By Senator Garcia

	36-00338-25 2025394
1	A bill to be entitled
2	An act relating to elections; amending s. 97.021,
3	F.S.; defining terms; making technical changes;
4	amending s. 101.015, F.S.; requiring the Department of
5	State to adopt rules for minimum standards for
6	security measures for electronic and electromechanical
7	voting and other election systems; requiring that the
8	Election Technology Advisory Board annually evaluate
9	such rules; requiring that the department annually
10	update such rules; revising the standards for such
11	rules; requiring that voting and other election
12	systems comply with specified standards; providing the
13	required standards that must be met or exceeded;
14	requiring the Election Technology Advisory Board to
15	resolve conflicts among differing standards by making
16	a specified determination; providing exceptions to
17	such standards under specified circumstances;
18	requiring that security measures be outlined in the
19	county security plan approved by the department;
20	requiring the department to adopt or modify specified
21	rules; requiring that a certain full supply chain
22	analysis be conducted on specified components;
23	requiring the Election Technology Advisory Board to
24	make certain recommendations; making technical
25	changes; amending s. 101.017, F.S.; revising the name
26	of the Bureau of Voting Systems to the Bureau of
27	Voting Systems and Other Election Systems; providing
28	that the bureau is also responsible for other election
29	technology standards and certification; requiring that

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30the bureau hire a certain number of credentialed31cybersecurity experts; requiring that the Florida32Cybersecurity Advisory Council and a state security33risk assessment team review all county security plans34and election security rules biennially; creating s.35101.018, F.S.; creating the Election Technology36Advisory Board; providing the board's37responsibilities, membership, and quorum requirements;38providing for future legislative review and repeal of39the advisory board; amending s. 101.293, F.S.;40providing that other election systems are subject to41competitive solicitation requirements under specified42conditions; making technical changes; amending s.43101.294, F.S.; requiring the Division of Elections to44adopt specified rules; prohibiting governing bodies45from purchasing any other election system unless such46system has been certified by the Department of State;47requiring doverning bodies to notify the division of48purchasing or selling other election systems;49requiring the division to inform governing bodies of51systems; prohibiting vendors from providing other52election systems that are uncertified to local53governing bodies and supervisors of elections;54requiring that vendors of other election systems55provide a certain certification to local governing56bodies or supervisors of elections; amending s.<		36-00338-25 2025394
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58 members of governing bodies who purchase or sell other	57	101.295, F.S.; providing criminal penalties for
	58	members of governing bodies who purchase or sell other

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59	election systems in violation of specified provisions;
60	increasing the criminal penalty for such members who
61	purchase or sell voting equipment; amending s. 101.34,
62	F.S.; providing that supervisors of elections are the
63	custodians of other election systems; authorizing
64	supervisors of elections to appoint deputies to
65	prepare and supervise other election systems;
66	reenacting and amending s. 101.341, F.S.; prohibiting
67	specified persons from accepting employment or any
68	consideration from persons or entities involved in the
69	purchase, repair, or sale of other election systems
70	and election materials under specified conditions;
71	prohibiting supervisors and their employees from
72	seeking employment, contracts, or other relationships
73	with specified suppliers on behalf of the employees'
74	family members; requiring such persons to advise
75	family members that such relationships create the
76	appearance of a conflict of interest; requiring
77	supervisors to notify the Secretary of State of such
78	conflict; authorizing the secretary to remove or
79	retain supervisors under specified conditions;
80	requiring the secretary to promptly report certain
81	information to the public; providing criminal
82	penalties; making technical changes; amending s.
83	101.5604, F.S.; authorizing boards of county of
84	commissioners to adopt, purchase, or otherwise procure
85	other election systems under specified conditions;
86	providing that counties may use either electronic or
87	electromechanical precinct-count tabulation voting

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88	systems or count ballots by hand at the precinct
89	level; amending s. 101.5605, F.S.; requiring the
90	Department of State to examine publicly all other
91	election systems submitted and make a certain
92	determination; authorizing persons owning or
93	interested in other election systems to submit such
94	systems to the department for examination; requiring
95	the department to employ specified individuals;
96	prohibiting the Secretary of State and examiners from
97	having a pecuniary interest in other election systems,
98	election materials, and election-related service
99	providers; requiring disclosure of potential conflicts
100	under specified conditions; providing that any
101	examiners who have a conflict be excluded from certain
102	activities; requiring that persons contracting with
103	the Department of State to provide other election
104	systems have a registered agent in this state; making
105	technical changes; amending s. 101.5606, F.S.;
106	revising the requirements voting systems must meet to
107	be approved by the Department of State; prohibiting
108	other election systems or election vendors from being
109	approved by the department unless certain conditions
110	are confirmed; amending s. 101.56065, F.S.; revising
111	definitions; requiring vendors to file a written
112	disclosure with the department identifying defects in
113	other election systems; requiring the department to
114	suspend the use of systems if a certain determination
115	is made; prohibiting the sale, lease, or use of other
116	election systems under a specified condition;

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CODING: Words stricken are deletions; words underlined are additions.

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117	requiring, rather than authorizing, the department to
118	initiate investigations under certain circumstances;
119	revising the civil penalty for vendors that fail to
120	disclose or cure a defect; revising the actions the
121	department is authorized or required to take if it
122	finds a defect existed; conforming provisions to
123	changes made by the act; making technical changes;
124	amending s. 101.5612, F.S.; requiring that a
125	certification team inspect and approve all source code
126	for specified equipment; requiring the Secretary of
127	State and vendors to maintain specified certificates;
128	requiring vendors to prepare a code package and
129	digital signature using such certificate and submit
130	both to the secretary; requiring the secretary to
131	promptly and permanently publish such materials on its
132	publicly available website; requiring the secretary to
133	follow such process for all change events; prohibiting
134	the installation of certain software; requiring that a
135	certain list of all systems be posted on the website
136	and updated under specified conditions; requiring that
137	certain tests be sufficient to make certain
138	determinations; requiring that the same testing
139	standards be implemented on other election systems;
140	requiring supervisors of elections to have other
141	election systems publicly tested; specifying that
142	voting system testing must ascertain that such system
143	will correctly count votes cast for all offices and
144	measures; requiring, rather than authorizing,
145	supervisors to conduct additional testing within a

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146	specified timeframe under certain conditions;
147	requiring that other election system testing ascertain
148	that the system will correctly perform its designated
149	functions during an election; requiring that all
150	testing be subject to public notice of the time and
151	place; requiring, rather than authorizing, supervisors
152	or other municipal elections officials to give a
153	certain notice to candidates; specifying that
154	designees from political parties are allowed in work
155	areas during testing and ballot counting; authorizing
156	the party designee to observe other election systems
157	during elections, request inspection of and photograph
158	system settings, and have access to a certain hotline;
159	providing that the public must be able to observe
160	tabulators and other election equipment through
161	specified means; prohibiting designees and the public
162	from interfering with certain operations of the
163	canvassing board; requiring that the public and
164	designees be able to call a hotline and submit a work
165	ticket; requiring that such calls be monitored by the
166	state and canvassing board; authorizing political
167	parties to have designees monitor the hotline;
168	requiring that a randomly selected number of test
169	ballots from public participants be chosen; providing
170	that after reconciliation, two batches of ballots be
171	comingled and reconciled again; requiring that such
172	process be repeated and errorless results be achieved
173	under specified conditions; requiring that voting
174	systems in absentee vote counting centers be publicly

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36-00338-25 2025394 175 tested; revising the sample selection process for such 176 testing; requiring that a randomly selected number of 177 test ballots from public participants be chosen; 178 providing that after reconciliation, two batches of 179 ballots be comingled and reconciled again; requiring 180 that such process be repeated and errorless results be 181 achieved under specified conditions; requiring that 182 other election systems that are determined to have an error in their functions or security measures be 183 184 deemed unsatisfactory; requiring the canvassing board, 185 with assistance from specified experts, to take steps 186 to determine the cause of the error, identify and test 187 other devices, and test a number of additional devices 188 to make a certain determination; prohibiting systems 189 from allowing remote logins; requiring that specified 190 seals be used to seal specified points of entry for 191 voting devices; revising the written statements 192 executed by a canvassing board or its representative 193 to include the number of seals and other election 194 systems; requiring that tabulating devices and other 195 election systems that are unsatisfactory be recoded, 196 repaired, or replaced and be available for retesting; 197 requiring that records of certain tests on other election systems be kept; requiring that certain 198 199 records related to testing be available through public 200 records requests at no charge; authorizing the posting 201 of such records on the election office website; 202 requiring that records be kept for a specified 203 timeframe; making technical changes; amending s.

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<ul> <li>101.591, F.S.; revising when county canvassing boards</li> <li>or local boards responsible for certifying elections</li> <li>must conduct a manual audit; specifying how such</li> <li>manual audit must be conducted; revising the contents</li> <li>of the tally sheet used by precincts for ballots</li> <li>collected and counted; requiring the canvassing board</li> <li>and public observers to be present for specified</li> <li>actions; requiring that such actions be videotaped and</li> <li>livestreamed; requiring that automated audits use</li> <li>original paper ballots; requiring that precincts be</li> <li>randomly selected by the county canvassing board or</li> <li>the local board responsible for certifying an election</li> <li>at a publicly noticed meeting; requiring that audits</li> <li>be completed and results made public before an</li> <li>election is certified; making a technical change;</li> <li>amending ss. 101.68 and 101.69, F.S.; conforming</li> <li>cross-references; providing an effective date.</li> </ul> Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida: 97.021 DefinitionsFor the purposes of this code, except where the context clearly indicates otherwise, the term: <ul> <li>(1) "Absent elector" means any registered and qualified</li> <li>voter who casts a vote-by-mail ballot.</li> <li>(2) "Absent uniformed services voter" means:</li> <li>(3) A member of a uniformed service on active duty who, by</li> </ul>		36-00338-25 2025394
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<pre>212 livestreamed; requiring that automated audits use 213 original paper ballots; requiring that precincts be 214 randomly selected by the county canvassing board or 215 the local board responsible for certifying an election 216 at a publicly noticed meeting; requiring that audits 217 be completed and results made public before an 218 election is certified; making a technical change; 219 amending ss. 101.68 and 101.69, F.S.; conforming 220 cross-references; providing an effective date. 221 222 Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida: 223 224 Section 1. Section 97.021, Florida Statutes, is amended to 225 read: 226 97.021 DefinitionsFor the purposes of this code, except 227 where the context clearly indicates otherwise, the term: 228 (1) "Absent elector" means any registered and qualified 229 voter who casts a vote-by-mail ballot. 230 (2) "Absent uniformed services voter" means: 231 (a) A member of a uniformed service on active duty who, by</pre>	210	and public observers to be present for specified
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231 (a) A member of a uniformed service on active duty who, by	229	voter who casts a vote-by-mail ballot.
	230	(2) "Absent uniformed services voter" means:
232 reason of such active duty, is absent from the place of	231	(a) A member of a uniformed service on active duty who, by
	232	reason of such active duty, is absent from the place of

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36-00338-25 2025394 233 residence where the member is otherwise qualified to vote; 234 (b) A member of the merchant marine who, by reason of 235 service in the merchant marine, is absent from the place of 236 residence where the member is otherwise qualified to vote; or (c) A spouse or dependent of a member referred to in 237 238 paragraph (a) or paragraph (b) who, by reason of the active duty 239 or service of the member, is absent from the place of residence 240 where the spouse or dependent is otherwise qualified to vote. (3) "Address of legal residence" means the legal 241 242 residential address of the elector and includes all information 243 necessary to differentiate one residence from another, 244 including, but not limited to, a distinguishing apartment, 245 suite, lot, room, or dormitory room number or other identifier. (4) "Alternative formats" has the meaning ascribed in the 246 Americans with Disabilities Act of 1990, Pub. L. No. 101-336, 42 247 248 U.S.C. ss. 12101 et seq., including specifically the technical 249 assistance manuals promulgated thereunder, as amended. 250 (5) "Auditable storage methods" means using a systematic, 251 independent, documented process when obtaining records or 252 information and then assessing the records or information 253 objectively to determine whether all requirements are fulfilled; 254 recording all information in a manner that allows election 255 officials to review the activities that occurred on the voting 256 equipment to verify or reconstruct the steps followed without 257 compromising the ballot or voter secrecy; and having a paper 258 printout produced by the direct-recording electronic voting 259 machines, which election officials may use to cross-check 260 electronically tabulated totals. The term also includes 261 maintaining, at a minimum, two sets of records that are

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262	different in form to create resistance to accidental or
263	deliberate damage, one set which is usable in a counting process
264	and one set which is usable to verify its agreement with the
265	other set or sets of records used in the counting process.
266	(6) "Automatic tabulating equipment" means an apparatus
267	that automatically examines, counts, and records votes.
268	<u>(7)</u> "Ballot" or "official ballot" when used in reference
269	to:
270	(a) "Electronic or electromechanical devices" means a
271	ballot that is voted by the process of electronically
272	designating, including by touchscreen, or marking with a marking
273	device for tabulation by automatic tabulating equipment or data
274	processing equipment.
275	(b) "Marksense ballots" means that printed sheet of paper,
276	used in conjunction with an electronic or electromechanical vote
277	tabulation voting system, containing the names of candidates, or
278	a statement of proposed constitutional amendments or other
279	questions or propositions submitted to the electorate at any
280	election, on which sheet of paper an elector casts his or her
281	vote.
282	<u>(8)(a)</u> "Candidate" means any person to whom any <del>one or</del>
283	more of the following applies:
284	<u>1.(a)</u> Any person who Seeks to qualify for nomination or
285	election by means of the petitioning process.
286	<u>2.(b)</u> Any person who Seeks to qualify for election as a
287	write-in candidate.
288	<u>3.(c)</u> Any person who Receives contributions or makes
289	expenditures, or gives his or her consent for any other person
290	to receive contributions or make expenditures, with a view to

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291	bringing about his or her nomination or election to, or
292	retention in, public office.
293	<u>4.(d)</u> Any person who Appoints a treasurer and designates a
294	primary depository.
295	5.(e) Any person who Files qualification papers and
296	subscribes to a candidate's oath as required by law.
297	(b) The term However, this definition does not include any
298	candidate for a political party executive committee.
299	(9) "Data network communications" means the transfer of
300	data and information between various endpoints or systems using
301	a communication network. The communication network may be local,
302	as in within a building, or across a wide area, as in spread
303	amongst buildings or across a distance, and may be wired or
304	wireless.
305	(10) (8) "Department" means the Department of State.
306	(11) (9) "Division" means the Division of Elections of the
307	Department of State.
308	(12) (10) "Early voting" means casting a ballot prior to
309	election day at a location designated by the supervisor of
310	elections and depositing the voted ballot in the tabulation
311	system.
312	(13) (11) "Early voting area" means the area designated by
313	the supervisor of elections at an early voting site at which
314	early voting activities occur, including, but not limited to,
315	lines of voters waiting to be processed, the area where voters
316	check in and are processed, and the area where voters cast their
317	ballots.
318	(14) (12) "Early voting site" means those locations
319	specified in s. 101.657 and the building in which early voting
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36-00338-25 2025394 320 occurs. 321 (15) (13) "Election" means any primary election, special 322 primary election, special election, general election, or 323 presidential preference primary election. 324 (16) (14) "Election board" means the clerk and inspectors 325 appointed to conduct an election. 326 (17) (15) "Election costs" shall include, but not be limited 327 to, expenditures for all paper supplies such as envelopes, instructions to voters, affidavits, reports, ballot cards, 328 329 ballot booklets for vote-by-mail voters, postage, notices to 330 voters; advertisements for registration book closings, testing 331 of voting equipment, sample ballots, and polling places; forms 332 used to qualify candidates; polling site rental and equipment 333 delivery and pickup; data processing time and supplies; election records retention; and labor costs, including those costs 334 335 uniquely associated with vote-by-mail ballot preparation, poll 336 workers, and election night canvass. 337 (18) "Election data" means all information and electronic 338 records pertaining to a specific election, including, but not 339 limited to, ballot design, inbound and outbound mailing, chain 340 of custody, postal billing, data network communication logs, 341 election reporting, and vote-by-mail ballot tracking. (19) "Election Technology Advisory Board" means a group of 342 343 diversely credentialed experts capable of assessing compliance with state, federal, and commercial standards and evaluating 344 345 evolving information technology, cybersecurity, manual process 346 controls, pre-election certification auditing, and other 347 enterprise risk management standards. (20) (16) "Elector" is synonymous with the word "voter" or 348

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first Tuesday after the first Monday in November in the evennumbered years, for the purpose of filling national, state, county, and district offices and for voting on constitutional amendments not otherwise provided for by law.

356 <u>(22) (18)</u> "Lists of registered electors" means names and 357 associated information of registered electors maintained by the 358 department in the statewide voter registration system or 359 generated or derived from the statewide voter registration 360 system. Lists may be produced in printed or electronic format.

361 <u>(23) (19)</u> "Member of the Merchant Marine" means an 362 individual, other than a member of a uniformed service or an 363 individual employed, enrolled, or maintained on the Great Lakes 364 for the inland waterways, who is:

(a) Employed as an officer or crew member of a vessel
documented under the laws of the United States, a vessel owned
by the United States, or a vessel of foreign-flag registry under
charter to or control of the United States; or

(b) Enrolled with the United States for employment or training for employment, or maintained by the United States for emergency relief service, as an officer or crew member of such vessel.

373 <u>(24)(20)</u> "Minor political party" is any group as specified 374 in s. 103.095 which on January 1 preceding a primary election 375 does not have registered as members 5 percent of the total 376 registered electors of the state.

377

(25) (21) "Newspaper of general circulation" means a

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378	newspaper printed in the language most commonly spoken in the
379	area within which it circulates and which is readily available
380	for purchase by all inhabitants in the area of circulation, but
381	does not include a newspaper intended primarily for members of a
382	particular professional or occupational group, a newspaper the
383	primary function of which is to carry legal notices, or a
384	newspaper that is given away primarily to distribute
385	advertising.
386	(26) <del>(22)</del> "Nominal value" means having a retail value of \$10
387	or less.
388	(27) <del>(23)</del> "Nonpartisan office" means an office for which a
389	candidate is prohibited from campaigning or qualifying for
390	election or retention in office based on party affiliation.
391	(28) (24) "Office that serves persons with disabilities"
392	means any state office that takes applications either in person
393	or over the telephone from persons with disabilities for any
394	program, service, or benefit primarily related to their
395	disabilities.
396	(29) "Other election system" means any information
397	technology other than the voting systems used in the election
398	process which can add, delete, or modify ballots or votes or
399	which store critical election data. The term includes hosted
400	technologies or service providers that store or have access to
401	critical election data. The term also includes, but is not
402	limited to, the voter registration system, e-pollbooks,
403	tabulation systems, mail sorters, election night reporting,
404	ballot tracking solutions, and future technologies integrated
405	into the election process.
406	(30) (25) "Overseas voter" means:
I	

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407	(a) An absent uniformed services voter who, by reason of
408	active duty or service, is absent from the United States on the
409	date of the election involved;
410	(b) A person who resides outside the United States and is
411	qualified to vote in the last place in which the person was
412	domiciled before leaving the United States; or
413	(c) A person who resides outside the United States and, but
414	for such residence, would be qualified to vote in the last place
415	in which the person was domiciled before leaving the United
416	States.
417	(31)(26) "Overvote" means that the elector marks or
418	designates more names than there are persons to be elected to an
419	office or designates more than one answer to a ballot question,
420	and the tabulator records no vote for the office or question.
421	(32) <del>(27)</del> "Persons with disabilities" means individuals who
422	have a physical or mental impairment that substantially limits
423	one or more major life activities.
424	(33) <del>(28)</del> "Petition circulator" means an entity or
425	individual who collects signatures for compensation for the
426	purpose of qualifying a proposed constitutional amendment for
427	ballot placement.
428	(34) <del>(29)</del> "Polling place" is the building which contains the
429	polling room where ballots are cast.
430	<u>(35)</u> "Polling room" means the actual room in which
431	ballots are cast on election day and during early voting.
432	(36) "Portable data storage" means a compact plug-and-play
433	storage device, such as a USB flash drive, which is designed to
434	hold digital data of any kind.
435	(37) (31) "Primary election" means an election held
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     preceding the general election for the purpose of nominating a
437
     party nominee to be voted for in the general election to fill a
438
     national, state, county, or district office.
439
          (38) (32) "Provisional ballot" means a conditional ballot,
440
     the validity of which is determined by the canvassing board.
          (39) (33) "Public assistance" means assistance provided
441
442
     through the food assistance program under the federal
443
     Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program; the Medicaid program;
444
     the Special Supplemental Food Program for Women, Infants, and
445
     Children; and the Temporary Cash Assistance Program.
446
          (40) (34) "Public office" means any federal, state, county,
447
     municipal, school, or other district office or position which is
448
     filled by vote of the electors.
          (41) (35) "Qualifying educational institution" means any
449
450
     public or private educational institution receiving state
451
     financial assistance which has, as its primary mission, the
452
     provision of education or training to students who are at least
453
     18 years of age, provided such institution has more than 200
454
     students enrolled in classes with the institution and provided
455
     that the recognized student government organization has
456
     requested this designation in writing and has filed the request
457
     with the office of the supervisor of elections in the county in
458
     which the institution is located.
          (42) (36) "Special election" is a special election called
459
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459 (42)(36) "Special election" is a special election called 460 for the purpose of voting on a party nominee to fill a vacancy 461 in the national, state, county, or district office.

462 <u>(43) (37)</u> "Special primary election" is a special nomination 463 election designated by the Governor, called for the purpose of 464 nominating a party nominee to be voted on in a general or

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465	special election.
466	(44) (38) "Supervisor" means the supervisor of elections.
467	(45) <del>(39)</del> "Tactile input device" means a device that
468	provides information to a voting system by means of a voter
469	touching the device, such as a keyboard, and that complies with
470	the requirements of s. 101.56062(1)(k) and (1).
471	(46) (40) "Third-party registration organization" means any
472	person, entity, or organization soliciting or collecting voter
473	registration applications. A third-party voter registration
474	organization does not include:
475	(a) A person who seeks only to register to vote or collect
476	voter registration applications from that person's spouse,
477	child, or parent; or
478	(b) A person engaged in registering to vote or collecting
479	voter registration applications as an employee or agent of the
480	division, supervisor of elections, Department of Highway Safety
481	and Motor Vehicles, or a voter registration agency.
482	(47) (41) "Undervote" means that the elector does not
483	properly designate any choice for an office or ballot question,
484	and the tabulator records no vote for the office or question.
485	(48) (42) "Uniformed services" means the Army, Navy, Air
486	Force, Marine Corps, Space Force, and Coast Guard, the
487	commissioned corps of the Public Health Service, and the
488	commissioned corps of the National Oceanic and Atmospheric
489	Administration.
490	(49) "Voter data" means all voter records pertaining to an
491	individual voter, including voter registration, voter signature,
492	voter registration changes, voted status, and voting history.
493	(50)(43) "Voter interface device" means any device that
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36-00338-25 2025394 494 communicates voting instructions and ballot information to a 495 voter and allows the voter to select and vote for candidates and 496 issues. A voter interface device may not be used to tabulate 497 votes. Any vote tabulation must be based upon a subsequent scan 498 of the marked marksense ballot or the voter-verifiable paper 499 output after the voter interface device process has been 500 completed. 501 (51) (44) "Voter registration agency" means any office that 502 provides public assistance, any office that serves persons with 503 disabilities, any center for independent living, or any public 504 library. 505 (52) (45) "Voter registration official" means any supervisor 506 of elections or individual authorized by the Secretary of State 507 to accept voter registration applications and execute updates to 508 the statewide voter registration system. 509 (53) (46) "Voting booth" or "booth" means that booth or 510 enclosure wherein an elector casts his or her ballot for 511 tabulation by an electronic or electromechanical device. 512 (54) (47) "Voting system" means a method of casting and 513 processing votes that functions wholly or partly by use of electromechanical or electronic apparatus or by use of marksense 514 515 ballots and includes, but is not limited to, the procedures for 516 casting and processing votes and the programs, operating 517 manuals, supplies, printouts, and other software necessary for 518 the system's operation. 519 Section 2. Section 101.015, Florida Statutes, is amended to 520 read: 521 101.015 Standards for voting systems, other election 522 systems, and election material security.-

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523	(1) The Department of State shall adopt rules which
524	establish minimum standards for hardware <u>,</u> and software, and
525	security measures for electronic and electromechanical voting
526	systems and other election systems. Such rules must be evaluated
527	annually by the Election Technology Advisory Board and updated
528	annually by the department. The rules must shall contain
529	standards for:
530	(a) Functional requirements;
531	(b) Performance levels;
532	(c) Physical and design characteristics;
533	(d) Documentation requirements; and
534	(e) Evaluation criteria <u>;</u> .
535	(f) Security, auditability, chain of custody, and reporting
536	compliance;
537	(g) Auditable storage methods;
538	(h) Portable data storage requirements;
539	(i) Which data network communications components, sub-
540	components, configurations, and settings are specifically
541	allowed or prohibited, as applicable;
542	(j) On-premises deployment requirements;
543	(k) Hardware self-diagnostics, reporting, maintenance plan,
544	and emergency support requirements;
545	(1) Department review and favorable assessment of vendor
546	software development methodology, code, and functionality; and
547	(m) Department review and favorable assessment of vendor
548	information security practices.
549	(2) (a) All voting and other election systems must comply
550	with state, federal, and commercial standards in addition to
551	evolving technology, cybersecurity, manual process control, pre-

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552	election certification auditing, and other enterprise risk
553	management standards that are relevant to the criteria set forth
554	in this section. Notwithstanding the relevant standards, all of
555	the following requirements must be met or exceeded:
556	1. Tabulators may not use internal or external hardware
557	that enables cellular, Wi-Fi, Bluetooth, or other wireless data
558	communications.
559	2. Data network communications must use an Ethernet switch
560	and category 6 Ethernet cables or the current equivalent
561	technology.
562	3. Voting systems and other elections systems must be based
563	on open source code that is compiled and distributed by the
564	department, or based on proprietary software that is inspected
565	using real-time reporting and auditing.
566	4. All software development must be conducted in the United
567	States by United States citizens and must use data stored in the
568	United States.
569	5. Maintenance must be performed by United States citizens
570	who annually satisfy a background screening requirement.
571	6. Auditable storage methods must ensure that election data
572	is immutable.
573	7. Portable storage media must be compatible with state-
574	approved county elections security plans that specify portable
575	media chain of custody requirements.
576	8. Use of hosted services is discouraged and may be
577	certified only if all of the following apply:
578	a. The vendor has secure enclaves.
579	b. The vendor is based within the United States.
580	c. Data is stored only in the United States.

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581	d. The software is developed by United States citizens who
582	annually satisfy background screening requirements.
583	e. The hosting of services is operated solely by United
584	States citizens who annually satisfy background screening
585	requirements.
586	9. System pre-election testing must include evaluation of
587	security software and network communication settings.
588	10. System precertification mini-audits must include
589	verification that systems settings have not been changed and
590	that unauthorized data network communication or unauthorized
591	system access has not occurred.
592	(b) If there is a conflict between standards, the Election
593	Technology Advisory Board must determine which standard is to be
594	used based on efficacy, relevancy, cost, and election timeline
595	constraints. Systems deployed before July 1, 2025, or adoption
596	of a department rule or the issuance of new or updated standards
597	may continue to be used if security measures are put in place
598	which adequately mitigate noncompliance risks. The security
599	measures must be outlined in the county security plan approved
600	by the department, as required by department rule. The
601	department shall adopt or modify rules to enforce this
602	subsection.
603	(3) A full supply chain analysis must be conducted on
604	legacy and new hardware, firmware, and software to ensure the
605	certified hardware and software are produced and developed in
606	the United States using components that are free from malware,
607	spyware, and hidden communication or connection capabilities.
608	The Election Technology Advisory Board shall make
609	recommendations on the remedy for legacy technologies that do

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610	not meet the requirements of this section.
611	(4) Each odd-numbered year the Department of State shall
612	review the rules governing standards and certification of voting
613	systems to determine the adequacy and effectiveness of such
614	rules in assuring that elections are fair and impartial.
615	(5)(3) The Department of State shall adopt rules to achieve
616	and maintain the maximum degree of correctness, impartiality,
617	and efficiency of the procedures of voting, including write-in
618	voting, and of counting, tabulating, and recording votes by
619	voting systems used in this state.
620	<u>(6)(a)<del>(</del>4)(a)</u> The Department of State shall adopt rules
621	establishing minimum security standards for voting systems. The
622	standards <u>must</u> , at a minimum, <del>must</del> address the following:
623	1. Chain of custody of ballots, including a detailed
624	description of procedures to create a complete written record of
625	the chain of custody of ballots and paper outputs beginning with
626	their receipt from a printer or manufacturer until such time as
627	they are destroyed.
628	2. Transport of ballots, including a description of the
629	method and equipment used and a detailed list of the names of
630	all individuals involved in such transport.
631	3. Ballot security, including a requirement that all
632	ballots be kept in a locked room in the supervisor's office, a
633	facility controlled by the supervisor or county canvassing

635 canvassing votes until needed for canvassing and returned636 thereafter.

(b)1. Each supervisor shall establish written procedures toassure accuracy and security in his or her county, including

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board, or a public place in which the county canvassing board is

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639	procedures related to early voting pursuant to s. 101.657. Such
640	procedures <u>must</u> <del>shall</del> be reviewed in each odd-numbered year by
641	the department.
642	2. Each supervisor shall submit any revisions to the
643	security procedures to the department at least 45 days before
644	early voting commences pursuant to s. 101.657 in an election in
645	which they are to take effect.
646	<u>(7)(a)<del>(5)(a)</del> The Department of State shall adopt rules</u>
647	which establish standards for provisional approval of hardware
648	and software for innovative use of electronic and
649	electromechanical voting systems. Such rules <u>must</u> <del>shall</del> contain
650	standards for:
651	1. Functional requirements;
652	2. Performance levels;
653	3. Physical and design characteristics;
654	4. Documentation requirements;
655	5. Evaluation criteria;
656	6. Audit capabilities; and
657	7. Consideration of prior use of a system.
658	(b) A voting system $\underline{may}$ shall be provisionally approved for
659	<del>a total of</del> no more than 2 years, and the Department of State has
660	the authority to revoke such approval. Provisional approval of a
661	system may shall not be granted by the Department of State to
662	supersede certification requirements of this section.
663	(c)1. No provisionally approved system may be used in any
664	election, including any municipal election, without the
665	authorization of the Department of State.
666	2. An application for use of a provisionally approved
667	system <u>must</u> <del>shall</del> be submitted at least 120 days <u>before</u> <del>prior to</del>

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668	the intended use by the supervisor of elections or municipal
669	elections official. Such application <u>must</u> shall request
670	authorization for use of the system in a specific election. Each
671	application must shall state the election, the number of
672	precincts, and the number of anticipated voters for which the
673	system is requested for use.
674	3. The Department of State shall authorize or deny
675	authorization of the use of the provisionally approved system
676	for the specific election and shall notify the supervisor of
677	elections or municipal elections official in writing of the
678	authorization or denial of authorization, along with the reasons
679	therefor, within 45 days after receipt of the application.
680	(d) A contract for the use of a provisionally approved
681	system for a specific election may be entered into with the
682	approval of the Department of State. No contract for title to a
683	provisionally approved system may be entered into.
684	(e) The use of any provisionally approved system <u>is</u> <del>shall</del>
685	<del>be</del> valid for all purposes.
686	(8) (6) All electronic and electromechanical voting systems
687	purchased on or after January 1, 1990, must meet the minimum
688	standards established under subsection (1). All electronic and
689	electromechanical voting systems in use on or after July 1,
690	1993, must meet the minimum standards established under
691	subsection (1) or subsection $(7)$ $(5)$ .
692	(9)(7) The Division of Elections shall review the voting
693	systems certification standards and ensure that new technologies
694	are available for selection by boards of county commissioners

695 which meet the requirements for voting systems and meet user 696 standards. The Division of Elections shall continuously review

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697	the voting systems certification standards to ensure that new
698	technologies are appropriately certified for all elections in a
699	timely manner. The division shall also develop methods to
700	determine the will of the public with respect to voting systems.
701	Section 3. Section 101.017, Florida Statutes, is amended to
702	read:
703	101.017 Bureau of Voting Systems and Other Election Systems
704	Certification.—There is created a Bureau of Voting Systems <u>and</u>
705	Other Election Systems Certification within the Division of
706	Elections of the Department of State which shall provide
707	technical support to the supervisors of elections and which is
708	responsible for voting system and other election technology
709	standards and certification. The positions necessary for the
710	bureau to accomplish its duties <u>must</u> <del>shall</del> be established
711	through the budgetary process and include at least two
712	credentialed cybersecurity experts. All county security plans
713	and rules relating to election security must be reviewed by the
714	Florida Cybersecurity Advisory Council and a state security risk
715	assessment team at least every odd-numbered year.
716	Section 4. Section 101.018, Florida Statutes, is created to
717	read:
718	101.018 Election Technology Advisory Board
719	(1) There is created under the Executive Office of the
720	Governor, and with the guidance of the state chief information
721	officer, the Secretary of State, and the Florida Cybersecurity
722	Advisory Council, the Election Technology Advisory Board.
723	(2) The board shall be responsible for all of the
724	following:
725	(a) Making recommendations on election technology and

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726	security standards, certification, procurement, and management
727	policies. If multiple federal or commercial standard options
728	exist, the board must make a recommendation of the standard to
729	be followed based on efficacy, relevancy, cost, and election
730	timeline constraints.
731	(b) Assessing the adherence to and effectiveness of such
732	policies and providing reports on the board's findings and
733	recommendations annually to the Legislature and biannually to
734	the Secretary of State. The report must include a review and
735	assessment of the security plans implemented by the supervisors
736	and procedural and information technology audit reports.
737	(c) Directing and participating in election security risk
738	assessments annually with guidance and participation from the
739	state chief information officer, the Secretary of State, the
740	Florida Cybersecurity Advisory Council, and industry experts.
741	(3)(a) The Governor shall appoint at least five members to
742	the board.
743	(b) The board must be composed of the following members:
744	1. At least two members with cybersecurity credentials and
745	a minimum of 10 years of cybersecurity experience.
746	2. At least one member with proven leadership in relevant
747	emerging technologies, such as network communications or
748	artificial intelligence.
749	3. At least one member with a proven track record of
750	success in planning, implementing, and overseeing technology in
751	one of the following areas:
752	a. The military.
753	b. A commercial enterprise.
754	c. A government enterprise.

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755	4. At least one member with proven leadership as a former
756	supervisor of elections.
757	5. At least two members from each major political party.
758	(c) All members must be qualified electors in this state. A
759	member may not be a current employee, contractor, grantee,
760	beneficiary, shareholder, or immediate family member of a
761	supervisor of elections, the department, an election industry
762	vendor, the Federal Government, a foreign government, or a
763	foreign country of concern as defined in s. 287.138.
764	(d) Three members constitute a quorum.
765	(4) In accordance with s. 20.052(8), this section is
766	repealed October 2, 2028, unless reviewed and saved through
767	reenactment by the Legislature.
768	Section 5. Subsection (1) of section 101.293, Florida
769	Statutes, is amended to read:
770	101.293 Competitive sealed bids and proposals required
771	(1) Any purchase of voting equipment or other election
772	systems, the individual or combined retail value of which is in
773	excess of the threshold amount for CATEGORY TWO purchases
774	provided in s. 287.017, by a governing body <u>must</u> <del>shall</del> be by
775	means of competitive sealed bids or competitive sealed proposals
776	from at least two bidders, except under the following
777	conditions:
778	(a) If a majority of the governing body agrees by vote that
779	an emergency situation exists in regard to the purchase of such
780	equipment to the extent that the potential benefits derived from
781	competitive sealed bids or competitive sealed proposals are
782	outweighed by the detrimental effects of a delay in the
783	acquisition of such equipment; or

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784	
785	but a single source from which suitable equipment may be
786	obtained.
787	
788	If such conditions are found to exist, the chair of the
789	governing body <u>must</u> <del>shall</del> certify to the Division of Elections
790	the situation and conditions requiring an exception to the
791	competitive sealed bidding and competitive sealed proposal
792	requirements of this section. Such certification $\underline{must}$ $\underline{shall}$ be
793	maintained on file by the division.
794	Section 6. Section 101.294, Florida Statutes, is amended to
795	read:
796	101.294 Purchase and sale of voting equipment and other
797	election systems
798	(1) The Division of Elections of the Department of State
799	shall adopt uniform rules for the purchase, use, and sale of
800	voting equipment <u>and other election systems</u> in <u>this</u> <del>the</del> state.
801	Such rules must prohibit outsourcing operations or using the
802	same vendor for multiple functions that, when combined, would
803	enable a single vendor to compromise election security or block
804	transparency or auditing. A <del>No</del> governing body <u>may not</u> <del>shall</del>
805	purchase or cause to be purchased any voting equipment <u>or other</u>
806	election systems unless such equipment has been certified for
807	use in this state by the Department of State.
808	(2) Any governing body contemplating the purchase or sale
809	of voting equipment <u>or other election systems</u> shall notify the
810	Division of Elections of such considerations. The division shall
811	attempt to coordinate the sale of excess or outmoded equipment
812	by one county with purchases of necessary equipment by other

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813	counties.
814	(3) The division shall inform the governing bodies of the
815	various counties of the state of the availability of new or used
816	voting equipment or other election systems and of sources
817	available for obtaining such equipment.
818	(4) A vendor of voting equipment or other election systems
819	may not provide an uncertified voting or other election system,
820	voting <u>or other election</u> system component, or voting <u>or other</u>
821	<u>election</u> system upgrade to a local governing body or supervisor
822	of elections in this state.
823	(5) Before or in conjunction with providing a voting <u>or</u>
824	other election system, voting or other election system
825	component, or voting <u>or other election</u> system upgrade, the
826	vendor shall provide the local governing body or supervisor of
827	elections with a sworn certification that the voting <u>or other</u>
828	election system, voting or other election system component, or
829	voting <u>or other election</u> system upgrade being provided has been
830	certified by the Division of Elections.
831	Section 7. Section 101.295, Florida Statutes, is amended to
832	read:
833	101.295 Penalties for violation
834	(1) Any member of a governing body which purchases or sells
835	voting equipment or other election systems in violation of the
836	provisions of ss. 101.292-101.295, which member knowingly votes
837	to purchase or sell voting equipment <u>or other election systems</u>
838	in violation of the provisions of ss. 101.292-101.295, commits a
839	felony of the third is guilty of a misdemeanor of the first
840	degree, punishable as provided by s. 775.082 <u>,</u> <del>or</del> s. 775.083, <u>or</u>
841	<u>s. 775.084,</u> and <u>is</u> <del>shall be</del> subject to suspension from office on

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842	the grounds of malfeasance.
843	(2) Any vendor, chief executive officer, or vendor
844	representative of voting equipment who provides a voting system,
845	voting system component, or voting system upgrade in violation
846	of this chapter commits a felony of the third degree, punishable
847	as provided in s. 775.082, s. 775.083, or s. 775.084.
848	Section 8. Section 101.34, Florida Statutes, is amended to
849	read:
850	101.34 Custody of voting system and other election
851	systemsThe supervisor of elections shall be the custodian of
852	the voting system and other election systems in the county, and
853	he or she shall appoint deputies necessary to prepare and
854	supervise the voting system and other election systems before
855	<del>prior to</del> and during elections. The compensation for such
856	deputies shall be paid by the supervisor of elections.
857	Section 9. Subsection (1) of section 101.341, Florida
858	Statutes, is amended, and subsection (2) of that section is
859	reenacted, to read:
860	101.341 Prohibited activities by voting system, other
861	election system, and election material custodians and deputy
862	custodians
863	(1) <u>A</u> No voting system, other election system, or election
864	material custodian or deputy custodian or other employee of the
865	supervisor of elections, which employee's duties are primarily
866	involved with the preparation, maintenance, or repair of voting
867	equipment or other election systems, may not accept employment
868	or any form of consideration from any person or business entity
869	involved in the purchase, repair, or sale of voting equipment <u>,</u>
870	other election systems, or election materials unless such

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36-00338-25 2025394 871 employment has the prior written approval of the supervisor of 872 elections of the county by which such person is employed. The 873 supervisor of elections and his or her employees may not seek 874 employment, contracts, or other relationships with suppliers of 875 voting systems, other election systems, election material 876 vendors, or election-related service providers on behalf of 877 family members and must advise family members that such 878 employment, contract, or other relationship creates the 879 appearance of a conflict of interest. The supervisor of 880 elections shall notify the Secretary of State immediately upon 881 learning of such conflict. The Secretary of State may remove a 882 supervisor of elections after learning of a conflict, but not 883 after the conflict is resolved or may retain the supervisor with 884 mandatory satisfactory quarterly reviews of the conflict until it is resolved or until the supervisor has left office. The 885 886 Secretary of State shall promptly report to the public notice of 887 the conflict, disposition of the office, subsequent reviews, and 888 resolution of the conflict.

889 (2) Any person violating the provisions of this section is
890 guilty of a misdemeanor of the first degree, punishable as
891 provided by s. 775.082 or s. 775.083. Such person shall also be
892 subject to immediate discharge from his or her position.

893 Section 10. Section 101.5604, Florida Statutes, is amended 894 to read:

895 101.5604 Adoption of system; procurement of equipment; 896 commercial tabulations.—The board of county commissioners of any 897 county, at any regular meeting or a special meeting called for 898 the purpose, may, upon consultation with the supervisor of 899 elections, adopt, purchase or otherwise procure, and provide for

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36-00338-25 2025394 900 the use of any electronic or electromechanical voting or other 901 election system approved by the Department of State in all or a portion of the election precincts of that county. Thereafter the 902 903 electronic or electromechanical voting or other election system 904 may be used for voting at all elections for public and party 905 offices and on all measures and for receiving, registering, and 906 counting the votes thereof in such election precincts as the 907 governing body directs. A county may must use an electronic or 908 electromechanical precinct-count tabulation voting system or may 909 count ballots by hand at the precinct level. 910 Section 11. Section 101.5605, Florida Statutes, is amended 911 to read: 912 101.5605 Examination and approval of equipment.-913 The Department of State shall publicly examine all (1)914 makes of electronic or electromechanical voting systems and 915 other election systems submitted to it and determine whether the 916 systems comply with the requirements of s. 101.5606. 917 (2) (a) Any person owning or interested in an electronic or 918 electromechanical voting system or other election system may 919 submit it to the Department of State for examination. The vote 920 counting segment must shall be certified after a satisfactory 921 evaluation testing has been performed according to the standards 922 adopted under s. 101.015(1). This testing must shall include, 923 but is not limited to, testing of all software required for the 924 voting system's operation; the ballot reader; the rote 925 processor, especially in its logic and memory components; the 926 digital printer; the fail-safe operations; the counting center 927 environmental requirements; and the equipment reliability 928 estimate. For the purpose of assisting in examining the system,

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36-00338-25 2025394 929 the department shall employ or contract for the services of 930 multiple individuals at least one individual who collectively 931 have expertise in the is expert in one or more fields of 932 software design, cybersecurity, data security, data processing, 933 mechanical engineering, and public administration and shall 934 require from each the individual a written report of his or her 935 examination. 936 (b) The person submitting a system for approval or the 937 board of county commissioners of any county seeking approval of a given system shall reimburse the Department of State in an 938 939 amount equal to the actual costs incurred by the department in 940 examining the system. Such reimbursement must shall be made 941 regardless of whether or not the system is approved by the 942 department. 943 (c) Neither The Secretary of State or an nor any examiner 944 may not shall have any pecuniary interest in any voting 945 equipment, other election systems, election materials, or 946 election-related service providers. Upon learning of a potential 947 conflict, an examiner must disclose in writing to his or her 948 supervisor all potential conflicts regarding a family member's 949 relationships to the voting system, other election systems, 950 election materials, or election-related service providers. The 951 examiner must be excluded from all activities related to the 952 entity with which there is a conflict. 953 The Department of State shall approve or disapprove any (d) 954 voting system or other election system submitted to it within 955 120 days after the date of its initial submission.

956 (3) (a) Before the Department of State approves the
957 electronic or electromechanical voting system or other election

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36-00338-25 2025394 958 system, the person who submitted it for examination must shall 959 provide the department with the name, mailing address, and 960 telephone number of a registered agent, which agent must have 961 and continuously maintain an office in this state. Any change in 962 the name, address, or telephone number of the registered agent 963 must shall promptly be made known to the department. 964 (b) Before entering into a contract for the sale or lease 965 of a voting system or other election system, any of which is 966 approved under this section, to any county, the person entering 967 into such contract shall provide the department with the name, 968 mailing address, and telephone number of a registered agent, 969 which agent must have and continuously maintain an office in 970 this state. Any change in the name, address, or telephone number 971 of the registered agent must shall promptly be made known to the 972 department. 973 (c) The department's proof of delivery or attempted 974 delivery to the last mailing address of the registered agent on 975 file with the department at the time of delivery or attempted 976 delivery is valid for all notice purposes. 977 (d) Within 30 days after completing the examination and 978 upon approval of any electronic or electromechanical voting 979 system, the Department of State shall make and maintain a report 980 on the system, together with a written or printed description 981 and drawings and photographs clearly identifying the system and 982 the operation thereof. As soon as practicable after such filing, 983 the department shall send a notice of certification and, upon 984 request, a copy of the report to the governing bodies of the 985 respective counties of the state. Any voting system that does 986 not receive the approval of the department may not be adopted

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36-00338-25 2025394 987 for or used at any election. 988 (e) After a voting system has been approved by the 989 Department of State, any change or improvement in the system is 990 required to be approved by the department prior to the adoption 991 of such change or improvement by any county. If any such change 992 or improvement does not comply with the requirements of this 993 act, the department must shall suspend all sales of the 994 equipment or system in the state until the equipment or system 995 complies with the requirements of this act. 996 (4) The Department of State may at any time reexamine any 997 system, or any part thereof, which has previously been approved 998 for the purpose of updating the certification of the system. 999 Section 12. Section 101.5606, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 1000 1001 101.5606 Requirements for approval of systems.-1002 (1) An No electronic or electromechanical voting system may 1003 not shall be approved by the Department of State unless it is so constructed that it, at a minimum, does all of the following: 1004 1005 (a) (1) It Permits and requires voting in secrecy and 1006 protects confidential voter information, including voter driver 1007 license numbers, social security numbers, signatures, and voted 1008 status, during an election. 1009 (b) (2) Allows It permits each elector to vote at any 1010 election for all persons and offices for whom and for which the 1011 elector is lawfully entitled to vote, and no others; to vote for 1012 as many persons for an office as the elector is entitled to vote 1013 for; and to vote for or against any question upon which the

1014 1015 elector is entitled to vote.

(c) (3) It Immediately rejects a ballot where the number of

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I	36-00338-25 2025394
1016	votes for an office or measure exceeds the number which the
1017	voter is entitled to cast or where the tabulating equipment
1018	reads the ballot as a ballot with no votes cast.
1019	<u>(d)<del>(</del></u> 4) For <u>voting</u> systems using marksense ballots, <del>it</del>
1020	accepts a rejected ballot pursuant to <u>paragraph (c)</u> subsection
1021	$\overline{(3)}$ if a voter chooses to cast the ballot, but records no vote
1022	for any office that has been overvoted or undervoted.
1023	<u>(e)<del>(5)</del> It</u> Is capable of correctly counting votes.
1024	<u>(f)<del>(</del>6)</u> <u>Allows</u> <del>It permits</del> each voter at a primary election
1025	to vote only for the candidates seeking nomination by the
1026	political party in which such voter is registered, for any
1027	candidate for nonpartisan office, and for any question upon
1028	which the voter is entitled to vote.
1029	(g) <del>(7)</del> At presidential elections, allows <del>it permits</del> each
1030	elector, by one operation, to vote for all presidential electors
1031	of a party or for all presidential electors of candidates for
1032	President and Vice President with no party affiliation.
1033	(h) <del>(8)</del> It Provides a method for write-in voting.
1034	<u>(i)</u> <del>(9)</del> <del>It</del> Is capable of accumulating a count of the
1035	specific number of ballots tallied for a precinct, accumulating
1036	total votes by candidate for each office, and accumulating total
1037	votes for and against each question and issue of the ballots
1038	tallied for a precinct.
1039	<u>(j)<del>(10)</del> <del>It</del> Is capable of tallying votes from ballots of</u>
1040	different political parties from the same precinct, in the case
1041	of a primary election.
1042	<u>(k) (11)</u> It Is capable of automatically producing precinct

1043 totals in printed form.
1044 (1)(12) If it is of a type which registers votes

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1045	electronically, <u>allows</u> <del>it will permit</del> each voter to change his
1046	or her vote for any candidate or upon any question appearing on
1047	the official ballot up to the time that the voter takes the
1048	final step to register his or her vote and to have the vote
1049	computed.
1050	(m) <del>(13)</del>
1051	operation of the voting system may be audited. Audit reports
1052	must be published and made available for inspection during and
1053	after an election to the supervisor of elections, canvassing
1054	boards, and the public. Audits and reports must include the
1055	operating system and other third-party applications on the
1056	system.
1057	(n) (14) It Uses a precinct-count tabulation system.
1058	<u>(o)<del>(15)</del> <del>It</del> Does not use an apparatus or device for the</u>
1059	piercing of ballots by the voter.
1060	(2) Any other election system or election vendor may not be
1061	approved by the Department of State unless it is confirmed that
1062	it, at a minimum, does all of the following:
1063	(a) Protects confidential voter information, including
1064	driver license numbers, social security numbers, signatures, and
1065	voted status, before an election.
1066	(b) Protects all election information that is not made
1067	publicly available.
1068	(c) Adequately performs the functions for which it was
1069	advertised and marketed.
1070	(d) Is capable of providing records from which the
1071	operation of other election systems may be audited. Audit
1072	reports must be published and made available for inspection
1073	during and after an election to the supervisor of elections,

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1074	canvassing boards, and the public. Such reports must be suited
1075	for performing manual cross-checks during system operation in
1076	order to verify that unauthorized communications capability and
1077	use of unauthorized portable media access were not granted.
1078	Section 13. Section 101.56065, Florida Statutes, is amended
1079	to read:
1080	101.56065 Voting system and other election system defects;
1081	disclosure; investigations; penalties
1082	(1) For purposes of this section, the term:
1083	(a) "Defect" means:
1084	1. Any failure, fault, or flaw in an electronic or
1085	electromechanical voting <u>or other election</u> system approved
1086	pursuant to s. 101.5605 which results in nonconformance with the
1087	standards in a manner that affects the timeliness or accuracy of
1088	the casting or counting of ballots; enables theft of,
1089	modification of, or access to confidential voter or election
1090	data; enables the introduction of malware; or exposes the
1091	state's systems or data to bad actors outside the country or to
1092	individuals who are not United States citizens; or
1093	2. Any failure or inability of the voting or other election
1094	system manufacturer or vendor to make available or provide
1095	approved replacements of hardware or software to the counties
1096	that have purchased the approved voting <u>or other election</u>
1097	system, the unavailability of which results in the system's
1098	nonconformance with the standards in a manner that affects the
1099	timeliness or accuracy of the casting or counting of ballots <u>or</u>
1100	enables the insertion of illegal ballots, the change of or
1101	deletion of legal ballots, the fabrication of a false identity
1102	for voting purposes, or the impersonation of an eligible voter.

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36-00338-25 2025394 1103 (b) "Standards" refers to the requirements in ss. 101.5606 1104 and 101.56062 under which a voting or other election system was 1105 approved for use in the state. 1106 (c) "Vendor" means a person who submits or previously 1107 submitted a voting or other election system that was approved by 1108 the Department of State in accordance with s. 101.5605, or a 1109 person who enters into a contract for the sale or lease of a 1110 voting or other election system to any county, or that previously entered into such a contract that has not expired. 1111 1112 (2) (a) On January 1 of every odd-numbered year, each vendor 1113 shall file a written disclosure with the department identifying 1114 any known defect in the voting or other election system or the 1115 fact that there is no known defect, the effect of any defect on 1116 the operation and use of the approved voting system, and any 1117 known corrective measures to cure a defect, including, but not 1118 limited to, advisories and bulletins issued to system users. 1119 (b) Implementation of corrective measures approved by the 1120 department which enable a system to conform to the standards and 1121 ensure the timeliness and accuracy of the casting and counting 1122 of ballots constitutes a cure of a defect. 1123 (c) If a vendor becomes aware of the existence of a defect,

1123 (c) If a vendor becomes aware of the existence of a defect, 1124 he or she must file a new disclosure with the department as 1125 provided in paragraph (a) within 30 days after the date the 1126 vendor determined or reasonably should have determined that the 1127 defect existed.

(d) If a vendor discloses to the department that a defect exists, the department may suspend all sales or leases of the voting system in <u>this</u> the state and may suspend the use of the system in any election in <u>this</u> the state. If the department

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36-00338-25 2025394 1132 determines that the defect creates a security risk or impacts 1133 vote counting accuracy or the ballot acceptance error rate, the 1134 department must suspend the use of the system. The department 1135 shall provide written notice of any such suspension to each 1136 affected vendor and supervisor of elections. If the department 1137 determines that the defect no longer exists, the department must 1138 shall lift the suspension and provide written notice to each 1139 affected vendor and supervisor of elections. (e) If a vendor fails to file a required disclosure for a 1140 1141 voting or other election system previously approved by the 1142 department, that system may not be sold, leased, or used for 1143 elections in this the state until it has been submitted for 1144 examination and approval and adopted for use pursuant to s. 1145 101.5605. The department shall provide written notice to all 1146 supervisors of elections that the system is no longer approved. 1147 (3) (a) If the department has reasonable cause to believe a 1148 voting or other election system approved pursuant to s. 101.5605 1149 contains a defect either before, during, or after an election 1150 which has not been disclosed pursuant to subsection (2), the 1151 department must may investigate whether the voting or other 1152 election system has a defect. 1153 (b) If the department has reasonable cause pursuant to 1154 paragraph (a) or if the supervisor of elections of a county that 1155 purchased or leased a voting or other election system that 1156 contains the alleged defect requests, in writing, an 1157 investigation by the department, the department must may 1158 initiate an investigation pursuant to paragraph (a) on its 1159 initiative or upon the written request of the supervisor of elections of a county that purchased or leased a voting system 1160

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that contains the alleged defect.

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provide written notice to the vendor and all of the supervisors of elections. (4) (a) If the department determines by a preponderance of the evidence that a defect exists in the voting system, or that a vendor failed to timely disclose a defect pursuant to subsection (2), the department must shall provide written notice to the affected vendor and supervisors of elections. (b) A vendor entitled to receive notice pursuant to paragraph (a) shall, within 10 days, file a written response to the department which: 1. Denies that the alleged defect exists or existed as alleged by the department or that the vendor failed to timely disclose a defect, and sets forth the reasons for such denial; or 2. Admits that the defect exists or existed as alleged by the department or that the vendor failed to timely disclose a defect. (c) If the defect has been cured, the vendor must shall provide an explanation of how the defect was cured. (d) If the defect has not been cured, the vendor must shall inform the department whether the defect can be cured and must shall provide the department with a plan for curing the defect. If the defect can be cured, the department must shall establish a timeframe within which to cure the defect.

(c) Upon initiating an investigation, the department shall

(5) If after receiving a response from the vendor, the department determines that a defect does not exist or has been cured within the timeframe established by the department, the

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2025394 department may not shall take no further action.

(6) If the department determines that + a vendor failed to timely disclose a defect, $\div$  or that a defect exists and a vendor has not filed a written response or has failed to cure within the timeframe established by the department, or if the defect cannot be cured, the department must shall impose a civil penalty of \$25,000 for the defect plus an amount equal to the actual costs incurred by the department in conducting the investigation and the actual costs incurred by the supervisor of elections for any hand counts or recounts or for conducting a new election because of the defect. If the defect cannot be cured, the vendor must refund a prorated share of the purchase price based upon the remaining useful life of the system.

(7) (a) If the department finds that a defect existed,  $\div$ 1204 (a) the department may suspend all sales and leases of the 1205 voting or other election system and may suspend its use in any county in this the state. The department shall provide written 1206 1207 notice of the suspension to each affected vendor and supervisor 1208 of elections.

(b) If the department determines that a defect no longer 1210 exists in a voting or other election system that has been suspended from use pursuant to paragraph (a), the department 1211 1212 must shall lift the suspension and authorize the sale, lease, 1213 and use of the voting or other election system in any election 1214 in this the state. The department shall provide written notice 1215 that the suspension has been lifted to each affected vendor and 1216 supervisor of elections.

1217 (c) If the defect cannot be cured, the department may disapprove the voting or other election system for use in 1218

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1219	elections in the state. The department shall provide written
1220	notice to all supervisors of elections that the system is no
1221	longer approved. After approval of a system has been withdrawn
1222	pursuant to this paragraph, the system may not be sold, leased,
1223	or used in elections in the state until it has been submitted
1224	for examination and approval and adopted for use pursuant to s.
1225	101.5605.
1226	(d) Any vendor against whom a civil penalty was imposed
1227	under this section may not submit a voting system for approval
1228	by the Department of State in accordance with s. 101.5605 or
1229	enter into a contract for sale or lease of a voting <u>or other</u>
1230	<u>election</u> system in <u>this</u> <del>the</del> state until the civil penalties have
1231	been paid and the department provides written confirmation to
1232	the supervisors of elections of the payment.
1233	(8) The department shall prepare a written report of any
1234	investigation conducted pursuant to this section.
1235	(9) The authority of the department under this section is
1236	in addition to, and not exclusive of, any other authority
1237	provided by law.
1238	(10) All proceedings under this section are exempt from
1239	chapter 120.
1240	Section 14. Section 101.5612, Florida Statutes, is amended
1241	to read:
1242	101.5612 Testing of voting and other election systems
1243	tabulating equipment
1244	(1) Before installation, a certification team must inspect
1245	and approve all source code for tabulating and other election
1246	equipment. The Secretary of State and the department's vendors
1247	shall maintain valid media-based extended validation

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1248	certificates issued and recognized by certificate authorities to
1249	each entity in its own legal name. Each vendor shall prepare its
1250	source code package, prepare a digital signature using such
1251	certificate, and submit both to the secretary. The secretary
1252	shall publish, promptly and permanently, the submitted materials
1253	on his or her publicly available website for public access. The
1254	secretary shall perform his or her verification process. Upon
1255	successful verification, the secretary shall produce a digitally
1256	signed build of the software using the aforementioned
1257	certificate and permanently publish it on his or her publicly
1258	available website adjacent to the vendor's source materials.
1259	This process must be followed for all subsequent change events,
1260	including modifications, enhancements, deletions, or
1261	replacements. Software may not be installed on any equipment
1262	that is not received from and signed by the secretary. A list of
1263	all systems, including the software version installed by the
1264	supervisors of elections, must be posted on the website and must
1265	be updated whenever the software versions are updated.
1266	(2) All electronic or electromechanical voting systems <u>must</u>
1267	shall be thoroughly tested at the conclusion of maintenance and
1268	programming. Tests <u>must</u> <del>shall</del> be sufficient to determine <u>all of</u>
1269	the following: that
1270	(a) Whether the voting system is properly programmed
1271	(b) Whether the election is correctly defined on the voting
1272	system <u>., and</u>
1273	(c) Whether all of the voting system input, output, and
1274	communication devices are working properly.
1275	(d) Whether all settings are per department and security
1276	plan guidelines.

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1277	(e) Whether all security and system software is up to date.
1278	(f) Whether any unauthorized software has been installed.
1279	(g) Whether the system is free from malware.
1280	(h) Whether all removable storage is secure.
1281	(i) That unauthorized communications capability has not
1282	been installed.
1283	(j) Whether all of the input, output, and communication
1284	devices are working properly.
1285	
1286	The same testing standards, including verification that the
1287	specified functions are working properly, must be implemented on
1288	other election systems.
1289	(3)(2) On any day not more than 25 days before the
1290	commencement of early voting as provided in s. 101.657, the
1291	supervisor of elections shall have the automatic tabulating
1292	equipment and other election equipment publicly tested. The
1293	equipment testing must <del>to</del> ascertain that the equipment will
1294	correctly count the votes cast for all offices and on all
1295	measures. If the ballots to be used at the polling place on
1296	election day are not available at the time of the testing, the
1297	supervisor <u>must</u> may conduct an additional test not more than 10
1298	days before election day. Other election system testing must
1299	ascertain that the system will correctly perform its designated
1300	functions during the election, such as having the automated
1301	signature verification systems tested to determine whether they
1302	properly perform signature verification and are properly
1303	calibrated. Public notice of the time and place of the testing
1304	of voting and other election equipment must test shall be given
1305	at least 48 hours prior thereto by publication on the county

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36-00338-25 2025394 1306 website as provided in s. 50.0311, on the supervisor of elections' website, or once in one or more newspapers of general 1307 1308 circulation in the county. If the applicable website becomes 1309 unavailable or if there is no newspaper of general circulation 1310 in the county, the notice must be posted in at least four 1311 conspicuous places in the county. The supervisor or the 1312 municipal elections official shall may, at the time of qualifying, give written notice of the time and location of the 1313 1314 public preelection test to each candidate qualifying with that 1315 office and obtain a signed receipt that the notice has been 1316 given. The Department of State shall give written notice to each 1317 statewide candidate at the time of qualifying, or immediately at 1318 the end of qualifying, that the voting equipment will be tested 1319 and advise each candidate to contact the county supervisor of 1320 elections as to the time and location of the public preelection 1321 test. The supervisor or the municipal elections official shall, 1322 at least 30 days before the commencement of early voting as 1323 provided in s. 101.657, send written notice by certified mail to 1324 the county party chair of each political party and to all 1325 candidates for other than statewide office whose names appear on 1326 the ballot in the county and who did not receive written 1327 notification from the supervisor or municipal elections official 1328 at the time of qualifying, stating the time and location of the 1329 public preelection test of the automatic tabulating equipment 1330 and other election systems. The canvassing board shall convene, 1331 and each member of the canvassing board shall certify to the 1332 accuracy of the test. For the test, the canvassing board may 1333 designate one member to represent it. The test must shall be 1334 open to representatives of the political parties, the press, and

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1335	the public. Each political party may designate one person with
1336	expertise in the computer field who shall be allowed in the
1337	central counting room <u>or work area</u> when all tests are being
1338	conducted and when the official votes are being counted. The
1339	party designee may observe the other election systems during
1340	election operations, may request inspection of and photograph
1341	the system settings, may receive and retain these settings in
1342	print form, and may have access to a hotline to report
1343	technology issues. The public must be allowed to observe all
1344	tabulating equipment and election equipment while in use, either
1345	through direct observation or a video stream, and to request
1346	inspection of system settings provided that voter privacy is
1347	maintained. The designee or the public may not interfere with
1348	the normal operation of the canvassing board <u>or election</u>
1349	operations. However, the designee and the public must be able to
1350	call a hotline when an issue is identified and submit a work
1351	ticket. The calls to the hotline must be monitored by the state
1352	and the canvassing board. A political party may select to have
1353	the designees of the party monitor the hotline.
1354	(4) (3) For electronic or electromechanical voting systems

1355 configured to tabulate vote-by-mail ballots at a central or 1356 regional site, the public testing must shall be conducted by 1357 processing a preaudited group of ballots so produced as to 1358 record a predetermined number of valid votes for each candidate 1359 and on each measure and to include one or more ballots for each 1360 office which have activated voting positions in excess of the 1361 number allowed by law in order to test the ability of the automatic tabulating equipment to reject such votes. If any 1362 error is detected, the cause therefor must shall be corrected 1363

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1364	and an errorless count must shall be made before the automatic
1365	tabulating equipment is approved. The test <u>must</u> shall be
1366	repeated and errorless results achieved immediately before the
1367	start of the official count of the ballots and again after the
1368	completion of the official count. The programs and ballots used
1369	for testing must shall be sealed and retained under the custody
1370	of the county canvassing board. Immediately after the preaudited
1371	group of ballots is run and results reconciled, a randomly
1372	selected number of test ballots from one or more public
1373	participants must be chosen. After the batch of ballots provided
1374	by the public is reconciled, the two batches must be comingled
1375	and reconciled again. The test of combined public and preaudited
1376	ballots must also be repeated and errorless results achieved
1377	immediately before the start of the official count of the
1378	ballots and again after the completion of the official count.
1379	<u>(5)(a)1.(4)(a)1.</u> For electronic or electromechanical voting
1380	systems configured to include electronic or electromechanical
1381	tabulation devices which are distributed to the precincts <u>or</u>
1382	used in an absentee vote counting center, all <del>or a sample</del> of the
1383	devices to be used in the election <u>must</u> shall be publicly
1384	tested. <del>If a sample is to be tested, the sample shall consist of</del>
1385	a random selection of at least 5 percent or 10 of the devices
1386	for an optical scan system, whichever is greater. For
1387	touchscreen systems used for voters having a disability, <u>all</u> <del>a</del>
1388	sample of at least 2 percent of the devices must be tested. The
1389	test <u>must</u> <del>shall</del> be conducted by processing a group of <u>no fewer</u>
1390	<u>than 20</u> ballots, causing the device to output results for the
1391	ballots processed, and comparing the output of results to the
1392	results expected for the ballots processed. The group of ballots

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1393	must shall be produced so as to record a predetermined number of
1394	valid votes for each candidate and on each measure and to
1395	include for each office one or more ballots which have activated
1396	voting positions in excess of the number allowed by law in order
1397	to test the ability of the tabulating device to reject such
1398	votes. Immediately after the official group of test ballots is
1399	run and results reconciled, a batch of up to 20 random test
1400	ballots from one or more public participants must be chosen if
1401	there are more than 20 ballot submissions proposed. After the
1402	batch of ballots provided by the public is reconciled, the two
1403	batches must be comingled and reconciled again. The test of
1404	combined public and official test ballots must be repeated and
1405	errorless results achieved immediately before the start of the
1406	official count of the ballots and again after the completion of
1407	the official count.
1408	2. If any tested tabulating device is found to have an
1409	error in tabulation or other election system is determined to
1410	have an error in its function or security measures, it must
1411	shall be deemed unsatisfactory. For each device deemed
1412	unsatisfactory, a report on the finding must be written and be
1413	publicly available for review. For each device or system deemed
1414	unsatisfactory, the canvassing board shall, with assistance from
1415	a county or state information technology expert, shall take
1416	steps to determine the cause of the error, <del>shall attempt to</del>
1417	identify and test other devices that could reasonably be
1418	expected to have the same error, and shall test a number of
1419	additional devices sufficient to determine that all devices are
1420	satisfactory. Upon deeming any device unsatisfactory, the
1421	canvassing board may require all devices to be tested or may
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36-00338-25 2025394 1422 declare that all devices are unsatisfactory. The system may not 1423 allow remote logins. 1424 If the operation or output of any tested tabulation 3. 1425 device, such as spelling or the order of candidates on a report, 1426 is in error, such problem must shall be reported to the 1427 canvassing board. The canvassing board shall then determine 1428 whether if the reported problem warrants its deeming the device 1429 unsatisfactory. 1430 (b) At the completion of testing under this subsection, the 1431 canvassing board or its representative, the representatives of 1432 the political parties, and the candidates or their 1433 representatives who attended the test shall witness the 1434 resetting of each device that passed to a preelection state of 1435 readiness, and the sealing of its USB ports and other physical 1436 ports through which malware may be inserted, and the 1437 verification of its power receptacle using tamper evident 1438 uniquely serialized official security seals. Once sealed, the 1439 device or system must have a removable sticker placed on it 1440 which can be seen by public observers and employees. Such 1441 sticker must have a device or system identifier and checkboxes 1442 for each test performed and passed, including settings. The list 1443 of validated settings must be posted next to the test sticker 1444 each device that passed in such a manner as to secure its state 1445 of readiness until the opening of the polls. 1446 (c) The canvassing board or its representative shall

(c) The canvassing board or its representative shall execute a written statement setting forth the tabulation devices and other election systems tested, the results of the testing, the protective counter numbers, if applicable, of each tabulation device, the number of the <u>seals</u> securing each

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36-00338-25 2025394 1451 tabulation device or other election system at the conclusion of 1452 testing, any problems reported to the board as a result of the 1453 testing, and whether each device tested is satisfactory or 1454 unsatisfactory. 1455 (d) Any tabulating device or other election system deemed 1456 unsatisfactory must shall be recoded, repaired, or replaced and 1457 must shall be made available for retesting. Such device must be 1458 determined by the canvassing board or its representative to be 1459 satisfactory before it may be used in any election. The 1460 canvassing board or its representative shall announce at the 1461 close of the first testing the date, place, and time that any 1462 unsatisfactory device will be retested or may, at the option of 1463 the board, notify by telephone each person who was present at 1464 the first testing as to the date, place, and time that the 1465 retesting will occur. 1466 (e) Records must be kept of all preelection testing of 1467 electronic or electromechanical tabulation devices and other 1468 election systems used in any election. Such records are to be 1469 present and available for inspection and reference during public 1470 preelection testing by any person in attendance during such 1471 testing and through a public records request at no charge. The 1472 test records may also be posted on the election office website.

1473 The need of the canvassing board for access to such records 1474 during the testing <u>takes shall take</u> precedence over the need of 1475 other attendees <u>or the public</u> to access such records so that the 1476 work of the canvassing board will not be delayed or hindered. 1477 Records of testing must include, for each device, the name of 1478 each person who tested the device and the date, place, time, and 1479 results of each test. Records of testing must <del>shall</del> be retained

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36-00338-25 2025394 1480 as part of the official records of the election in which any device was used for a period of 22 months after election 1481 1482 certification. 1483 (6) (5) Any tests involving marksense ballots pursuant to 1484 this section must shall employ test ballots created by the 1485 supervisor of elections using actual ballots that have been 1486 printed for the election. If ballot-on-demand ballots will be 1487 used in the election, the supervisor must shall also create test ballots using the ballot-on-demand technology that will be used 1488 1489 to produce ballots in the election, using the same paper stock 1490 as will be used for ballots in the election. 1491 Section 15. Section 101.591, Florida Statutes, is amended 1492 to read: 1493 101.591 Voting and other election system audit.-1494 (1)On the second day after the closing of the polls Immediately following the certification of each election, the 1495 1496 county canvassing board or the local board responsible for 1497 certifying the election shall conduct a manual audit and may 1498 also conduct or an automated, independent audit of the voting 1499 systems used in randomly selected precincts. The manual audit 1500 must be conducted in at least one precinct for each race on the 1501 ballot, and the precinct in which the race is audited must be 1502 randomly selected. The number of precincts where a manual audit 1503 is conducted must be no less than 5 percent but no more than 10 1504 percent of the precincts. If this results in more precincts than 1505 races, the additional precincts must have a randomly selected 1506 race audited. If 5 percent of the precincts yields fewer than 5 1507 precincts, the county canvassing board or the local board 1508 responsible for certifying the election must randomly chose at

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1509	least 5 precincts. Random precincts must be selected using a
1510	lottery at a publicly noticed canvassing board meeting. If the
1511	results of the manual audit show a discrepancy of more than the
1512	margin of victory in any race, that race may not be certified
1513	until the discrepancy is resolved. If such discrepancy cannot be
1514	resolved, there must be a manual recount of the race in all
1515	precincts.
1516	(2)(a) For each precinct and race selected, a manual audit
1517	must shall consist of a public manual tally of the votes cast
1518	using original paper ballots in one randomly selected race that
1519	appears on the ballot. The tally sheet for the precinct must
1520	shall include election-day, vote-by-mail, early voting,
1521	provisional, and overseas ballots collected and counted through
1522	election day. The canvassing board and public observers must be
1523	present for the retrieval of sealed ballots, the opening of
1524	seals, and the manual recount. The manual recount procedure must
1525	be videotaped and livestreamed, in at least 1 percent but no
1526	more than 2 percent of the precincts chosen at random by the
1527	county canvassing board or the local board responsible for
1528	certifying the election. If 1 percent of the precincts is less
1529	than one entire precinct, the audit shall be conducted using at
1530	least one precinct chosen at random by the county canvassing
1531	board or the local board responsible for certifying the
1532	election. Such precincts shall be selected at a publicly noticed
1533	canvassing board meeting.
1534	(b) An automated audit <u>must</u> shall consist of a public
1535	automated tally of the votes cast across every race that appears
1 5 2 6	an the bellet and much use the substant series bellets. The tells

1535 automated taily of the votes cast across every race that appears 1536 on the ballot <u>and must use the original paper ballots</u>. The tally 1537 sheet <u>must shall</u> include election day, vote-by-mail, early

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1538
      voting, provisional, and overseas ballots in at least 20 percent
1539
      of the precincts chosen at random by the county canvassing board
1540
      or the local board responsible for certifying the election. Such
1541
      precincts must shall be randomly selected at a publicly noticed
1542
      canvassing board meeting.
1543
            (c) The division shall adopt rules for approval of an
1544
      independent audit system which provide that the system, at a
1545
      minimum, must be:
1546
           1. Completely independent of the primary voting system.
1547
           2. Fast enough to produce final audit results within the
1548
      timeframe prescribed in subsection (4).
1549
           3. Capable of demonstrating that the ballots of record have
1550
      been accurately adjudicated by the audit system.
1551
            (3) The canvassing board shall post a notice of the audit,
1552
      including the date, time, and place, in four conspicuous places
1553
      in the county and on the home page of the county supervisor of
1554
      elections website.
1555
            (4) The audit must be completed and the results made public
1556
      before no later than 11:59 p.m. on the 7th day following
1557
      certification of the election by the county canvassing board or
1558
      the local board responsible for certifying the election.
1559
            (5) By December 15 of each general election year, the
1560
      county canvassing board or the board responsible for certifying
1561
      the election shall provide a report with the results of the
1562
      audit to the Department of State in a standard format as
1563
      prescribed by the department. The report must be consolidated
1564
      into one report with the overvote and undervote report required
1565
      under s. 101.595(1). The report must shall contain, but is not
1566
      limited to, the following items:
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36-00338-25 2025394 1567 (a) The overall accuracy of audit. 1568 (b) A description of any problems or discrepancies 1569 encountered. 1570 (c) The likely cause of such problems or discrepancies. 1571 (d) Recommended corrective action with respect to avoiding 1572 or mitigating such circumstances in future elections. 1573 (6) If a manual recount is undertaken pursuant to s. 1574 102.166, the canvassing board is not required to perform the 1575 audit provided for in this section. 1576 Section 16. Paragraph (a) of subsection (2) of section 1577 101.68, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 1578 101.68 Canvassing of vote-by-mail ballot.-1579 (2) (a) The county canvassing board may begin the canvassing 1580 of vote-by-mail ballots upon the completion of the public 1581 testing of automatic tabulating equipment pursuant to s. 1582 101.5612(3) s. 101.5612(2), but must begin such canvassing by no 1583 later than noon on the day following the election. However, 1584 notwithstanding any such authorization to begin canvassing or 1585 otherwise processing vote-by-mail ballots early, no result shall 1586 be released until after the closing of the polls in that county 1587 on election day. Any supervisor, deputy supervisor, canvassing 1588 board member, election board member, or election employee who 1589 releases the results of a canvassing or processing of vote-by-1590 mail ballots prior to the closing of the polls in that county on 1591 election day commits a felony of the third degree, punishable as 1592 provided in s. 775.082, s. 775.083, or s. 775.084. 1593 Section 17. Paragraph (c) of subsection (2) of section 101.69, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 1594 1595 101.69 Voting in person; return of vote-by-mail ballot.-

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CODING: Words stricken are deletions; words underlined are additions.

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1596	(2)
1597	(c)1. On each day of early voting, all secure ballot intake
1598	stations must be emptied at the end of early voting hours and
1599	all ballots retrieved from the secure ballot intake stations
1600	must be returned to the supervisor's office.
1601	2. For secure ballot intake stations located at an office
1602	of the supervisor, all ballots must be retrieved before the
1603	secure ballot intake station is no longer monitored by an
1604	employee of the supervisor.
1605	3. Employees of the supervisor must comply with procedures
1606	for the chain of custody of ballots as required by <u>s. 101.015(6)</u>
1607	<del>s. 101.015(4)</del> .
1608	Section 18. This act shall take effect July 1, 2025.

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CODING: Words stricken are deletions; words underlined are additions.