By Senator Garcia

1

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

1415

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

2627

28

29

36-00213-25 202548

A bill to be entitled

An act relating to judicial sales procedures; amending s. 45.031, F.S.; specifying that courts must follow certain provisions when ordering the sale of real or personal property unless the use of other specified procedures is ordered; creating s. 45.0311, F.S.; providing a short title; prohibiting a court from allowing the use of bidding credits or certain other offsets in specified judicial sales or foreclosure sales; requiring the winning bidder to remit the full purchase price within a specified timeframe; requiring that the sale be voided and the property reauctioned under certain circumstances; prohibiting specified persons and entities from bidding on properties in certain sales; requiring that a property be reauctioned if the property does not sell for a specified percentage of the recent assessed property value; requiring that specified sales be held at locations that are open and available to the public; providing construction; prohibiting the courts from allowing certain sales of property unless specified rules and provisions are followed; prohibiting the courts from issuing certain orders for the judicial sale or foreclosure sale of property; providing that specified sales of property are void and the property must be reauctioned if certain conditions are met; creating s. 45.036, F.S.; authorizing courts to order an alternate judicial sales procedure under specified conditions; requiring that such procedure follow

specified notice provisions; requiring that the person conducting a sale hold a specified license unless he or she is a clerk of the court; prohibiting parties to the sale action and their attorneys from conducting such sale; prohibiting the person conducting the sale from directly or indirectly bidding on the property or profiting from the sale, except for receiving a certain fee; prohibiting an alternate judicial sales procedure from authorizing specified preferences or advantages; requiring that funds be held in an escrow or trust account unless the clerk of the court holds those funds; authorizing the court to audit such accounts and issue certain orders; providing that the clerk of the court is entitled to a specified service charge; prohibiting the court from waiving such charge; requiring the person who conducted the sale to file a specified certificate of sale and provide service of such certificate to specified parties; requiring the clerk of the court to file a specified certificate of title and provide service of such certificate to specified parties; prohibiting courts from waiving requirements related to a foreclosure surplus; requiring certain persons to file a specified certificate of disbursement; providing an effective date.

5455

30

31

32

33 34

35

36

37

38

39

40

41

42

43 44

45

46

47

48 49

50

51

52

53

Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:

565758

Section 1. Section 45.031, Florida Statutes, is amended to

read:

45.031 Judicial sales procedure.—In any sale of real or personal property under an order or judgment, the procedures provided in this section and ss. 45.0315-45.035 must may be followed unless the court orders use of the alternate judicial sales procedure in s. 45.036 or other procedures expressly provided by law as an alternative to any other sale procedure if so ordered by the court.

- (1) FINAL JUDGMENT.-
- (a) In the order or final judgment, the court shall direct the clerk to sell the property at public sale on a specified day that shall be not less than 20 days or more than 35 days after the date thereof, on terms and conditions specified in the order or judgment. A sale may be held more than 35 days after the date of final judgment or order if the plaintiff or plaintiff's attorney consents to such time. The final judgment shall contain the following statement in conspicuous type:

IF THIS PROPERTY IS SOLD AT PUBLIC AUCTION, THERE MAY BE ADDITIONAL MONEY FROM THE SALE AFTER PAYMENT OF PERSONS WHO ARE ENTITLED TO BE PAID FROM THE SALE PROCEEDS PURSUANT TO THIS FINAL JUDGMENT.

IF YOU ARE A SUBORDINATE LIENHOLDER CLAIMING A RIGHT TO FUNDS REMAINING AFTER THE SALE, IF ANY, YOU MUST FILE A CLAIM WITH THE CLERK NO LATER THAN THE DATE THAT THE CLERK REPORTS THE FUNDS AS UNCLAIMED. IF YOU FAIL TO FILE A TIMELY CLAIM, YOU WILL NOT BE ENTITLED TO ANY REMAINING FUNDS.

(b) If the property being foreclosed on has qualified for

36-00213-25 202548__

the homestead tax exemption in the most recent approved tax roll, the final judgment shall additionally contain the following statement in conspicuous type:

IF YOU ARE THE PROPERTY OWNER, YOU MAY CLAIM THESE FUNDS YOURSELF. YOU ARE NOT REQUIRED TO HAVE A LAWYER OR ANY OTHER REPRESENTATION AND YOU DO NOT HAVE TO ASSIGN YOUR RIGHTS TO ANYONE ELSE IN ORDER FOR YOU TO CLAIM ANY MONEY TO WHICH YOU ARE ENTITLED. PLEASE CHECK WITH THE CLERK OF THE COURT, ... (INSERT INFORMATION FOR APPLICABLE COURT)... WITHIN TEN (10) DAYS AFTER THE SALE TO SEE IF THERE IS ADDITIONAL MONEY FROM THE FORECLOSURE SALE THAT THE CLERK HAS IN THE REGISTRY OF THE COURT.

IF YOU DECIDE TO SELL YOUR HOME OR HIRE SOMEONE TO HELP YOU CLAIM THE ADDITIONAL MONEY, YOU SHOULD READ VERY CAREFULLY ALL PAPERS YOU ARE REQUIRED TO SIGN, ASK SOMEONE ELSE, PREFERABLY AN ATTORNEY WHO IS NOT RELATED TO THE PERSON OFFERING TO HELP YOU, TO MAKE SURE THAT YOU UNDERSTAND WHAT YOU ARE SIGNING AND THAT YOU ARE NOT TRANSFERRING YOUR PROPERTY OR THE EQUITY IN YOUR PROPERTY WITHOUT THE PROPER INFORMATION. IF YOU CANNOT AFFORD TO PAY AN ATTORNEY, YOU MAY CONTACT ... (INSERT LOCAL OR NEAREST LEGAL AID OFFICE AND TELEPHONE NUMBER)... TO SEE IF YOU QUALIFY FINANCIALLY FOR THEIR SERVICES. IF THEY CANNOT ASSIST YOU, THEY MAY BE ABLE TO REFER YOU TO A LOCAL BAR REFERRAL AGENCY OR SUGGEST OTHER OPTIONS. IF YOU CHOOSE TO CONTACT ... (NAME OF LOCAL OR NEAREST LEGAL AID OFFICE)... FOR ASSISTANCE, YOU SHOULD DO SO AS SOON AS POSSIBLE AFTER RECEIPT OF THIS NOTICE.

(c) A copy of the final judgment shall be furnished by the

clerk by first-class mail to the last known address of every party to the action or to the attorney of record for such party. Any irregularity in such mailing, including the failure to include this statement in any final judgment or order, shall not affect the validity or finality of the final judgment or order or any sale held pursuant to the final judgment or order. Any sale held more than 35 days after the final judgment or order shall not affect the validity or finality of the final judgment or order or order or any sale held pursuant to such judgment or order.

- (2) PUBLICATION OF SALE.—Notice of sale shall be published on a publicly accessible website as provided in s. 50.0311 for at least 2 consecutive weeks before the sale or once a week for 2 consecutive weeks in a newspaper of general circulation, as provided in chapter 50, published in the county where the sale is to be held. The second publication by newspaper shall be at least 5 days before the sale. The notice shall contain:
 - (a) A description of the property to be sold.
 - (b) The time and place of sale.
- (c) A statement that the sale will be made pursuant to the order or final judgment.
 - (d) The caption of the action.
 - (e) The name of the clerk making the sale.
- (f) A statement that any person claiming an interest in the surplus from the sale, if any, other than the property owner as of the date of the lis pendens must file a claim before the clerk reports the surplus as unclaimed.

The court, in its discretion, may enlarge the time of the sale. Notice of the changed time of sale shall be published as 36-00213-25 202548

provided herein.

(3) CONDUCT OF SALE; DEPOSIT REQUIRED.—The sale shall be conducted at public auction at the time and place set forth in the final judgment. The clerk shall receive the service charge imposed in s. 45.035 for services in making, recording, and certifying the sale and title that shall be assessed as costs. At the time of the sale, the successful high bidder shall post with the clerk a deposit equal to 5 percent of the final bid. The deposit shall be applied to the sale price at the time of payment. If final payment is not made within the prescribed period, the clerk shall readvertise the sale as provided in this section and pay all costs of the sale from the deposit. Any remaining funds shall be applied toward the judgment.

(4) CERTIFICATION OF SALE. - After a sale of the property the clerk shall promptly file a certificate of sale and serve a copy of it on each party in substantially the following form:

CERTIFICATE OF SALE

(Caption of Action)

165 166

167

168

169 170

173

164

146

147

148

149

150

151

152

153

154

155

156

157

158

159

160

161

162 163

> The undersigned clerk of the court certifies that notice of public sale of the property described in the order or final judgment was published in, a newspaper circulated in County, Florida, in the manner shown by the proof of publication

171 attached, and on, ... (year)..., the property was offered 172 for public sale to the highest and best bidder for cash. The

highest and best bid received for the property in the amount of

174 \$.... was submitted by, to whom the property was sold. The

Page 6 of 15

| | 36-00213-25 202548 |
|-----|--|
| 175 | proceeds of the sale are retained for distribution in accordance |
| 176 | with the order or final judgment or law. WITNESS my hand and the |
| 177 | seal of this court on,(year) |
| 178 | (Clerk) |
| 179 | By(Deputy Clerk) |
| 180 | |
| 181 | (5) CERTIFICATE OF TITLE.—If no objections to the sale are |
| 182 | filed within 10 days after filing the certificate of sale, the |
| 183 | clerk shall file a certificate of title and serve a copy of it |
| 184 | on each party in substantially the following form: |
| 185 | |
| 186 | (Caption of Action) |
| 187 | |
| 188 | CERTIFICATE OF TITLE |
| 189 | |
| 190 | The undersigned clerk of the court certifies that he or she |
| 191 | executed and filed a certificate of sale in this action on, |
| 192 | (year), for the property described herein and that no |
| 193 | objections to the sale have been filed within the time allowed |
| 194 | for filing objections. |
| 195 | The following property in County, Florida: |
| 196 | (description) |
| 197 | was sold to |
| 198 | |
| 199 | WITNESS my hand and the seal of the court on, (year) |
| 200 | (Clerk) |
| 201 | By(Deputy Clerk) |
| 202 | |
| 203 | (6) CONFIRMATION; RECORDING.—When the certificate of title |

Page 7 of 15

Amount

36-00213-25 202548

is filed the sale shall stand confirmed, and title to the property shall pass to the purchaser named in the certificate without the necessity of any further proceedings or instruments. The certificate of title shall be recorded by the clerk.

- (7) DISBURSEMENTS OF PROCEEDS.-
- (a) On filing a certificate of title, the clerk shall disburse the proceeds of the sale in accordance with the order or final judgment and shall file a report of such disbursements and serve a copy of it on each party, and on the Department of Revenue if the department was named as a defendant in the action or if the Department of Commerce or the former Agency for Workforce Innovation was named as a defendant while the Department of Revenue was providing reemployment assistance tax collection services under contract with the Department of Commerce or the former Agency for Workforce Innovation through an interagency agreement pursuant to s. 443.1316.
- (b) The certificate of disbursements shall be in substantially the following form:

(Caption of Action)

CERTIFICATE OF DISBURSEMENTS

The undersigned clerk of the court certifies that he or she disbursed the proceeds received from the sale of the property as provided in the order or final judgment to the persons and in the amounts as follows:

231 Name

Total disbursements: \$....

Surplus retained by clerk, if any: \$....

IF YOU ARE A PERSON CLAIMING A RIGHT TO FUNDS REMAINING AFTER THE SALE, YOU MUST FILE A CLAIM WITH THE CLERK NO LATER THAN THE DATE THAT THE CLERK REPORTS THE FUNDS AS UNCLAIMED. IF YOU FAIL TO FILE A CLAIM, YOU WILL NOT BE ENTITLED TO ANY REMAINING FUNDS. AFTER THE FUNDS ARE REPORTED AS UNCLAIMED, ONLY THE OWNER OF RECORD AS OF THE DATE OF THE LIS PENDENS MAY CLAIM THE SURPLUS.

WITNESS my hand and the seal of the court on ..., ...(year)...
...(Clerk)...

By ... (Deputy Clerk)...

- (c) If no objections to the report are served within 10 days after it is filed, the disbursements by the clerk shall stand approved as reported. If timely objections to the report are served, they shall be heard by the court. Service of objections to the report does not affect or cloud the title of the purchaser of the property in any manner.
- (d) If there are funds remaining after payment of all disbursements required by the final judgment of foreclosure and shown on the certificate of disbursements, the surplus shall be distributed as provided in this section and ss. 45.0315-45.035.
- (8) VALUE OF PROPERTY.—The amount of the bid for the property at the sale shall be conclusively presumed to be sufficient consideration for the sale. Any party may serve an objection to the amount of the bid within 10 days after the

2.72

2.87

36-00213-25 202548

clerk files the certificate of sale. If timely objections to the bid are served, the objections shall be heard by the court. Service of objections to the amount of the bid does not affect or cloud the title of the purchaser in any manner. If the case is one in which a deficiency judgment may be sought and application is made for a deficiency, the amount bid at the sale may be considered by the court as one of the factors in determining a deficiency under the usual equitable principles.

- (9) EXECUTION SALES.—This section shall not apply to property sold under executions.
- (10) ELECTRONIC SALES.—The clerk may conduct the sale of real or personal property under an order or judgment pursuant to this section by electronic means. Such electronic sales shall comply with the procedures provided in this chapter, except that electronic proxy bidding shall be allowed and the clerk may require bidders to advance sufficient funds to pay the deposit required by subsection (3). The clerk shall provide access to the electronic sale by computer terminals open to the public at a designated location and shall accept an advance credit proxy bid from the plaintiff of any amount up to the maximum allowable credit bid of the plaintiff. A clerk who conducts such electronic sales may receive electronic deposits and payments related to the sale.
- Section 2. Section 45.0311, Florida Statutes, is created to read:
- 45.0311 Transparency in judicial sales and foreclosure sales.—
- (1) This section may be cited as the "Transparency in Judicial Sales and Foreclosure Sales Act."

36-00213-25 202548

(2) Notwithstanding s. 45.031 or any other law to the contrary:

- (a) A court of competent jurisdiction presiding over a judicial sale or other foreclosure sale conducted in this state or pursuant to the laws of this state may not allow the use of bidding credits or other offsets in excess of 10 percent of the most recent assessed value of the property, as determined by the property appraiser in the county where the property is located.
- (b) If the winning bidder of a judicial sale or other foreclosure sale conducted in this state or pursuant to the laws of this state does not remit the full purchase price within 30 days after the sale, or cause the full purchase price to be remitted to the seller within 30 days after the sale, the sale is voided and the property must be reauctioned.
- (c) If a judicial sale or other foreclosure sale conducted in this state or pursuant to the laws of this state is orchestrated or facilitated by an attorney, a parent, a child, a brother, a sister, a grandparent, or a grandchild of that attorney may not bid on the property. A current or former client of such attorney may not bid on the property. For the purposes of this paragraph, a legal entity wholly or predominantly owned by a parent, a child, a brother, a sister, a grandparent, or a grandchild of such attorney or a current or former client of such attorney, may not bid on the property.
- (d) If a property sold pursuant to a judicial sale or other foreclosure sale conducted in this state or pursuant to the laws of this state is not sold for at least 75 percent of the most recent assessed value of the property, as determined by the property appraiser in the county where the property is located,

36-00213-25 202548

such property must be reauctioned.

- (e) Any judicial sale or other foreclosure sale conducted in this state or pursuant to the laws of this state must be held at a location that is open and available to the public, and the public must be provided reasonable notice of such sale. For the purposes of this paragraph, an area of a building or property which is normally accessible only by a security card, key card, key fob, or other similar means is not open and available to the public.
- (f) A court of competent jurisdiction in this state may not allow any judicial sale or other foreclosure sale to proceed if such sale is conducted pursuant to rules that contradict this section. A court may not issue an order allowing a property to be sold by way of judicial sale or foreclosure sale which does not comply with the requirements of this section.
- (g) Any judicial sale or other foreclosure sale conducted in this state or pursuant to the laws of this state in violation of this section is void, upon a successful legal challenge, and the property must be reauctioned pursuant to a valid judicial sale.
- Section 3. Section 45.036, Florida Statutes, is created to read:
- 45.036 Alternate judicial sales procedure.—A court may order the use of alternate judicial sales procedures in ss. 45.031-45.035 if the exceptions are consistent with the requirements of this section and the goals of minimizing expenses and delays, avoiding fraud, and maximizing the sale price.
 - (1) ALTERNATE PUBLICATION OF SALE PROCEDURE.—Any

36-00213-25 202548

publication of sale procedure which is not fully consistent with
the publication of sale procedures specified in s. 45.031(2)
must require notice of all the information specified in that
subsection.

- (2) SALES NOT CONDUCTED BY THE CLERK OF THE COURT.—If the clerk of the court is not conducting the sale, the person conducting the sale:
- (a) Must be an auctioneer licensed under part VI of chapter 468, a real estate broker licensed under chapter 475, or an attorney licensed by The Florida Bar;
- (b) May not be a party to the action or an attorney representing a party in the action; and
- (c) May not directly or indirectly bid on the property or profit from the sale of the property by any means other than the fee authorized by the court.
- (3) PREFERENCES PROHIBITED.—An alternate judicial sales procedure may not authorize any bidding preferences, credit preferences, or other preference or advantage to any party or bidder or other person seeking ownership of the property.
- deposit, the bid amount, or any other funds paid by a bidder or a party are not held by the clerk of the court, the funds must be held in an escrow or trust account pursuant to the laws and rules regulating the license of the person conducting the sale or held in an escrow account of the title insurance agent regulated under part V of chapter 626. The court may audit any such escrow or trust account and may enter an ex parte order at any time requiring the immediate transfer of all related funds to the clerk of the court.

36-00213-25 202548 378 (5) CERTIFICATION OF SALE.—After the sale of a property to 379 which this section applies: 380 (a) The clerk is entitled to the service charge in s. 381 45.035(1), which may not be waived by the court; and 382 (b) The clerk of the court or other person who conducted 383 the sale must promptly file a certificate of sale and serve a 384 copy on each party in substantially the following form: 385 386 (Caption of Action) 387 388 CERTIFICATE OF JUDICIAL SALE 389 390 The undersigned certifies that notice of public sale 391 of the property described in the order or final judgment was 392 furnished by, in the manner shown by the attached, and on 393, ... (year)..., the property was offered for public sale to 394 the highest and best bidder for cash. The highest and best bid 395 received for the property in the amount of \$.... was submitted 396 by, to whom the property was sold. The proceeds of the sale 397 are retained for distribution in accordance with the order or 398 final judgment or law. WITNESS my hand and the seal of this 399 court on, ... (year) 400 By ...(...)... 401 402 (6) CERTIFICATE OF TITLE.—If property is sold under the 403 404 method authorized by this section and an objection to the sale 405 is not filed within 10 days after filing the certificate of

sale, or such other time as authorized by the court, the clerk

36-00213-25 202548 407 must file a certificate of title and serve a copy of such title 408 on each party in substantially the following form: 409 410 (Caption of Action) 411 412 CERTIFICATE OF TITLE 413 414 The undersigned clerk of the court certifies that a 415 certificate of sale was filed in this action on, 416 ... (year) ..., for the property described herein and that no 417 objections to the sale have been filed within the time allowed 418 for filing objections. 419 The following property in County, Florida: 420 (description) 421 was sold to 422 423 WITNESS my hand and the seal of the court on, ... (year).... 424 ...(Clerk)... 425 By ... (Deputy Clerk) ... 426 427 (7) SURPLUS FUNDS.—The requirements related to a 428 foreclosure surplus as provided in ss. 45.031(1), 45.032, 429 45.033, and 45.035(2) may not be waived by the court. 430 (8) DISBURSEMENTS OF PROCEEDS.—If the clerk of the court is 431 not disbursing the proceeds of the sale, the person who 432 conducted the sale, or a title company licensed under part V of 433 chapter 626, must file a certificate of disbursements in 434 substantially the same form as required by s. 45.031(7). 435 Section 4. This act shall take effect July 1, 2025.