By Senator Grall

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25 encourage participation, and	25	encourage participation, and
26 WHEREAS, in March 2023, the Florida Supreme Court adopted	26	WHEREAS, in March 2023, the Florida Supreme Court adopted
27 new rules requiring lawyers to secure interest rates based on	27	new rules requiring lawyers to secure interest rates based on
28 the Wall Street Journal Prime Rate, compelling banks to pay		
29 higher rates for IOTA accounts than for similar accounts, and	29	higher rates for IOTA accounts than for similar accounts, and

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29-00504C-25 2025498 30 WHEREAS, 44 states, the District of Columbia, and Puerto 31 Rico have mandatory IOTA programs modeled after Florida's pre-32 2023 system, while 5 states and the U.S. Virgin Islands operate 33 voluntary or opt-out programs, and 34 WHEREAS, the 2023 rule change made Florida an outlier 35 compared to other jurisdictions where IOTA rates are typically 36 benchmarked against interest-bearing checking account rates, and 37 WHEREAS, the Wall Street Journal Prime Rate serves as a 38 benchmark for lending and is not used to set deposit account 39 rates, and 40 WHEREAS, the 2023 rule change resulted in banks paying 41 higher rates on funds in IOTA accounts, resulting in record 42 revenues, exceeding \$279 million, paid to FFLA during the 2023-2024 fiscal year, nearly four times the prior peak rate, and far 43 44 exceeding average annual interest revenues, and WHEREAS, in October 2024, the Florida Supreme Court 45 46 authorized FFLA to hold nearly \$143 million in reserve, and 47 WHEREAS, it is in the best interests of this state for the 48 Legislature to establish statutory benchmarks for IOTA rates to 49 ensure regulatory safety, fairness, and sustainability, similar 50 to the quarterly interest rate determinations made by the Chief 51 Financial Officer for interest paid on court judgments, NOW, 52 THEREFORE, 53 54 Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida: 55 56 Section 1. Section 655.97, Florida Statutes, is created to 57 read: 58 655.97 Interest on Trust Accounts Program interest rates.-Page 2 of 4

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59	(1) (a) Each December 1, March 1, June 1, and September 1,
60	the Chief Financial Officer shall establish two interest rate
61	alternatives applicable to the Interest on Trust Accounts (IOTA)
62	Program to determine interest paid to Funding Florida Legal Aid
63	(FFLA) by participating financial institutions. The rate
64	alternatives established by the Chief Financial Officer are
65	effective on the following January 1, April 1, July 1, and
66	October 1, respectively. Each participating financial
67	institution must annually select one of the two rate
68	alternatives.
69	(b) The first rate alternative must be set at the highest
70	interest rate or dividend generally available from the
71	institution to its comparable non-IOTA business or consumer
72	accounts or nonmaturing deposit accounts, provided that the IOTA
73	accounts meet or exceed the same minimum balance or other
74	account requirements. If a financial institution chooses to pay
75	the rate alternative provided by this paragraph, it must submit
76	a rate validation sheet to the Chief Financial Officer to ensure
77	that it has paid at least the same interest on IOTA accounts
78	that it paid on such other accounts.
79	(c) The second rate alternative must be set at 25 percent
80	of the federal funds target rate or 0.25 percent, whichever is
81	higher, net of fees. If a financial institution chooses to pay
82	the rate alternative provided by this paragraph, it is exempt
83	from the rate validation requirement established by paragraph
84	<u>(b).</u>
85	(2) Within 3 days after establishing interest rates under
86	subsection (1), the Chief Financial Officer shall inform FFLA of
87	the rate alternatives for the upcoming quarter.

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88	(3) This section does not apply to interest rates
89	established by written contract or obligations unrelated to IOTA
90	accounts.
91	Section 2. This act shall take effect upon becoming a law.