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A bill to be entitled An act relating to government administration; amending s. 11.26, F.S.; revising the employees required to have permission of the presiding officers of both houses before accepting certain employment; amending s. 11.40, F.S.; revising duties of the Legislative Auditing Committee, the Department of Revenue, and the Department of Financial Services related to the failure of certain entities to comply with specified auditing and financial reporting requirements; revising procedures that the Department of Revenue and the Department of Financial Services may take upon receipt of certain advice; removing Legislative Auditing Committee procedures for conducting audits; creating s. 11.405, F.S.; creating the Florida Accountability Office within the Legislature for specified purposes; providing for the administration of such office in a specified manner; providing that the office shall consist of certain units; providing leadership selection and terms of office for certain such units; providing responsibilities and organization of certain units; providing requirements for actions between and among such units; providing the office location; requiring the Legislature to provide certain administrative support; providing

Page 1 of 75

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requirements for spending decisions and budgeting; requiring the office to employ persons for a specified purpose; requiring the office to make certain employment-related decisions with the approval of specified persons; prohibiting certain officers and employees of the office from certain activities relating to political parties and candidates; requiring certain parties to resign before becoming a candidate for election; creating s. 11.406, F.S.; defining the terms "appropriations project" and "investigation"; providing procedures for submitting complaints; providing procedures to be taken by the Public Integrity Division upon receipt of a complaint; authorizing the division to inspect and investigate certain items and locations; authorizing the division to agree to retain the confidentiality of such information; authorizing specified entities to issue subpoenas in a certain manner; providing procedures for the enforcement of such subpoenas; requiring the division to receive certain reports; requiring the Auditor General and the division to randomly select and review, investigate, or audit certain projects and entities beginning in a specified fiscal year; providing requirements for such reviews, investigations, and audits; requiring the Auditor

Page 2 of 75

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General to make certain determinations about recommended audits; requiring such determinations be reported to the Joint Legislative Auditing Committee; creating s. 11.407, F.S.; requiring the General Accountability Division of the office to conduct certain operational and compliance audits beginning on a specified date; authorizing the division to assist other units of the office in conducting certain audits and investigations; amending s. 11.42, F.S.; revising a requirement that the Auditor General possess certain requirements; requiring a deputy director of auditing who possesses certain qualifications be appointed in certain circumstances; requiring the Auditor General to consult with certain entities for a specified purpose; requiring the Auditor General to adopt certain rules; revising rulemaking authority of the Auditor General; amending s. 11.45, F.S.; defining the term "compliance audit"; revising the definition of the term "operational audit"; providing that duties of the office are independent of an audited entity; revising the entities authorized to direct the office to conduct an audit or engagement; revising the frequency with which audits and engagements may be conducted; specifying that certain provisions apply to examinations and investigations; authorizing a

Page 3 of 75

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designated representative of the office to discuss an audit, examination, or investigation with certain officials; providing an alternate deadline for responses to findings; revising the circumstances under which the Legislative Auditing Committee is notified of the failure of certain school boards and institutions to take corrective action; amending ss. 11.47 and 11.51, F.S.; conforming provisions to changes made by the act; amending s. 14.32, F.S.; revising the entities with whom the Chief Inspector General is required to report and cooperate; amending s. 112.3187, F.S.; conforming provisions to changes made by the act; amending s. 112.3188, F.S.; providing that the office is included in certain confidentiality provisions; revising the reports that receive certain confidential protection to include reports of certain suspected acts; revising the entities authorized to receive certain confidential information; amending s. 112.3189, F.S.; including the office in the list of entities required to conduct certain investigations in a specified manner; requiring certain information from the whistle-blower's hotline be communicated to the office at least once per month; requiring such information be maintained in a certain manner; amending s. 112.31901, F.S.; authorizing the office to

Page 4 of 75

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review certain records; amending s. 216.011, F.S.; revising the definition of the term "fixed capital outlay"; amending s. 216.023, F.S.; revising the frequency with which a state agency must submit its legislative budget request; repealing s. 216.052, F.S., relating to community budget requests and appropriations; amending s. 216.134, F.S.; requiring specified materials be made public at least 24 hours before certain sessions and meetings; amending s. 216.177, F.S.; revising the circumstances under which a specified notification regarding spending authority may be made; amending s. 216.192, F.S.; providing that the approval of annual release plans is a budget action; amending s. 261.222, F.S.; revising conditions under which money may be provided for a state emergency; amending s. 216.231, F.S.; providing that the appropriation of certain funds is subject to specified procedures; amending s. 216.262, F.S.; requiring the use of the most recent removing the expiration of a certain procedure; amending s. 216.292, F.S.; authorizing specified appropriations to be transferred between certain entities under certain circumstances; authorizing the Executive Office of the Governor to transfer certain funds for a specified purpose; providing that certain transfers and

Page 5 of 75

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adjustments are subject to specified procedures; removing the expiration of a certain review of transfers; removing a requirement that the Legislature authorize certain transfers; amending s. 252.36, F.S.; providing that certain appropriations are subject to specified procedures; amending ss. 409.8134 and 409.902, F.S.; authorizing specified entities to submit budget amendments in a certain manner; amending ss. 20.055 and 760.06, F.S.; conforming crossreferences; requiring each state agency to review and report certain rules to the Joint Legislative Auditing Committee; requiring the Auditor General, the Joint Legislative Auditing Committee, and the Office of Program Policy Analysis and Government Accountability to jointly review certain audit requirements and deliver a report to certain entities by a specified date; requiring the report to contain certain information; authorizing the President of the Senate and the Speaker of the House of Representatives to provide certain personnel and support for a specified purpose; authorizing the Administrative Procedures Committee and the Division of Law Revision to provide certain assistance for a specified purpose; providing effective dates.

Page 6 of 75

Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:

Section 1. Subsection (3) of section 11.26, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

- 11.26 Legislative employees; employment restrictions.—No employee of the Legislature shall:
- (3) No full-time legislative employee shall be otherwise employed, except with the written permission of the presiding officer of the house by which he or she is employed. Employees of joint committees, joint offices, or the Florida

 Accountability Office must have the permission of the presiding officers of both houses.

Section 2. Paragraphs (a) and (b) of subsection (2) of section 11.40, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

- 11.40 Legislative Auditing Committee.-
- (2) Following notification by the Auditor General, the Department of Financial Services, the Division of Bond Finance of the State Board of Administration, the Governor or his or her designee, or the Commissioner of Education or his or her designee of the failure of a local governmental entity, district school board, charter school, or charter technical career center to comply with the applicable provisions within s. 11.45(5)-(7), s. 218.32(1), s. 218.38, or s. 218.503(3), the Legislative Auditing Committee may schedule a hearing to determine if the entity should be subject to further state action. If the

Page 7 of 75

committee determines that the entity should be subject to further state action, the committee shall:

- (a) In the case of a local governmental entity or district school board, advise direct the Department of Revenue and the Department of Financial Services to withhold any funds not pledged for bond debt service satisfaction which are payable to such entity until the entity complies with the law. Upon receipt of the committee shall specify the date that such advice, action must begin, and the directive must be received by the Department of Revenue and the Department of Financial Services shall have the authority to withhold such funds until the entity complies with the law. Beginning 30 days after receiving such advice, each department must either withhold all such funds or report the reasons for not doing so to the committee before the date of the distribution mandated by law. The Department of Revenue and the Department of Financial Services may implement this paragraph.
 - (b) In the case of a special district created by:
- 1. A special act, notify the President of the Senate, the Speaker of the House of Representatives, the standing committees of the Senate and the House of Representatives charged with special district oversight as determined by the presiding officers of each respective chamber, the legislators who represent a portion of the geographical jurisdiction of the special district, and the Department of Commerce that the

Page 8 of 75

special district has failed to comply with the law. Upon receipt of notification, the Department of Commerce shall proceed pursuant to s. 189.062 or s. 189.067. If the special district remains in noncompliance after the process set forth in s. 189.0651, or if a public hearing is not held, the Legislative Auditing Committee may notify request the department, which shall to proceed pursuant to s. 189.067(3).

- 2. A local ordinance, notify the chair or equivalent of the local general-purpose government pursuant to s. 189.0652 and the Department of Commerce that the special district has failed to comply with the law. Upon receipt of notification, the department shall proceed pursuant to s. 189.062 or s. 189.067. If the special district remains in noncompliance after the process set forth in s. 189.0652, or if a public hearing is not held, the Legislative Auditing Committee may notify request the department, which shall to proceed pursuant to s. 189.067(3).
- 3. Any manner other than a special act or local ordinance, notify the Department of Commerce that the special district has failed to comply with the law. Upon receipt of notification, the department shall proceed pursuant to s. 189.062 or s. 189.067(3).
- Section 3. Effective November 18, 2026, subsection (3) of section 11.40, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
 - 11.40 Legislative Auditing Committee.-
 - (3) (a) As used in this subsection, "independent contract

Page 9 of 75

auditor" means a state-licensed certified public accountant or firm with which a state-licensed certified public accountant is currently employed or associated who is actively engaged in the accounting profession.

(b) Audits specified in this subsection cover the quarterly compensation reports for the previous calendar year for a random sample of 3 percent of all legislative branch lobbying firms and a random sample of 3 percent of all executive branch lobbying firms calculated using as the total number of such lobbying firms those filing a compensation report for the preceding calendar year. The committee shall provide for a system of random selection of the lobbying firms to be audited.

(c) The committee shall create and maintain a list of not less than 10 independent contract auditors approved to conduct the required audits. Each lobbying firm selected for audit in the random audit process may designate one of the independent contract auditors from the committee's approved list. Upon failure for any reason of a lobbying firm selected in the random selection process to designate an independent contract auditor from the committee's list within 30 calendar days after being notified by the committee of its selection, the committee shall assign one of the available independent contract auditors from the approved list to perform the required audit. No independent contract auditor, whether designated by the lobbying firm or by the committee, may perform the audit of a lobbying firm where

Page 10 of 75

the auditor and lobbying firm have ever had a direct personal relationship or any professional accounting, auditing, tax advisory, or tax preparing relationship with each other. The committee shall obtain a written, sworn certification subject to s. 837.06, both from the randomly selected lobbying firm and from the proposed independent contract auditor, that no such relationship has ever existed.

- (d) Each independent contract auditor shall be engaged by and compensated solely by the state for the work performed in accomplishing an audit under this subsection.
- (e) Any violations of law, deficiencies, or material misstatements discovered and noted in an audit report shall be clearly identified in the audit report and be determined under the rules of either house of the Legislature or under the joint rules, as applicable.
- (f) If any lobbying firm fails to give full, frank, and prompt cooperation and access to books, records, and associated backup documents as requested in writing by the auditor, that failure shall be clearly noted by the independent contract auditor in the report of audit.
- (g) The committee shall establish procedures for the selection of independent contract auditors desiring to enter into audit contracts pursuant to this subsection. Such procedures shall include, but not be limited to, a rating system that takes into account pertinent information, including the

Page 11 of 75

in the process. All contracts under this subsection between an independent contract auditor and the Speaker of the House of Representatives and the President of the Senate shall be terminable by either party at any time upon written notice to the other, and such contracts may contain such other terms and conditions as the Speaker of the House of Representatives and the President of the Senate deem appropriate under the circumstances.

(h) The committee shall adopt guidelines that govern random audits and field investigations conducted pursuant to this subsection. The guidelines shall ensure that similarly situated compensation reports are audited in a uniform manner. The guidelines shall also be formulated to encourage compliance and detect violations of the legislative and executive lobbying compensation reporting requirements in ss. 11.045 and 112.3215 and to ensure that each audit is conducted with maximum efficiency in a cost-effective manner. In adopting the guidelines, the committee shall consider relevant guidelines and standards of the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants to the extent that such guidelines and standards are applicable and consistent with the purposes set forth in this subsection.

(i) All audit reports of legislative lobbying firms shall, upon completion by an independent contract auditor, be delivered

Page 12 of 75

to the President of the Senate and the Speaker of the House of Representatives for their respective review and handling. All audit reports of executive branch lobbyists, upon completion by an independent contract auditor, shall be delivered by the auditor to the Commission on Ethics.

Section 4. Section 11.405, Florida Statutes, is created to read:

11.405 The Florida Accountability Office.-

- Accountability Office to conduct audits, reviews, examinations, investigations, evaluations, and assessments; to make recommendations regarding the operations, performance, and fiscal management of governmental entities of this state; and to report findings to the Legislature and public agencies regarding fiscal transparency, quality, effectiveness, efficiency, and possible improvements to the programs, operations, and performance of such governmental entities. The office shall be administered as directed by the Legislature or by agreement of the presiding officers of the Legislature.
 - (2) The office shall consist of the following units:
- (a) The Division of the Auditor General, headed by the Auditor General, the auditor required by s. 2, Art. III of the State Constitution, appointed by both houses of the Legislature acting concurrently, unless otherwise provided by joint rule of the Legislature. The Auditor General's term shall end on

Page 13 of 75

326	November 30 after the first general election following
327	appointment. If a vacancy occurs while the Legislature is not in
328	session, the President of the Senate and the Speaker of the
329	House of Representatives may appoint a temporary successor by
330	agreement. The Auditor General shall serve at the pleasure of
331	the Legislature. The Division of the Auditor General shall be
332	primarily responsible for financial audits required or
333	authorized by law. The Auditor General shall be primarily
334	responsible for audits authorized by s. 11.45(3)(a), (c), (g),
335	(i), (m) , (r) , and (v) .
336	(b) The General Accountability Division, headed by the
337	General Accountability Officer appointed as provided by joint
338	rule of the Legislature or the agreement of the presiding
339	officers of the Legislature, unless otherwise organized as
340	provided by joint rule of the Legislature or the agreement of
341	the presiding officers of the Legislature. The General
342	Accountability Division shall be primarily responsible for
343	operational audits and compliance audits required or authorized
344	by law. The General Accountability Division shall be primarily
345	responsible for audits authorized by s. 11.45(3), except s.
346	11.45(3)(a), (c) , (g) , (i) , (m) , (r) , and (v) .
347	(c) The Office of Program Policy Analysis and Government
348	Accountability organized as provided by joint rule of the
349	Legislature or the agreement of the presiding officers of the
350	Legislature. The Office of Program Policy Analysis and

Page 14 of 75

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Government Accountability shall be primarily responsible for performance audits required or authorized by law.

- (d) The Public Integrity Division organized as provided by joint rule of the Legislature or the agreement of the presiding officers of the Legislature.
- (3) The units shall cooperate and assist one another, as resources allow, in order to make the most efficient use of the resources of the Florida Accountability Office. A unit may not conduct an audit or investigation that may interfere or disrupt the audit or investigation conducted by another unit, but cooperative audits and investigations may be conducted. A unit shall assist, as requested by another unit, when its expertise may be effectively utilized.
- (4) Any unit may conduct any audit or investigation authorized by s. 11.45, except a financial audit expressly assigned to the Division of the Auditor General.
- (5) When an audit or investigation is required or authorized by general law, the unit conducting such audit or investigation shall consult with the President of the Senate and the Speaker of the House of Representatives for guidance regarding the objectives and scope of such audit or investigation.
- (6) (a) The headquarters of the Florida Accountability

 Office shall be at the state capital, but to facilitate auditing and to eliminate unnecessary traveling, the Legislature may

Page 15 of 75

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establish field offices located outside the state capital. The Legislature shall provide sufficient administrative support to assist the Florida Accountability Office in all spending decisions within the annual operating budget approved by the President of the Senate and the Speaker of the House of Representatives. The Florida Accountability Office shall employ qualified persons necessary for the efficient operation of the various units. The duties and compensation of such employees and a uniform personnel, job classification, and pay plan for such employees shall be established with the approval of the President of the Senate and the Speaker of the House of Representatives, or their joint designees in the units of the Florida Accountability Office. (7) An officer or a salaried employee of the Florida Accountability Office may not serve as the representative of any political party or on any executive committee or other governing body thereof; serve as an executive, officer, or employee of any political party committee, organization, or association; or be engaged on behalf of any candidate for public office in the solicitation of votes or other activities on behalf of such candidacy. The Auditor General or any employee of the Florida Accountability Office may not become a candidate for election to public office unless she or he first resigns from office or employment.

Page 16 of 75

Section 5. Section 11.406, Florida Statutes, is created to

401	read:
402	11.406 Public Integrity Division investigations.
403	(1) As used in this section, the term:
404	(a) "Appropriations project" means a specific
405	appropriation or proviso defined as an appropriations project by
406	legislative rule in the year in which it was enacted.
407	(b) "Investigation" means an audit, a review, or any other
408	examination or inquiry into the factual basis of any complaint
409	investigated pursuant to subsection (2).
410	(2) The Public Integrity Division of the Florida
411	Accountability Office may receive and investigate a complaint
412	alleging fraud, waste, abuse, mismanagement, or misconduct in
413	connection with the expenditure of public funds.
414	(3) A complaint may be submitted to the Florida
415	Accountability Office by:
416	(a) The President of the Senate.
417	(b) The Speaker of the House of Representatives.
418	(c) The chair of an appropriations committee of the Senate
419	or the House of Representatives.
420	(d) Any unit of the Florida Accountability Office.
421	(e) Any inspector general.
422	(f) A whistle-blower reporting under s. 112.3187.
423	(4)(a) Upon receipt of a complaint, the Public Integrity
424	Division shall determine whether the complaint is supported by
425	sufficient information indicating a reasonable probability of

Page 17 of 75

fraud, waste, abuse, mismanagement, or misconduct. If the Public

Integrity Division determines that the complaint is not supported by sufficient information, the Public Integrity Division shall notify the complainant in writing and the complaint shall be closed.

(b) If the complaint is supported by sufficient information, the Public Integrity Division shall determine whether an investigation into the matter has already been initiated by a law enforcement agency, the Commission on Ethics, the Chief Financial Officer, the Office of Chief Inspector General, or the applicable agency inspector general. If such an investigation has been initiated, the Public Integrity Division shall notify the complainant in writing and the complaint may be closed.

(c) If the complaint is supported by sufficient information and an investigation into the matter has not already

information and an investigation into the matter has not already been initiated as described in paragraph (b), the Public Integrity Division shall, within available resources and after consultation with the other units of the Florida Accountability Office, conduct an investigation and issue a report of the investigative findings to the complainant and the President of the Senate and the Speaker of the House of Representatives. The Public Integrity Division may refer the matter to another unit of the Florida Accountability Office, any appropriate law enforcement agency, the Commission on Ethics, the Chief

Financial Officer, the Office of the Chief Inspector General, or the applicable agency inspector general.

- (5) (a) The Public Integrity Division may, when pertinent to an investigation of a complaint, inspect and investigate the books, records, papers, documents, data, operation, and physical location of any public agency in this state, including any confidential information; the public records of any entity that has received direct appropriations or a direct payment of fees or taxes collected by this state; and the records of any entity that has contracted with this state whose records are subject to public access pursuant to s. 287.058(1)(c). The Public Integrity Division may agree to retain the confidentiality of confidential information pursuant to s. 11.0431(2)(a).
- (b) Upon request of the Public Integrity Division, the Legislative Auditing Committee or any other committee of the Legislature may issue subpoenas and subpoenas duces tecum, as provided in s. 11.143, to compel testimony or the production of evidence when deemed necessary to an investigation authorized by this section. Consistent with s. 11.143, such subpoenas and subpoenas duces tecum may be issued as provided by applicable legislative rules or, in the absence of applicable legislative rules, by the chair of the Legislative Auditing Committee with the approval of the Legislative Auditing Committee and the President of the Senate and the Speaker of the House of Representatives, or with the approval of the President of the

Senate or the Speaker of the House of Representatives if such

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officer alone designated the Legislative Auditing Committee. If the Legislature is not in session when a witness fails or refuses to comply with a lawful subpoena or subpoena duces tecum issued pursuant to this subsection, the subpoena or subpoena duces tecum may be enforced as provided in s. 11.143, and the Public Integrity Division, on behalf of the committee issuing the subpoena or subpoena duces tecum, may file a complaint before any circuit court of this state to enforce the subpoena or subpoena duces tecum. Upon the filing of such complaint, the court shall take jurisdiction of the witness and the subject matter of the complaint and shall direct the witness to respond to all lawful questions and to produce all lawfully demanded documentary evidence in the possession of the witness. The failure of a witness to comply with such order constitutes a direct and criminal contempt of court and the court shall punish the witness accordingly. When the Legislature is in session, upon request of the Public Integrity Division directed to the committee issuing the subpoena or subpoena duces tecum, either house of the Legislature may seek compliance with the subpoena or subpoena

Page 20 of 75

duces tecum in accordance with the State Constitution, general

house of the Legislature whose committee issued the subpoena or

law, the joint rules of the Legislature, or the rules of the

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subpoena duces tecum.

The Public Integrity Division shall receive copies of

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all reports required by ss. 14.32, 17.325, and 20.055. Beginning with the 2026-2027 fiscal year, the (7)(a) Auditor General and the Public Integrity Division, within available resources, shall randomly select and review appropriations projects appropriated in the prior fiscal year and, if appropriate, investigate and recommend an audit of such projects. The review, investigation, or audit may be delayed on a selected project until a subsequent year if the timeline of the project warrants such delay. Each review, investigation, or audit must include, but is not limited to, an evaluation of the appropriations project recipient's efficient and effective administration of the project. When an audit is recommended by the Public Integrity Division under this subsection, the Auditor General shall determine whether the audit is appropriate. All such determinations shall be reported to the Joint Legislative Auditing Committee.

(b) Beginning with the 2026-2027 fiscal year, the Auditor General and the Public Integrity Division, within available resources, may select and review, investigate, or audit the financial activities of any political subdivision, special district, public authority, public hospital, state or local council or commission, unit of local government, or public education entity in this state, as well as any authority, council, commission, direct-support organization, institution,

526	foundation, or similar entity created by law or ordinance to
527	pursue a public purpose, entitled by law or ordinance to any
528	distribution of tax or fee revenues, or organized for the sole
529	purpose of supporting one of the public entities listed in this
530	paragraph.
531	Section 6. Section 11.407, Florida Statutes, is created to
532	read:
533	11.407 General Accountability Division audits
534	Beginning on January 1, 2026, the General Accountability
535	Division of the Florida Accountability Office shall conduct all
536	operational audits and compliance audits required by law,
537	including those previously assigned to the Auditor General or
538	the Office of Program Policy Analysis and Government
539	Accountability. The division may assist other units of the
540	Florida Accountability Office in conducting any audit or
541	investigation and conduct other audits authorized by law after
542	consultation with other units of the Florida Accountability
543	Office or as requested by the President of the Senate or the
544	Speaker of the House of Representatives.
545	Section 7. Section 11.42, Florida Statutes, is amended to
546	read:
547	11.42 The Auditor General.—
548	(1) The Auditor General appointed in this section is the
549	auditor that is required by s. 2, Art. III of the State
550	Constitution.

Page 22 of 75

(1)(2) If, The Auditor General shall be appointed to office to serve at the pleasure of the Legislature, by a majority vote of the members of the Legislative Auditing Committee, subject to confirmation by both houses of the Legislature. at the time of her or his appointment, the Auditor General has not shall have been certified under the Public Accountancy Law in this state for a period of at least 10 years or has and shall have had not less than 10 years' experience in an accounting or auditing related field, a deputy director of auditing who possesses such qualifications must be appointed. Vacancies in the office shall be filled in the same manner as the original appointment.

(3) (a) To carry out her or his duties the Auditor General shall make all spending decisions within the annual operating budget approved by the President of the Senate and the Speaker of the House of Representatives. The Auditor General shall employ qualified persons necessary for the efficient operation of the Auditor General's office and shall fix their duties and compensation and, with the approval of the President of the Senate and the Speaker of the House of Representatives, shall adopt and administer a uniform personnel, job classification, and pay plan for such employees.

 $\underline{(2)}$ (b) No person shall be employed as a financial auditor who does not possess the qualifications to take the examination for a certificate as certified public accountant under the laws

Page 23 of 75

of this state, and no person shall be employed or retained as legal adviser, on either a full-time or a part-time basis, who is not a member of The Florida Bar.

- (3)(4) The Auditor General, before entering upon the duties of the office, shall take and subscribe the oath of office required of state officers by the State Constitution.
- (5) The appointment of the Auditor General may be terminated at any time by a majority vote of both houses of the Legislature.
- (6) (a) The headquarters of the Auditor General shall be at the state capital, but to facilitate auditing and to eliminate unnecessary traveling the Auditor General may establish field offices located outside the state capital. The Auditor General shall be provided with adequate quarters to carry out the position's functions in the state capital and in other areas of the state.
- (b) All payrolls and vouchers for the operations of the Auditor General's office shall be submitted to the Chief Financial Officer and, if found to be correct, payments shall be issued therefor.
- (4) (7) The Auditor General, in consultation with the units of the Florida Accountability Office, may make and enforce reasonable rules and regulations necessary to facilitate audits which the Florida Accountability Office she or he is authorized to perform. The Auditor General shall consult with other units

Page 24 of 75

of the Florida Accountability Office and incorporate into such rules the suggestions of each unit that may lead to more timely and effective audits, examinations, and investigations.

- (8) No officer or salaried employee of the Office of the Auditor General shall serve as the representative of any political party or on any executive committee or other governing body thereof; serve as an executive, officer, or employee of any political party committee, organization, or association; or be engaged on behalf of any candidate for public office in the solicitation of votes or other activities in behalf of such candidacy. Neither the Auditor General nor any employee of the Auditor General may become a candidate for election to public office unless she or he first resigns from office or employment. No officer or salaried employee of the Auditor General shall actively engage in any other business or profession or be otherwise employed without the prior written permission of the Auditor General.
- (9) Sections 11.25(1) and 11.26 shall not apply to the Auditor General.
- Section 8. Section 11.45, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
 - 11.45 Definitions; duties; authorities; reports; rules.-
 - (1) DEFINITIONS.—As used in ss. 11.40-11.51, the term:
- (a) "Abuse" means behavior that is deficient or improper when compared with behavior that a prudent person would consider

Page 25 of 75

a reasonable and necessary operational practice given the facts and circumstances. The term includes the misuse of authority or position for personal gain.

- (b) "Audit" means a financial audit, operational audit, or performance audit.
- (c) "Compliance audit" means an operational audit or a performance audit directed at the systems and processes, governance, legal compliance, regulations, and contracts of an agency, a program, or an activity, as well as any other objectives specified by the entity requesting or directing the examination.
- (d) (e) "County agency" means a board of county commissioners or other legislative and governing body of a county, however styled, including that of a consolidated or metropolitan government, a clerk of the circuit court, a separate or ex officio clerk of the county court, a sheriff, a property appraiser, a tax collector, a supervisor of elections, or any other officer in whom any portion of the fiscal duties of a body or officer expressly stated in this paragraph are separately placed by law.
- (e) (d) "Financial audit" means an examination of financial statements in order to express an opinion on the fairness with which they are presented in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles and an examination to determine whether operations are properly conducted in accordance with legal and

regulatory requirements. Financial audits must be conducted in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States and government auditing standards. When applicable, the scope of financial audits must encompass the additional activities necessary to establish compliance with the Single Audit Act Amendments of 1996, 31 U.S.C. ss. 7501-7507, and other applicable federal law.

- <u>(f) (e)</u> "Fraud" means obtaining something of value through willful misrepresentation, including, but not limited to, intentional misstatements or intentional omissions of amounts or disclosures in financial statements to deceive users of financial statements, theft of an entity's assets, bribery, or the use of one's position for personal enrichment through the deliberate misuse or misapplication of an organization's resources.
- (g) (f) "Governmental entity" means a state agency, a county agency, or any other entity, however styled, that independently exercises any type of state or local governmental function.
- (h)(g) "Local governmental entity" means a county agency, municipality, tourist development council, county tourism promotion agency, or special district as defined in s. 189.012. The term does not include any housing authority established under chapter 421.
 - (i) (h) "Management letter" means a statement of the

Page 27 of 75

auditor's comments and recommendations.

(j)(i) "Operational audit" means an audit whose purpose is to evaluate management's performance in establishing and maintaining internal controls, including controls designed to prevent and detect fraud, waste, and abuse, and in administering assigned responsibilities in accordance with applicable laws, administrative rules, contracts, grant agreements, and other guidelines. Operational audits must be conducted in accordance with government auditing standards or include a written explanation for any departures from such standards in the audit report. Such audits examine internal controls that are designed and placed in operation to promote and encourage the achievement of management's control objectives in the categories of compliance, economic and efficient operations, reliability of financial records and reports, and safeguarding of assets, and identify weaknesses in those internal controls.

(k) (j) "Performance audit" means an examination of a program, activity, or function of a governmental entity, conducted in accordance with applicable government auditing standards or auditing and evaluation standards of other appropriate authoritative bodies. The term includes an examination of issues related to:

- 1. Economy, efficiency, or effectiveness of the program.
- 2. Structure or design of the program to accomplish its goals and objectives.

Page 28 of 75

3. Adequacy of the program to meet the needs identified by the Legislature or governing body.

4. Alternative methods of providing program services or products.

- 5. Goals, objectives, and performance measures used by the agency to monitor and report program accomplishments.
- 6. The accuracy or adequacy of public documents, reports, or requests prepared under the program by state agencies.
- 7. Compliance of the program with appropriate policies, rules, or laws.
- 8. Any other issues related to governmental entities as directed by the Legislative Auditing Committee.
- (1)(k) "Political subdivision" means a separate agency or unit of local government created or established by law and includes, but is not limited to, the following and the officers thereof: authority, board, branch, bureau, city, commission, consolidated government, county, department, district, institution, metropolitan government, municipality, office, officer, public corporation, town, or village.
- (m) (1) "State agency" means a separate agency or unit of state government created or established by law and includes, but is not limited to, the following and the officers thereof: authority, board, branch, bureau, commission, department, division, institution, office, officer, or public corporation, as the case may be, except any such agency or unit within the

Page 29 of 75

legislative branch of state government other than the Florida 727 Public Service Commission.

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- (n) (m) "Waste" means the act of using or expending resources unreasonably, carelessly, extravagantly, or for no useful purpose.
- (2) DUTIES.—The <u>Florida Accountability Office</u> Auditor General shall:
- (a) Conduct audits of records and perform related duties as prescribed by law, concurrent resolution of the Legislature, or as directed by the Legislative Auditing Committee.
- (b) Annually conduct a financial audit of state government.
- (c) Annually conduct financial audits of all state universities and Florida College System institutions and verify the accuracy of the amounts certified by each state university and Florida College System institution chief financial officer pursuant to ss. 1011.45 and 1011.84.
- (d) Annually conduct financial audits of the accounts and records of all district school boards in counties with populations of fewer than 150,000, according to the most recent federal decennial statewide census; the Florida School for the Deaf and the Blind; and the Florida School for Competitive Academics.
- (e) Once every 3 years, conduct financial audits of the accounts and records of all district school boards in counties

Page 30 of 75

that have populations of 150,000 or more, according to the most recent federal decennial statewide census.

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- (f) At least every 3 years, conduct operational audits of the accounts and records of state agencies, state universities, state colleges, district school boards, the Florida Clerks of Court Operations Corporation, water management districts, the Florida School for the Deaf and the Blind, and the Florida School for Competitive Academics.
- At least every 3 years, conduct a performance audit of the local government financial reporting system, which, for the purpose of this chapter, means any statutory provision related to local government financial reporting. The purpose of such an audit is to determine the accuracy, efficiency, and effectiveness of the reporting system in achieving its goals and to make recommendations to the local governments, the Governor, and the Legislature as to how the reporting system can be improved and how program costs can be reduced. The Office of Program Policy Analysis and Government Accountability Auditor General shall determine the scope of the audits. The local government financial reporting system should provide for the timely, accurate, uniform, and cost-effective accumulation of financial and other information that can be used by the members of the Legislature and other appropriate officials to accomplish the following goals:
 - Enhance citizen participation in local government;

Page 31 of 75

- 2. Improve the financial condition of local governments;
- 3. Provide essential government services in an efficient and effective manner; and

- 4. Improve decisionmaking on the part of the Legislature, state agencies, and local government officials on matters relating to local government.
- (h) At least every 3 years, conduct a performance audit of the Department of Revenue's administration of the ad valorem tax laws as described in s. 195.096. The audit report shall report on the activities of the ad valorem tax program of the Department of Revenue related to the ad valorem tax rolls. The Office of Program Policy Analysis and Government Accountability Auditor General shall include, for at least four counties reviewed, findings as to the accuracy of assessment procedures, projections, and computations made by the department, using the same generally accepted appraisal standards and procedures to which the department and the property appraisers are required to adhere. However, the report may not include any findings or statistics related to any ad valorem tax roll that is in litigation between the state and county officials at the time the report is issued.
- (i) Once every 3 years, review a sample of internal audit reports at each state agency, as defined in s. 20.055(1), to determine compliance with current Standards for the Professional Practice of Internal Auditing or, if appropriate, government

Page 32 of 75

801 auditing standards.

- (j) Conduct audits of local governmental entities when determined to be necessary by any unit of the Florida

 Accountability Office the Auditor General, when directed by the Legislative Auditing Committee, or when otherwise required by law. No later than 18 months after the release of the audit report, the applicable unit Auditor General shall perform such appropriate followup procedures as he or she deems necessary to determine the audited entity's progress in addressing the findings and recommendations contained within the Auditor General shall notify each member of the audited entity's governing body and the Legislative Auditing Committee of the results of its his or her determination. For purposes of this paragraph, local governmental entities do not include water management districts.
- (k) Contact each district school board, as defined in s. 1003.01(7), with the findings and recommendations contained within the Auditor General's previous operational audit report. The district school board shall provide the Florida

 Accountability Office Auditor General with evidence of the initiation of corrective action within 45 days after the date it is requested by the Florida Accountability Office Auditor General and evidence of completion of corrective action within 180 days after the date it is requested by the Florida

 Accountability Office Auditor General. If the district school

Page 33 of 75

board fails to <u>provide such evidence</u> comply with the Auditor General's request or is unable to take corrective action within the required timeframe, the <u>Florida Accountability Office</u> Auditor General shall notify the Legislative Auditing Committee.

- (1) At least once every 3 years, conduct operational audits of the accounts and records of eligible nonprofit scholarship-funding organizations receiving eligible contributions under s. 1002.395, including any contracts for services with related entities, to determine compliance with the provisions of that section. Such audits shall include, but not be limited to, a determination of the eligible nonprofit scholarship-funding organization's compliance with s. 1002.395(6)(1). The Florida Accountability Office Auditor General shall provide its report on the results of the audits to the Governor, the President of the Senate, the Speaker of the House of Representatives, the Chief Financial Officer, and the Legislative Auditing Committee, within 30 days after of completion of the audit.
- (m) At least once every 7 years, conduct an operational and financial audit of each large-hub commercial service airport. Each operational audit shall include, at a minimum, an assessment of compliance with s. 332.0075, including compliance with chapter 287, and compliance with the public records and public meetings laws of this state. For purposes of this paragraph, the term "large-hub commercial service airport" means

Page 34 of 75

a publicly owned airport that has at least 1 percent of the annual passenger boardings in the United States as reported by the Federal Aviation Administration.

(n) At least once every 3 years, conduct an operational audit of the Florida Birth-Related Neurological Injury Compensation Association. Each operational audit shall include, at a minimum, an assessment of compliance with ss. 766.303-766.315 and compliance with the public records and public meetings laws of this state. The first operational audit must be completed by August 15, 2021.

Each unit of the Florida Accountability Office Auditor General shall perform its his or her duties independently from an audited entity, exercising objective and impartial judgment, but under the general policies established by the Legislative Auditing Committee or the Legislature. This subsection does not limit the Florida Accountability Office's Auditor General's discretionary authority to conduct other audits or engagements

of governmental entities as authorized in subsection (3).

of the Florida Accountability Office Auditor General may, pursuant to its his or her own discretion authority, or at the direction of the Legislative Auditing Committee, the President of the Senate, or the Speaker of the House of Representatives, conduct audits or other engagements as determined appropriate by

Page 35 of 75

876 the unit Auditor General of:

- (a) The accounts and records of any governmental entity created or established by law.
- (b) The information technology programs, activities, functions, or systems of any governmental entity created or established by law.
- (c) The accounts and records of any charter school created or established by law.
- (d) The accounts and records of any direct-support organization or citizen support organization created or established by law. The Florida Accountability Office Auditor General is authorized to require and receive any records from the direct-support organization or citizen support organization, or from its independent auditor.
- (e) The public records associated with any appropriation made by the Legislature to a nongovernmental agency, corporation, or person. All records of a nongovernmental agency, corporation, or person with respect to the receipt and expenditure of such an appropriation shall be public records and shall be treated in the same manner as other public records are under general law.
- (f) State financial assistance provided to any nonstate entity as defined by s. 215.97.
- (g) The Tobacco Settlement Financing Corporation created pursuant to s. 215.56005.

Page 36 of 75

(h) Any purchases of federal surplus lands for use as sites for correctional facilities as described in s. 253.037.

- (i) The Florida Development Finance Corporation or the capital development board or the programs or entities created by the board. The audit or report may not reveal the identity of any person who has anonymously made a donation to the board pursuant to this paragraph. The identity of a donor or prospective donor to the board who desires to remain anonymous and all information identifying such donor or prospective donor are confidential and exempt from the provisions of s. 119.07(1) and s. 24(a), Art. I of the State Constitution. Such anonymity shall be maintained in the auditor's report.
- (j) The records pertaining to the use of funds from voluntary contributions on a motor vehicle registration application or on a driver license application authorized pursuant to ss. 320.023 and 322.081.
- (k) The records pertaining to the use of funds from the sale of specialty license plates described in chapter 320.
- (1) The acquisitions and divestitures related to the Florida Communities Trust Program created pursuant to chapter 380.
- (m) The Florida Water Pollution Control Financing Corporation created pursuant to s. 403.1837.
- (n) The school readiness program, including the early learning coalitions under part VI of chapter 1002.

Page 37 of 75

(o) CareerSource Florida, Inc., the state board as defined in s. 445.002, or the programs or entities created by the state board under s. 445.004.

- (p) The corporation defined in s. 455.32 that is under contract with the Department of Business and Professional Regulation to provide administrative, investigative, examination, licensing, and prosecutorial support services in accordance with the provisions of s. 455.32 and the practice act of the relevant profession.
- (q) The Florida Engineers Management Corporation created pursuant to chapter 471.
- (r) The books and records of any permitholder that conducts race meetings or jai alai exhibitions under chapter 550.
- (s) The corporation defined in part II of chapter 946, known as the Prison Rehabilitative Industries and Diversified Enterprises, Inc., or PRIDE Enterprises.
 - (t) The Florida Virtual School.

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- (u) Virtual education providers receiving state funds or funds from local ad valorem taxes.
- (v) The accounts and records of a nonprofit scholarship-funding organization participating in a state sponsored scholarship program authorized by chapter 1002.
 - (w) The Florida Tourism Industry Marketing Corporation.
 - (x) Tourist development councils and county tourism

Page 38 of 75

promotion agencies.

- (4) SCHEDULING AND STAFFING OF AUDITS.-
- (a) Each financial audit required or authorized by this section, when practicable, shall be made and completed within not more than 9 months following the end of each audited fiscal year of the state agency or political subdivision, or at such lesser time which may be provided by law or concurrent resolution or directed by the Legislative Auditing Committee. When the Florida Accountability Office Auditor General determines that conducting any audit or engagement otherwise required by law would not be possible due to workload or would not be an efficient or effective use of its his or her resources based on an assessment of risk, then, in its his or her discretion, the Florida Accountability Office Auditor General may temporarily or indefinitely postpone such audits or other engagements for such period or any portion thereof, unless otherwise directed by the committee.
- (b) The Florida Accountability Office Auditor General may, when in his or her judgment it is necessary, designate and direct any auditor employed by the Florida Accountability Office Auditor General to audit any accounts or records within the authority of the Florida Accountability Office Auditor General to audit. The auditor shall report his or her findings for review by the Florida Accountability Office Auditor General, which who shall prepare the audit report.

Page 39 of 75

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- (c) The audit report when final shall be a public record. The audit workpapers and notes are not a public record; however, those workpapers necessary to support the computations in the final audit report may be made available by a majority vote of the Legislative Auditing Committee after a public hearing showing proper cause. The audit workpapers and notes shall be retained by the Florida Accountability Office Auditor General until no longer useful in its his or her proper functions, after which time they may be destroyed.
- At the conclusion of the audit, examination, or investigation, the Florida Accountability Office Auditor General or the designated representative of the Florida Accountability Office Auditor General's designated representative shall discuss the audit, examination, or investigation with the official whose office is subject to audit and submit to that official a list of the Florida Accountability Office's Auditor General's findings which may be included in the audit report. If the official is not available for receipt of the list of audit findings, then delivery is presumed to be made when it is delivered to his or her office. The official shall submit to the Florida Accountability Office Auditor General or the designated representative, within 30 days after the receipt of the list of findings, or within 15 days if specified in writing with the delivery of the findings, his or her written statement of explanation or rebuttal concerning all of the findings,

including corrective action to be taken to preclude a recurrence of all findings.

- shall provide the successor independent certified public accountant of a district school board with access to the prior year's working papers in accordance with the Statements on Auditing Standards, including documentation of planning, internal control, audit results, and other matters of continuing accounting and auditing significance, such as the working paper analysis of balance sheet accounts and those relating to contingencies.
- (5) PETITION FOR AN AUDIT BY THE FLORIDA ACCOUNTABILITY OFFICE AUDITOR GENERAL.—
- (a) The Legislative Auditing Committee shall direct the Florida Accountability Office Auditor General to make an audit of any municipality whenever petitioned to do so by at least 20 percent of the registered electors in the last general election of that municipality pursuant to this subsection. The supervisor of elections of the county in which the municipality is located shall certify whether or not the petition contains the signatures of at least 20 percent of the registered electors of the municipality. After the completion of the audit, the Florida Accountability Office Auditor General shall determine whether the municipality has the fiscal resources necessary to pay the cost of the audit. The municipality shall pay the cost of the

Page 41 of 75

audit within 90 days after the Florida Accountability Office's Auditor General's determination that the municipality has the available resources. If the municipality fails to pay the cost of the audit, the Department of Revenue shall, upon certification of the Florida Accountability Office Auditor General, withhold from that portion of the distribution pursuant to s. 212.20(6)(d)5. which is distributable to such municipality, a sum sufficient to pay the cost of the audit and shall deposit that sum into the General Revenue Fund of the state.

- (b) At least one registered elector in the most recent general election must file a letter of intent with the municipal clerk before prior to any petition of the electors of that municipality for the purpose of an audit. Each petition must be submitted to the supervisor of elections and contain, at a minimum:
 - 1. The elector's printed name;
 - 2. The signature of the elector;
 - 3. The elector's residence address;
 - 4. The elector's date of birth; and
 - 5. The date signed.

All petitions must be submitted for verification within 1 calendar year after the audit petition origination by the municipal electors.

Page 42 of 75

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- REQUEST BY A LOCAL GOVERNMENTAL ENTITY FOR AN AUDIT BY THE FLORIDA ACCOUNTABILITY OFFICE AUDITOR GENERAL. - Whenever a local governmental entity requests the Florida Accountability Office Auditor General to conduct an audit of all or part of its operations and the Florida Accountability Office Auditor General conducts the audit under its his or her own authority or at the direction of the Legislative Auditing Committee, the expenses of the audit shall be paid by the local governmental entity. The Florida Accountability Office Auditor General shall estimate the cost of the audit. Fifty percent of the cost estimate shall be paid by the local governmental entity before the initiation of the audit and deposited into the General Revenue Fund of the state. After the completion of the audit, the Florida Accountability Office Auditor General shall notify the local governmental entity of the actual cost of the audit. The local governmental entity shall remit the remainder of the cost of the audit to the Florida Accountability Office Auditor General for deposit into the General Revenue Fund of this the state. If the local governmental entity fails to comply with paying the remaining cost of the audit, the Florida Accountability Office Auditor General shall notify the Legislative Auditing Committee.
- (7) <u>FLORIDA ACCOUNTABILITY OFFICE</u> AUDITOR GENERAL REPORTING REQUIREMENTS.—
- (a) The Auditor General shall notify the Legislative Auditing Committee of any local governmental entity, district

Page 43 of 75

school board, charter school, or charter technical career center that does not comply with the reporting requirements of s. 218.39.

- (b) The Florida Accountability Office Auditor General, in consultation with the Board of Accountancy, shall review all audit reports submitted pursuant to s. 218.39. The Auditor General shall request any significant items that were omitted in violation of a rule adopted by the Auditor General. The items must be provided within 45 days after the date of the request. If the governmental entity does not comply with the Auditor General's request, the Auditor General shall notify the Legislative Auditing Committee.
- (c) The Auditor General shall provide annually a list of those special districts which are not in compliance with s. 218.39 to the Special District Accountability Program of the Department of Commerce.
- (d) During the Florida Accountability Office's Auditor General's review of audit reports, it he or she shall contact those units of local government, as defined in s. 218.403, that are not in compliance with s. 218.415 and request evidence of corrective action. The unit of local government shall provide the Florida Accountability Office Auditor General with evidence of corrective action within 45 days after the date it is requested by the Florida Accountability Office Auditor General. If the unit of local government fails to comply with the Florida

Accountability Office's Auditor General's request, the Florida

Accountability Office Auditor General shall notify the

Legislative Auditing Committee.

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The Florida Accountability Office Auditor General shall notify the Governor or the Commissioner of Education, as appropriate, and the Legislative Auditing Committee of any audit report reviewed by the office Auditor General pursuant to paragraph (b) which contains a statement that a local governmental entity, charter school, charter technical career center, or district school board has met one or more of the conditions specified in s. 218.503. If the Auditor General requests a clarification regarding information included in an audit report to determine whether a local governmental entity, charter school, charter technical career center, or district school board has met one or more of the conditions specified in s. 218.503, the requested clarification must be provided within 45 days after the date of the request. If the local governmental entity, charter school, charter technical career center, or district school board does not comply with the Florida Accountability Office's Auditor General's request, the office Auditor General shall notify the Legislative Auditing Committee. If, after obtaining the requested clarification, the Florida Accountability Office Auditor General determines that the local governmental entity, charter school, charter technical career center, or district school board has met one or more of the

Page 45 of 75

1126 conditions specified in s. 218.503, the office he or she shall
1127 notify the Governor or the Commissioner of Education, as
1128 appropriate, and the Legislative Auditing Committee.

- shall annually compile and transmit to the President of the Senate, the Speaker of the House of Representatives, and the Legislative Auditing Committee a summary of significant findings and financial trends identified in audit reports reviewed in paragraph (b) or otherwise identified by the Florida

 Accountability Office's Auditor General's review of such audit reports and financial information, and identified in audits of district school boards conducted by the office Auditor General.

 The Florida Accountability Office Auditor General shall include financial information provided pursuant to s. 218.32(1)(e) for entities with fiscal years ending on or after June 30, 2003, within the office's his or her reports submitted pursuant to this paragraph.
- discovers significant errors, improper practices, or other significant discrepancies in connection with its his or her audits of a state agency or state officer, the Florida Accountability Office Auditor General shall notify the President of the Senate, the Speaker of the House of Representatives, and the Legislative Auditing Committee. The President of the Senate and the Speaker of the House of Representatives shall promptly

Page 46 of 75

forward a copy of the notification to the chairs of the respective legislative committees, which in the judgment of the President of the Senate and the Speaker of the House of Representatives are substantially concerned with the functions of the state agency or state officer involved. Thereafter, and in no event later than the 10th day of the next succeeding legislative session, the person in charge of the state agency involved, or the state officer involved, as the case may be, shall explain in writing to the President of the Senate, the Speaker of the House of Representatives, and to the Legislative Auditing Committee the reasons or justifications for such errors, improper practices, or other significant discrepancies and the corrective measures, if any, taken by the agency.

- (h) The Florida Accountability Office Auditor General shall annually compile and transmit to the President of the Senate, the Speaker of the House of Representatives, and the Legislative Auditing Committee by December 1 of each year a report that includes a projected 2-year work plan identifying the audit and other accountability activities to be undertaken and a list of statutory and fiscal changes recommended by the Florida Accountability Office Auditor General. The Florida Accountability Office Auditor General may also transmit recommendations at other times of the year when the information would be timely and useful for the Legislature.
 - (i) The Florida Accountability Office Auditor General

Page 47 of 75

shall annually transmit by July 15, to the President of the Senate, the Speaker of the House of Representatives, and the Department of Financial Services, a list of all school districts, charter schools, charter technical career centers, Florida College System institutions, state universities, and local governmental entities that have failed to comply with the transparency requirements as identified in the audit reports reviewed pursuant to paragraph (b) and those conducted pursuant to subsection (2).

- (j) The Florida Accountability Office Auditor General shall notify the Legislative Auditing Committee of any financial or operational audit report prepared pursuant to this section which indicates that a district school board, state university, or Florida College System institution has failed to take full corrective action in response to a recommendation that was included in the two preceding financial reports or any preceding operational audit report reports.
- 1. The committee may direct the district school board or the governing body of the state university or Florida College System institution to provide a written statement to the committee explaining why full corrective action has not been taken or, if the governing body intends to take full corrective action, describing the corrective action to be taken and when it will occur.
 - 2. If the committee determines that the written statement

Page 48 of 75

is not sufficient, the committee may require the chair of the district school board or the chair of the governing body of the state university or Florida College System institution, or the chair's designee, to appear before the committee.

- 3. If the committee determines that the district school board, state university, or Florida College System institution has failed to take full corrective action for which there is no justifiable reason or has failed to comply with committee requests made pursuant to this section, the committee shall refer the matter to the State Board of Education or the Board of Governors, as appropriate, to proceed in accordance with s. 1008.32 or s. 1008.322, respectively.
- (8) RULES OF THE AUDITOR GENERAL.—The Auditor General, in consultation with the Board of Accountancy, shall adopt rules for the form and conduct of all financial audits performed by independent certified public accountants pursuant to ss. 215.981, 218.39, 1001.453, 1002.395, 1004.28, and 1004.70. The rules for audits of local governmental entities, charter schools, charter technical career centers, and district school boards must include, but are not limited to, requirements for the reporting of information necessary to carry out the purposes of the Local Governmental Entity, Charter School, Charter Technical Career Center, and District School Board Financial Emergencies Act as stated in s. 218.501.
 - (9) TECHNICAL ADVICE PROVIDED BY THE AUDITOR GENERAL.—The

Page 49 of 75

1226 Auditor General may provide technical advice to:

- (a) The Department of Education in the development of a compliance supplement for the financial audit of a district school board conducted by an independent certified public accountant.
- (b) Governmental entities on their financial and accounting systems, procedures, and related matters.
- (c) Governmental entities on promoting the building of competent and efficient accounting and internal audit organizations in their offices.

Section 9. Section 11.47, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

- 11.47 Penalties; failure to make a proper audit or examination; making a false report; failure to produce documents or information.—
- Accountability Office Auditor General or the Office of Program Policy Analysis and Government Accountability is authorized to audit or examine shall enter into their public records sufficient information for proper audit or examination, and shall make the same available to the Florida Accountability Office Auditor General or the Office of Program Policy Analysis and Government Accountability on demand.
- (2) The willful failure or refusal of the Auditor General, $\frac{1}{2}$

Page 50 of 75

Accountability, or any staff employed by the Florida

Accountability Office Auditor General or the Office of Program

Policy Analysis and Government Accountability to make a proper audit or examination in line with its his or her duty, the willful making of a false report as to any audit or examination, or the willful failure or refusal to report a shortage or misappropriation of funds or property shall be cause for removal from such office or employment, and the Auditor General, the director of the Office of Program Policy Analysis and Government Accountability, or a staff member commits shall be guilty of a misdemeanor of the first degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082 or s. 775.083.

- (3) Any person who willfully fails or refuses to provide access to an employee, officer, or agent of an entity subject to an audit or to furnish or produce any book, record, paper, document, data, or sufficient information necessary to a proper audit or examination which the Florida Accountability Office, Auditor General, or the Office of Program Policy Analysis and Government Accountability is by law authorized to perform commits a misdemeanor of the first degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082 or s. 775.083.
- (4) Any officer who willfully fails or refuses to furnish or produce any book, record, paper, document, data, or sufficient information necessary to a proper audit or examination which the Florida Accountability Office, Auditor

Page 51 of 75

General, or the Office of Program Policy Analysis and Government Accountability is by law authorized to perform, shall be subject to removal from office.

Section 10. Subsections (1) and (2) of section 11.51, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

- 11.51 Office of Program Policy Analysis and Government Accountability.—
- (1) The Office of Program Policy Analysis and Government Accountability is authorized to examine all entities and records listed in s. 11.45(3).
- representative of the Office of Program Policy Analysis and Government Accountability shall discuss the examination with the official whose office is examined and submit to that official the Office of Program Policy Analysis and Government Accountability's preliminary findings. If the official is not available for receipt of the preliminary findings, clearly designated as such, delivery thereof is presumed to be made when it is delivered to his or her office. Whenever necessary, the Office of Program Policy Analysis and Government Accountability may request the official to submit his or her written statement of explanation or rebuttal within 15 days after the receipt of the findings. If the response time is not requested to be within 15 days, the official shall submit his or her response within 30 days after receipt of the preliminary findings.

Page 52 of 75

Section 11.	Paragraph (g) of subse	ection (2)	of section
14.32, Florida Sta	atutes, is a	mended to	read:	

- 14.32 Office of Chief Inspector General.-
- (2) The Chief Inspector General shall:

(g) Report expeditiously to and cooperate fully with the Department of Law Enforcement, the Chief Financial Officer, the Department of Legal Affairs, and any other law enforcement agency believed to have jurisdiction agencies when there are recognizable grounds to believe that there has been a violation of criminal law or that a civil action should be initiated.

Section 12. Subsections (1), (6), and (7) of section 112.3187, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

- 112.3187 Adverse action against employee for disclosing information of specified nature prohibited; employee remedy and relief.— $\,$
- (1) SHORT TITLE.—Sections $\underline{112.3187-112.31901}$ $\underline{112.3187-112.31901}$ $\underline{112.3187-112.31901}$ may be cited as the "Whistle-blower's Act."
- disclosed under this section must be disclosed to any agency or federal government entity having the authority to investigate, police, manage, or otherwise remedy the violation or act, including, but not limited to, the Florida Accountability

 Office, the Office of the Chief Inspector General, an agency inspector general or the employee designated as agency inspector general under s. 112.3189(1) or inspectors general under s.

Page 53 of 75

20.055, the Florida Commission on Human Relations, and the whistle-blower's hotline created under s. 112.3189. However, for disclosures concerning a local governmental entity, including any regional, county, or municipal entity, special district, community college district, or school district or any political subdivision of any of the foregoing, the information must be disclosed to a chief executive officer as defined in s. 447.203(9) or other appropriate local official.

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EMPLOYEES AND PERSONS PROTECTED. - This section protects employees and persons who disclose information on their own initiative in a written and signed complaint; who are requested to participate in an investigation, hearing, or other inquiry conducted by the Florida Accountability Office or any agency or federal government entity; who refuse to participate in any adverse action prohibited by this section; or who initiate a complaint through the whistle-blower's hotline, or the hotline of the Medicaid Fraud Control Unit of the Department of Legal Affairs, or any communication to the Florida Accountability Office; or employees who file any written complaint to their supervisory officials or employees who submit a complaint to the Florida Accountability Office, the Chief Inspector General in the Executive Office of the Governor, to the employee designated as agency inspector general under s. 112.3189(1), or to the Florida Commission on Human Relations. The provisions of This section may not be used by a person while he or she is under the

care, custody, or control of the state correctional system or, after release from the care, custody, or control of the state correctional system, with respect to circumstances that occurred during any period of incarceration. No remedy or other protection under ss. 112.3187-112.31895 applies to any person who has committed or intentionally participated in committing the violation or suspected violation for which protection under ss. 112.3187-112.31895 is being sought.

Section 13. Section 112.3188, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

- 112.3188 Confidentiality of information given to the Florida Accountability Office, the Chief Inspector General, internal auditors, inspectors general, local chief executive officers, or other appropriate local officials.—
- (1) The name or identity of any individual who discloses in good faith to the Florida Accountability Office, the Chief Inspector General or an agency inspector general, a local chief executive officer, or other appropriate local official information that alleges that an employee or agent of an agency or independent contractor:
- (a) Has violated or is suspected of having violated any federal, state, or local law, rule, or regulation, thereby creating and presenting a substantial and specific danger to the public's health, safety, or welfare; or
 - (b) Has committed or is suspected of having committed an

Page 55 of 75

act of gross mismanagement, malfeasance, misfeasance, gross

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waste of public funds, or gross neglect of duty may not be disclosed to anyone other than a member of the Florida Accountability Office, Chief Inspector General General's, agency inspector general general's, internal auditor auditor's, local chief executive officer officer's, or other appropriate local officer official's staff without the written consent of the individual, unless the Florida Accountability Office, Chief Inspector General, internal auditor, agency inspector general, local chief executive officer, or other appropriate local official determines that: the disclosure of the individual's identity is necessary to prevent a substantial and specific danger to the public's health, safety, or welfare or to prevent the imminent commission of a crime; or the disclosure is unavoidable and absolutely necessary during the course of the audit, evaluation, or investigation. (2)(a) Except as specifically authorized by s. 112.3189, all information received by the Florida Accountability Office, the Chief Inspector General, or an agency inspector general or information produced or derived from fact-finding or other investigations conducted by the Florida Commission on Human

Page 56 of 75

Relations or the Department of Law Enforcement is confidential

received or derived from allegations as set forth in paragraph

and exempt from s. 119.07(1) if the information is being

(1) (a) or paragraph (1) (b), and an investigation is active.

- (b) All information received by a local chief executive officer or appropriate local official or information produced or derived from fact-finding or investigations conducted pursuant to the administrative procedure established by ordinance by a local government as authorized by s. 112.3187(8)(b) is confidential and exempt from s. 119.07(1) and s. 24(a), Art. I of the State Constitution, if the information is being received or derived from allegations as set forth in paragraph (1)(a) or paragraph (1)(b) and an investigation is active.
- (c) Information deemed confidential under this section may be disclosed by the Florida Accountability Office, the Chief Inspector General, agency inspector general, local chief executive officer, or other appropriate local officer official receiving the information if the recipient determines that the disclosure of the information is absolutely necessary to prevent a substantial and specific danger to the public's health, safety, or welfare or to prevent the imminent commission of a crime. Information disclosed under this subsection may be disclosed only to persons who are in a position to prevent the danger to the public's health, safety, or welfare or to prevent the imminent commission of a crime based on the disclosed information.
 - 1. An investigation is active under this section if:
 - a. It is an ongoing investigation or inquiry or collection

Page 57 of 75

of information and evidence and is continuing with a reasonable, good faith anticipation of resolution in the foreseeable future; or

- b. All or a portion of the matters under investigation or inquiry are active criminal intelligence information or active criminal investigative information as defined in s. 119.011.
- 2. Notwithstanding sub-subparagraph 1.a., an investigation ceases to be active when:
- a. The written report required under s. 112.3189(9) has been sent by the Chief Inspector General to the recipients named in s. 112.3189(9);
- b. It is determined that an investigation is not necessary under s. 112.3189(5); or
- c. A final decision has been rendered by the local government or by the Division of Administrative Hearings pursuant to s. 112.3187(8) (b).
- 3. Notwithstanding paragraphs (a), (b), and this paragraph, information or records received or produced under this section which are otherwise confidential under law or exempt from disclosure under chapter 119 retain their confidentiality or exemption.
- 4. Any person who willfully and knowingly discloses information or records made confidential under this subsection commits a misdemeanor of the first degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082 or s. 775.083.

Page 58 of 75

Section 14. Subsections (1) through (4) and paragraph (c) of subsection (9) of section 112.3189, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

- 112.3189 Investigative procedures upon receipt of whistle-blower information from certain state employees.—
- (1) This section only applies to the disclosure of information as described in s. 112.3187(5) by an employee or former employee of, or an applicant for employment with, a state agency, as the term "state agency" is defined in s. 216.011, to the <u>Florida Accountability</u> Office, of the Chief Inspector General of the Executive Office of the Governor, or to the agency inspector general. If an agency does not have an inspector general, the head of the state agency, as defined in s. 216.011, shall designate an employee to receive information described in s. 112.3187(5). For purposes of this section and s. 112.3188 only, the employee designated by the head of the state agency shall be deemed an agency inspector general.
- (2) To facilitate the receipt of information described in subsection (1), the Chief Inspector General shall maintain an in-state toll-free whistle-blower's hotline and shall circulate among the various state agencies an advisory for all employees which indicates the existence of the toll-free number and its purpose and provides an address to which written whistle-blower information may be forwarded. At least once per month, an accurate summary of information received via the hotline shall

Page 59 of 75

be communicated to the Florida Accountability Office and maintained pursuant to s. 11.0431.

- (3) When a person alleges information described in s. 112.3187(5), the Florida Accountability Office, the Chief Inspector General, or the agency inspector general actually receiving such information shall within 20 days after of receiving such information determine:
- (a) Whether the information disclosed is the type of information described in s. 112.3187(5).
- (b) Whether the source of the information is a person who is an employee or former employee of, or an applicant for employment with, a state agency, as defined in s. 216.011.
- demonstrates reasonable cause to suspect that an employee or agent of an agency or independent contractor has violated any federal, state, or local law, rule, or regulation, thereby creating and presenting a substantial and specific danger to the public's health, safety, or welfare, or has committed an act of gross mismanagement, malfeasance, misfeasance, gross waste of public funds, or gross neglect of duty.
- (4) If the Florida Accountability Office, the Chief Inspector General, or the agency inspector general under subsection (3) determines that the information disclosed is not the type of information described in s. 112.3187(5), or that the source of the information is not a person who is an employee or

Page 60 of 75

former employee of, or an applicant for employment with, a state agency, as defined in s. 216.011, or that the information disclosed does not demonstrate reasonable cause to suspect that an employee or agent of an agency or independent contractor has violated any federal, state, or local law, rule, or regulation, thereby creating and presenting a substantial and specific danger to the public's health, safety, or welfare, or has committed an act of gross mismanagement, malfeasance, misfeasance, gross waste of public funds, or gross neglect of duty, the Florida Accountability Office, the Chief Inspector General, or the agency inspector general shall notify the complainant of such fact and copy and return, upon request of the complainant, any documents and other materials that were provided by the complainant.

(9)

- (c) The Chief Inspector General shall transmit any final report under this section, any comments provided by the complainant, and any appropriate comments or recommendations by the Chief Inspector General to the Governor, the Legislative Auditing Committee, the Florida Accountability Office, the investigating agency, and the Chief Financial Officer.
- Section 15. Subsection (4) is added to section 112.31901, Florida Statutes, to read:
 - 112.31901 Investigatory records.-
 - (4) This section shall not prevent the Florida

Page 61 of 75

1527	investigation under this section.
1528	Section 16. Paragraph (r) of subsection (1) of section
1529	216.011, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
1530	216.011 Definitions.—
1531	(1) For the purpose of fiscal affairs of the state,
1532	appropriations acts, legislative budgets, and approved budgets,
1533	each of the following terms has the meaning indicated:
1534	(r) "Fixed capital outlay" means the appropriation
1535	category used to fund real property (land, buildings, including
1536	appurtenances, fixtures and fixed equipment, structures, etc.),
1537	including additions, replacements, major repairs, and
1538	renovations to real property which materially extend its useful
1539	life or materially improve or change its functional use and
1540	including furniture and equipment necessary to furnish and
1541	operate a new or improved facility, when appropriated by the
1542	Legislature in the fixed capital outlay appropriation category.

Accountability Office from reviewing any records of any

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Section 17. Subsections (1) and (2) of section 216.023, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

Minor repairs and maintenance which do not materially extend the

useful life or materially improve or change the functional use

of a facility may be appropriated in an expense, contracted

216.023 Legislative budget requests to be furnished to Legislature by agencies.—

Page 62 of 75

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services, or special appropriation category.

- (1) The head of each state agency, except as provided in subsection (2), shall submit a final legislative budget request to the Legislature and to the Governor, as chief budget officer of the state, in the form and manner prescribed in the budget instructions and at such time as specified by the Executive Office of the Governor, based on the agency's independent judgment of its needs. However, a state agency must may not submit its complete legislative budget request, including all supporting forms and schedules required by this chapter, no later than September 15 of each odd-numbered year and no later than October 15 of each even-numbered year unless an alternative date is agreed to be in the best interest of the state by the Governor and the chairs of the legislative appropriations committees.
- Hearings shall submit their complete legislative budget requests directly to the Legislature with a copy to the Governor, as chief budget officer of the state, in the form and manner as prescribed in the budget instructions. However, the complete legislative budget requests, including all supporting forms and schedules required by this chapter, shall be submitted no later than September 15 of each odd-numbered year and no later than October 15 of each even-numbered year unless an alternative date is agreed to be in the best interest of the state by the Governor and the chairs of the legislative appropriations

L5/6	committees.		
L577	Section 18. Section 216.052, Florida Statutes, is		
L578	repealed.		
L579	Section 19. Subsection (5) of section 216.134, Florida		
L580	Statutes, is amended to read:		
L581	216.134 Consensus estimating conferences; general		
L582	provisions.—		
L583	(5) All sessions and meetings of a consensus estimating		
L584	conference shall be open to the public. At least 24 hours before		
L585	a scheduled session or meeting of a consensus estimating		
L586	conference, the Office of Economic and Demographic Research		
L587	shall make available to the public all materials, unless exempt		
L588	from s. 119.07(1), that will be considered by the conference.		
L589	The President of the Senate and the Speaker of the House of		
L590	Representatives, jointly, shall be the sole judge for the		
L591	interpretation, implementation, and enforcement of this		
L592	subsection.		
L593	Section 20. Paragraph (b) of subsection (2) of section		
L594	216.177, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:		
L595	216.177 Appropriations acts, statement of intent,		
L596	violation, notice, review and objection procedures.—		
L597	(2)		
L598	(b) If the chair <u>or the</u> and vice chair of the Legislative		
L599	Budget Commission or the President of the Senate $\overline{ ext{or}}$ $\overline{ ext{and}}$ the		
L600	Speaker of the House of Representatives timely advises advise,		

Page 64 of 75

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in writing, the Executive Office of the Governor or the Chief Justice of the Supreme Court that an action or a proposed action, including any expenditure of funds resulting from the settlement of litigation involving a state agency or officer, regardless of whether subject to the notice and review requirements of this chapter or not, exceeds the delegated authority of the Executive Office of the Governor for the executive branch or the Chief Justice for the judicial branch, respectively, or is contrary to legislative policy and intent, the Governor or the Chief Justice of the Supreme Court shall void such action and instruct the affected state agency or entity of the judicial branch to change immediately its spending action or spending proposal until the Legislative Budget Commission or the Legislature addresses the issue. The written documentation shall indicate the specific reasons that an action or proposed action exceeds the delegated authority or is contrary to legislative policy and intent.

Section 21. Subsection (6) of section 216.192, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

- 216.192 Release of appropriations; revision of budgets.-
- (6) All budget actions, including the approval of annual release plans, taken pursuant to the provisions of this section are subject to the notice and review procedures set forth in s. 216.177.

Section 22. Paragraph (b) of subsection (1) of section

Page 65 of 75

216.222, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

- 216.222 Budget Stabilization Fund; criteria for withdrawing moneys.—
- (1) Moneys in the Budget Stabilization Fund may be transferred to the General Revenue Fund for:
- (b) Providing funding for an emergency as defined in s. 252.34. The emergency must have been declared by the Governor pursuant to s. 252.36 or declared by law. Such a transfer must be made pursuant to s. 252.37, subject to the conditions in that section, or pursuant to an appropriation by law.

Section 23. Paragraph (a) of subsection (1) of section 216.231, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

- 216.231 Release of certain classified appropriations.-
- (1) (a) Any appropriation to the Executive Office of the Governor which is classified as an emergency, as defined in s. 252.34, may be released only with the approval of the Governor. The state agency, or the judicial branch, desiring the use of the emergency appropriation shall submit to the Executive Office of the Governor application in writing setting forth the facts from which the alleged need arises. The Executive Office of the Governor shall, at a public hearing, review such application promptly and approve or disapprove the applications as the circumstances may warrant. All actions of the Executive Office of the Governor shall be reported to the legislative appropriations committees, and the committees may advise the

Page 66 of 75

Executive Office of the Governor relative to the release of such funds. However, for an emergency that has been renewed pursuant to s. 252.36, any additional appropriation of funds is subject to the notice, review, and objection procedures set forth in s. 216.177.

Section 24. Subsection (4) of section 216.262, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

216.262 Authorized positions.-

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Notwithstanding the provisions of this chapter relating to increasing the number of authorized positions, and for the 2024-2025 fiscal year only, if the actual inmate population of the Department of Corrections in the current fiscal year exceeds the inmate population projections of the most recently adopted forecast published by the December 15, 2023, Criminal Justice Estimating Conference for the current fiscal year by 1 percent for 2 consecutive months or 2 percent for any month, the Executive Office of the Governor, with the approval of the Legislative Budget Commission, shall immediately notify the Criminal Justice Estimating Conference, which shall convene as soon as possible to revise the estimates. The Department of Corrections may then submit a budget amendment requesting the establishment of positions in excess of the number authorized by the Legislature and additional appropriations from unallocated general revenue sufficient to provide for essential staff, fixed capital improvements, and

Page 67 of 75

other resources to provide classification, security, food services, health services, and other variable expenses within the institutions to accommodate the estimated increase in the inmate population. All actions taken pursuant to this subsection are subject to review and approval by the Legislative Budget Commission. This subsection expires July 1, 2025.

Section 25. Paragraph (b) of subsection (1) of section 216.292, Florida Statutes, is redesignated as paragraph (c), paragraph (a) of subsection (1), paragraph (a) of subsection (2), and paragraph (d) of subsection (4) are amended, and a new paragraph (b) is added to subsection (1) of that section, to read:

216.292 Appropriations nontransferable; exceptions.-

- (1) (a) Funds provided in the General Appropriations Act or as otherwise expressly provided by law shall be expended only for the purpose for which appropriated, except that such moneys may be transferred as provided in this section when it is determined to be in the best interest of the state.

 Appropriations for fixed capital outlay may not be expended for any other purpose. Appropriations may not be transferred between state agencies, or between a state agency and the judicial branch, unless specifically authorized in the General Appropriations Act or otherwise expressly provided by law.
- (b) The Executive Office of the Governor may transfer funds within and between state agencies for the sole purpose of

Page 68 of 75

implementing statewide distributions for Risk Management
Insurance, Human Resource Services, Department of Administrative
Hearings, and Data Processing Services. Transfers and
adjustments are subject to the notice, review, and objection
procedures of s. 216.177.

- (2) The following transfers are authorized to be made by the head of each department or the Chief Justice of the Supreme Court whenever it is deemed necessary by reason of changed conditions:
- (a) The transfer of appropriations funded from identical funding sources, except appropriations for fixed capital outlay, and the transfer of amounts included within the total original approved budget and plans of releases of appropriations as furnished pursuant to ss. 216.181 and 216.192, as follows:
- 1. Between categories of appropriations within a budget entity, if no category of appropriation is increased or decreased by more than 5 percent of the original approved budget or \$250,000, whichever is greater, by all action taken under this subsection.
- 2. Between budget entities within identical categories of appropriations, if no category of appropriation is increased or decreased by more than 5 percent of the original approved budget or \$250,000, whichever is greater, by all action taken under this subsection.
 - 3. Any agency exceeding salary rate established pursuant

Page 69 of 75

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to s. 216.181(8) on June 30th of any fiscal year shall not be authorized to make transfers pursuant to subparagraphs 1. and 2. in the subsequent fiscal year.

- 4. Notice of proposed transfers under subparagraphs 1. and 2. shall be provided to the Executive Office of the Governor and the chairs of the legislative appropriations committees at least 3 days before prior to agency implementation in order to provide an opportunity for review. The review shall be limited to ensuring that the transfer is in compliance with the requirements of this paragraph.
- 5. For the 2024-2025 fiscal year, The review shall ensure that transfers proposed pursuant to this paragraph comply with this chapter, maximize the use of available and appropriate trust funds, and are not contrary to legislative policy and intent. This subparagraph expires July 1, 2025.
- (4) The following transfers are authorized with the approval of the Legislative Budget Commission. Unless waived by the chair and vice chair of the commission, notice of such transfers must be provided 14 days before the commission meeting:
- (d) The transfers necessary to accomplish the purposes of reorganization within state agencies or the judicial branch authorized by the Legislature when the necessary adjustments of appropriations and positions have not been provided in the General Appropriations Act.

Page 70 of 75

1751	Section 26. Paragraph (b) of subsection (1) of section
1752	252.36, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
1753	252.36 Emergency management powers of the Governor
1754	(1)
1755	(b) Pursuant to the authority vested in her or him under
1756	paragraph (a), the Governor may issue executive orders,
1757	proclamations, and rules and may amend or rescind them. Such
1758	executive orders, proclamations, and rules shall have the force
1759	and effect of law. An executive order, a proclamation, or a rule
1760	must be limited to a duration of not more than 60 days and may
1761	be renewed as necessary during the duration of the emergency. If
1762	renewed, the order, proclamation, or rule must specifically
1763	state which provisions are being renewed. Notwithstanding ss.
1764	216.231 and 252.37 , the appropriation of funds for an emergency
1765	that exceeds 60 days in duration is subject to the notice,
1766	review, and objection procedures set forth in s. 216.177.
1767	Section 27. Subsection (5) is added to section 409.8134,
1768	Florida Statutes, to read:
1769	409.8134 Program expenditure ceiling; enrollment; budget
1770	amendments
1771	(5) Notwithstanding ss. 216.181 and 216.292, the agency
1772	and the department may each submit a budget amendment, subject
1773	to the notice, review, and objection procedures of s. 216.177,
1774	to realign funding within the Florida Kidcare program
1775	appropriation categories, or to increase budget authority in the

Page 71 of 75

Children's Medical Services network category, to address projected surpluses and deficits within the program or to maximize the use of state trust funds. A single budget amendment may be submitted by the agency and the department in the last quarter of the fiscal year.

Section 28. Subsection (9) is added to section 409.902, Florida Statutes, to read:

409.902 Designated single state agency; payment requirements; program title; release of medical records; budget amendments.—

(9) Notwithstanding ss. 216.181 and 216.292, the agency may submit a budget amendment, subject to the notice, review, and objection procedures of s. 216.177, to realign funding within the Medicaid program appropriation categories to address projected surpluses and deficits within the program and to maximize the use of state trust funds. A single budget amendment may be submitted by the agency in the last quarter of the fiscal year.

Section 29. Paragraph (a) of subsection (7) of section 20.055, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

20.055 Agency inspectors general.-

(7) In carrying out the investigative duties and responsibilities specified in this section, each inspector general shall initiate, conduct, supervise, and coordinate investigations designed to detect, deter, prevent, and eradicate

Page 72 of 75

fraud, waste, mismanagement, misconduct, and other abuses in state government. For these purposes, each inspector general shall:

(a) Receive complaints and coordinate all activities of the agency as required by the Whistle-blower's Act pursuant to ss. 112.3187-112.31901 ss. 112.3187-112.31895.

Section 30. Subsection (13) of section 760.06, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

- 760.06 Powers of the commission.—Within the limitations provided by law, the commission shall have the following powers:
- (13) To receive complaints and coordinate all activities as required by the Whistle-blower's Act pursuant to <u>ss.</u>

 112.3187-112.31901 <u>ss. 112.3187-112.31895</u>.
- Section 31. (1) (a) Each state agency must review the agency's rules imposing audit requirements on public or private entities and report any such rule that is not specified in statute to the Joint Legislative Auditing Committee.
- (b) The Auditor General, the Joint Legislative Auditing

 Committee, and the Office of Program Policy Analysis and

 Government Accountability must jointly review all statutory

 audit requirements imposed on public or private entities.
- (2) (a) By October 1, 2026, the Auditor General, the Joint Legislative Auditing Committee, and the Office of Program Policy Analysis and Government Accountability shall deliver a report to the President of the Senate, the Speaker of the House of

Page 73 of 75

Representatives, and the Chief Inspector General that contains
the following information for each requirement identified in
subsection (1):

1. The citation for the requirement.

- 2. A recommendation as to the characterization of the requirement as a financial audit, an operational audit, a performance audit, or an examination.
- 3. An estimate of the average annual personnel and administrative costs of administering or overseeing the requirement.
- 4. A recommendation as to which unit of the Florida Accountability Office should administer the requirement.
- 5. Suggestions for any necessary revisions to the requirement, the definitions in s. 11.45, Florida Statutes, and related statutes to provide clarity and to better conform the wording of such provisions to the principles and language of the Government Accountability Office's Government Auditing Standards, 2024 edition, or any other pertinent auditing or investigation standards.
- (b) The President of the Senate and Speaker of the House of Representatives may provide additional legislative personnel and support as necessary to carry out this subsection.
- (3) The Administrative Procedures Committee and the Division of Law Revision shall provide any assistance necessary to carry out this section.

Page 74 of 75

Section 32. Except as otherwise expressly provided in this 1851 1852 act, this act shall take effect July 1, 2025.

Page 75 of 75