By Senator Burgess

23-00393-25 2025520

A bill to be entitled

An act relating to curators of estates; amending s. 733.501, F.S.; revising the requirements for a court to appoint a curator of certain estates; providing that a curator has specified authority and duties; providing the circumstances in which a curator must take into its custody the estate of specified decedents or persons; requiring a curator to act as trustee when appointed by the court; requiring a curator to post a reasonable bond, determined by the court; providing an exception; providing that a curator is subject to removal and surcharge by the court; requiring a curator to file periodic reports with the court; requiring that certain details be included in such reports; requiring the court to review such reports at regular intervals; authorizing the court to require more frequent reporting or additional documents under certain circumstances; providing construction; making technical changes; reenacting s. 90.5021(1), F.S., relating to fiduciary lawyer-client privilege, to incorporate the amendment made to s. 733.501, F.S., in a reference thereto; providing an effective date.

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Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:

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Section 1. Section 733.501, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

733.501 Curators.-

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(1) APPOINTMENT OF A CURATOR.-

- (a) When it is necessary, The court may appoint a curator at any time with notice to interested persons as the court deems appropriate after formal notice to the person apparently entitled to letters of administration. The curator may be authorized to perform any duty or function of a personal representative.
- (b) If there is <u>significant</u> great danger that any of the decedent's property is likely to be wasted, destroyed, or removed beyond the jurisdiction of the court and if the appointment of a curator would be delayed by giving notice, the court may appoint a curator without giving notice.
- (c) If probate has not been initiated within 2 years after the date of the decedent's death, the court must appoint a curator to represent the estate.
- (d) In any other proper case, the court may appoint a curator when deemed necessary to protect the interests of the estate.
- (e) The court may appoint a curator in unique circumstances not outlined in this section to ensure that the interests of the estate and its beneficiaries are adequately protected.
 - (2) AUTHORITY AND DUTIES OF THE CURATOR.—
- (a) The curator has the same authority and powers as set forth in this part.
- (b) The curator must take into its custody the estate of a decedent or a person in any of the following circumstances:
- $\underline{\text{1. When a decedent dies intestate in the county without}}$ heirs.
 - 2. When a decedent dies leaving a will, and the personal

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representative named is absent or fails to qualify.

- 3. When an unknown decedent dies or is found dead in the county.
- 4. When money, property, papers, or other portions of the estate are left exposed to injury, waste, theft, loss, or mismanagement and no other person administers such property in the estate.
- 5. When a decedent dies intestate and his or her estate is located in the county, or is left in the county, and such estate is exposed to injury, waste, theft, loss, or mismanagement and the decedent does not leave a known spouse or heir in this state.
- 6. When the estate is that of a minor whose parents are dead, or if living, refuse or neglect to qualify as a conservator, or having been qualified, have been removed, or who have been found incompetent to serve as a conservator, and who have no person appointed by law to take care of and manage the estate.
- 7. When the estate is that of a disabled or incapacitated person in the county who has no legal guardian or conservator and has no person competent to take charge of such estate, or to act as such guardian or conservator, can be found who qualifies.
- 8. For any other cause in which the court finds it necessary to protect the estate from injury, waste, theft, loss, or mismanagement.
- (c) The curator shall act as trustee when appointed by the court Bond shall be required of the curator as the court deems necessary. No bond shall be required of banks and trust companies as curators.

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(3) <u>BOND REQUIREMENTS.—Curators must post a reasonable</u>

<u>bond, to be determined by the court. However, bonds are not</u>

required for banks and trust companies that serve as curators.

- <u>(4) COMPENSATION.—Curators are shall be</u> allowed reasonable compensation for their services, and the court may consider the provisions of s. 733.617.
- $\underline{\text{(5)}}$ (4) REMOVAL AND SURCHARGE.—Curators are shall be subject to removal and surcharge by the court.
 - (6) PERIODIC COURT REVIEW.—
- (a) The curator shall file periodic reports with the court.

 Such reports must detail the actions taken by the curator in managing the estate. The court shall review such reports at regular intervals to ensure that the curator is effectively managing the estate and fulfilling its duties.
- (b) The court may require more frequent reporting or additional documentation as it deems necessary to protect the interests of the estate.
- (7) CONSISTENT TERMINOLOGY.—For clarity and to avoid confusion, the term "curator" is used consistently throughout this part to refer to the appointed entity responsible for managing the estate.
- Section 2. For the purpose of incorporating the amendment made by this act to section 733.501, Florida Statutes, in a reference thereto, subsection (1) of section 90.5021, Florida Statutes, is reenacted to read:
 - 90.5021 Fiduciary lawyer-client privilege.-
- (1) For the purpose of this section, a client acts as a fiduciary when serving as a personal representative or a trustee as defined in ss. 731.201 and 736.0103, an administrator ad

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litem as described in s. 733.308, a curator as described in s.

733.501, a guardian or guardian ad litem as defined in s.

744.102, a conservator as defined in s. 710.102, or an attorney

Section 3. This act shall take effect July 1, 2025.

in fact as described in chapter 709.

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