By Senator Berman

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26-01404-25 20251700

A bill to be entitled An act relating to end-of-life options; creating ch. 764, F.S., to be entitled "Personal Autonomy"; creating s. 764.101, F.S.; providing a short title; creating s. 764.102, F.S.; defining terms; creating s. 764.103, F.S.; providing legislative findings and intent; creating s. 764.104, F.S.; providing criteria for individuals to request certain medication as qualified patients; providing factors to demonstrate residency; requiring qualified patients to make oral and written requests to obtain medication to end their lives in a peaceful manner; requiring waiting periods before such requests may be made and such medication may be prescribed; providing exceptions; providing a form for written requests; specifying requirements for the valid execution of such form; authorizing a qualified patient to rescind a request at any time and in any manner; creating s. 764.105, F.S.; specifying responsibilities for attending physicians and consulting physicians; providing that a qualified patient's health care providers under the act may not be related to the qualified patient or entitled to any portion of the qualified patient's estate; specifying recordkeeping requirements; requiring certain health care providers to report specified information to the Department of Health; requiring the department to adopt rules; requiring the department to publish a specified report on its website annually; providing requirements for the report; creating s. 764.106,

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26-01404-25 20251700

F.S.; requiring persons who have custody or control of any unused medication prescribed under the act to dispose of it in a specified manner; creating s. 764.107, F.S.; specifying requirements for the death certificate of qualified patients who die by selfadministration of medication prescribed in accordance with the act; creating s. 764.108, F.S.; making certain provisions of legal instruments void and unenforceable under certain circumstances; prohibiting health insurers from denying or discriminating in their provision of health benefits based on the availability of medication prescribed under the act or from attempting to influence a policyholder's decision to make or rescind a request for such medication; prohibiting an individual's participation under the act from affecting the sale, procurement, or issuance of certain insurance policies or the rates charged for such policies; creating s. 764.109, F.S.; providing criminal penalties and immunities; defining the terms "notify" and "participation in this chapter"; authorizing health care providers and health care facilities to prohibit health care providers from participating under the act while on the premises of facilities that they own or operate if they provided prior notice of their policy; requiring such health care providers and health care facilities to clearly articulate this policy on websites they maintain and in materials they provide to patients; requiring such health care providers and health care facilities to

provide the policy in an easily accessible location on their websites and in certain materials provided to patients; authorizing health care providers and health care facilities to impose sanctions against health care providers who violate such policies; providing that health care providers and health care facilities may not prohibit their employees from participating under the act off the premises or outside the course and scope of their employment or impose sanctions against them for doing so; requiring sanctioning health care providers and health care facilities to not be arbitrary or capricious in their sanctions and to follow due process procedures when imposing such sanctions; providing that such sanctions may not be considered a violation of the standard of care or as unprofessional conduct for purposes of disciplinary action against a health care provider's license; creating s. 764.11, F.S.; authorizing claims for costs and attorney fees for governmental entities under certain circumstances; creating s. 764.111, F.S.; providing construction and severability; amending s. 782.08, F.S.; exempting persons acting in accordance with the act from certain criminal penalties; providing an effective date.

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Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:

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Section 1. Chapter 764, Florida Statutes, consisting of sections 764.101-764.111, Florida Statutes, is created and

entitled "Personal Autonomy."

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Section 2. Section 764.101, Florida Statutes, is created to read:

764.101 Short title.—Sections 764.101-764.111 may be cited as the "Florida End-of-Life Options Act."

Section 3. Section 764.102, Florida Statutes, is created to read:

- 764.102 Definitions.—As used in this chapter, the term:
- (1) "Adult" means a resident of this state who is 18 years of age or older.
- (2) "Attending physician" means the physician who has primary responsibility for the care of the patient and treatment of the patient's terminal condition.
- (3) "Consulting physician" means a physician who is qualified by specialty or experience to make a professional diagnosis and prognosis regarding the patient's medical condition.
- (4) "Counseling" means one or more consultations as necessary between a mental health professional and a patient for the purpose of determining whether the patient has mental capacity and whether the patient is suffering from a mental health disorder or intellectual disability causing impaired judgment that impacts his or her ability to make informed endof-life decisions.
  - (5) "Department" means the Department of Health.
- 113 (6) "Health care facility" means a health care facility as

  114 defined in s. 408.07 or another entity, other than a health care

  115 provider, licensed or certified to provide health care services

  116 in this state.

26-01404-25 20251700

(7) "Health care provider" means a health care practitioner as defined in s. 456.001 or another individual licensed or certified to provide health services in this state.

- (8) "Informed decision" means a decision voluntarily made by a qualified patient to request and obtain a prescription to end his or her life after a sufficient explanation and disclosure of the subject matter is given to enable the qualified patient to understand and consider the relevant facts, including the qualified patient's medical diagnosis and prognosis, the potential risks associated with taking the medication to be prescribed, the probable results of taking the medication, and the feasible alternatives to taking the medication, and to make an informed health care decision without coercion or undue influence.
- (9) "Medically confirmed" means the medical opinion of the attending physician has been confirmed by a consulting physician who has examined the patient and the patient's relevant medical records.
- (10) "Medication" means a drug as defined in s. 499.003 which an attending physician prescribes to a qualified patient under this chapter to end his or her life in a peaceful manner.
- (11) "Mental capacity" means that a patient's attending physician, consulting physician, or treating mental health professional has determined that, in accordance with the relevant professional standards of care, the patient has the ability to understand and appreciate health care options available to him or her, including the significant benefits and risks of such options, and to make and communicate health care decisions to health care providers, including communication

26-01404-25 20251700

through individuals familiar with the patient's manner of communicating if those individuals are available.

- (12) "Mental health professional" means a psychiatrist licensed under chapter 458 or 459, a psychiatric nurse licensed under part I of chapter 464, a psychologist licensed under chapter 490, or a mental health counselor or clinical social worker licensed under chapter 491.
- (13) "Physician" means a person licensed to practice medicine under chapter 458 or osteopathic medicine under chapter 459.
- (14) "Public place" means any street, alley, park, or public building; any place of business or assembly open to or frequented by the public; and any other place open to the public view or to which the public has access. The term does not include a health care facility.
- (15) "Qualified patient" means an individual who has satisfied the requirements of this chapter to obtain a prescription for medication to end his or her life in a peaceful manner.
- (16) "Self-administer" means to take an affirmative, conscious, and voluntary action to ingest medication.
- (17) "Telehealth" has the same meaning as provided in s. 456.47(1).
- (18) "Terminal condition" means a medically confirmed condition caused by an injury, an illness, or a disease which is incurable and irreversible and which will, within reasonable medical judgment, cause the patient's death within 6 months.
- Section 4. Section 764.103, Florida Statutes, is created to read:

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26-01404-25 20251700

finds that every adult with mental capacity has the fundamental right of self-determination regarding decisions pertaining to his or her own health, and recognizes that for some faced with a terminal condition, prolonging life may result in intolerable pain and suffering. It is the intent of the Legislature to establish a procedure to allow an individual with mental capacity who has a terminal condition, and who makes a fully informed decision that he or she no longer wants to live, to obtain medication to end his or her life in a peaceful manner.

- Section 5. Section 764.104, Florida Statutes, is created to read:
- 764.104 Qualified patients; residency requirements; written and oral requests for medication; waiting periods; form requirements; right to rescind requests.—
- (1) (a) An individual may request medication authorized under this chapter for the purpose of ending his or her life if the individual:
  - 1. Is 18 years of age or older;
  - 2. Is a resident of Florida;
- 3. Has been clinically diagnosed with a terminal condition by his or her attending physician which has been medically confirmed by a consulting physician;
  - 4. Has mental capacity;
  - 5. Is making an informed decision;
  - 6. Has voluntarily expressed his or her wish to die; and
  - 7. Is able to self-administer the medication.
- 202 (b) An individual may not qualify for medication under this chapter solely because of age or disability.

26-01404-25 20251700

(2) Factors demonstrating Florida residency include, but are not limited to:

- (a) Possession of a Florida driver license;
- (b) Registration to vote in Florida;
- (c) Evidence that the individual owns or leases property in Florida; or
- (d) Filing of a federal tax return from the most recent tax year which asserts that the individual's permanent residence is in Florida.
- (3) To obtain medication under this chapter to end his or her life, a qualified patient must first make two oral requests, and then one written request, for the medication to his or her attending physician.
- (a) A qualified patient may not make the second oral request to his or her attending physician until at least 15 days after making the first oral request. However, if the qualified patient's attending physician has medically confirmed that the qualified patient will, within reasonable medical judgment, die within 15 days after making the first oral request, the qualified patient may make the second oral request to his or her attending physician at any time after making the first oral request.
- (b) After a qualified patient makes a second oral request, the attending physician must give the qualified patient an opportunity to rescind the request.
- (c) A qualified patient may make a written request for medication under this chapter after he or she has made a second oral request for the medication and has been offered the opportunity to rescind the request. The written request must be

made by the qualified patient and may not be made by the qualified patient's health care surrogate or proxy, attorney, or representative or by an advance directive.

- (d) An attending physician may not prescribe medication to a qualified patient under this chapter until at least 48 hours after the qualified patient makes a written request for the medication. However, if the qualified patient's attending physician has medically confirmed that the qualified patient will, within reasonable medical judgment, die within the 48-hour waiting period, the attending physician may prescribe the medication immediately after the qualified patient makes the written request.
- (e) A qualified patient may make the oral requests for medication under this chapter through telehealth if the attending physician deems it clinically appropriate under the applicable standard of care for his or her profession.
- (4) (a) A written request for medication under this chapter must be in a form substantially similar to the following:

## REQUEST FOR MEDICATION

## TO END MY LIFE IN A PEACEFUL MANNER

I, ...(name of qualified patient)..., am an adult of sound
mind.

I am suffering from ... (medical condition)..., which my attending physician has determined is a terminal condition and which has been medically confirmed by a consulting physician.

Both physicians agree that, within reasonable medical judgment, my condition is incurable and irreversible and is likely to

cause my death within 6 months. ...(qualified patient's
initials)...

I have been fully informed of my diagnosis, prognosis, the nature of the medication to be prescribed and potential associated risks, the expected result of taking the medication, and the feasible alternative, concurrent, or additional treatment opportunities available to me, including hospice care and palliative care focused on relieving symptoms and reducing suffering. ... (qualified patient's initials)...

Pursuant to chapter 764, Florida Statutes, I request that my attending physician prescribe medication that will end my life in a peaceful manner if I choose to self-administer it, and I authorize my attending physician to contact a willing pharmacist to dispense such medication to me. ... (qualified patient's initials)...

PURSUANT TO SECTION 764.104, FLORIDA STATUTES, I UNDERSTAND THAT I HAVE THE RIGHT TO RESCIND THIS REQUEST AT ANY TIME AND IN ANY MANNER, REGARDLESS OF MY MENTAL STATE. ... (qualified patient's initials)...

I understand the full import of this request, and I expect to die if I self-administer the medication to be prescribed. I further understand that although most deaths occur within 3 hours, my death may take longer, and my attending physician has counseled me about this possibility. ... (qualified patient's initials)...

20251700 26-01404-25 291 292 I make this request voluntarily and without reservation. ...(qualified patient's initials)... 293 294 295 Signed: ... (signature of qualified patient) ... 296 Dated: ...(date) ... Time: ...(time) ... 297 298 DECLARATION OF WITNESSES 299 We declare that the person signing this request: 300 1. Is personally known to us or has provided proof of his 301 or her identity; 302 2. Signed this request in our presence; 303 3. Appears to be of sound mind and not under duress, fraud, 304 or undue influence; and 305 4. Is not a patient for whom either of us is the attending 306 physician or other health care provider. 307 Second witness 308 First witness 309 ...(print name)... ...(print name)... 310 ... (relation to patient)... (relation to patient)... 311 ...(signature)... ...(signature)... 312 ...(date)... 313 314 NOTE: At least one witness must not be a relative (by 315 blood, marriage, registered domestic partnership, or adoption) 316 of the qualified person signing this request, must not be 317 entitled to any portion of the person's estate upon death, and must not be an owner, operator, or employee of a health care 318 319 facility where the qualified patient is a patient or resident.

Page 11 of 24

26-01404-25 20251700

(b) To be valid, the written request must be signed by the qualified patient and witnessed by at least two individuals who, in the presence of the qualified patient, attest that, to the best of their knowledge and belief, the qualified patient has mental capacity, is acting voluntarily, and is not being coerced to sign the request. At least one of the witnesses must be a person who is not:

- 1. A relative of the qualified patient by blood, marriage, registered domestic partnership, or adoption;
- 2. A person who at the time the request is signed would be entitled to any portion of the estate of the qualified patient upon death under any will or by operation of law; or
- 3. An owner, operator, or employee of a health care facility where the qualified patient is receiving medical treatment or is a resident.
- (c) The qualified patient's attending physician or other health care provider at the time the request is signed may not serve as a witness.
- (5) A qualified patient may rescind his or her request at any time and in any manner without regard to his or her mental state.
- Section 6. Section 764.105, Florida Statutes, is created to read:
- 764.105 Attending physician responsibilities; consulting physician responsibilities; recordkeeping and reporting requirements; annual report.—
- (1) ATTENDING PHYSICIAN RESPONSIBILITIES.—The attending physician shall do all of the following before prescribing medication to a qualified patient under this chapter:

26-01404-25 20251700

(a) Make the initial determination as to whether a patient has a terminal condition, has mental capacity, has voluntarily made the request for medication to end his or her life without coercion or undue influence by another person, and is able to self-administer the medication to be prescribed.

- (b) Refer the patient to a consulting physician for medical confirmation of the diagnosis, and for a determination that the patient has mental capacity and is acting voluntarily.
- (c) Ensure that the patient is making an informed decision by fully informing the patient of the facts relevant to all of the following:
  - 1. The patient's medical diagnosis and prognosis.
- 2. The potential risks associated with self-administering the medication to be prescribed.
- $\underline{\mbox{3. The probable result of self-administering the medication}}$  to be prescribed.
- 4. The feasible alternative, concurrent, and additional treatment options available to the patient, including, but not limited to, palliative care, hospice care, and pain control.
- 5. The option to obtain the medication to end his or her life but subsequently decide not to take it.
  - (d) Verify the patient's Florida residency.
- (e) Refer the patient to a mental health professional with the appropriate training and expertise for counseling if the patient has a history of, or if the physician believes the patient may be suffering from, a mental health disorder or intellectual disability that may cause impaired judgment. The attending physician may not prescribe medication under this chapter until the mental health professional counseling the

26-01404-25 20251700

mental health disorder or intellectual disability causing impaired judgment that impacts his or her ability to make informed end-of-life decisions.

- (f) Inform the qualified patient that he or she has an opportunity to rescind the request at any time and in any manner, and offer the qualified patient an opportunity to rescind the request after the qualified patient's second oral request in accordance with s. 764.104.
- (g) Inform the qualified patient that there is no obligation to fill the prescription or to self-administer the medication prescribed under this chapter, even if obtained.
- (h) Immediately before writing a prescription for medication under this chapter, verify again that the qualified patient is making an informed decision.
- (i) Counsel the patient about the importance of having another person present when the patient self-administers the medication prescribed under this chapter and of not self-administering the medication in a public place.
- (j) Comply with the medical record documentation requirements of this section.
- (k) Ensure that all required steps are carried out in accordance with this chapter before writing a prescription for medication to enable a qualified patient to end his or her life in a peaceful manner.
- (1)1. Dispense medications directly, including ancillary medications intended to minimize the patient's discomfort; however, the attending physician must be registered as a dispensing practitioner under s. 465.0276, have a current Drug

26-01404-25 20251700

Enforcement Administration number, and comply with applicable laws and rules to dispense medications under this paragraph; or

- 2. With the patient's written consent:
- <u>a. Contact a pharmacist and inform the pharmacist of the prescription; and</u>
- b. Deliver the written prescription personally, electronically, or by mail to the pharmacist, who will dispense the medications to either the patient, the attending physician, the patient's legal representative, or an individual whom the patient designates in writing.
- (2) CONSULTING PHYSICIAN RESPONSIBILITIES.—A consulting physician shall examine the patient and his or her relevant medical records to confirm, in writing, whether the consulting physician agrees with the attending physician's diagnosis that the patient is suffering from a terminal condition, and verify whether the patient has mental capacity, is acting voluntarily, and has made an informed decision. A consulting physician must refer the patient to a mental health professional for counseling if the consulting physician believes the patient may be suffering from a mental health disorder or intellectual disability that may cause impaired judgment and the attending physician has not already referred the patient for such counseling.
- (3) CONFLICT OF INTEREST.—The attending physician, consulting physician, and mental health professional and interpreter, if any, may not be related to the qualified patient by blood, marriage, registered domestic partnership, or adoption or be entitled to any portion of the qualified patient's estate.
  - (4) RECORDKEEPING.—An attending physician is responsible

26-01404-25 20251700

for ensuring that all of the following is documented or filed in the patient's medical record:

- (b) All written requests by a patient for medication under this chapter.
- (c) The attending physician's diagnosis, prognosis, and determination that the patient has mental capacity, is acting voluntarily, has made an informed decision, and is able to self-administer the medication to be prescribed.
- (d) The consulting physician's diagnosis, prognosis, and verification that the patient has mental capacity, is acting voluntarily, has made an informed decision, and is able to self-administer the medication to be prescribed.
- (e) A report of the outcome and determinations made during counseling, if performed.
- (f) The attending physician's offer to the patient to rescind his or her request at the time of the patient's second oral request.
- (g) A note by the attending physician indicating that all requirements under this chapter have been met and indicating the steps taken to carry out the request, including a notation of the medication prescribed.
- dispenses medication under this chapter must submit a report to the department for each qualified patient for or to whom he or she prescribes or dispenses such medication, as applicable. The department shall adopt rules to establish timeframes and forms for submitting such reports. The reports must be limited to all

of the following information:

- (a) The qualified patient's age at death, if applicable.
- (b) The qualified patient's gender, race, and ethnicity.
- (c) Whether the qualified patient was enrolled in hospice care at the time of death.
  - (d) The qualified patient's underlying terminal condition.
- (e) Whether the qualified patient self-administered the medication prescribed to end his or her life and, if so, the date on which the death occurred.
- department shall publish on its website an aggregated report of all of the information submitted to the department under subsection (5) for the preceding year, including, but not limited to, the total number of qualified patients who received a prescription for medication under this chapter and the total number of health care providers who prescribed such medication. The report may not include any personal identifying information for the qualified patients.

Section 7. Section 764.106, Florida Statutes, is created to read:

764.106 Disposal of medication.—A person who has custody or control of any unused medication prescribed under this chapter after the death of the qualified patient must personally deliver the unused medication to the nearest facility qualified to dispose of controlled substances or must dispose of the unused medications by any lawful means in accordance with the rules of the Board of Pharmacy or a United States Drug Enforcement Administration approved drug take back program.

Section 8. Section 764.107, Florida Statutes, is created to

494 read:

764.107 Death certificates.—If a qualified patient dies by self-administration of medication as authorized under this chapter, the qualified patient's death certificate must list the underlying terminal condition, and not the prescribed medication, as the cause of death.

Section 9. Section 764.108, Florida Statutes, is created to read:

764.108 Effect on construction of wills, contracts, and statutes; insurance or annuity policies.—

- (1) A provision in a contract, will, or other agreement, whether written or oral, to the extent the provision would affect whether a person may make or rescind a request for medication under this chapter, is void and unenforceable.
- (2) An obligation owed under any existing contract may not be conditioned or affected by a person making or rescinding a request for medication under this chapter.
- (3) A health insurer may not deny or discriminate in its provision of health benefits to a policyholder based on the availability of the medication authorized under this chapter to end his or her life, nor may a health insurer attempt to influence a policyholder's decision to make or rescind a request for such medication.
- (4) The sale, procurement, or issuance of any life, health, or accident insurance or annuity policy, or the rate charged for any policy, may not be conditioned upon or affected by a person making or rescinding a request for medication under this chapter. A qualified patient's act of self-administering medication prescribed under this chapter may not affect a life,

26-01404-25 20251700

health, or accident insurance or annuity policy.

Section 10. Section 764.109, Florida Statutes, is created to read:

764.109 Penalties; liabilities; immunities; grounds for prohibiting health care provider participation; notification; permissible sanctions.—

- (1) A person who:
- (a) Without authorization of the patient, willfully alters or forges a request for medication under this chapter or conceals or destroys a rescission of that request with the intent or effect of causing the patient's death commits a felony of the first degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082, s. 775.083, or s. 775.084.
- (b) Coerces or exerts undue influence on a patient to request medication under this chapter for the purpose of ending the patient's life or to destroy a rescission of a medication request commits a felony of the first degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082, s. 775.083, or s. 775.084.
- (2) This chapter does not limit further liability for civil damages resulting from other negligent conduct or intentional misconduct by any person.
- (3) The penalties in this chapter do not preclude criminal penalties applicable under other law for conduct that is inconsistent with this chapter.
  - (4) Except as provided in subsections (1) and (5):
- (a) A person is not subject to civil or criminal liability or professional disciplinary action for complying in good faith with this chapter. This includes being present when a qualified patient self-administers the medication prescribed under this

chapter.

(b) A health care facility, a professional organization or association, or a health insurer may not subject a person to censure, discipline, or suspension; loss or denial of license, credentials, privileges, or membership; or any other penalty solely for refusing to participate in this chapter or for complying in good faith with this chapter.

- (c) A request by a patient for, or provision by an attending physician of, medication in good faith compliance with this chapter does not constitute evidence of neglect for any purpose of law or provide the sole basis for the appointment of a guardian or conservator.
- (d) A health care provider is not under any duty, whether by contract, by statute, or by any other legal requirement, to participate in the provision of medication prescribed under this chapter to a qualified patient. If a health care provider is unable or unwilling to carry out a patient's request under this chapter, the health care provider must inform the patient and refer him or her to a health care provider willing to assist the patient in the request for medication to end his or her life as authorized under this chapter. If the patient transfers his or her care to a new health care provider, the prior health care provider must transfer, upon request, a copy of the patient's relevant medical records to the new health care provider within 48 hours.
  - (5) (a) As used in this subsection, the term:
- 1. "Notify" means to make a separate written statement specifically informing employees, before their participation in this chapter, of the employing health care provider's or health

26-01404-25 20251700

care facility's policy sanctioning participation in activities covered by this chapter.

- 2. "Participation in this chapter" means performing the duties of an attending physician, the function of a consulting physician, or the function of counseling pursuant to s. 764.105. The term does not include:
- a. Making an initial determination that a patient has a terminal disease and informing the patient of the medical prognosis;
- b. Providing information about the Florida End-of-LifeOptions Act to a patient upon the request of the patient;
- c. Providing a patient, upon the request of the patient, with a referral to another physician; or
- d. A patient contracting with his or her attending physician or consulting physician to act outside of the course and scope of the provider's capacity as an employee or independent contractor of the sanctioning health care provider.
- (b) Notwithstanding any other law, an employing health care provider or health care facility may prohibit participation in this chapter on the premises of facilities that it owns or operates if it first notifies the health care providers practicing in its facilities of its policy. This paragraph does not prevent a health care provider or health care facility from otherwise providing health care services to a patient which do not constitute participation in this chapter.
- (c) A health care provider or health care facility that prohibits participation in this chapter on the premises of its facilities shall clearly articulate this policy in an easily accessible and appropriate location on any website maintained by

26-01404-25 20251700

the provider or facility and in any applicable materials given to patients.

- (d) An employing health care provider or health care facility may not prohibit a health care provider from, or sanction a health care provider for, participation in this chapter if done off premises of facilities that the employing health care provider or health care facility owns or operates or when the health care provider is acting outside the normal course and scope of his or her employment with the health care provider or health care facility.
- (e) Notwithstanding subsection (4), if an employing health care provider or health care facility has a policy prohibiting health care providers from participation in this chapter on the premises of facilities that it owns or operates and has notified them of the policy, the prohibiting health care provider or health care facility may subject such health care providers to sanctions for participating in this chapter in violation of that policy.
- (f) An employing health care provider or health care facility that imposes sanctions under paragraph (e) may not be arbitrary or capricious in its sanctions and must afford all due process and use any procedures it may have in place which are related to the imposition of sanctions on another health care provider.
- (6) Sanctions imposed under subsection (5) may not be considered the imposition of a sanction based on a violation of standard of care, and participation in this chapter may not be deemed unprofessional conduct for the purpose of disciplinary action against a health care provider's license.

26-01404-25 20251700

Section 11. Section 764.11, Florida Statutes, is created to read:

Any governmental entity that incurs costs resulting from a person terminating his or her life pursuant to this chapter in a public place shall have a claim against the estate of the person to recover the costs and reasonable attorney fees related to enforcing the claim.

Section 12. Section 764.111, Florida Statutes, is created to read:

## 764.111 Construction; severability.-

- (1) This chapter may not be construed to authorize a physician or any other person to end a patient's life by lethal injection, mercy killing, or active euthanasia. Actions taken in accordance with this chapter do not constitute suicide, assisted suicide, mercy killing, euthanasia, adult abuse, or homicide for any purpose under the law.
- (2) If any provision of this chapter or its application to any person or circumstance is held invalid, the invalidity does not affect the application of any other provision of this chapter which can be given full effect without the invalid provision or application, and to this end the provisions of this chapter are severable.
- Section 13. Section 782.08, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
- 782.08 Assisting self-murder.—Every person deliberately assisting another in the commission of self-murder commits shall be guilty of manslaughter, a felony of the second degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082, s. 775.083, or s. 775.084.

under this section for such acts.

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26-01404-25

Actions authorized under chapter 764, the Florida End-of-Life

Options Act, do not constitute assisting another in the

commission of self-murder, and a person acting within the scope

of and in accordance with chapter 764 may not be prosecuted

Section 14. This act shall take effect July 1, 2025.