

LEGISLATIVE ACTION

Senate Comm: RCS 04/02/2025 House

The Committee on Judiciary (Collins) recommended the following:

Senate Amendment (with title amendment)

Delete lines 80 - 326

and insert:

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(7) "Unprovoked" means that the victim who has been conducting himself or herself peacefully and lawfully has been bitten or chased in a menacing fashion or attacked by a dog.

(6) (3) "Severe injury" means any physical injury that results in broken bones, multiple bites, or disfiguring lacerations requiring sutures or reconstructive surgery. (5) (4) "Proper enclosure of a dangerous dog" means, while

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875208

on the owner's property, a dangerous dog is securely confined:
 <u>(a)</u> Indoors;
 (b) In a locked, fenced yard, suitable to prevent the entry

of young children and designed to prevent the dog from escaping over, under, or through the fence; or

(c) In a securely enclosed and locked pen or structure, suitable to prevent the entry of young children and designed to prevent the <u>dog</u> animal from escaping. <u>The</u> Such pen or structure <u>must</u> shall have secure sides and a secure top to prevent the dog from escaping over, under, or through the structure and <u>must</u> shall also provide protection from the elements.

(1)(5) "Animal control authority" means an entity acting alone or in concert with other local governmental units and authorized by them to enforce the animal control laws of the city, county, or state. In those areas not served by an animal control authority, the sheriff shall carry out the duties of the animal control authority under this part act.

(2)(6) "Animal control officer" means any individual employed, contracted with, or appointed by the animal control authority for the purpose of aiding in the enforcement of this <u>part act</u> or any other law or ordinance relating to the licensure of animals, control of animals, or seizure and impoundment of animals and includes any state or local law enforcement officer or other employee whose duties in whole or in part include assignments that involve the seizure and impoundment of <u>an</u> any animal.

38 <u>(4) (7)</u> "Owner" means <u>a</u> any person, <u>a</u> firm, <u>a</u> corporation, 39 or <u>an</u> organization possessing, harboring, keeping, or having 40 control or custody of an animal or, if the animal is owned by a



41 person under the age of 18 years of age or younger, that 42 person's parent or guardian.

43 Section 5. Section 767.12, Florida Statutes, is amended to 44 read:

767.12 Classification of dogs as dangerous; <u>owner</u> <u>requirements; penalty</u> <del>certification of registration; notice and</del> <u>hearing requirements; confinement of animal; exemption; appeals;</u> <u>unlawful acts</u>.-

(1) An animal control authority shall investigate reported incidents involving any dog that may be dangerous and, if possible, shall interview the owner and require a sworn affidavit from any person, including any animal control officer or enforcement officer, desiring to have a dog classified as dangerous.

55 (a) An animal that is the subject of a dangerous dog 56 investigation for behavior described in s. 767.11(3)(a) or (c) 57 must because of severe injury to a human being may be 58 immediately confiscated by an animal control authority;  $\tau$  placed in quarantine, if necessary, for the proper length of time; , or 59 60 impounded; and held. The animal must may be held pending the outcome of the investigation and any hearings or appeals related 61 62 to the dangerous dog classification or any penalty imposed under 63 this section. If the dog is to be destroyed, the dog may not be destroyed while an appeal is pending. The owner is responsible 64 65 for payment of all boarding costs and other fees as may be 66 required to humanely and safely keep the animal pending any hearing or appeal, unless it is determined that the dog is not 67 68 dangerous.

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(b) An animal that is the subject of a dangerous dog



70 investigation for behavior described in s. 767.11(3)(b) may be 71 immediately confiscated by an animal control authority; placed in quarantine, if necessary, for the proper length of time; or 72 73 impounded and held. An animal that which is not impounded with 74 the animal control authority must be humanely and safely 75 confined by the owner in a proper enclosure securely fenced or enclosed area. The animal shall be confined in such manner 76 77 pending the outcome of the investigation and the resolution of 78 any hearings or appeals related to the dangerous dog 79 classification or any penalty imposed under this section. The 80 owner shall provide the address at which the animal resides 81 shall be provided to the animal control authority. A dog that is 82 the subject of a dangerous dog investigation may not be 83 relocated or have its ownership transferred pending the outcome 84 of the investigation and any hearings or appeals related to the 85 dangerous dog classification or any penalty imposed under this 86 section. If a dog is to be destroyed, the dog may not be 87 relocated or have its ownership transferred.

88 (2) A dog may not be declared dangerous if <u>any of the</u> 89 <u>following apply</u>:

90 (a) The threat, injury, or damage was sustained by a person 91 who, at the time, was unlawfully on the property or who, while 92 lawfully on the property, was tormenting, abusing, or assaulting 93 the dog or its owner or a family member.

94 (b) The dog was protecting or defending a human being
95 within the immediate vicinity of the dog from an unjustified
96 attack or assault.

(3) After the investigation, the animal control authority shall make an initial determination as to whether there is

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99 sufficient cause to classify the dog as dangerous and, if 100 sufficient cause is found, as to the appropriate penalty under 101 subsection (5). The animal control authority shall afford the 102 owner an opportunity for a hearing before prior to making a 103 final determination regarding the classification or penalty. The 104 animal control authority shall provide written notification of the sufficient cause finding and proposed penalty to the owner 105 106 by registered mail or  $\tau$  certified hand delivery  $\tau$  or service in 107 conformance with the provisions of chapter 48 relating to 108 service of process. The owner may file a written request for a 109 hearing regarding the dangerous dog classification, penalty, or 110 both, within 7 calendar days after receipt of the notification 111 of the sufficient cause finding and proposed penalty. If the 112 owner requests a hearing, the hearing must shall be held as soon 113 as possible, but not later than 21 calendar days and not sooner than 5 days after receipt of the request from the owner. If a 114 115 hearing is not timely requested regarding the dangerous dog 116 classification or proposed penalty, the determination of the 117 animal control authority as to such matter is shall become 118 final. Each applicable local governing authority shall establish 119 hearing procedures that conform to this subsection.

120 (4) Upon a dangerous dog classification and penalty 121 becoming final after a hearing or by operation of law pursuant to subsection (3), the animal control authority shall provide a 122 123 written final order to the owner by registered mail or $\overline{r}$ 124 certified hand delivery or service. The owner may appeal the 125 classification or  $\tau$  penalty, or both, to the circuit court in 126 accordance with the Florida Rules of Appellate Procedure after receipt of the final order. If the dog is not held by the animal 127

Page 5 of 10



128 control authority, the owner must confine the dog in a proper 129 enclosure securely fenced or enclosed area pending resolution of 130 the appeal. Each applicable local governing authority must 131 establish appeal procedures that conform to this subsection.

132 (5) (a) Except as otherwise provided in paragraph (b), the 133 owner of a dog classified as a dangerous dog shall do all of the 134 following:

135 1. Upon Within 14 days after issuance of the final order 136 classifying the dog as dangerous or the conclusion of any appeal that affirms such final order, obtain a certificate of 137 138 registration for the dog from the animal control authority 139 serving the area in which he or she resides, and renew the 140 certificate annually. Animal control authorities may are 141 authorized to issue such certificates of registration, and 142 renewals thereof, only to persons who are at least 18 years of 143 age and who present to the animal control authority sufficient 144 evidence of all of the following:

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a. A current certificate of rabies vaccination for the dog.

b. A proper enclosure to confine the a dangerous dog and the posting of the premises with a clearly visible warning sign at all entry points which informs both children and adults of the presence of a dangerous dog on the property.

c. Permanent identification of the dog by r such as a tattoo 151 on the inside thigh or electronic implantation of a microchip. Any person who knowingly and willfully removes a microchip 153 implanted pursuant to this sub-subparagraph commits a felony of 154 the third degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082, s. 155 775.083, or s. 775.084. 156

d. The dog having been spayed or neutered.

Page 6 of 10

875208

157	e. Liability insurance as required by subparagraph 2.
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159	The appropriate governmental unit may impose an annual fee for
160	the issuance of certificates of registration required by this
161	section.
162	2. Upon issuance of the final order classifying the dog as
163	dangerous or the conclusion of any appeal that affirms such
164	final order, obtain liability insurance coverage in an amount of
165	at least \$100,000 to cover damages resulting from an attack by
166	the dangerous dog causing bodily injury to a person and provide
167	proof of the required liability insurance coverage to the animal
168	control authority for the area in which the dog is kept.
169	3. Immediately notify the appropriate animal control
170	authority when the dog:
171	a. Is loose or unconfined <u>;</u> -
172	b. Has bitten a human being or attacked another animal $\underline{;} extsf{-}$
173	c. Is sold, given away, or dies <u>; or</u> .
174	d. Is moved to another address.
175	<u>4.a.</u> Before <u>selling or giving away the</u> <del>a</del> dangerous dog <del>is</del>
176	sold or given away, the owner shall provide the name, address,
177	and telephone number of the new owner to the animal control
178	authority. The new owner must comply with <del>all of the</del>
179	requirements of this section and any implementing local
180	ordinances, even if the animal is moved from one local
181	jurisdiction to another within <u>this</u> <del>the</del> state, and. The animal
182	<del>control officer</del> must <u>notify the animal control authority</u> <del>be</del>
183	notified by the owner of a dog classified as dangerous that the
184	dog is in <u>the authority's</u> <del>his or her</del> jurisdiction.
185	b. If the dangerous dog is surrendered to a public or

Page 7 of 10

875208

186 private animal shelter, a humane organization, or an animal 187 control agency operated by a humane organization or by a county, 188 municipality, or other incorporated political subdivision, the 189 entity must post signage on the dog's enclosure to inform 190 potential adopters that the dog has been declared dangerous and 191 inform any adopter of the dog owner's requirements under this 192 section.

193 5.3. Not allow permit the dog to be outside a proper 194 enclosure unless the dog is muzzled and restrained by a 195 substantial chain or leash and under control of a competent 196 person. The muzzle must be made in a manner that will not cause 197 injury to the dog or interfere with its vision or respiration 198 but will prevent it from biting a person or an animal. The owner 199 may exercise the dog on the owner's property in a proper 200 enclosure securely fenced or enclosed area that does not have a 201 top, without a muzzle or leash, if the dog remains within the 202 owner's his or her sight and only members of the immediate 203 household or persons 18 years of age or older, if applicable, 204 are allowed in the enclosure when the dog is present. When being 205 transported, such dogs must be safely and securely restrained 206 within a vehicle.

(b) If a dog is classified as a dangerous dog due to an incident that causes severe injury to a human being, based upon the nature and circumstances of the injury and the likelihood of a future threat to the public safety, health, and welfare, the dog may be destroyed in an expeditious and humane manner.

(6) Hunting dogs are exempt from this section when engaged in any legal hunt or training procedure. Dogs engaged in training or exhibiting in legal sports such as obedience trials,

COMMITTEE AMENDMENT

Florida Senate - 2025 Bill No. SB 572

875208

215	conformation shows, field trials, hunting/retrieving trials, and
216	herding trials are exempt from this section when engaged in any
217	legal procedures. However, such dogs at all other times in all
218	other respects are subject to this and local laws. Dogs that
219	have been classified as dangerous may not be used for hunting
220	purposes.
221	(7) A person who violates any provision of this section
222	commits a noncriminal infraction, punishable by a fine not to
223	exceed <u>\$1,000 per violation</u> <del>\$500</del> .
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226	And the title is amended as follows:
227	Delete lines 7 - 30
228	and insert:
229	reordering and amending s. 767.11, F.S.; revising
230	definitions; amending s. 767.12, F.S.; requiring,
231	rather than authorizing, that dogs subject to certain
232	dangerous dog investigations be confiscated,
233	impounded, and held; requiring, rather than
234	authorizing, that such dogs be held until the
235	completion of certain actions; revising the
236	circumstances under which an owner is responsible for
237	paying certain costs and fees; requiring that certain
238	dogs not impounded be confined in a proper enclosure
239	by the owner; revising the information that the owner
240	of a dog classified as a dangerous dog is required to
241	provide to an animal control authority; requiring
242	microchipping of a dog classified as a dangerous dog;
243	providing a penalty for knowingly and willfully
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COMMITTEE AMENDMENT

Florida Senate - 2025 Bill No. SB 572



244 removing a microchip; authorizing animal control 245 authority to issue certain certificates of 246 registration to certain persons if certain conditions 247 have been met, including spaying or neutering the dog; 248 requiring the owner of a dog classified as a dangerous 249 dog to obtain dangerous dog liability insurance 250 coverage; providing requirements for such insurance; 251 requiring an animal shelter or animal control agency 2.52 operated by a humane society or local government to 253 provide specified information to potential adopters; 254 revising the civil penalty for violations;