for individuals with mental illness; and
- c. Enhance the collection and coordination of treatment and outcome information as an ongoing evidence base for research and education related to behavioral health.
- 2. Developing useful data analytics, economic metrics, and visual representations of such analytics and metrics to inform relevant state agencies and the Legislature of data and trends in behavioral health.
- (b) The Northwest Regional Data Center shall develop a plan to do all of the following:

591-02121A-25 2025168c1

1. Create a centralized, integrated, and coordinated data system.

- 2. Develop, in collaboration with the Data Analysis

 Committee of the Commission on Mental Health and Substance Use

 Disorder created under s. 394.9086, a governance structure that
 will implement and operate the repository.
- 3. Incorporate existing data from relevant state agencies, including, but not limited to, the Agency for Health Care

 Administration, the Department of Children and Families, the Department of Juvenile Justice, the Office of the State Courts

 Administrator, and the Department of Corrections.
- 4. Identify relevant data and metrics to support actionable information and ensure the efficient and responsible use of taxpayer dollars within behavioral health systems of care.
- $\underline{\text{5. Develop}}$ and detail data security requirements for the repository.
- 6. Develop, in collaboration with the Commission on Mental Health and Substance Use Disorder and relevant stakeholders, a structure for an annual analysis and report that gives state agencies and the Legislature a better understanding of trends and issues in the state's behavioral health systems of care generally and the trends and issues in behavioral health systems related to criminal justice treatment, diversion, and incarceration.
- (c) By December 1, 2025, the Northwest Regional Data

 Center, in collaboration with the Data Analysis Committee of the

 Commission on Mental Health and Substance Use Disorder, shall

 submit the developed plan for implementation and ongoing

 operation with a proposed budget to the Governor, the President

591-02121A-25

2025168c1

610	of the Senate, and the Speaker of the House of Representatives
611	for review.
612	(d) Beginning December 1, 2026, and annually thereafter,
613	the Florida Behavioral Health Care Data Repository shall submit
614	the developed trends and issues report under subparagraph (b)6.
615	to the Governor, the President of the Senate, and the Speaker of
616	the House of Representatives.
617	Section 10. This act shall take effect October 1, 2025.

Page 22 of 22