1	A bill to be entitled
2	An act relating to boating safety; providing a short
3	title; amending s. 327.02, F.S.; revising the
4	definition of the term "livery vessel"; amending s.
5	327.30, F.S.; revising and providing penalties for
6	vessel collisions, accidents, and casualties; amending
7	s. 327.33, F.S.; revising and providing penalties for
8	reckless or careless operation of a vessel; amending
9	s. 327.351, F.S.; requiring the suspension of driver
10	licenses for boating under the influence and reckless
11	or careless operation of a vessel; amending s.
12	327.353, F.S.; requiring a vessel operator to submit
13	to a blood test without probable cause in cases of
14	death or serious bodily injury; amending s. 327.395,
15	F.S.; requiring that all persons, rather than only
16	persons born on or after a specified date, have
17	specified documents in their possession while
18	operating a vessel; amending s. 327.54, F.S.; revising
19	the definition of the term "livery"; amending s.
20	782.072, F.S.; revising the definition of the term
21	"vessel homicide"; providing an effective date.
22	
23	Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:
24	
25	Section 1. This act may be cited as "Lucy's Law."
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26 Section 2. Subsection (24) of section 327.02, Florida 27 Statutes, is amended to read: 28 327.02 Definitions.-As used in this chapter and in chapter 29 328, unless the context clearly requires a different meaning, 30 the term: 31 (24)"Livery vessel" means a vessel leased or \overline{r} rented, or 32 chartered to another for consideration. 33 Section 3. Subsection (5) of section 327.30, Florida 34 Statutes, is amended to read: 35 327.30 Collisions, accidents, and casualties.-(5) It is unlawful for a person operating a vessel 36 37 involved in an accident or injury to leave the scene of the accident or injury without giving all possible aid to all 38 39 persons involved and making a reasonable effort to locate the owner or persons affected and subsequently complying with and 40 41 notifying the appropriate law enforcement official as required 42 under this section. 43 (a) If a Any person who violates this subsection and the 44 with respect to an accident results resulting in: 1. Property damage only, the person commits a misdemeanor 45 46 of the first degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082 or s. 47 775.083. 48 2. Injury to a person other than serious bodily injury, the person commits a felony of the third degree, punishable as 49 50 provided in s. 775.082, s. 775.083, or s. 775.084.

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51 3. Serious bodily injury, the person commits a felony of 52 the second degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082, s. 53 775.083, or s. 775.084. 54 The death of another person or an unborn child, the 4. 55 person commits a felony of the first degree, punishable as 56 provided in s. 775.082, s. 775.083, or s. 775.084. 57 (b) If a person operating a vessel involved in an accident 58 that results in the death of another person or an unborn child 59 provides a false statement to an investigating law enforcement officer, the person personal injury commits a felony of the 60 61 third degree, punishable as provided in ss. 775.082 and 775.083 s. 775.082, s. 775.083, or s. 775.084. Any person who violates 62 this subsection with respect to an accident resulting in 63 64 property damage only commits a misdemeanor of the second degree, 65 punishable as provided in s. 775.082 or s. 775.083. 66 Subsection (2) of section 327.33, Florida Section 4. 67 Statutes, is amended to read: 327.33 Reckless or careless operation of vessel.-68 69 A person who operates any vessel upon the waters of (2) 70 this state shall operate the vessel in a reasonable and prudent 71 manner, having regard for other waterborne traffic, posted speed 72 and wake restrictions, and all other attendant circumstances so as not to endanger the life, limb, or property of another person 73 74 outside the vessel or to endanger the life, limb, or property of 75 another person due to vessel overloading or excessive speed. The

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76 failure to operate a vessel in a manner described in this 77 subsection constitutes careless operation. However, vessel wake 78 and shoreline wash resulting from the reasonable and prudent operation of a vessel, absent negligence, does not constitute 79 80 damage or endangerment to property. If a person who violates 81 this subsection and the violation: 82 (a) Does not result in an accident, the person commits a 83 noncriminal violation as defined in s. 775.08. 84 (b) Results in an accident that does not cause serious 85 bodily injury, the person commits a felony of the third degree, punishable as provided in ss. 775.083 or 775.084. 86 87 (c) Results in an accident that causes serious bodily 88 injury, the person commits a felony of the second degree, 89 punishable as provided in ss. 775.082, 775.083, or 775.084. 90 Results in an accident that causes the death of (d) 91 another person or an unborn child, the person commits a felony of the first degree, punishable as provided in ss. 775.082, 92 93 775.083, or 775.084. 94 Section 5. Section 327.351, Florida Statutes, is created 95 to read: 327.351 Additional penalty for boating under the influence 96 97 or reckless or careless operation of vessel.-The driver license 98 of a person who is convicted of a violation of s. 327.33 or s. 99 327.35 shall be suspended until all orders of the court have 100 been satisfied.

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101 Section 6. Paragraph (a) of subsection (1) of section 102 327.353, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 103 327.353 Blood test for impairment or intoxication in cases 104 of death or serious bodily injury; right to use reasonable 105 force.-106 (1)(a) If a law enforcement officer has probable cause to 107 believe that a vessel operated by a person under the influence 108 of alcoholic beverages, any chemical substances, or any controlled substances has caused the death or serious bodily 109 110 injury of a human being, A law enforcement officer shall require 111 the person operating or in actual physical control of a the 112 vessel to submit to a test of the person's blood for the purpose 113 of determining the alcoholic content thereof or the presence of 114 chemical substances as set forth in s. 877.111 or any substance 115 controlled under chapter 893. The law enforcement officer may use reasonable force if necessary to require the person to 116 117 submit to the administration of the blood test. The blood test 118 shall be performed in a reasonable manner. Notwithstanding s. 119 327.352, the testing required by this paragraph need not be incidental to a lawful arrest of the person. 120 121 Section 7. Subsection (1) of section 327.395, Florida 122 Statutes, is amended to read: 123 327.395 Boating safety education.-124 A person born on or after January 1, 1988, may not (1) 125 operate a vessel powered by a motor of 10 horsepower or greater

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126 unless such person has in his or her possession aboard the 127 vessel the documents required by subsection (2). 128 Section 8. Paragraph (c) of subsection (1) of section 129 327.54, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 130 327.54 Liveries; safety regulations; penalty.-As used in this section, the term: 131 (1)132 (C) "Livery" means a person who advertises and offers a 133 livery vessel for use by another in exchange for any type of consideration when such person does not also provide or does not 134 135 require the lessee or renter to provide as a condition of the 136 rental or lease agreement a person licensed by the United States 137 Coast Guard to serve as master of the vessel or to with a 138 captain, a crew, or any type of staff or personnel to operate, 139 oversee, maintain, or manage the vessel. The owner of a vessel 140 who does not advertise his or her vessel for use by another for consideration and who loans or offers his or her vessel for use 141 142 to another known to him or her either for consideration or 143 without consideration is not a livery. A public or private 144 school or postsecondary institution located within this state is 145 not a livery. A vessel rented or leased by a livery is a livery vessel as defined in s. 327.02. 146 Section 9. Section 782.072, Florida Statutes, is amended 147 to read: 148 782.072 Vessel homicide.-149 150 (1) As used in this section, the term:

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151	(a) "Vessel homicide" <u>means</u> is the killing of a human
152	being, including the death of an unborn child caused by injury
153	to the mother, by the operation of a vessel as defined in s.
154	327.02 by another in a reckless manner likely to cause the death
155	of, or great bodily harm to, another.
156	(b) "Unborn child" has the same meaning as in s.
157	775.021(5)(e).
158	(2) Vessel homicide is:
159	<u>(a)</u> (1) A felony of the second degree, punishable as
160	provided in s. 775.082, s. 775.083, or s. 775.084.
161	(b) (2) A felony of the first degree, punishable as
162	provided in s. 775.082, s. 775.083, or s. 775.084, if:
163	1.(a) At the time of the accident, the person knew, or
164	should have known, that the accident occurred; and
165	2.(b) The person failed to give information and render aid
166	as required by s. 327.30(1).
167	
168	This subsection does not require that the person knew that the
169	accident resulted in injury or death.
170	Section 10. This act shall take effect July 1, 2025.
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